

SOLEIL-II Mechanical Engineering Challenges

Keihan TAVAKOLI

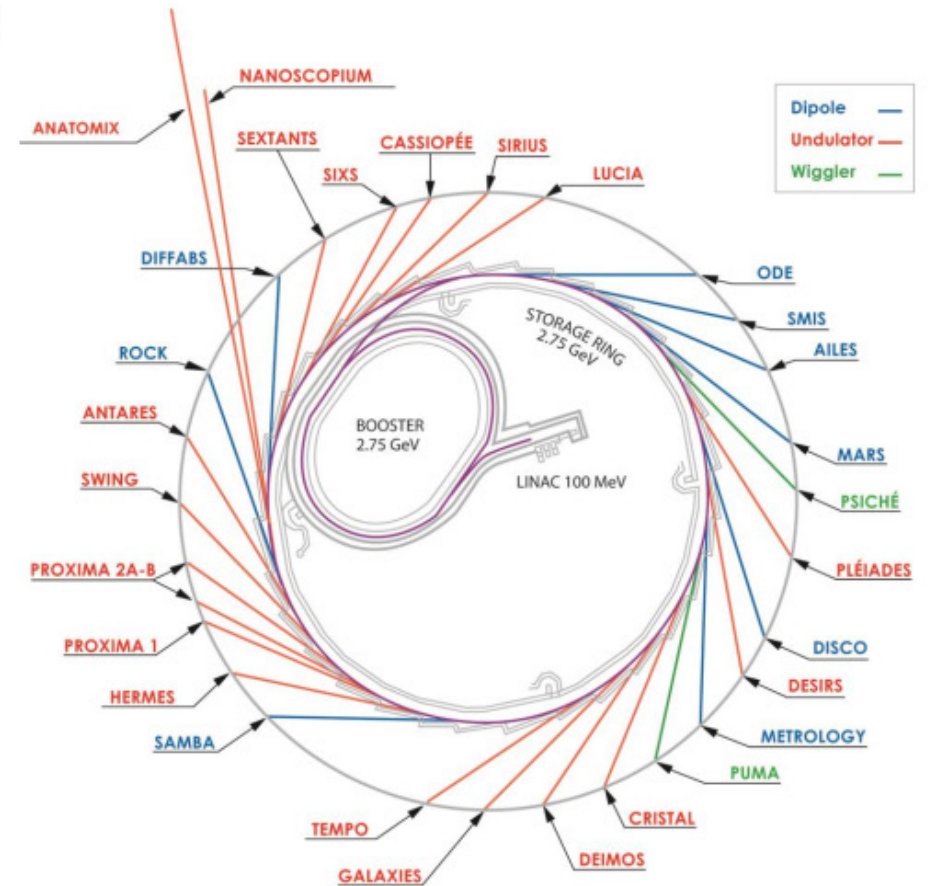


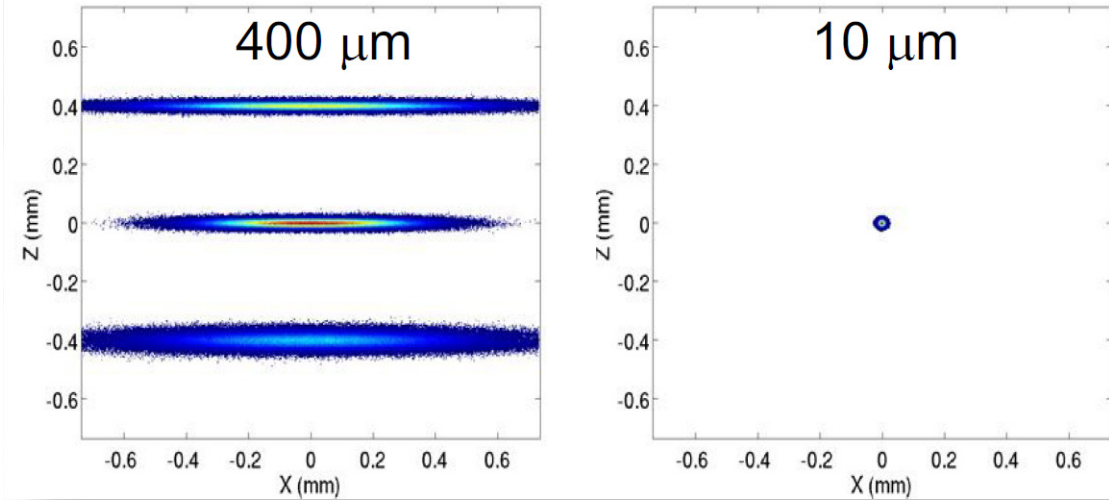
72%



28%

- Storage ring 354m, 2.75GeV
- 29 beamlines
- Open to external users in 2008
- Overall construction budget (full cost) ~600 M€
- Annual budget ~63 M€
- ~ 450 staff members

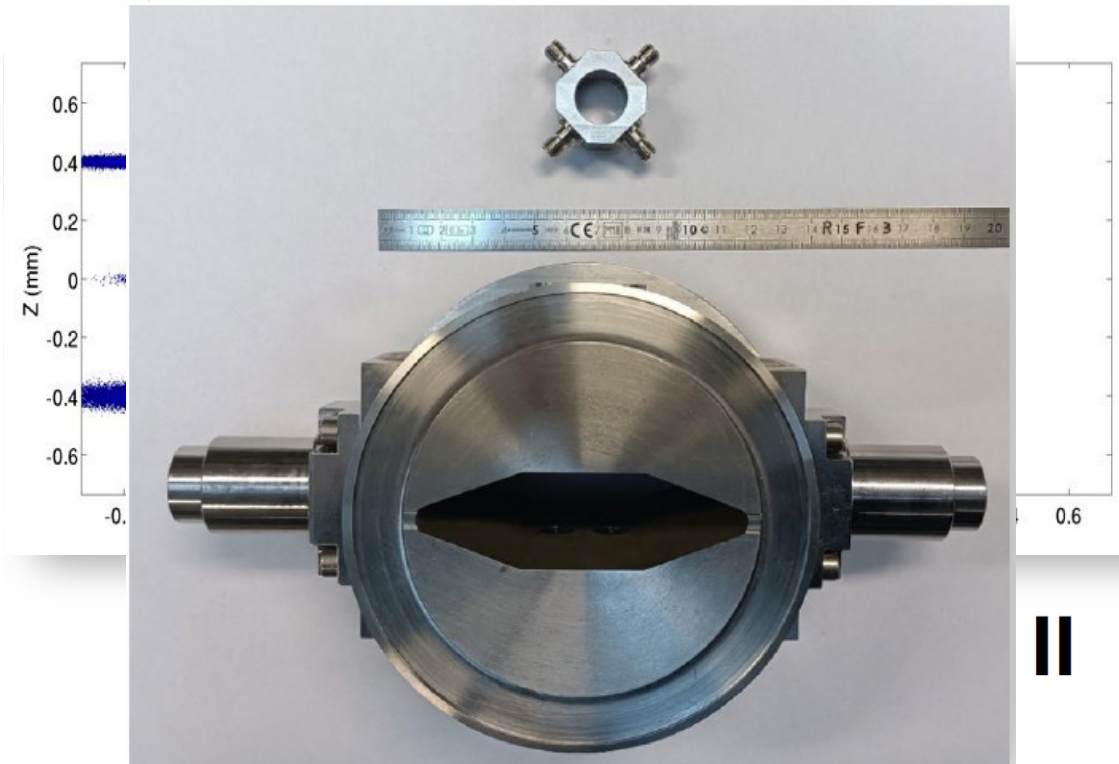




1. Non-standard MBA lattice: 12 x 7BA + 8 x 4BA.
2. 85 pm.rad (63 pm.rad with IDs) / 2.75 GeV / 354 m.
3. 20 straight sections (4 of ~8 m; 4 of ~4.2 m ; 4 of ~3.6 m and 8 of ~3.0 m).
4. Large photon spectrum (far IR to hard X-rays).
5. NEG coated very small vacuum chamber diameter = 12 mm.
6. Extensive use of permanent magnets (All Dipoles, all RB and all main quadrupoles).
7. Miniaturization.
8. Off-axis injection.
9. High performance Multipole Injection Kicker (MIK).
10. Energy Savings.

