

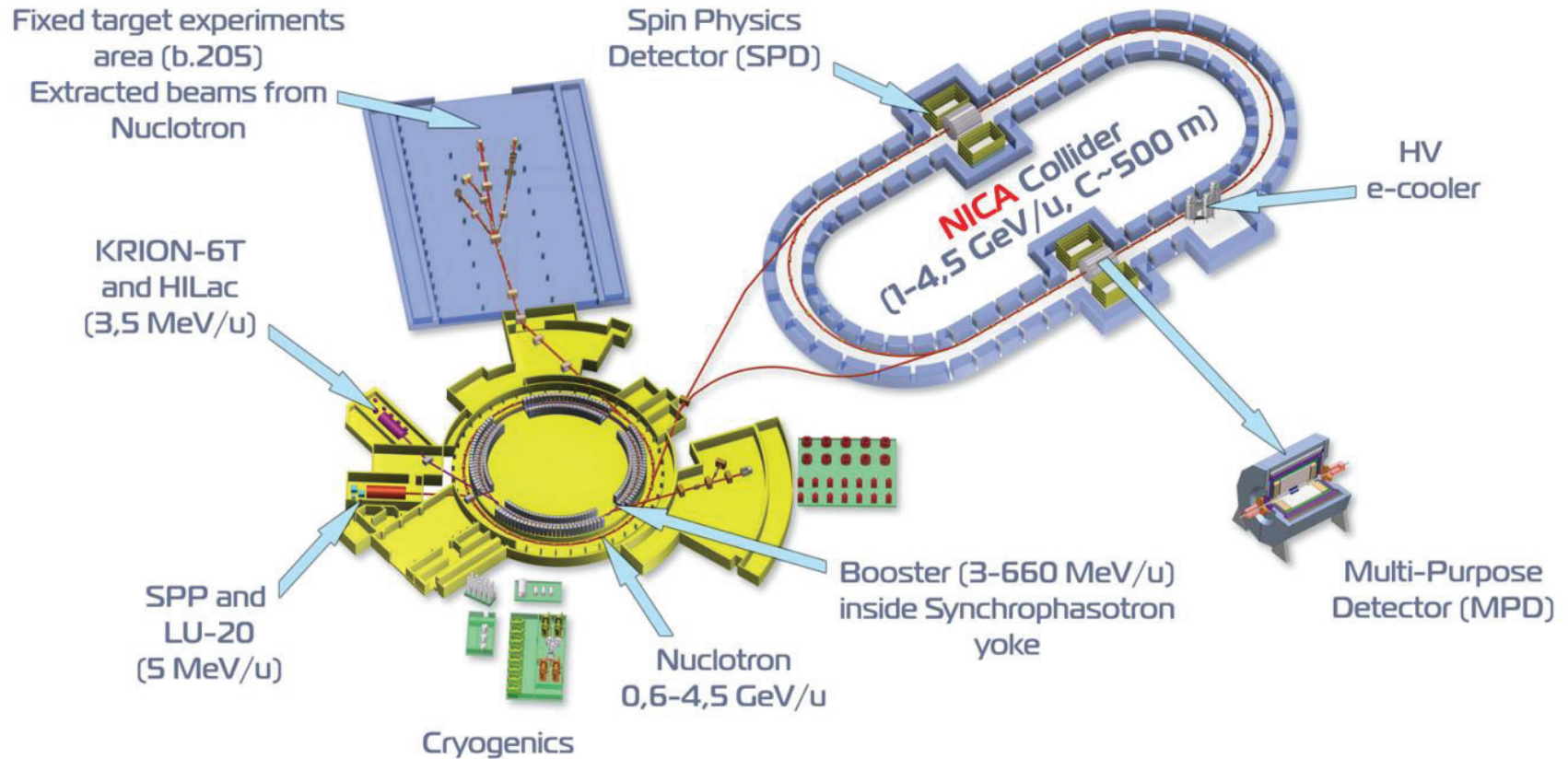
RuPAC-21

**Features of power supply systems for
superconducting structural magnets of
NICA accelerators.**

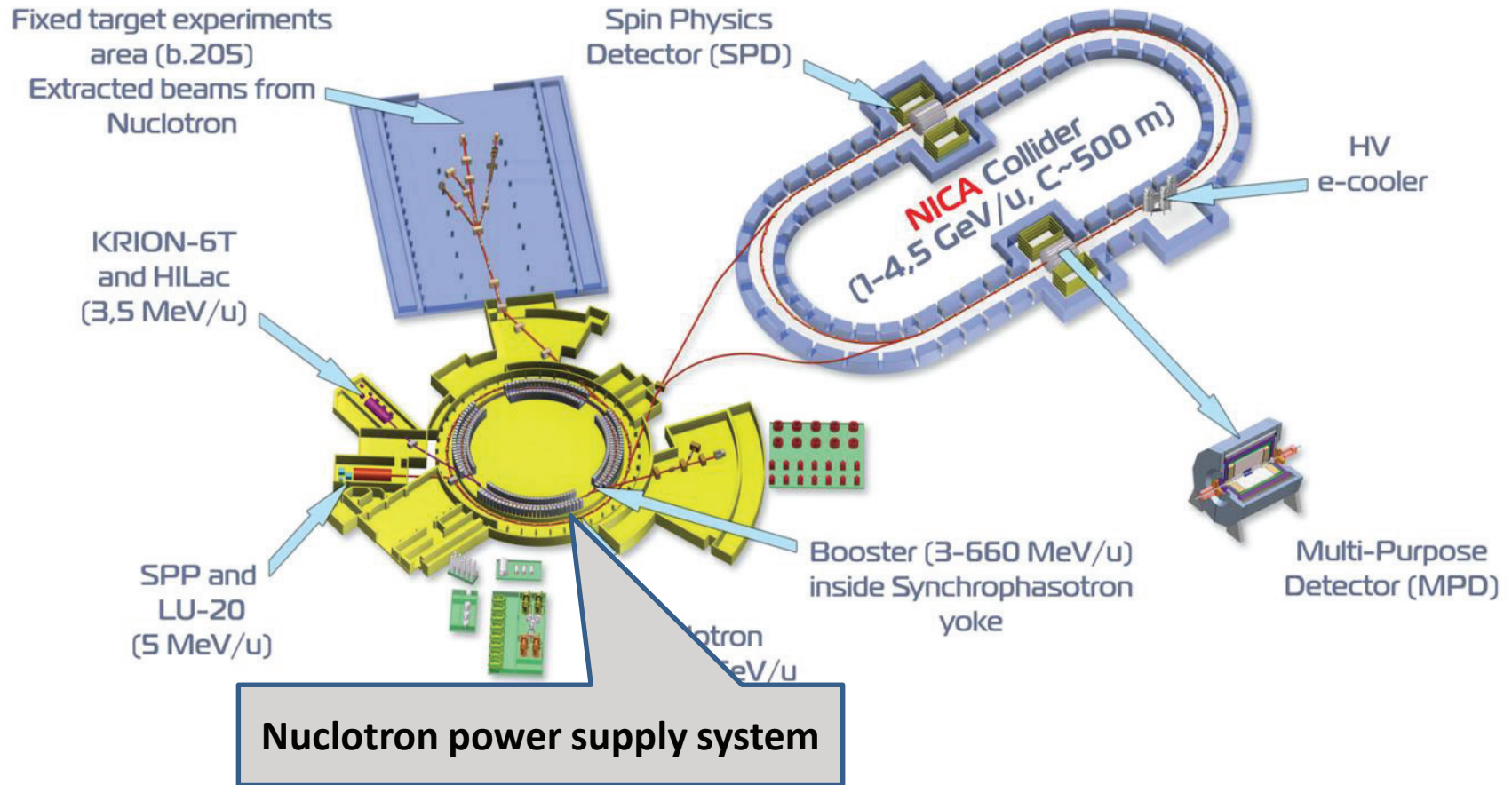
**V.Karpinskii and all
AD LHEP**

29 september 2021, Alushta, Crimea

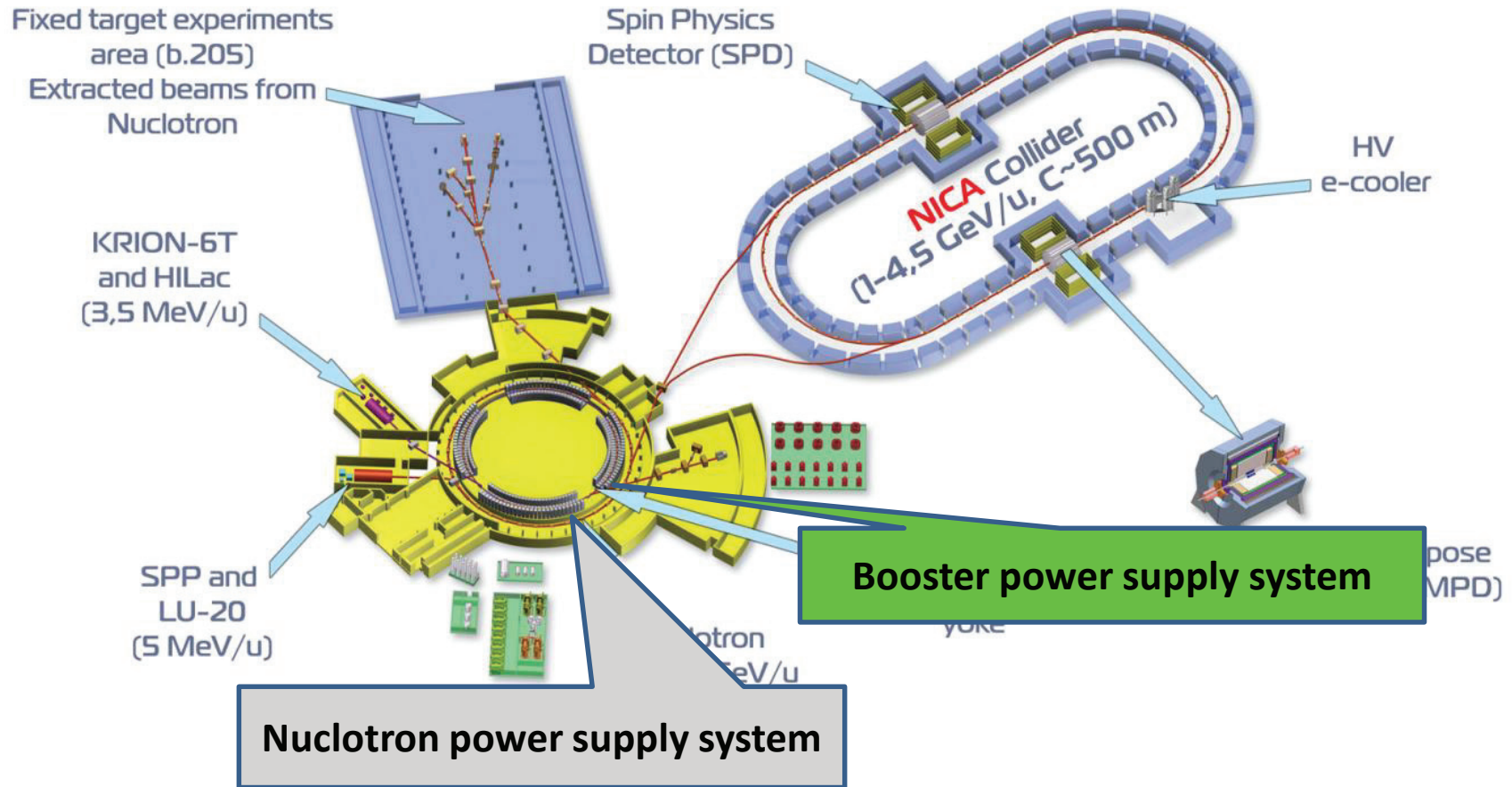
Superconducting accelerator complex **NICA** (**N**uclotron based **I**on **C**ollider **f**acility)



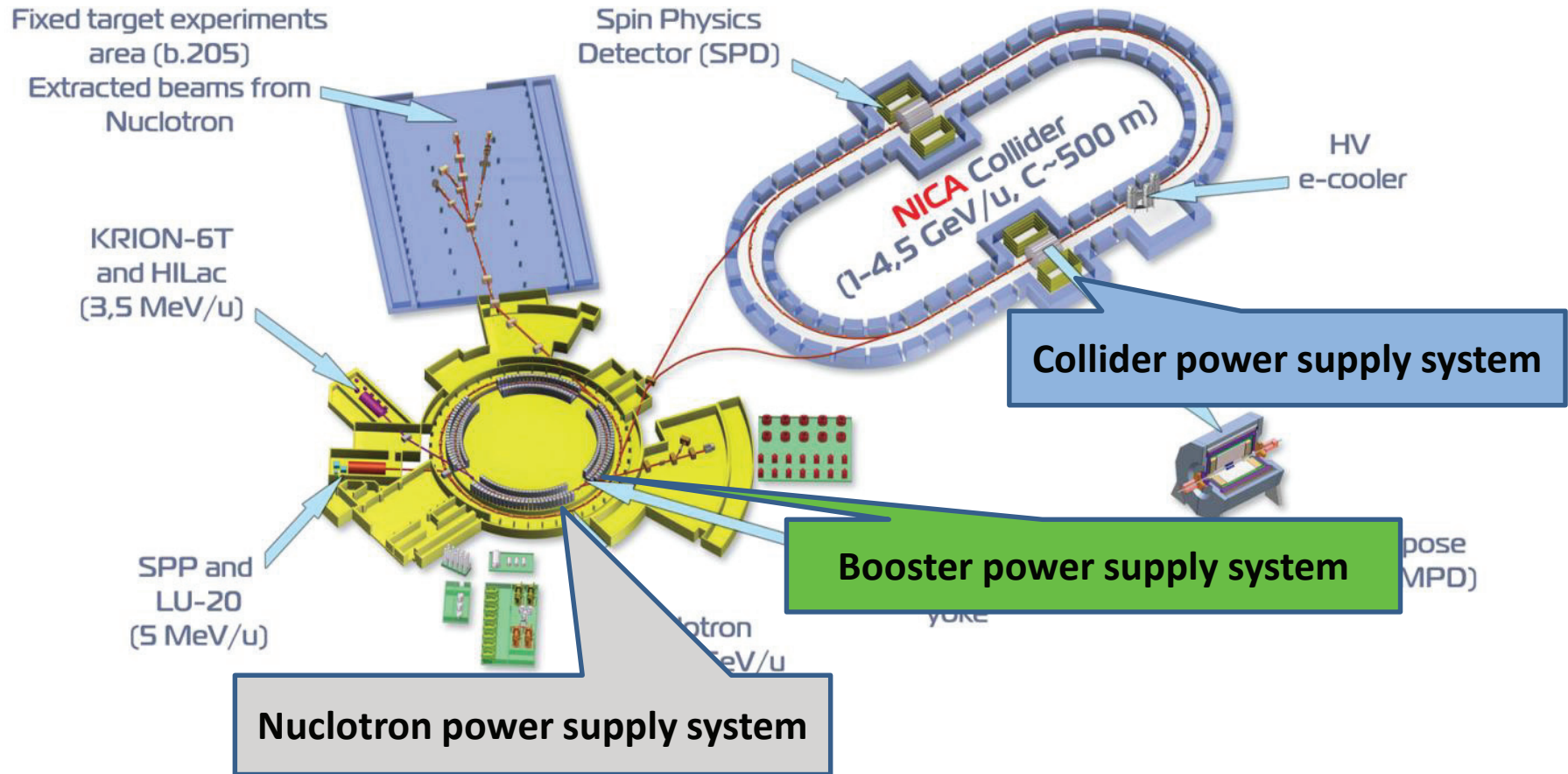
Superconducting accelerator complex **NICA** (**N**uclotron based **I**on **C**ollider **f**Acility)



Superconducting accelerator complex **NICA** (**N**uclotron based **I**on **C**ollider **f**Acility)



