

Controls Architecture for the Diagnostic devices at the European XFEL

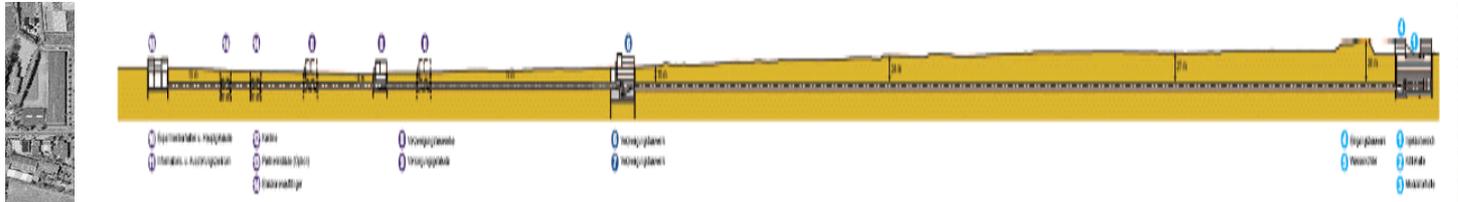
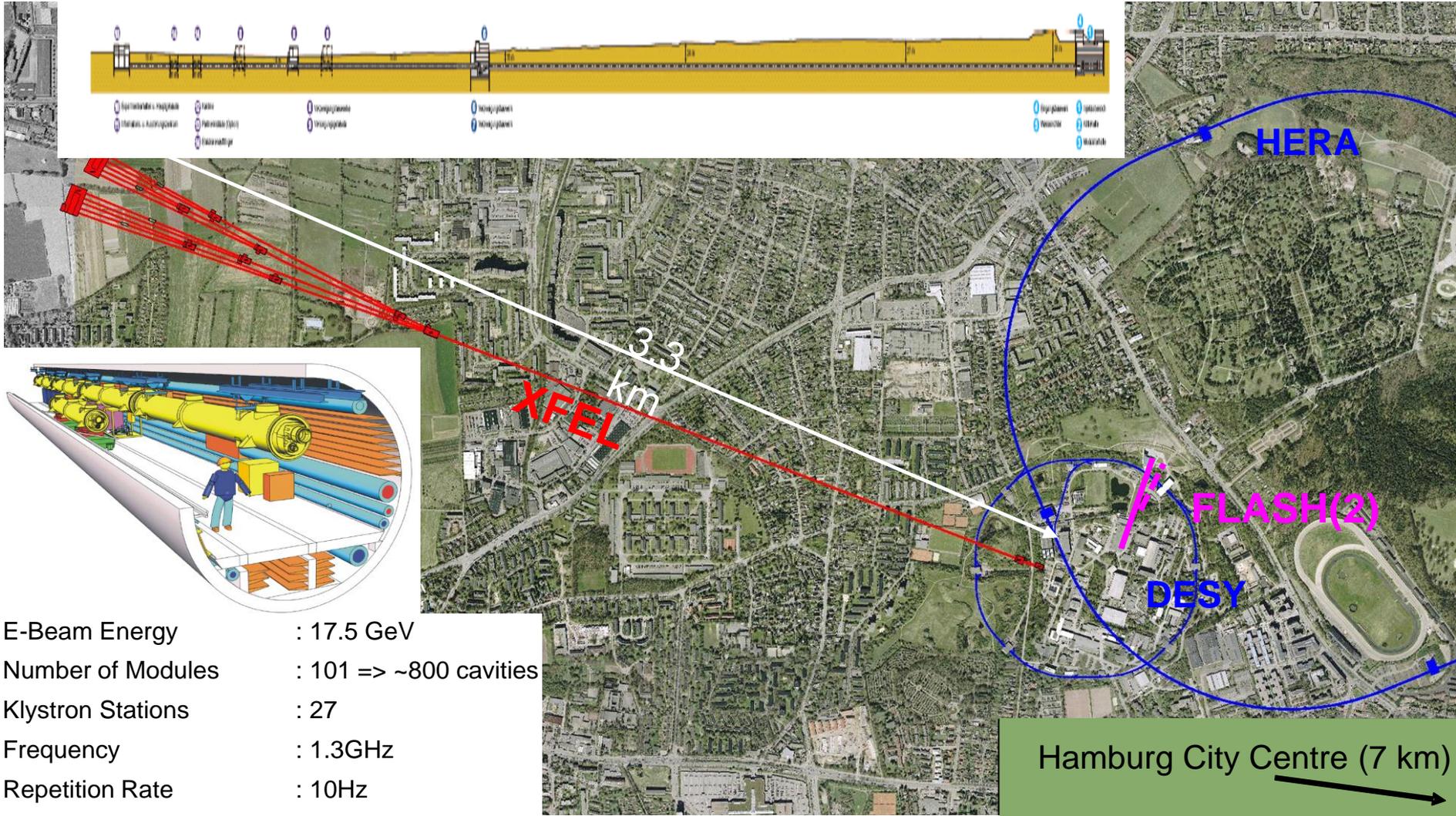
Olaf Hensler
DESY – MCS
Hamburg, Germany