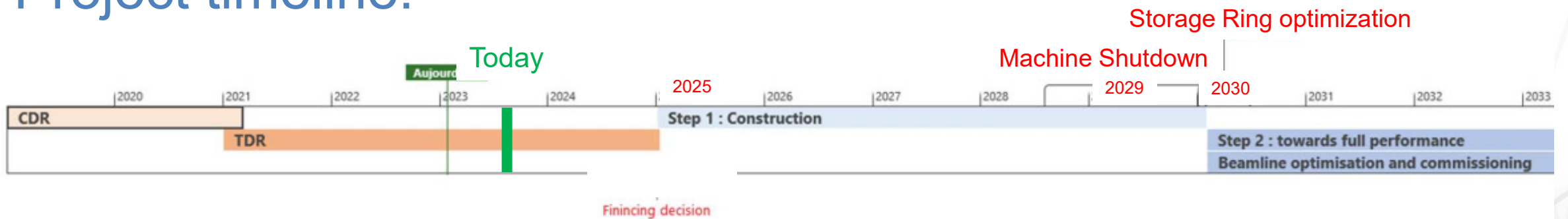
SOLEIL  **SOLEIL II**



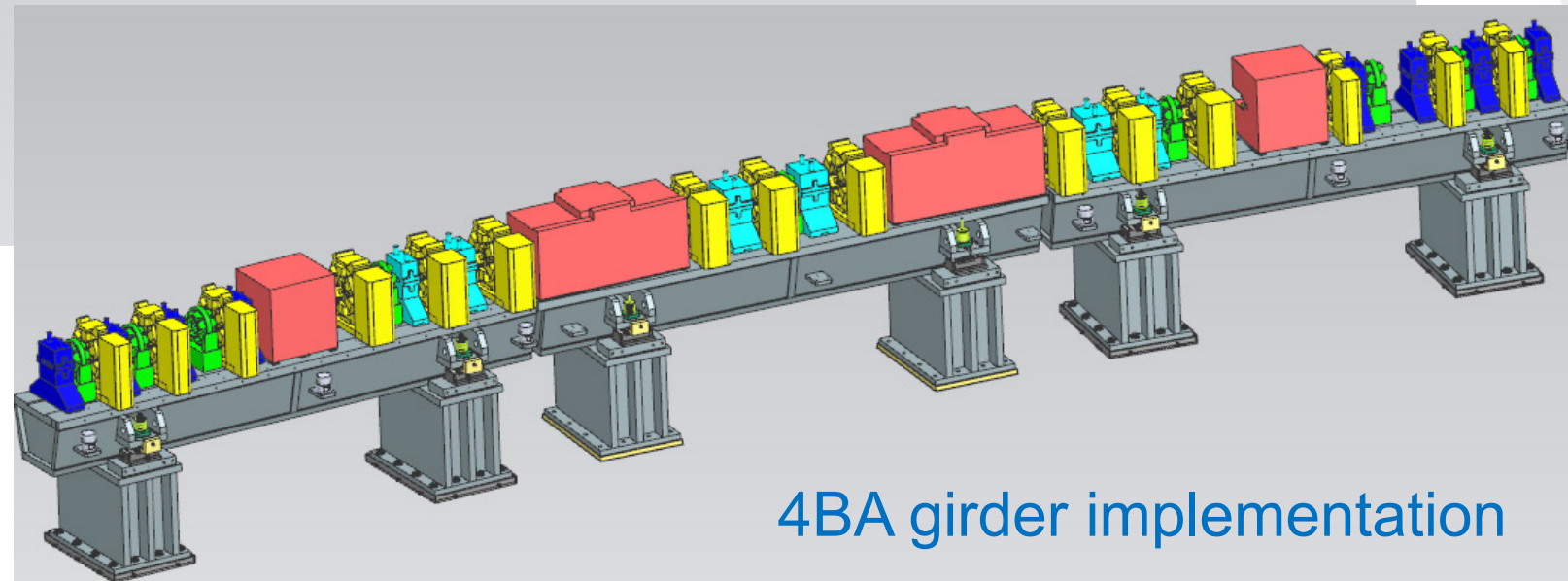
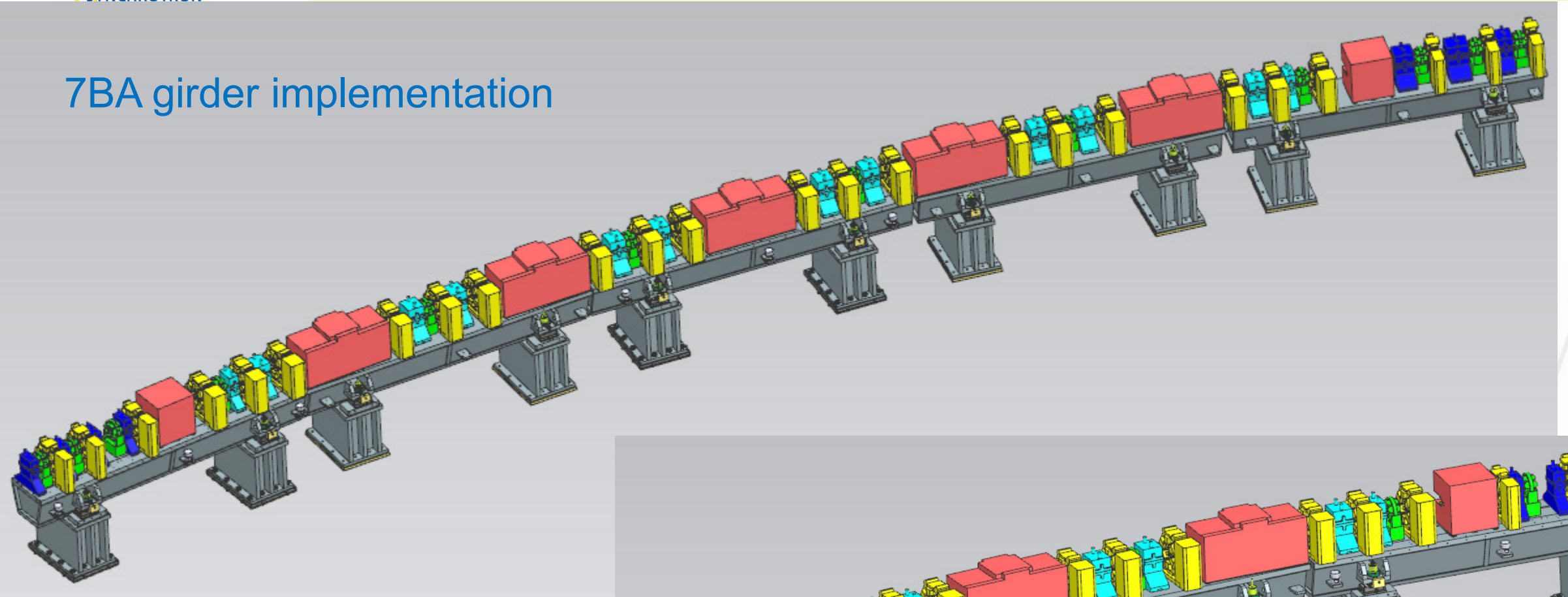


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Project timeline:

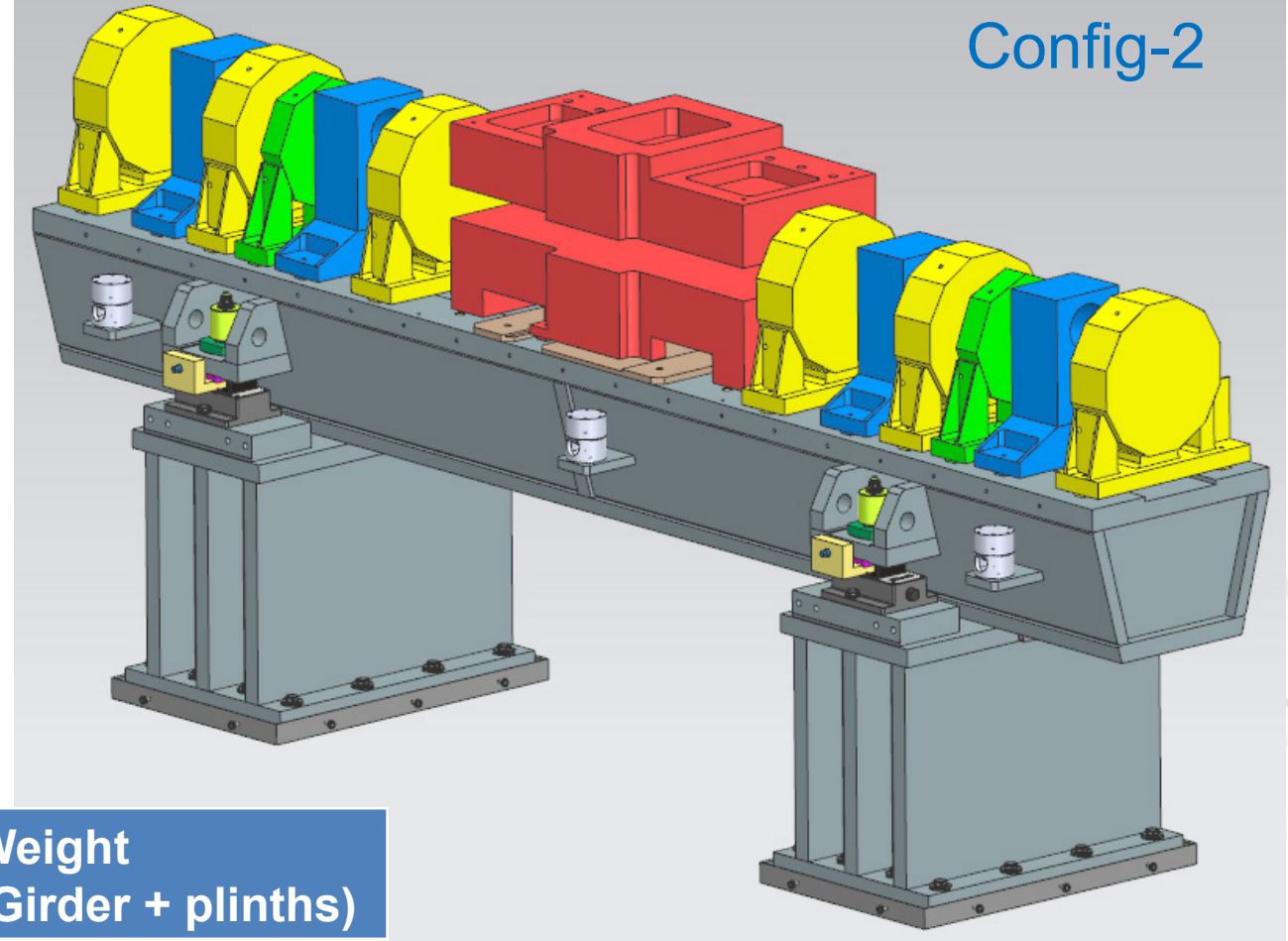
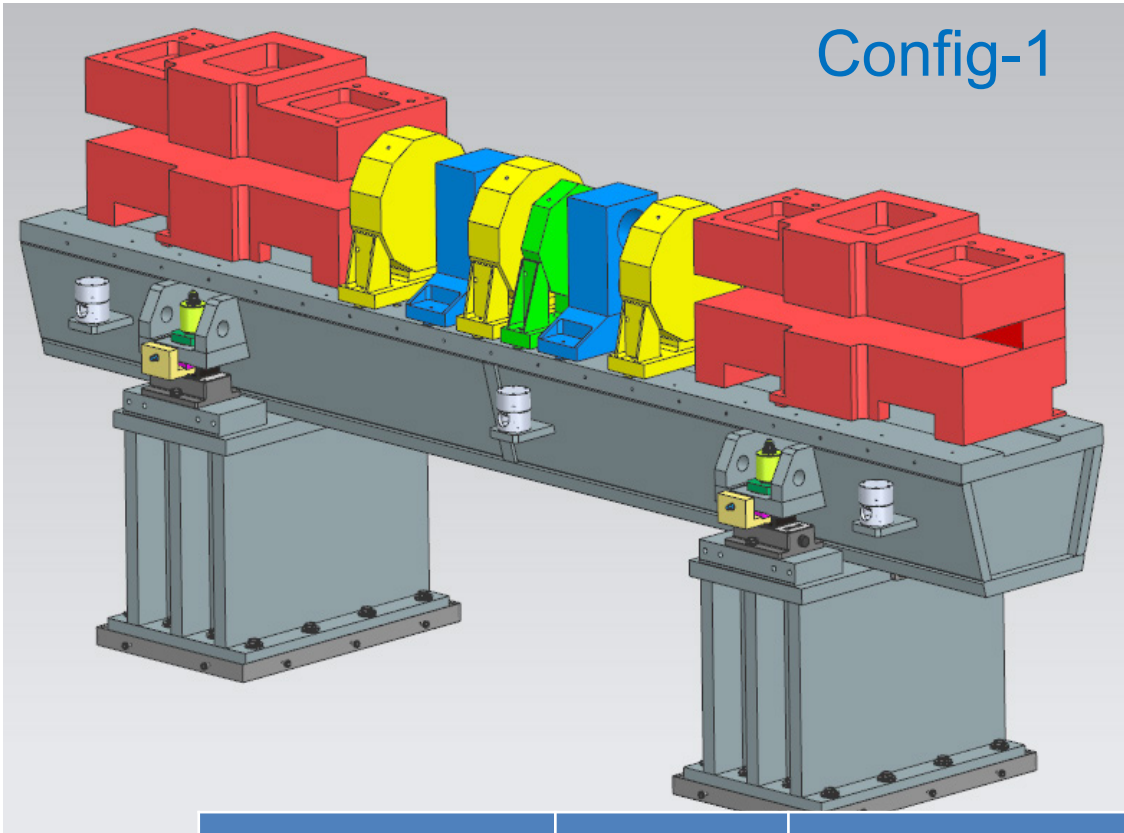