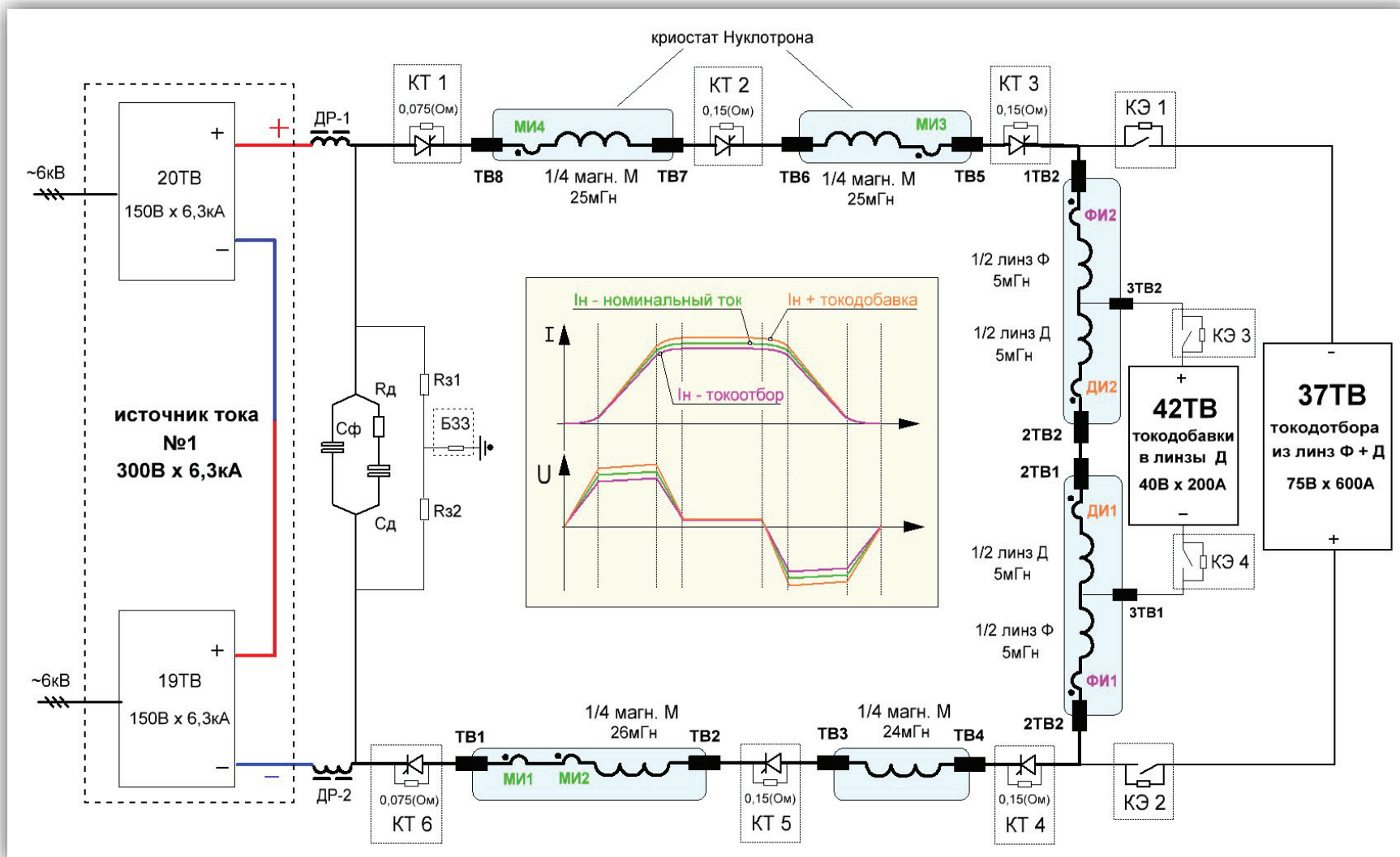
Superconducting accelerator complex **NICA** (**N**uclotron based **I**on **C**ollider **f**Acility)



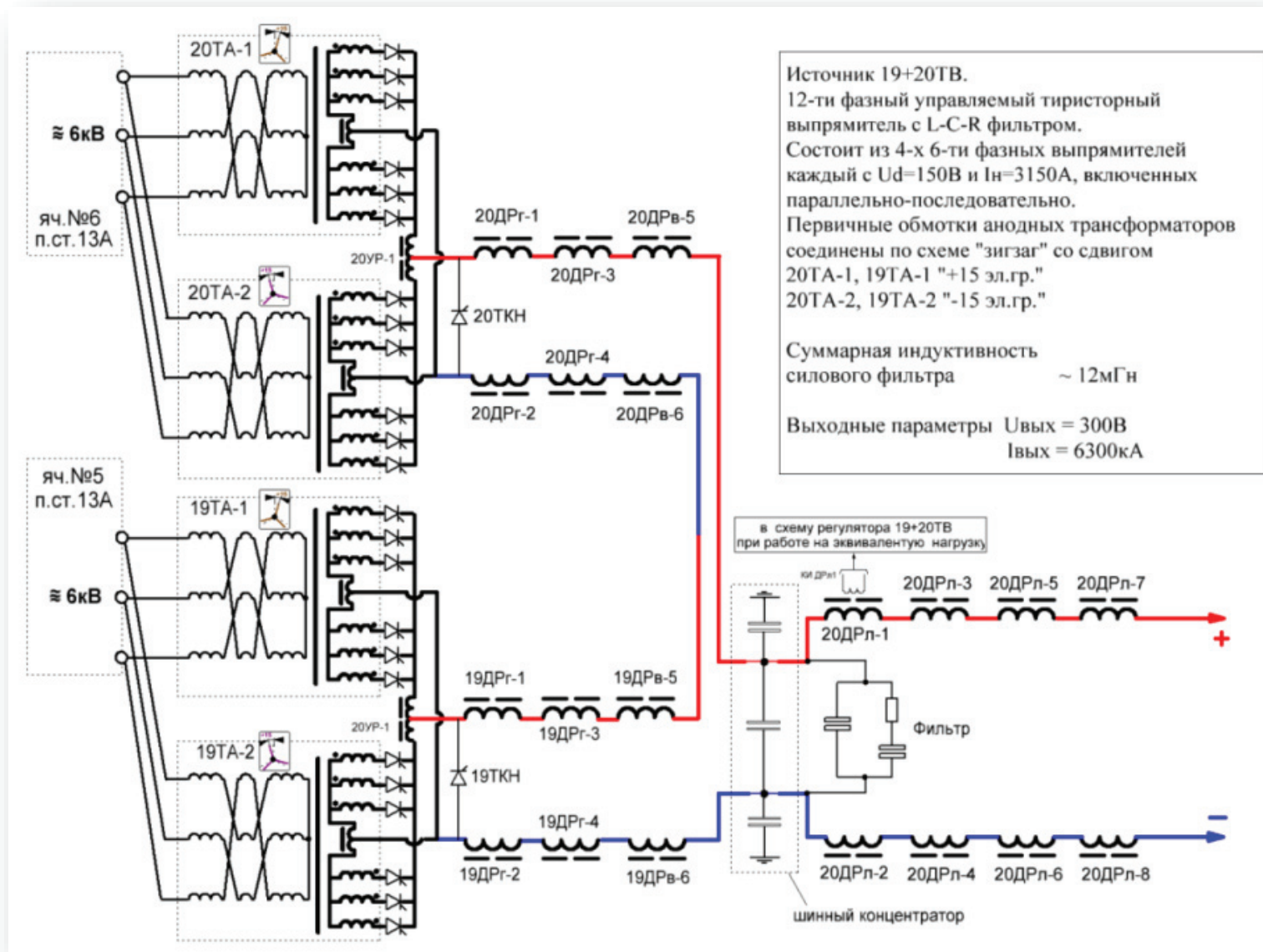
Specifics of power supply systems of superconducting structural magnets of synchrotrons and Collider

- Modern accelerator complexes require precision power supply systems of MW-power, the stability of load currents should be $\Delta I/I \sim 1E-4...1E-5$
- Superconducting magnets (pure inductive load) at high-speed current requires operation in **the maximum dynamic range of voltage**
- Providing **a given ratio of fields** in all families of magnetic elements
- The power supply system should include a subsystem **of emergency evacuation of energy from the SC-magnets.**

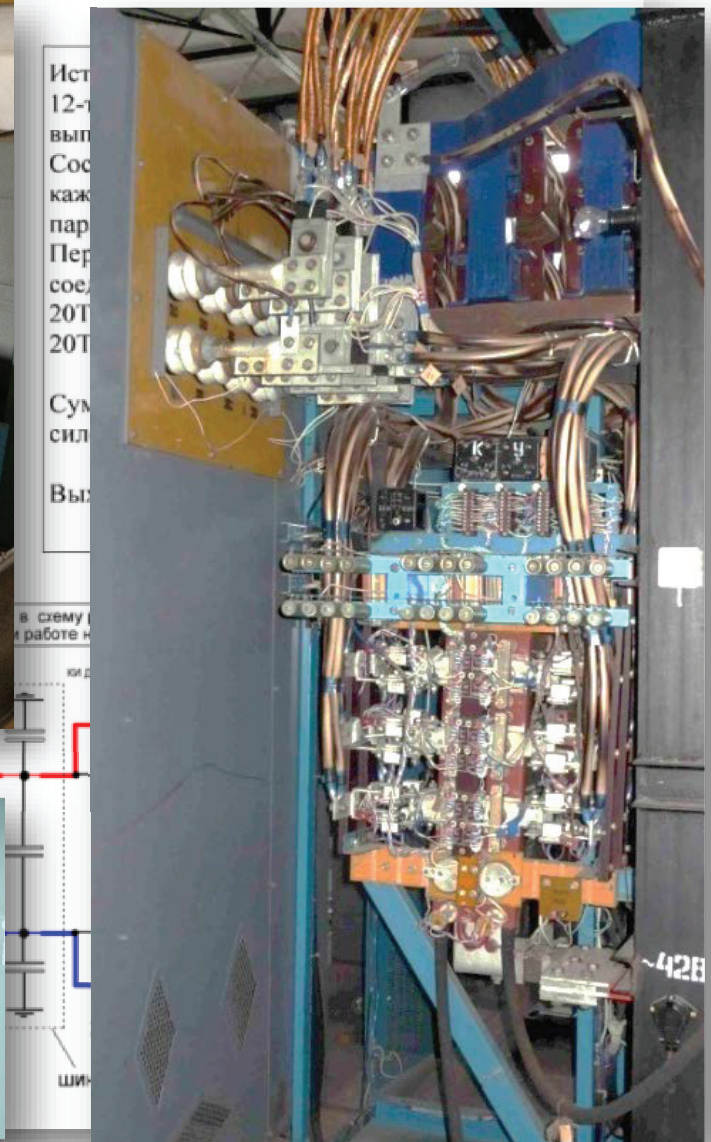
Schematic diagram of the Nuclotron power supply system



Block diagram of the source 19TV 20TV



Block diagram of the source 19TV 20TV



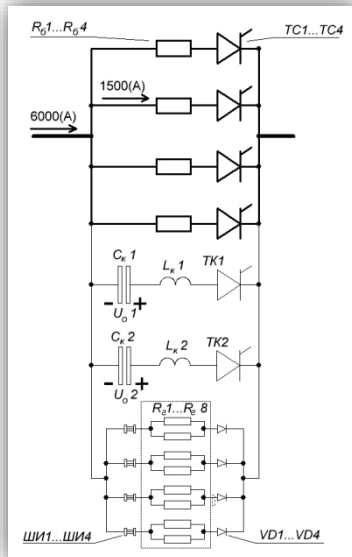
System energy evacuation from the SC-magnets

Requirements for the system of energy evacuation from the SC-magnets of the Nuclotron

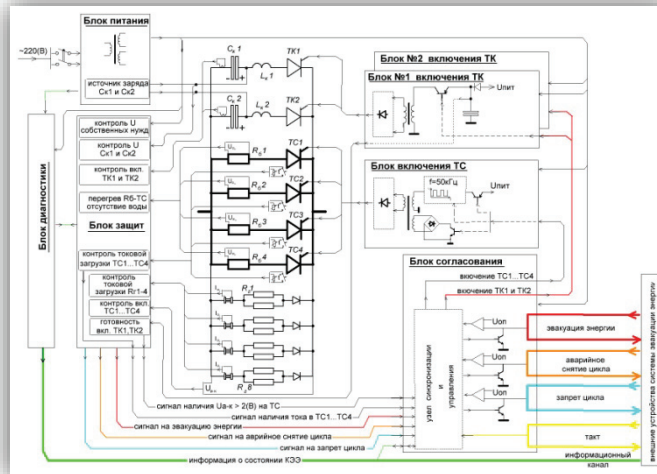
- 1) energy output constant - **160ms**,
- 2) the potential of the magnetic elements relative to the "earth" - **not more than 500V**,
- 3) **reliability**.