■ Outline

- European XFEL
- μ TCA Hardware
- IPMI monitoring and control
- DOOCS server organisation
- Messaging and data handling
- Status/Schedule
- Conclusion



E-Beam Energy	: 17.5 GeV
Number of Modules	: 101 => ~800 cavities
Klystron Stations	: 27
Frequency	: 1.3GHz
Repetition Rate	: 10Hz
Bunches per Pulse	: 2700

The XFEL diagnostics will be based on μ TCA

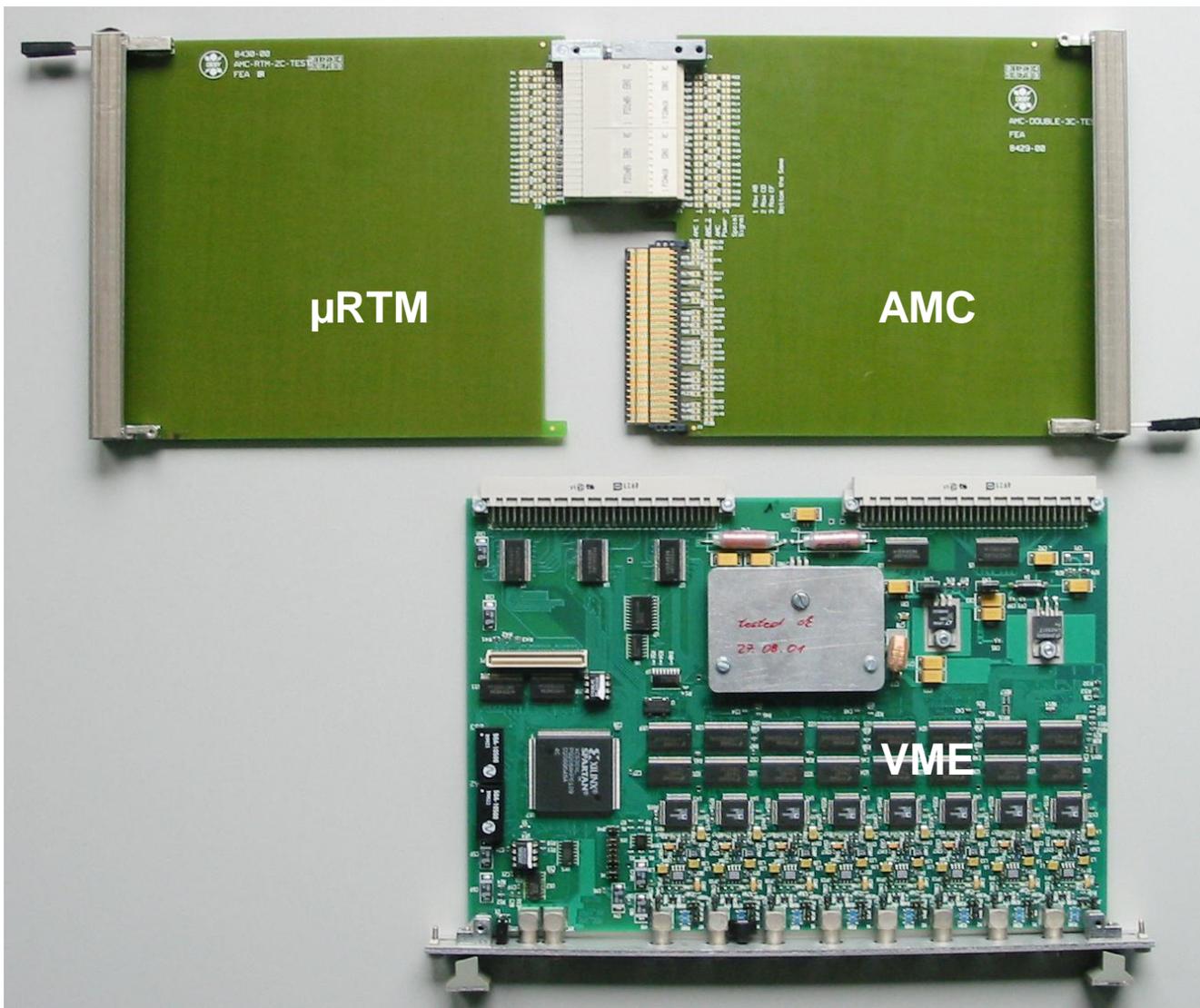


- **Advanced Telecom Computing Architecture (ATCA)**
- Scalable modern architecture
 - From 5 slot single ... 12 slot double size
- High availability
 - Redundant power and fan optional
 - Well defined management
- Differential links only: high analog signal processing quality

$$A = \frac{E[\text{Uptime}]}{E[\text{Uptime}] + E[\text{Downtime}]}$$



VME vs. μ TCA Board Sizes



AMC w/ read I/O:
~ 457 cm²

VME:
~ 345 cm²

LLRF Hardware

- XFEL will be based on the new MicroTCA.4 standard
 - Double size Advanced Mezzanine Card (AMC) modules with complex FPGA and PCIe link to CPU
 - Rear Transition Modules for signal conditioning
 - Precise clock and trigger over the backplane



