

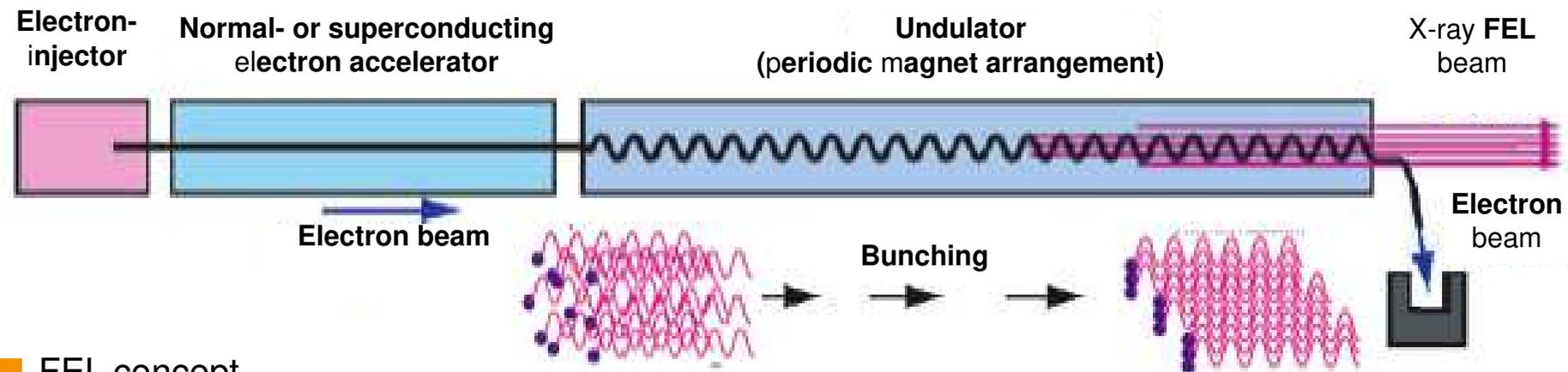
Scientific Applications Using High Repetition Rate Hard X-ray FELs



Thomas Tschentscher (European XFEL)

19th Int. Conference on RF Superconductivity,
Dresden, July 1 – 5, 2019
thomas.tschentscher@xfel.eu

X-ray Free-Electron Laser (X-ray FEL)



■ FEL concept

■ J.M.J. Madey, J. Appl. Phys. 42, 1906(1971)

■ SASE FEL radiation

■ **High Gain Single Pass regime:** A.M. Kondratenko, E.L. Saldin, Part. Accel. 10, 207 (1980)

■ **Collective instability and self-organization:** R. Bonifacio, C. Pellegrini, L.M. Narducci, Opt. Communications 50, 373 (1984)

■ Properties of SASE x-ray FEL radiation

■ **Ultrashort duration (fs – 200 fs)**

■ **Very high pulse energies (0.1 – 1 mJ)**

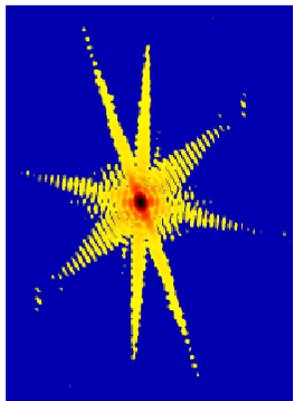
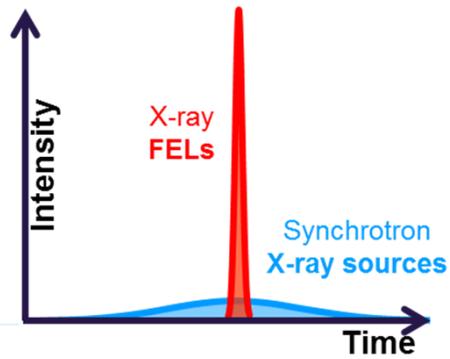
▶ 10^{12} (10^{13}) photons at 0.1 (1) nm

■ **Full transverse coherence (<10 keV)**

■ **Limited longitudinal coherence**

■ **Single pass generation / fluctuations**

New opportunities offered by X-ray FELs



Ultrashort pulses

1 – 100 fs

Coherence

Fully transverse

Partially temporal

Intensity/power

up to few mJ

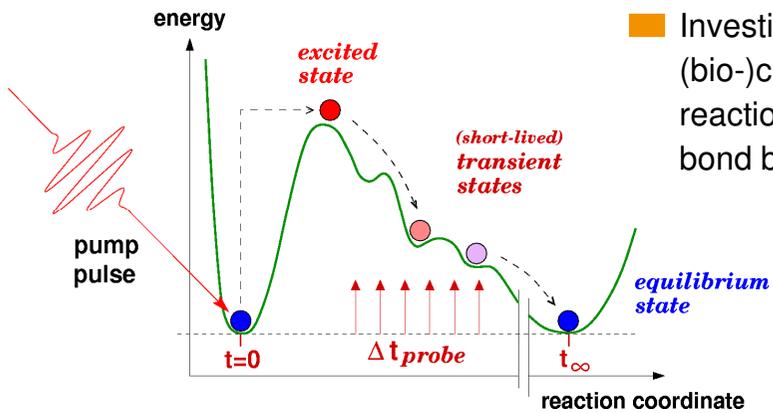
up to $>10^{20}$ W/cm²

- Structural dynamics
 - Measurement of atomic and electron dynamics with high spatial [0.1 nm] and temporal [10 fs] res.
 - physics, materials sciences, chemistry, life science

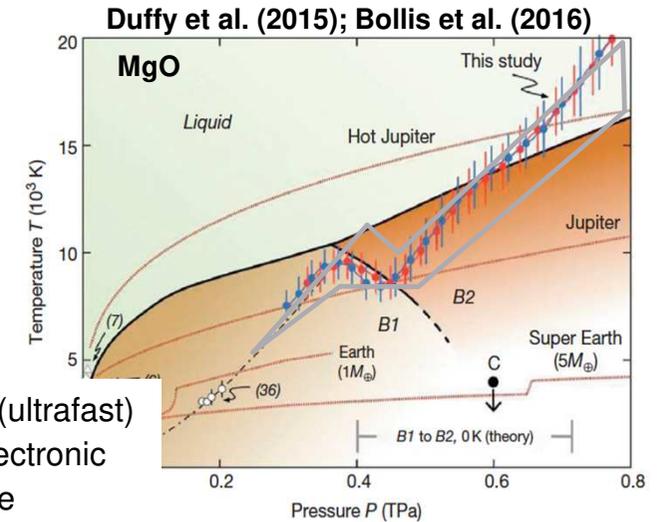
- Imaging at the nanoscale
 - Imaging experiments on confined and extended objects with atomic to mesoscale resolution [0.1–1000 nm]
 - physics, materials sciences, chemistry, life science

- Non-linear x-ray science
 - Start using non-linear techniques to obtain hidden information (off-diagonal elements in reaction matrices)
 - physics, chemistry

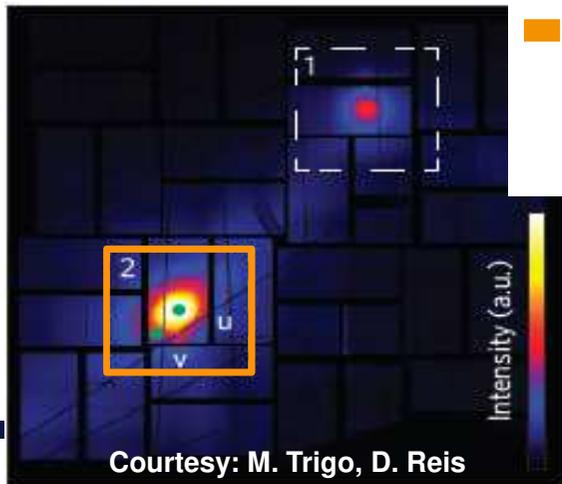
Science problems addressed by X-ray FELs



