

An aerial photograph of the ESS (European Spallation Source) facility. The central feature is a large, modern building with a curved, glass-enclosed section. Surrounding this are several smaller buildings, parking lots filled with cars, and construction areas with cranes. The facility is situated in a green, rural landscape with fields and a few wind turbines in the distance. A road runs horizontally across the middle of the image.

Beam Commissioning of Normal-conducting Part and Status of ESS Project

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2022-08-29
LINAC 2022 MO1PA02

BEAM COMMISSIONING OF NORMAL CONDUCTING PART AND STATUS OF ESS PROJECT

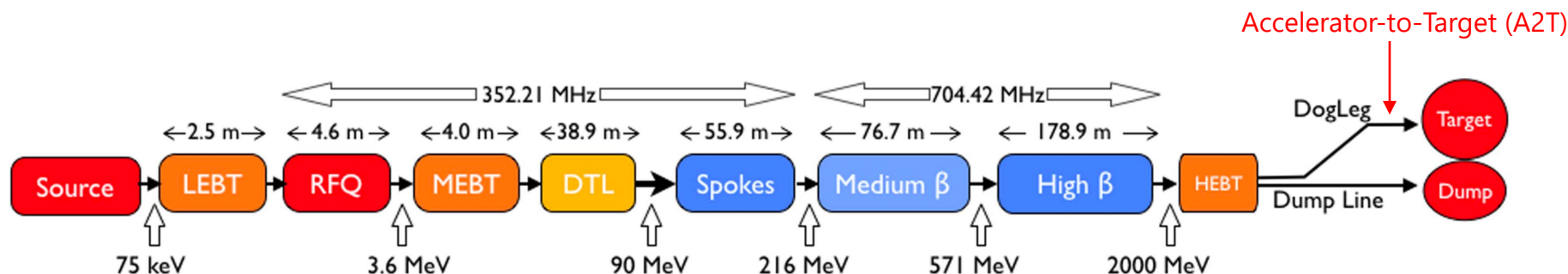
R. Miyamoto*, C. Amstutz, S. Armanet, R. Baron, E. Bergman, A. Bhattacharyya, B. Bolling, W. Borg, S. Calic, M. Carroll, J. Cereijo Garcia, J. Christensson, J. Christie, H. Danared, C. Derrez, I. Kittelmann, E. Donegani, S. Ekström, M. Eriksson, M. Eshraqi, J. Esteban Müller, K. Falkland, A. Forsat, S. Gabourin, A. Garcia Sosa, A. Gorzawski, S. Grishin, P. Gustavsson, W. Hees, M. Jensen, B. Jones, S. Haghtalab, V. A. Harahap, H. Hassanzadegan, J. Jamroz, A. Jansson, M. Juni Ferreira, M. Kalafatic, H. Kocevar, S. Kövecses, E. Laface, B. Lagoguez, Y. Levinsen, M. Lindroos, A. Lundmark, M. Mansouri, C. Marrelli, C. Martins, J. Martins, S. Micic, N. Milas, M. Mohammednezhad, R. Montano, M. Munoz, G. Mörk, D. Nicosia, B. Nilsson, D. Noll, A. Nordt, T. Olsson, N. Öst, L. Page, D. Paulic, S. Pavinato, S. Payandeh Azad, A. Petrushenko, C. Plostinar, J. Riegert, A. Rizzo, K. Rosengren, K. Rosquist, M. Serluca, T. Shea, A. Simelio, S. Slettebak, H. Spoelstra, A. Svensson, L. Svensson, R. Tarkeshian, L. Tchelidze, C. Thomas, E. Trachanas, P. van Velze, K. Vestin, R. Zeng, ESS, Lund, Sweden
A. C. Chauveau, P. Hamel, O. Piquet, CEA, Saclay, France
I. Bustinduy, A. Conde, D. Fernandez-Cañoto, N. Garmendia, P. J. Gonzalez, G. Harper, A. Kaftoosian, J. Martin, I. Mazkarian, J. L. Munoz, A. R. Páramo, S. Varnasseri, A. Zugazaga, ESS-Bilbao, Bilbao, Spain
C. Baltador, L. Bellan, M. Comunian, F. Grespan, A. Pisent, INFN, Italy



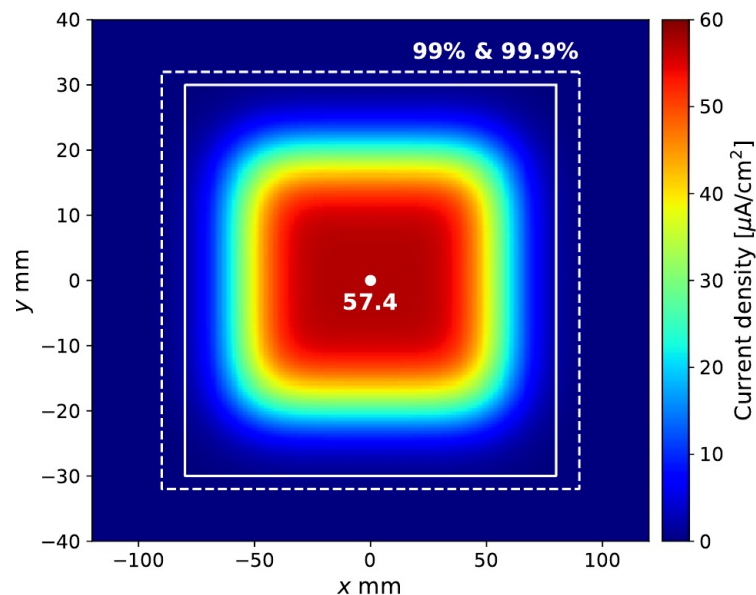
- ESS linac and commissioning overview
- Recent project highlights
- Normal-conducting linac commissioning
 - Normal-conducting sections
 - Highlights
- Summary