DWC8300 © DESY



SIS8300 © Struck Innovative Systems

MTCA.4

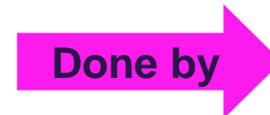
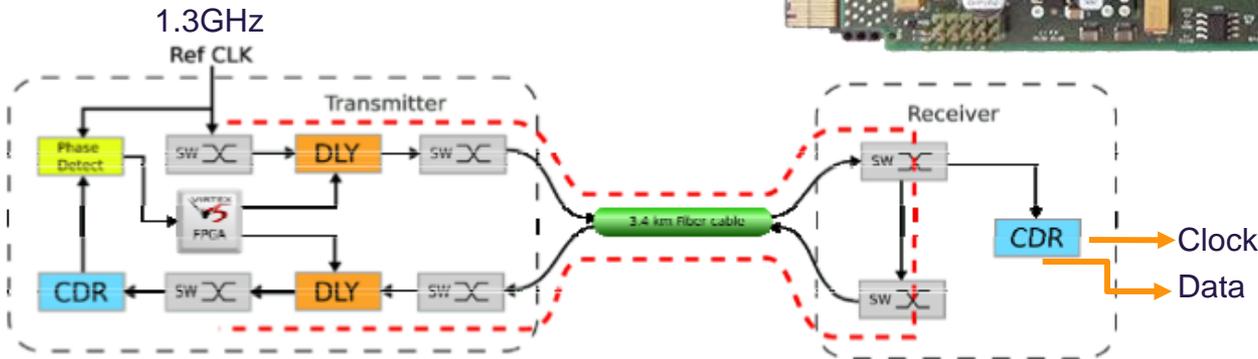
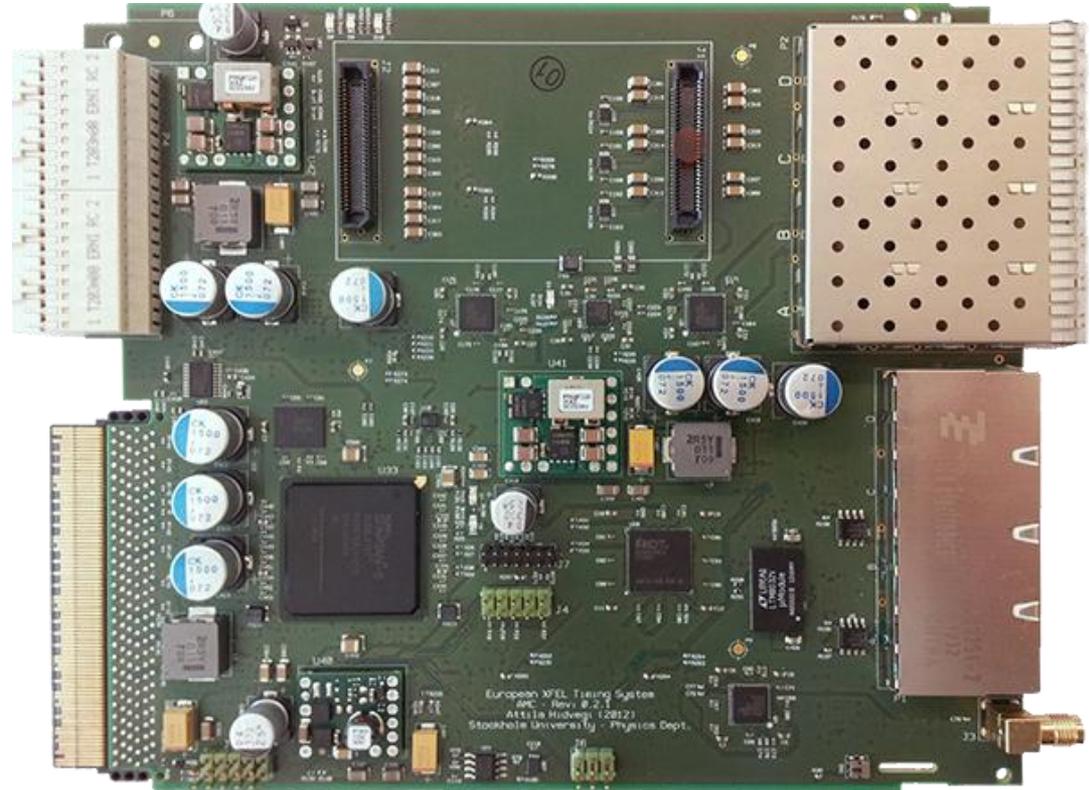


