



# The FAIR-NICA Collaboration for Production and Testing of Superconducting Accelerator Magnets

E. Fischer, A. Bleile, J-P. Meier, A. Mierau, P. Schnizer, P. Spiller,  
K. Sugita, H. Khodzhibagyan, S. Kostromin, G. Trubnikov

**RuPAC 2016**

November 21<sup>th</sup> - 25<sup>th</sup>  
St. Petersburg, Russia

# Contents

## Introduction

### 1. Common R&D for fast ramped sc magnets

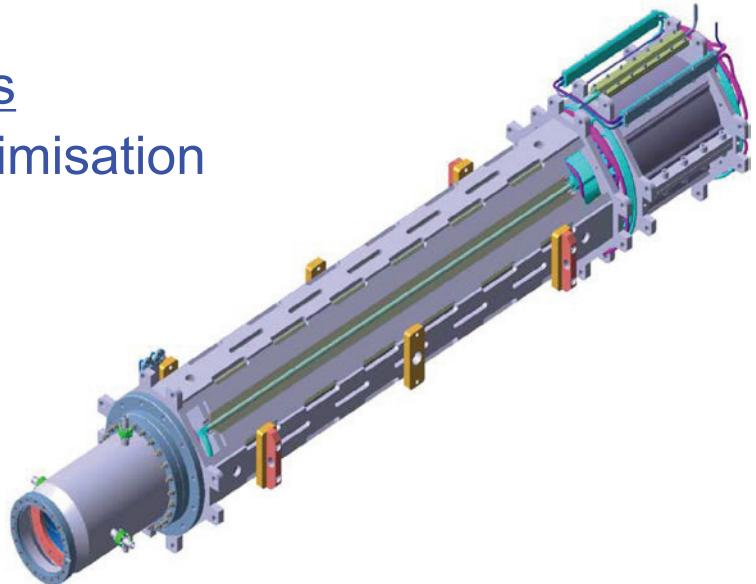
- a) AC loss reduction and field quality optimisation
- b) Cable design
- c) New design applications

### 2. SIS100 Quadrupole Units

- a) Magnet Design
- b) Production @ JINR

### 3. Testing of the sc magnet units @ JINR

## Conclusion



# Introduction: The FAIR Project @ GSI

## Heavy Ion Synchrotrons with superconducting magnets

- **SIS100 – the core component of FAIR**

- 100 Tm rigidity
- $B_{\max} = 1,9 \text{ T}$ ,  $\frac{dB}{dt} = 4 \text{ T/s}$ ,  $f_{\text{cycle}} = 1 \text{ Hz}$

- 1100 m circumference

- sc dipoles: 108

- sc quadrupoles: 168

- sc correctors: 144

- cold beam pipe:

vacuum quality critical for  
beam life time:  $< 10^{-12} \text{ mbar}$

- **SIS300 – project phase B**

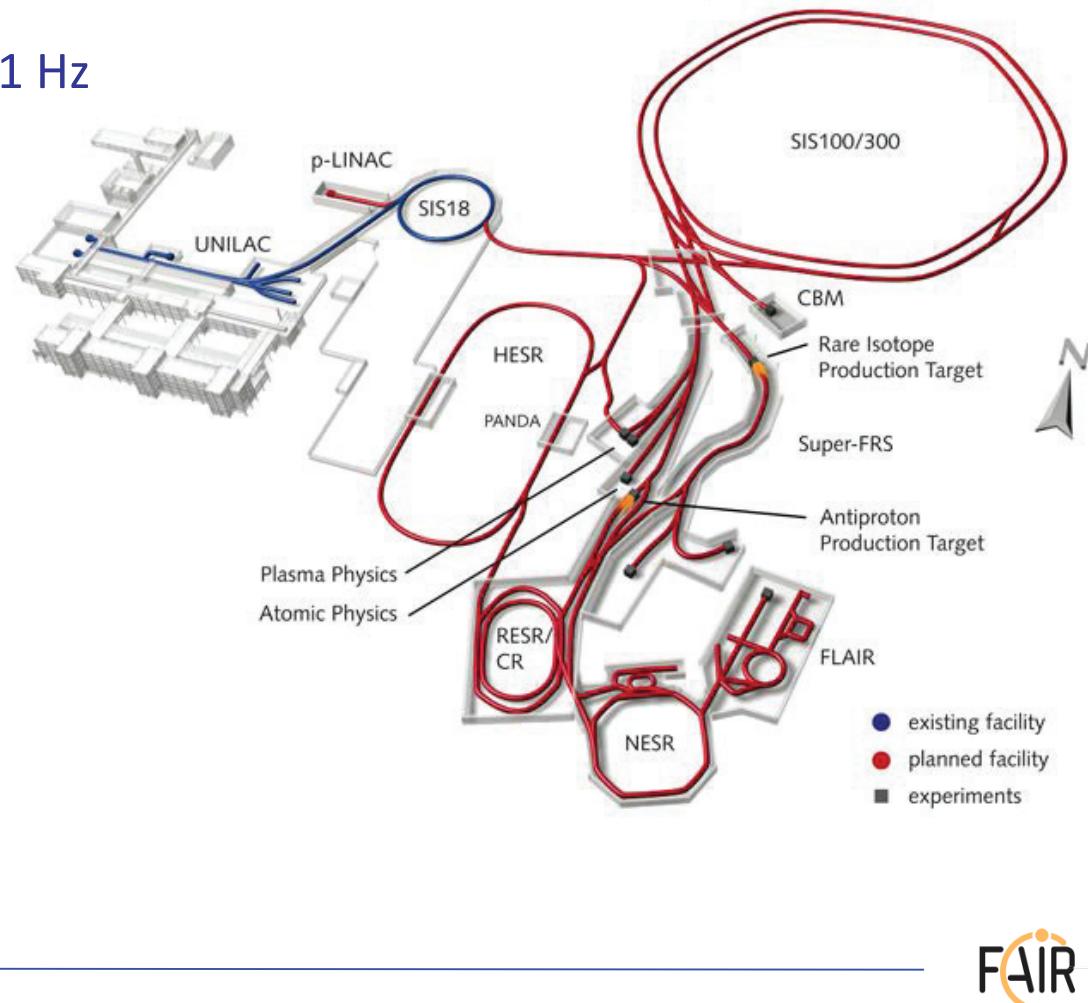
- 300 Tm rigidity

- $B_{\max} = 4,5 \text{ T}$ ,  $\frac{dB}{dt} = 1 \text{ T/s}$

- sc dipoles

- sc quadrupoles

- sc correctors



# Introduction: The FAIR Project @ GSI

- ★ International collaboration

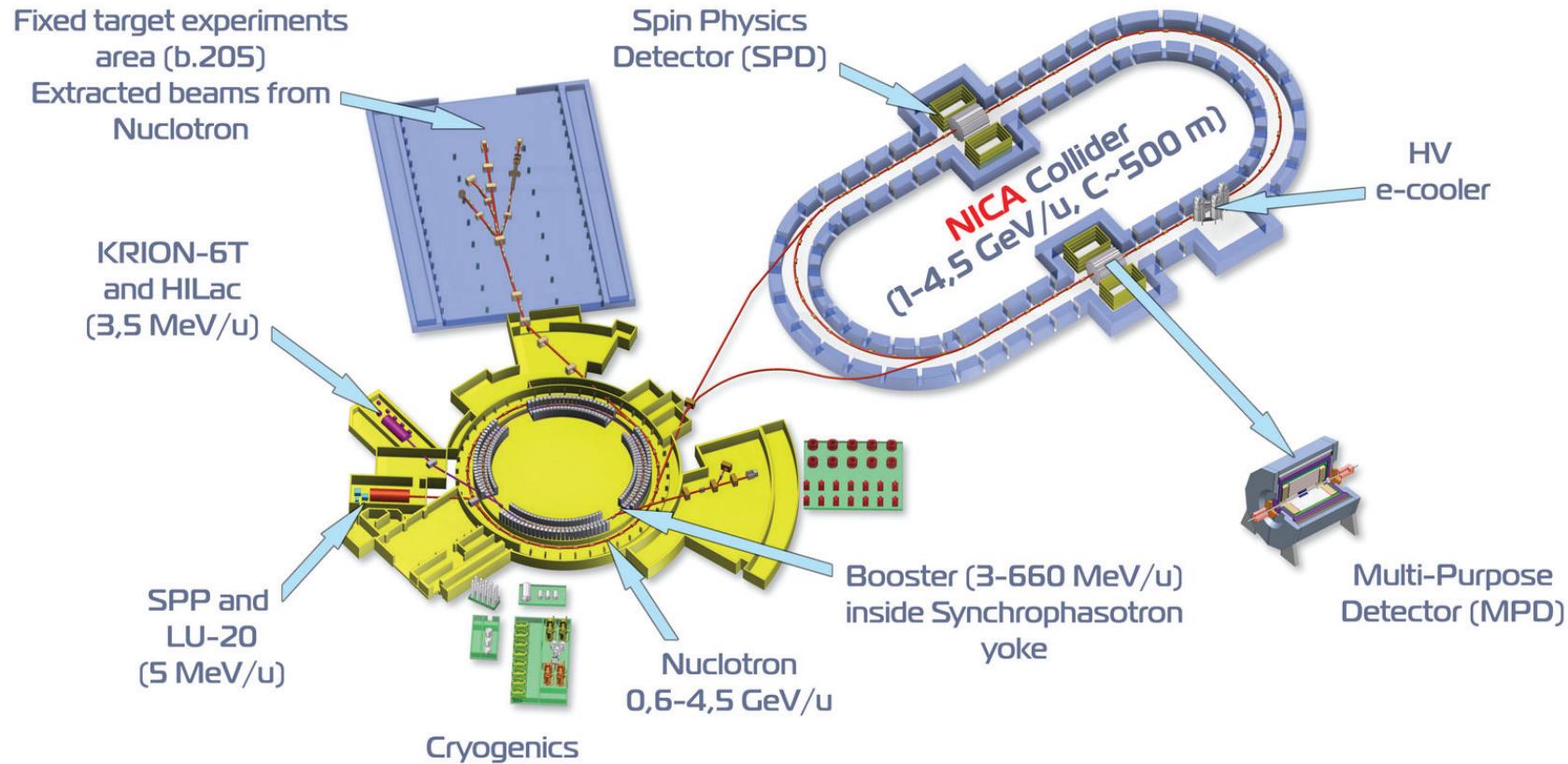


- ★ Compare to GSI's existing facility

- ★ Primary beam intensities:  $\times 100$
- ★ Secondary beam intensities:  $\times 10000$
- ★ Primary beam energies:  $\times 10$
- ★ Antiproton production
- ★ Start version: SIS100, Super-FRS, CBM/HADES, APPA, NuSTAR, PANDA

# Introduction: The NICA Project @ JINR

## Superconducting accelerator complex **NICA** (**Nuclotron based Ion Collider fAcility**)



# Introduction: SC Magnets for FAIR @ NICA



NICA @ Dubna

Basic Technology:  
“Nuclotron Type  
sc magnets”



FAIR @ Darmstadt

# Introduction: SC Magnets for FAIR @ NICA



NICA @ Dubna

**661 sc-magnets:**  
• **354 for NICA**  
• **307 for SIS100**

**Basic Technology:**  
**“Nuclotron Type  
sc magnets”**



FAIR @ Darmstadt

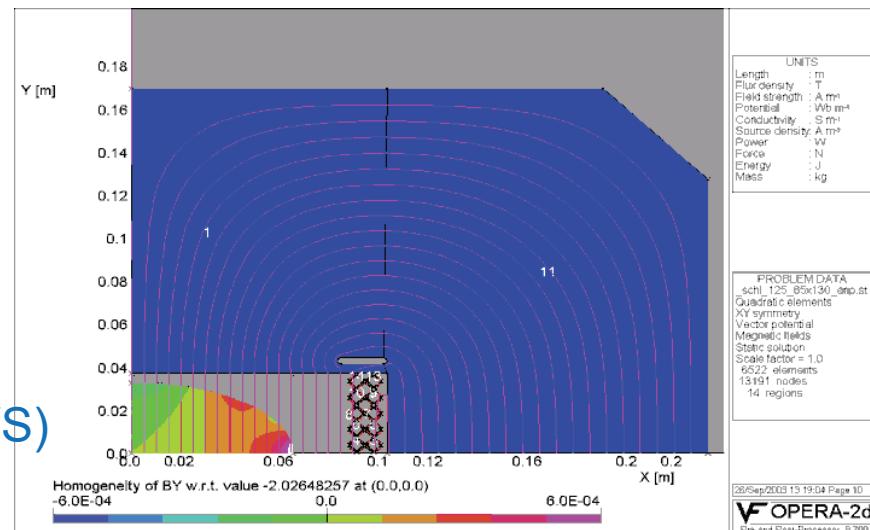
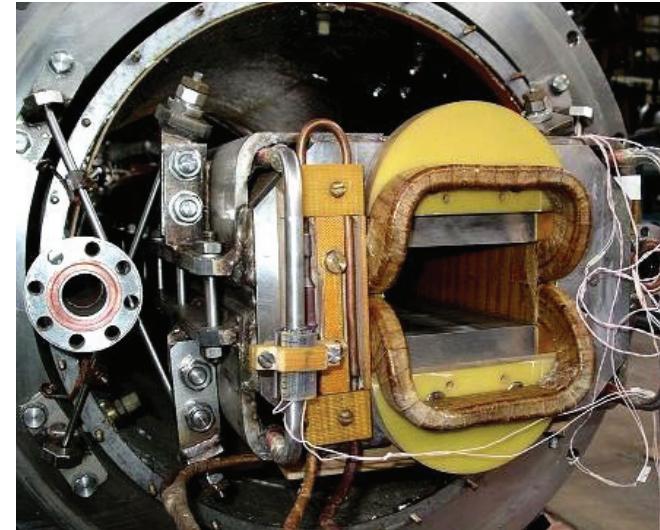
# Common R&D: fast ramped sc magnets

- Based on the design and experience of the Nuclotron, operational at JINR since 1993.
- GSI & JINR through the last decade:
  - ✓ Improvement of design and manufacturing technology
  - ✓ adjustment with respect to the specific needs of the SIS100

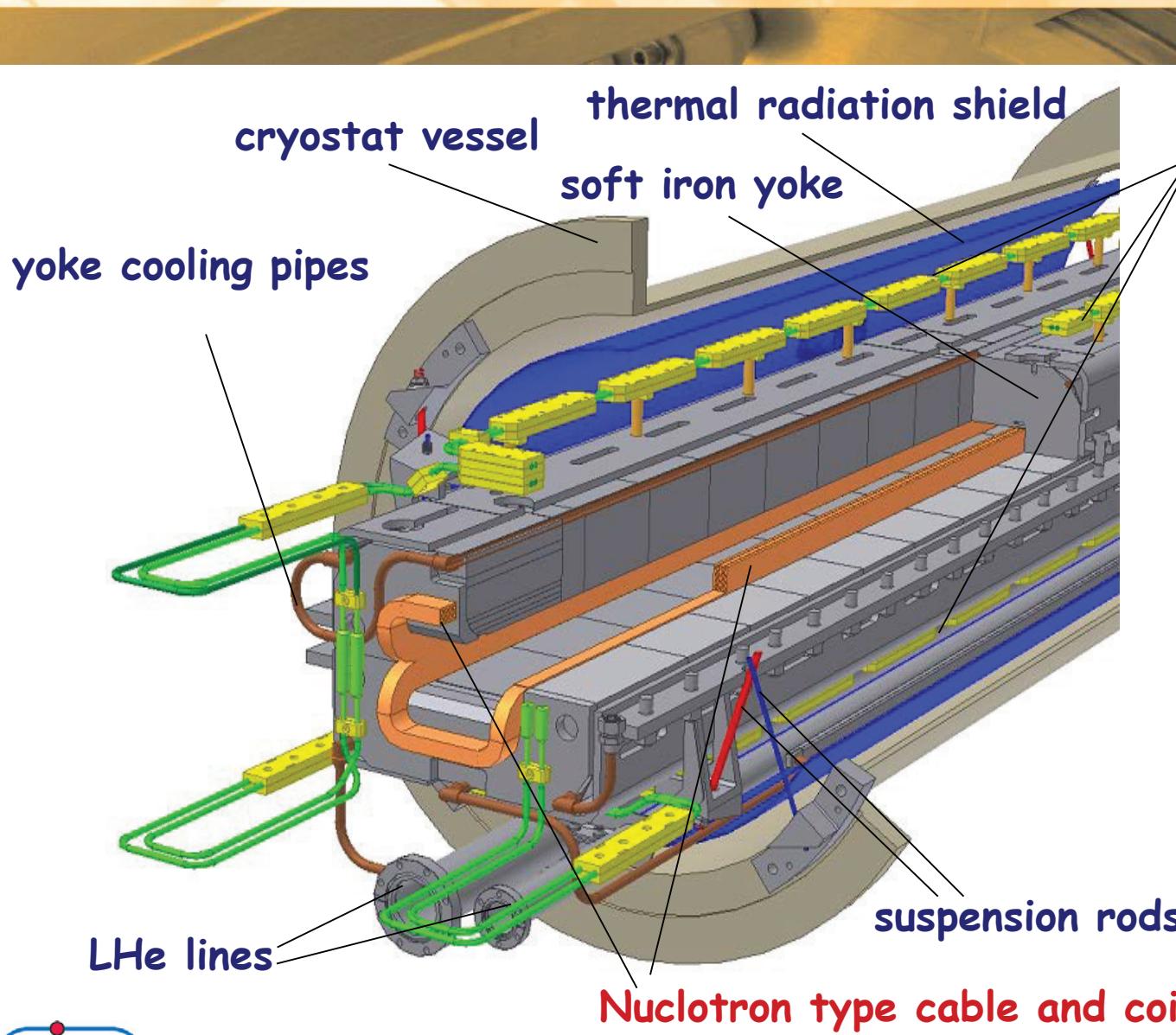
**Accelerator SC Magnet R&D for**  
Fast cycling SC Magnets: super-ferric,  
 $B_{\max} = 2 \text{ T}$ , ramp rate up to 4-8 T/sec.