7BA girder implementation



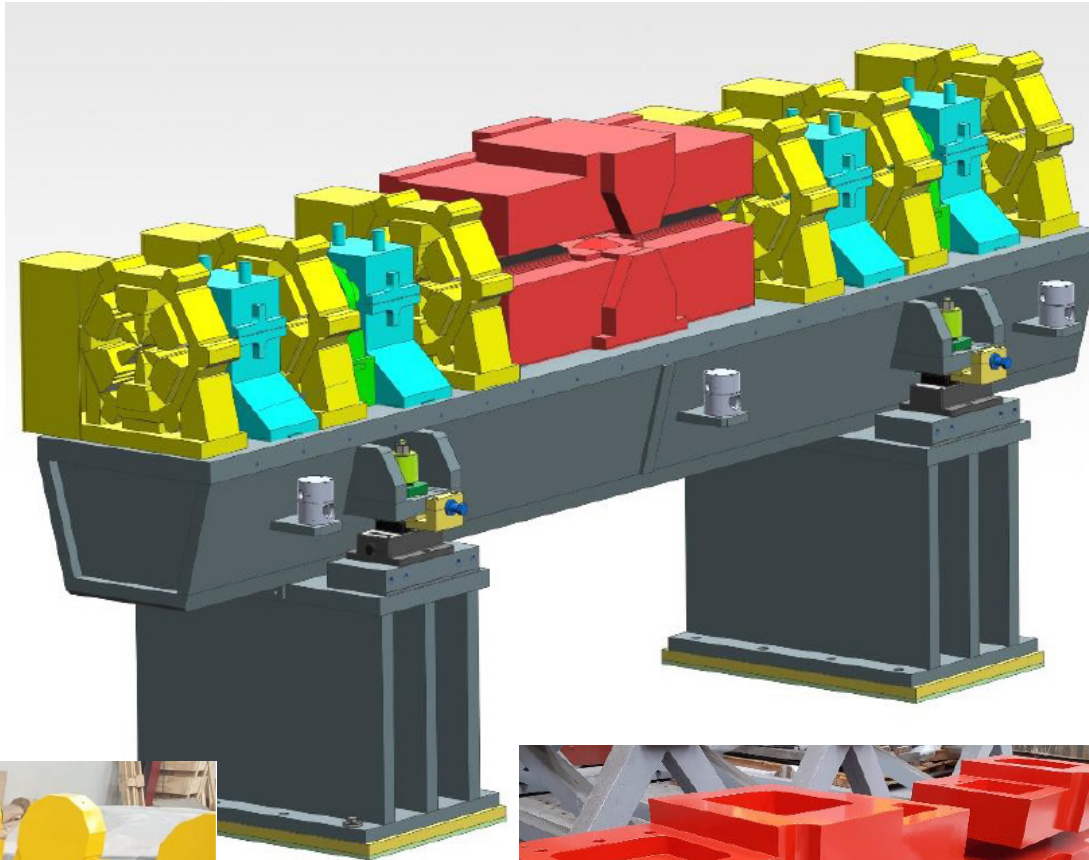
4BA girder implementation





Type	Number	Length (mm)	Weight (Girder + plinths)
1 (Long)	12	3350	2700 kg
2 (Average)	36	3125	2600 kg
3 (Short)	36	3050	2500 kg
Triplet support	2	~1000	To be defined

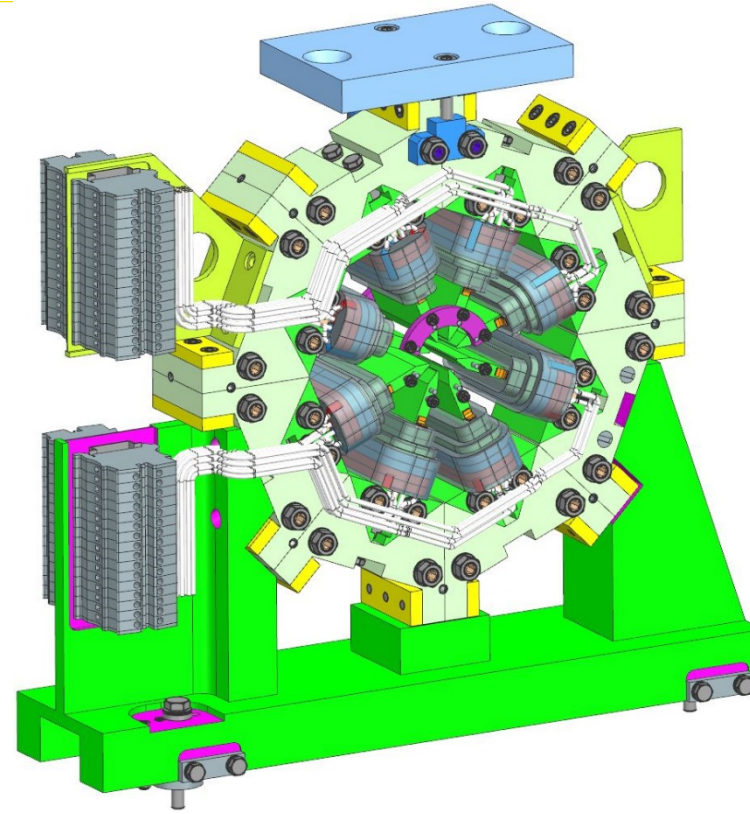
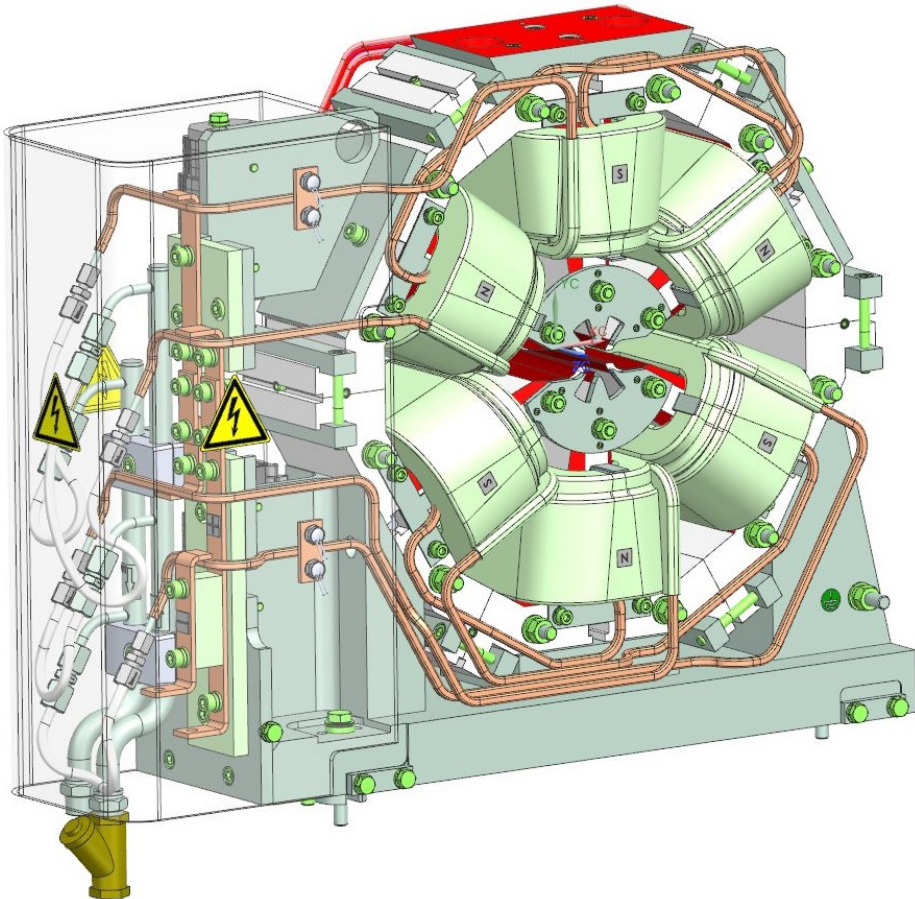
Refer to poster THPPP038 (J.DASILVACASTRO) for more information about girder design



