

Taskomat & Taskolib

A versatile, programmable sequencer for process automation

- Automation at DESY & in the community
- The DESY “Sequencer/File Operator”
- Design goals for a new sequencer
- TASKOLIB open source library
- TASKOMAT DOOCS server
- Graphical user interface
- Outlook

Lars Fröhlich, Olaf Hensler, Ulf Fini Jastrow, Marcus Walla, and Josef Wilgen
PCaPAC 2022, Prague, Czech Republic, 2022-10-07





PETRA III

European XFEL

DESY II

PIA

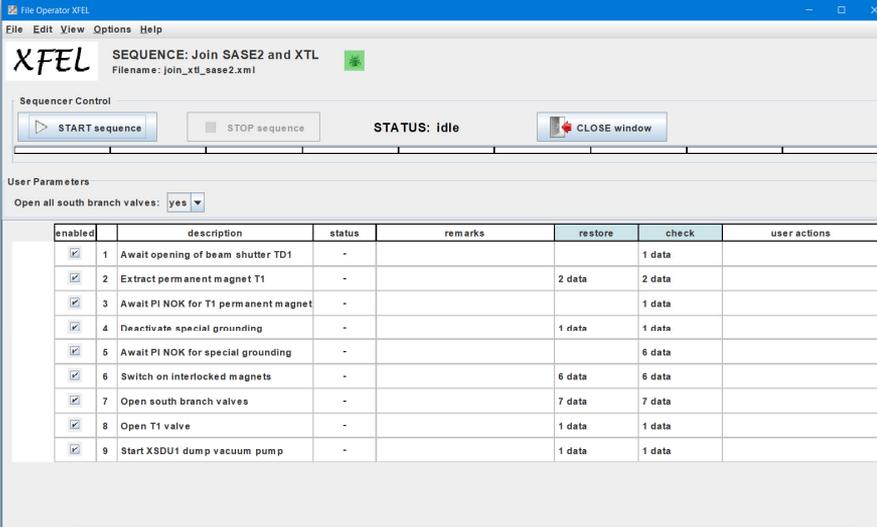
LINAC II

FLASH2

FLASH1

The DESY “Sequencer/File Operator”

Java application by P. Castro, S. Aytac, J. Maaß

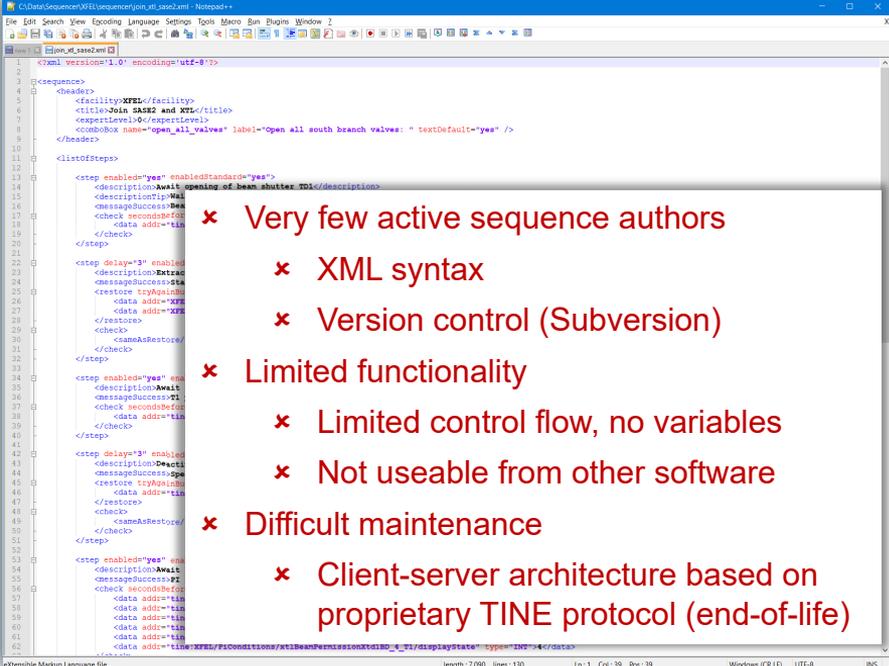


The screenshot shows the XFE Sequencer Control interface. At the top, it displays the XFE logo and the sequence name "SEQUENCE: Join SASE2 and XTL". Below this, there are control buttons for "START sequence", "STOP sequence", and "CLOSE window". The status is shown as "idle". Under "User Parameters", there is a dropdown menu for "Open all south branch valves" set to "yes". The main part of the interface is a table with the following data:

enabled		description	status	remarks	restore	check	user actions
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	Await opening of beam shutter TD1	-			1 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	Extract permanent magnet T1	-		2 data	2 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	Await PI NOK for T1 permanent magnet	-			1 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	Deactivate special grounding	-		1 data	1 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5	Await PI NOK for special grounding	-			6 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	6	Switch on interlocked magnets	-		6 data	6 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	7	Open south branch valves	-		7 data	7 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	8	Open T1 valve	-		1 data	1 data	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	9	Start XSDU1 dump vacuum pump	-		1 data	1 data	

At the bottom of the screenshot, there are two green checkmarks with text:

- ✓ Easily understood & liked by operators
- ✓ Actively used at almost all DESY accelerators



The screenshot shows an XML file editor displaying the XML code for a sequence step. The code is as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<sequence>
  <header>
    <facility>XFE</facility>
    <title>Join SASE and XTL</title>
    <expertLevel>0</expertLevel>
    <combobox name="open_all_valves" label="Open all south branch valves: " textDefault="yes" />
  </header>
  <listOfSteps>
    <step enabled="yes" enabledStandard="yes">
      <description>Await opening of beam shutter TD1</description>
      <descriptionTip>Wait
      <messageSuccess>Done
      <check secondBefore
        <data add="t1"
      </check>
    </step>
    <step delay="3" enabled
      <description>Data2
      <messageSuccess>Data2
      <restore tryAgain
        <data add="t1"
      </restore>
      <check>
      <sameAsRestore/
      </check>
    </step>
    <step enabled="yes" ena
      <description>Await
      <messageSuccess>PI
      <check secondBefore
        <data add="t1"
      </check>
    </step>
    <step delay="3" enabled
      <description>Data3
      <messageSuccess>Data3
      <restore tryAgain
        <data add="t1"
      </restore>
      <check>
      <sameAsRestore/
      </check>
    </step>
    <step enabled="yes" ena
      <description>Await
      <messageSuccess>PI
      <check secondBefore
        <data add="t1"
        <data add="t1"
        <data add="t1"
        <data add="t1"
        <data add="t1"
      </check>
    </step>
  </listOfSteps>
</sequence>
```

Overlaid on the right side of the XML editor is a list of red 'x' marks with text:

- ✗ Very few active sequence authors
- ✗ XML syntax
- ✗ Version control (Subversion)
- ✗ Limited functionality
- ✗ Limited control flow, no variables
- ✗ Not useable from other software
- ✗ Difficult maintenance
- ✗ Client-server architecture based on proprietary TINE protocol (end-of-life)

ICALEPCS 2021: Automation is a Topic

Two contributions on recent sequencer developments

Elettra – Sincrotrone Trieste

The screenshot shows a configuration window for a sequencer. The left pane lists various devices like 'ps-booster-01' and 'sequencerconf'. The right pane shows the 'Device properties' for 'sequencerconf', including fields like 'Attr_confirg_file', 'DefaultStepTimeout', and 'RW_Attr_values'. Below the screenshot is a code snippet:

```
--
step9;read($devpsc8$/State) == FAULT ? command($devpsc8$/Reset) && (write(this/Cnt) = read(this/Cnt) + 1) &&
sleep($sleep_after_reset_cmd) && goto(10) : goto(10);Reset $devpsc8$ fault state;Error resetting $devpsc8$ fault state;-
1;tangoerror-goto(10)

step10;read(this/Cnt) > 0 ? sleep($sleep_wait_refresh_state) && (write(this/Cnt) = 0) && goto(11) : goto(11);Waiting after reset
;Error waiting after reset;-1,exit

step11;read($devpsc1$/State) != ON ? command($devpsc1$/On) && (write(this/Cnt) = read(this/Cnt) + 1) && sleep($sleep_after_on_cmd) &&
goto(12) : goto(12);Turning $devpsc1$ on;Error turning $devpsc1$ on;-1;tangoerror-goto(12)

step12;read($devpsc2$/State) != ON ? command($devpsc2$/On) && (write(this/Cnt) = read(this/Cnt) + 1) && sleep($sleep_after_on_cmd) &&
goto(13) : goto(13);Turning $devpsc2$ on;Error turning $devpsc2$ on;-1;tangoerror-goto(13)
--
attr;Cnt;long;0
```

ITER

The figure shows a behavior tree on the left and its XML representation on the right. The behavior tree starts with a root node 'Prepare and run test <Sequence>'. It branches into 'Verify configuration <Action>', 'Handle override <Fallback>', 'Load configuration <Action>', and 'Execute test01 <Include>'. The 'Verify configuration' node has a 'Verification success <Action>' child, which leads to an 'Override? <Sequence>' node. The 'Handle override' node has an 'Override? <Sequence>' child. The XML on the right is a C++-style XML representation of this logic, using tags like <Sequence>, <Action>, <Fallback>, <Include>, and <Sequence> to define the test procedure.

Figure 2: Behavior tree and xml representation of a test procedure

Design Goals

Requirements for a new sequencer

Easy editing & maintenance

- Operators, technical & domain experts

More programmability & functionality

- Implement loops, exception handling, complex conditions

Add control flow to sequence of steps (at abstract level)

enabled		description	status
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	Await opening of beam shutter TD1	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	Extract permanent magnet T1	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	Await PI NOK for T1 permanent magnet	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	Deactivate special grounding	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5	Await PI NOK for special grounding	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	6	Switch on interlocked magnets	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	7	Open south branch valves	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	8	Open T1 valve	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	9	Start XSDU1 dump vacuum pump	-

Sequence

WHILE hungry	Step
TRY	Step
IF fridge empty	Step
Go to market	Step
Buy food	Step
Go back home	Step
Put food into fridge	Step
END	Step
Take food from fridge	Step
CATCH	Step
Order a pizza instead	Step
END	Step
Eat food	Step
END	Step

Design Goals

Requirements for a new sequencer

Easy editing & maintenance

- Operators, technical & domain experts

More programmability & functionality

- Implement loops, exception handling, complex conditions

Use a scripting language to define actions and conditions within the steps

```
<step enabled="yes" enabledStandard="yes">
  <description>Switch on interlocked magnets</description>
  <messageSuccess>Interlocked magnets switched on</messageSuccess>
  <restore tryAgainButton="yes">
    <data addr="XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BD.2077.T1/PS_ON" type="INT" write="1">1</data>
    <data addr="XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/QF.2083.T1/PS_ON" type="INT" write="1">1</data>
    <data addr="XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BD.2084.T1/PS_ON" type="INT" write="1">1</data>
    <data addr="XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BD.2097.T1/PS_ON" type="INT" write="1">1</data>
    <data addr="XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/QF.2098.T1/PS_ON" type="INT" write="1">1</data>
    <data addr="XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/QF.2110.T1/PS_ON" type="INT" write="1">1</data>
  </restore>
  <check>
    <sameAsRestore/>
  </check>
</step>
```

```
dset("XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BD.2077.T1/PS_ON", 1)
dset("XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/QF.2083.T1/PS_ON", 1)
dset("XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BD.2084.T1/PS_ON", 1)
dset("XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/BD.2097.T1/PS_ON", 1)
dset("XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/QF.2098.T1/PS_ON", 1)
dset("XFEL.MAGNETS/MAGNET.ML/QF.2110.T1/PS_ON", 1)
```