## Activities

- AC Loss Reduction (exp. tests, FEM)
- Improvement of field quality  
(2D/3D Calculations)
- Mechanical Stress Analysis and Coil Restraint for  $\geq 2 \cdot 10^8$  cycles (design, ANSYS)
- Experimental studies with modified Nuclotron magnets in JINR



# Common R&D: SIS100 Dipole Design



## Wire & Cables

Main magnets and local cryogenics:  
23 strands  
diameter 0.8 mm

Corrector cable:  
28 insulated strands  
diameter 0.5 mm

Cable lengths needed:  
Dipoles: 16 km  
Quadrupoles: 11 km  
Local Cryogenics: 4 km

Corrector magnets: 3.5 km

# Common R&D: SIS100 Dipole Parameters

---

number of magnets	108 + 1 reference magnet
design	window-frame, laminated cold iron , curved yoke, lamination thickness 1mm, one layer with 8 turns

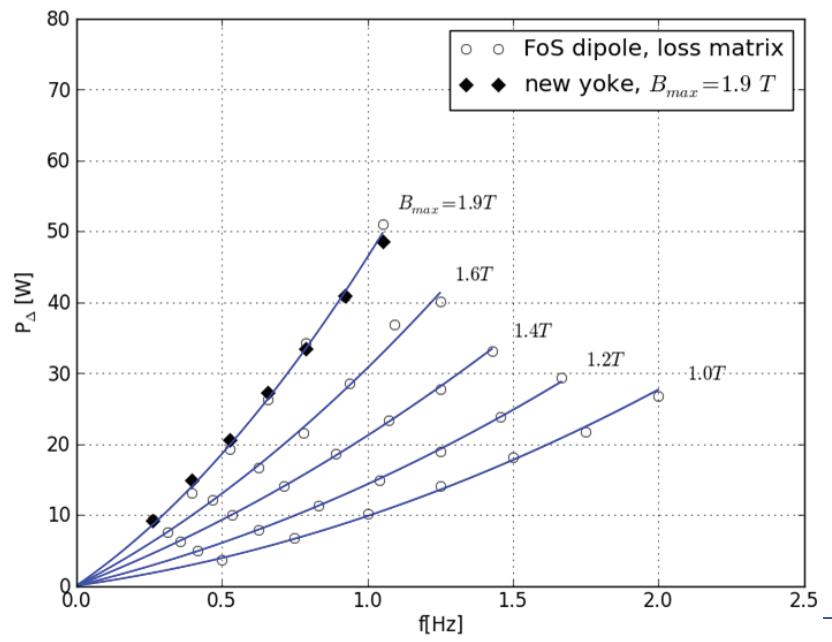
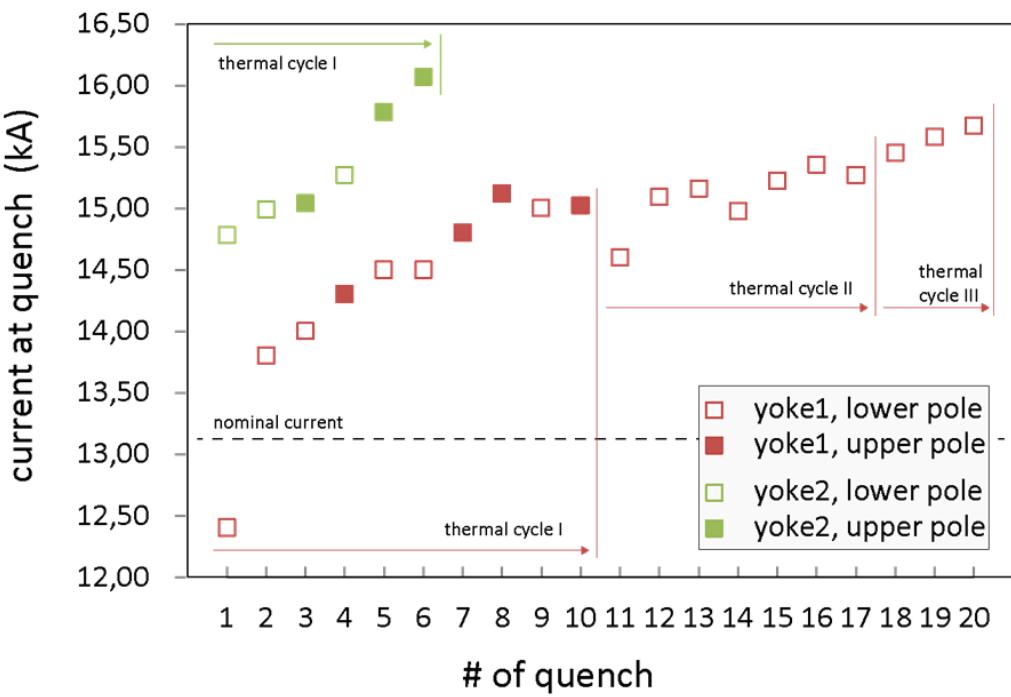
---

number of magnets	108 + 1
max. field $B_{max}$	1.9 T
min. field $B_{min}$	0.23 T
bending angle	3 1/3 Deg.
orbit curvature radius, R	52.632 m
effective magnetic length, L	3.062 m
good field region	115 · 60 mm <sup>2</sup>
field quality target	600 ppm
current at max. field	13093 A
inductance	0.55 mH
ramp rate	4 T/s

## other components:

- 168 quadrupole magnets
- 144 corrector magnets
- cold vacum chamber
- cryo collimators

# First SIS100 Dipole: Manufacturing @ Tests

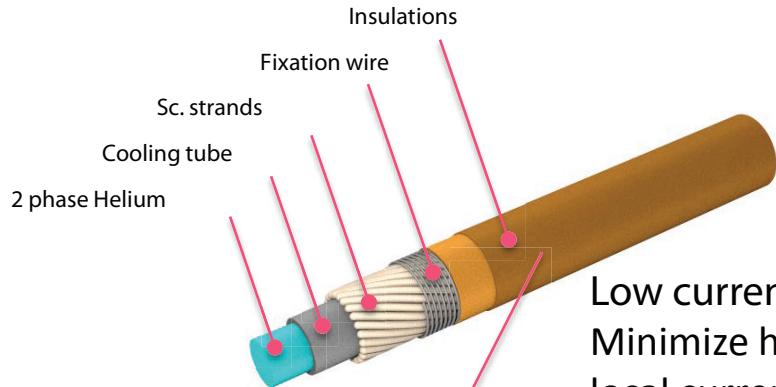


# Common R&D: Comparison of Main Dipoles

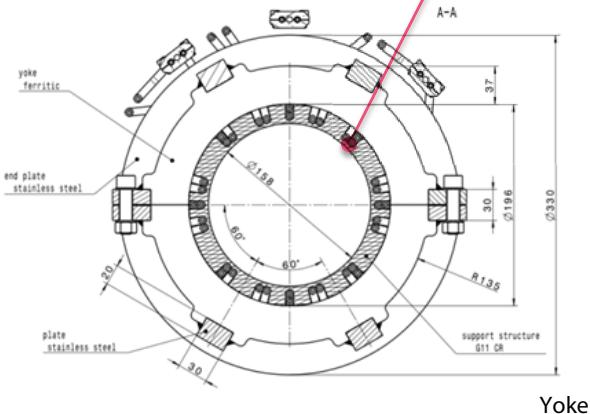
	GSI	NICA <i>Booster</i>	NICA <i>Collider</i>	
	<i>SIS100</i>			
<b>cable</b>				
tube inner diameter	4.7	3	3	mm
number of strands	21	18	16	
critical current (at 2.5 T and 4.5 K)	19.8	14.2	16.8	kA
<b>dipole</b>				
field strength	1.9	1.8	1.8	T
→ field ramp rate	4	1.2	≤ 0.5	T/s
→ pole gap height	68	64	70	mm
→ magnet length	3.1	2.2	1.94	m
curvature radius	52.625	14.090		m
operation current	13.1	9.68	10.4	kA
inductance	0.55	0.63	0.45	mH
maximum AC loss	100	8.4	8	W

# Common R&D: New Design Applications

## Further Options with Nuclotron type cables

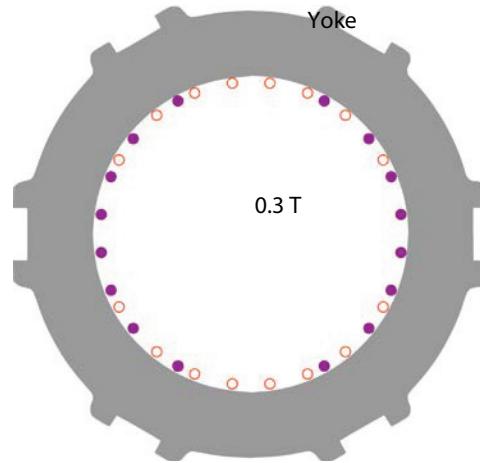
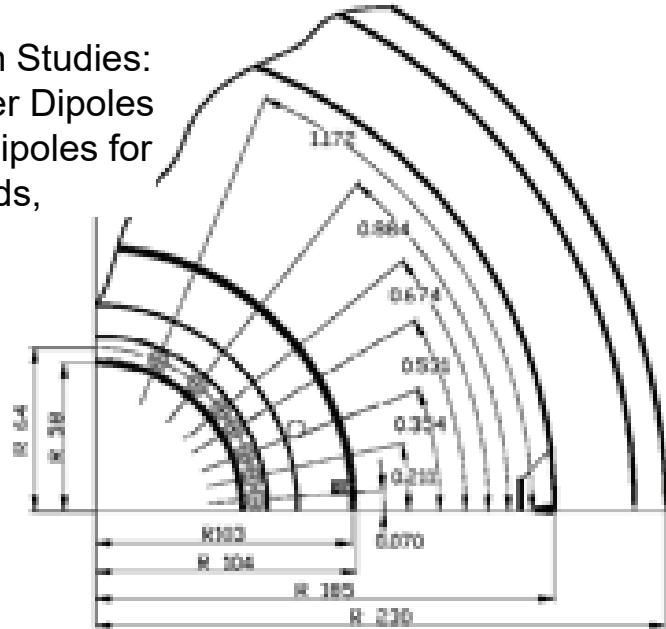


Low current < 300 A:  
Minimize heat load from  
local current leads  
=> insulated strands



SIS100 Multipole corrector  
Cosine-theta type (nested)

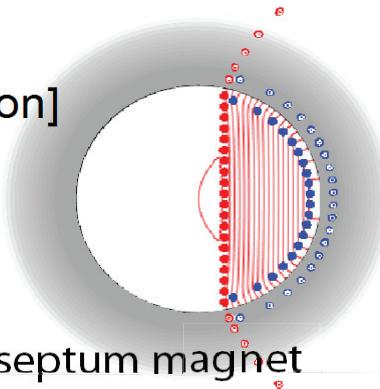
GSI-JINR Design Studies:  
4.0 T Single Layer Dipoles  
and Two layer Dipoles for  
higher fields,



SIS100 Steering Magnet  
Cosine-theta type (H/V nested)

[Design Option]

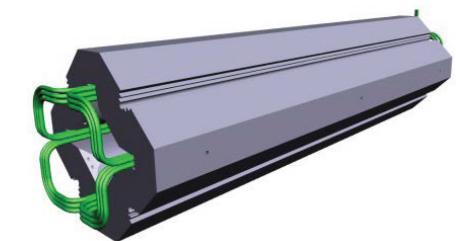
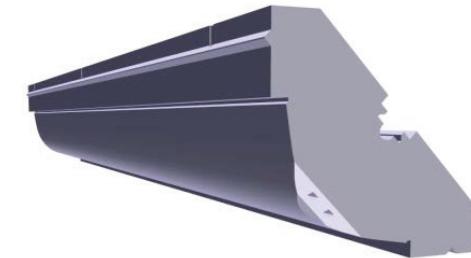
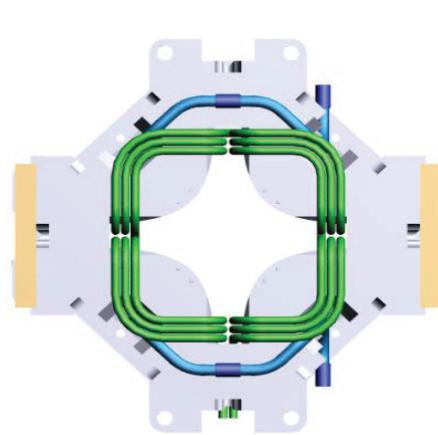
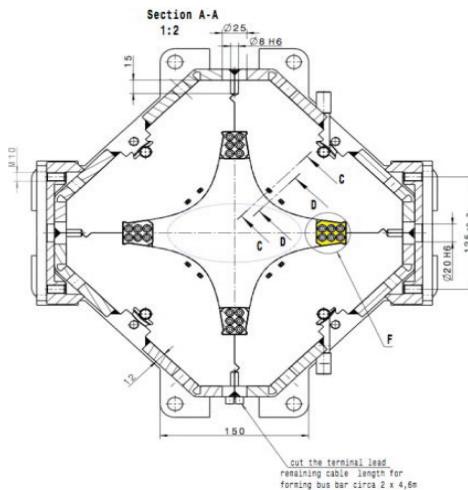
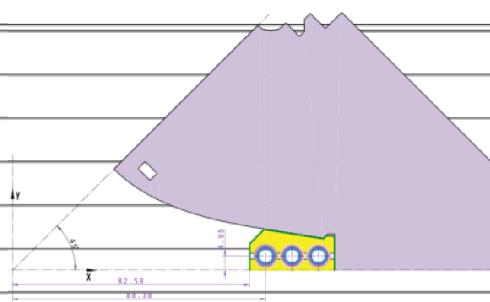
Fast-Ramp,  
Truncated,  
Iron-yoked,  
cosine-theta septum magnet