2nd modal frequency 58,7 Hz

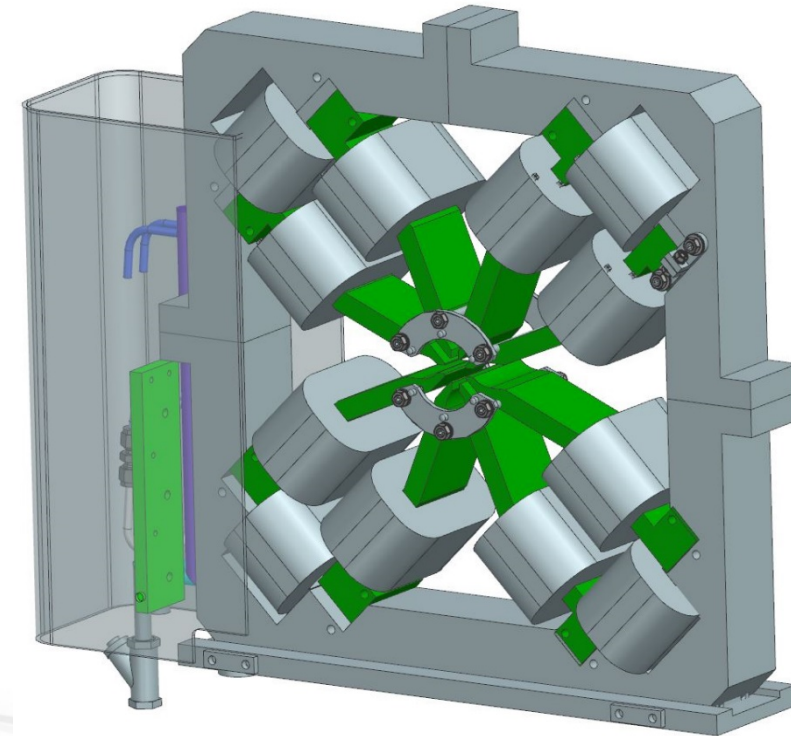
Refer to poster THPPP038
(J.DASILVACASTRO) for more
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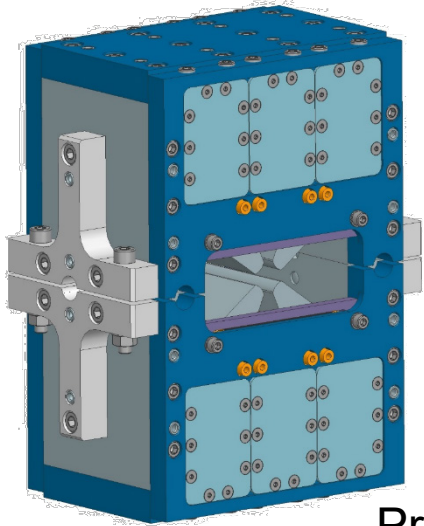
Sextupole magnet
prototype entirely
designed in house



First attempt for octupole
design but issues with
photon extraction

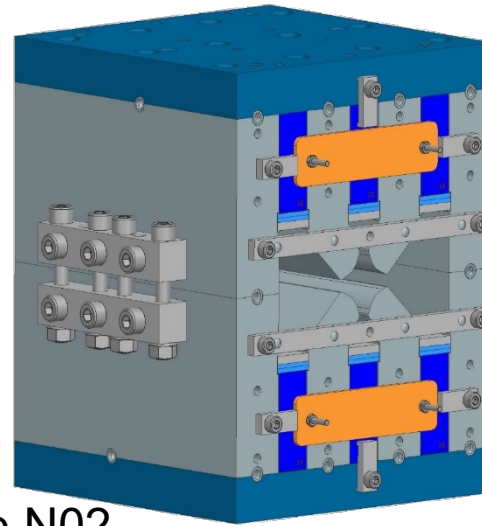
A new version of octupole
is under study



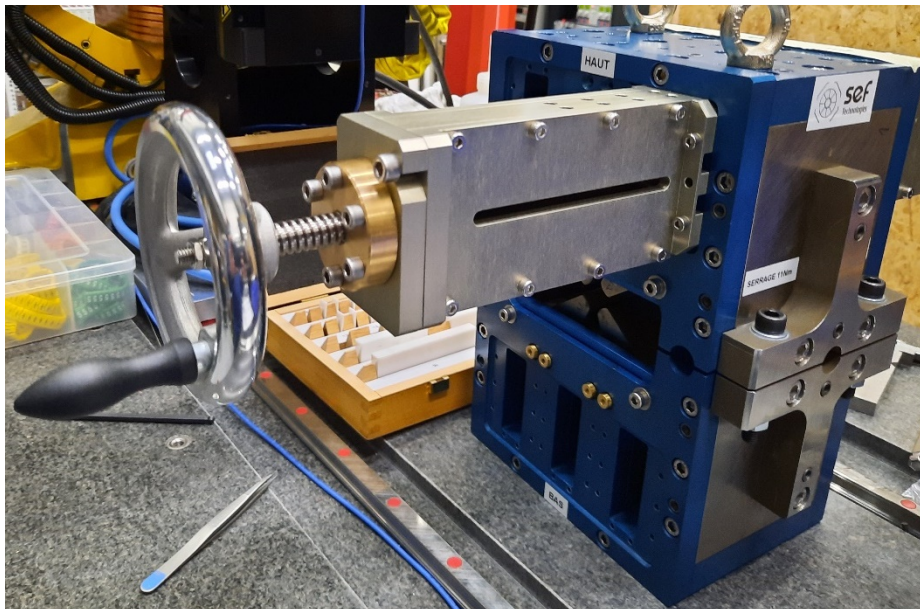


Prototype N01
L=100 mm

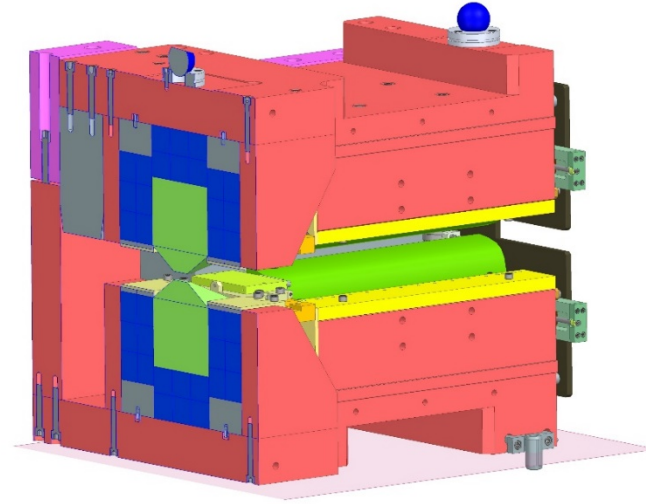
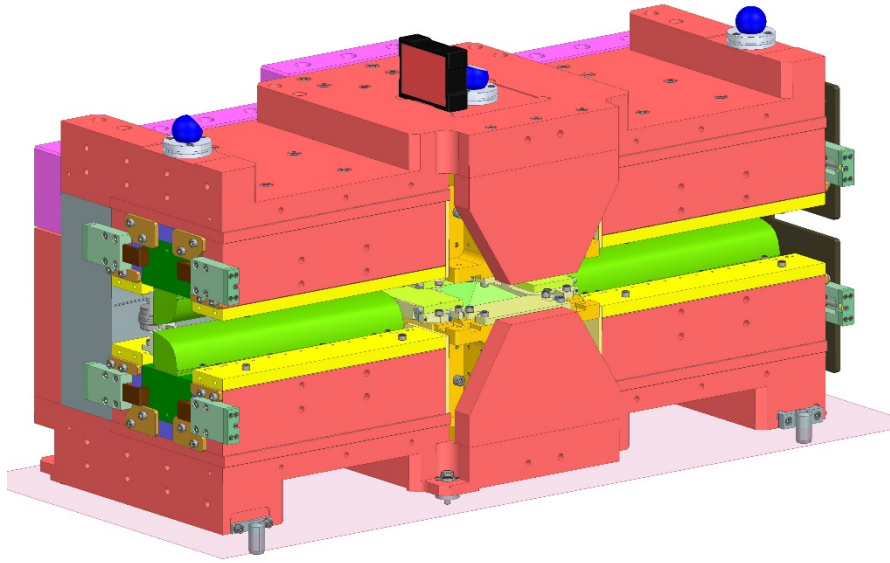
- Pole tip shape
- No coils
- More space for thermo-shim
- Less parts
- Shunt between poles
- Simpler clamps



Prototype N02
L=180 mm

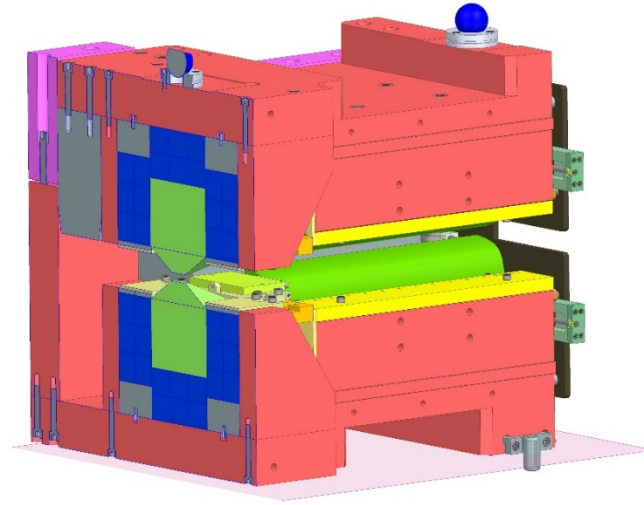
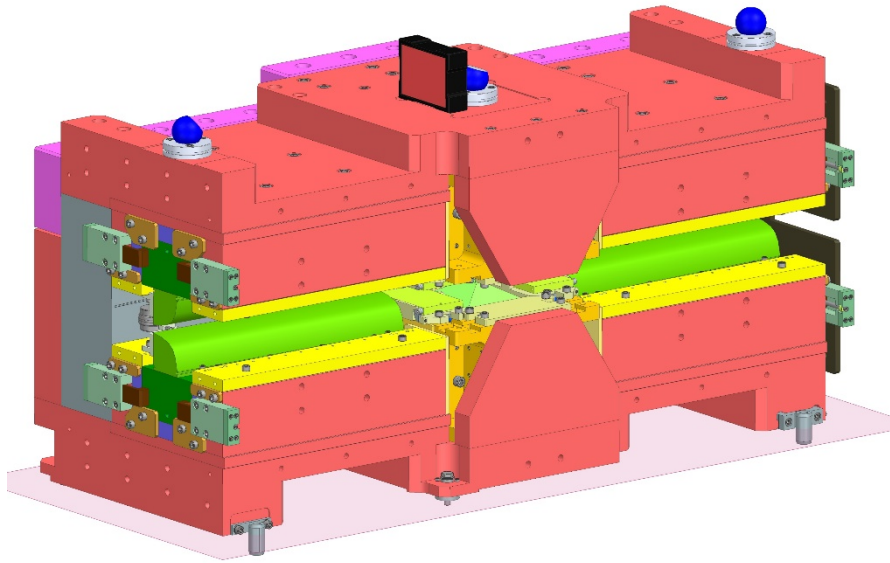


