

Vasiliy Morozov for JLEIC Collaboration



JLEIC Collaboration

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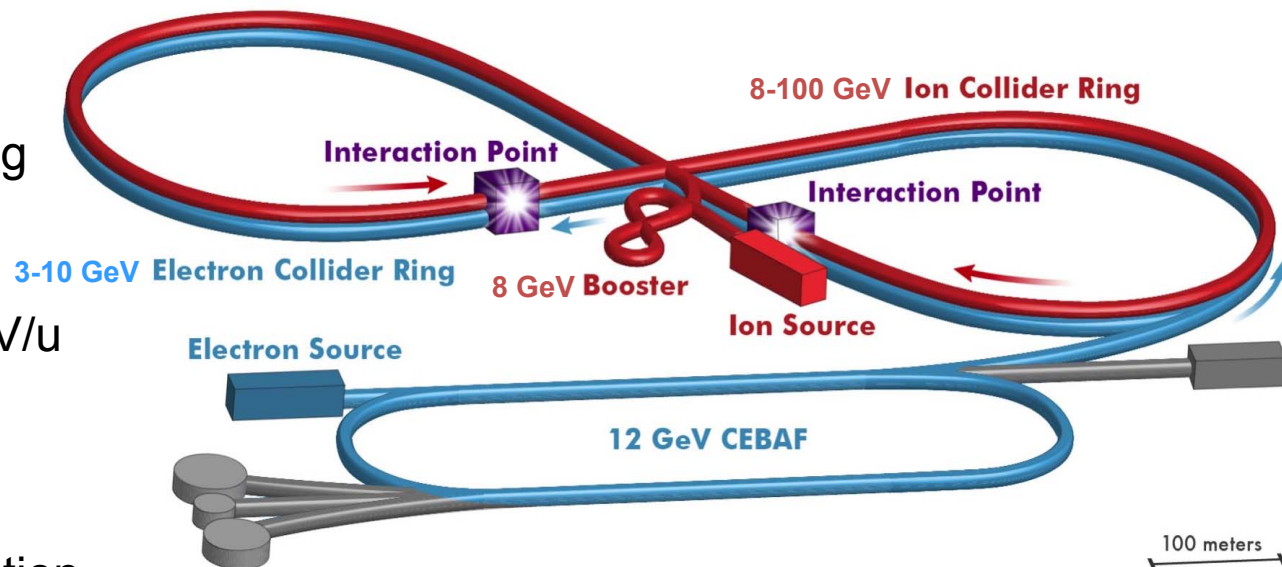
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Outline

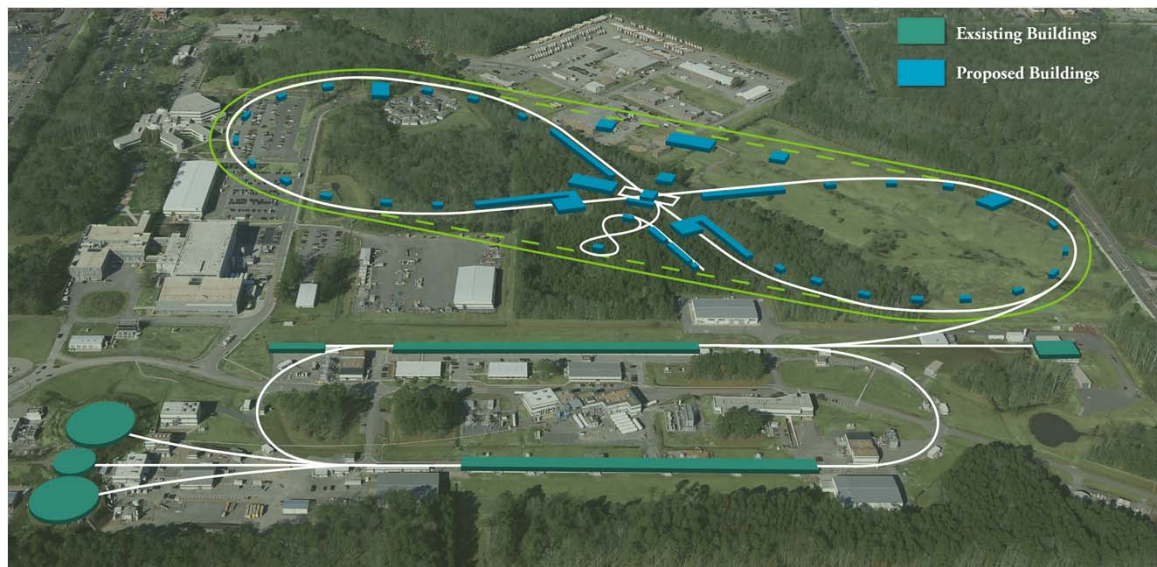
- Introduction
 - JLab's approach to the design
 - JLEIC design overview
- Electron complex
 - CEBAF as a full-energy injector
 - Electron collider ring
 - Electron polarization
- Ion complex
 - Ion injector complex
 - Ion collider ring
 - Electron cooling
 - Ion polarization
- Detector region
- R&D status and plans
- Conclusions

JLEIC Layout

- Electron complex
 - CEBAF
 - Electron collider ring
- Ion complex
 - Ion source
 - SRF linac (285 MeV/u for protons)
 - Booster
 - Ion collider ring
- Optimum detector location for minimizing background



arXiv:1504.07961



Key Design Concepts

- **High luminosity**: **high collision rate** of short modest-charge low-emittance bunches

- **Small beam size**

- Small $\beta^* \Rightarrow$ Short bunch length $\Rightarrow$ Low bunch charge, high repetition rate
- Small emittance $\Rightarrow$ Cooling

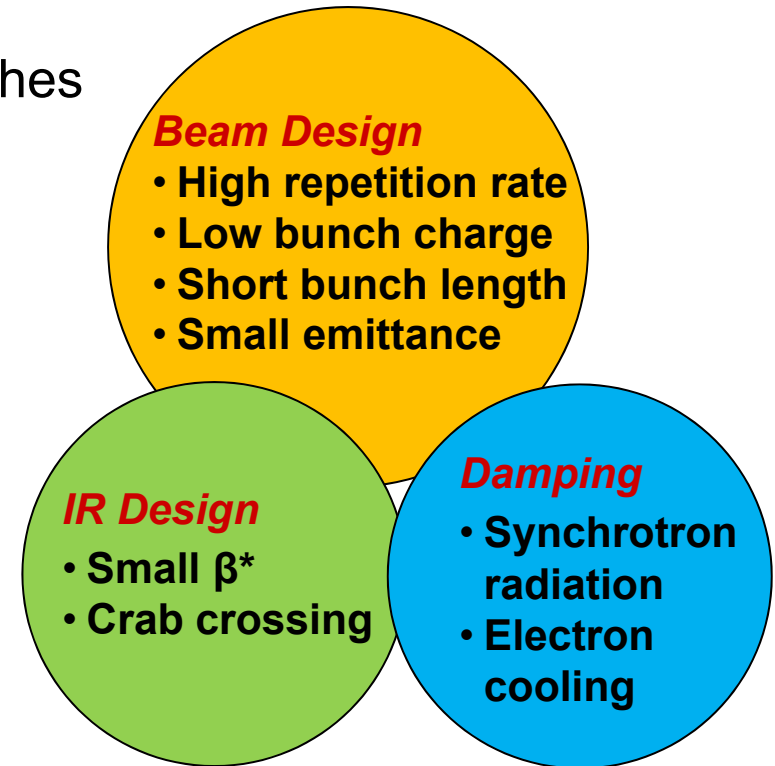
- Similar to lepton colliders such as KEK-B with $L > 2 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

$$L = f \frac{n_1 n_2}{4\pi\sigma_x^* \sigma_y^*} \sim f \frac{n_1 n_2}{\epsilon\beta_y^*}$$

- **High polarization**: **figure-8** ring design

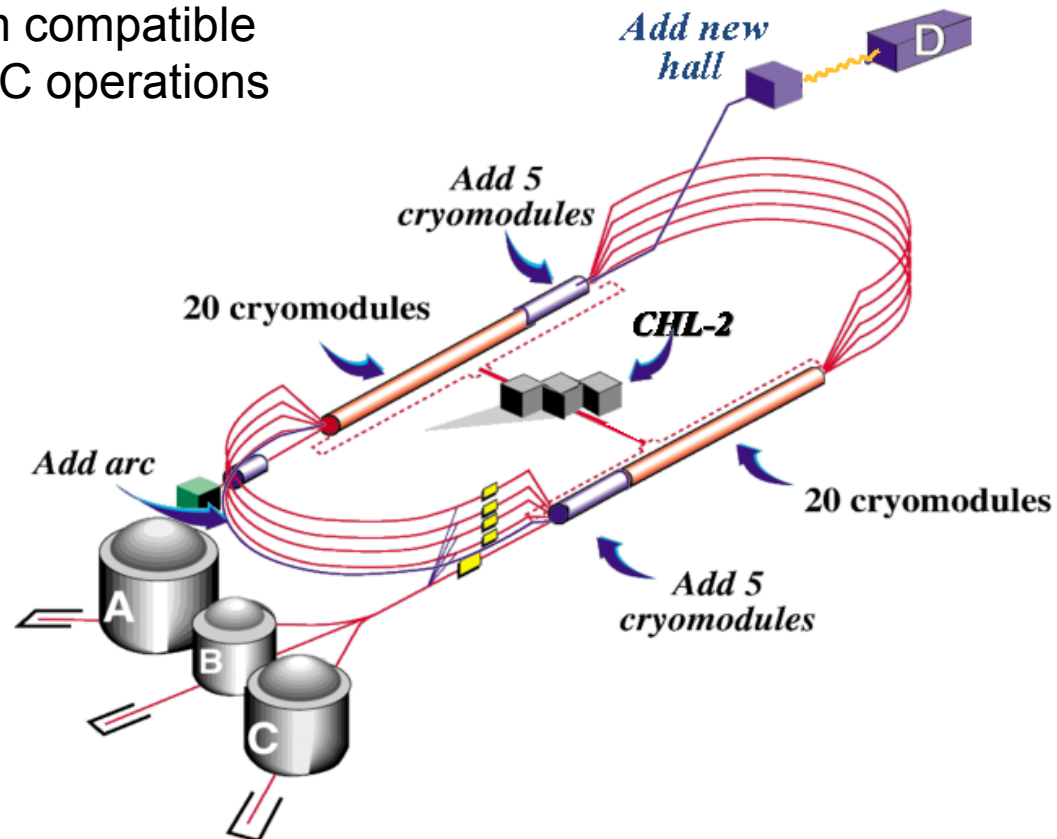
- Net spin precession zero
- Spin easily controlled by small magnetic fields for any particle species