XFEL Timing System: 1. Prototype

■ New Timing System

- Fiber optic links 1.3GHz
- with drift compensation
- AMC prototype is receiver and transmitter
- ps stability ($< 5\text{ps RMS}$)
- Clock, trigger and event distribution

■ Double height version under test



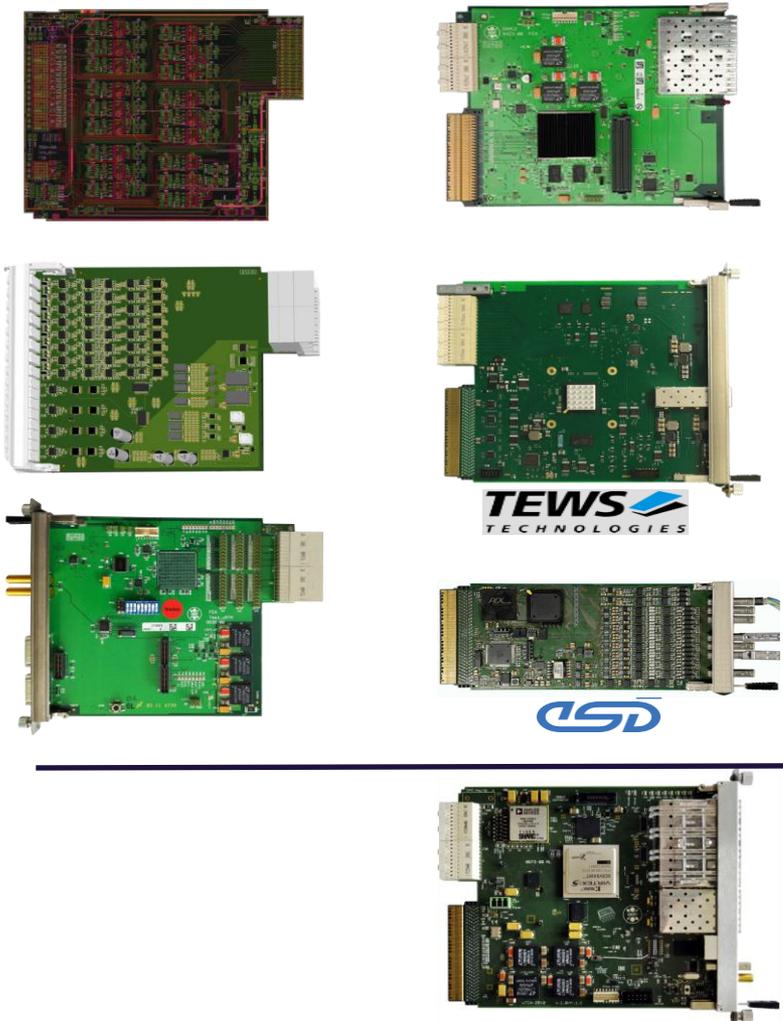
Several μ TCA boards

RTM

AMC

RTM

AMC

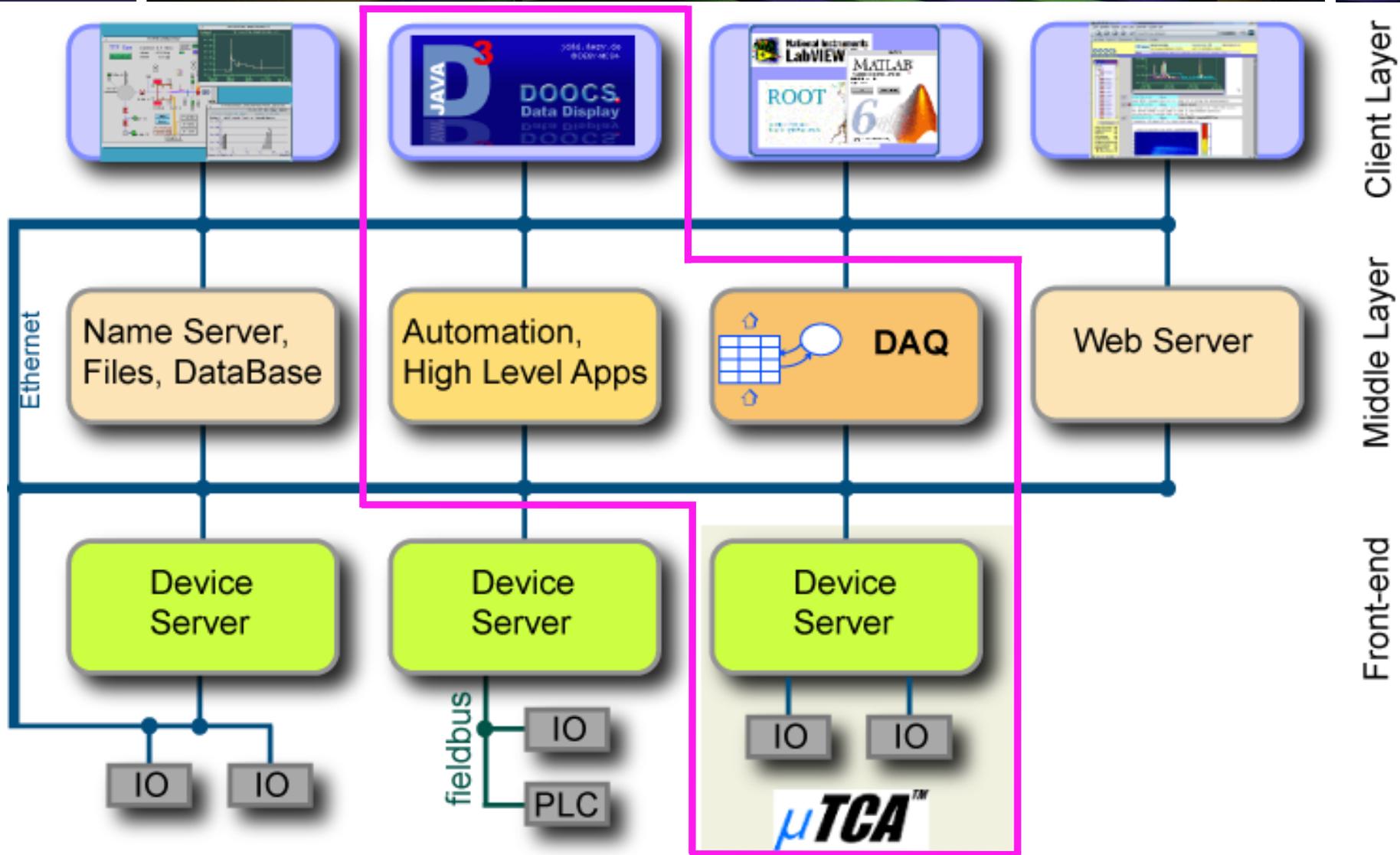