Superbend 3T and dipole retracting system

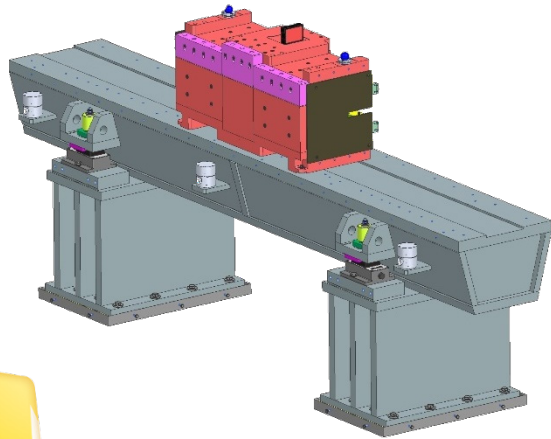


Refer to poster WEPPP058
(A.BERLIOUX) for more
information about magnet design

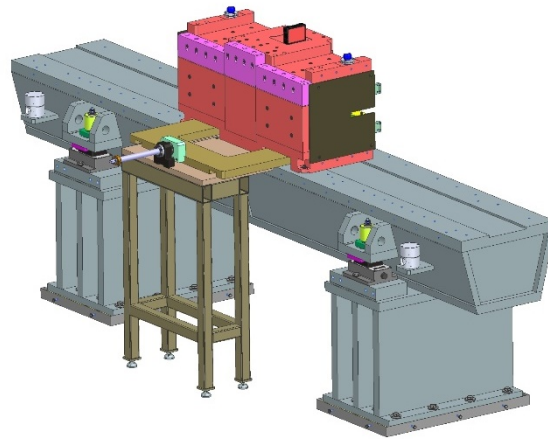
Superbend 3T and dipole retracting system



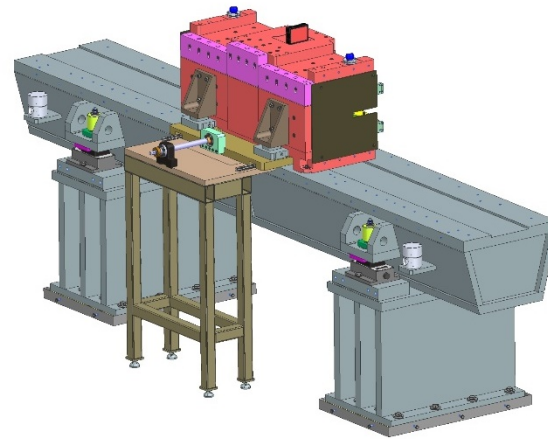
Refer to poster WEPPP058
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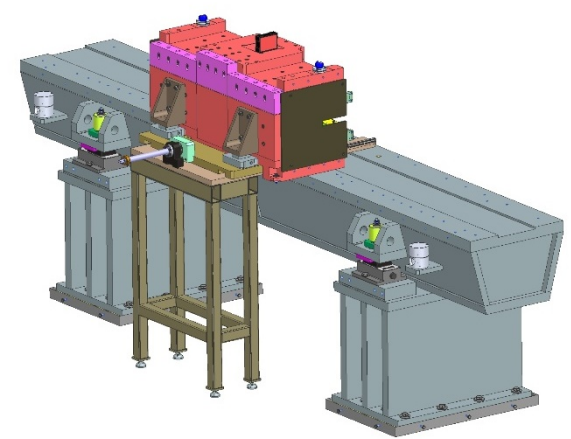
Initial position



Extraction
tooling assembly



Insert wedges between dipole
and moving plate

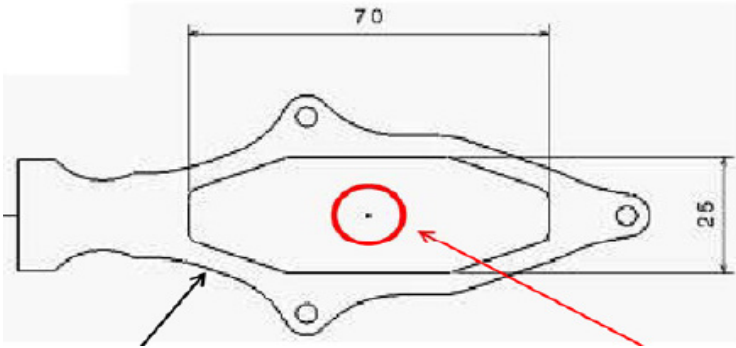


Lifting and dipole
extraction

Vacuum System Main Features and Targets

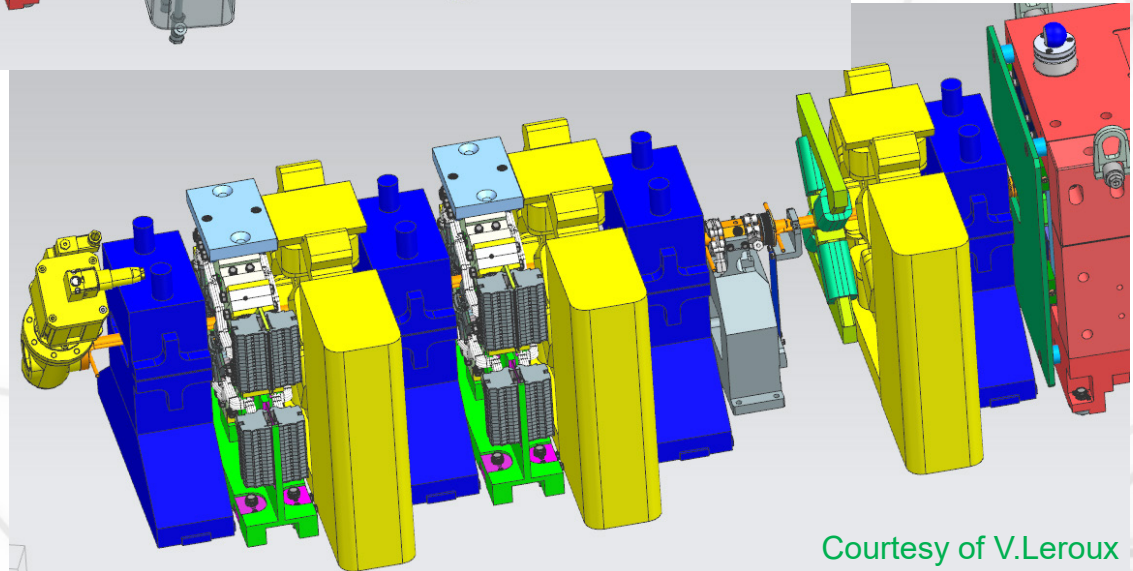
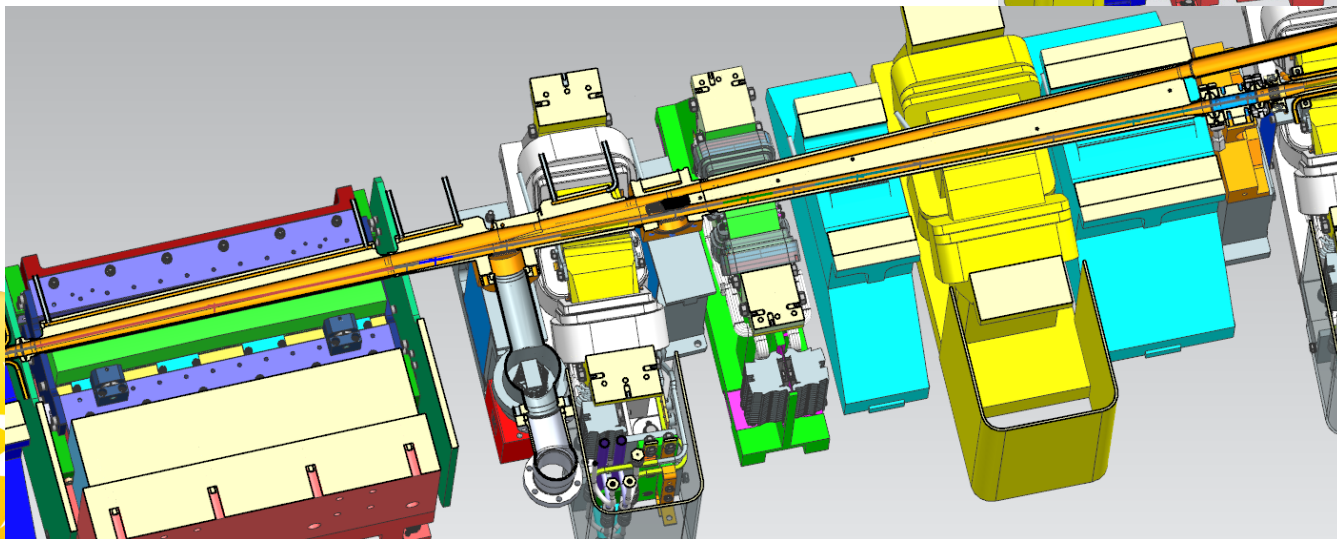
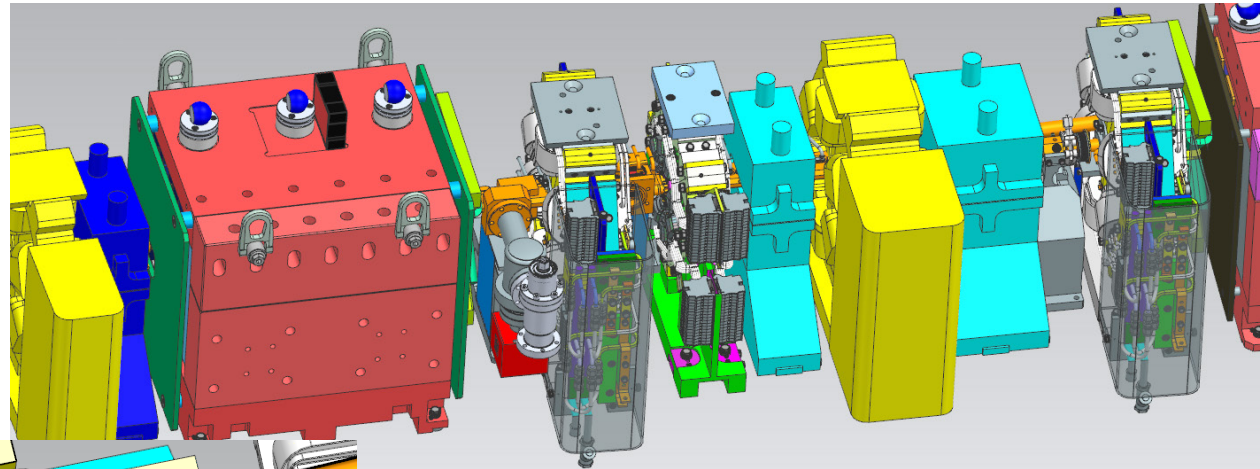
- 100% Full distributed Ti-Zr-V NEG coating / from 0.5 μm to 1 μm max. average thickness
- 1 standard pump [Getter/SIP] after each Dipole
- Ex-Situ bakeout