ESS Linac and Commissioning Overview

ESS linac design: High-level parameters

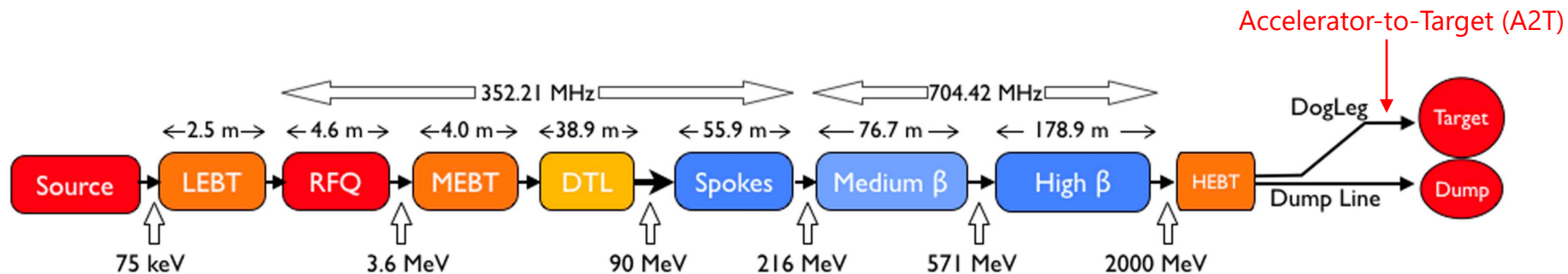


Parameter	Value
Ave power (design) [MW]	5
Max energy (design) [MeV]	2000
Peak current [mA]	62.5
Pulse length [ms]	2.86
Rep rate [Hz]	14
Duty factor [%]	4
RF freq [MHz]	352.21/704.42



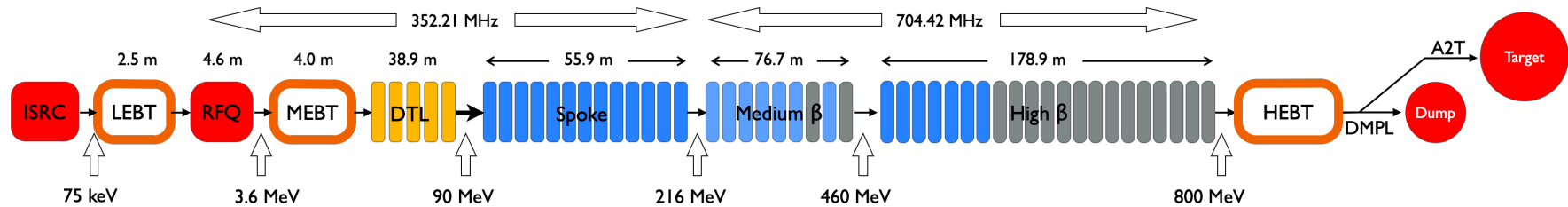
Beam footprint on target by raster system in A2T

ESS linac design: Lattice structure



	Length	No. Magnet	#Cav \times β_g /(Opt)	No. Sections	Power (kW)	IK partner
LEBT (from Plasma)	2.7	2 Solenoids	—	1	—	INFN-LNS
RFQ	4.5	—	1	1	1600	CEA Saclay
MEBT	4.0	11 Quads	3	1	15	ESS-Bilbao
DTL	38.9		5	5	2200	INFN-LNL
LEDP + Spoke	55.9	26 Quads	26 \times (0.50)	13	330	IPNO
Medium Beta	76.7	18 Quads	36 \times 0.67	9	870	LASA / CEA
High Beta I (~1.3 GeV)	93.7	22 Quads	44 \times 0.86	11	1100	STFC / CEA
High Beta II	85.2	20 Quads	40 \times 0.86	10	1100	STFC / CEA
Contingency + HEDP	132.3	32 Quads	—	15	—	Elettra
DogLeg	64.4	12 Quads + 2	—	1	—	Elettra
A2T	44.7	6 Quads + 8 Raster	—	1	—	Aarhus Uni
	603.0					

ESS linac during the initial operations (~2026)



Parameter	Value
Ave power (design) [MW]	2
Max energy (design) [MeV]	800
Peak current [mA]	62.5
Pulse length [ms]	2.86
Rep rate [Hz]	14
Duty factor [%]	4
RF freq [MHz]	352.21/704.42

- 7 medium-beta cryomodules (CMs) (out of 9).
- 7 high-beta CMs (out of 21).
- For the first beam on target, 2 high-beta and 570 MeV.
- All CMs will be installed, just RF missing.
- Brightest neutron source with >2 MW.
 - Moderator design.