Digital Front

Analog Front



DOOCS Control System Architecture



Client Layer

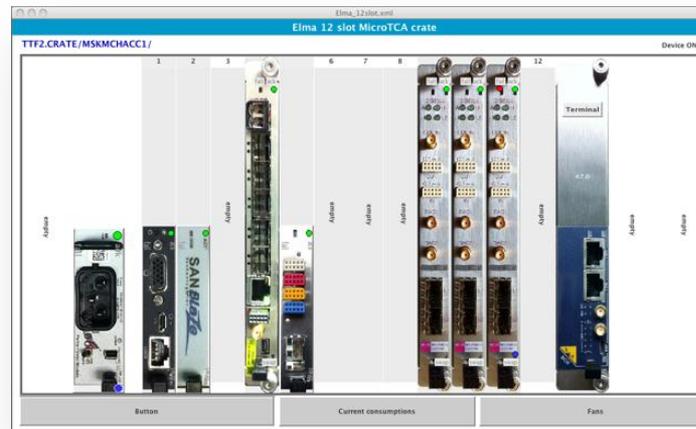
Middle Layer

Front-end

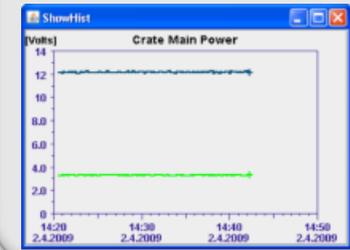
Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI)

Implemented on **CPU**:

- DOOCS device server
- Linux driver
- Hot-swap support:
remove a module in
a running system