- **Full acceptance primary detector** including **far-forward acceptance**



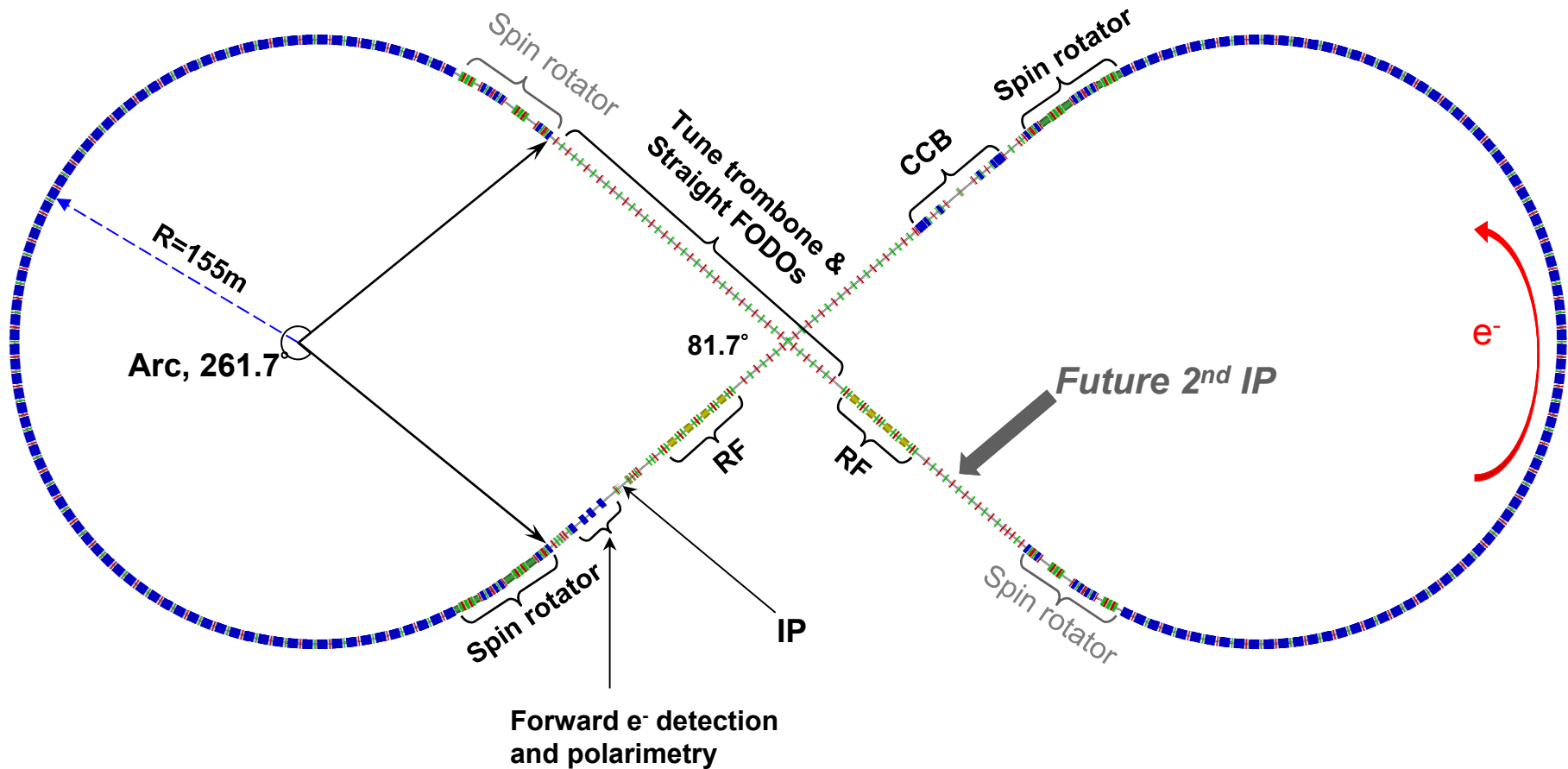
CEBAF... more than full-energy injector!

- Commissioned in Spring 2014
- Operated at **12 GeV** in Fall 2015
- First Physics Run in **Spring 2016**
- Exciting science fixed target program
 - Fixed-target program compatible with concurrent JLEIC operations



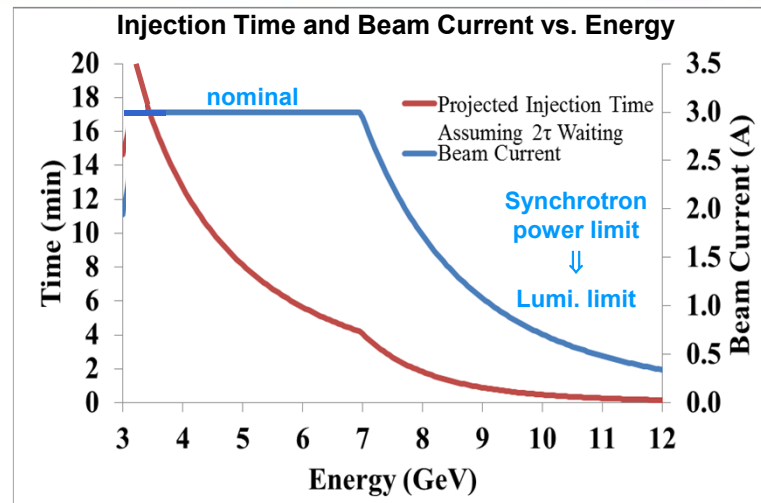
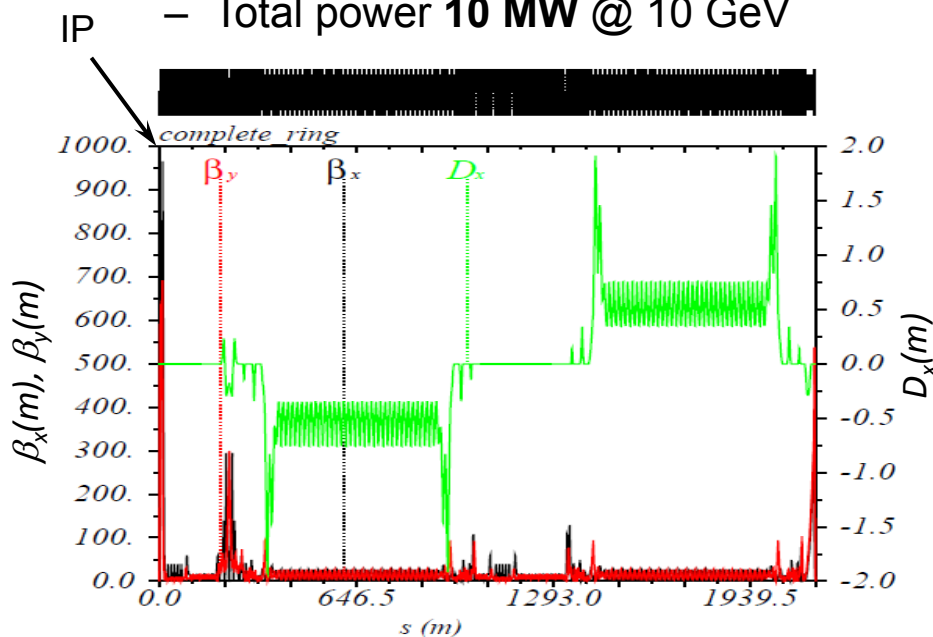
Electron Collider Ring Layout

- Circumference of 2154.28 m
- Possible cost reduction by reusing PEP-II vacuum pipe, RF and magnets

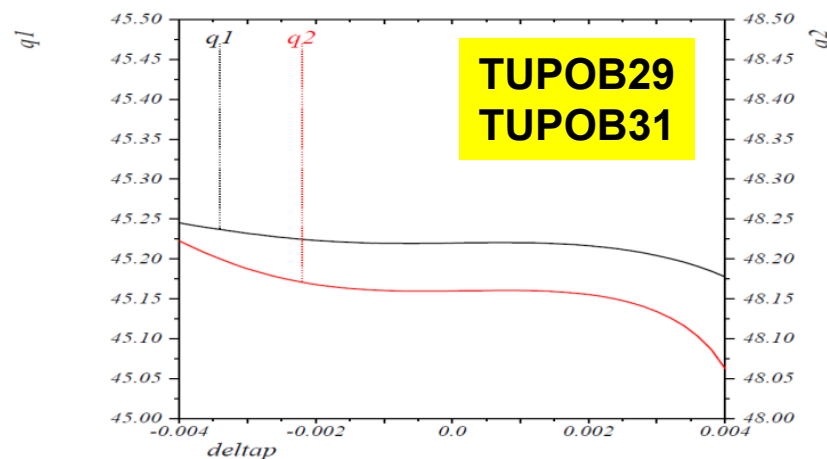


Electron Beam Dynamics

- Electron injection from CEBAF
 - Existing CEBAF source gun
 - Two polarization states injection
 - $f_{ring} / f_{cebafe} = 476.3\text{MHz} / 1497\text{MHz} = 7 / 22$
- Electron beam
 - **3A** at up to 7 GeV
 - Normalized emittance **96 μm** @ 5 GeV
 - Synchrotron power density < **10kW/m**
 - Total power **10 MW** @ 10 GeV



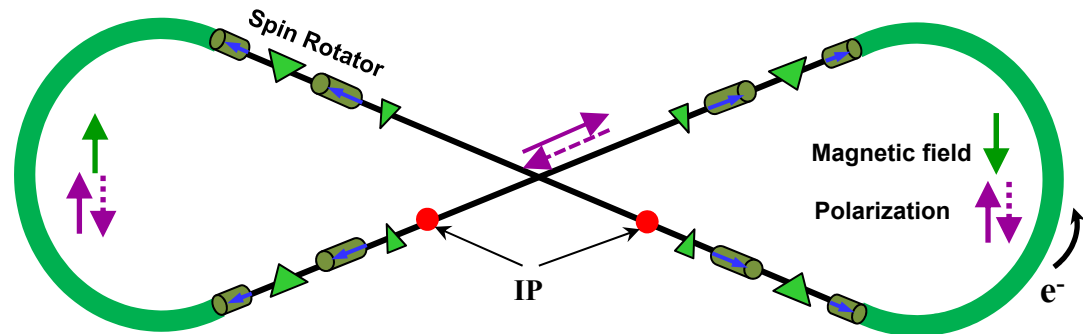
- Emittance and non-linear dynamics optimization in progress



Electron Polarization

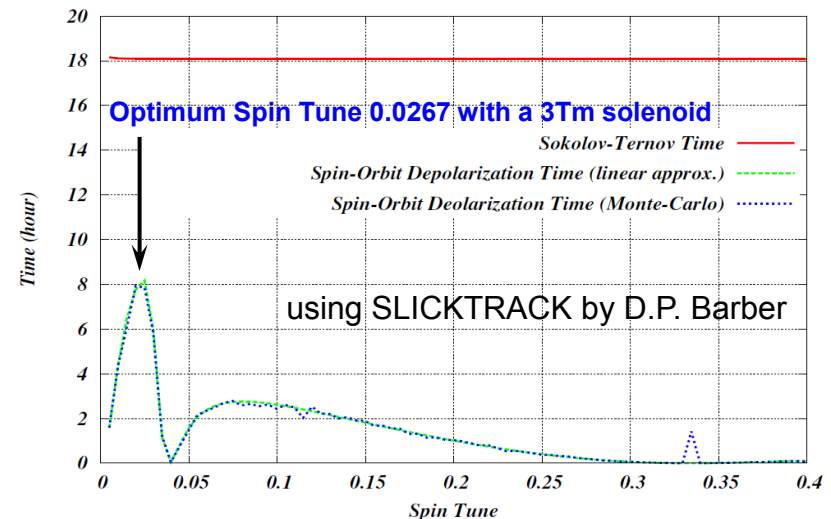
- Two vertically polarized bunch trains injected from CEBAF in an arc