Beam pulse time structure

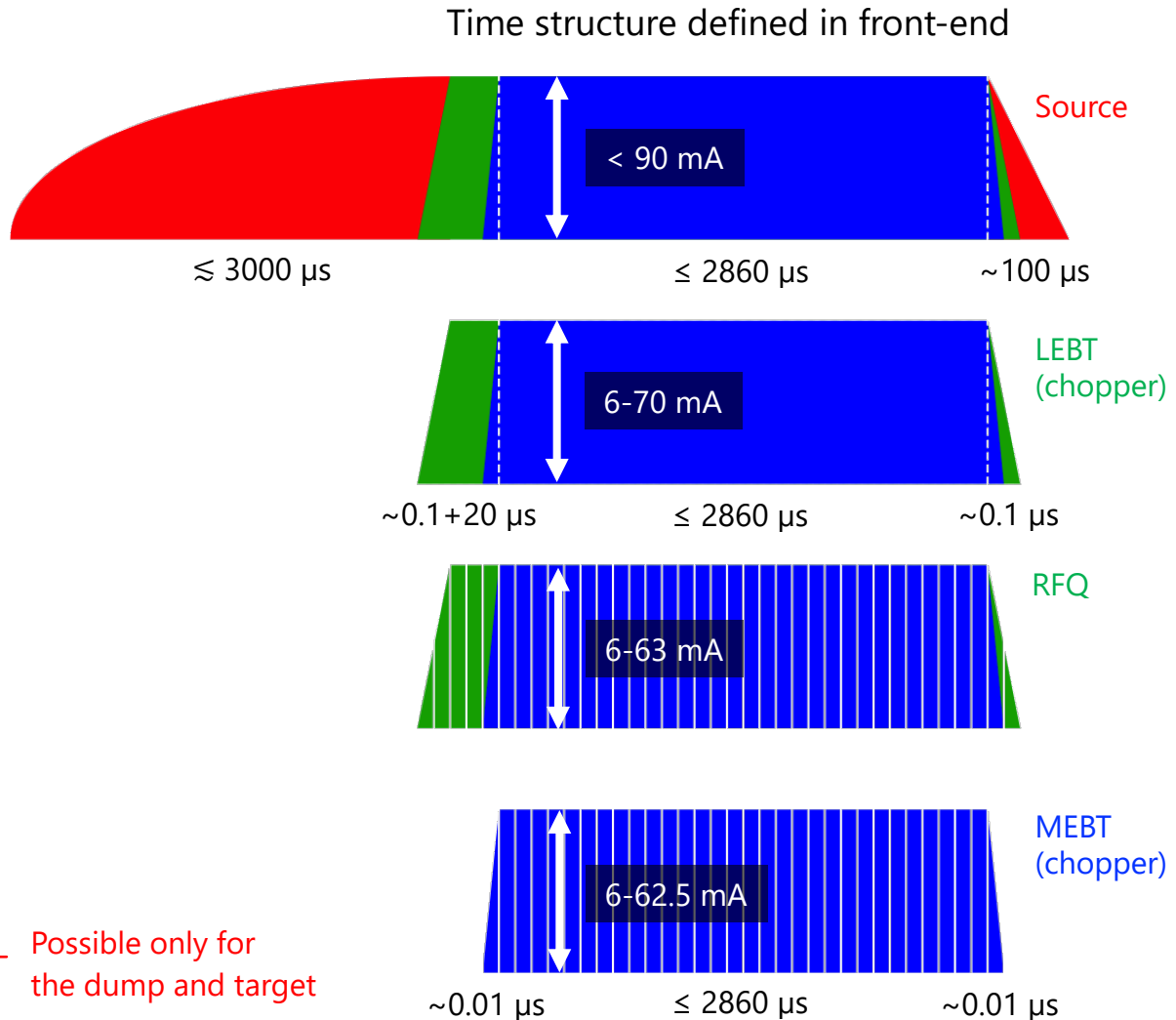
Slow and fast choppers in LEBT and MEBT



Beam (envelope) modes

- Tied to beam permit and machine protection
- Requirements for stops and diagnostics

Mode	Current [mA]	Length [μ s]	Rep [Hz]
Probe	≤ 6	≤ 5	≤ 1
Fast commissioning	≤ 6	≤ 5	≤ 14
RF test	≤ 6	≤ 50	≤ 1
Stability test	≤ 6	≤ 50	≤ 14
Slow commissioning	≤ 62.5	≤ 5	≤ 1
Fast tuning	≤ 62.5	≤ 5	≤ 14
Slow tuning	≤ 62.5	≤ 50	≤ 1
Long pulse verification	≤ 62.5	≤ 2860	$\leq 1/30$
Production	≤ 62.5	2860	14



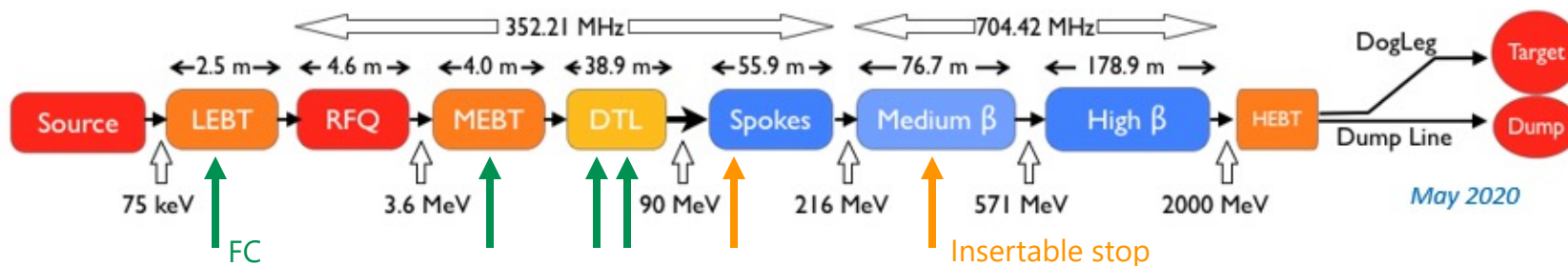
Commissioning strategy and where we are



Final Destination	Start (Current)	End (Current)	Start (2018 Baseline)	Start (Original)
LEBT	2018-09-19	2019-07-03	2018-06-28	2017-11-20
MEBT	2021-11-10 2022-02-23 2022-04-06	2021-12-17 2022-03-12 2022-05-23	2019-11-04	2018-11-05
DTL1	2022-05-30	2022-07-13		
DTL4	2023-03	2023-06	2020-04-27	2019-01-24
Dump	2024-07 (570 MeV)	2024-10	2021-02-08 (570 MeV)	2019-05-13 (2 GeV)
Target	2025-04 (570 MeV)		2022-06-08 (1370 MeV)	2019-06-24 (2 GeV)

- Because of the aggressive schedule (start time and duration)...
 - No temporary stop nor diagnostics after the source+LEBT.
 - The biggest pulse during the commissioning is 62.5 mA and 50 μ s.
 - Instead to include comprehensive set of permanent diagnostics throughout the linac.
 - All commissioning step started ASAP with the minimal systems.
 - e.g., with FCs, BCMs, and BPMs for the MEBT step.
 - The main goal to sent low power beam to the end verify all the systems.