Management Data
is available in
all applications



DOOCS xTCA IPMI Server

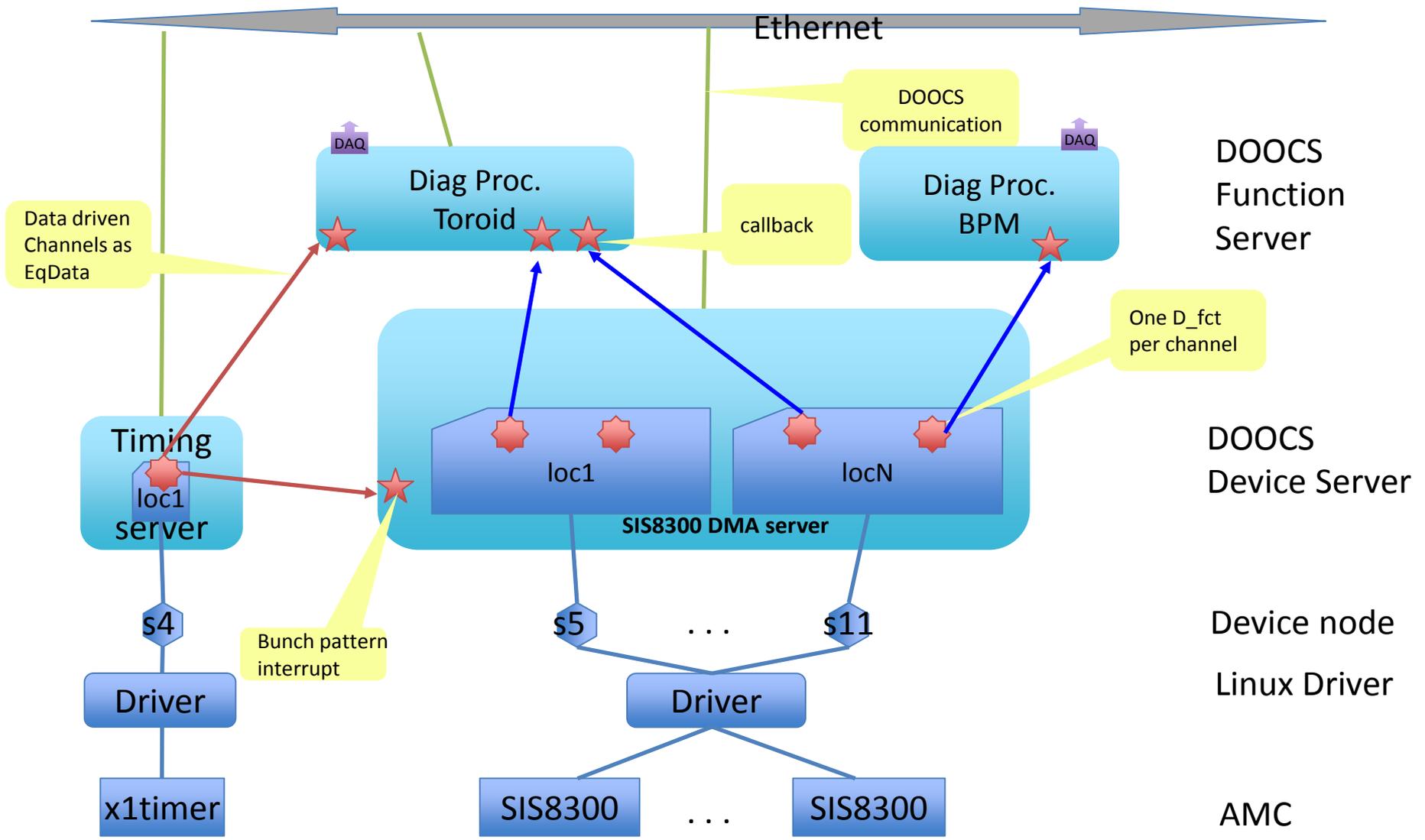
IPMI

MCH (MicroTCA Carrier Hub)