Common view

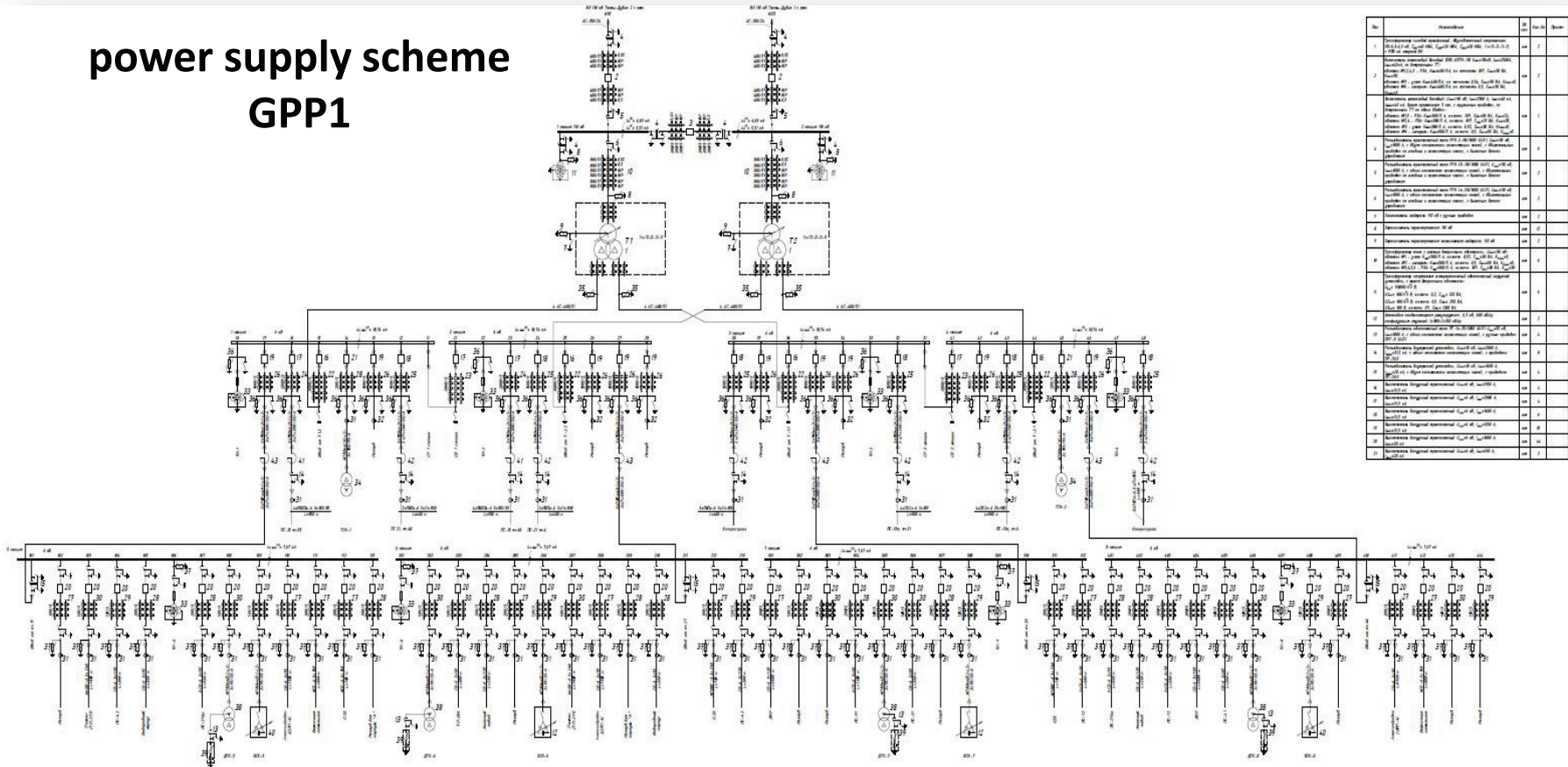
Power circuit



Schematic diagram



power supply scheme
GPP1



power supply scheme
GPP1



power supply scheme
GPP1

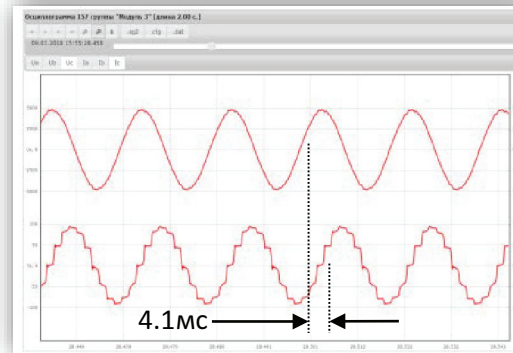


Power consumption of the network is 6 kV

supply 19TV, nets 6kV

voltage waveform

current waveform



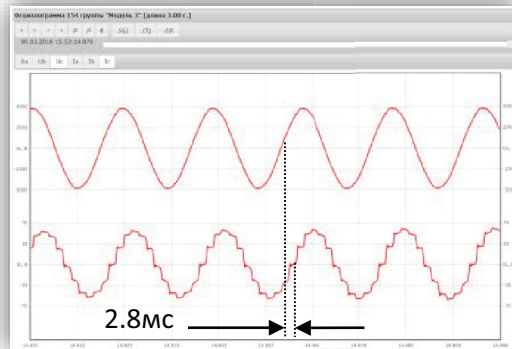
amplitude $I_{ac} \sim 100A$

$\cos(73.8) = 0.28$

Current rise

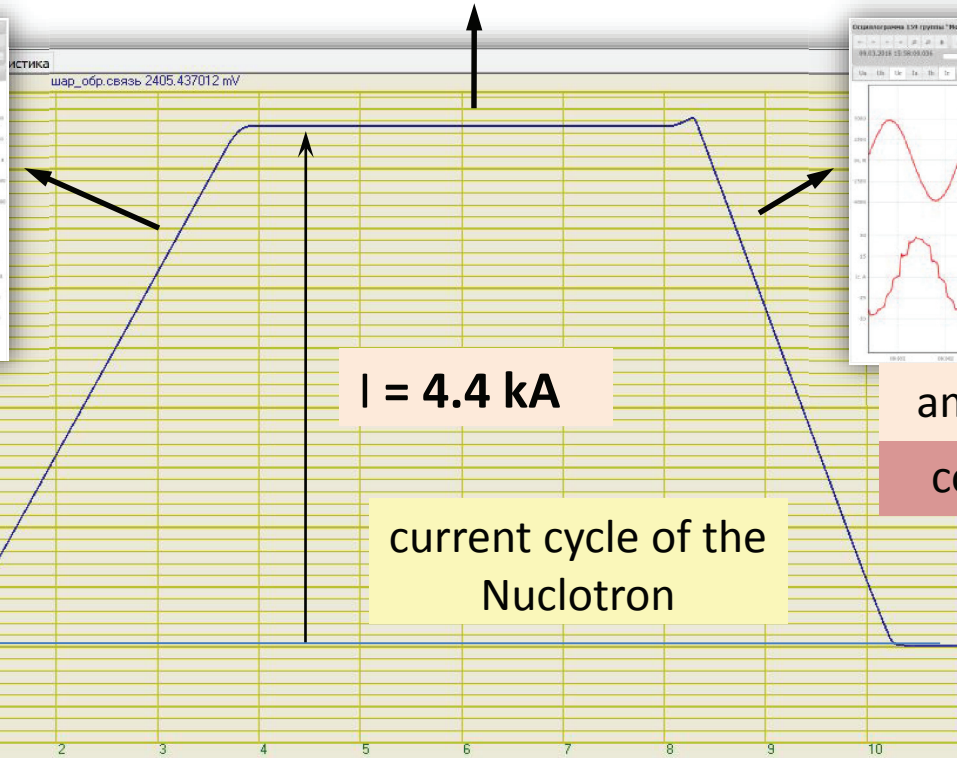
Current plateau

Reduce current



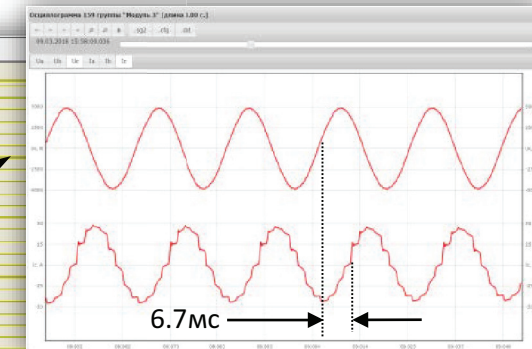
amplitude $I_{ac} \sim 80A$

$\cos(50.4) = 0.63$



$I = 4.4 \text{ kA}$

current cycle of the
Nuclotron

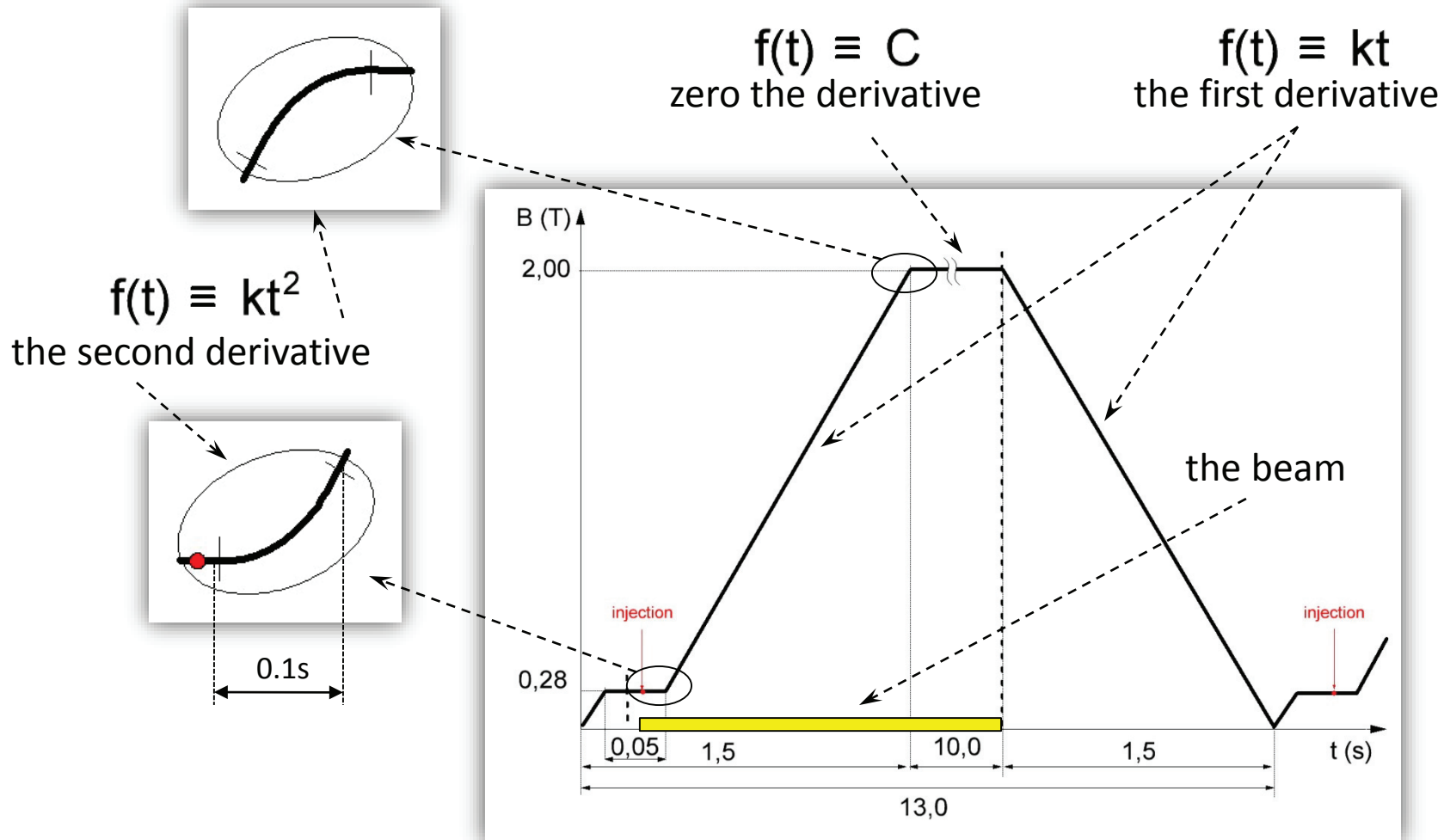


amplitude $I_{ac} \sim 80A$

$\cos(120.6) = -0.51$

Source current regulators

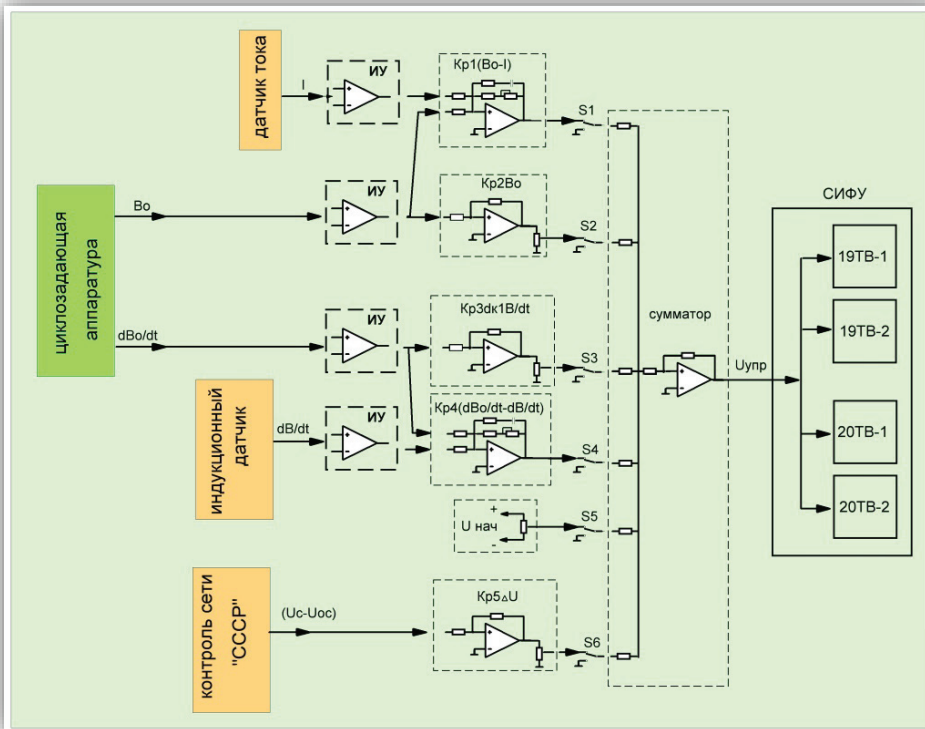
Reference function



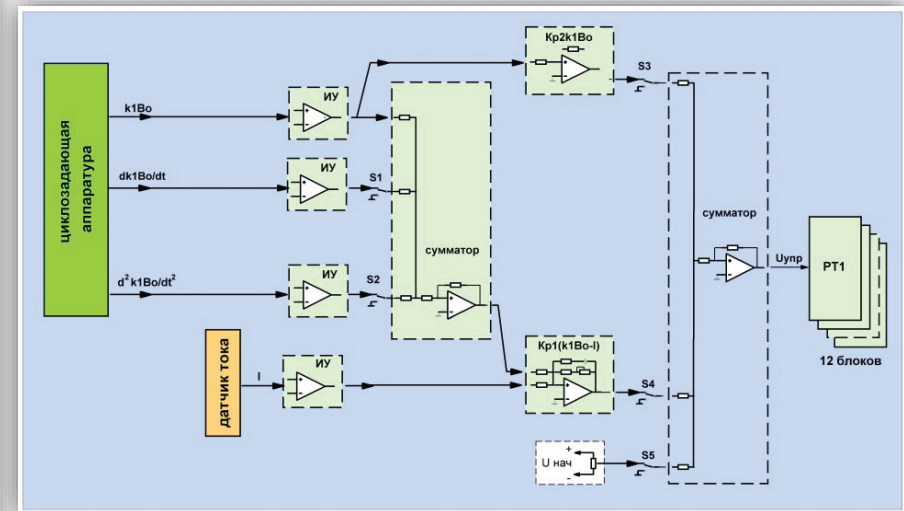
Source current regulators

Block diagram of the current regulator

19TV , 20TV

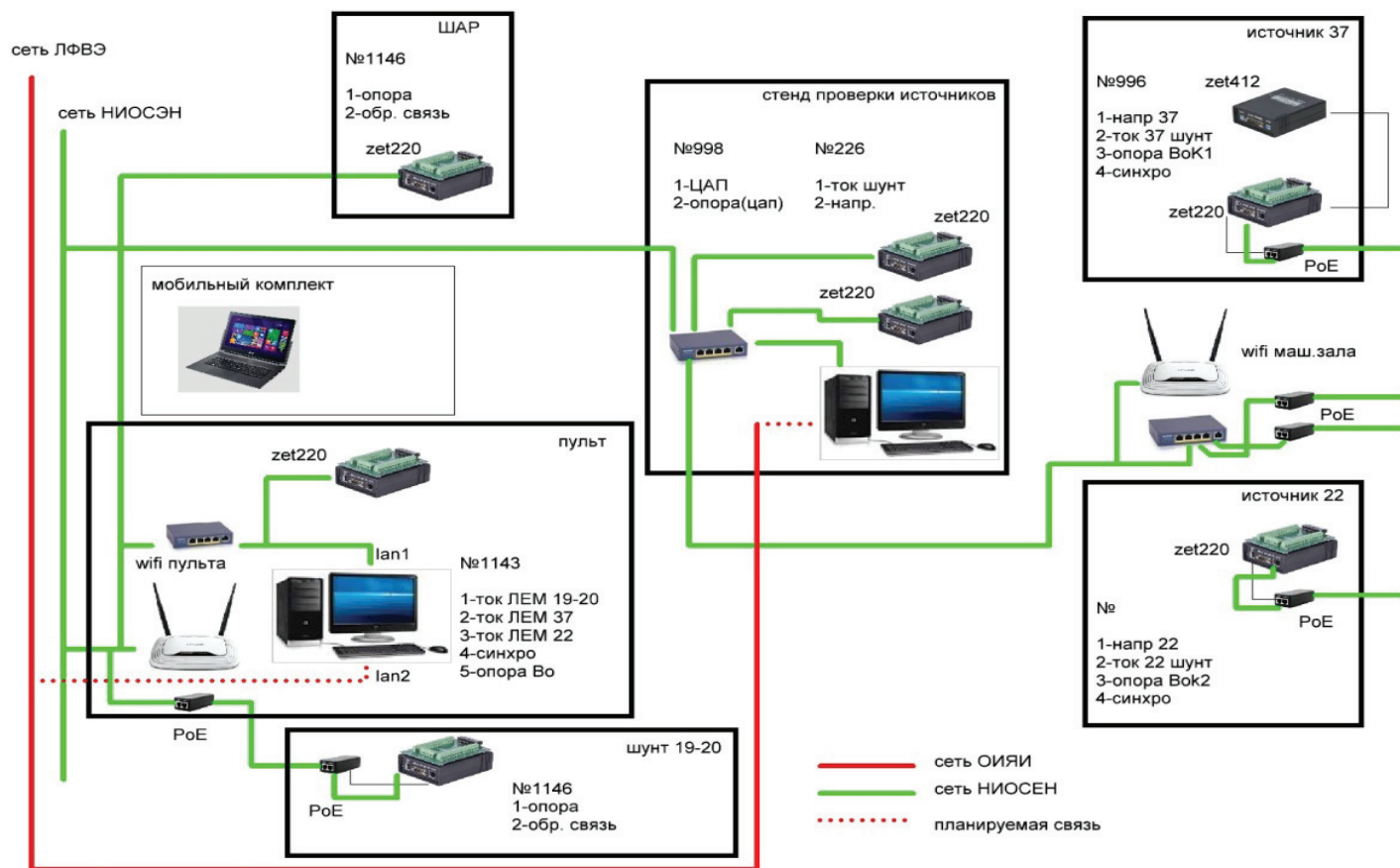


37TV