Beam stops and diagnostics



Device	Type	IS	LEBT	RFQ	MEBT	DTL	SPK	MBL	HBL	HEBT	A2T	DmpL	Total
Faraday cup	Current		1		1	2							4
BCM		1	1	1	2	5		1	1	2	3	2	19
Fast BCM					2								2
Doppler			1										1
BPM	Parasitic transverse				7	15	14	9	21	16	12	4	98
Non-invasive profile			2		2		1	3	1		1		10
Imaging	Parasitic target/dump transverse										2	1	3
Grid											1		1
Aperture											3	1	4
Emittance	Non-parasitic		1		1								2
Bunch shape					1		1						2
WS					3		3	3	1	3	1		14
BLM	Loss				4	47	78	38	86	51	38	6	348

Recent Project Highlights

Recent highlights in one page

Contributions in this conference



- Normal-conducting linac (NCL)
 - RFQ conditioning (2021)
 - 850 kW (116% of the nominal) for the full duty factor.
 - R. Zeng TUPOPA05
 - DTL1 conditioning (2022)
 - 3.15 MV/m (105% of the nominal) for ~1 ms and 14 Hz.
 - F. Grespan TUPOJO09
 - Nominal current (62.5 mA) beam to the DTL1 exit, in July 2022.
- Superconducting linac (SCL)
 - Cryo distribution system installation completed, followed by testing.
 - Manufacturing and testing of cavities and cryomodules ongoing.
 - Maiano TH1PA02
 - Cryomodules are being delivered to ESS. Installation will start next year.
 - So far, 8 spoke, 7 medium-beta, and 2 high-beta.
 - Maiano TH1PA02
 - RF system testing and installation are ongoing.

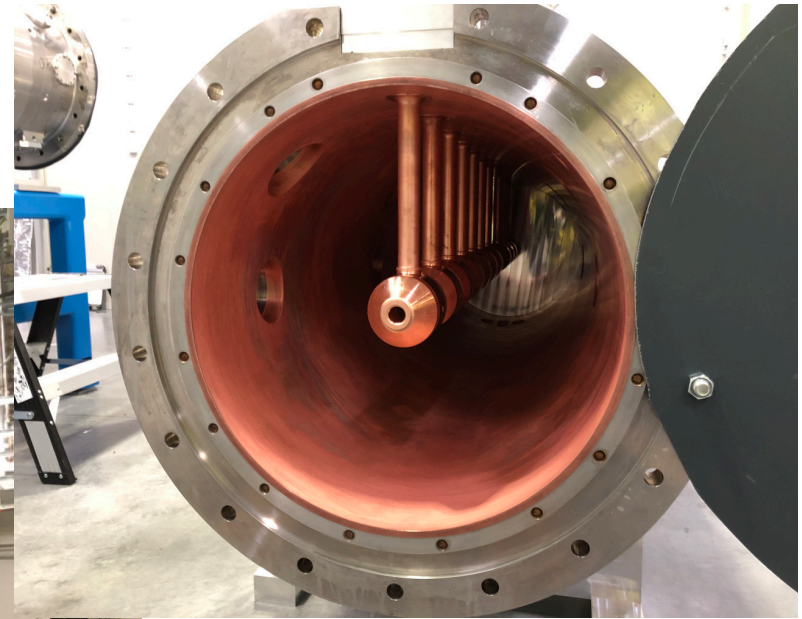
IS, LEBT, RFQ, and MEBT (without cables)



IS, LEBT, RFQ, and MEBT (with cables)



DTL tank 1



RF systems



Operational for NC linac



Installation and testing ongoing for SCL

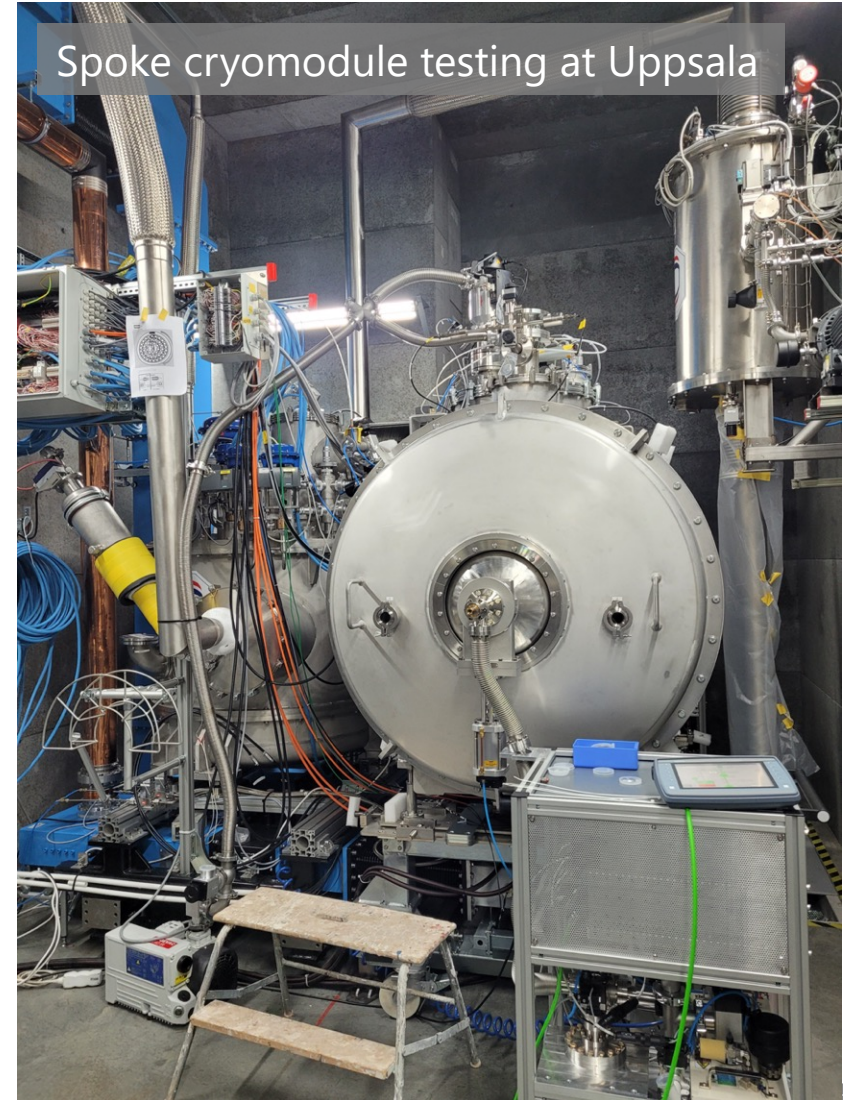
SC cavities and cryomodule testing ongoing