- Investigation of (ultrafast) (bio-)chemical processes: reactions, phase transitions, bond breaking & forming

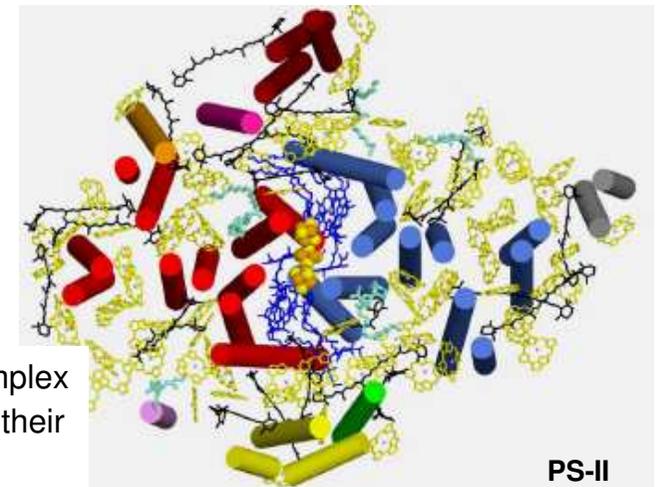


- Investigation of (ultrafast) structural and electronic transitions: phase transitions, new states



- Investigation of systems 'in function': excited states, non-reversible processes

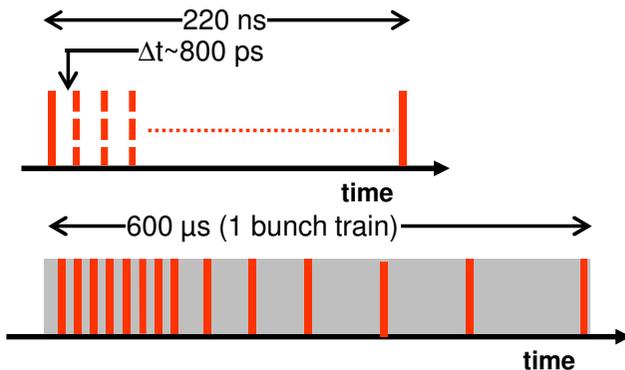
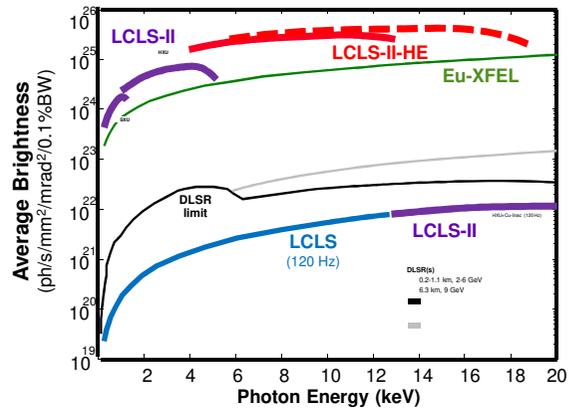
Courtesy: M. Trigo, D. Reis



- Investigation of complex (bio-)structures and their temporal evolution

PS-II

New opportunities offered by high repetition rate X-ray FELs



European XFEL

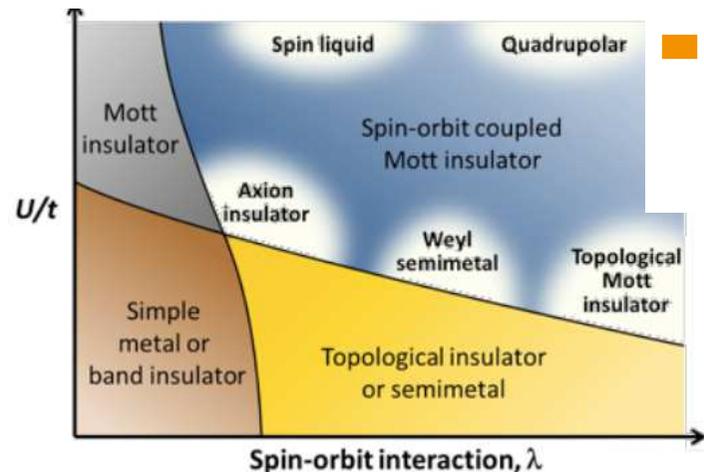
High average flux
10¹⁵ – 10¹⁸ phts/s

Sub-ns to ms pulse separation
Direct probing of non-ergodic systems

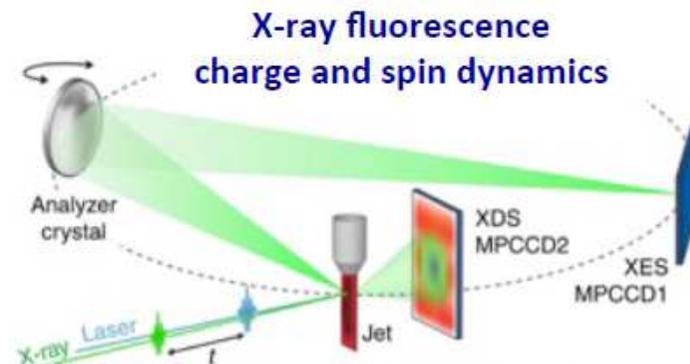
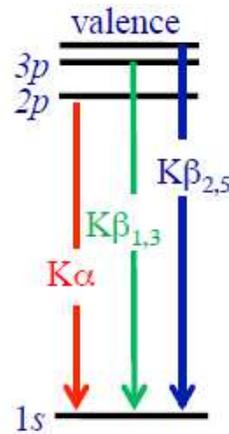
Beam delivery
High stability due to feedbacks
Parallel operation of several instruments

- Processes with very low signal yield
 - Very dilute systems; high resolution spectroscopy; Non-linear x-ray science
 - Physics, chemistry
- Processes needing high repetition rates
 - Single particle imaging; Parameter studies for chem. compounds; Coincidence experiments; Photo-emission; Photo-correlation
 - Biology, chemistry, physics
- Image non-repetitive processes
 - Materials science
- More experiments & dedicated instruments
 - All science domains

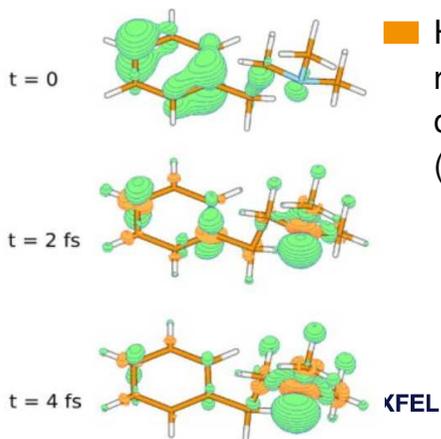
Science problems benefitting of high repetition rates



High resolution spectroscopy reveals electronic & structural dynamics of complex materials (from LCLS-II)

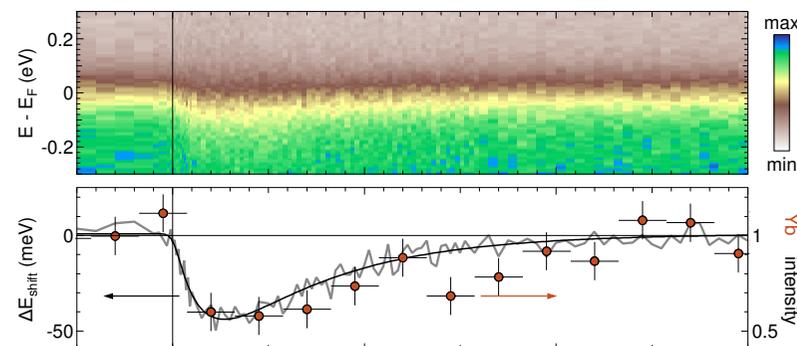


Combination of scattering and spectroscopy reveals coupling of charge migration, chemical bonding & structure (from LCLS-II)



High finesse experiments will reveal how charges migrates over molecules and bonds (from LCLS-II)