# SIS100 QP-Units: Magnet Design

## Quadrupole Parameters

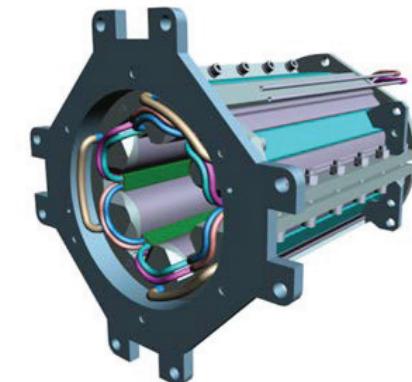
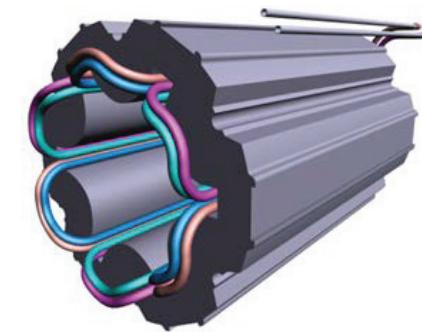
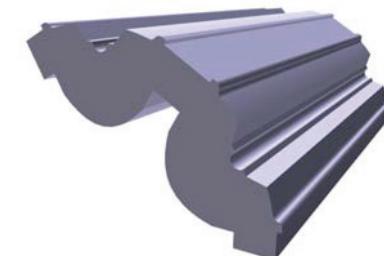
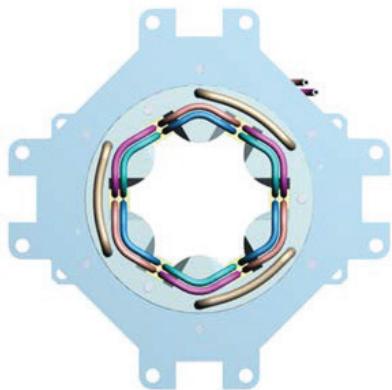
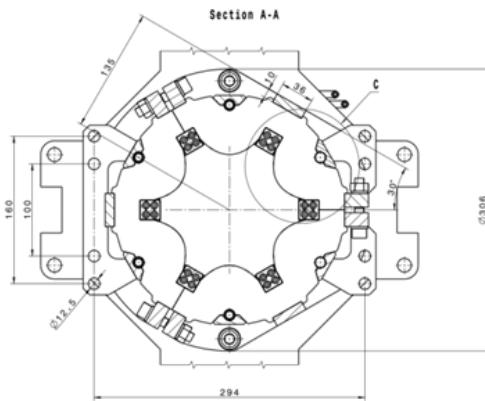
Parameter	Units	Value
Number of magnets		166+3
Design		Superferric
Maximum magnetic induction $B_2$	T/m	27
Effective magnetic length $L_{eff}$	m	1.3
Ramp rate $dB/dt$	(T/m)/s	57
Field quality		$\pm 6 \times 10^{-4}$
Good field region	mm <sup>2</sup>	135 × 65
Overall magnet length (coil ends)	m	1.33



# SIS100 QP-Units: Magnet Design

## Chromaticity Sextupole

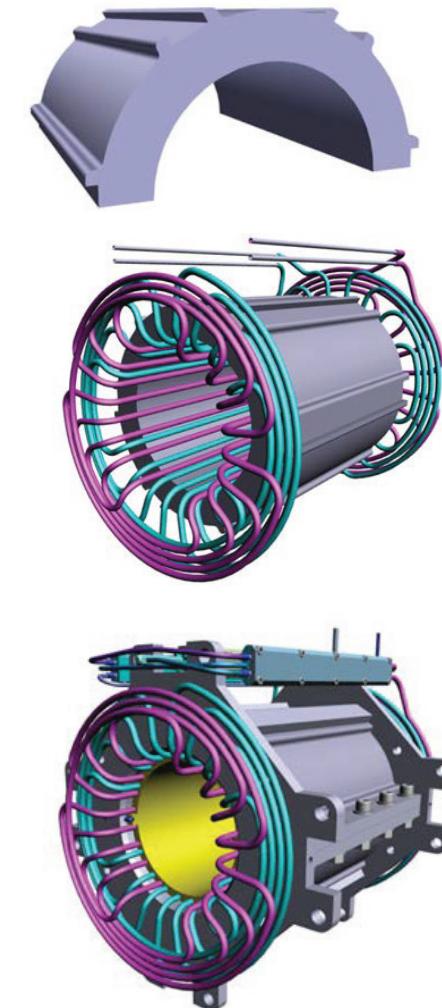
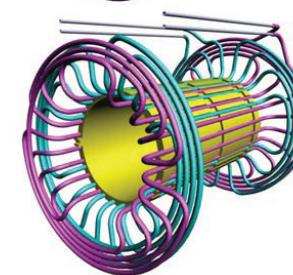
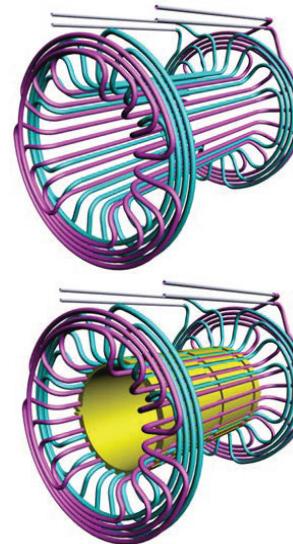
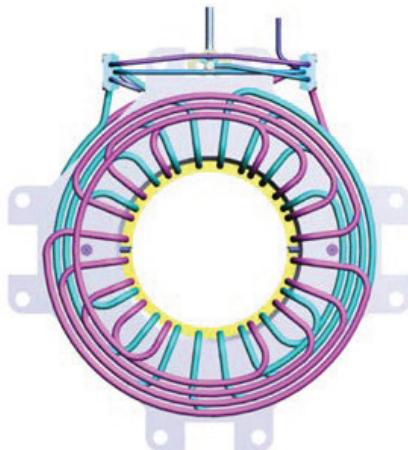
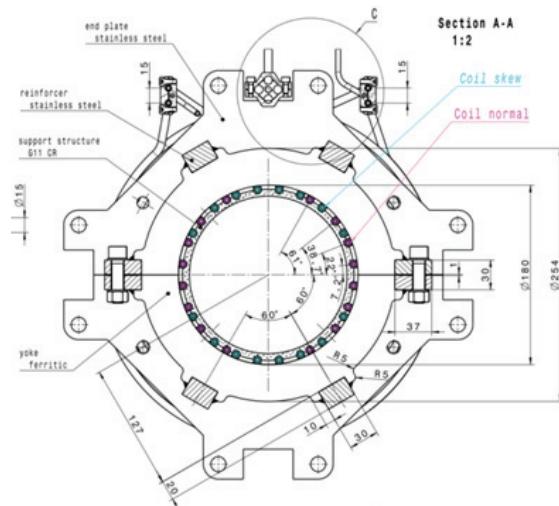
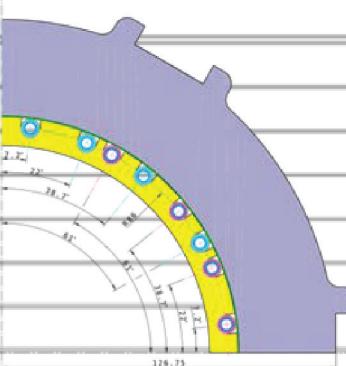
Parameter	Units	Value
Number of magnets		42
Design		Superferric
Maximum magnetic induction $B_3$	T/m <sup>2</sup>	175
Effective magnetic length $L_{eff}$	m	0.383
Ramp rate $dB/dt$	(T/m <sup>2</sup> )/s	1000
Field quality		$\pm 6 \times 10^{-4}$
Good field region	mm <sup>2</sup>	135 × 65
Overall magnet length (coil ends)	m	0.426



# SIS100 QP-Units: Magnet Design

## Steering Magnet

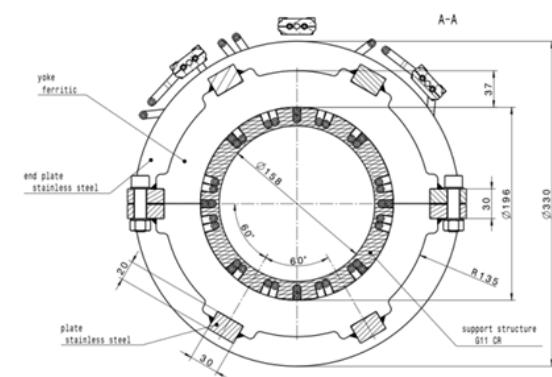
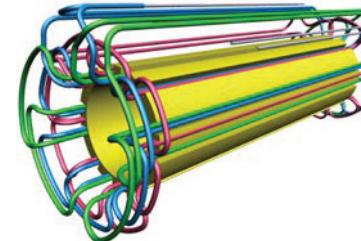
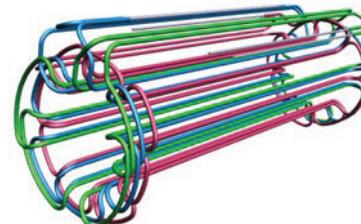
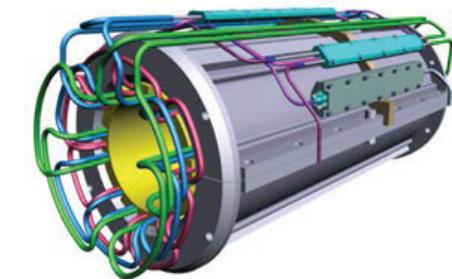
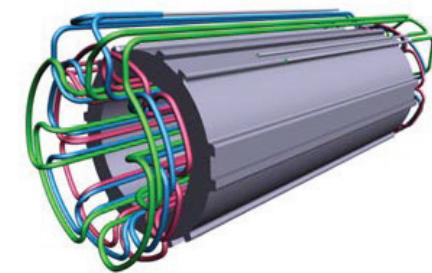
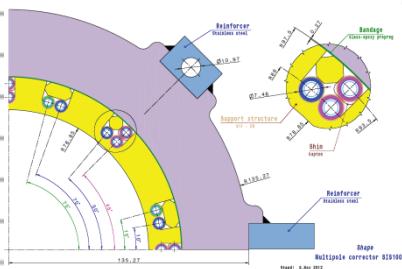
Parameter	Units	Value
Number of magnets		84
Design		Cosine-theta
Maximum magnetic induction $B_1, A_1$	T	0.3
Effective magnetic length $L_{eff}$	m	0.402, 0.410
Ramp rate $dB/dt$	T/s	1.5
Field quality		$\pm 6 \times 10^{-5}$
Good field region	mm <sup>2</sup>	135 × 65
Overall magnet length (coil ends)	m	0.440



# SIS100 QP-Units: Magnet Design

## Multipole Corrector

Parameter	Units	Value
Number of magnets		12
Design		Cosine-theta
Maximum magnetic induction $B_2, B_3, B_4$	T/m <sup>n-1</sup>	0.75, 25, 333.3
Effective magnetic length $L_{eff}$	m	0.75, 0.73, 0.70
Ramp rate $dB/dt$	T/m <sup>n-1</sup> /s	5, 104, 1388
Field quality		$\pm 6 \times 10^{-3}$
Good field region	mm <sup>2</sup>	135 × 65
Overall magnet length (coil ends)	m	0.700



# SIS100 QP-Units: Components

Magnet	Name	Nomenclature	Quantity	Comments
Quadrupole	Focusing Quadrupole 1	F1	36	
	Focusing Quadrupole 2	F2	47	
	Defocusing Quadrupole	QD	83	
Sextupole	Horizontal Focusing Chromaticity Sextupole	<u>CH</u>	24	
	Vertical Focusing Chromaticity Sextupole	<u>CV</u>	24	
Steerer	Horizontal/Vertical Steerer	<u>ST</u>	83	Combined magnet
Multipole	Multipole Corrector	<u>MC</u>	12	Combined magnet
Others		Nomenclature	Quantity	Comments
Beam Position Monitor		BPM	83	
Ion Catcher (Collimator)		COL	60	

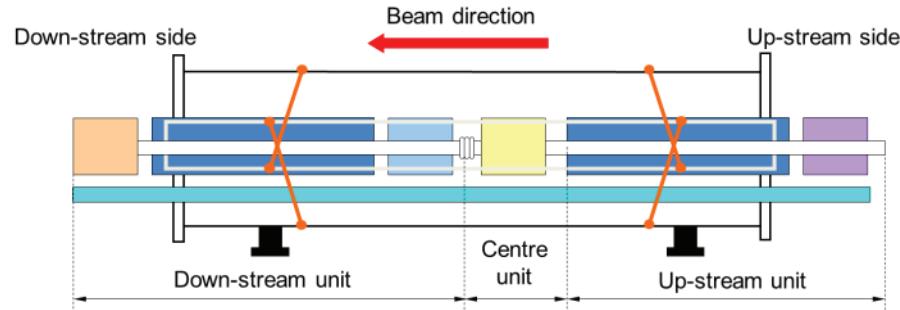
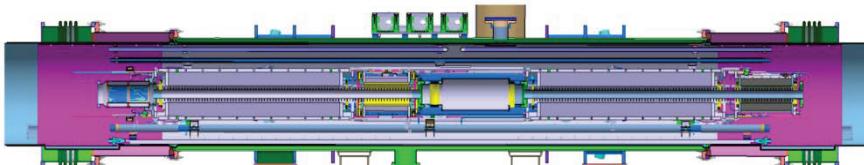
- Focusing quadrupole F1 and F2 have different bus bar configuration.
- Horizontal/Vertical Focusing Chromaticity Sextupole (CH/CV) is identical within the cryostat.
  - But the joints between the power cable and the current lead (at warm) is opposite polarity.

# SIS100 QP-Units: Assembly Types

Type of the quadrupole unit

Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Contents	QD BPM	QD BPM	BPM QD	<u>CV</u> QD	<u>ST</u> F1	<u>ST</u> F2	<u>ST</u> F1 BPM	<u>ST</u> F2 BPM	<u>ST</u> F1 CH	<u>ST</u> F2 CH
Quantity	12	23	24	24	6	17	18	18	12	12
Position in doublet	upstream				downstream					