- Crate Manager
- Provide Ethernet switching
- Manage HotSwap



Front-end Architecture: example Toroid

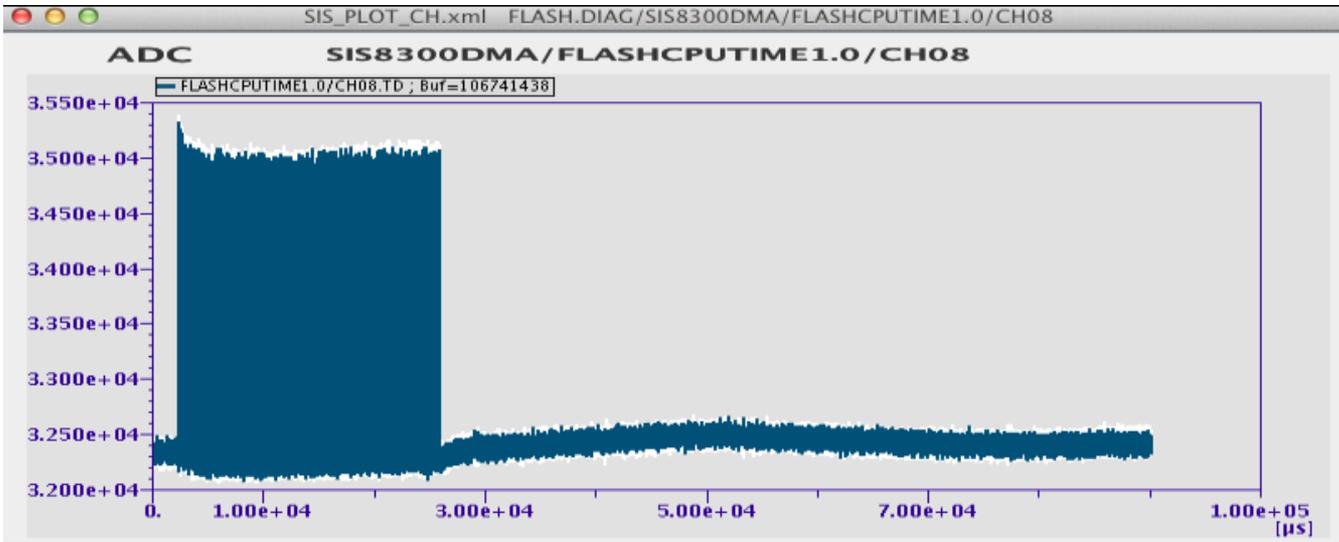




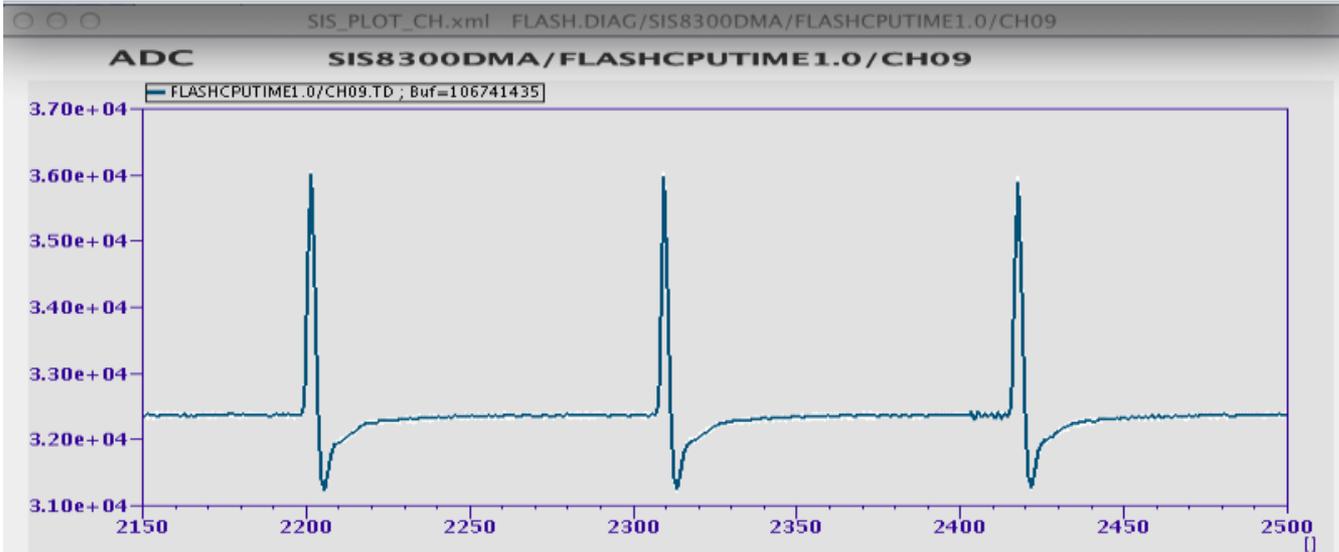
The Intelligent Transport Layer

- The socket library that acts as a concurrency framework
 - Faster than TCP, for clustered products and supercomputing
 - Carries messages across inter process communication(IPC), TCP, and multicast
 - Connect N-to-N via fanout, pubsub, pipeline, request-reply
 - Asynchronous I/O for scalable multicore message-passing apps
 - Large and active open source community
 - 30+ languages including C, C++, Java, .NET, Python
-
- ✓ It was easy to integrate into our DOOCS system
 - ✓ It runs stable
 - ✓ Fast and reliable reconnects after restarts of processes in the chain