- Universal spin rotator
 - Sequence of solenoid and dipole sections
 - Makes the spin longitudinal in the straights
 - First order spin matched

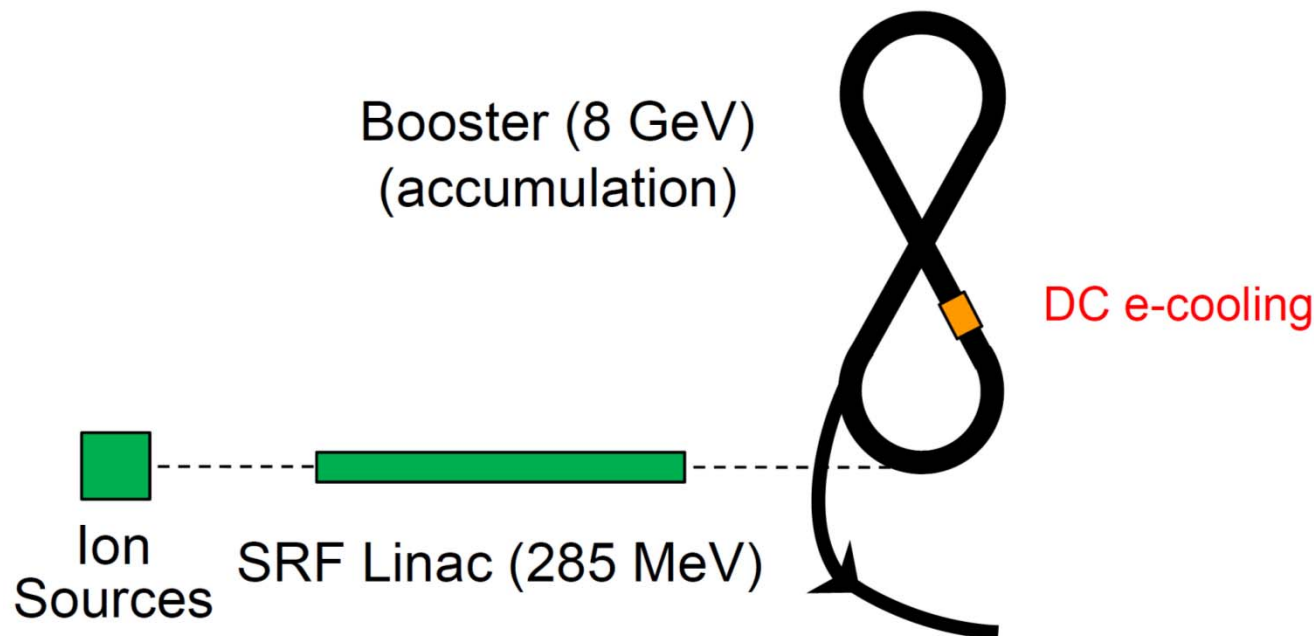


Energy (GeV)	3	5	7	9	10
Estimated Pol. Lifetime (hours)	66	5.2	2.2	1.3	0.8

- Spin dynamics symmetric for oppositely polarized states
- Feature of figure-8: no synchrotron side-band spin resonances in contrast to racetrack



Ion Injector Complex Overview



- Ion injector complex relies on demonstrated technologies for sources and injectors
 - Atomic Beam Polarized Ion Source (ABPIS) for polarized or unpolarized light ions, Electron Beam Ion Source (EBIS) and/or Electron Cyclotron Resonance (ECR) ion source for unpolarized heavy ions
 - Design for an SRF linac based on ANL design
 - 8 GeV Booster with imaginary transition energy
 - Injection/extraction lines to/from Booster are designed

Booster

- 8 GeV/c Booster serves for

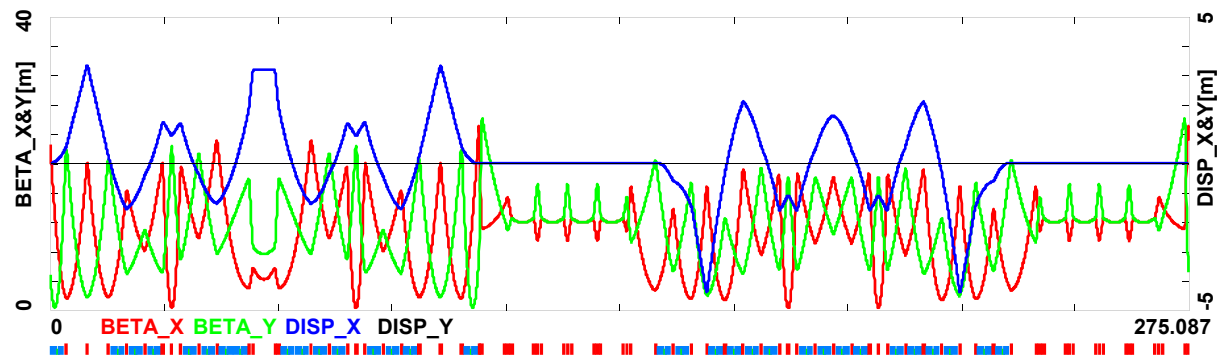
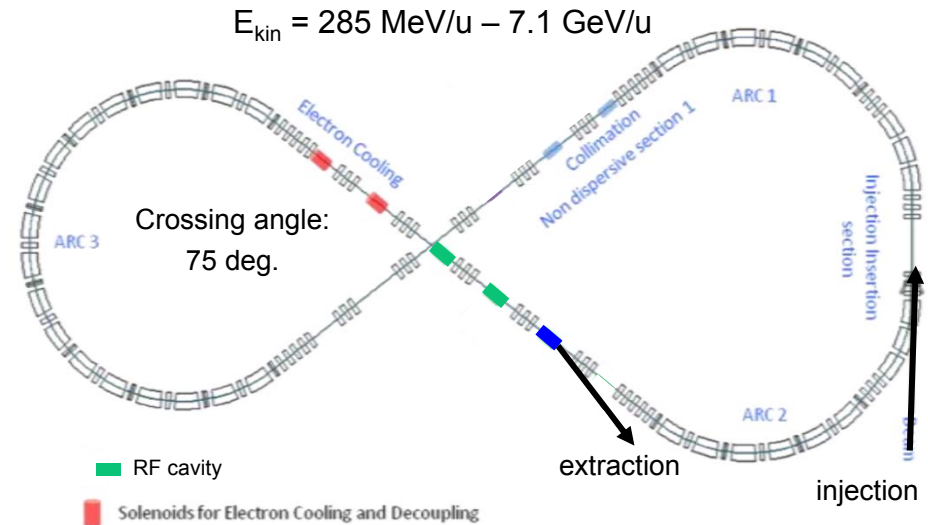
- Accumulation of ions injected from Linac
- Cooling
- Acceleration of ions
- Extraction and transfer of ions to the collider ring

- Injection

- H⁻ single pulse charge stripping at 285 MeV/u (0.22 – 0.25 ms long pulses ~180 turns)
- Phase-space painting combined with electron cooling for heavy ions

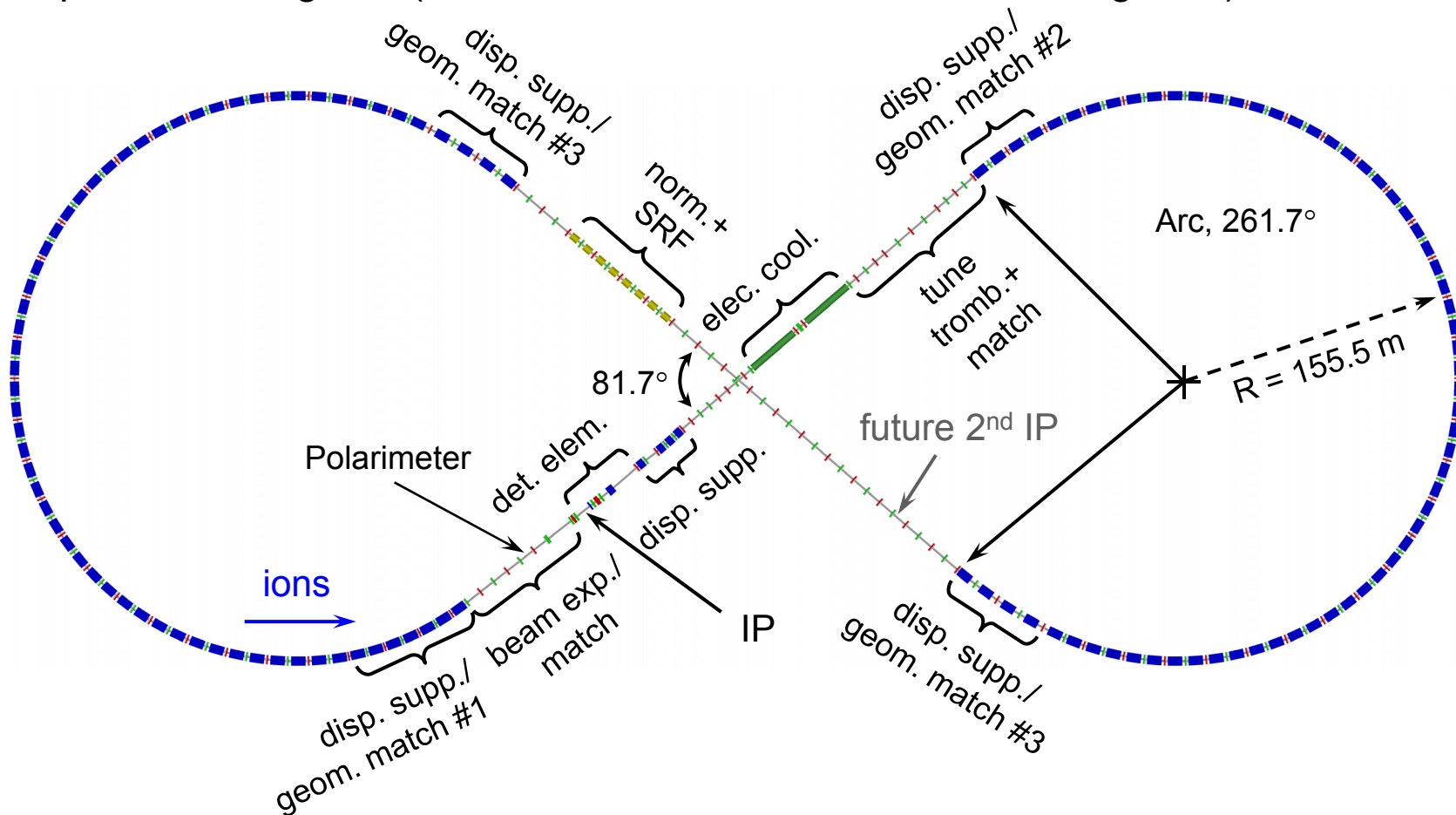
- Design

- Circumference of 275 m
- No transition energy crossing
- Figure-8 shape for preserving ion polarization