# SIS100 QP-Units: Cryogenic Doublet Modules



## 11 Configurations of SIS100-QDM

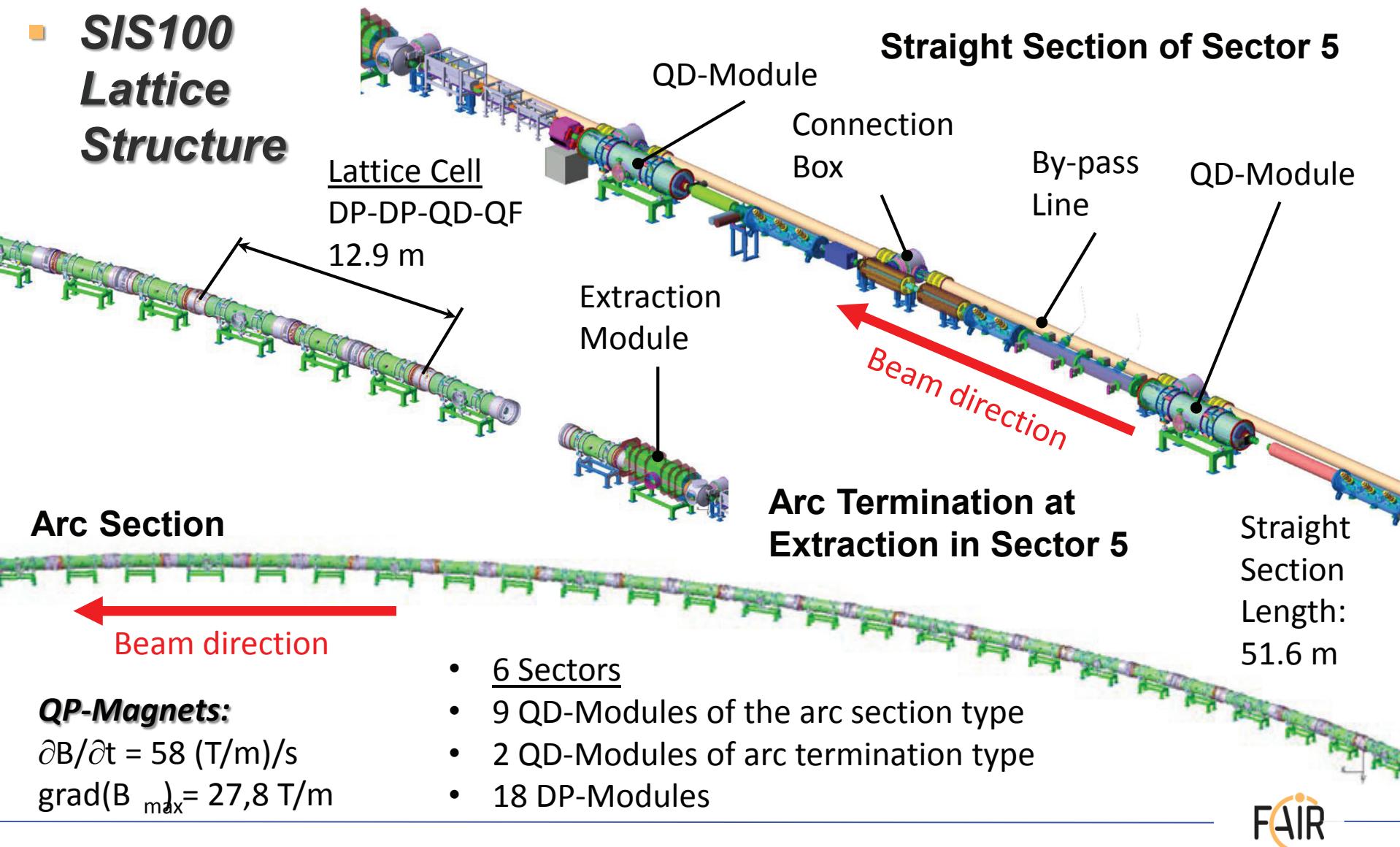
Module Family	Up-stream unit	Centre unit	Down-stream unit	IOL cell	Short name	Quantity
Straight section	QD*B	TRP	SF2*	1, 2, 3	<b>2.123</b>	14
	QD*Bs	TRP	SF2*s	1, 3	<b>2.13s</b>	3
Arc start	QDBb	T	SF2Mb	4	<b>2.4</b>	5
Extraction	QDBx	T	SF2Mx	4	<b>2.4x</b>	1
	LD	P	LF			
Arc section	VQD	CR	SF2B	5	<b>2.5</b>	6
	BQD	C	SF1H	6, 10	<b>1.6A</b>	12
	VQD	CR	SF1B	7, 11	<b>1.7B</b>	12
	BQD	C	SF2H	8, 12	<b>2.8C</b>	12
	BQD	CR	SF2J	9, 13	<b>2.9D</b>	12
Arc end	MQDb	C	SF1Bb	14	<b>1.E</b>	5
Injection	MQDi	C	SF1Bi	14	<b>1.Ei</b>	1
	LD	P	LF			

QD / F1 / F2	COL	BPM	Common Girder
CV / CH	ST	He-Header	Cold mass suspension
— Cryostat vessel	III Compensation Bellow		UHV Beam pipe

QD	Defocusing quadrupole
LD	Low current defocusing quadrupole
LF	Low current focusing quadrupole
F1	Focusing quad. type 1
F2	Focusing quad. type 2
J	$\gamma_t$ -jump quadrupole
B	Beam position monitor
V	Vertical chromaticity sextupole
H	Horizontal chromaticity sextupole
S	Steering magnet
M	Multipole corrector magnet
C	Cryo-Collimator
T	Drift tube
P	Cryo-sorption-pump
R	Roughing pump with CWT
S	Star shape chamber
b	extended bus bars
*	modified bus bars
i	injection Y cryostat
x	extraction Y cryostat

# SIS100 Quadrupole Doublet Modules

## SIS100 Lattice Structure



# Production @ JINR: Procurement Strategy

## Common work for the QP Units

- Share the work load between JINR and GSI.
- GSI and JINR will interact for the Delivery and Testing of SIS100 Quadrupole Units as German and Russian In-Kind-contributions to FAIR
- The collaboration between the JINR and GSI focuses on the SIS100 Quadrupole units.
- GSI will deliver the final design, specifications and blueprints for all quadrupole units.

# Production @ JINR: SIS100 Quadrupole



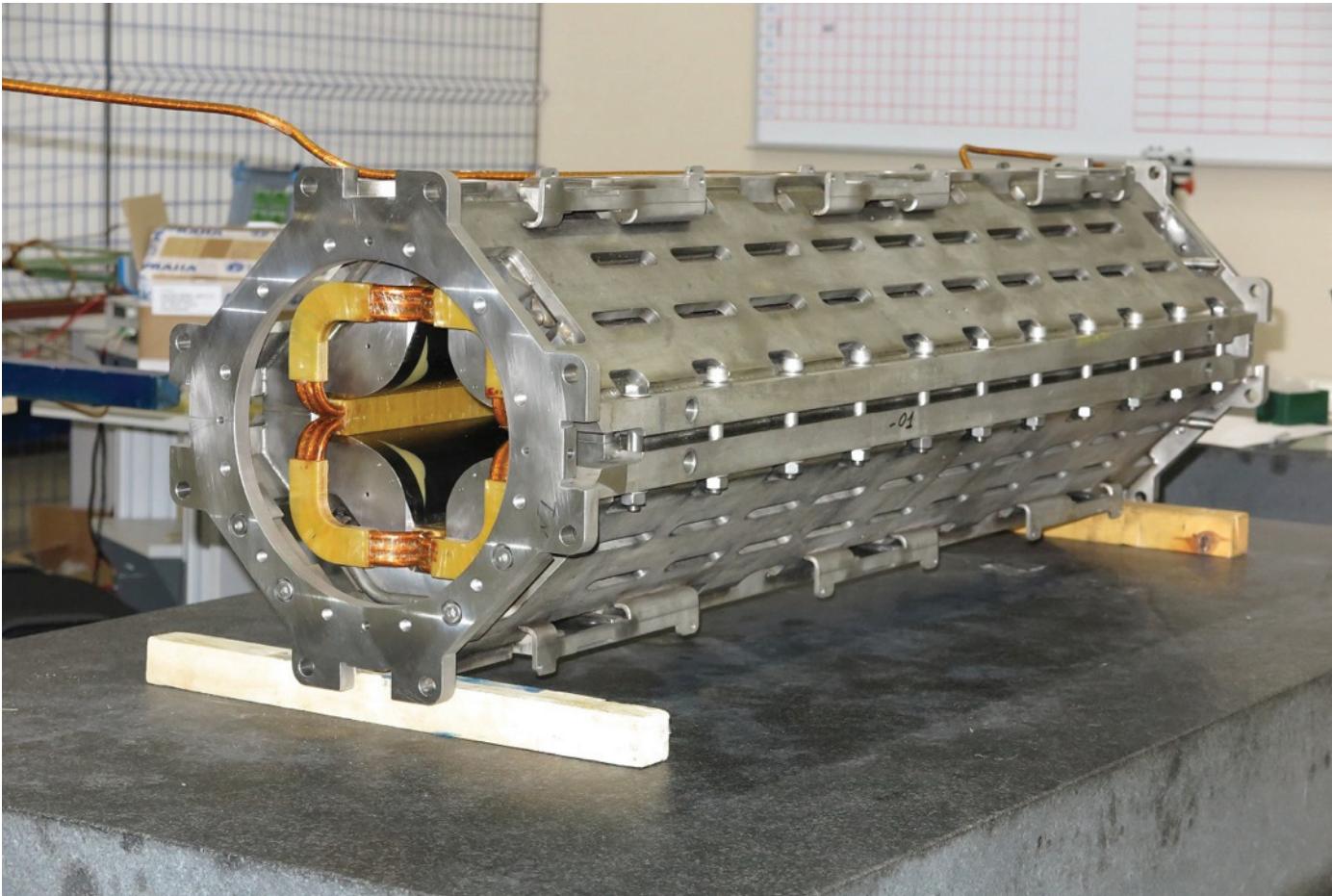
Manufacturing of the SIS100 quadrupole coil

# Production @ JINR: SIS100 Quadrupole



The SIS 100 quadrupole coil prepared for heat treatment in oven

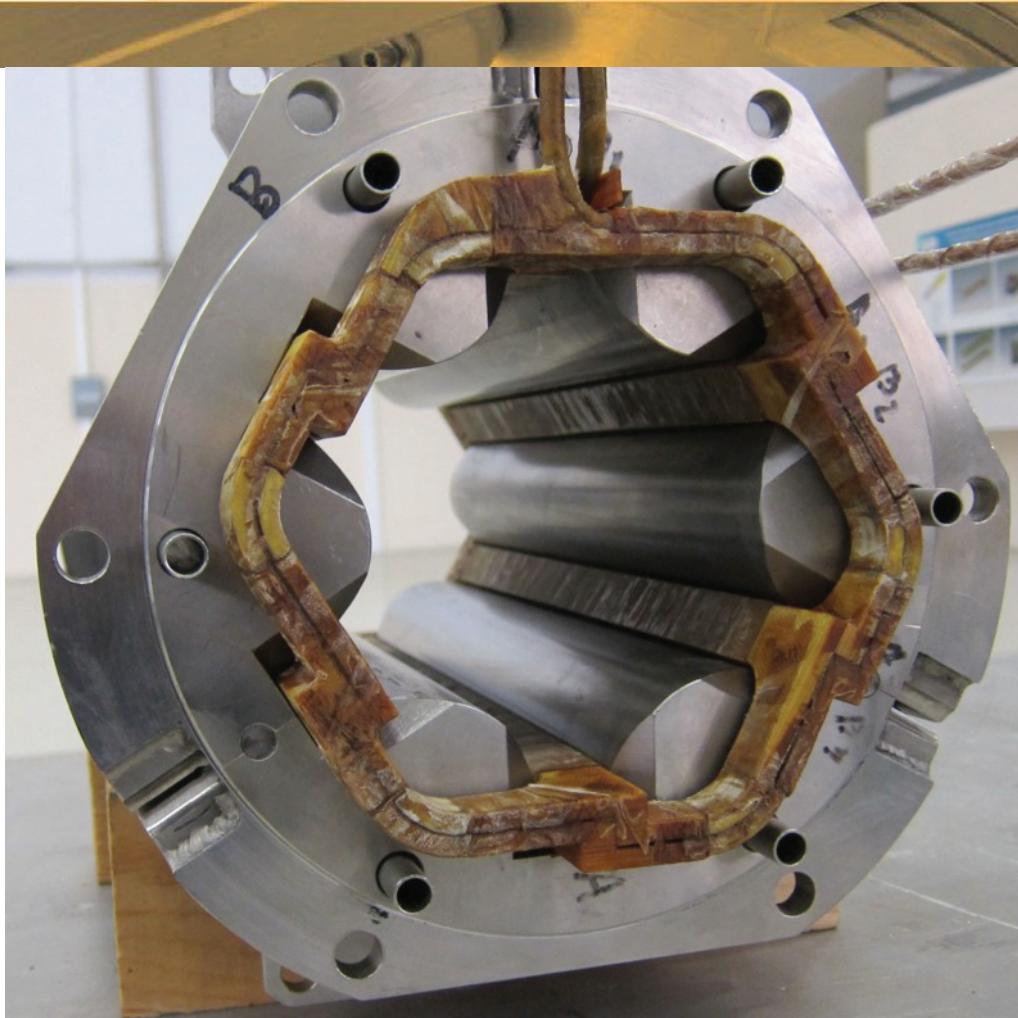
# Production @ JINR: First SIS100 Quadrupole



First of Series SIS100 quadrupole magnet.

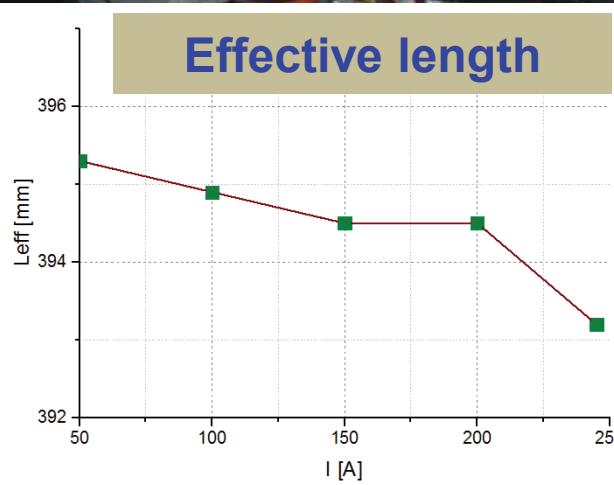
Second magnet will be done in December 2016

# Production @ JINR: SIS100 chrom. SP

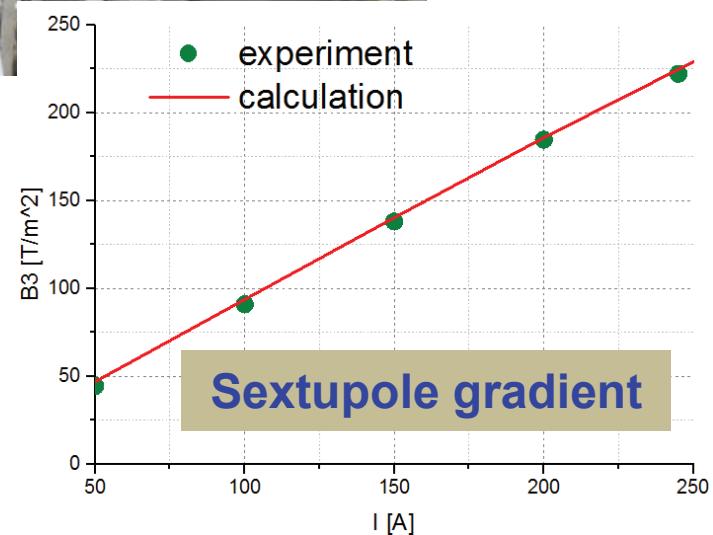


The SIS100 chromaticity sextupole magnet.  
Completion scheduled on December 2016