Reveal materials dynamics using fs – high rep rate photoelectron spectroscopy



Side aspects of use of high repetition rates

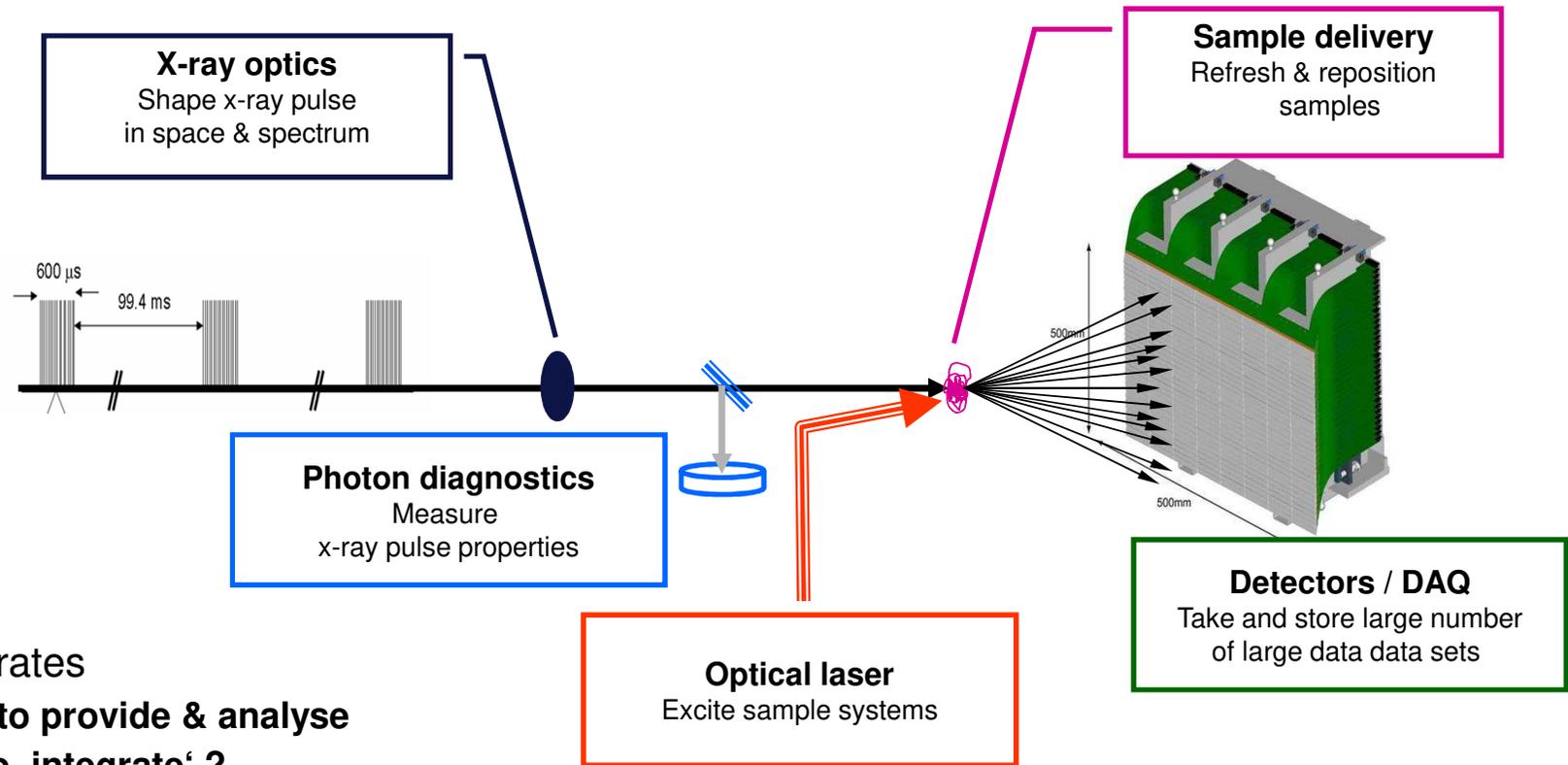
Scientifically

- Consider power limitations to beam transport and samples (1 mJ @ 100 kHz == 100 W !)
- Not only x-ray power, but also pump source matter
- Decay times or ion flight times can be very long → use rather 100 kHz than 1 MHz
- Burst mode corresponds to cycling of high – low – high excitation states (no thermal equilibrium)

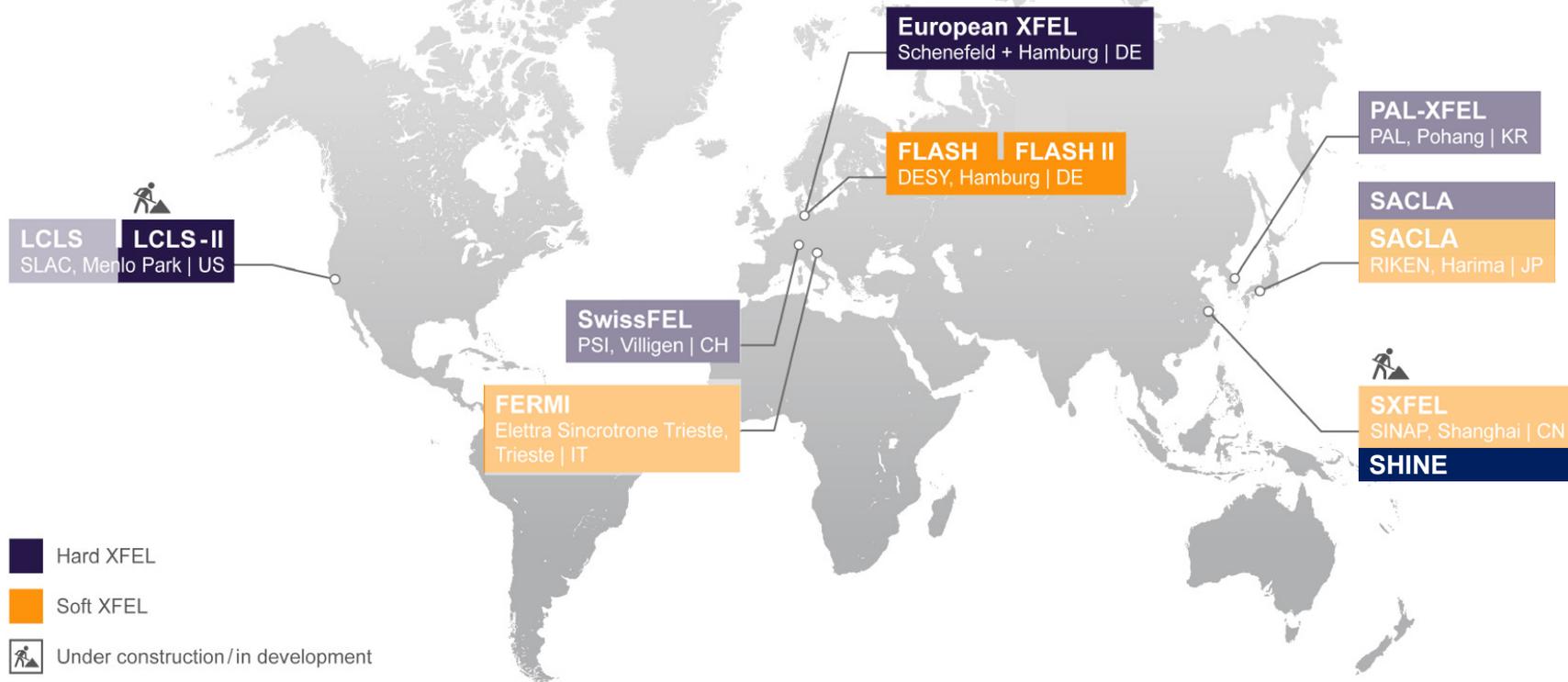
Technically

- If fluctuations are critical to monitor → need diagnostics and detectors operating at high rate, too.
- Pump sources (e.g. optical lasers) need to operate at high rate, too.
- Power requirements/limitations for electronics and lasers