```
for magnet in iterate_over_magnet_addresses() do
  dset(magnet, 1)
end
```

Design Goals

Requirements for a new sequencer

Easy editing & maintenance

- Operators, technical & domain experts

More programmability & functionality

- Implement loops, exception handling, complex conditions

Integration into the control system

- Sequences can be started/stopped/configured via control system *set* call

Scalability

- Maintain a library with hundreds of sequences
- Run dozens of sequences concurrently

Separation of main logic, control system interface, and GUI

- Sequencer library (control system independent)
- Sequencer server/device (embedded in the control system)
- Graphical user interface for the server/device

TASKOLIB, TASKOMAT, GUI

First implementations

TASKOLIB

- Control system independent library
- Handles creation, modification, execution, storage of sequences and steps
- Platform-independent C++ 17
- Steps contain sandboxed LUA scripts (lightweight, easy to learn)

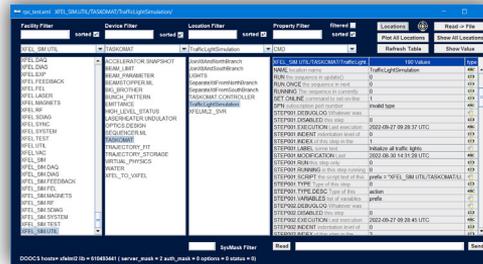
© 1998 lua.org, graphic design by Alexandre Nakonechny!



Injects control system specific commands (dget, dset, ...)

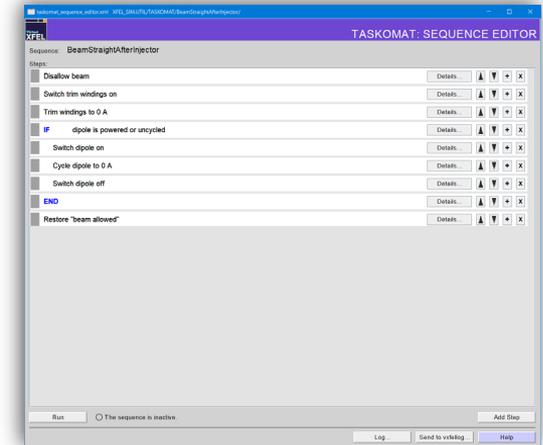
TASKOMAT