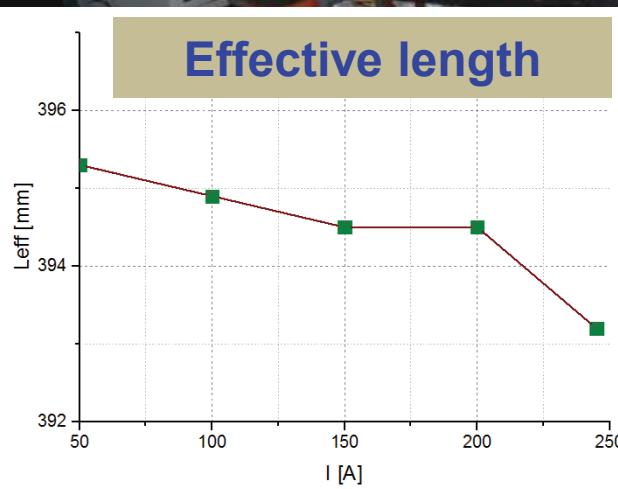
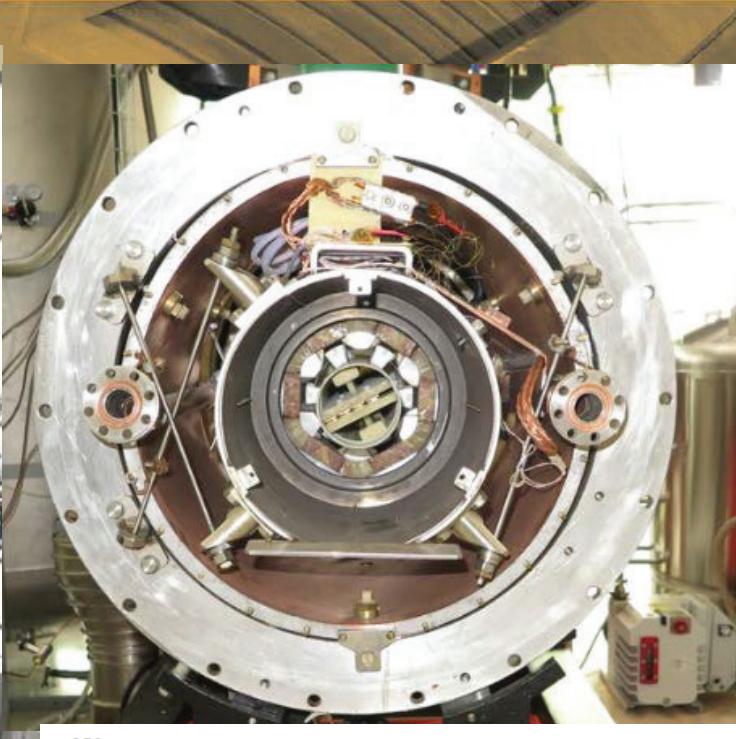
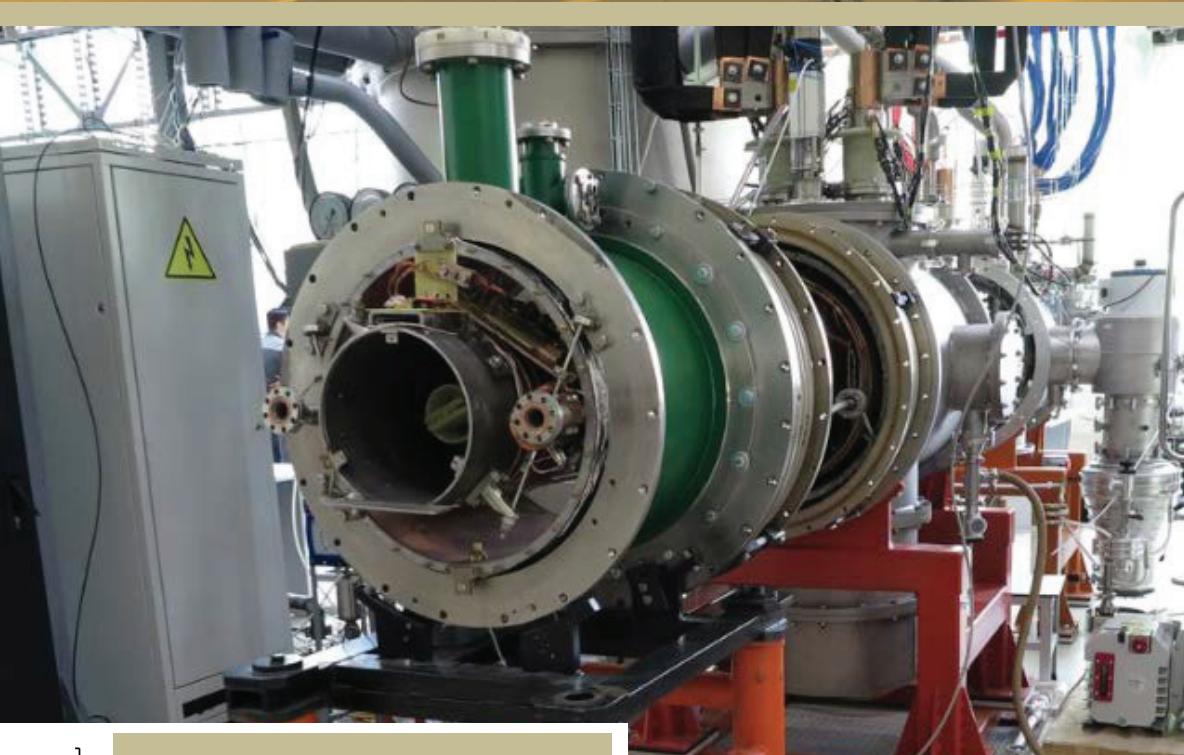
# Testing @ JINR: Preseries SIS100 chrom. SP



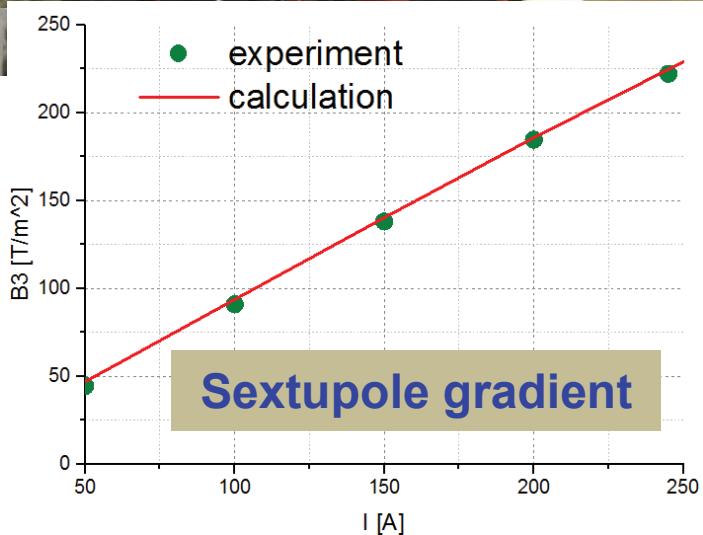
First experimental verification for the design of fast ramped corrector magnets using Nuclotron Cable with insulated strands !



# Testing @ JINR: Preseries SIS100 chrom. SP



First experimental verification for the design of fast ramped corrector magnets using Nuclotron Cable with insulated strands !



# New Facility for SC magnets assembly & test

## Requirements

The facility is designed for 24-hours mode assembly and cryogenic testing of Nuclotron-type SC magnets. The following magnets will be assembled and tested at the facility:

- **40 dipole magnets for the NICA booster;**
- **24 quadrupole doublets with multipole correctors for the NICA booster;**
- **171 quadrupole magnets with multipole correctors for the SIS100 synchrotron (FAIR project);**
- **80 dipole magnets for the NICA collider;**
- **86 quadrupole magnets with multipole correctors for the NICA collider.**

# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR

Test facility at JINR



December 2010



February 2012



Schema of the new  
SC-magnet test facility  
at JINR Dubna



September 2012

1600 m<sup>2</sup> main hall

700 m<sup>2</sup> auxiliary facilities

# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR



2014

# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR

satellite refrigerator



feed box

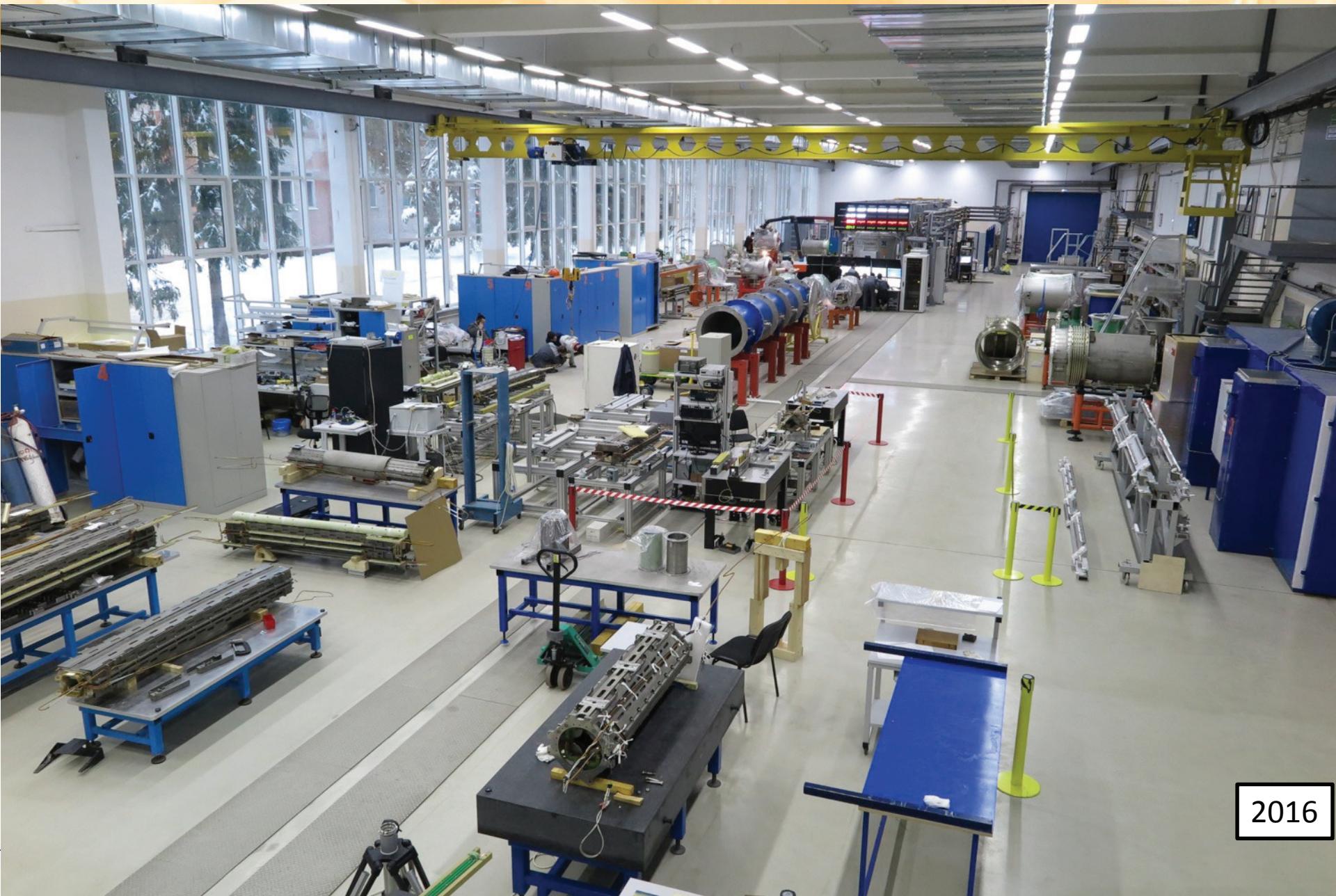


power converter

# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR



# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR



2016

# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR



Cryogenic tests hall

3 of 6 tests benches => for SIS100 units tests

Official launch 28.11.16

# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR



Cryogenic tests hall

3 of 6 tests benches => for SIS100 units tests

Official launch 28.11.16

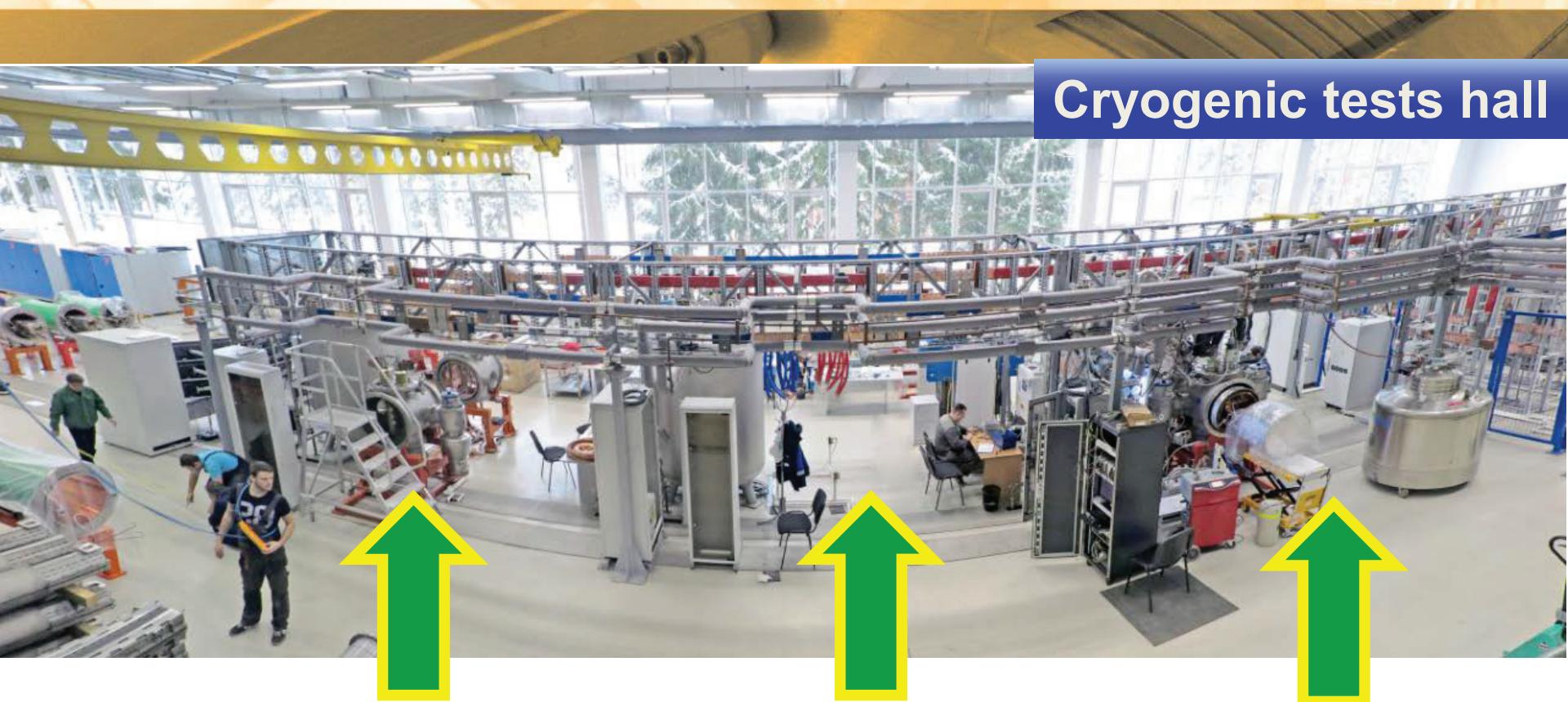
# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR



3 of 6 tests benches => for SIS100 units tests

Official launch 28.11.16

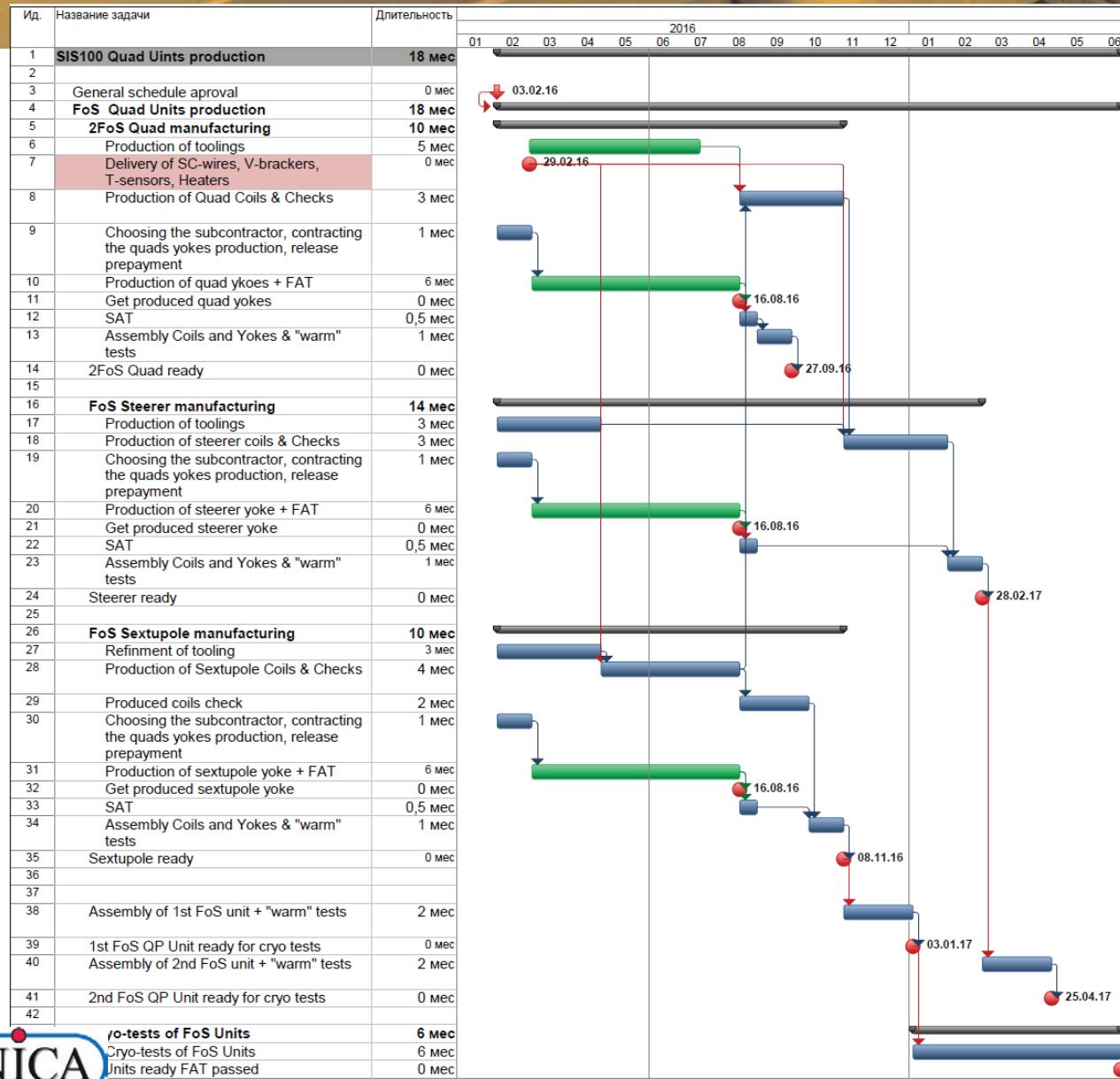
# SC Magnet Tests for NICA @ FAIR



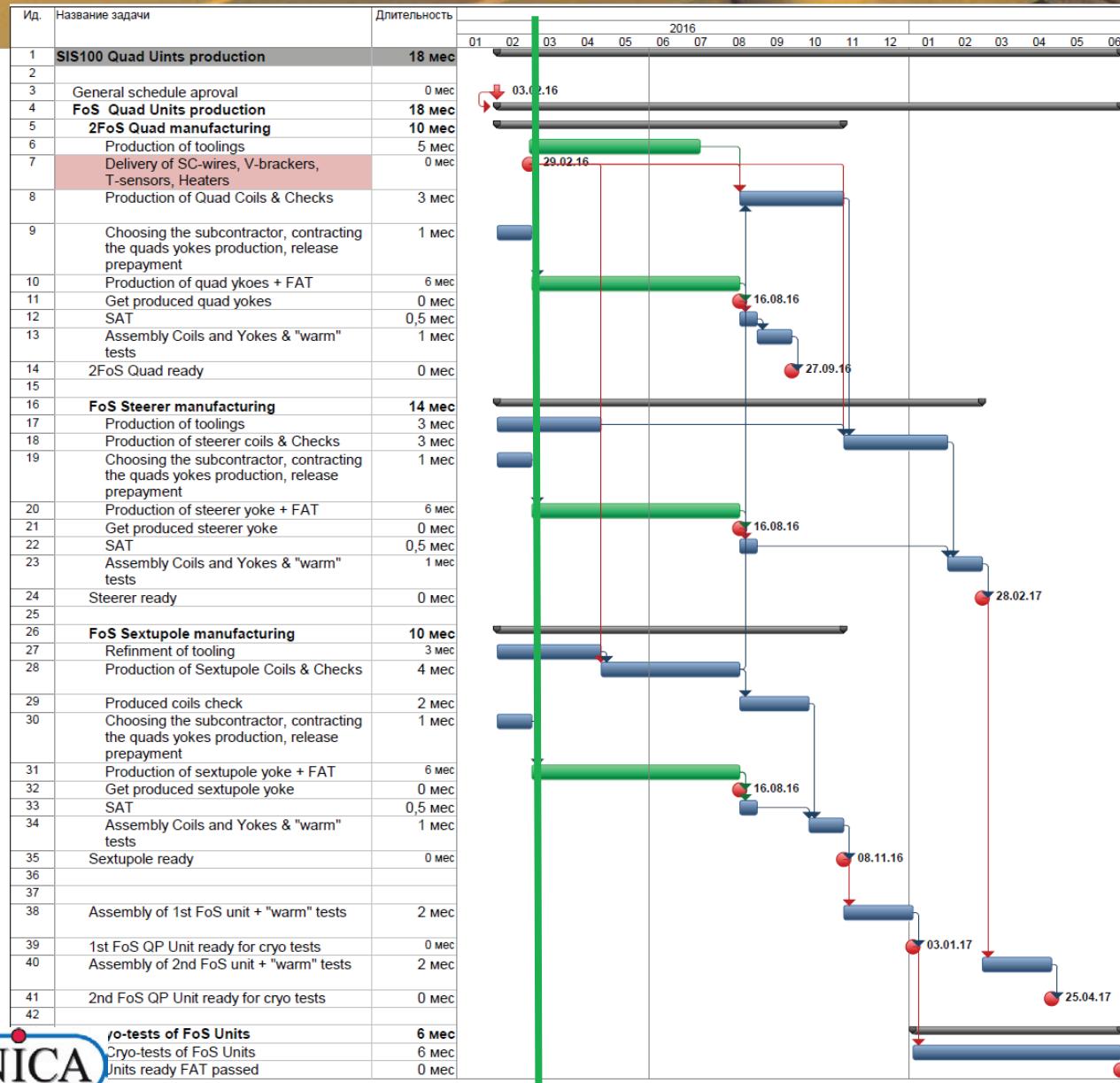
3 of 6 tests benches => for SIS100 units tests

Official launch 28.11.16

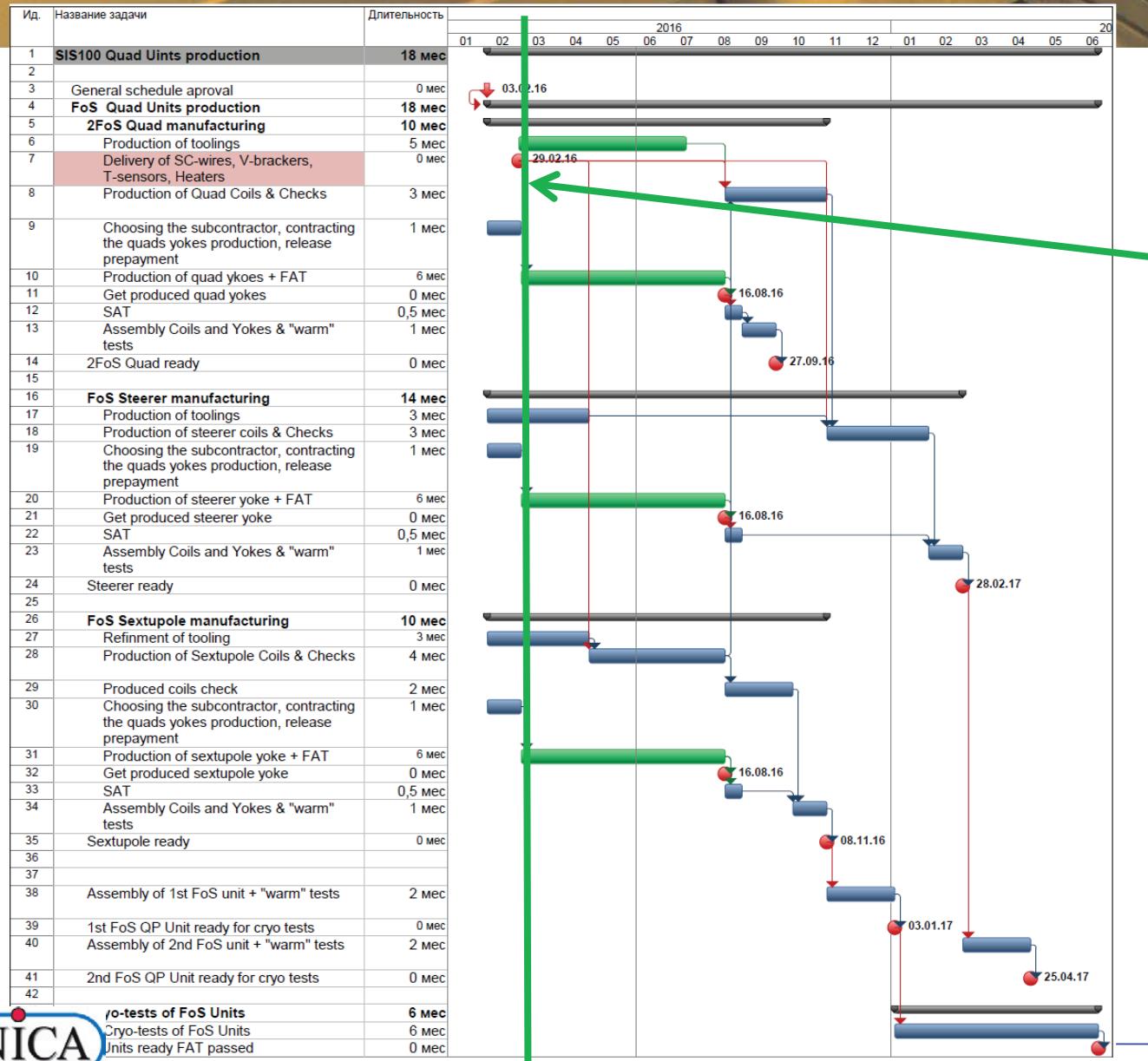
# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



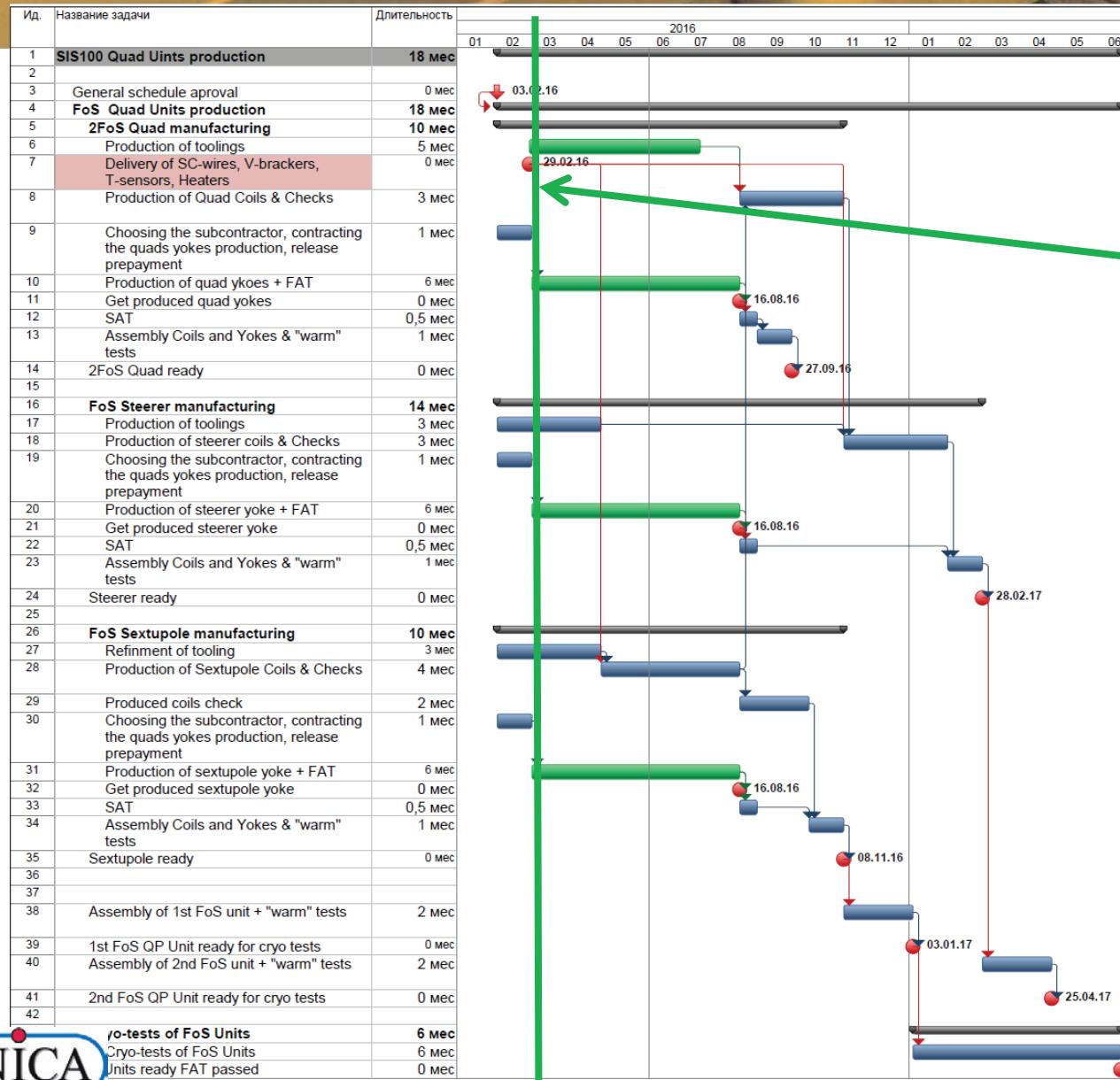
# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