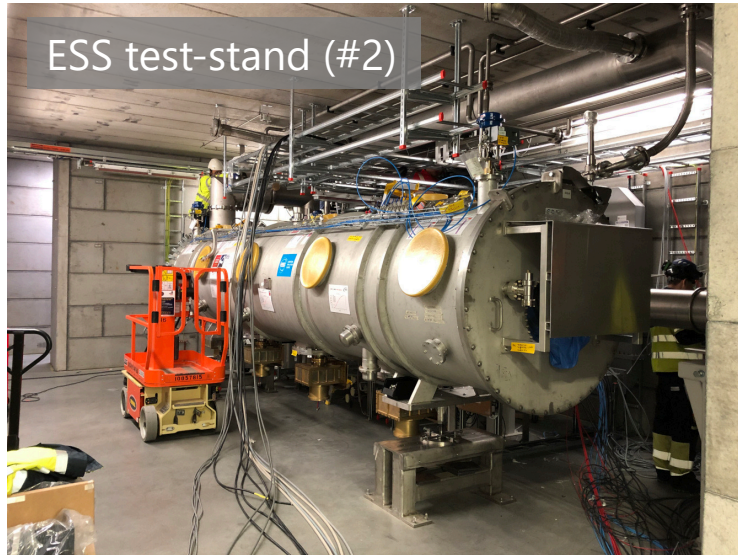
High-beta cavity testing at STFC



Spoke cryomodule testing at Uppsala



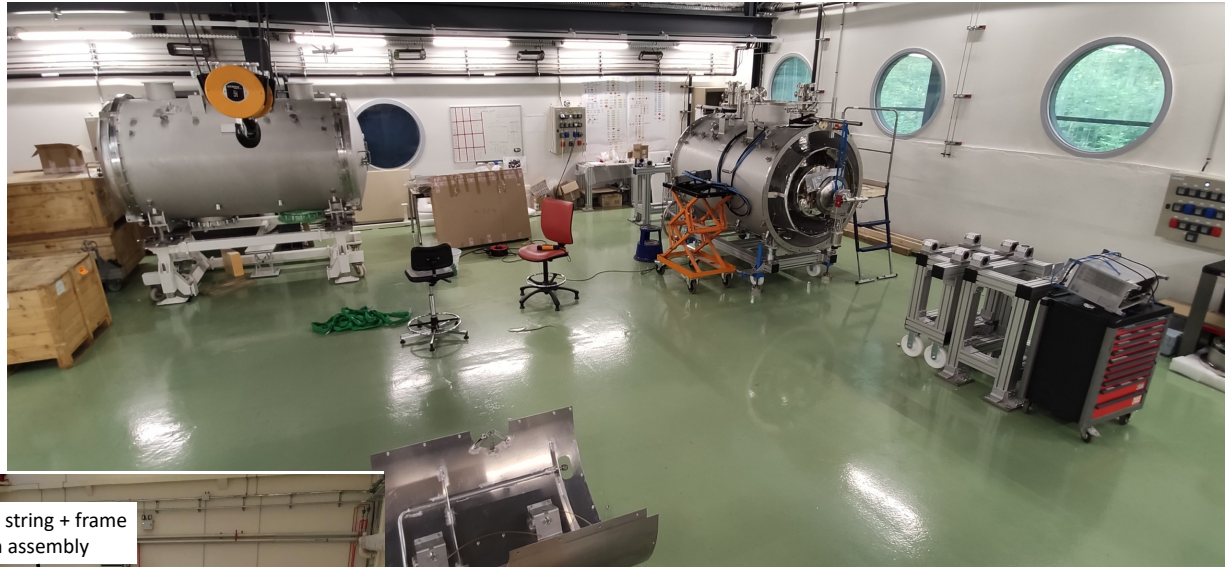
ESS test-stand (#2)



Cryomodule assembly ongoing at in-kind



Elliptical cryomodules at CEA



Spoke cryomodules at IJC-Lab

Cryomodules delivered to the ESS site

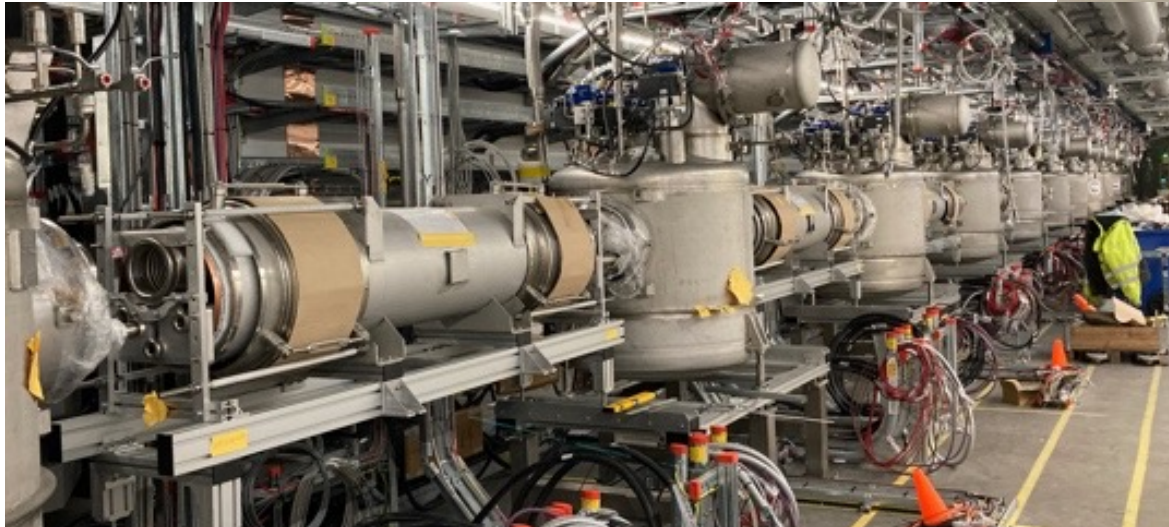
So far 8 spokes, 7 medium-beta, and 2 high-beta