Single shot experiments



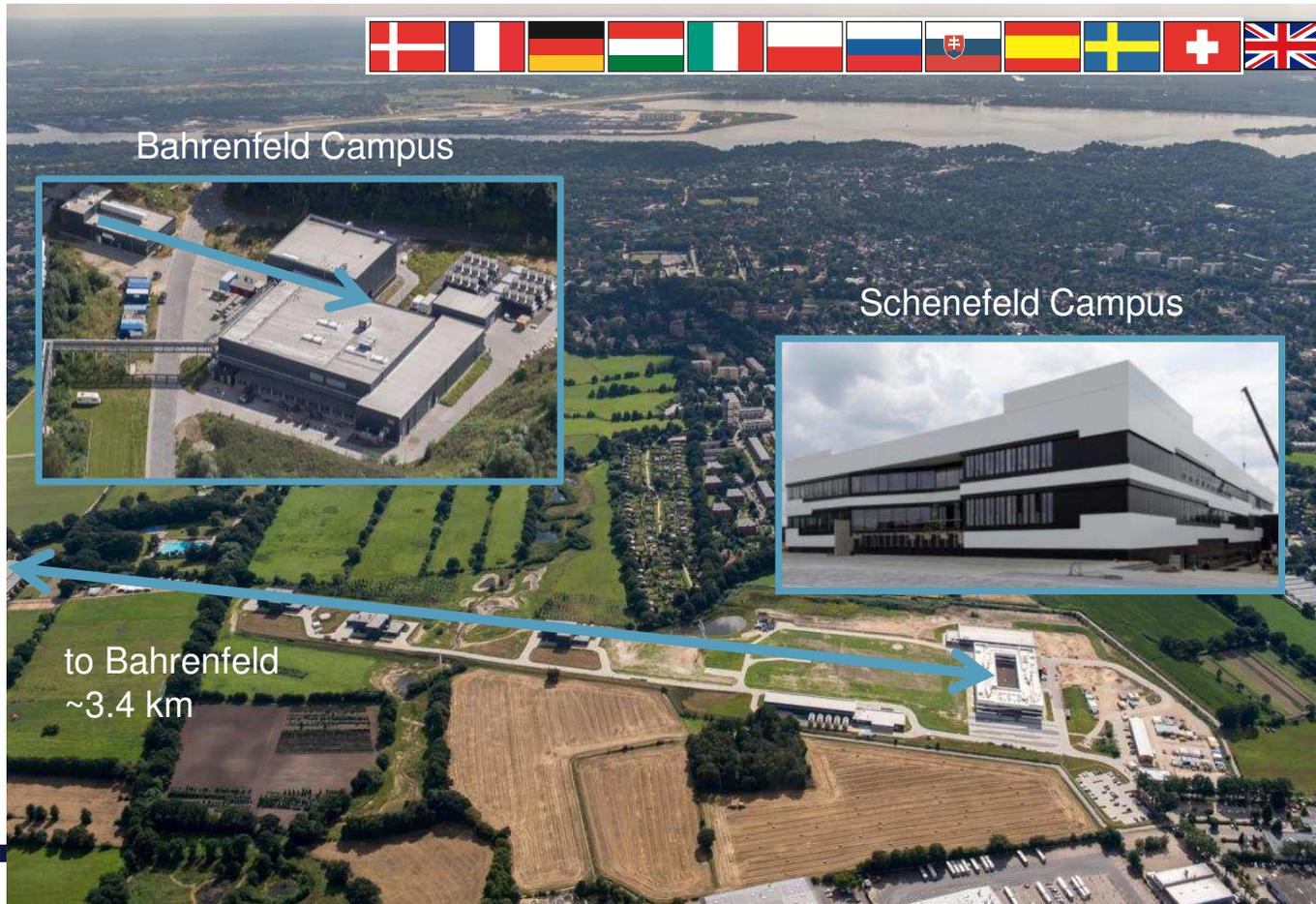
World map of x-ray FEL facilities



- Hard XFEL
- Soft XFEL
- Under construction/in development

European XFEL

The European XFEL



- International user facility for FEL research
 - Multi-disciplinary science community
 - Using soft & hard X-ray FEL radiation.
-
- Construction 2009 – 2017
 - Experiments starting 2017

Super-conducting accelerator



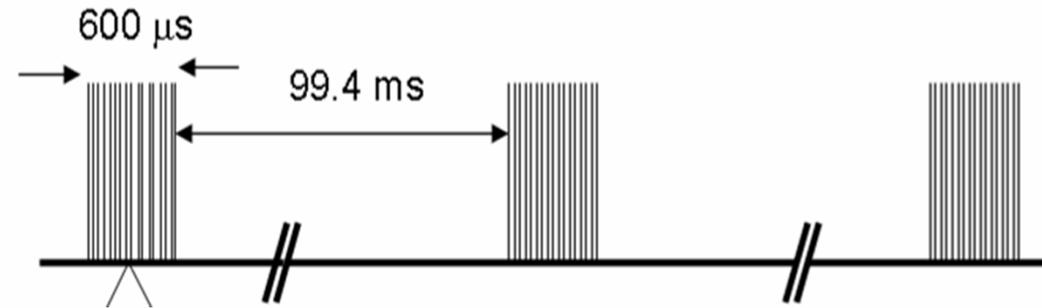
■ Worlds first long sc accelerator, 20 GeV, ~1000 m acc. length, 800 Nb cavities, 100 cryo-modules

■ ■ European XFEL

Burst mode operation of European XFEL

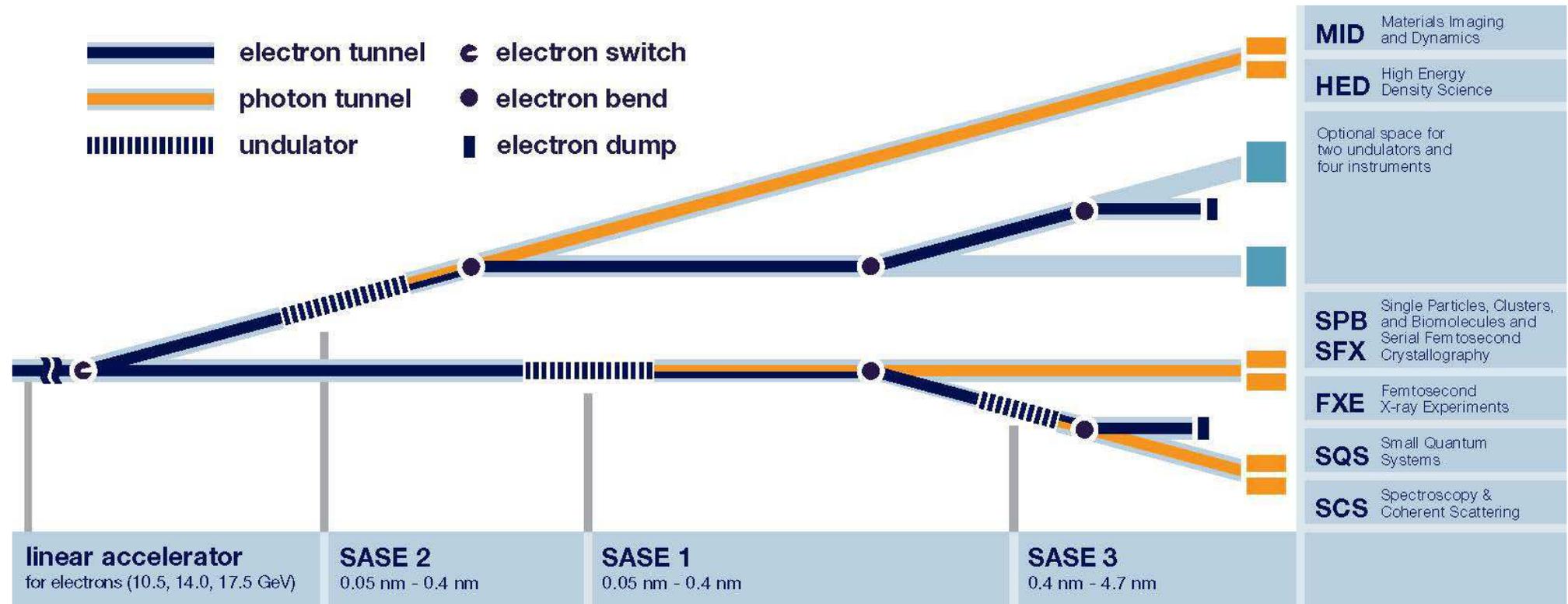
- Combination of high peak and average brilliance
 - High peak brilliance for FEL only applications
 - High average brilliance to in addition enable very low cross-section experiments
 - Highly flexible time and beam distribution scheme
 - ▶ Parallel operation of several beam lines & FELs
 - ▶ Dedicated pulse delivery to FELs/users
 - Feedback → time and space stabilization