Pressure Target $< 10^{-9}$ mbar @ 500 mA - Integrated dose 100 A.h



SOLEIL today

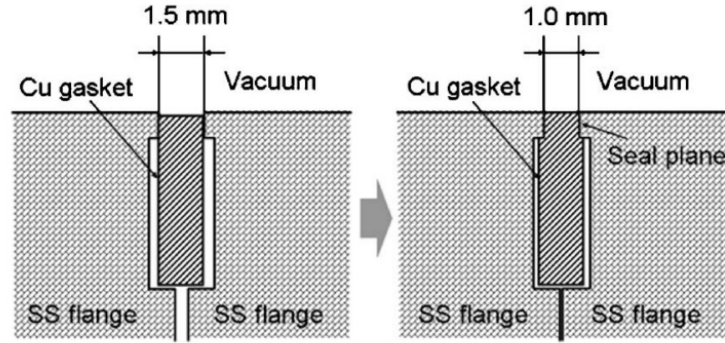
SOLEIL-II ($\varnothing 12$ mm)



RF continuity and the vacuum seal are made by the same gasket

'MO type seal flange'

1

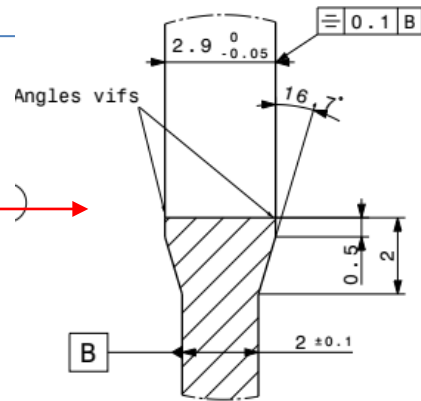
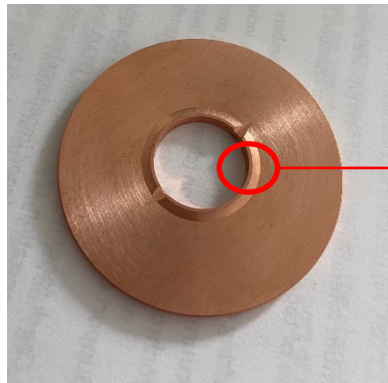


Y. Suetsugu, M. Shirai, M. Ohtsuka "Application of a Matsumoto-Ohtsuka-type vacuum flange to beam ducts for future accelerators"
J. Vac. Sci. Technol. A 23 (6), Nov/Dec 2005

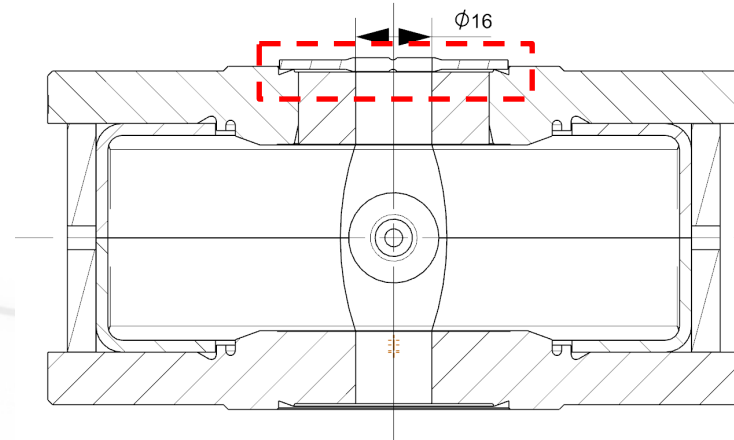
➔ Connection between chambers down to a DN12 opening

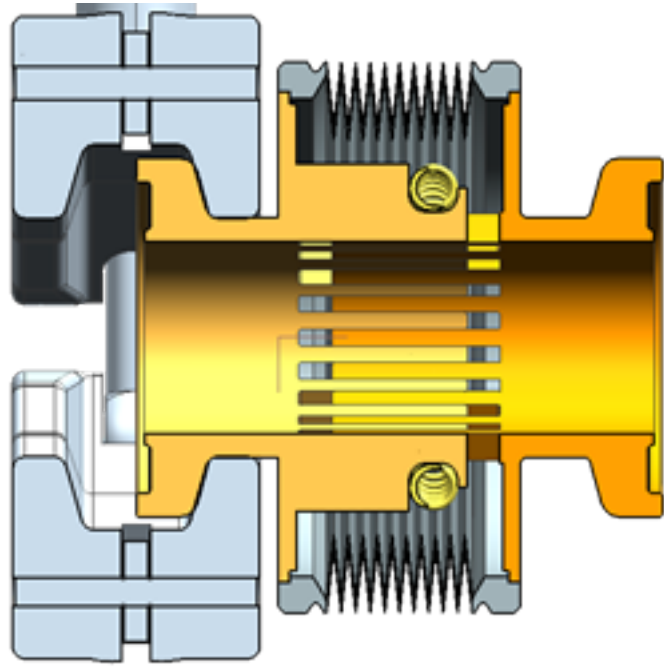
'CF/RF seal flange'

2



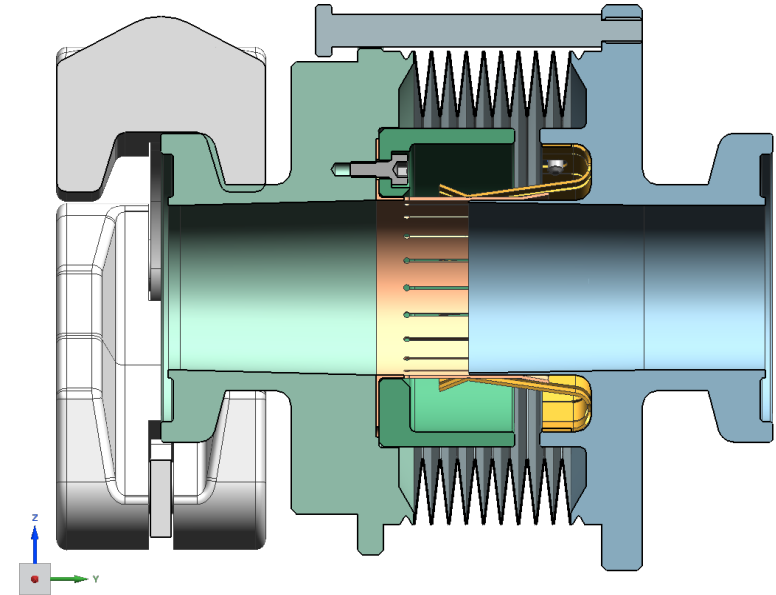
RF gate valve and DN16+ opening





Prototype of a **“COMB type”** bellows
for the ACHROMAT

- Small stroke
- Impedance optimized



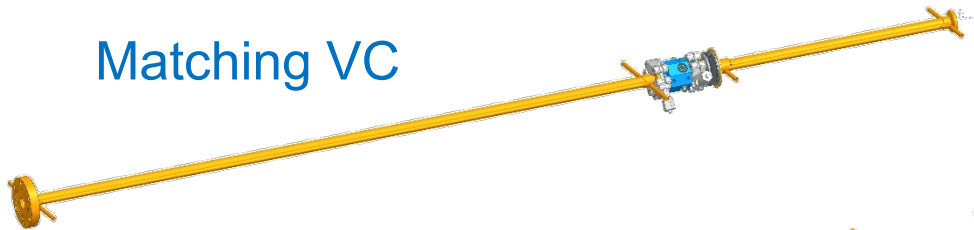
Prototype of a **“RF finger type”** bellows
for the Straight Sections

- more standard design but ‘narrowed’
- Larger stroke

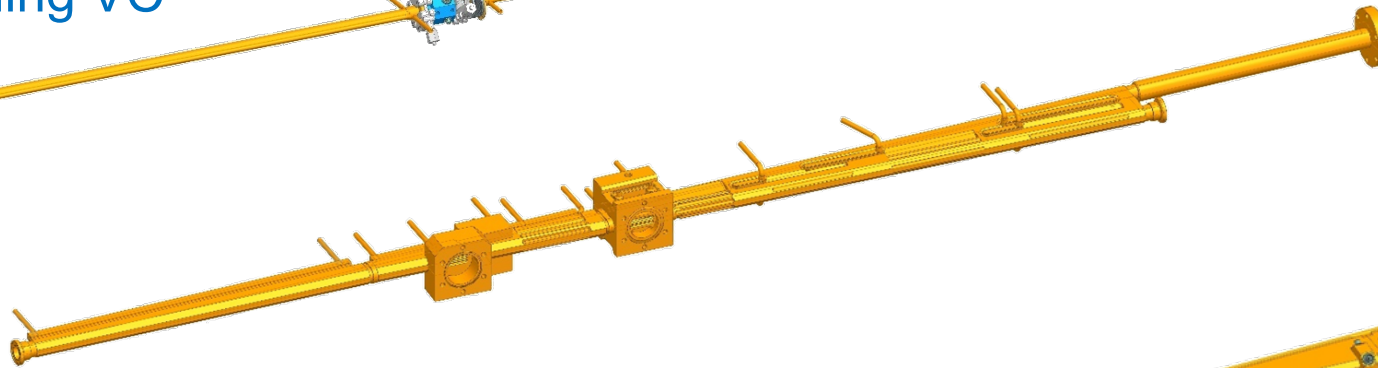
The vacuum system on an arc is composed of three main components:

- Matching vacuum chamber at entrance and exit of the arc
- Short Dipole (DNC) vacuum chamber
- Long Dipole (DNL) vacuum chamber