Cryo system



Distribution system installation just completed



Test ongoing for years

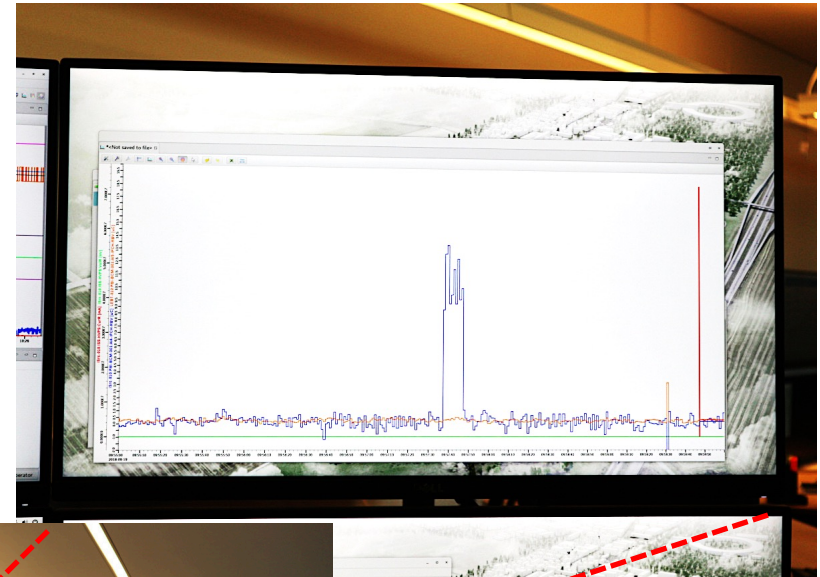
Very first beam on the ESS site, 2018-09-19



Logbook message ID 69, 2018-09-19 10:31

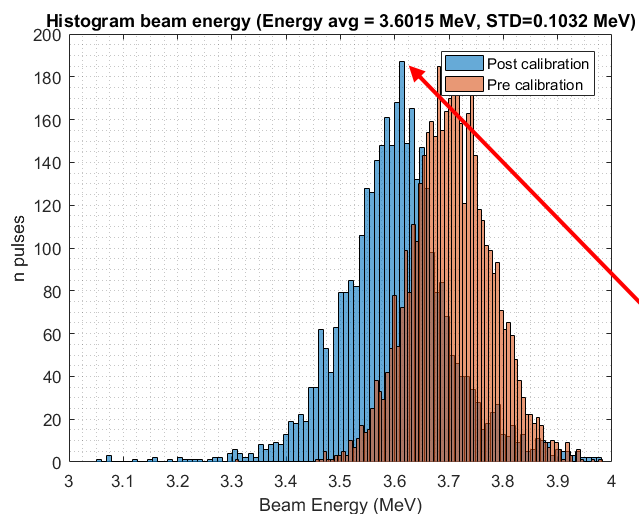
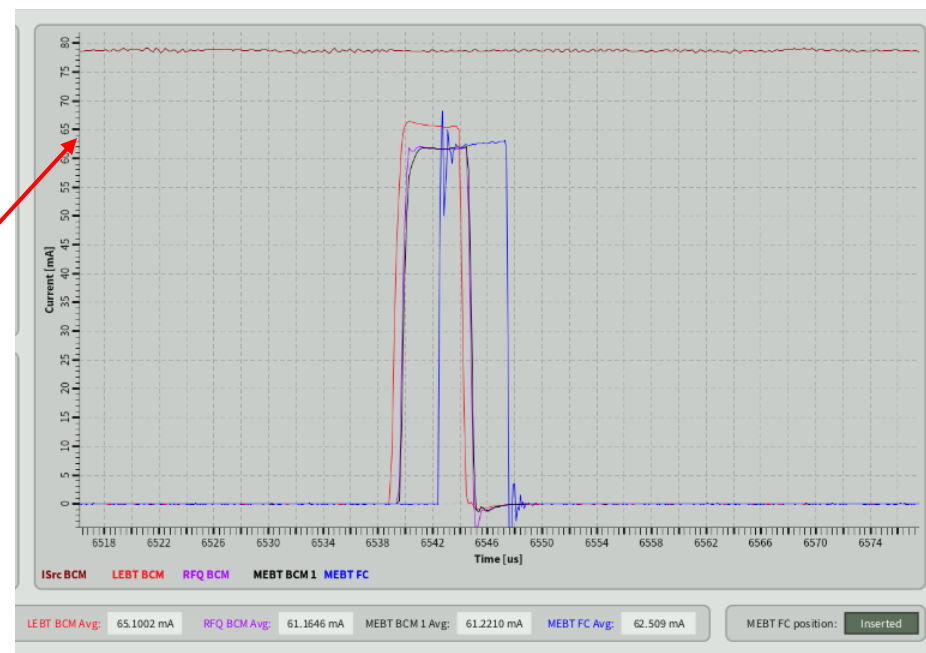
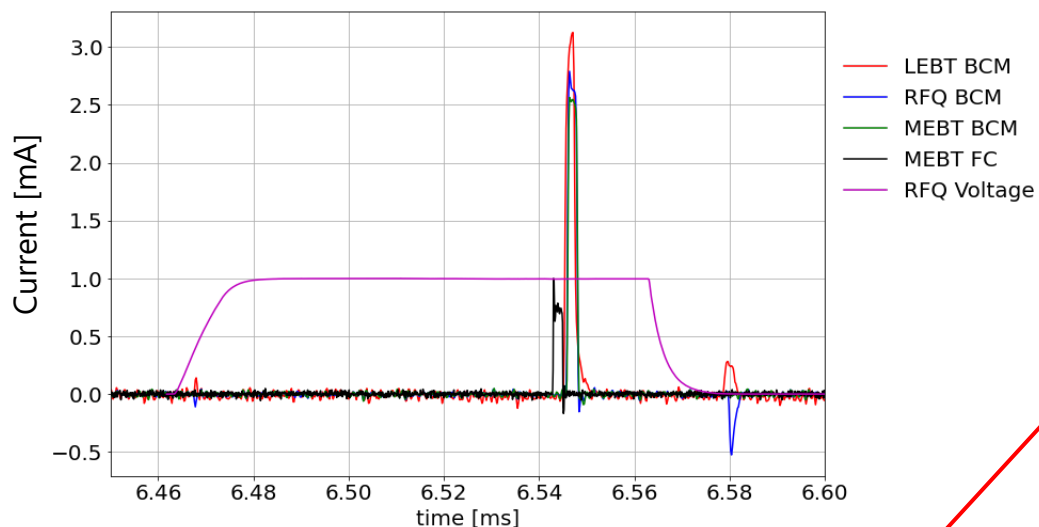
Ryoichi on behalf of ISrc team.