Ion Collider Ring Layout

- Circumference of 2153.9 m
- Protons: 100 GeV/u (63 GeV/u in COM with 10 GeV e)
Lead: 40 GeV/u (40 GeV/u in COM with 10 GeV e)
- Super-ferric magnets ($\cos\theta$ under consideration as risk mitigation)

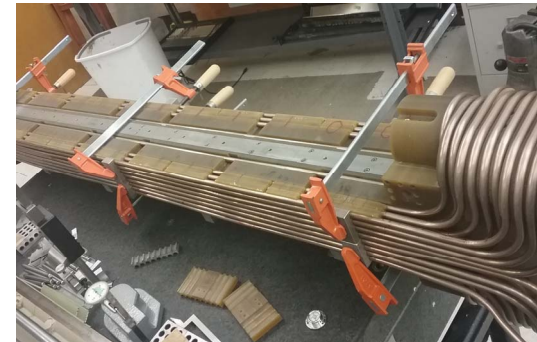
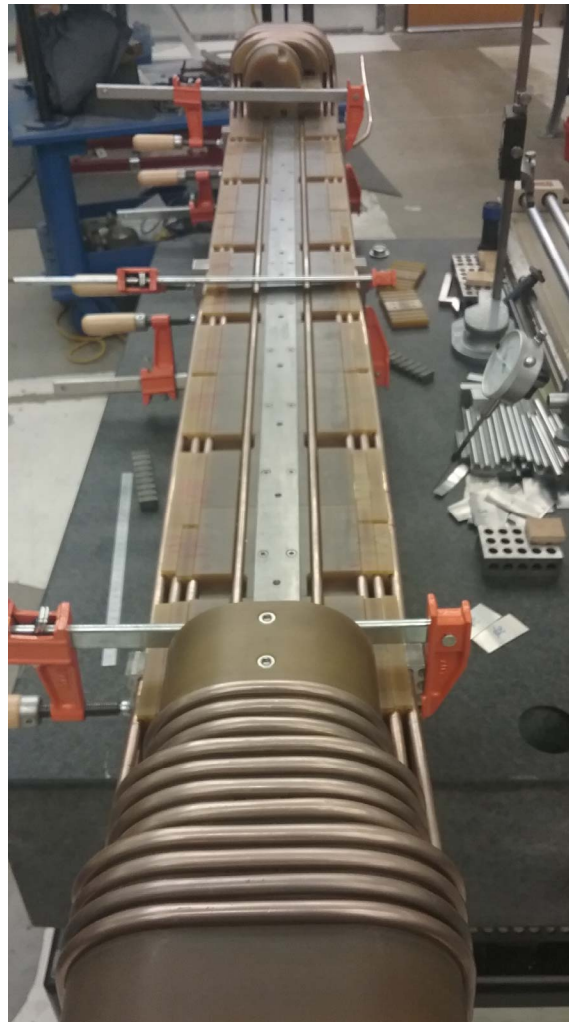
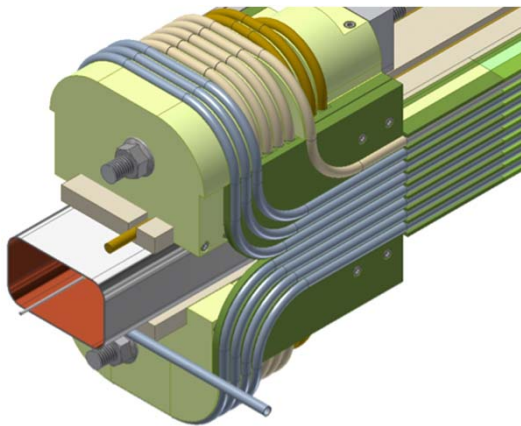
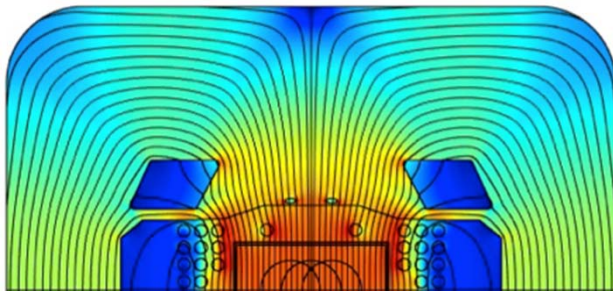


Super-Ferric Magnets

- 3 T
- Cost effective
- Fast ramp rate [1 T/s]
- Cable-in-conduit conductor

- Prototype winding

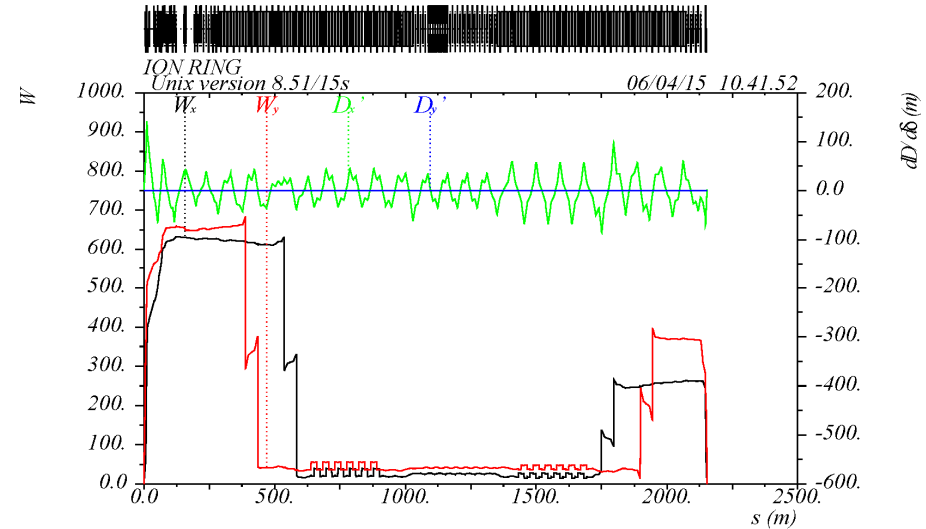
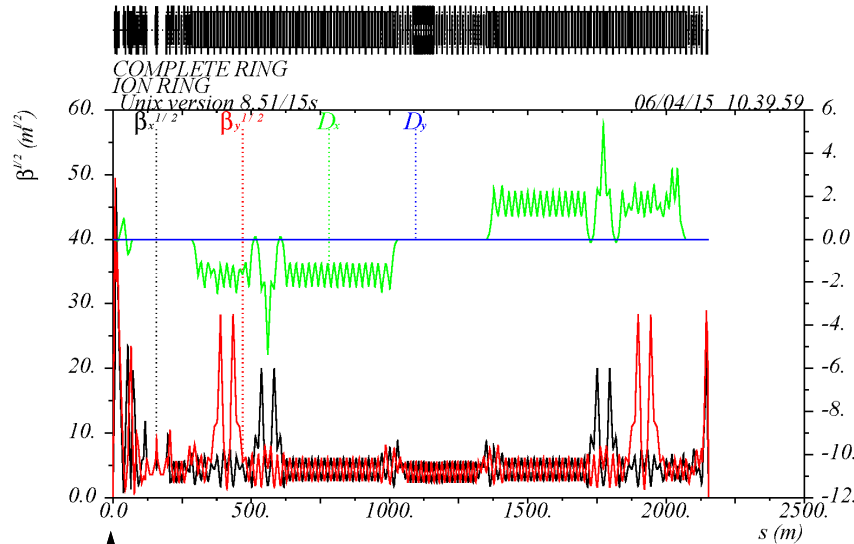
MOPOB54