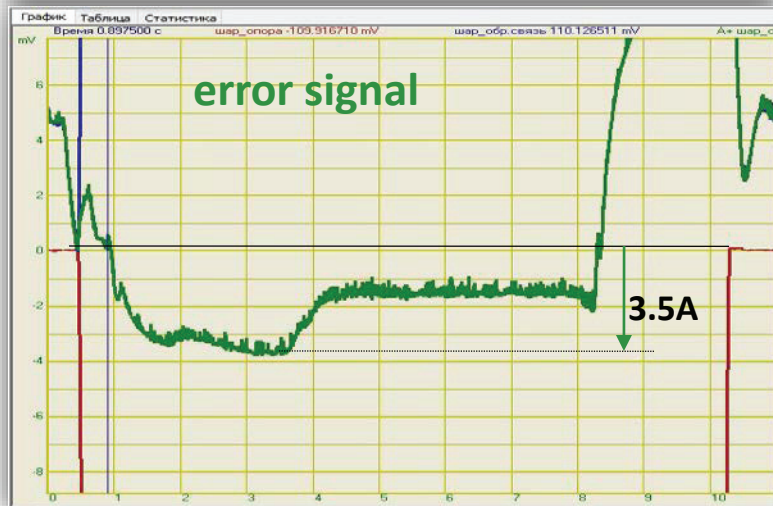
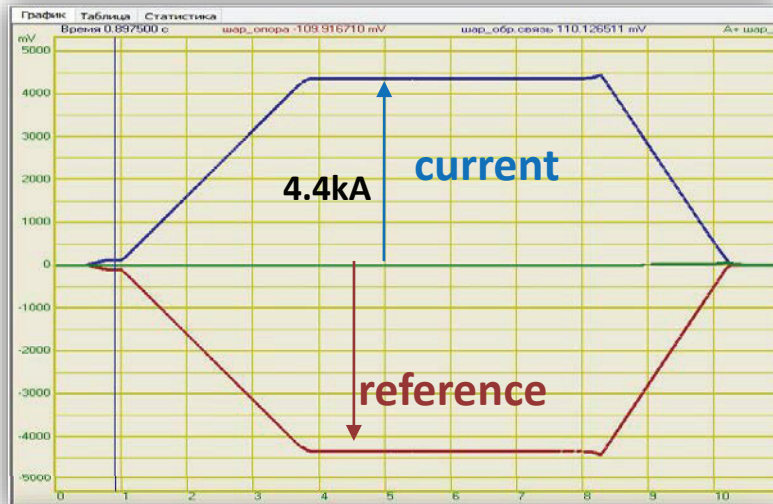
Source current regulators

Precision current measurement subsystem based on the ZET 220

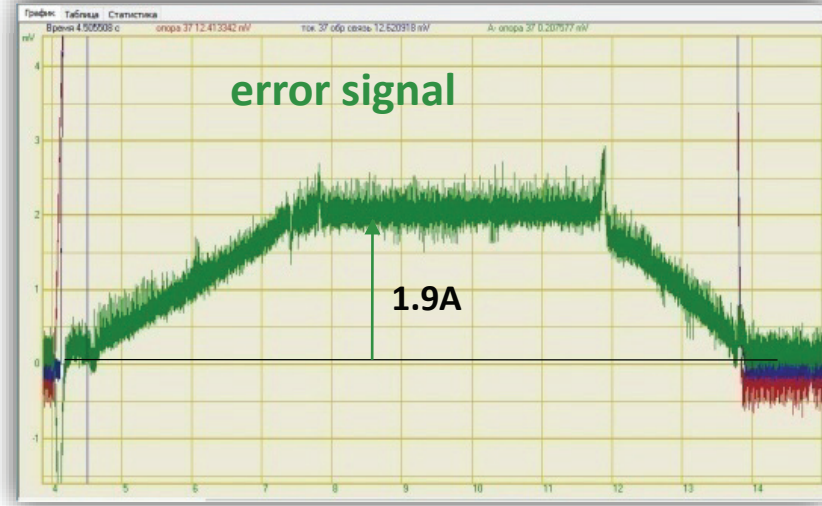
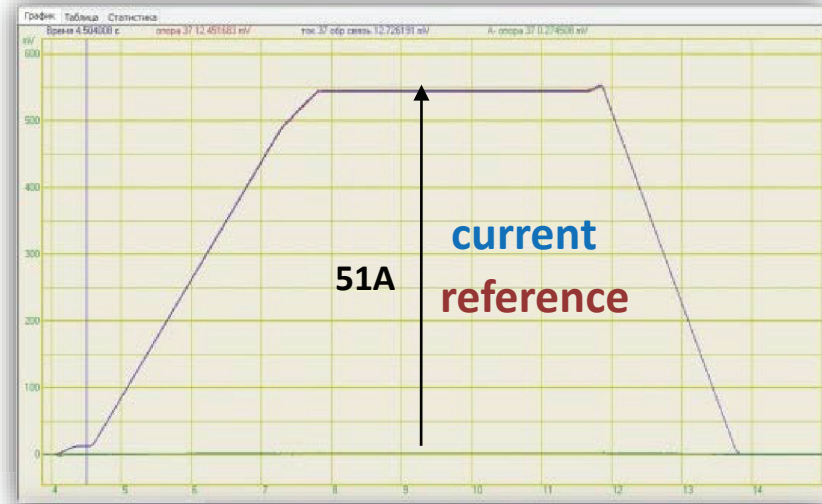


Source current regulators

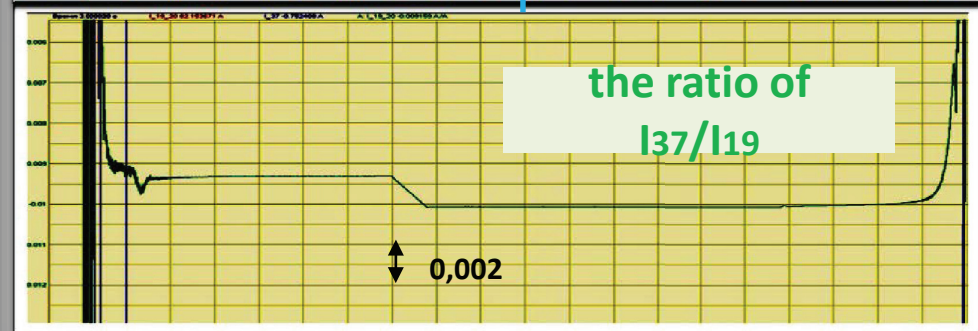
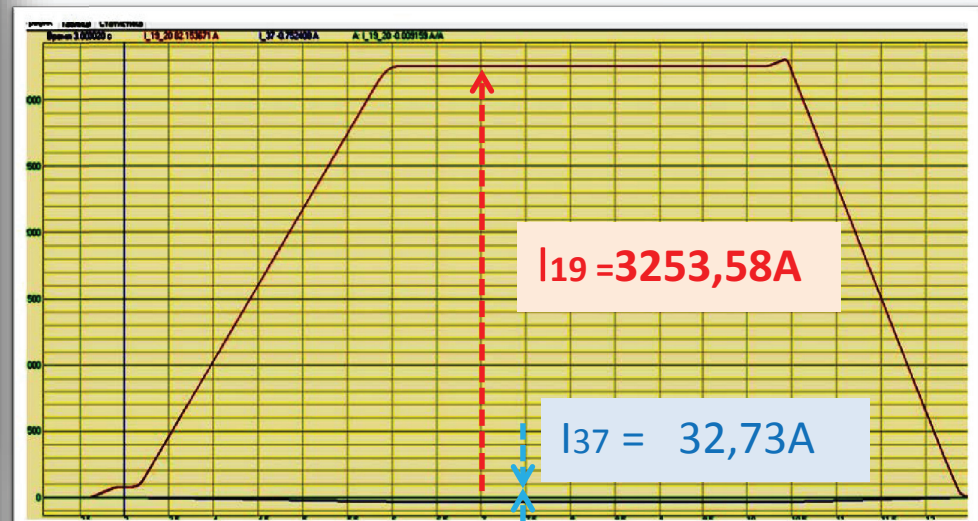
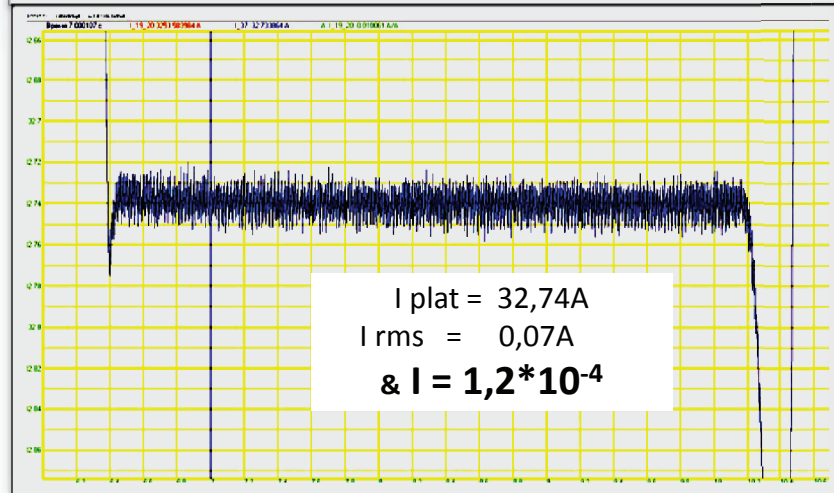
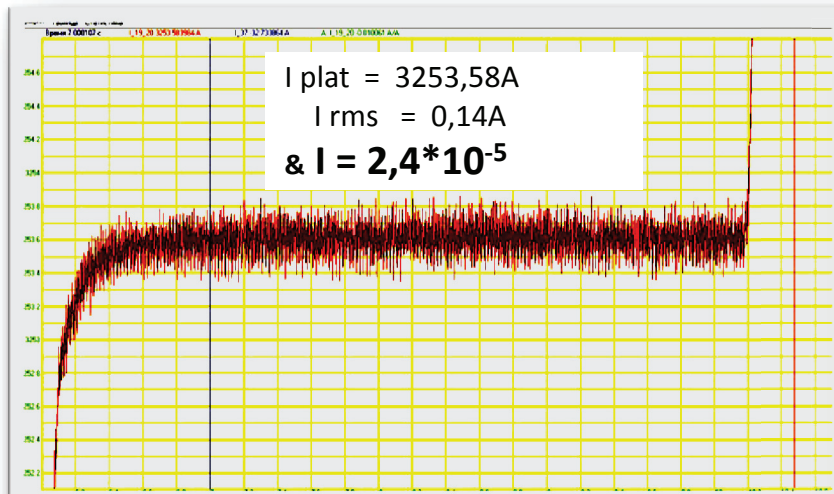
19TV 20TV



37TV



Precision currents

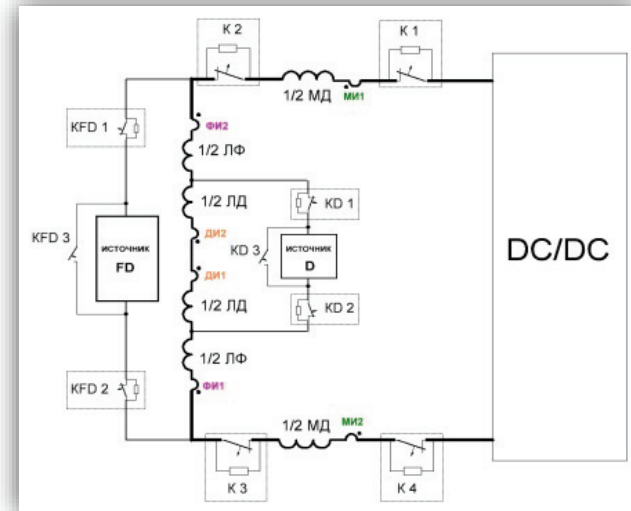


achieve repeatability of the injection magnetic field with an accuracy of ± 0.2 Gs or arelative accuracy of $2 \cdot 10^{-5}$

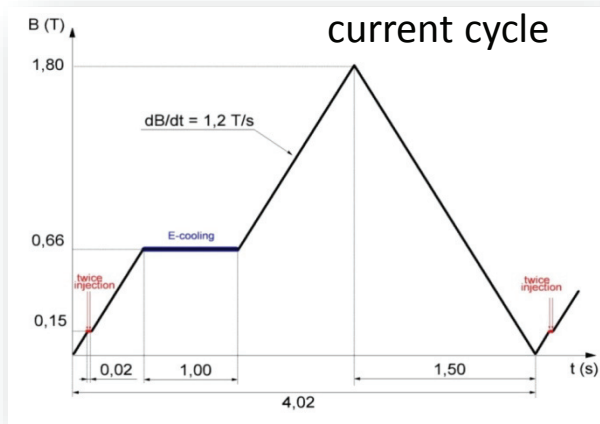
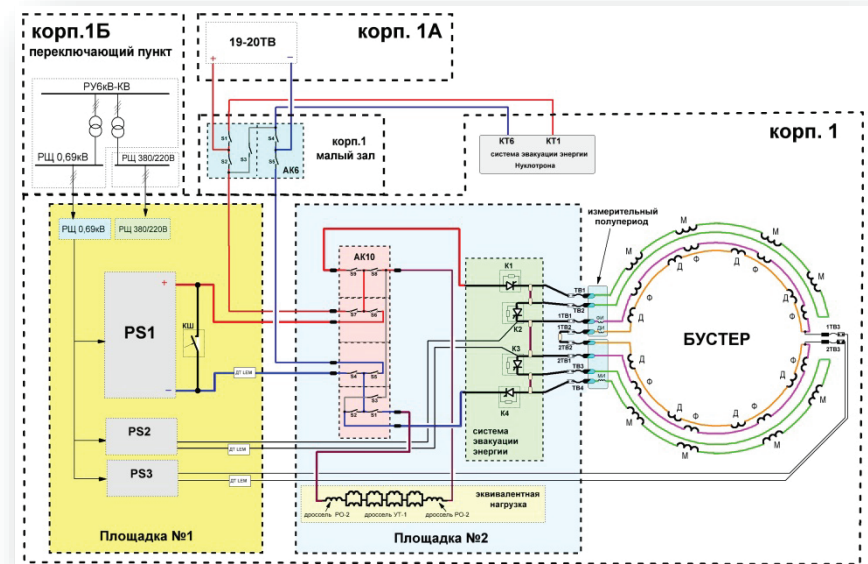
the main parameters of the PS

1	Maximum power	2,86 MW
2	Voltage	260V _{DC}
3	Current (I _{макс.})	11000 A _{DC}
4	Relative stability of the current at di/dt= 0	2*10 ⁻⁴
5	Relative stability of the current at di/dt = 0	5*10 ⁻⁵
7	Operating modes	-static, - dynamic with di/dt=0...+/-7 кA/c

