

Status of the Nuclotron

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Status of the Nuclotron

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Estimation of the average vaccum in the Nuclotron ring measuring circulating deutron beam lifetime at E=5 MeV/u corresponds to the vacuum pressure not worse than <u>4*10⁻¹⁰ Torr.</u>



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March 2010:



Xe (1 Gev/n) trace on photoemulsion (experiment "Becquerel")





-Full scale modernization of the cryogenic system was carried out.

As result the cooling power at 4,5 K was increased up to 4 kW, the reliable work at maximum magnetic field and at prolonged magnetic cycle duration was provided. The operation term was sufficiently increased; today the new equipment can be used for the NICA/MPD purposes already.

-The vacuum system was modernized.

It permitted to decrease the residual gas pressure in the Nuclotron beam pipe by two orders of magnitude and to provide a possibility of heavy ion acceleration.

The obtained result allows solving general task of the Nuclotron as a part of the heavy ion collider injection chain – to provide acceleration of heavy nuclei from 0,6 GeV/u (injection energy from the booster) up to 4,5 GeV/u without losses.



-Modernization of control system, diagnostic and radio frequency accelerating systems was performed.

As result new cycle control equipment, digital generator providing relation between accelerating voltage frequency and magnetic field value, new power supply system for corrector magnets, digital orbit measurement system and others were put into exploitation.

-New power supply and quench protection system

based on consequent connection of the Nuclotron structural magnets, all supply units and energy evacuation switches was created. Practical realization of this scheme required modernization of existing supply units, development and construction of two new units for current variation in focusing and defocusing lenses, disassembly of old cable lines and assembly of a few kilometers of new ones.

After completion of the Nuclotron upgrade 3 runs (#43 - #45) were performed: Total duration 2900 hours , 1400 hours – experimental program



Machine development run #43



Increase of the beam energy

Run # 43

Slow extraction at 3.1 GeV/u

Run #44

7.12.2011 ⁺⁶C 3.42 GeV/u, slow extraction and transport to BM@N area

18.12.2011 d 4 GeV/u (1.47 Тл)

Run #45

Routine operation d 4 GeV/u (Energy&Transmutation)

At the end of the run – slow extraction d 4.5 GeV/u



Development of power supply system

Run #44 – passive filter + thyristor rectifier 37TB



Run #45 «fast» disbalance unit:



Development of power supply system

Run 45: SC magnets PS has been optimized to operate at dB/dt = 0.8 T/s (sufficient for NICA!)



<u>RF system</u>:

- Max phase misalignment decreased up to < 2^o (passive devices), max phase misalignment < ±10^o;
- New phase detector commissioned ;
- Remote control has been put in operation.

Digital RF control generator:

 tuning/control of the RF on flattop has been commissioned (essential for slow extraction and measurement of the dispersion and critical energy).

Power supply:

- Stablilization of the working point has been achieved.

The result: no losses during acceleration!



Cupture optimization

- -Orbit correction at injection,
- -Cycle of the correcting magnets,
- -Working point optimization,
- -Adiabatic RF capture.



Run #45 (Q \approx 7,2), x_{pp} \approx z_{pp} \approx 18mm.



Orbit bump in the slow extraction region in the design working point ($Q \approx 6,8$), Run #45





Run #45, Cycle of the correctors (I=I_{inj.}/B_{inj.}×B)







Diagnostics development

Thermometry:

Experimental fragment of new system was tested during runs #44, #45

Diagnostics development

Fast current transformer (BERGOZ FCT)

FEMTO DHPVA-200 Amplifier

Maximum sensitivity FCT + DHPVA-200 \rightarrow 5 V/mA

New quench detectors

Diagnostics development

Ionization profilometer

Development of ion sources

Heavy Ion Source KRION-6T

Assembled cryostat and vacuum vessels

E.Donets, oral presentation

New laser source: Nd-YAG laser Pulse energy 2.75 κJ, Pulse duration 10-12 ns

Source of polarized particles (p, d, H) JINR+INR RAS

Vacuum chamber of the dissociator and Alignement nodes for RF and permanent sextupoles magnets magnets Sextupole Cryo electromagnet generator Massspectrometer Dissociator Vacuum chamber of mass-spectrometer Helium leackage detector Turbomolecular pump Vessel for deuterium and oxygen (5I)

We plan to assemble and TEST SPP at Nuclotron with d in the end of 2012

Fore-injector upgrade

Long plateau of the magnetic field

Insulating amplifier for shunt,
Cycle control system,
data registration
(on the basis of equipment and software of parametric current transformer BERGOZ).

- shunt up to 6 kA

Long plateau of the magnetic field

Stochastic cooling test at Nuclotron

N.Shurkhno, TUPPB004

One plans to test consequently for cooling of coasting and bunched beams:

-longitudinal degree of freedom **Notch filter**,

Palmer, Time of flight methods.

- Transverse cooling

Bandwidth 2-4 GHz, Power up to 60 W, Expected cooling time (coasting beam)10 s

Stochastic cooling test at Nuclotron

Slot-coupler structures, manufactured at IKP FZJ

Thank you for your attention