- Background
 - Pulsed RF system to optimize accelerated charge vs. requirements to RF & cryo power
 - Normal cond. injector for low-emittance e-beams
 - Technology decisions 2002 - 2006

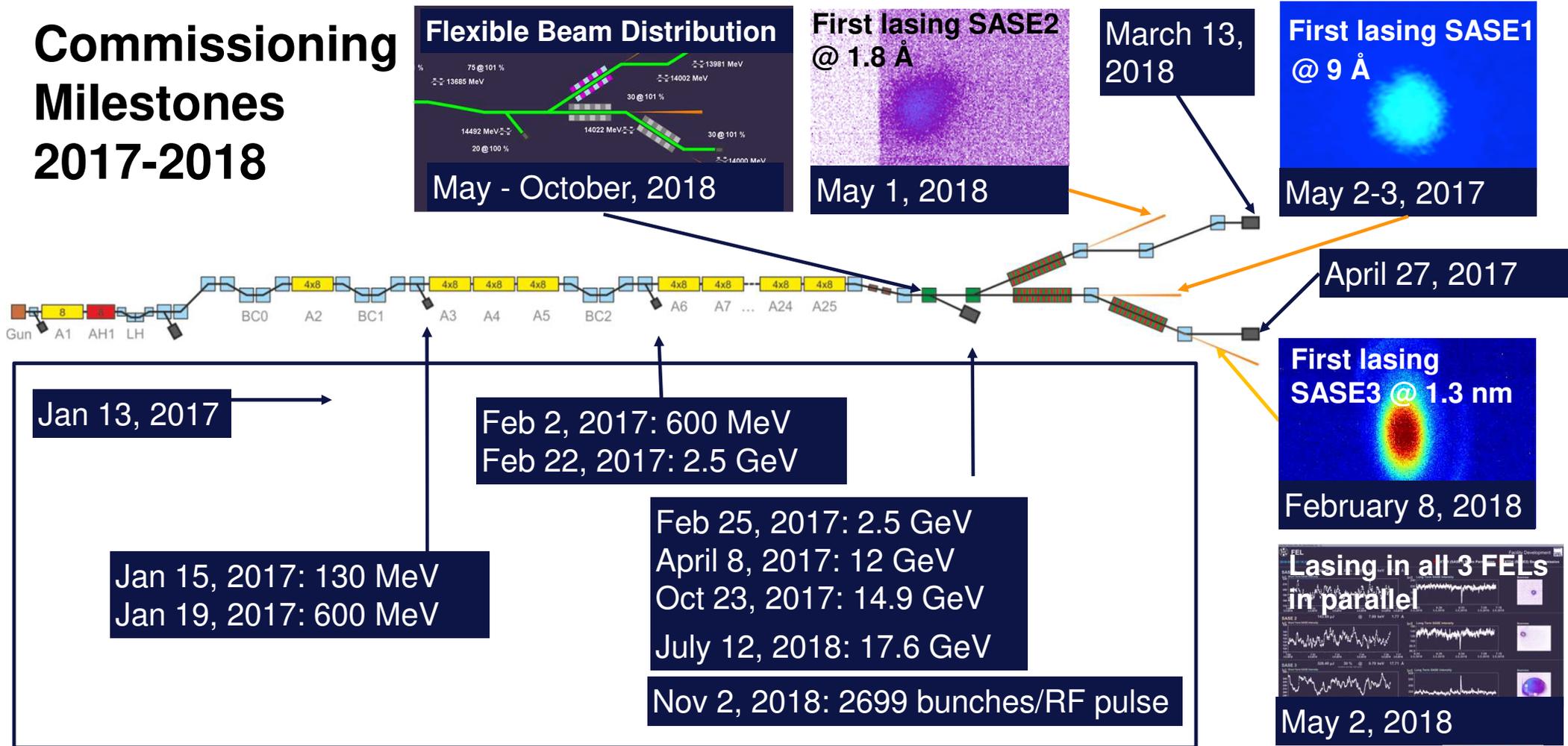


Train parameters	Value
RF fill factor	~0.0015
Repetition rate	10 Hz
In-train pulse rate	100 – 4500 kHz
Pulse separation	10 – 0.22 μs
Pulse number	1 - 2700