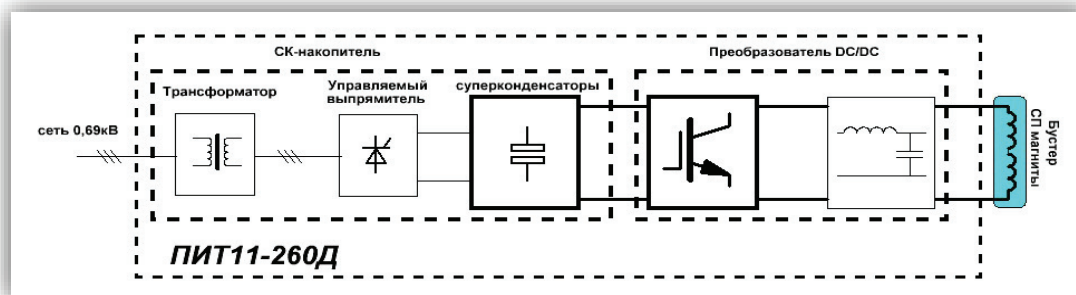
Schematic diagram



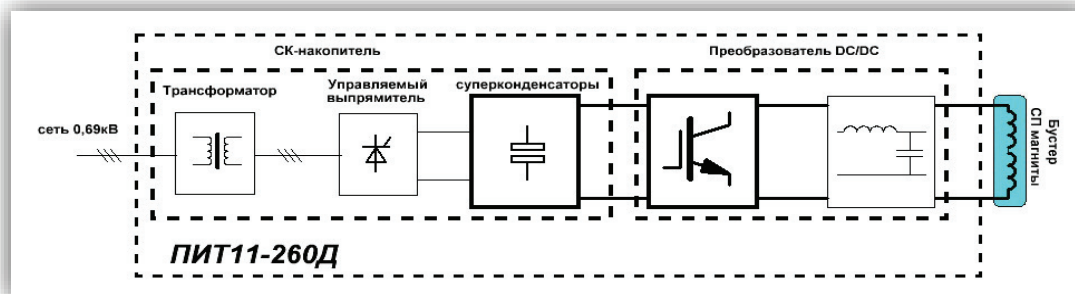
Wiring diagram



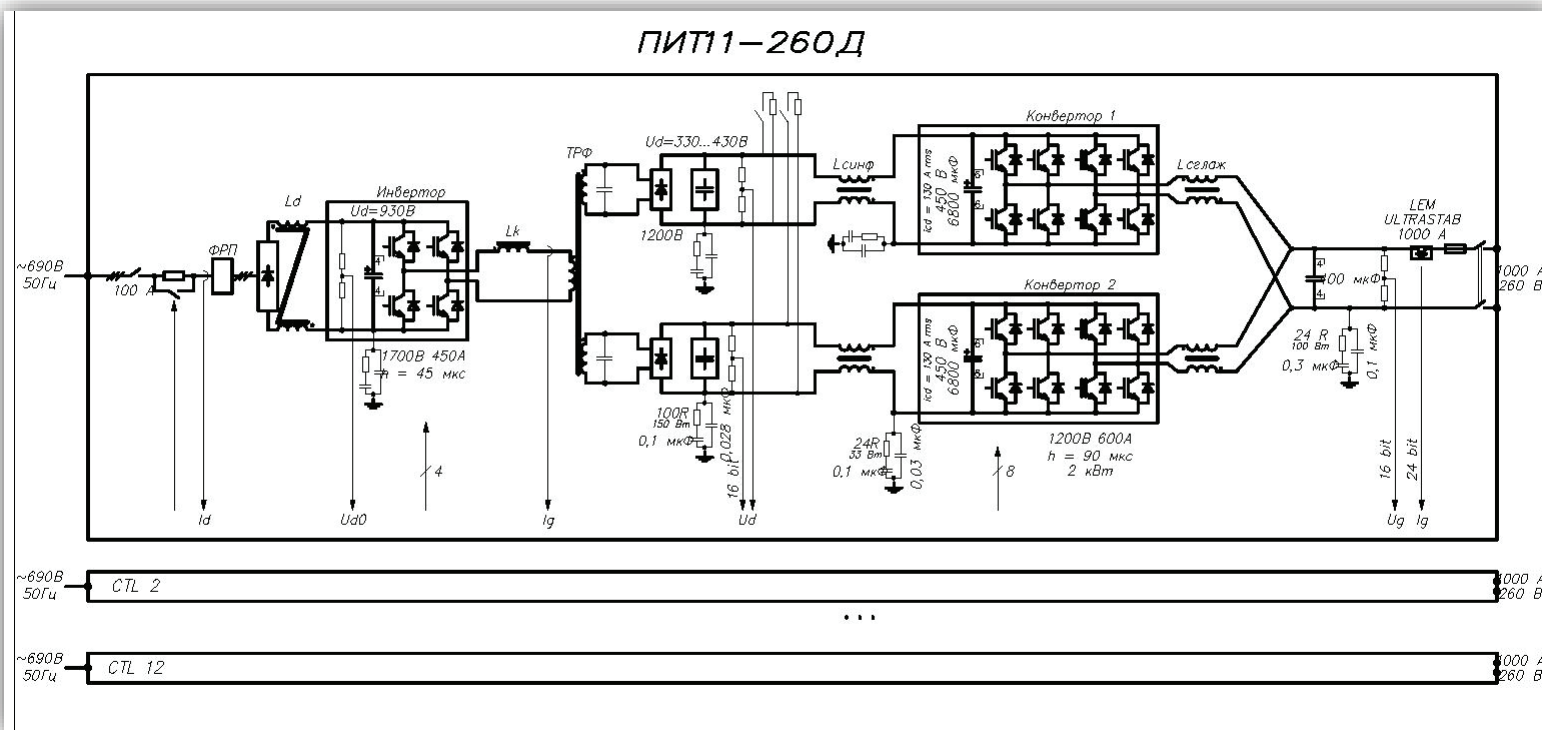
Block diagram of the current source



Block diagram of the current source



Schematic diagram of the current source ПИТ11-260



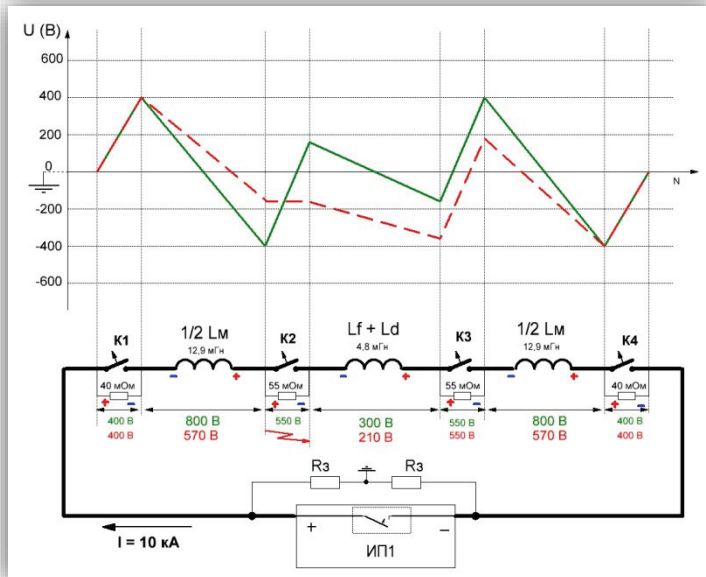
Production «НПП ЛМ Инвертор», Moscow, Russia

System energy evacuation from the SC-magnets

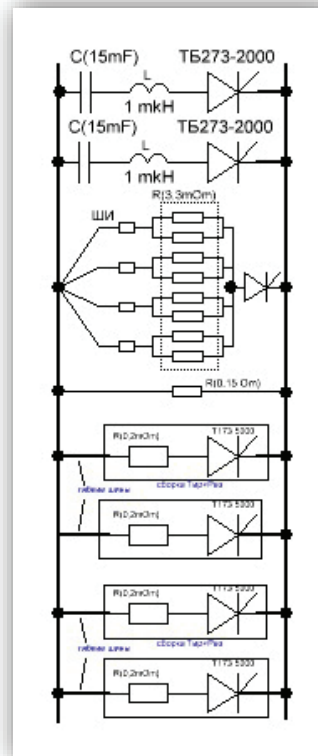
Requirements for the system of energy evacuation from the SC-magnets of the Booster

- 1) energy output constant - **160ms**,
- 2) the potential of the magnetic elements relative to the "earth" - **not more than 500V**,
- 3) **reliability**.

Potential graphics



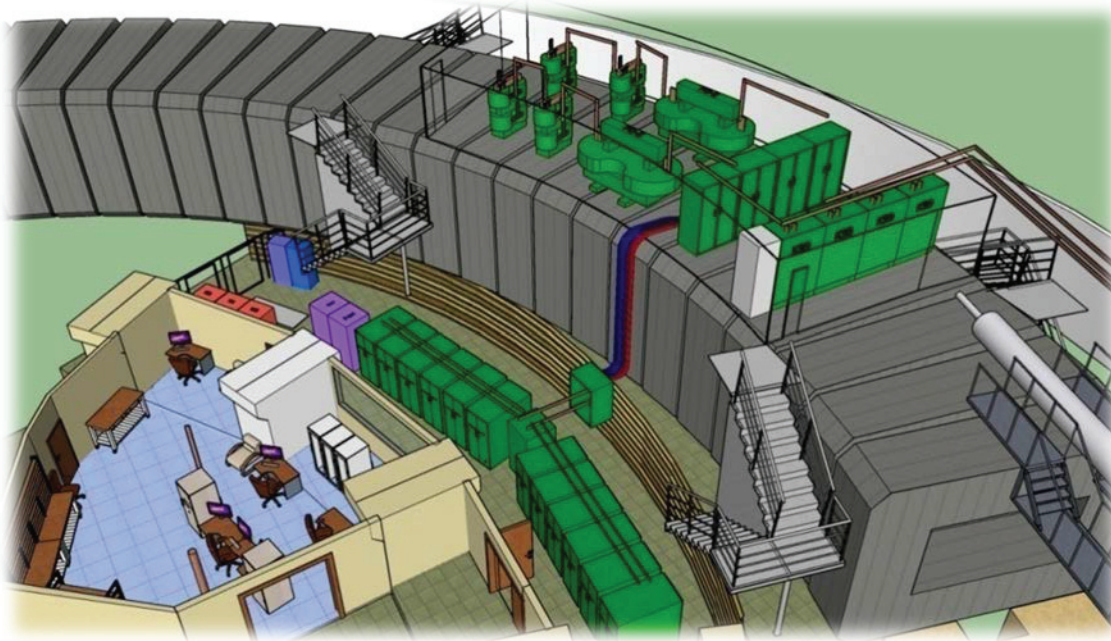
Schematic diagram



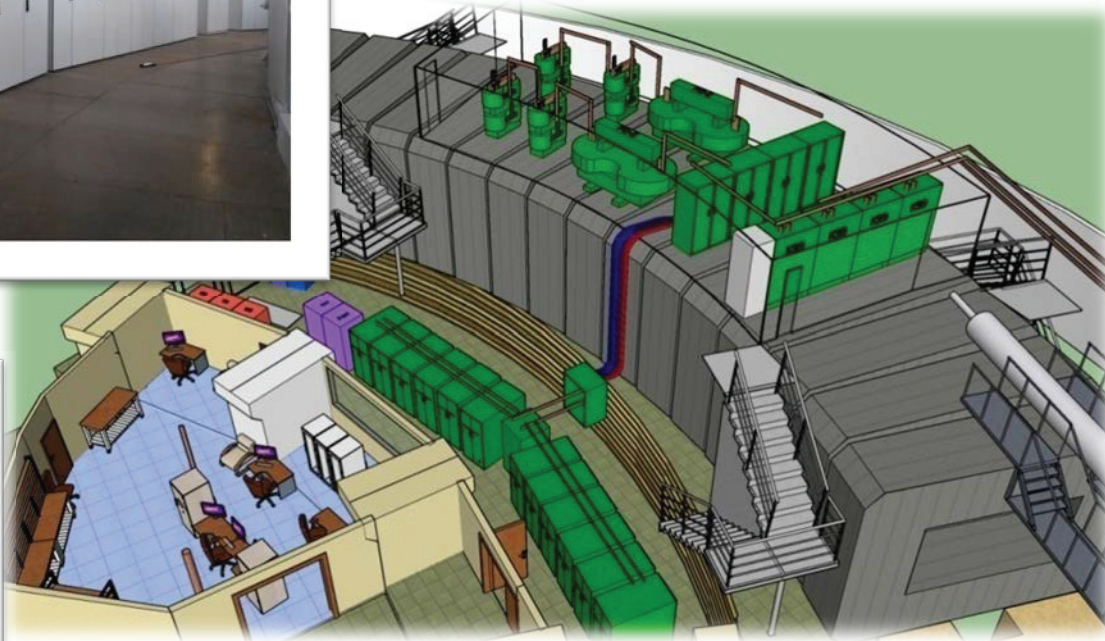
Common view



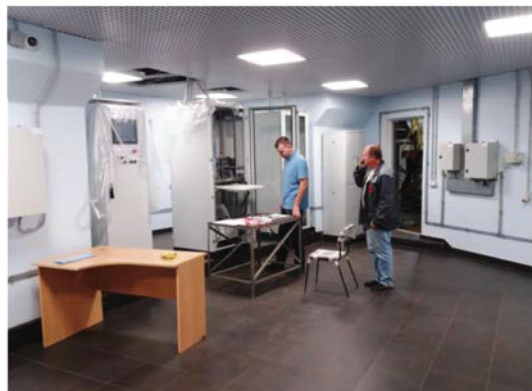
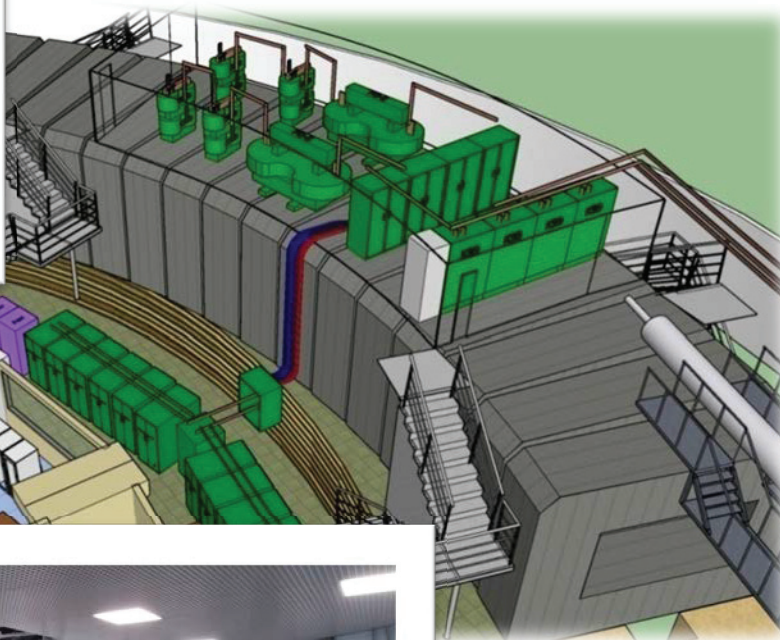
Bld.1



Bld.1

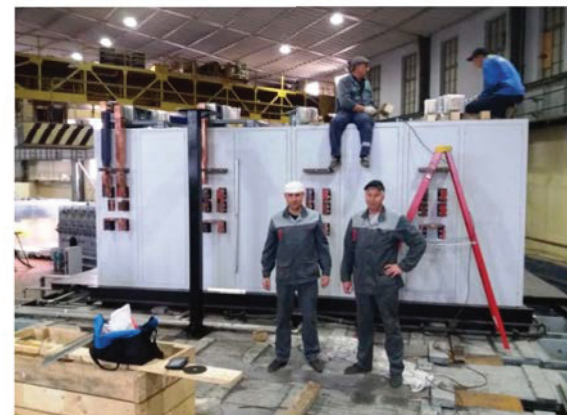
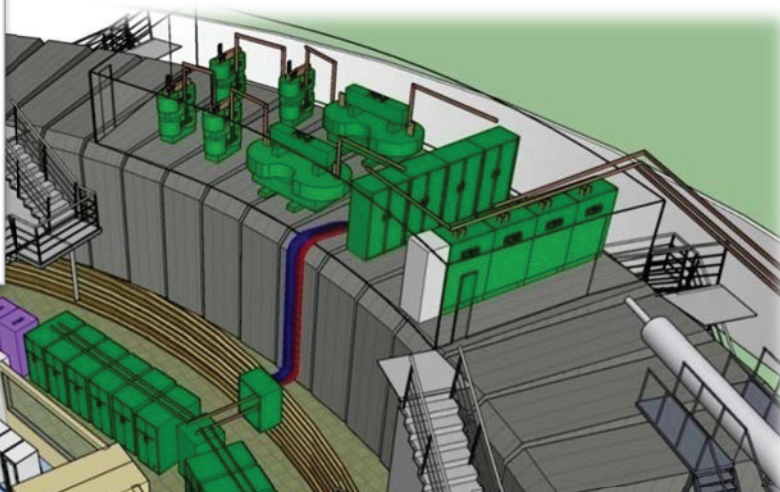