"THE" screenshot of the first beam! Blue trace is the integrated charge per pulse in micro-C. 12 micro-C and 2 ms gives 6 mA. We had the beam for about 10 s.



First beam through RFQ, 2021-11-26

First nominal current beam up to MEBT, 2022-03-12



65 mA

3.60 MeV
(Direct energy measurement with ToF)

First beam through DTL1, 2022-06-01

First nominal current out of DTL1, 2022-07-01



End of DTL1 commissioning



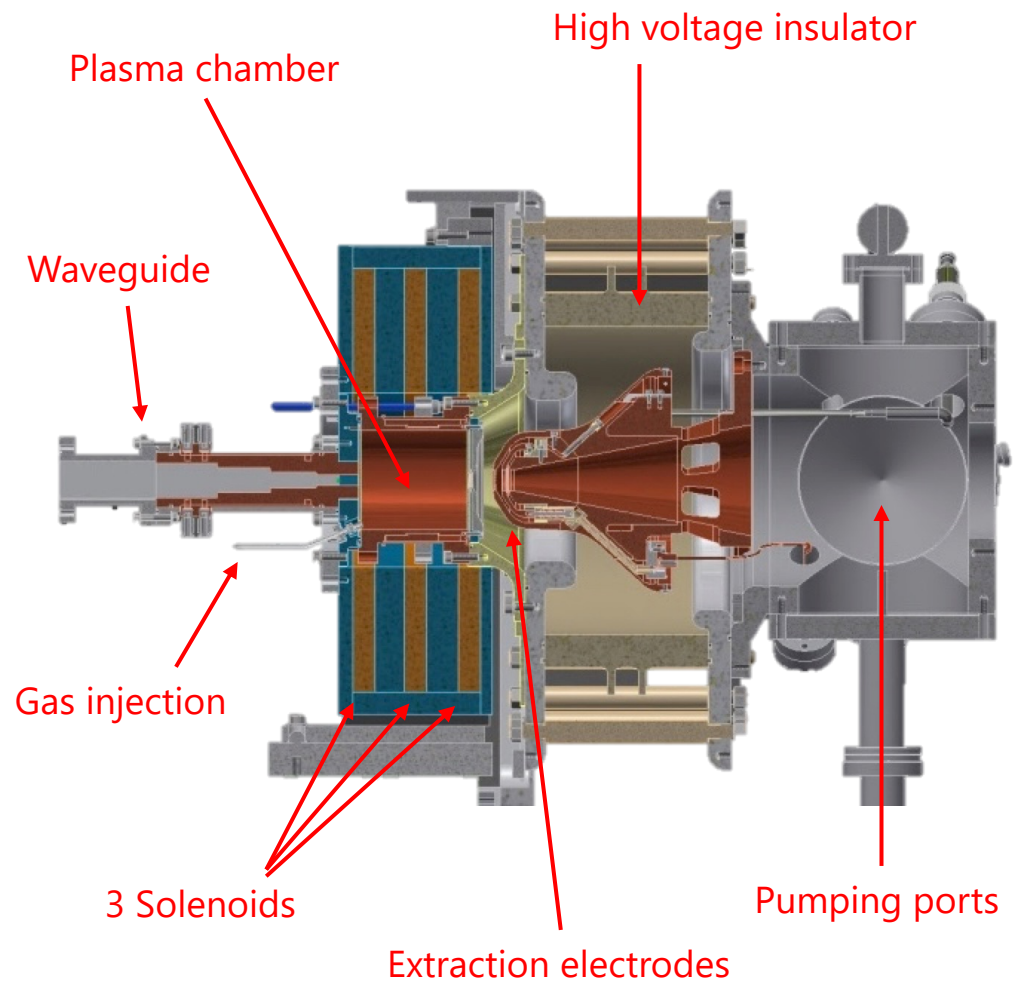
NCL Sections