Matching VC



DNC (short) dipole VC
with/without 0° photon extraction



DNL (Long) dipole VC
with/without photon extraction

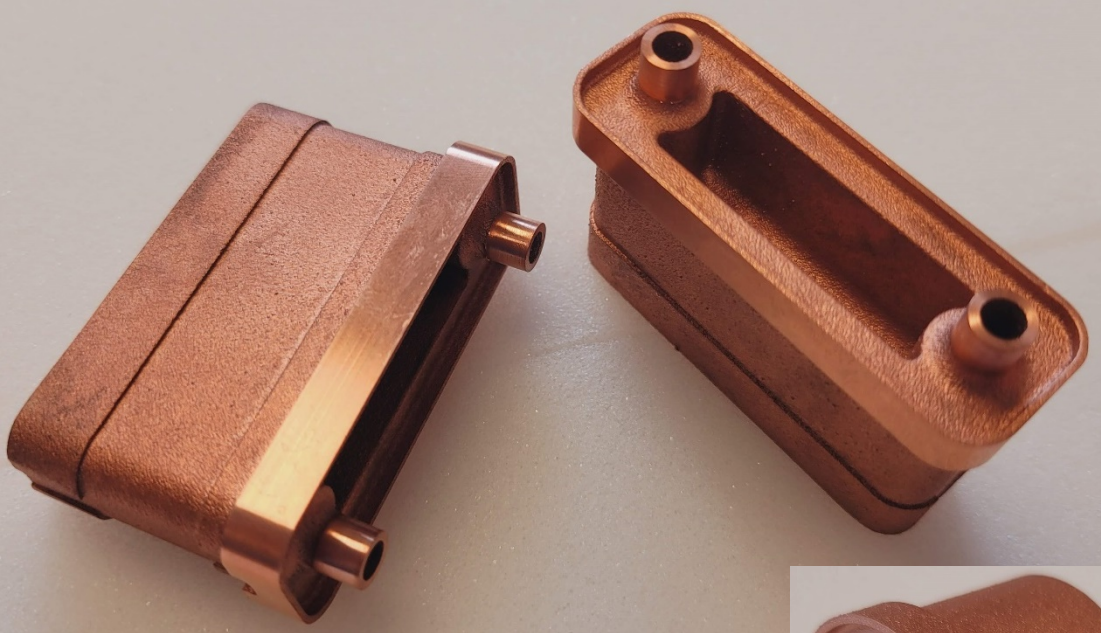


Short Dipole (DNC) Vacuum chamber design

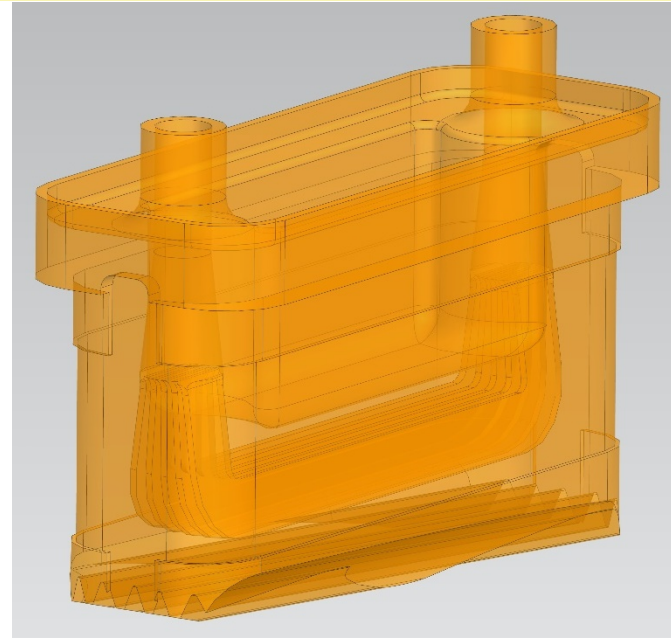
Pre-Crotch and
pumping port

DNC Crotch

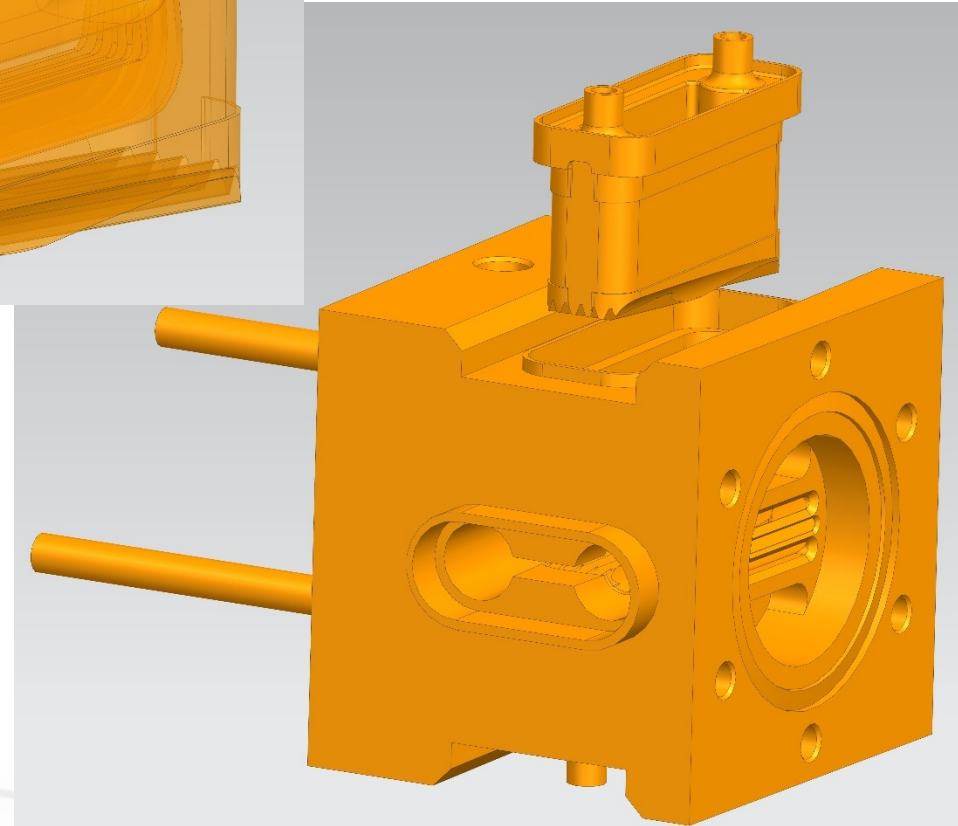
VC in 5 welded parts wire-cut in bulk CuCr1Zr

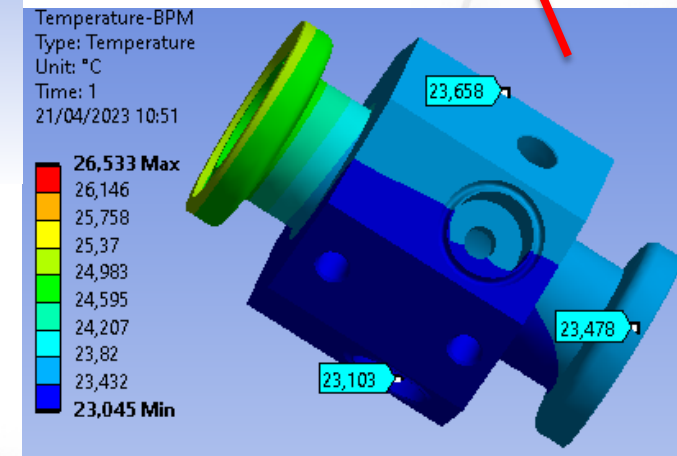
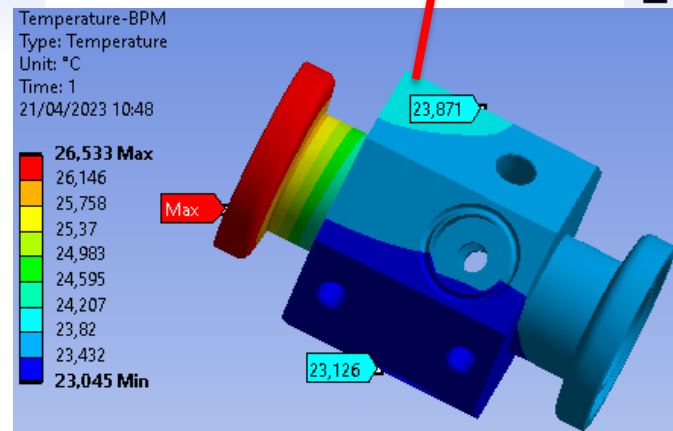
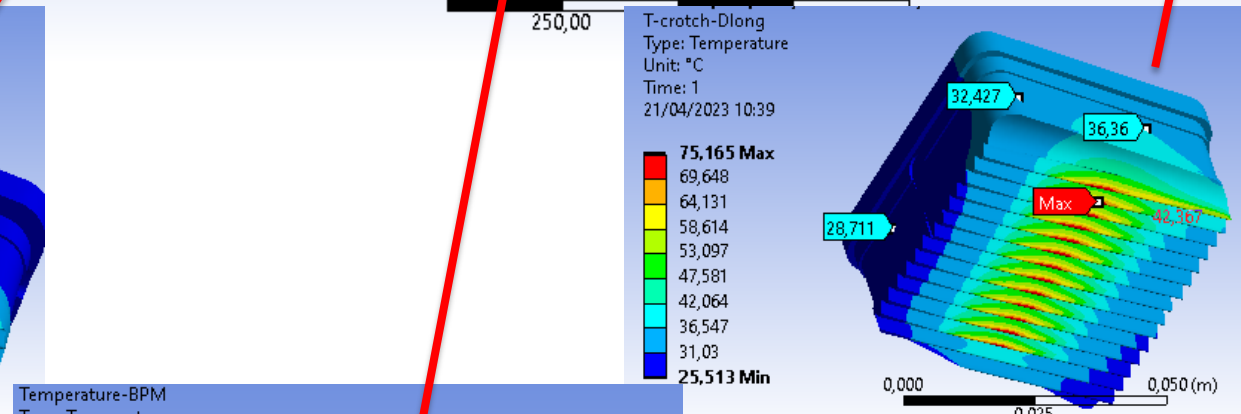
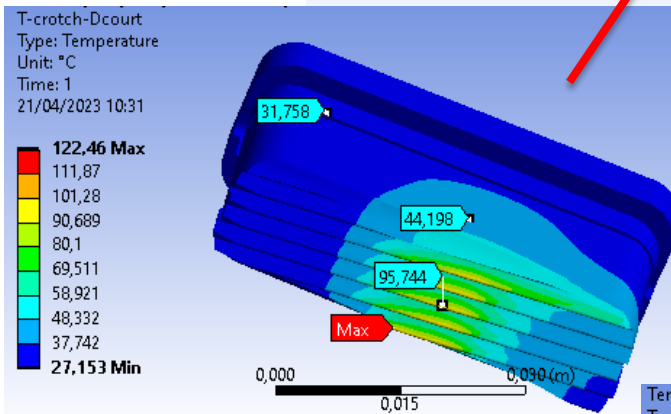
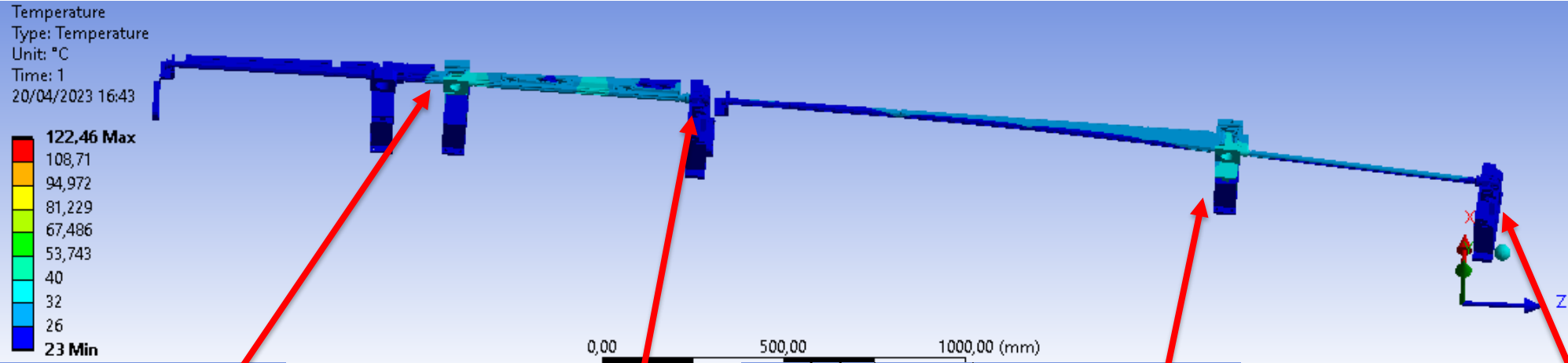