Bld.1



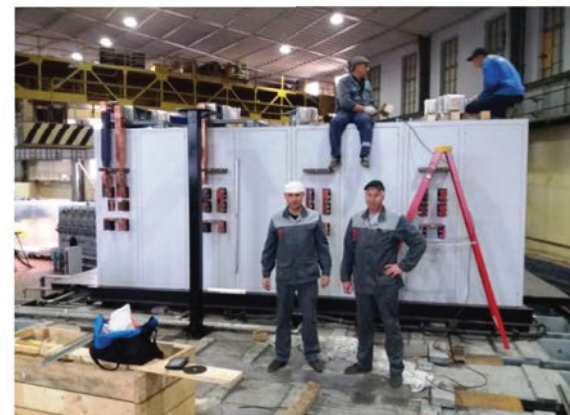
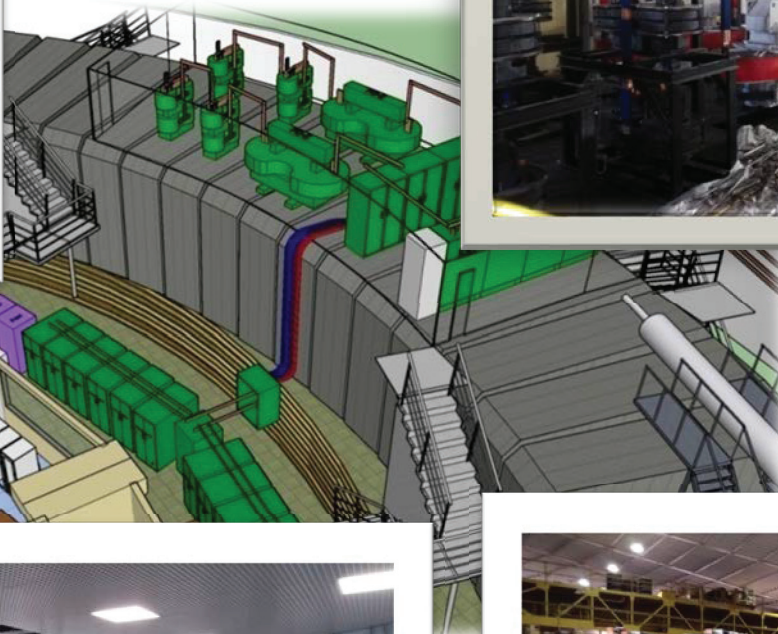
Booster power system

Bld.1



Booster power system

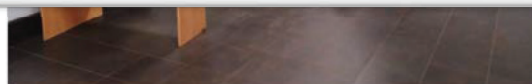
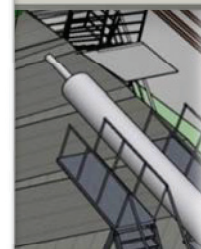
Bld.1



Booster power system



Start-up ПИТ11-260
27 july 2019г
900A!



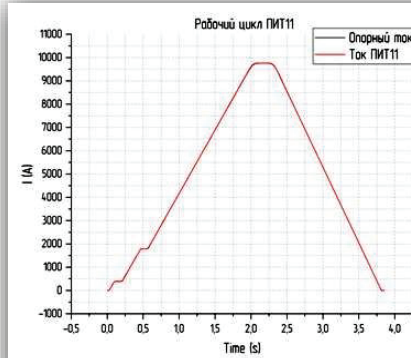
Technological modes

2 session sept. 2021

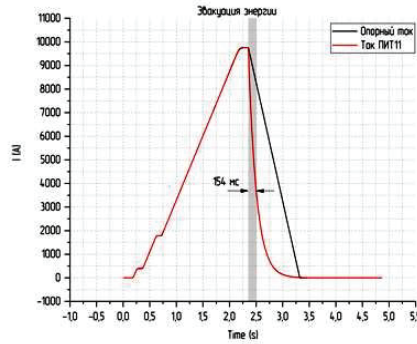
current ПИТ11, ПИТ06, ПИТ03

1 session dec. 2020

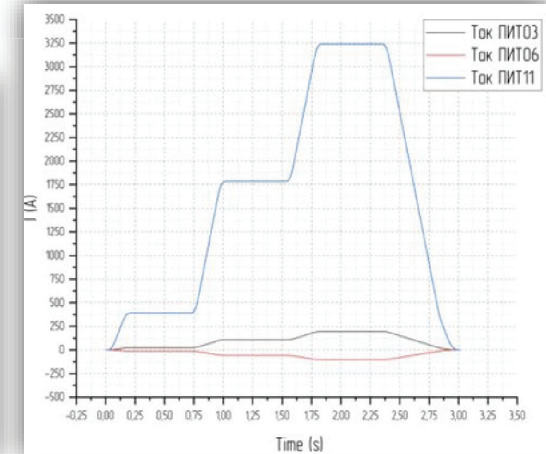
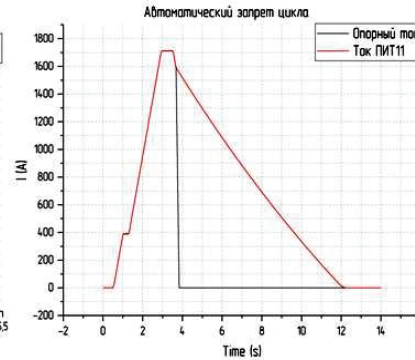
cycle



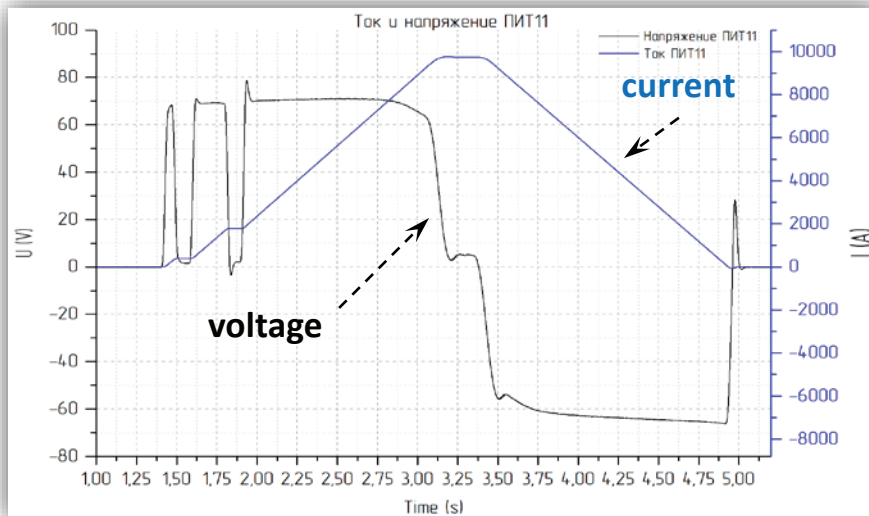
energy evacuation



emergency cycle



Project cycle 9,7kA ПИТ11



Power consumption

switchboard ПИТ11, nets 0.69kV

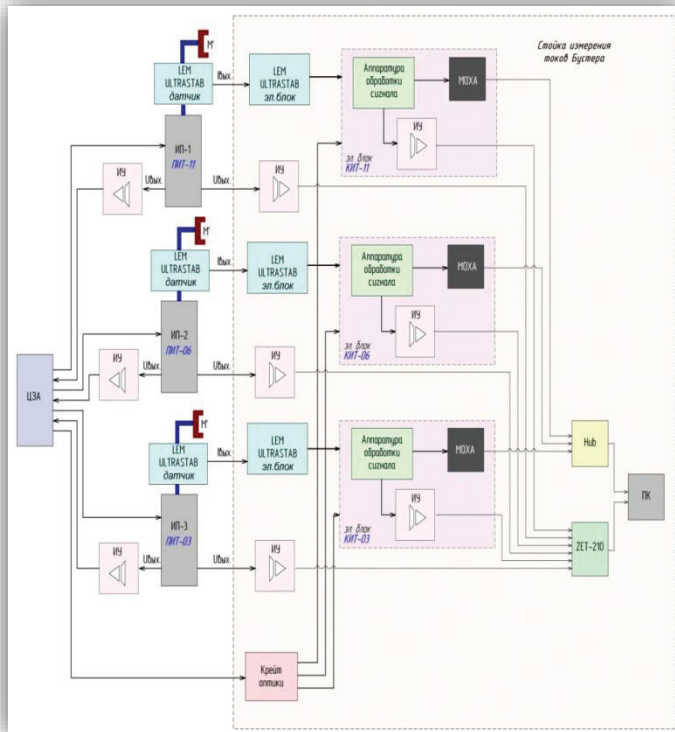


$P_{tot} = 88\text{kW}$
 $Q_{tot} = 84\text{kVA}$
 $Stot = 121\text{kVA}$



Precision current measurement subsystem

Functional diagram of the measurement system



The main parameters of the system:

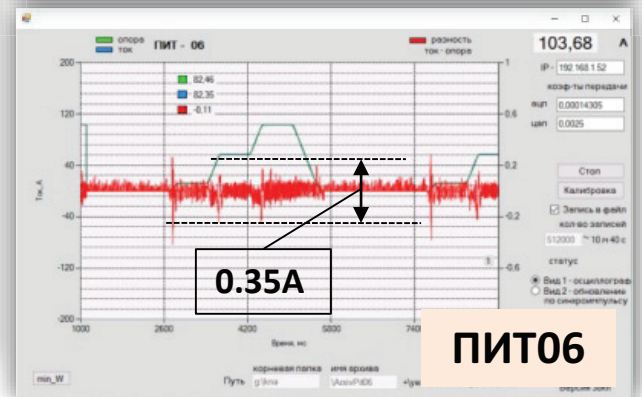
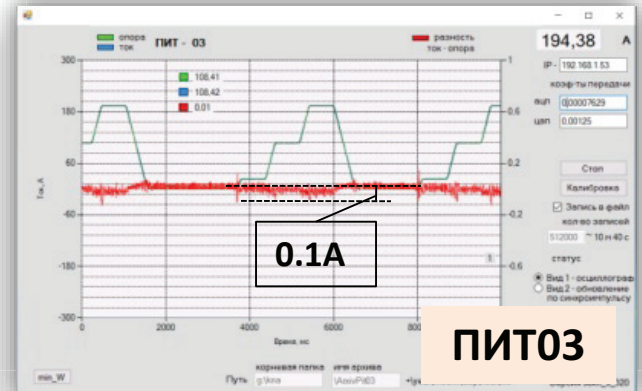
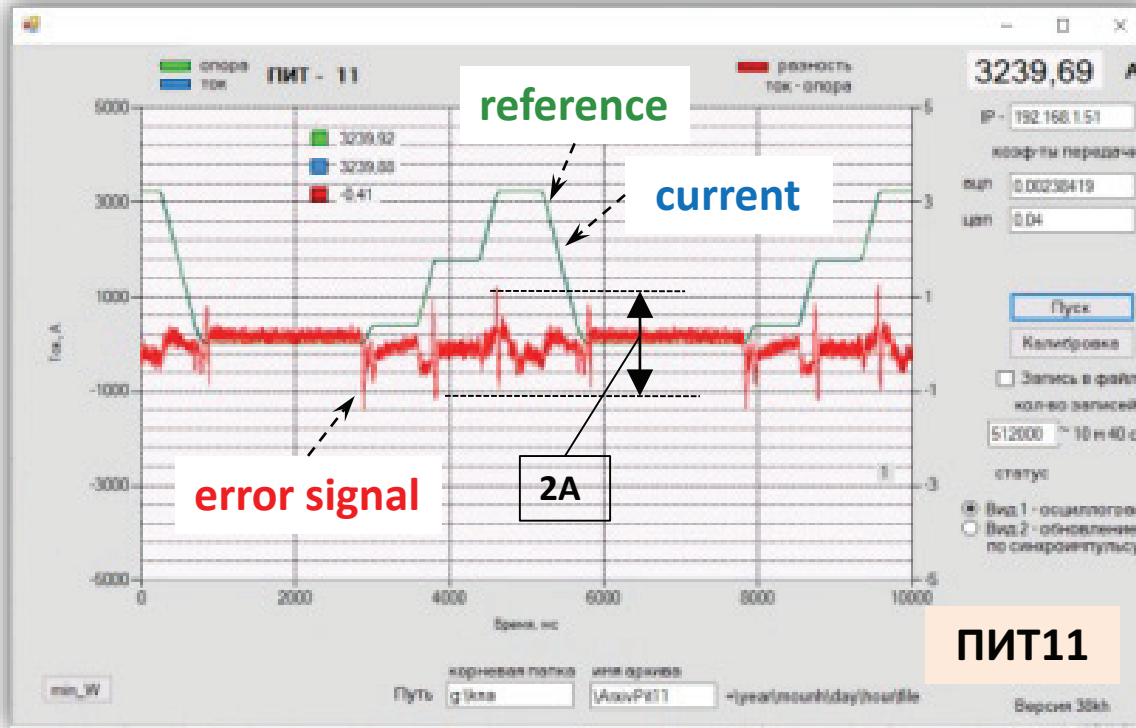
- the measurement range of the primary current: from 0.1 to 10kA;
- accuracy of current measurement in static mode: for the main source 10kA – **60ppm**, for additional sources 600 A and 300 A – **20ppm**;
- accuracy of current measurement in dynamic mode: • for the main source – **100ppm**, • for additional sources (600 A and 300 A) – **20ppm**;
- the frequency of current measurement is **800Hz**



general view of the measuring equipment

Precision current measurement subsystem

2 session sept. 2021



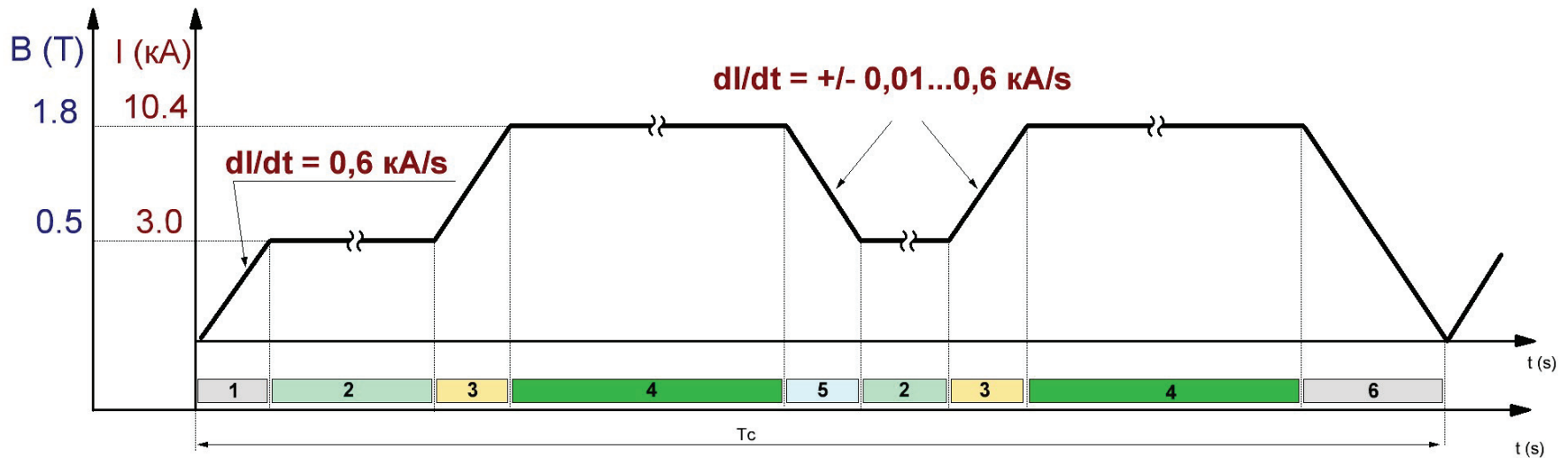
PS	The average value of the current deviation from the reference (RMS) A	Relative current error ppm	Relative error of current repeatability from cycle to cycle ppm
ПИТ11	0,17129	18	7
ПИТ06	0,00647	11	46
ПИТ03	0,00459	16	27