SIS300 DMA server @ FLASH

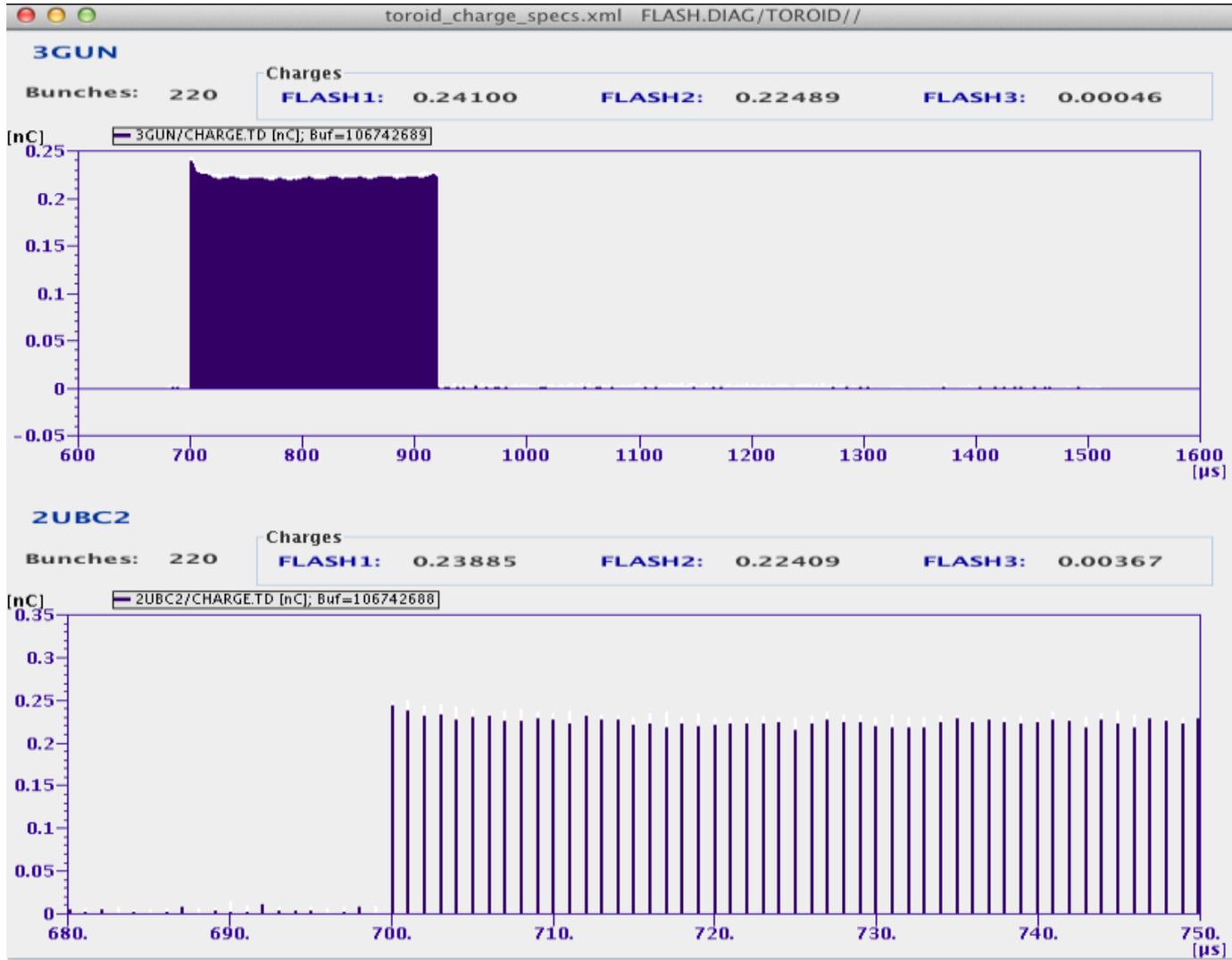


Raw Signal
from ADC
90000 samples
== 830μs



Raw Signal
from ADC
Zoomed in to
show 3 bunches

Toroid server @ FLASH



Charge reading from Toroid server
220 Bunches
1MHz RepRate

Charge reading from Toroid server
Zoomed in around first bunches

Some test results

- On Core-Duo 1.5 GHz CPU (low end CPU)
- Source Code not yet optimized
 - Additional buffer copy into Messaging system
- Test results (90KB buffer, 108 MHz sampling, 10Hz operation)
 - SIS8300 DMA server with 10 ADC channels
 - ~6 % CPU usage
 - Toroid Server with 10 locations
 - ~12 % CPU usage
- Latency from Driver to toroid-server (all processing included)
 - ✓ ~4ms for one channel
 - ✓ ~22ms for 10 channels
- => only little overhead by the Messaging system

- ***μTCA***™ Hardware available
- Messaging Software based on **ØMQ** is include in DOOCS server library
 - First successful tests
 - Available since May 2012
- XFEL Timing system
 - First hardware is available
 - DOOCS Server available since May 2012
 - Connection to FLASH timing is done since June 2012
- DMA Server for SIS8300 including Messaging Software under development
 - First test are done
- Toroid Server including Messaging Software under development
 - First successful test are done

Conclusion

- XFEL fast diagnostics and controls will be based on **μ TCA™**
- **ØMQ** message passing is included in the DOOCS core
- Hardware and Software tested and proven
- Complete installation planned for spring 2013 at FLASH
- FLASH2 will run with **μ TCA™** after the shutdown in summer 2013
- XFEL installation in 2013/2014

Thank You for Your Attention!

More Info:

<http://doocs.desy.de>



Olaf Hensler DESY – MCS, Hamburg, Germany
PCaPAC 2012, 4 – 8 Dec. 2012, Kolkata, India



Nov. 2012

Oct. 2009