Beam distribution & instruments

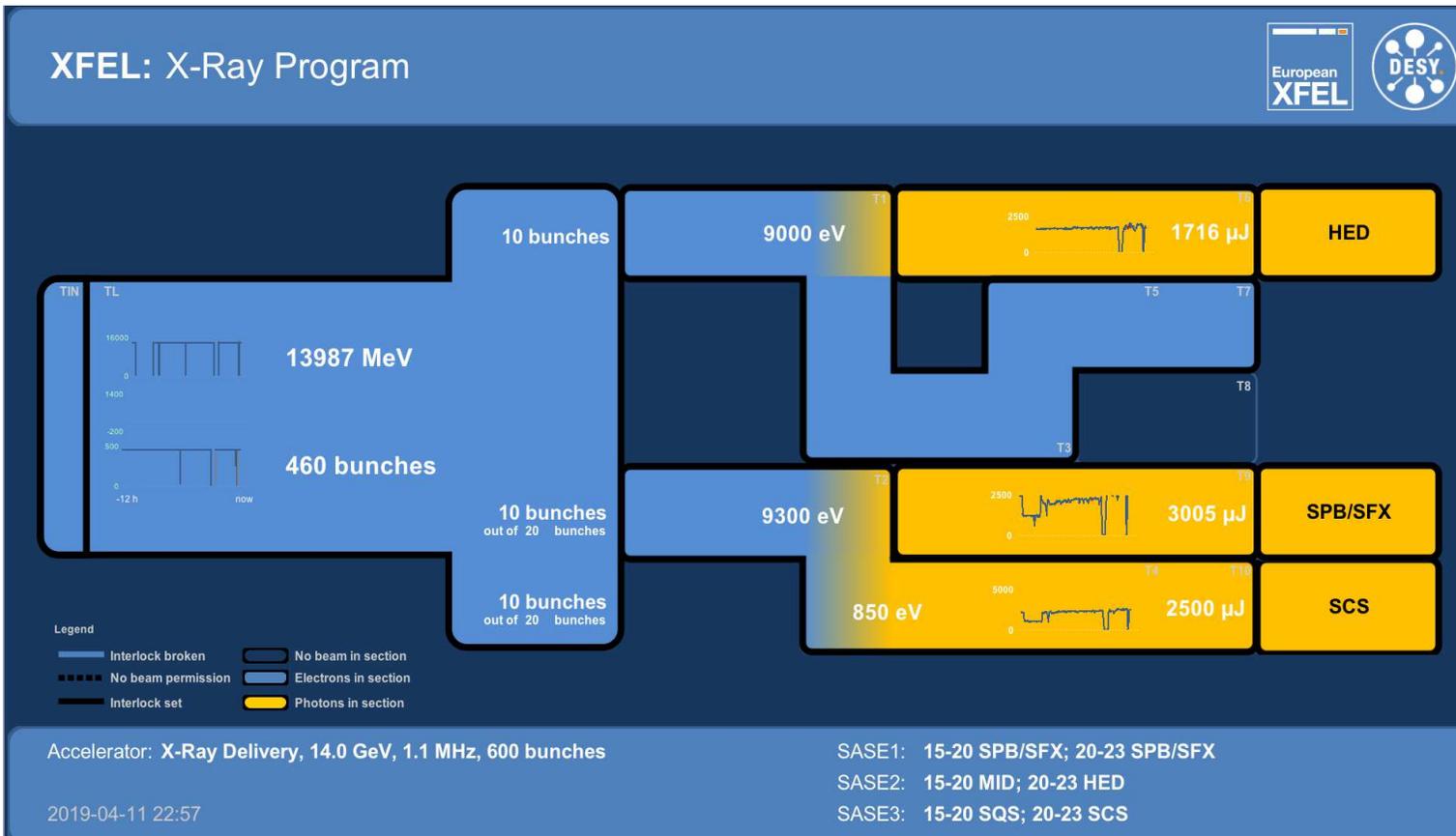


Commissioning Milestones 2017-2018

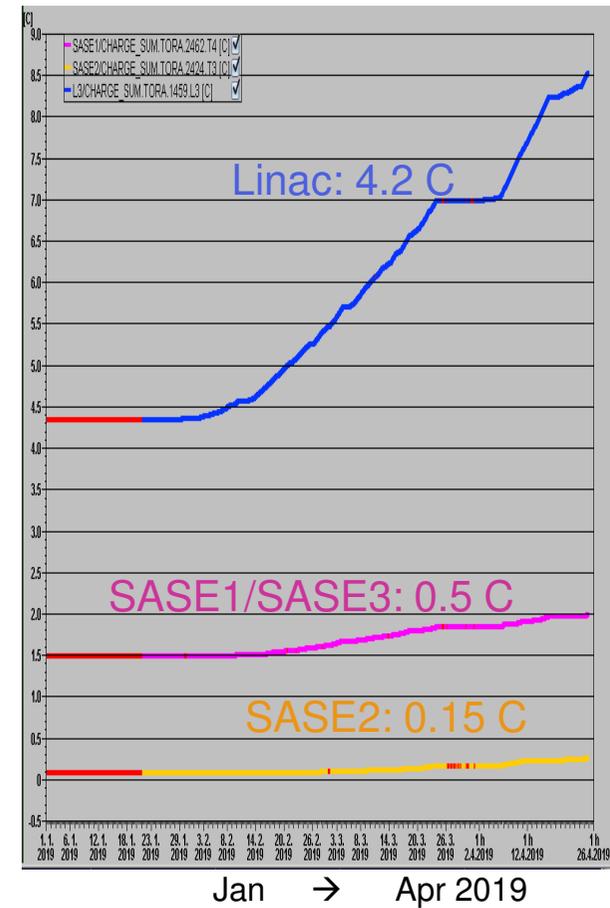


European XFEL

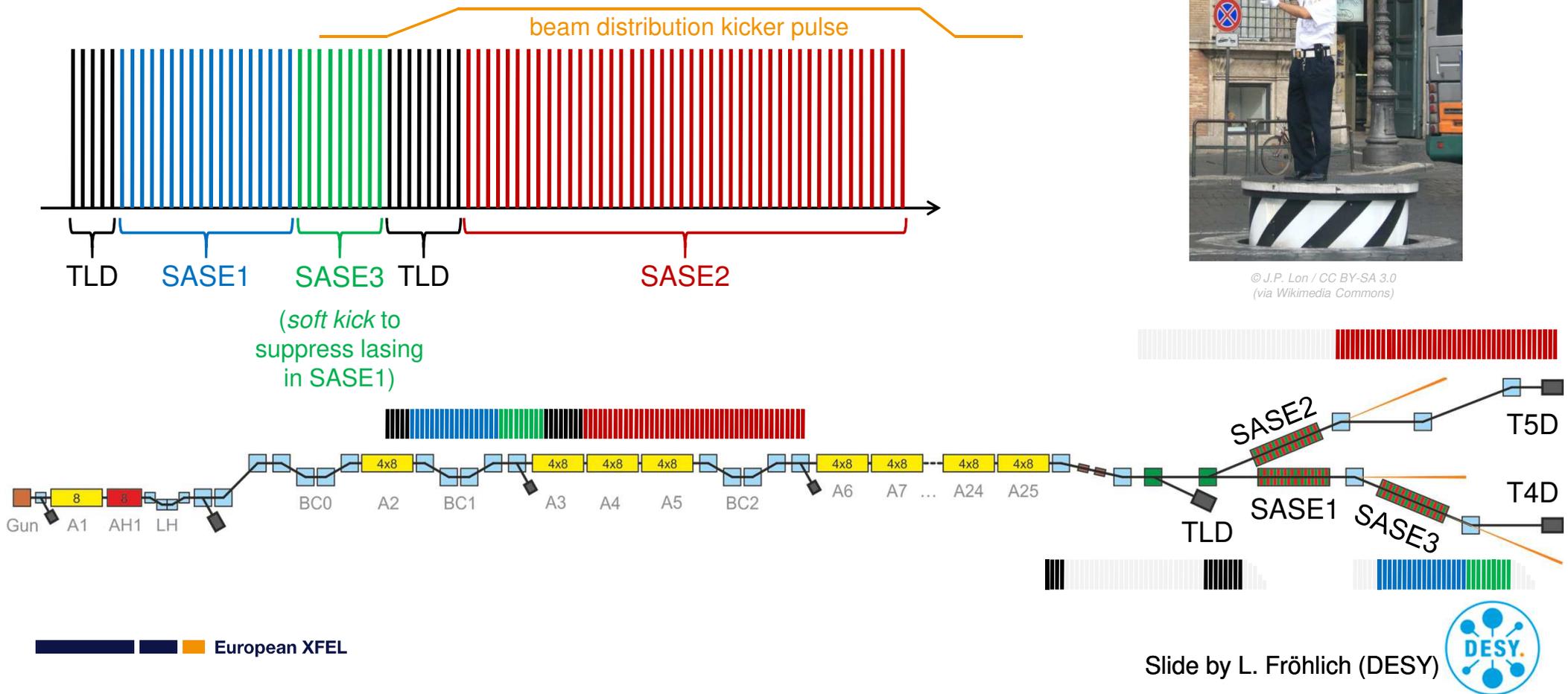
Parallel operation of 3 FELs



European XFEL



A Typical Bunch Pattern for User Operation



First science examples from European XFEL

■ Chemical dynamics

- Use high repetition rates to sample low cross-section x-ray emission from ,real‘ liquids
- Learn at the same time about electronic & structural dynamics following photo-excitation

■ Structural biology

- Take molecular movies from bio-molecules in action – a high resolution structure for every time point
- Learn about structural dynamical of bio-molecules
- 2 examples for fs – ns and ns – ms time-scale dynamics