Crotch absorber prototype in Additive manufacturing (AM)



Welding samples in AM for procedure approval



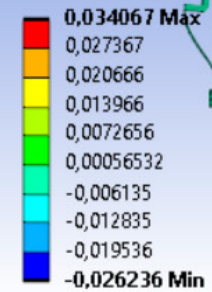


The maximum temperature on the crotch is reduced by 32° on the AM version

Vertical displacement with **ideal** bellows:

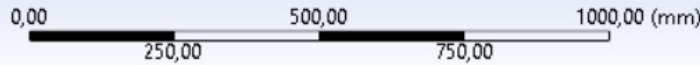
Y Axis - Directional Deformation - 1. s
 Type: Directional Deformation(Y Axis)
 Unit: mm
 Global Coordinate System
 Time: 1
 26/04/2023 11:24

ANSYS
2020 R2



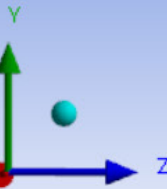
DNC

U_{max} en Y : $34.1 \mu m$
 U_{max} en -Y : $19.2 \mu m$



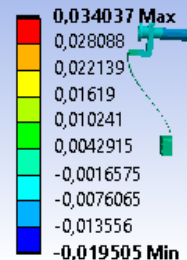
DNL

U_{max} en Y : $30.6 \mu m$
 U_{max} en -Y : $-26.24 \mu m$



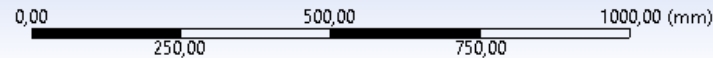
Vertical displacement without bellows:

Type: Directional Deformation(Y Axis)
 Unit: mm
 Global Coordinate System
 Time: 1
 25/04/2023 15:19



DNC:

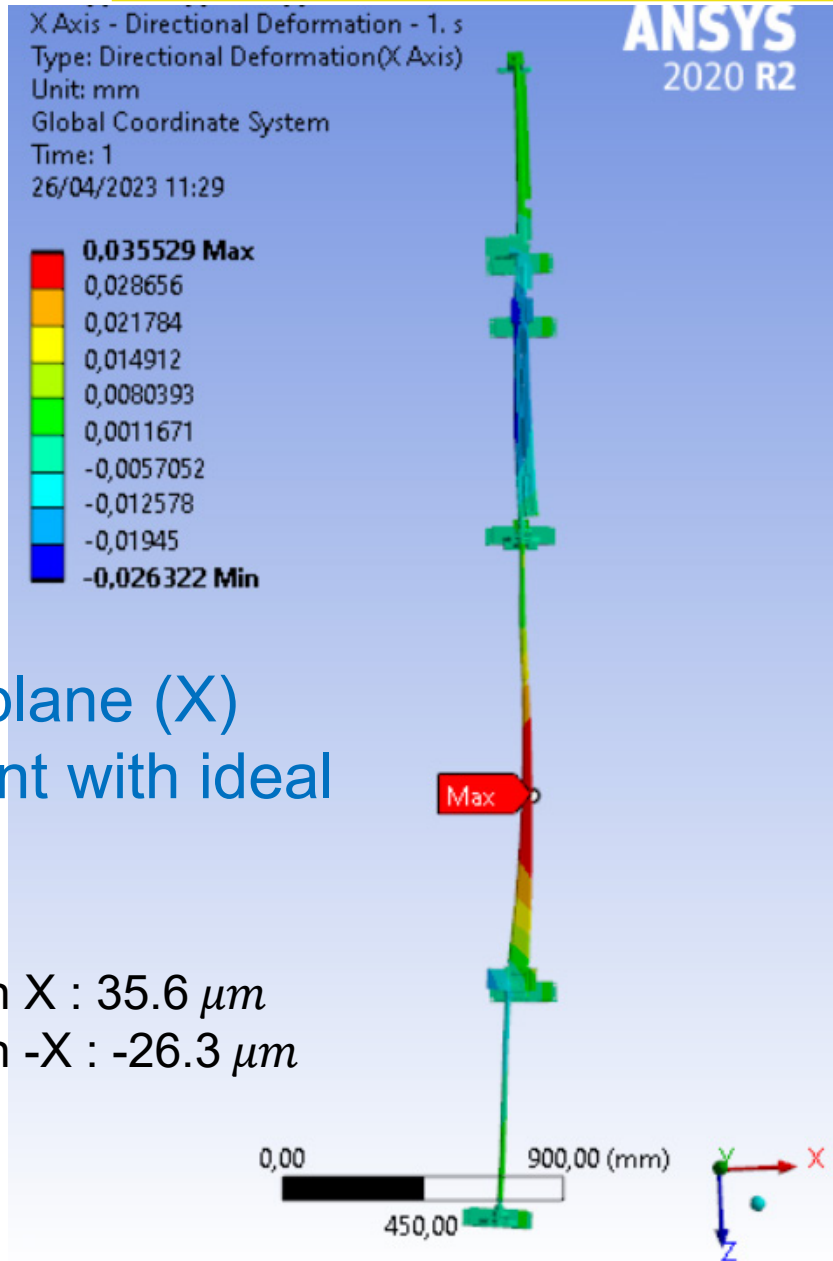
U_{max} en Y : $34.0 \mu m$
 U_{max} en -Y : $19.5 \mu m$



DNL

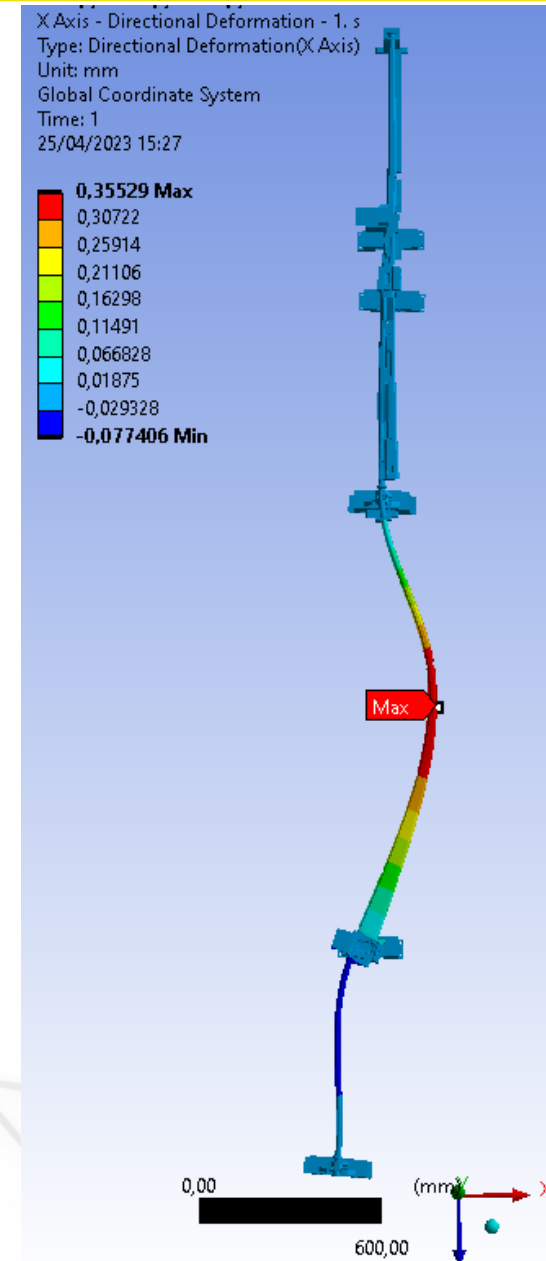
U_{max} en Y : $30.80 \mu m$
 U_{max} en -Y : $-15.03 \mu m$





Horizontal plane (X)
displacement with ideal
bellows

U_{\max} in X : $35.6 \mu\text{m}$
 U_{\max} in -X : $-26.3 \mu\text{m}$



Horizontal plane (X)
displacement without
bellows

U_{\max} in X : $355.3 \mu\text{m}$
 U_{\max} in -X : $-77.4 \mu\text{m}$

No impact on the beam:

Beam Stay Clear < 12 mm
for a $\varnothing 16$ mm DNL
vacuum chamber

- SOLEIL-II is a very challenging project,
- The lattice has only a symmetry of 2 including two different type of cells (7BA & 4BA), independent design for each cell is required....
- The lack of space between multipoles forces us to miniaturize all elements,
- The vacuum chambers act also as photon absorbers!
- The crosstalk between all magnets needs to be taken into consideration

On behalf of all my colleagues:

Mechanical Engineering and FE:

- Filipe ALVES
- Gil BARANTON
- Youness BENYAKHLEF
- Anthony BERLIOUX
- Jose DASILVA CASTRO
- Zhengxuan FAN
- Antoine LEJOLLEC
- Victor PINTY
- Marc RIBBENS

Engineer assistants and drafting office:

- Alexandre CARCY
- François LEPAGE
- Arnaud MARY
- Stephanie PAUTARD
- Emmanuelle RAIMON
- Serge THORAUD

Workshop:

- Sylvain BONNIN
- Jessy BOUILLAUD
- Carlos DE OLIVEIRA
- Armindo MARQUES
- Pascal PROUT