# Production and test schedule of first QP-units

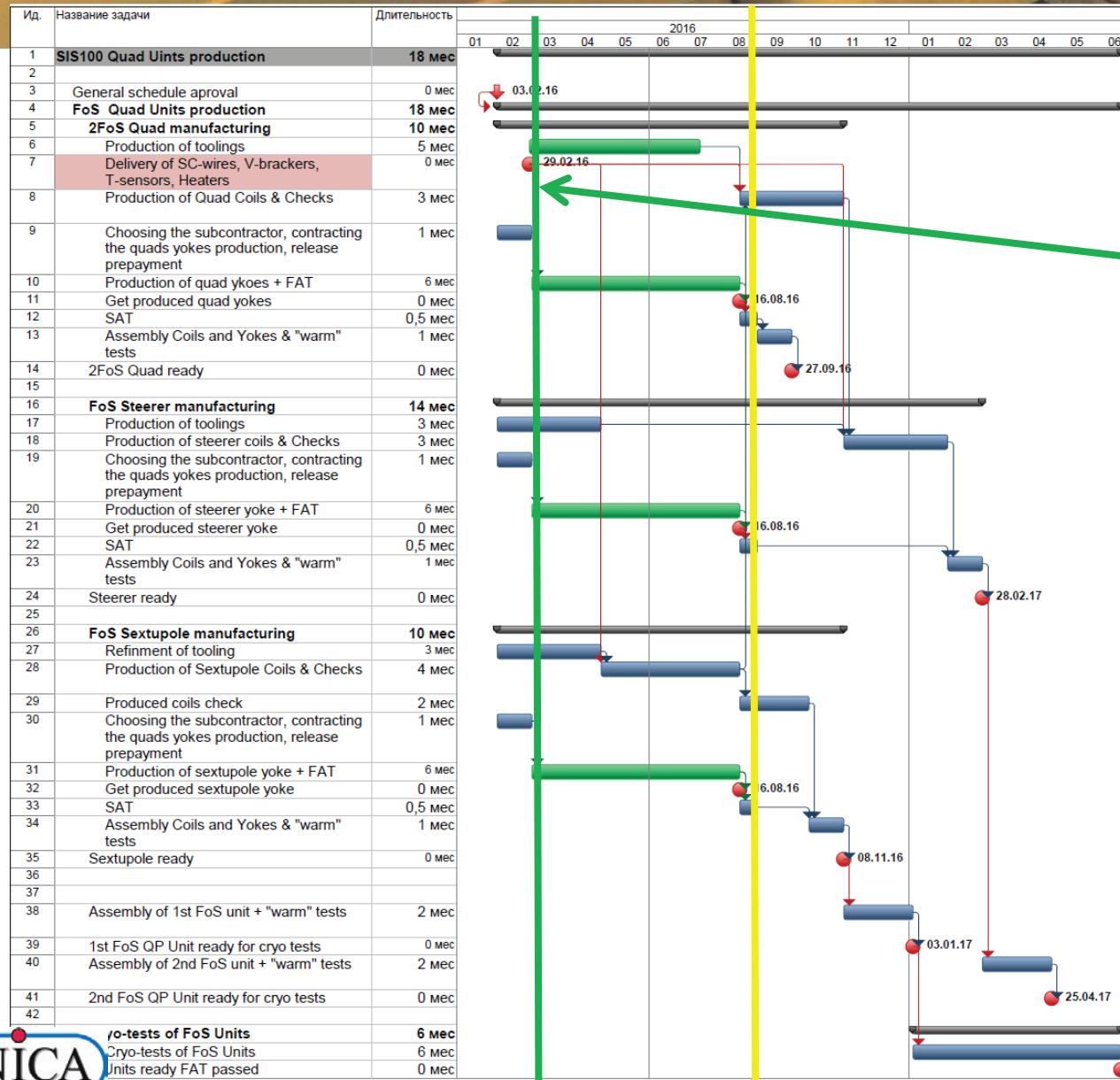


# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



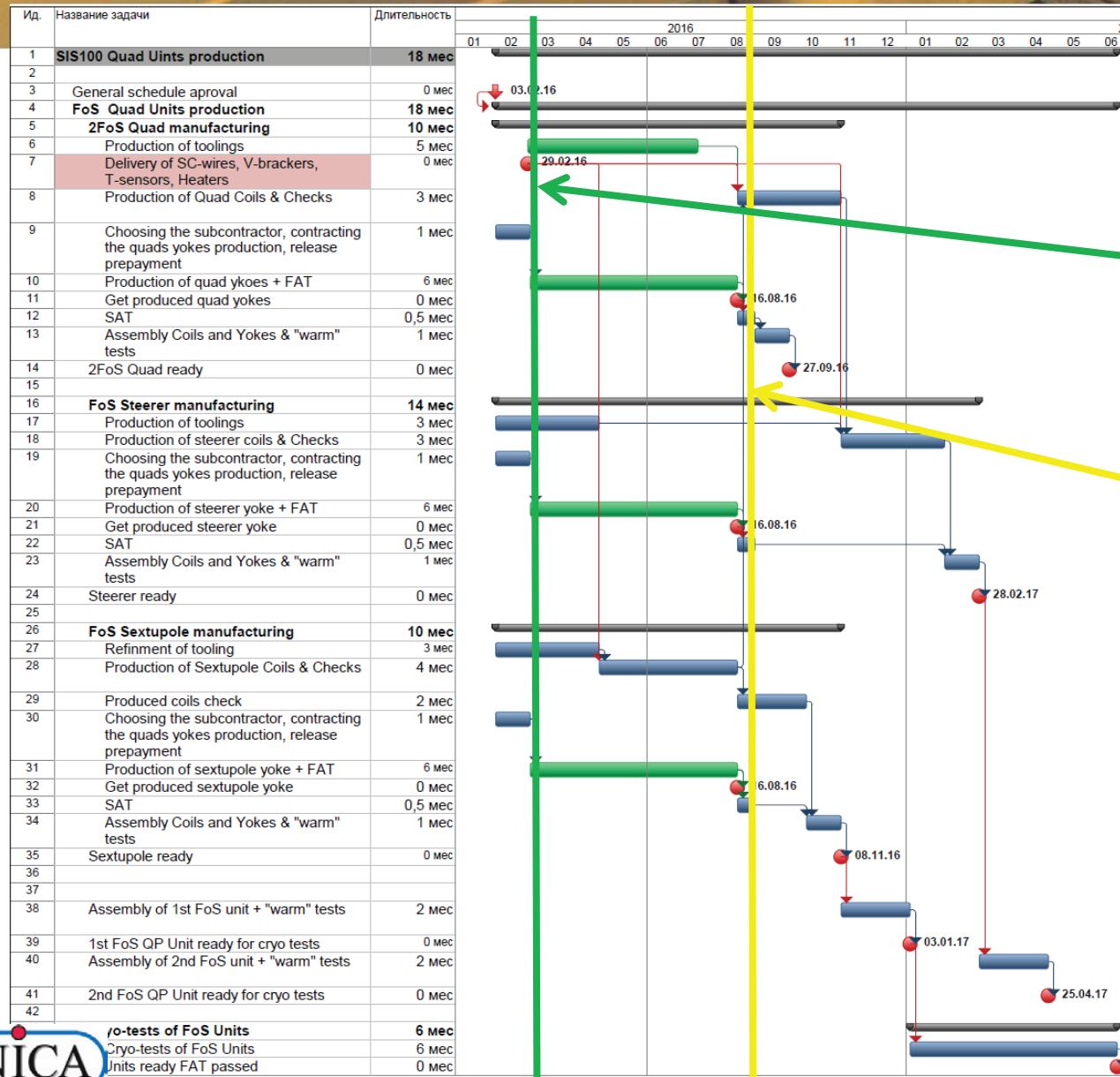
**March 2016  
Production start**

# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



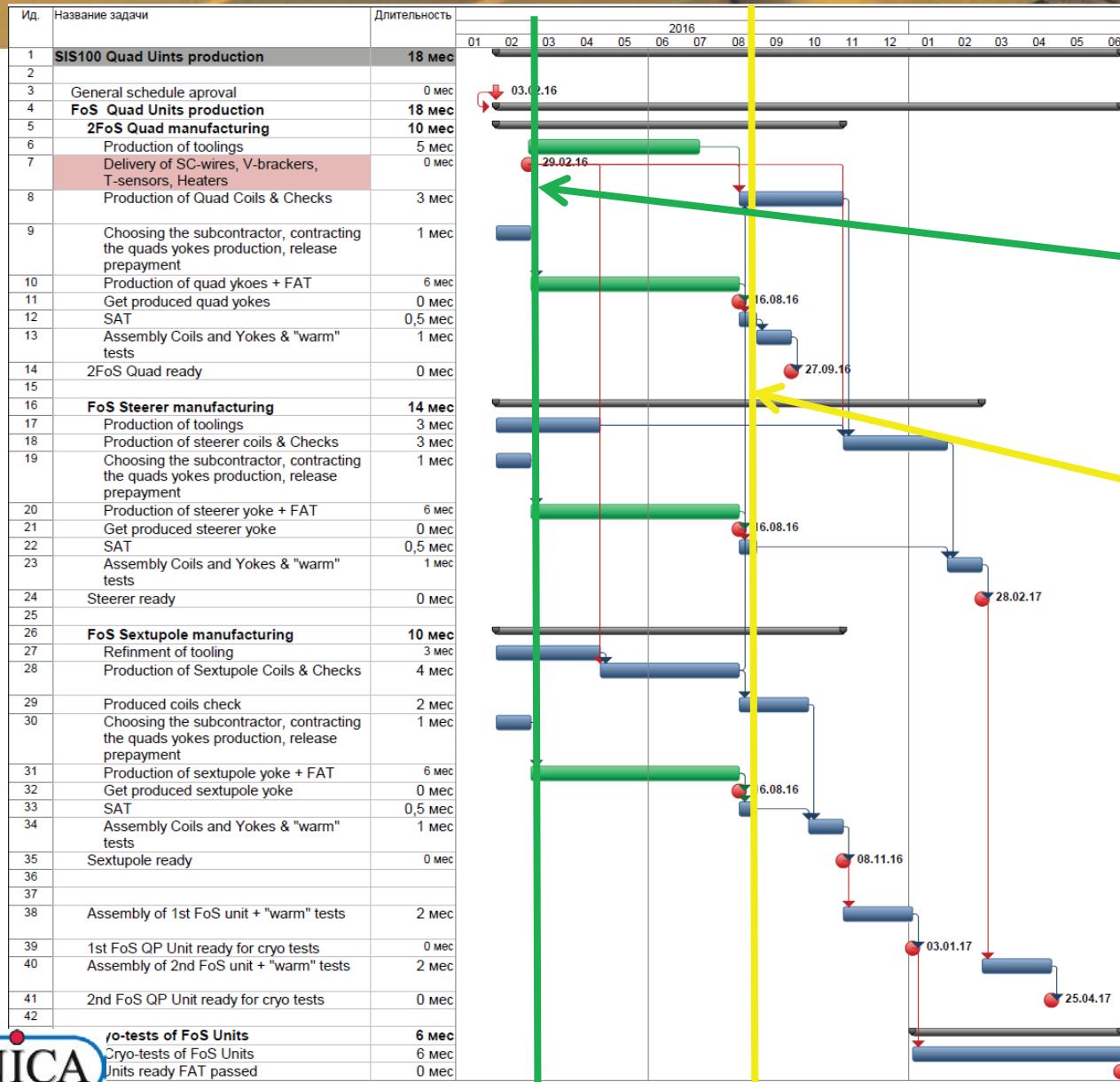
**March 2016  
Production start**

# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



**March 2016**  
**Production start**

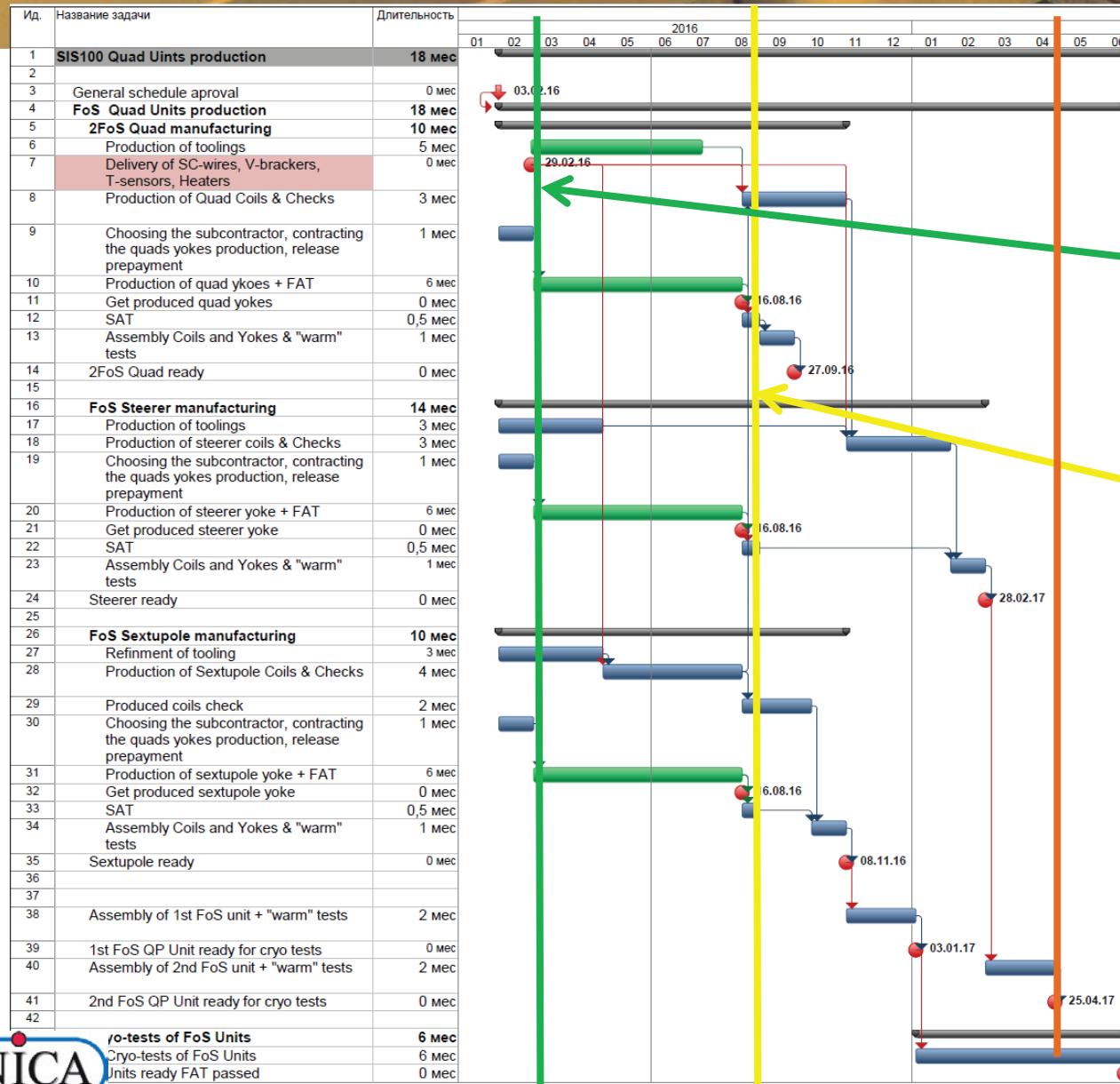
# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



March 2016  
Production start

Aug. 2016  
Yoke & tooling complete

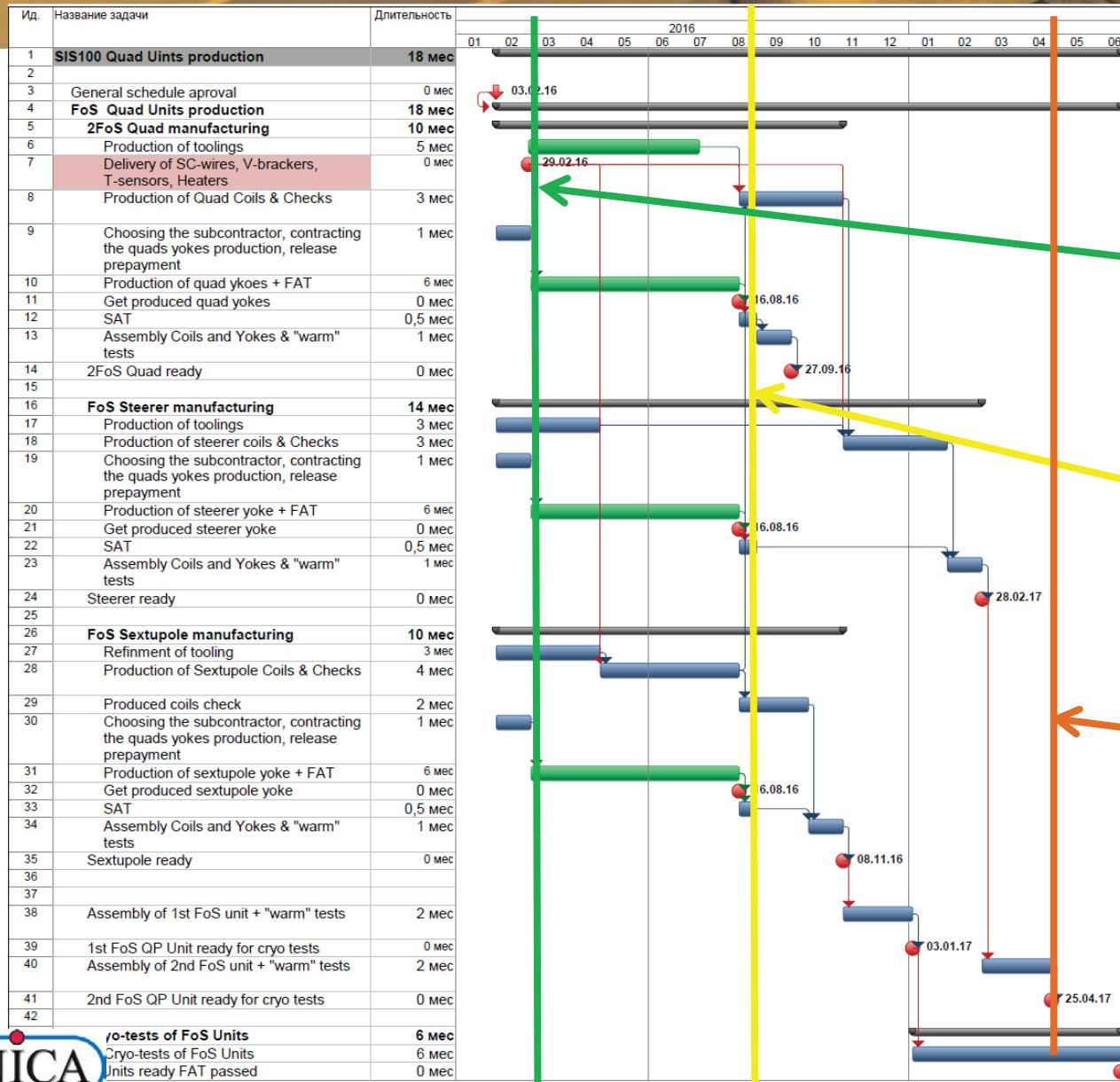
# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