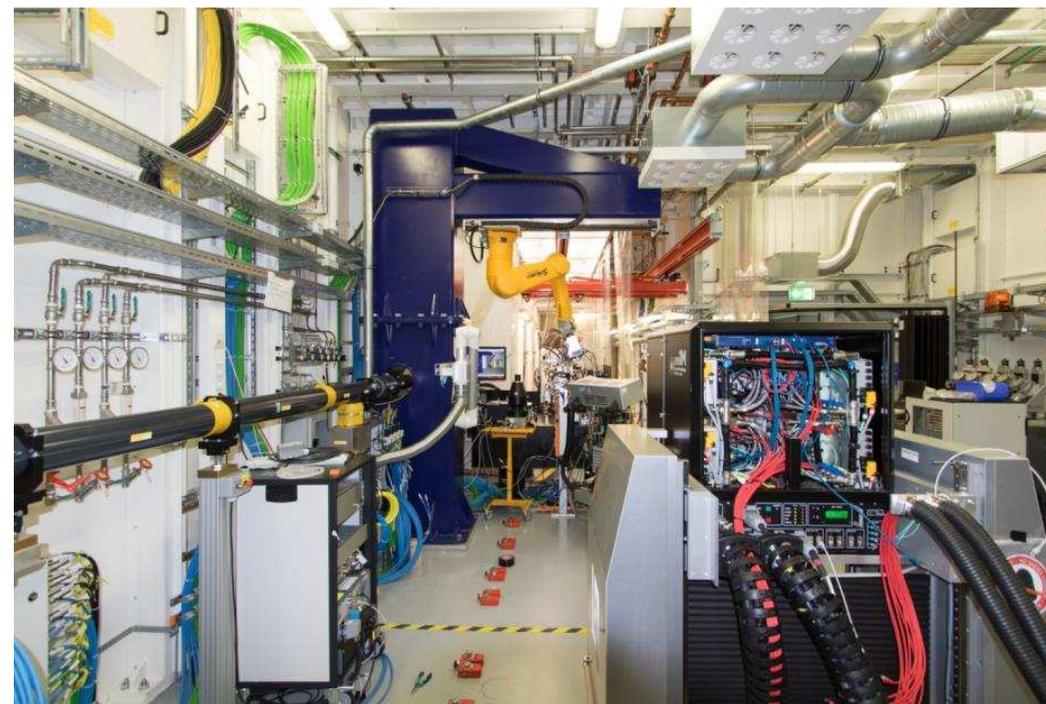
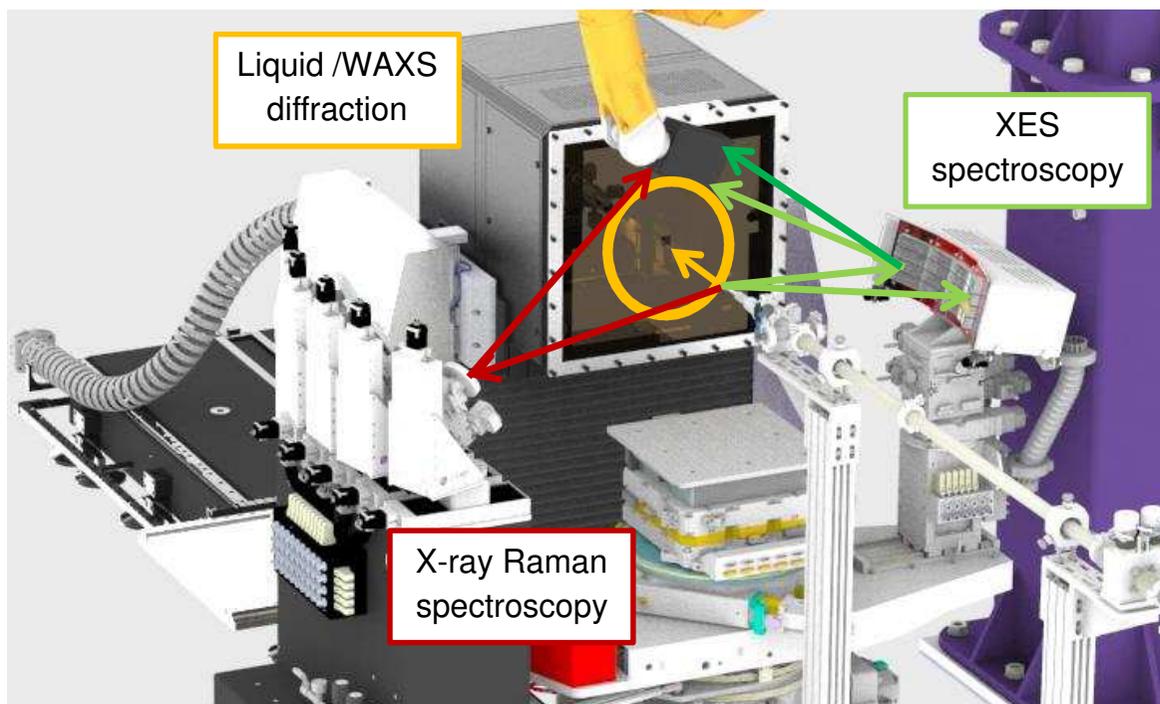
- Sample single particle structures (Au-nanoparticles, virus particles)

■ Materials science

- Image real-time processes using sequence of x-ray pulses

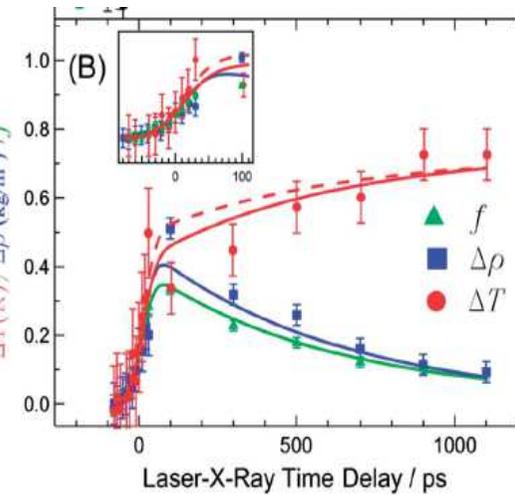
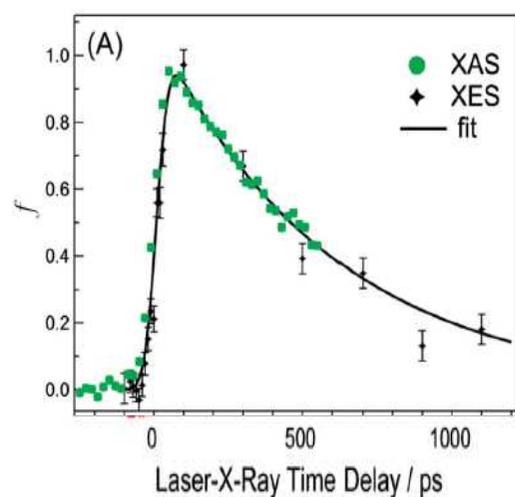
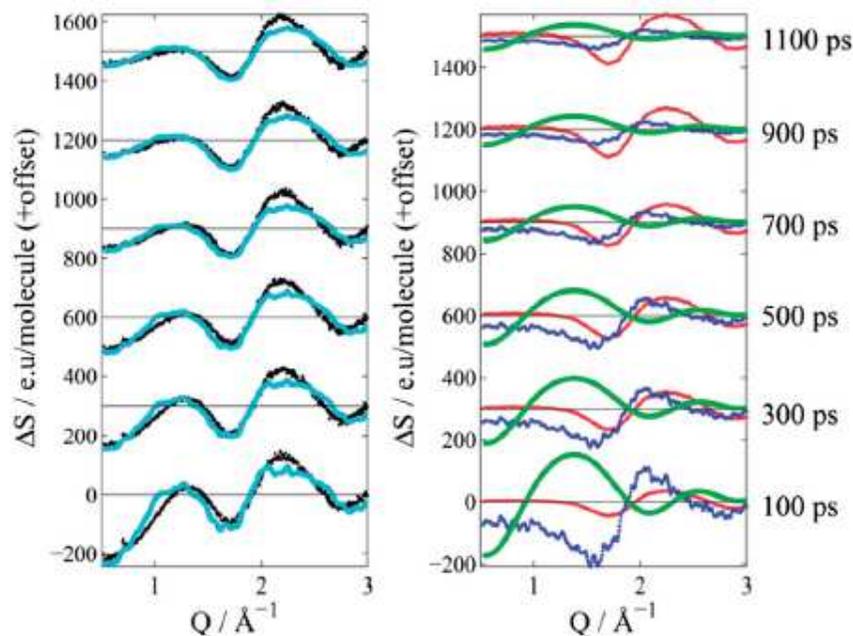
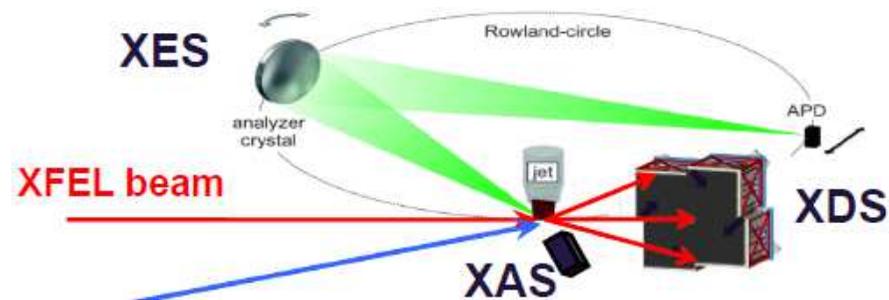
Chemical dynamics: combining diffraction & spectroscopy