Main parameters of the structural superconducting magnets

The inductance of the dipole magnets, L_m	mH	36
The inductance of the quadrupole focusing magnets, L_f	mH	4,6
The inductance of the quadrupole defocusing magnets, L_d	mH	4,6
The current of the dipole magnet with a field of 1.8 T, I_m	kA	10,4
Current stability, $\Delta I_m / I_m$		$2 \cdot 10^{-5}$
The current of quadrupole focusing magnet with gradient field, I_f	kA	10,4
Voltage at the rate of change of the magnetic field 0.1 T/s, U	V	26

Power system requirements

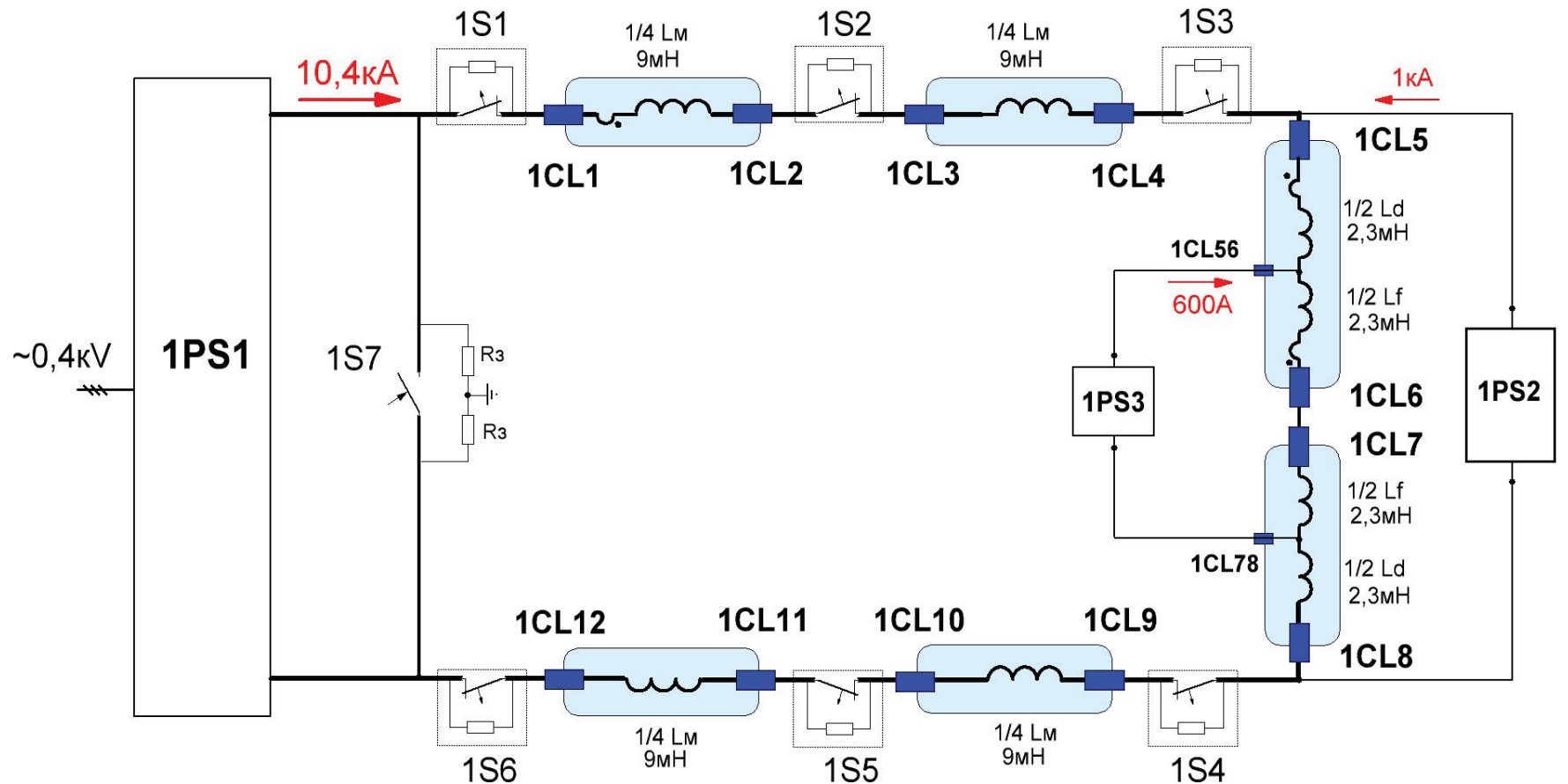
The cycle of the magnetic field / current



Requirements for the system of energy evacuation from the SC-magnets of the Collider

- 1) energy output constant - **160ms**,
- 2) the potential of the magnetic elements relative to the "earth" - **not more than 500V**,
- 3) **reliability**.

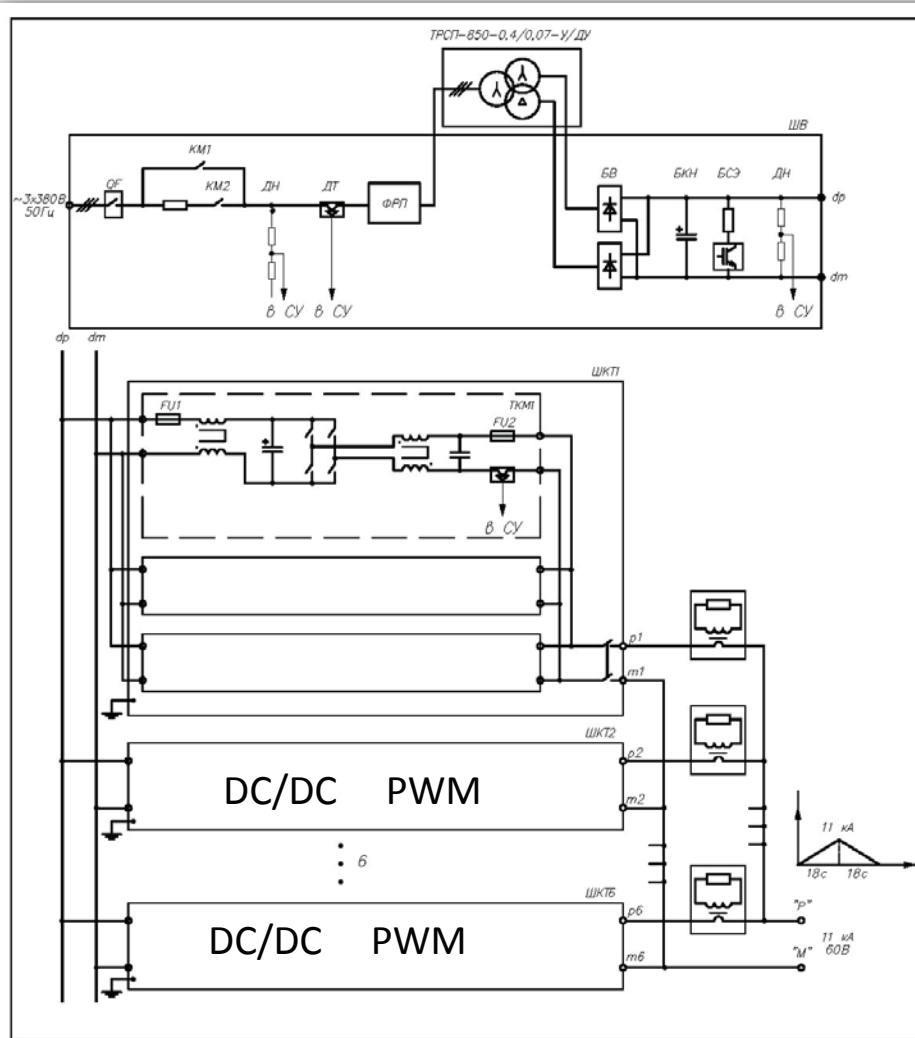
Schematic diagram



Main parameters of power supplies

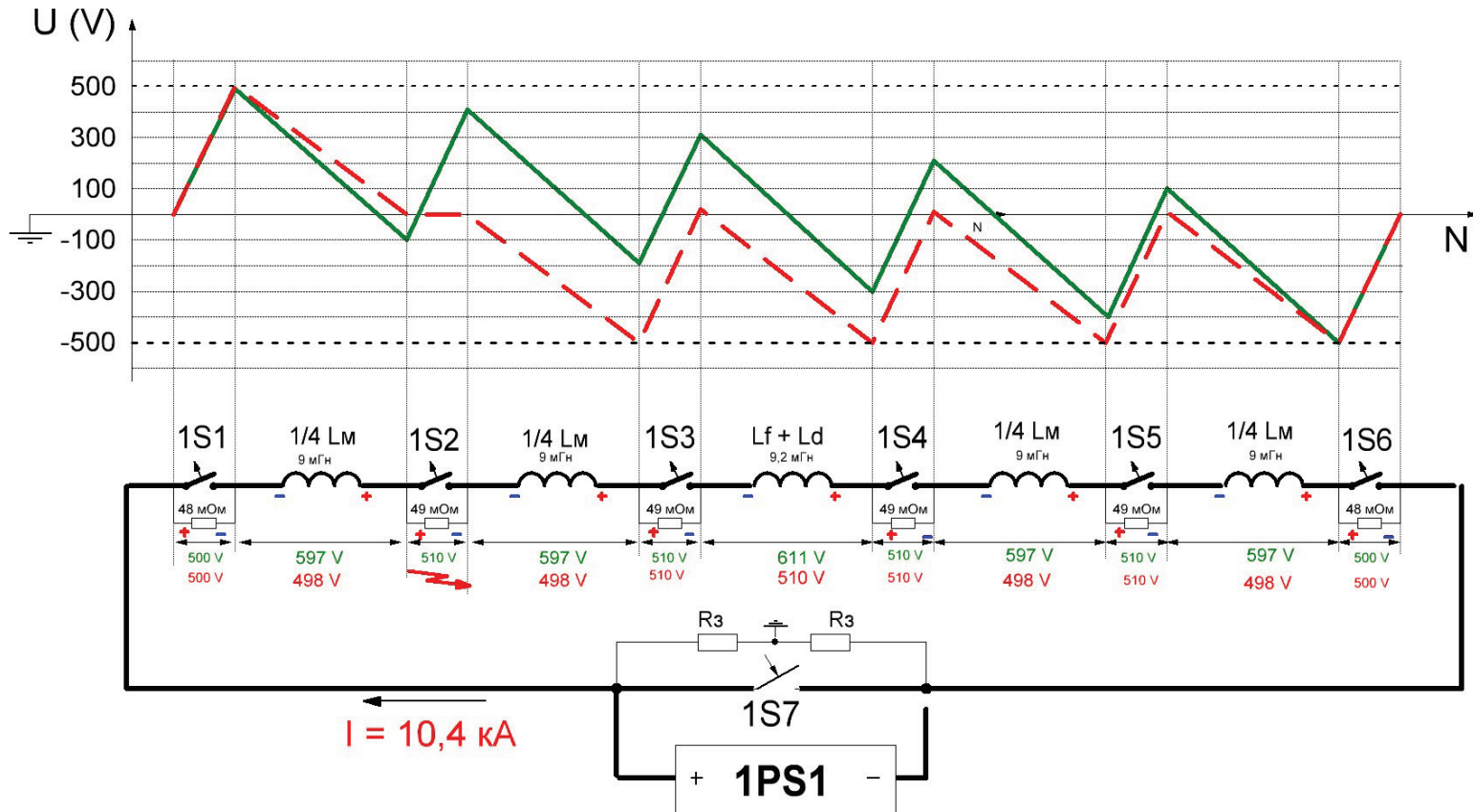
	PS1	PS2	PS3
Supply voltage	3 ϕ ~50Hz 380B +/-10% TN-S		
Maximum power,	600 kW	45 kW	25 kW
Average power, not more than	250 kW	20 kW	10 kW
Source voltage	+/-50 V _{DC}	+/-40 V _{DC}	+/-30 V _{DC}
Output current	11000 A_{DC}	1000 A_{DC}	600 A_{DC}
The inductance of the load	45 mH	9,2 mH	4,6 mH
$\Delta I/I$ at di/dt not equal to zero	$2 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$5 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$5 \cdot 10^{-4}$
The minimum duration of rise/fall field	18 s		
$\Delta I/I$ at $di/dt=0$	$2 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$2 \cdot 10^{-4}$
The maximum length of a table field with a $di/dt=0$	24 h		
Operating mode: -statics, - speaker dI/dt	yes 0...+/- 600 A/s	yes 0...+/- 60 A/s	yes 0...+/- 20 A/s

Production



Production «НПП ЛМ Инвертор»

System energy evacuation from the SC-magnets



Parameters of energy output:

- time constant of output power
- the total resistance of the field suppression of
- the total max voltage at the output

nominal
160ms
0.29 om
3000 V

Emergency (shorted 1S2):
187 ms
0,241 om
2506 V

Energy evacuation Switch

- Main parameters :**
- 1) Static mode
 - 2) Minimal energy loss
 - 3) Operational reliability.