March 2016  
Production start

Aug. 2016  
Yoke & tooling complete

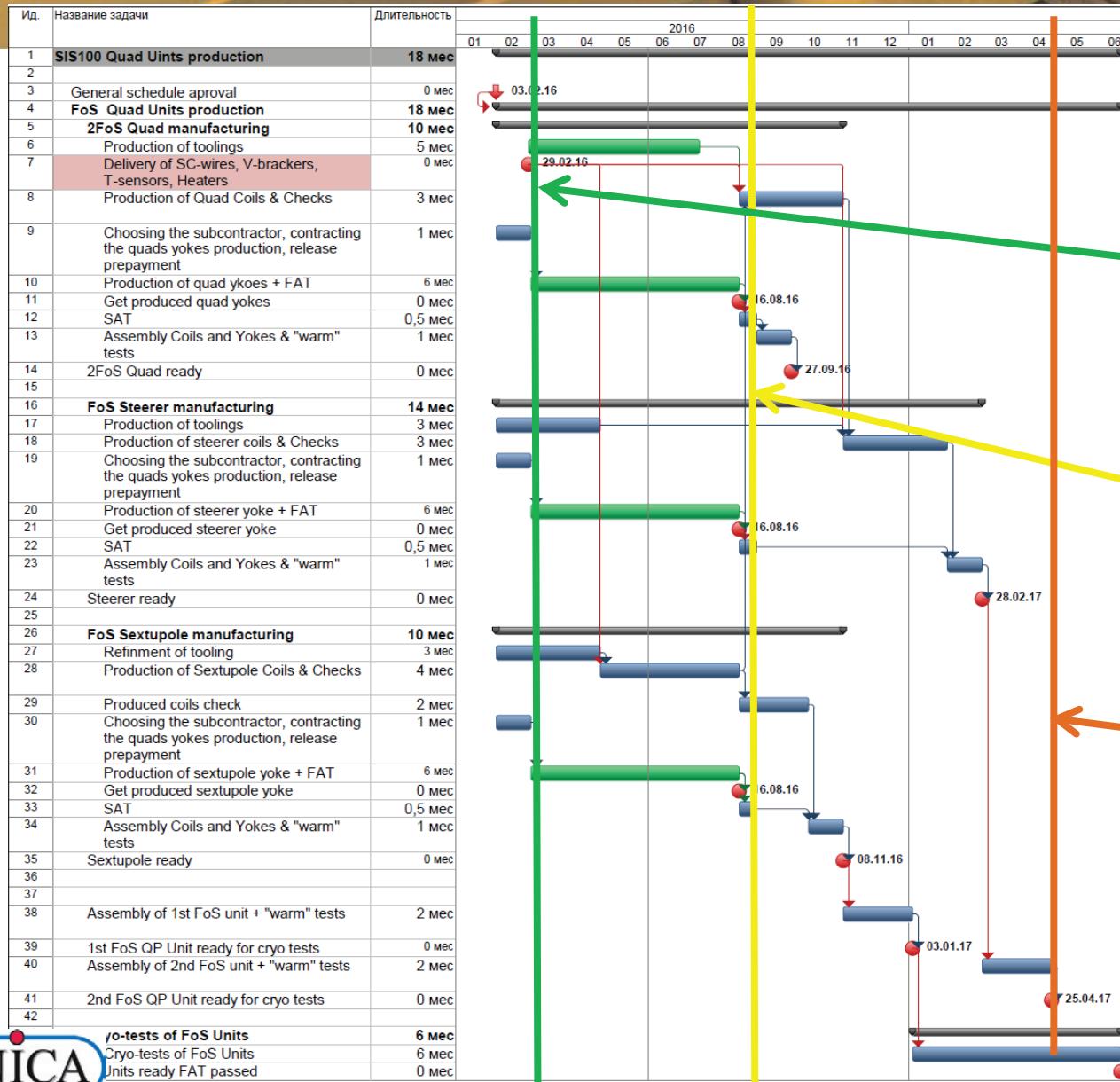
# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



March 2016  
Production start

Aug. 2016  
Yoke & tooling complete

# Production and test schedule of first QP-units

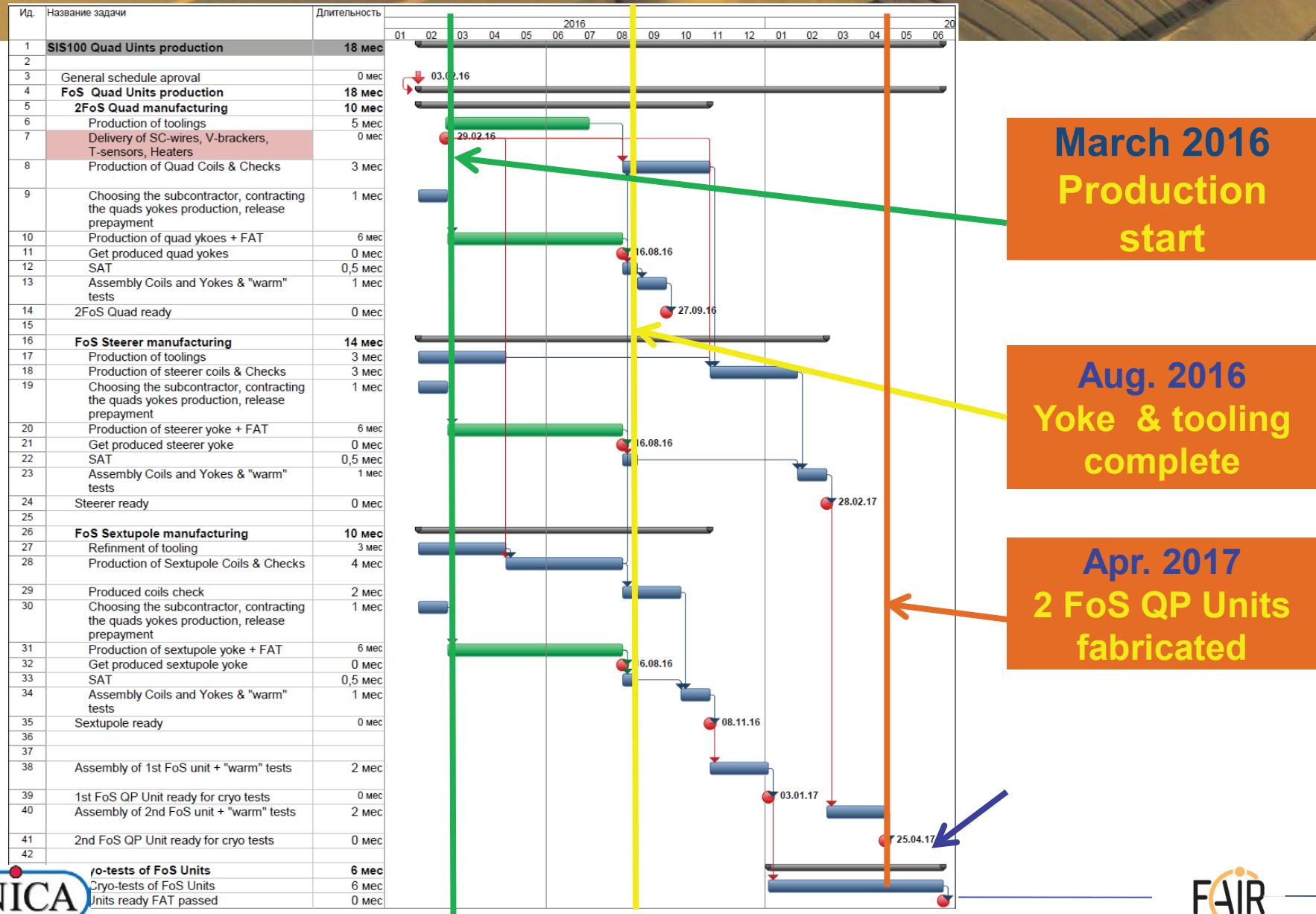


March 2016  
Production start

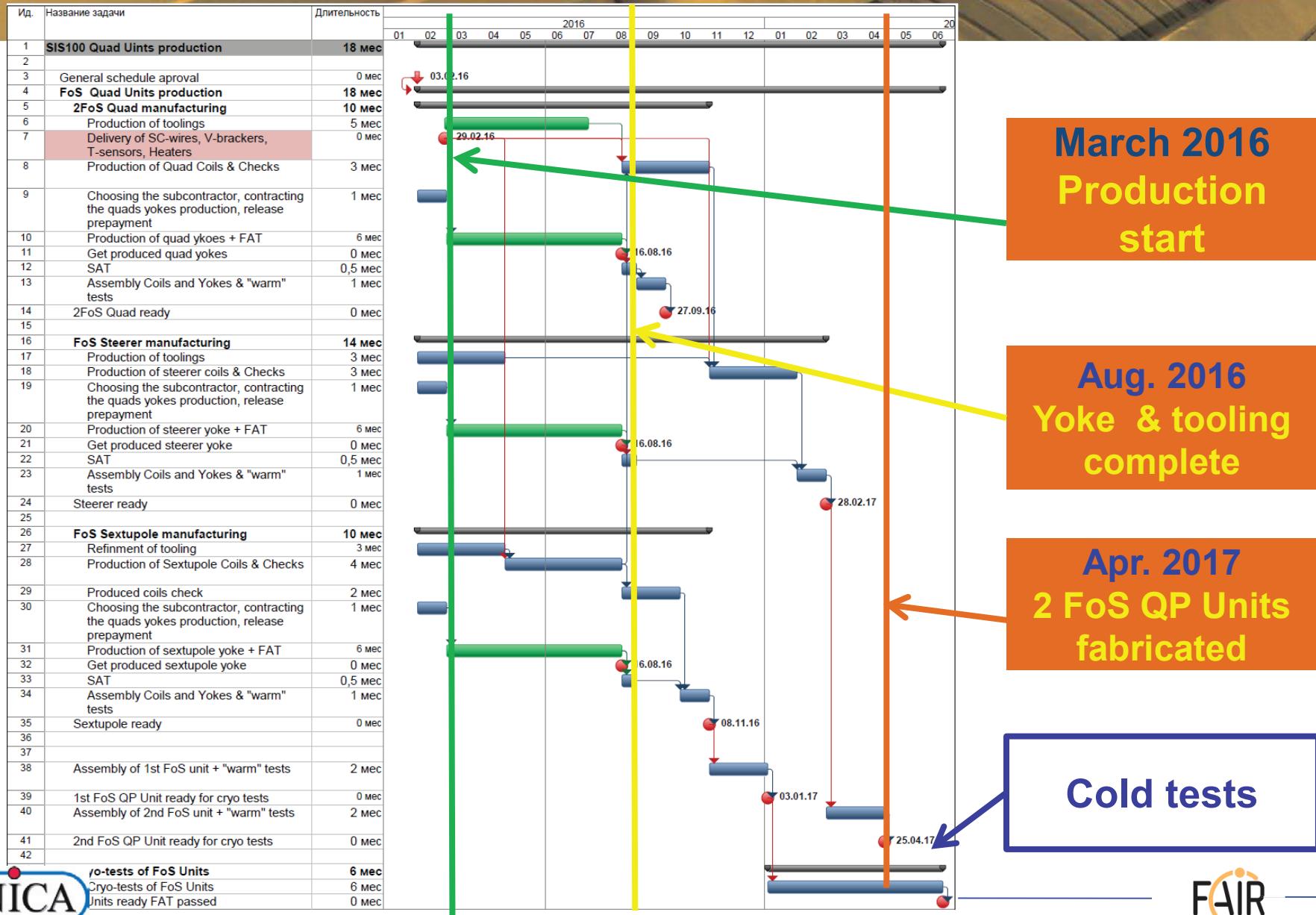
Aug. 2016  
Yoke & tooling complete

Apr. 2017  
2 FoS QP Units fabricated

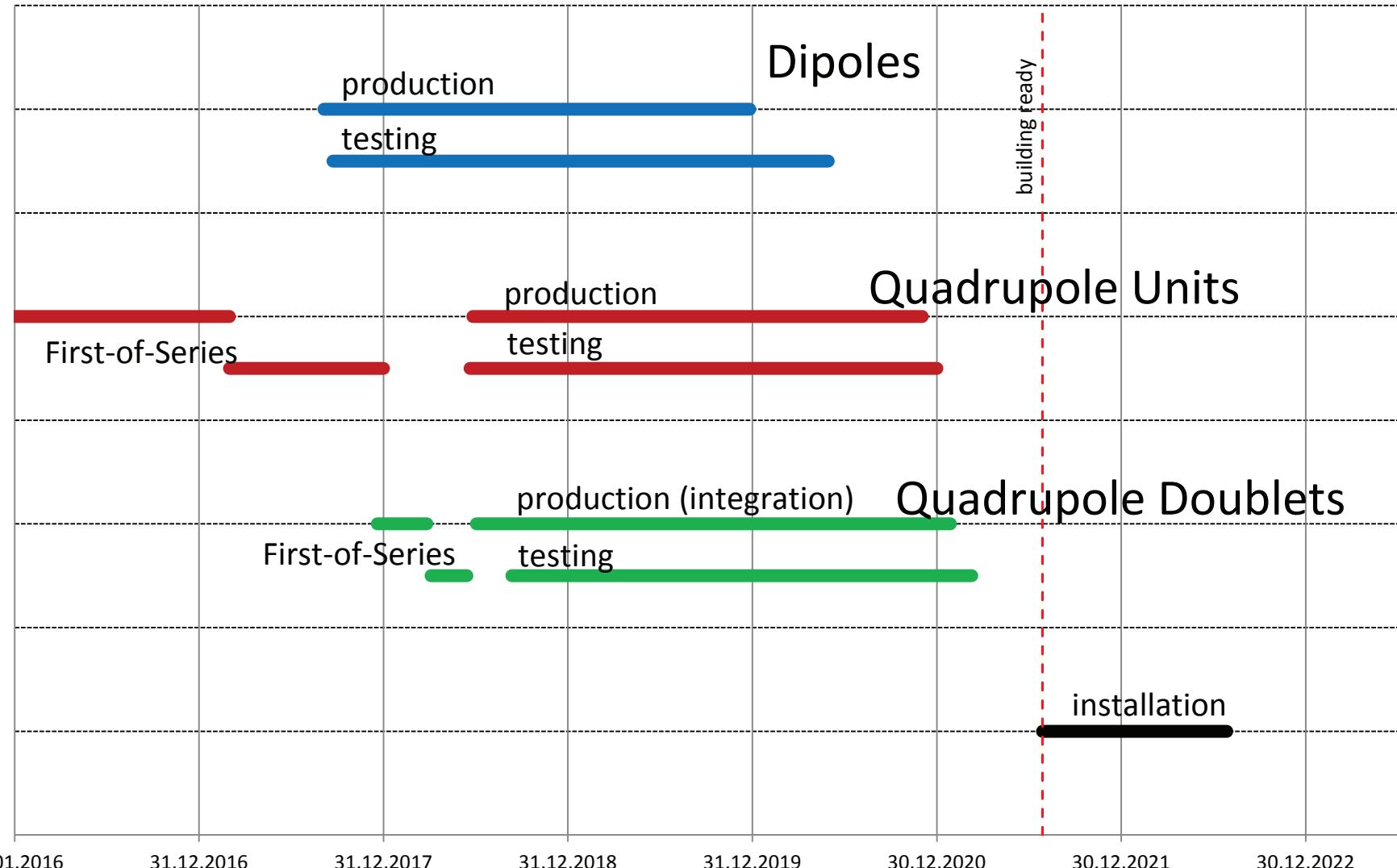
# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



# Production and test schedule of first QP-units



# Production & Installation Schedule for SIS100



# FAIR/GSI: construction site



# NICA: construction site



# Conclusions

- Production of SC magnets for SIS100 and NICA is on the way and the cooperation is very fruitful.
- It gives absolute synergy to both the NICA and FAIR projects.
- Together we are creating the Common European Research infrastructure for Heavy Ion Physics: FAIR & NICA