■ Investigate atomic and electronic structure simultaneously



Combining diffraction & spectroscopy

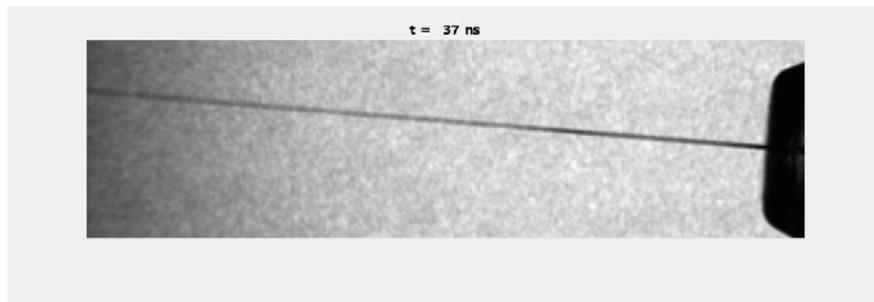
- Take a complete look at solvation (dynamics)
- Use structural parameters to fix conditions in dynamic reaction



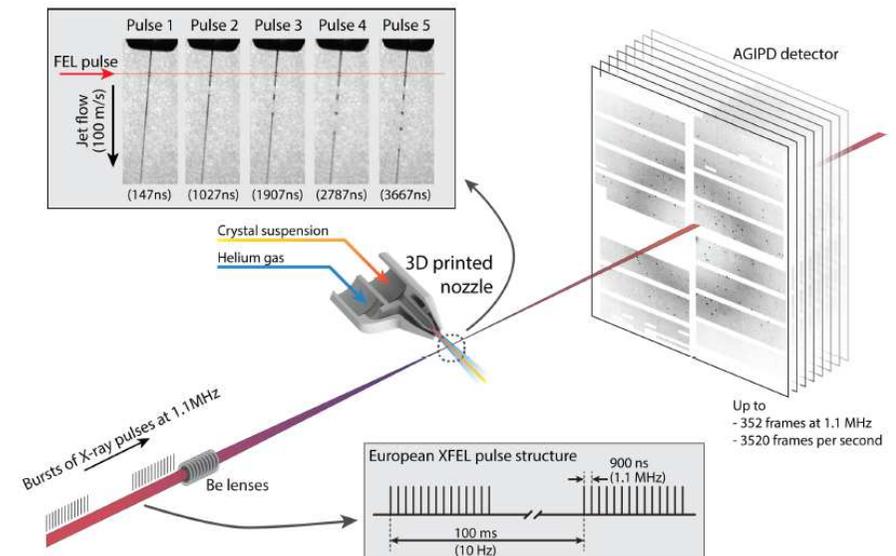
C. Bressler et al., Faraday Discuss. 171, (2014)

Structural biology – at MHz x-ray delivery ?

- Proof of serial femtosecond crystallography at MHz repetition rates
- Proposals #2012 (PI A. Barty) and #2038 (PI I. Schlichting)
- Use of high speed (~100 m/s) liquid jets



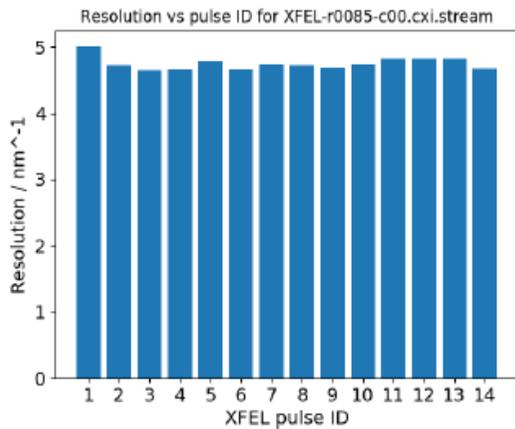
9.3 keV, ~580 μ J XFEL pulses, ~15 μ m FWHM focus, 1.1 MHz rep. rate



- Reduced sample consumption (very fine jet)

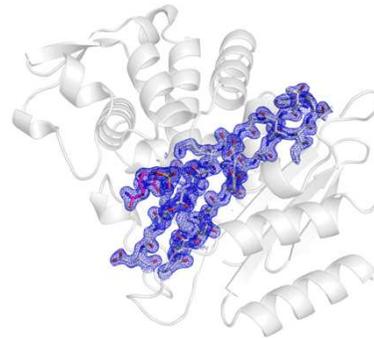
MHz serial femtosecond crystallography

- Both experiments were highly successful
- Obtaining high quality structures
- Establishing data exchange and data analysis chain

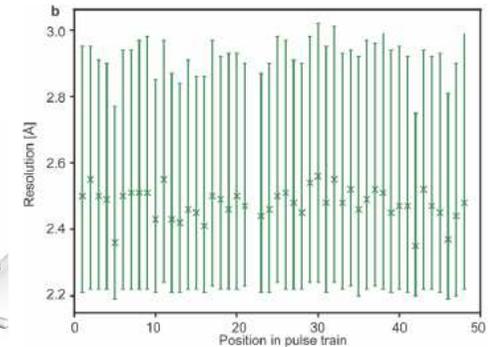
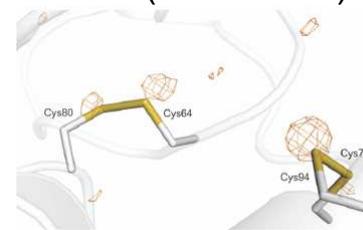


■ ■ ■ European XFEL

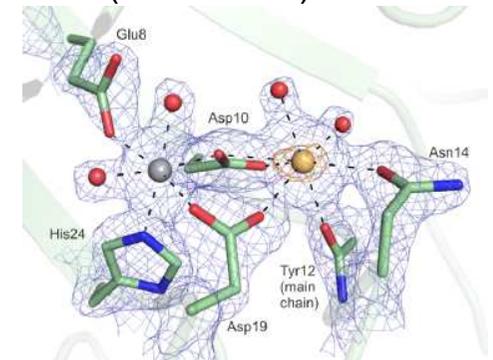
β-lactamase
(1.7 Å res.)



Lysozyme
(2.2 Å res.)



Concavalin A
(2.1 Å res.)



M. Wiedorn, ..., A. Barty,
Nat. Comm. 9:4025 (2018)

M. Grünbein, ..., I. Schlichting,
Nat. Comm. 9:3478 (2018)

Acknowledgements-I: The XFEL Accelerator Consortium



Acknowledgements-II: The European XFEL staff



Acknowledgements-III: Additional contributions

- SFX & XBI User Consortia (enabling SPB/SFX experiments)
- HIBEF User Consortium (contributing to HED instrument)



First experiments at European XFEL science instruments



Summary

- European XFEL started successfully its operation phase
- First papers have been published and several more are under preparation
- All science instruments are in operation
- High repetition rate x-ray delivery has been utilized and its exploitation is continuously developed

Thank you for your attention