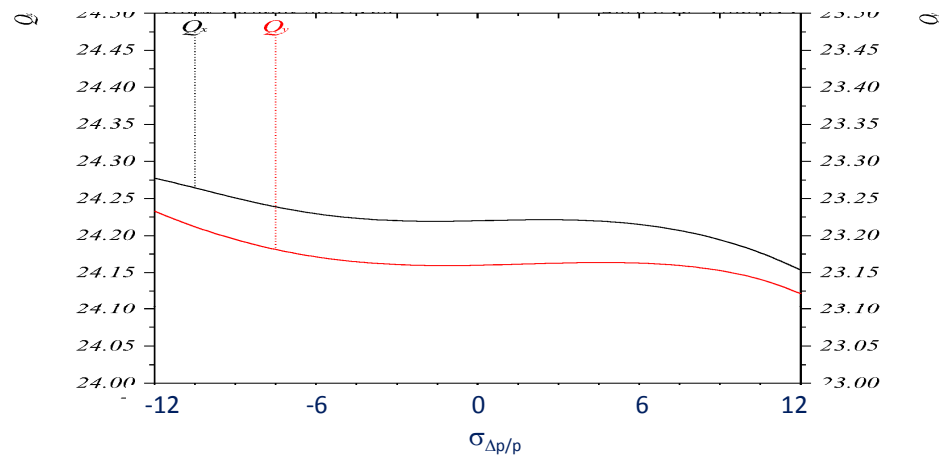
Nonlinear Dynamics

- Nonlinear dynamics optimized: “-/” sextupoles pairs in the arcs

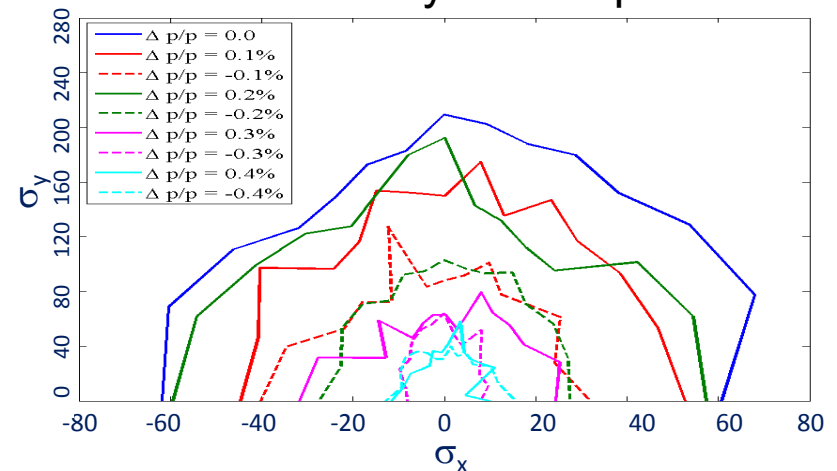
MOA4CO03



IP • Momentum acceptance

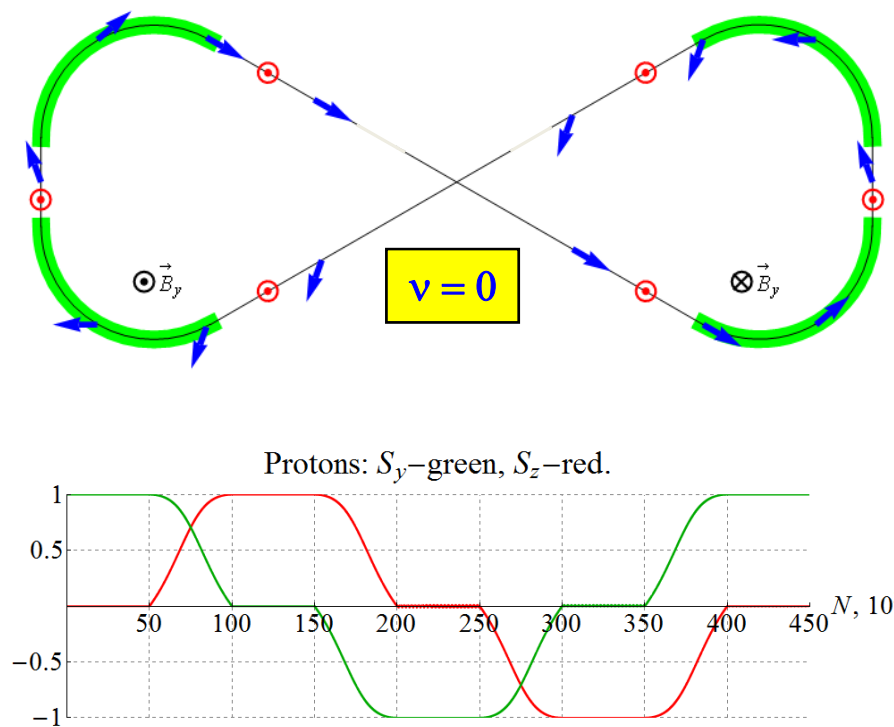
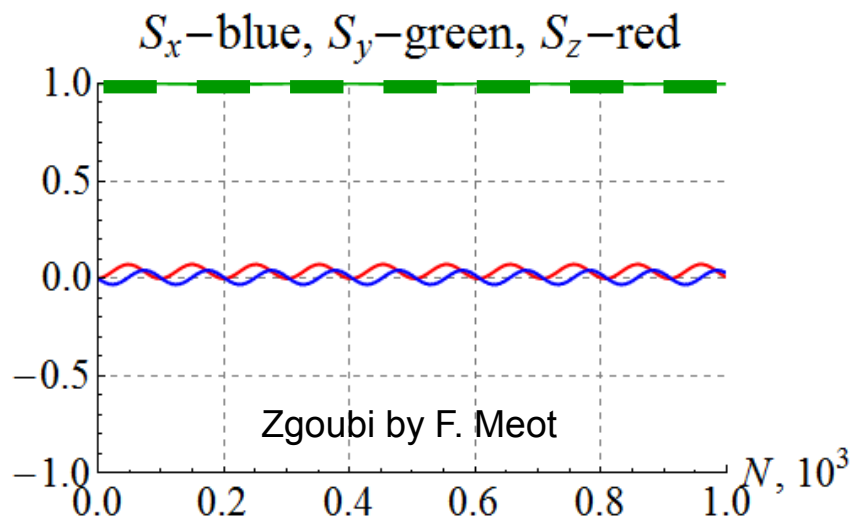


• Enhanced dynamic aperture



Ion Polarization

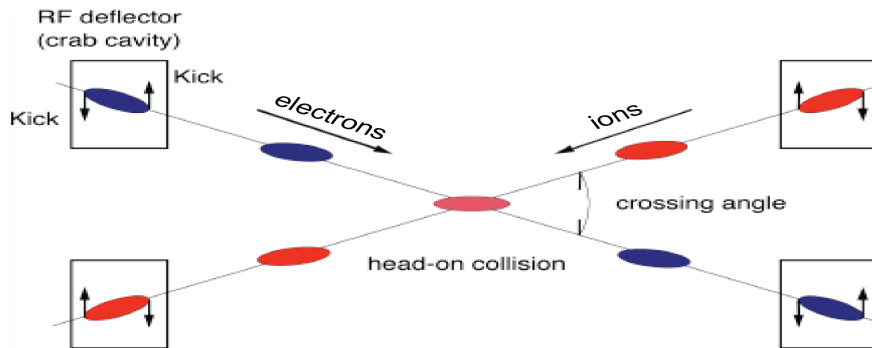
- Figure-8 concept: Spin precession in one arc is exactly cancelled in the other
- Spin stabilization by small fields: ~ 3 Tm vs. < 400 Tm for deuterons at 100 GeV
 - Criterion: induced spin rotation $\gg$ spin rotation due to orbit errors
- **3D spin rotator**: combination of small rotations about different axes provides any polarization orientation at any point in the collider ring
- No effect on the orbit
- Polarized deuterons
- Frequent adiabatic spin flips
- Simulations in progress



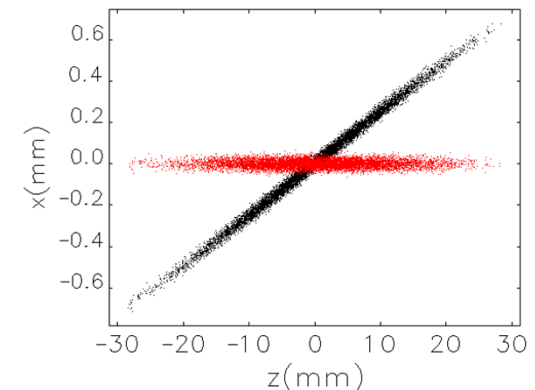
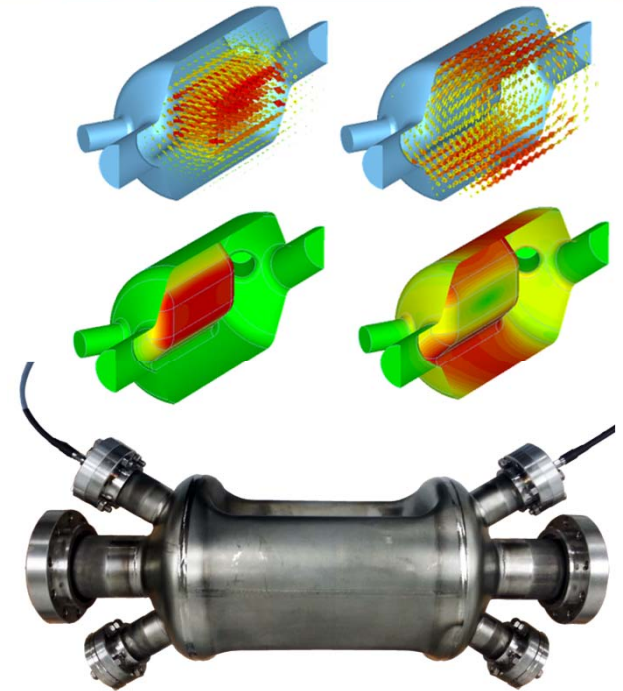
TUPOB30

Crab Crossing $\Rightarrow$ 10x Luminosity Gain

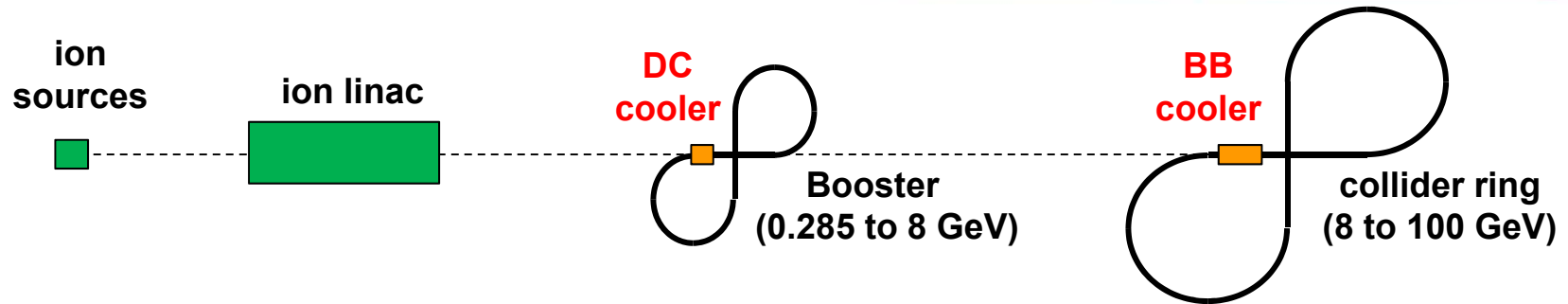
- Effective head-on bunch collisions restored with 50 mrad crossing angle
- Local crab scheme



- Two cavities are placed at $(n+1)\pi/2$ phase advance relative to IP
- Optimal β_x at locations of crab cavities for minimizing the required kicking voltage
- Deflective crabbing using transverse electric field of SRF cavities (as at KEK-B)
- Prototype fabricated and characterized at ODU
- Crab dynamics simulations in progress



Multi-Step Cooling Scheme



Ring	Cooler	Function	Ion energy GeV/u	Electron energy MeV
Booster ring	DC	Injection/accumulation of positive ions	0.11 ~ 0.19 (injection)	0.062 ~ 0.1
		Emittance reduction	2	1.1
Collider ring	Bunched Beam Cooling (BBC)	Maintain emittance during stacking	7.9 (injection)	4.3
		Maintain emittance	Up to 100	Up to 55

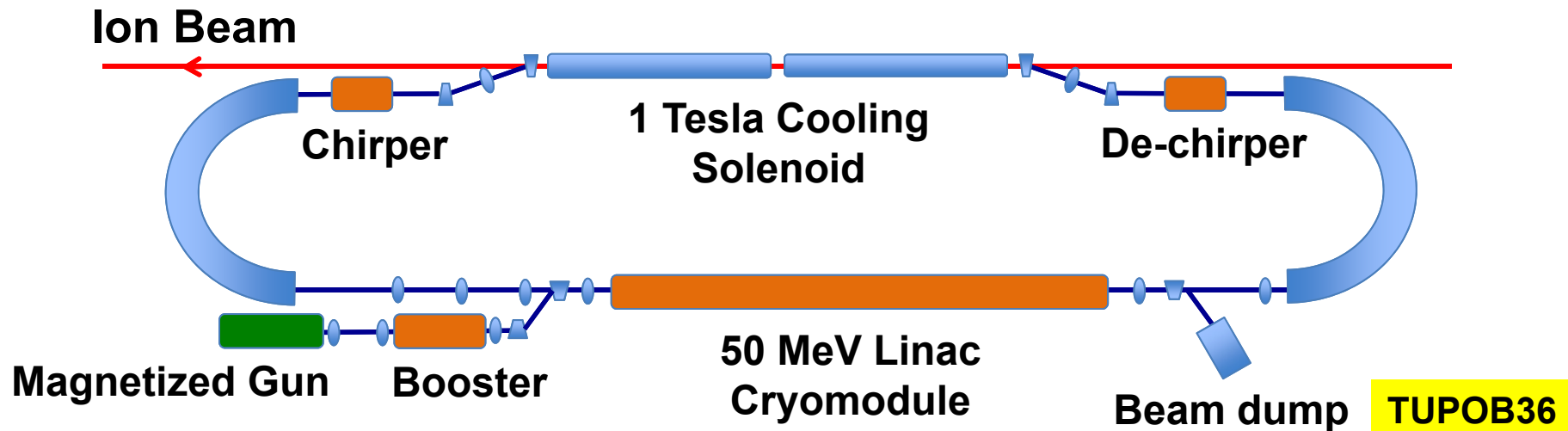
- DC cooling for emittance reduction
- BBC for emittance preservation against intra-beam scattering