General view BA549



Energy evacuation switch

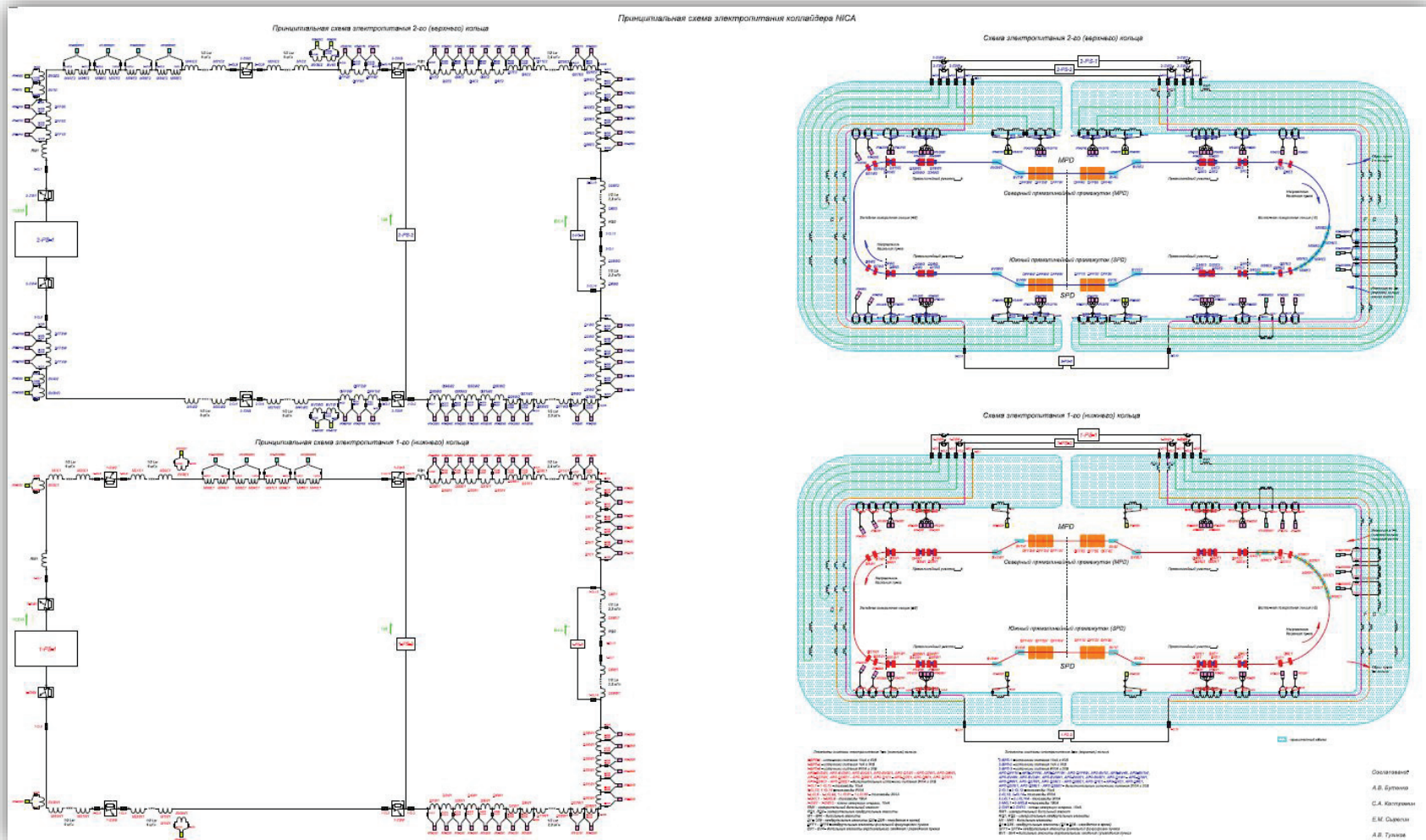


Switch automatic high-speed BA549-6300:

rated current - 6300A
rated voltage - 1050V
the off - time of 8ms

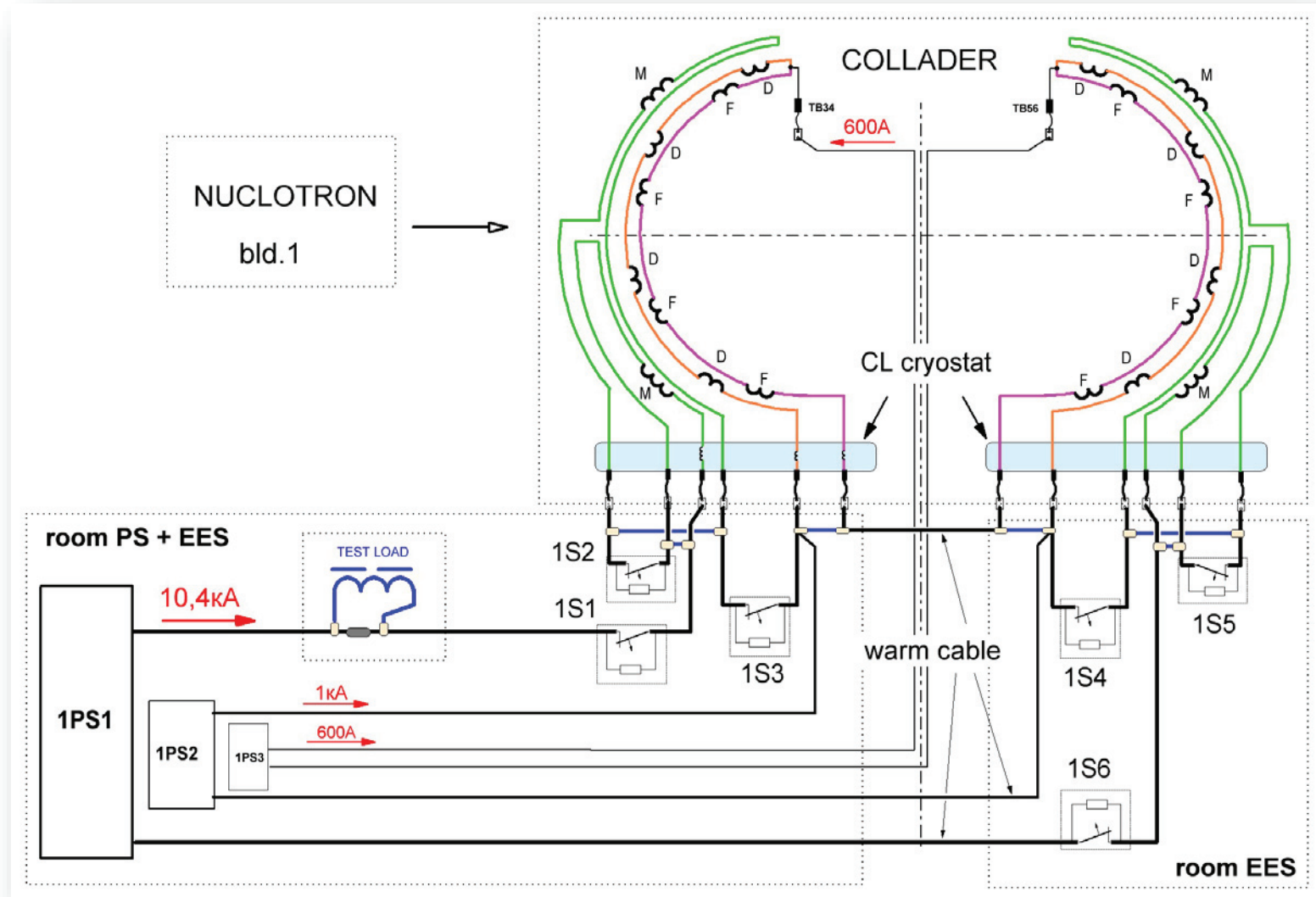
production

Full schematic diagram of the power supply



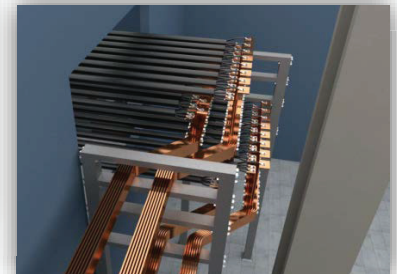
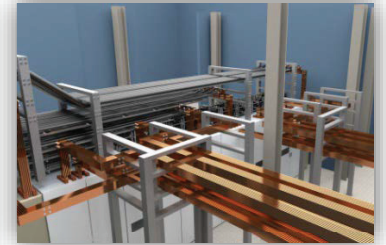
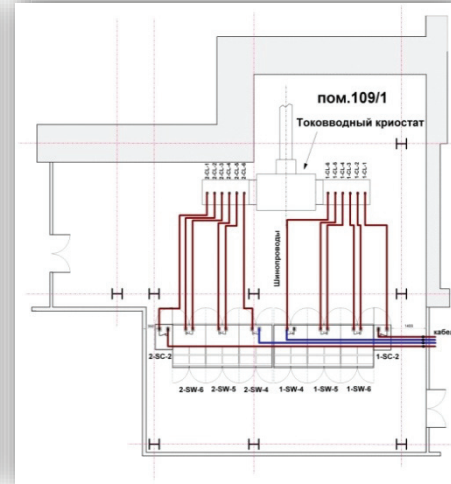
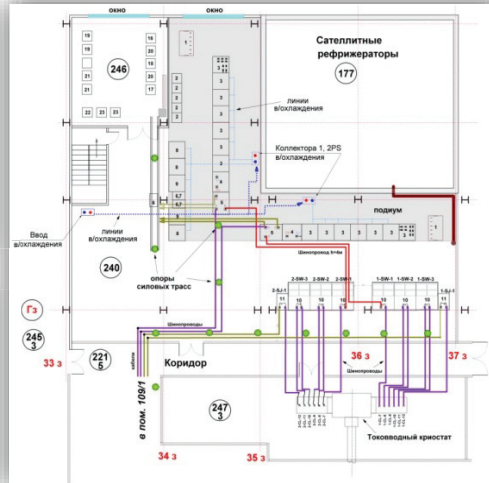
. + additional sources (10V x 300A) - 88 pcs.

Fundamentally wiring diagram power circuit



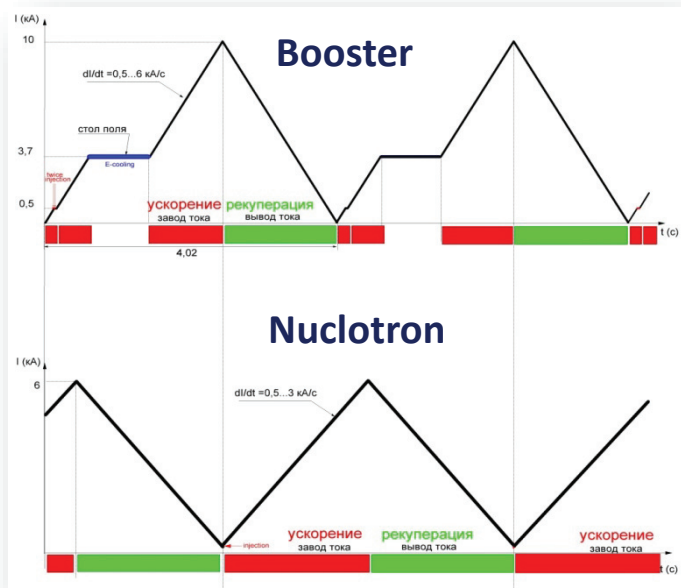
Fundamentally wiring diagram power circuit

Equipment placement plan. Development of a 3d model of the equipment layout



General accelerator NICA power supply system

Current cycles of the NICA

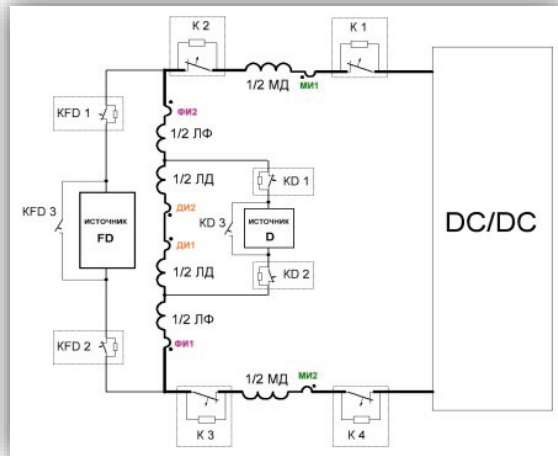


The main parameters of the magnetic cycles of the Booster and the Nuclotron

Parameters	Booster	Nuclotron
Total inductance of superconducting magnets, L [mH]	31	120
Maximum current (field), [A] ([T])	10 (1,8)	6,0 (2,0)
Voltage of current sources, [V]	260	450
Accumulated for each half-cycle (current rises) energy, [MJ]	1,6	2,16
Peak power of the current source, [MW]	2,2	2,7

booster and the Nuclotron in the collider injection chain

Scheme Booster



existing PS

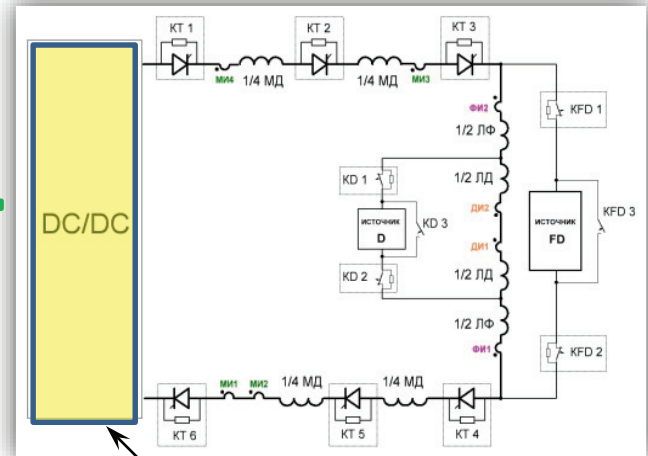
Superconducting magnetic energy storage – SMES

- solenoid made of high temperature superconducting cable,
- energy 3-5 MJ,
- temperature 28 K,
- liquid neon cooling,
- operating current up to 10 kA,
- 3x inductively coupled windings.

W booster
1,6MJ

W nuclotron
2,2MJ

Scheme Nuclotron



storage energy

New power supply:

- current – 6kA
- voltage – 450V
- ΔI – 50ppm

Capacitor bank

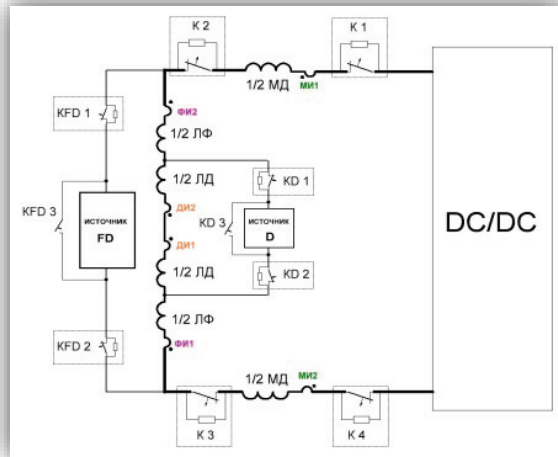
- capacitor capacity 60F
- voltage 400V
- energy 4.8MJ

AC/DC

~690V

Development of Booster and Nuclotron power supply systems

Scheme Booster



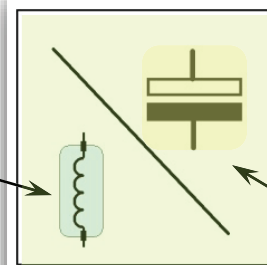
existing PS

Superconducting magnetic energy storage – SMES

- solenoid made of high temperature superconducting cable,
- energy 3-5 MJ,
- temperature 28 K,
- liquid neon cooling,
- operating current up to 10 kA,
- 3x inductively coupled windings.

W booster
1,6MJ

W nuclotron
2,2MJ

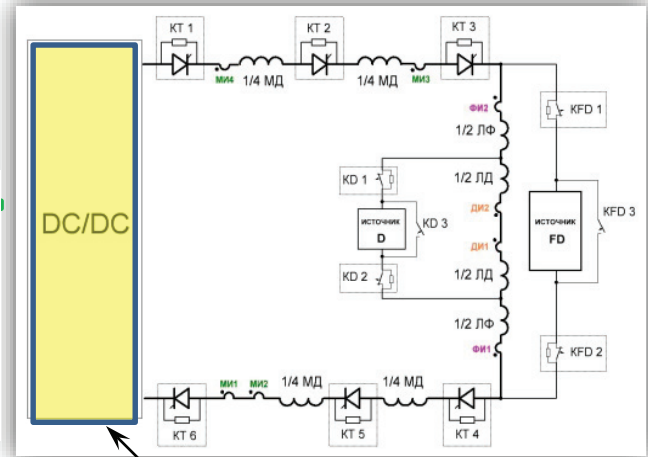


storage energy

AC/DC

~690V

Scheme Nuclotron

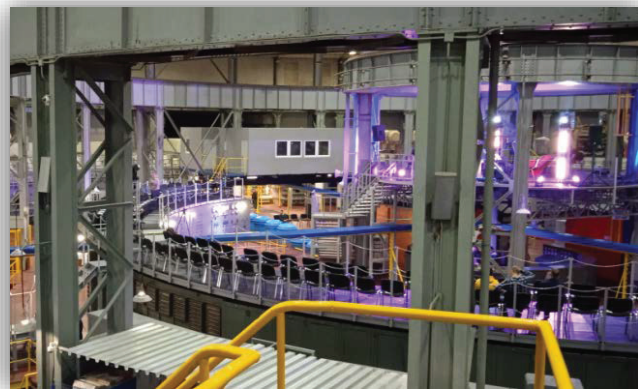


New power supply:

- current – 6kA
- voltage – 450V
- ΔI – 50ppm

Capacitor bank

- capacitor capacity 60F
- voltage 400V
- energy 4.8MJ



**Thank you for your
attention!**