- Control system specific server/device for creating, modifying, and executing sequences
- First implementation: DOOCS server



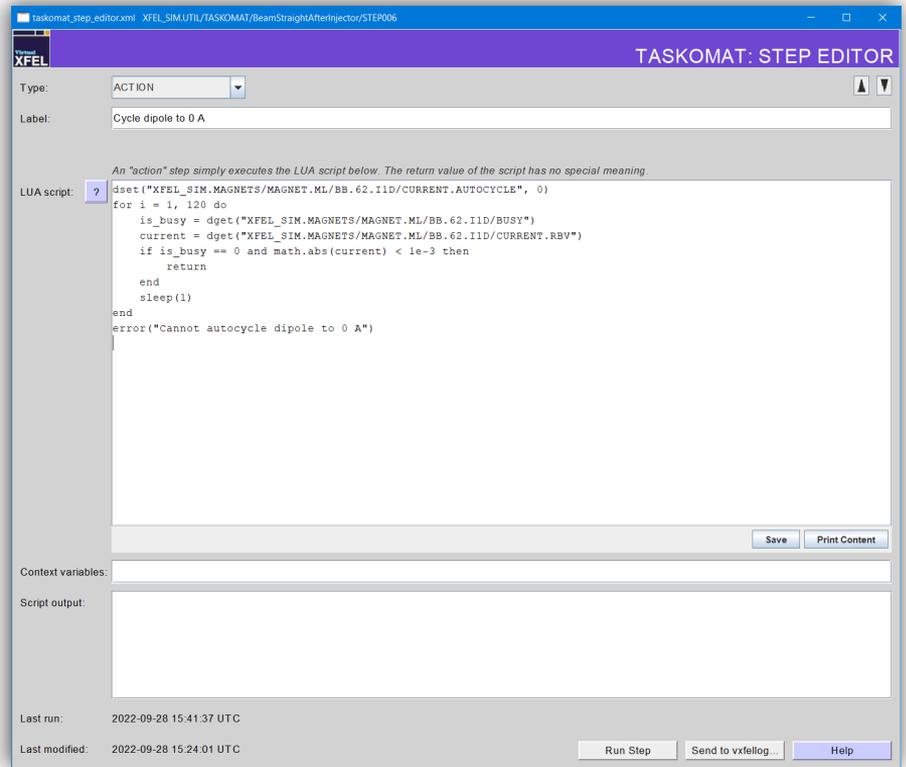
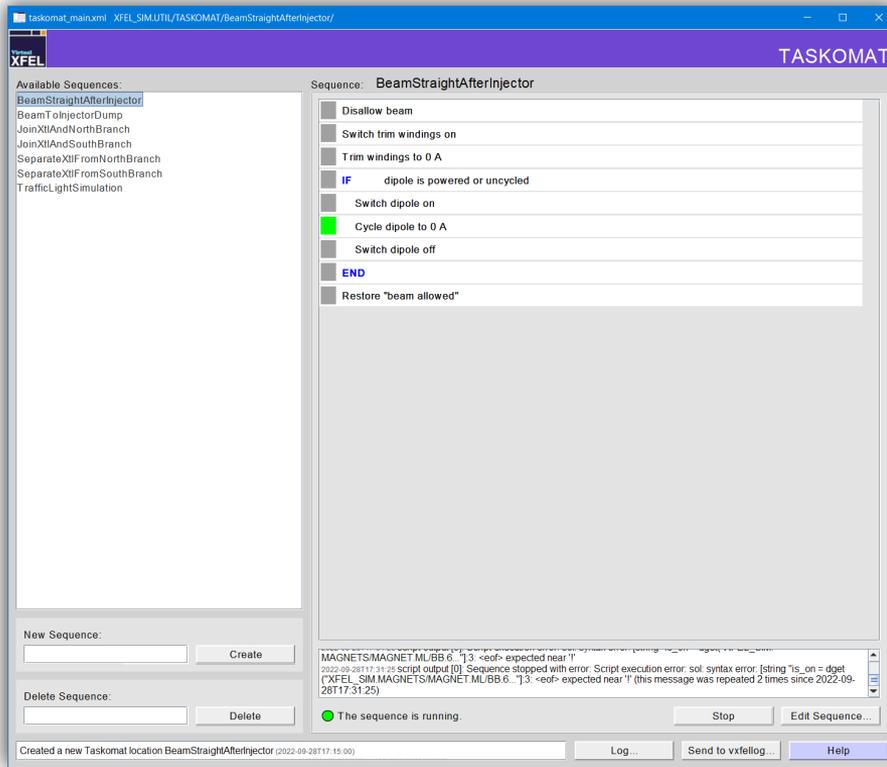
Graphical User Interface

- User interface for creating, modifying, and executing sequences
- First implementation: **jddd** panels for DOOCS server



Graphical User Interface

Rapidly built with jddd UI builder for DOOCS: Rudimentary, but usable



Summary & Outlook

TASKOLIB Library

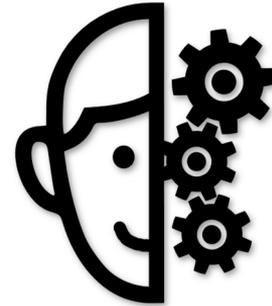
- Control system independent C++ library for creating, modifying, and executing sequences built out of Lua steps
- Open Source (LGPL-2.1):
<https://github.com/taskolib/taskolib>

TASKOMAT Server for DOOCS

- First implementation of a TASKOLIB-based sequencer
- Headless DOOCS server application
- jddd “thin client” user interface panels

Status

- “Minimum viable product” stage: First instances deployed with friendly users
- Gathering feedback and experience for next extensions



Outlook

- More features based on user feedback (e.g. automatic version control)
- Develop full-fledged GUI?
 - Syntax highlighting, improved Lua editor
- Collaboration: Other control systems?