ERL Cooler

- Bunched electron cooling
- Magnetized cooling beam for higher efficiency
- Concept experimentally tested at IMP, China
- Progress on magnetized gun development
- Demonstration of magnetized beam transport in simulations
- Space charge and CSR shown not to be issues
- 952 MHz cavity development started

PARAMETERS

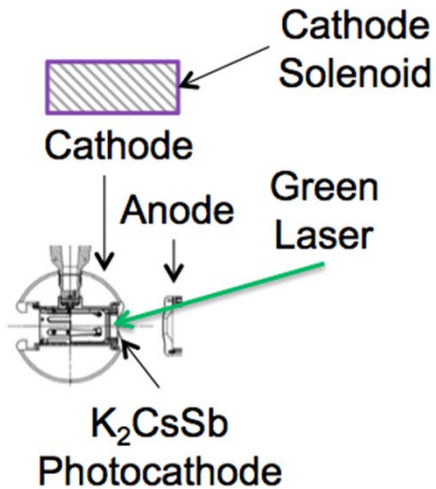
energy	20–55 MeV
charge	420 pC
linac frequency	952.6 MHz
bunch length	2 cm
gun voltage	400 kV
solenoid field	1 T
solenoid length	2 x 30m



TUPOB36

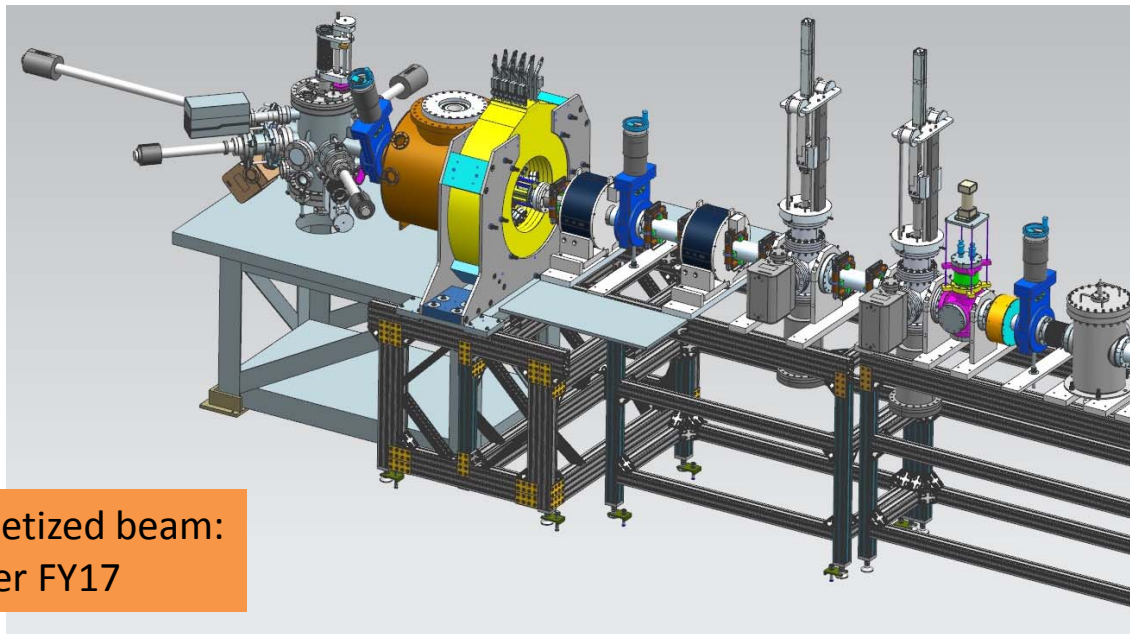
Source for Magnetized Cooling

Proposal awarded
JLAB 2016 LDRD



Bunch length	60 ps (2 cm)
Repetition rate	476.3 MHz
Bunch charge	420 pC
Peak current	7.0 A
Average current	200 mA
Transverse normalized emittance	10s microns
Cathode spot radius – Flat-top (a_0)	1.56 mm
Solenoid field at cathode (B_z)	2 kG

Test: 32mA
limited only by PS

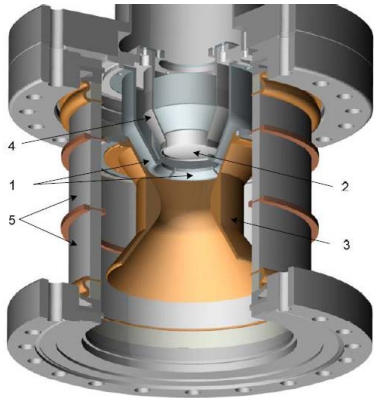


First magnetized beam:
first quarter FY17

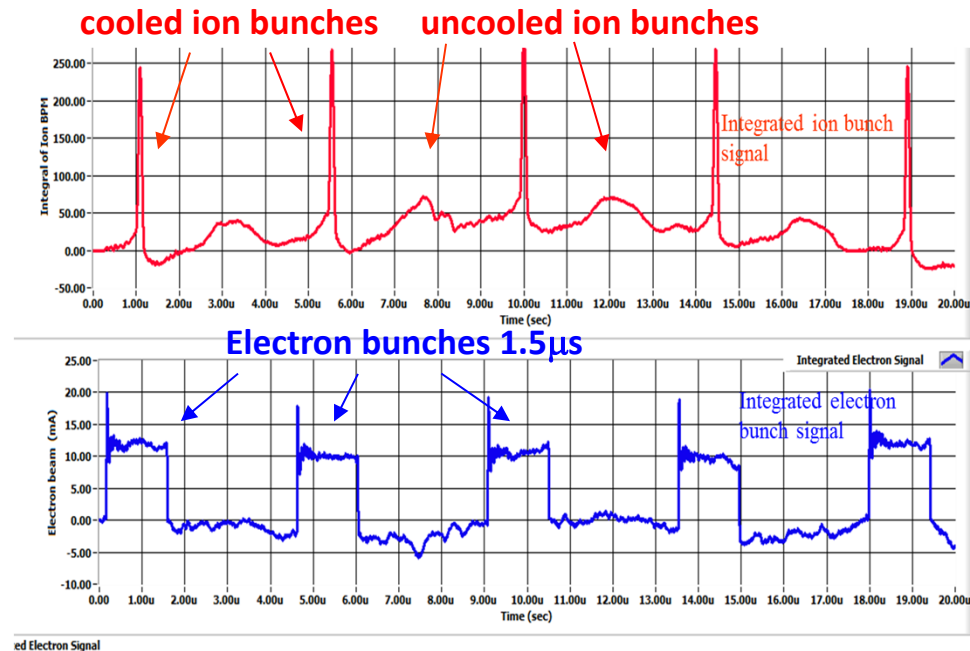


Bunched Beam Experiment

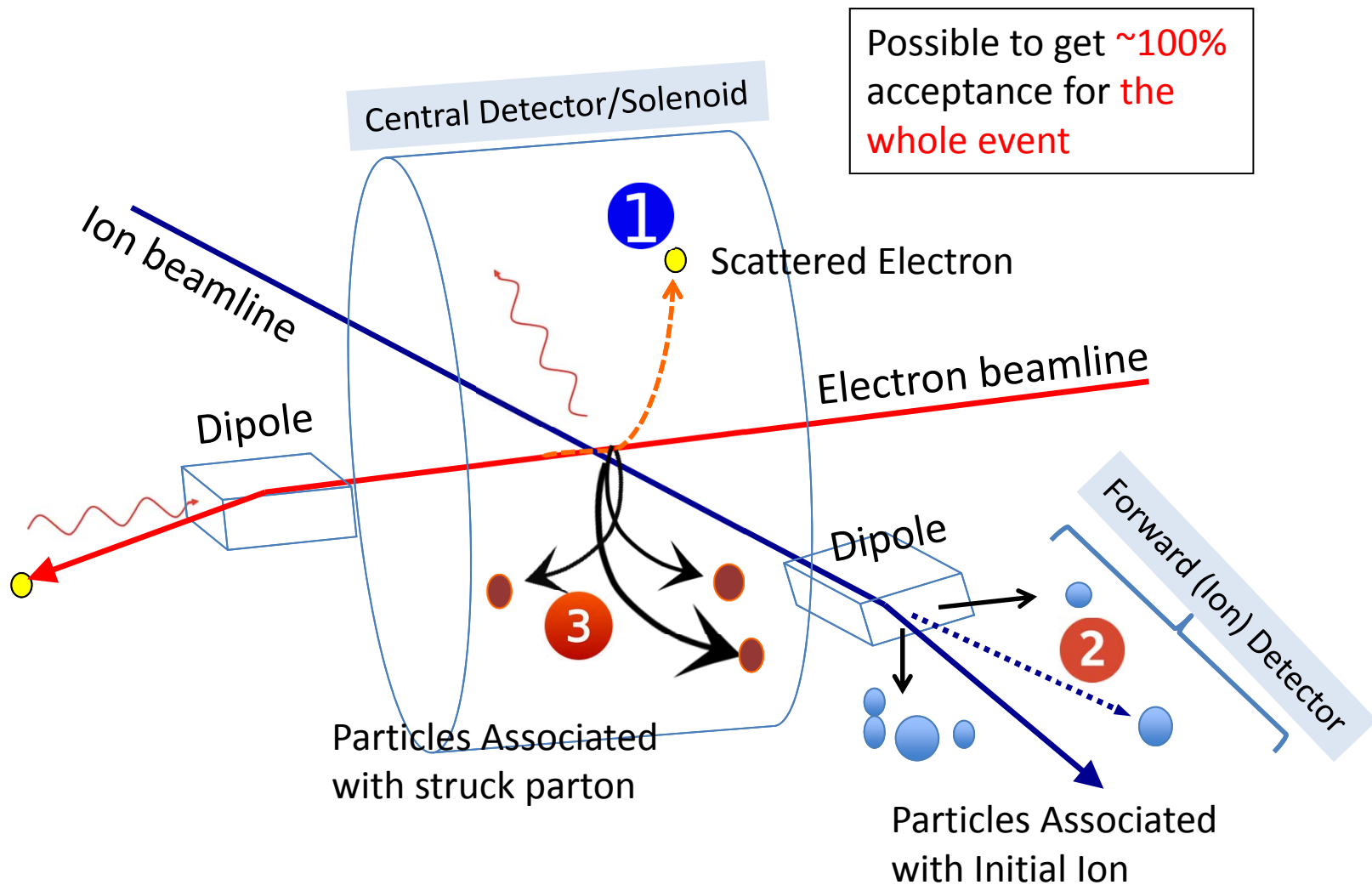
- Collaboration between JLab and Institute of Modern Physics (IMP), China
- Cooling electron bunches produced by pulsing the source of conventional DC electron cooler
- First experiment on May 17-22, 2016 using 7 MeV/u $^{12}\text{C}^{6+}$ beam stored in the CSRm ring
- Cooling of ion beam observed: first successful step towards experimental demonstration of bunched beam cooling
- Data analysis in progress



Experimental data from BPMs



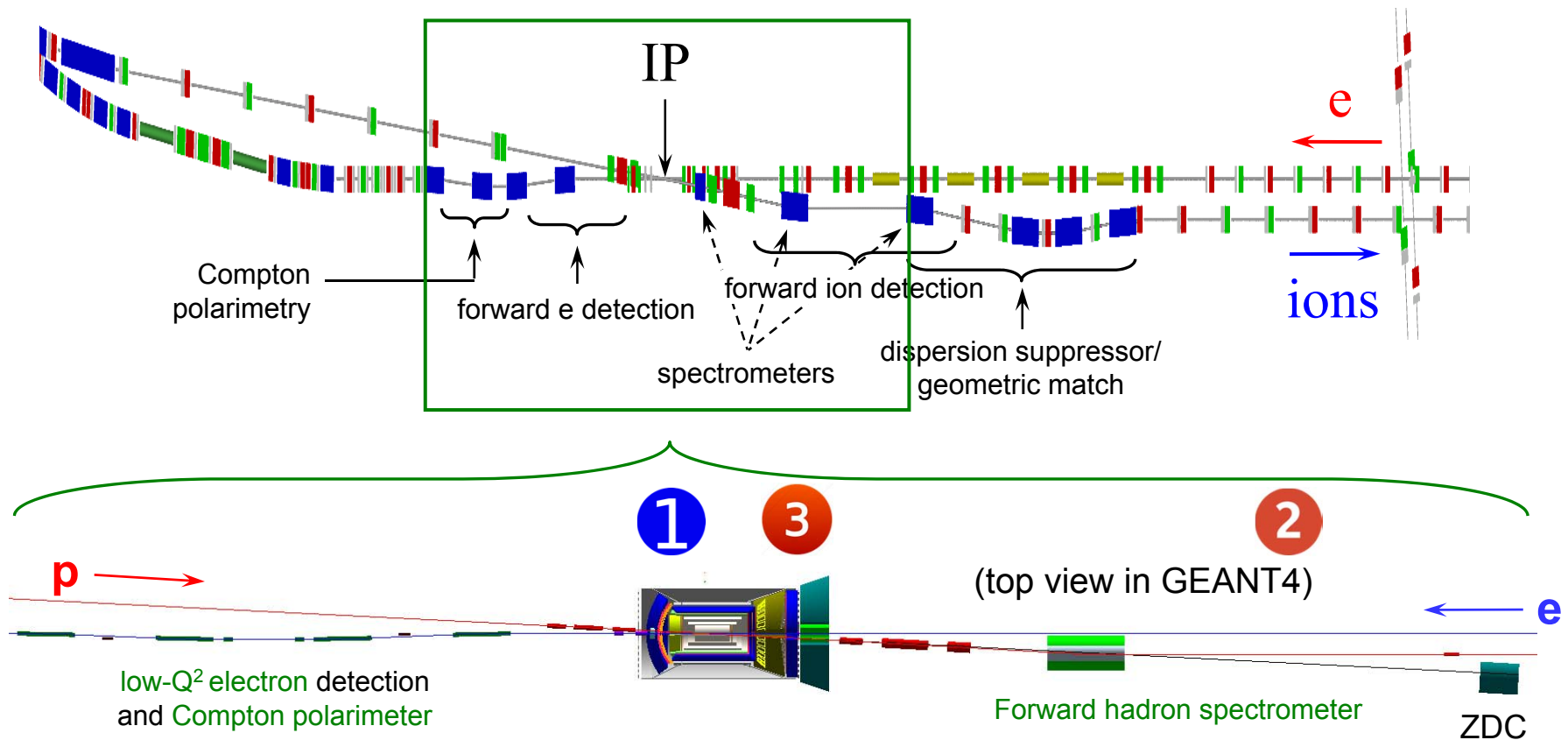
Interaction Region Concept



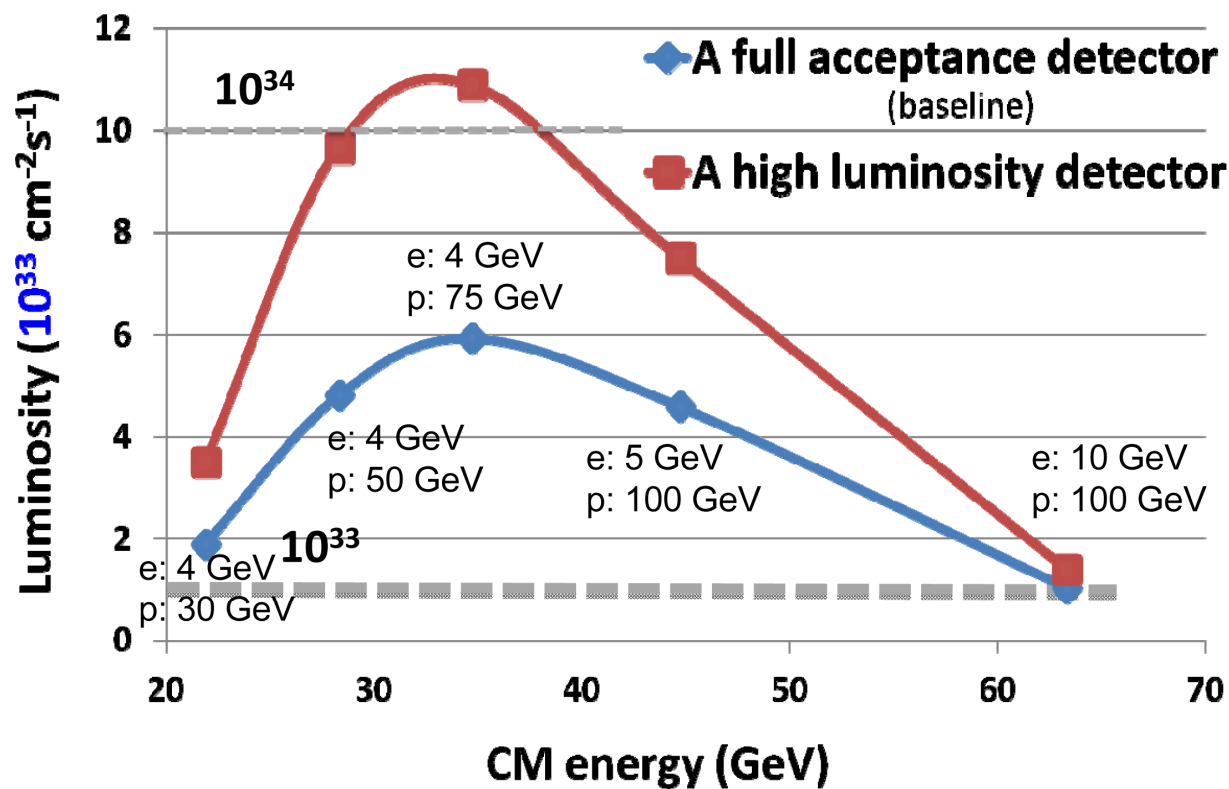
Courtesy of R. Yoshida

Detector Region

- Integrated detector region design developed satisfying the requirements of
 - Detection
 - Beam dynamics
 - Geometric match
- GEANT4 detector model developed, simulations in progress



e-p Collision Luminosity



Design point (CM)	p energy (GeV)	e ⁻ energy (GeV)	Main luminosity limitation
low	30	4	space charge
medium	100	5	equilibrium emittances
high	100	10	synchrotron radiation

Work in Progress

Performance optimization:

- Upgrade to multi-turn electron cooling (recirculate cooling beam a few times) due to recent progress on
 - ERL cooler design
 - Fast kicker development
- Development of low emittance lattice of electron collider ring
- Collision parameter optimization

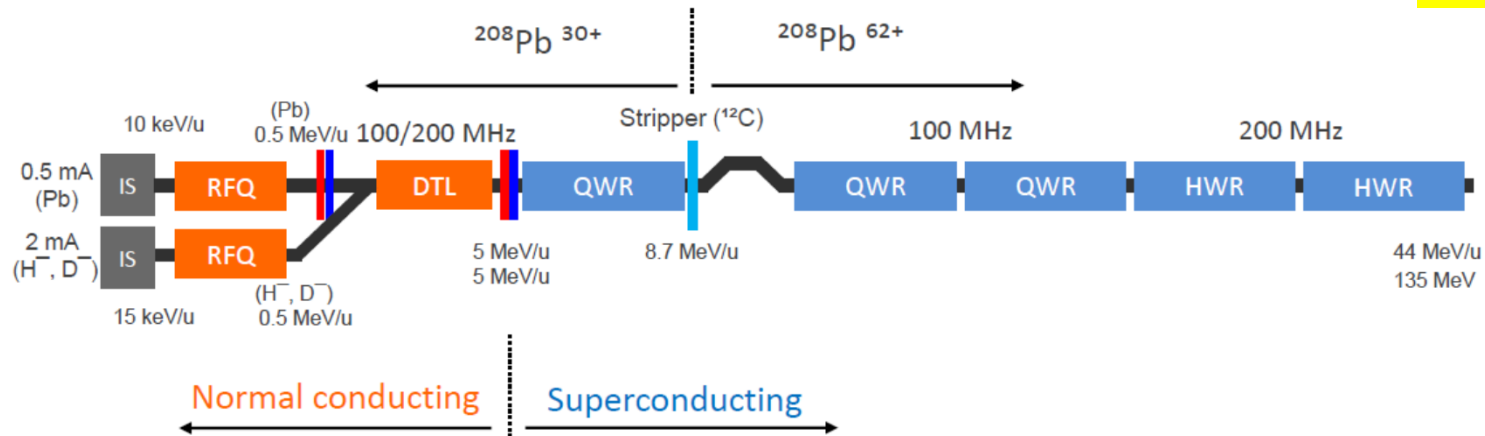
Cost optimization:

- Evaluation of SRF linac energy reduction to 140 MeV/u

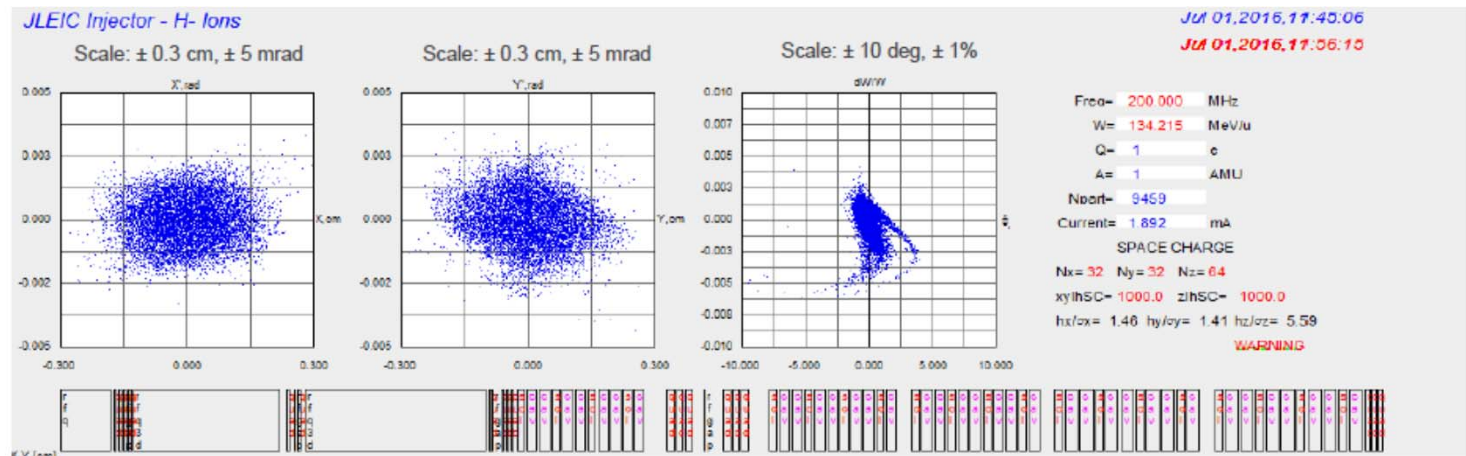
Lower-Energy Linac

- Has been designed and optimized

MOB4CO04



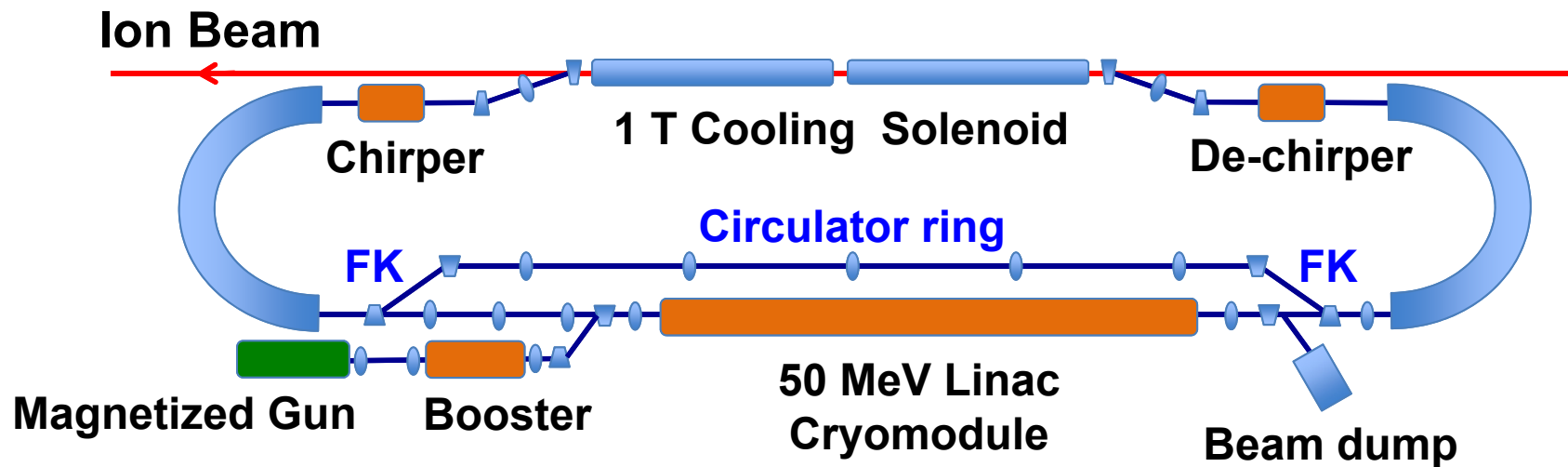
- End-to-end simulation completed



- Low-energy Booster studies in progress

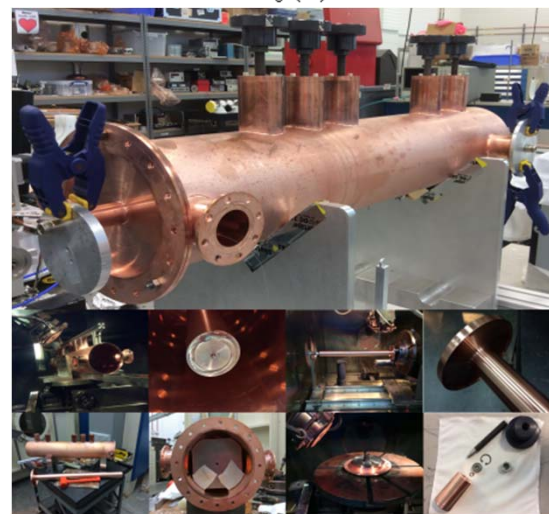
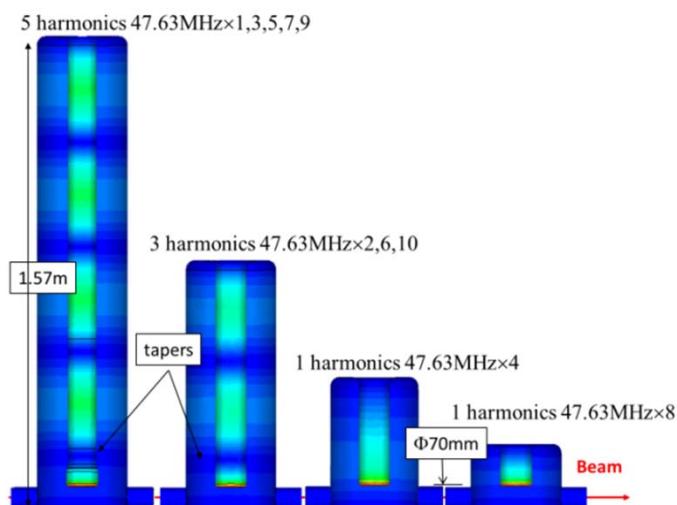
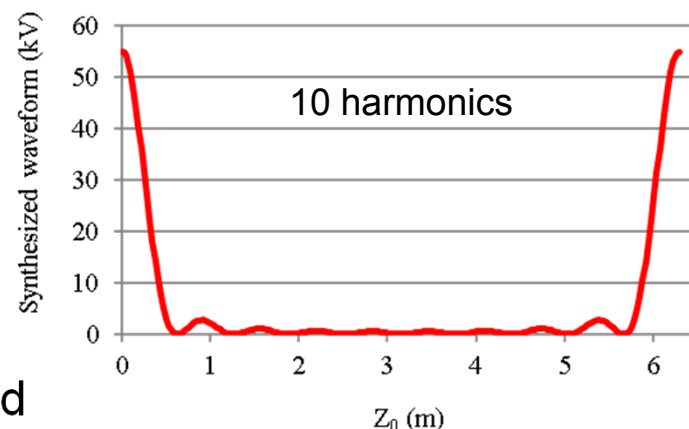
Multi-Turn Cooling

- Electrons circulate 10 to 30 turns in **circulator ring**,
- Beam current and bunch repetition frequency reduced by a factor of 10 to 30
- **Fast kickers (FK)** needed with rise and fall-off times of a fraction of a ns



Fast Kicker

- Enables cooling upgrade: performance improved / requirements relaxed by circulating cooling beam a few times
- Main challenge: kicking 952 MHz electron bunches in and out of circulator ring
- Harmonic kicker:
combination of N of RF harmonics
kicks every N's bunch
- Harmonic cavity kicker
 - High power efficiency
 - 10 harmonics $\rightarrow$ 4 cavities
- 5 harmonic prototype built and being tested



Possible 4x Luminosity Increase

		Present design		Updated design	
		p	e	p	e
Beam energy	GeV	100	5	100	5
Collision frequency	MHz	476		476	
Particles per bunch	10^{10}	0.66	3.9	0.98	3.7
Beam current	A	0.5	3	0.75	2.82
Polarization		>70%	>70%	>70%	>70%
Bunch length, rms	cm	1	1.2	1.2	1.2
Norm. emittance, x/y	μm	1/0.5	144/72	0.5/0.1	70/14
x/y β^*	cm	4/2	2.6/1.3	6/1.2	4/0.8
Vert. beam-beam param.		0.006	0.014	0.015	0.053
Laslett tune shift		0.01	Small	0.048	Small
Detector space, up/down (full-acceptance detector)	m	3.6/7	2.4/1.6	3.6/7	2.4/1.6
Hourglass (HG) reduction		0.88		0.80	
Lumi./IP, w/HG, 10^{33}	$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	4.6		19.5	

Conclusion

- JLEIC design is driven by and optimized for physics requirements
- The overall risk is low
- Key features:
 - High luminosity
 - High polarization
 - Full-acceptance detection
- Minimal R&D necessary
 - Electron cooling
 - Magnet design
- Next steps - optimizations
 - Performance
 - Cost

JLEIC-Related Presentations

Talks:

- MOPLIO04** Nuclear Physics at the Electron Ion Collider Plenary (Speaker: [R. Ent](#))
- MOA4CO03** Complete Beam Dynamics of the JLEIC Ion Collider Ring Including Imperfections, Corrections, and Detector Solenoid Effects (Speaker: [G. Wei](#))
- MOB4CO04** Design of the Room-Temperature Front-End for a Multi-Ion Linac Injector (Speaker: [A. Plastun](#))
- THA2CO04** Bench Measurement of a Multifrequency Cavity of the Ultra-fast RF Kicker for ERL Circular Cooler Ring of JLEIC (Speaker: [Y. Huang](#))

Posters:

- MOPOB54** Superferric arc dipoles for the Ion Ring and Booster of JLEIC (Presenter: [J. Breitschopf](#))
- TUPOB04** A More Compact Design for the JLEIC Ion Pre-Booster Ring (Presenter: [B. Mustapha](#))
- TUPOB05** An Alternative Approach for the JLEIC Ion Accelerator Complex (Presenter: [B. Mustapha](#))
- TUPOB29** Simulations of Nonlinear Beam Dynamics in the JLEIC Electron Collider Ring (Presenter: [V. Morozov](#))
- TUPOB30** Spin Flipping System in the JLEIC Collider Ring (Presenter: [V. Morozov](#))
- TUPOB31** Compensation of Chromaticity in the JLEIC Electron Collider Ring (Presenter: [V. Morozov](#))
- TUPOB36** Simulation Study on JLEIC High Energy Bunched Electron Cooling (Presenter: [H. Zhang](#))