ESS microwave discharge source

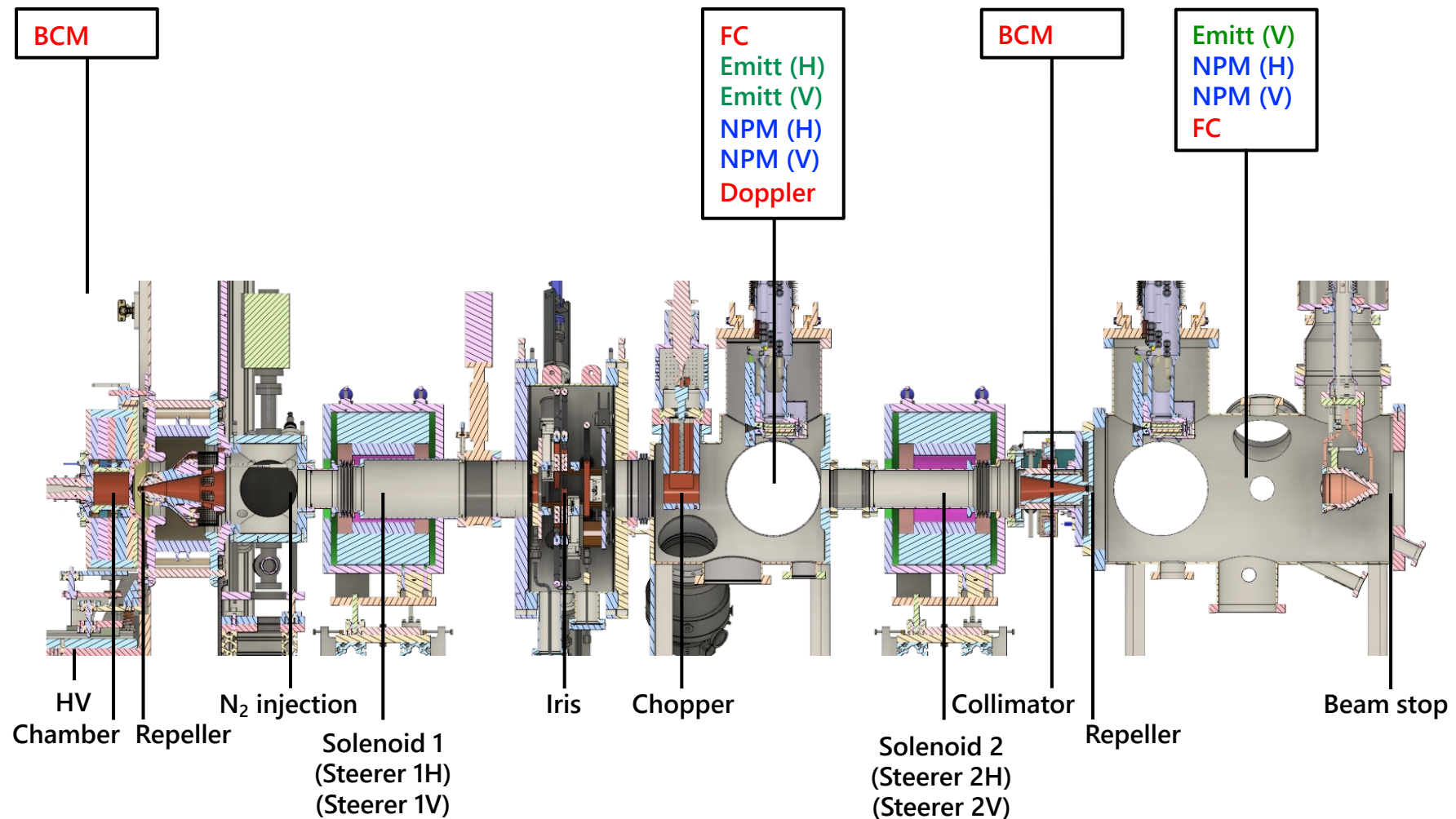


Requirements	Value
Beam energy [keV]	75±5
Proton current [mA]	74
Proton fraction [%]	>75
Pulse length [ms]	6
Pulse flattop length [ms]	3
Rep rate [Hz]	14
Pulse to pulse stability [%]	±3.5%
Pulse flattop stability [%]	±2
Emittance (99%) [π mm mrad]	1.8
Divergence (99%) [mrad]	80

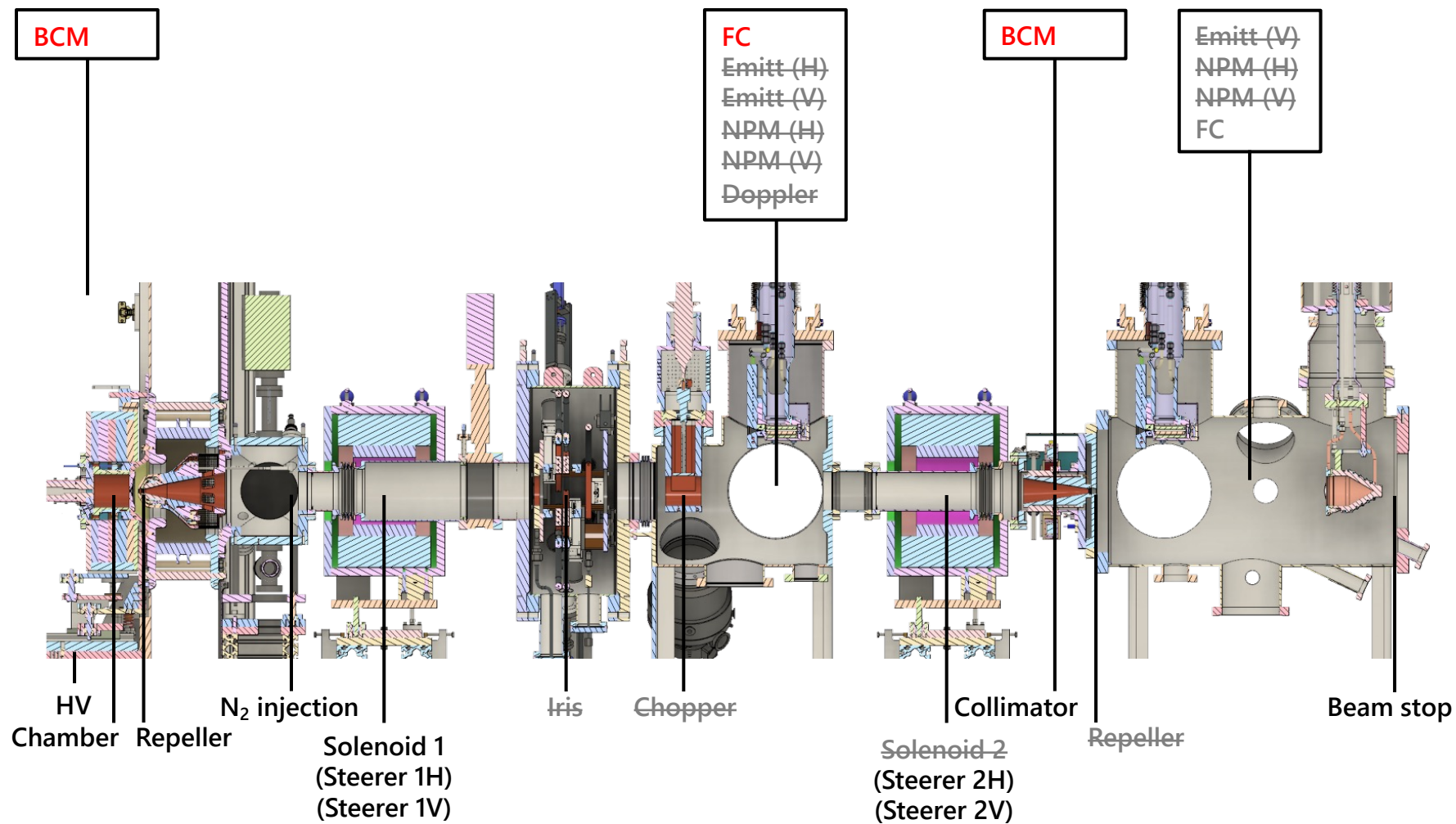
- 5 Primary knobs:
 - RF power
 - H2 flux
 - 3 solenoids (coils) => great flexibility

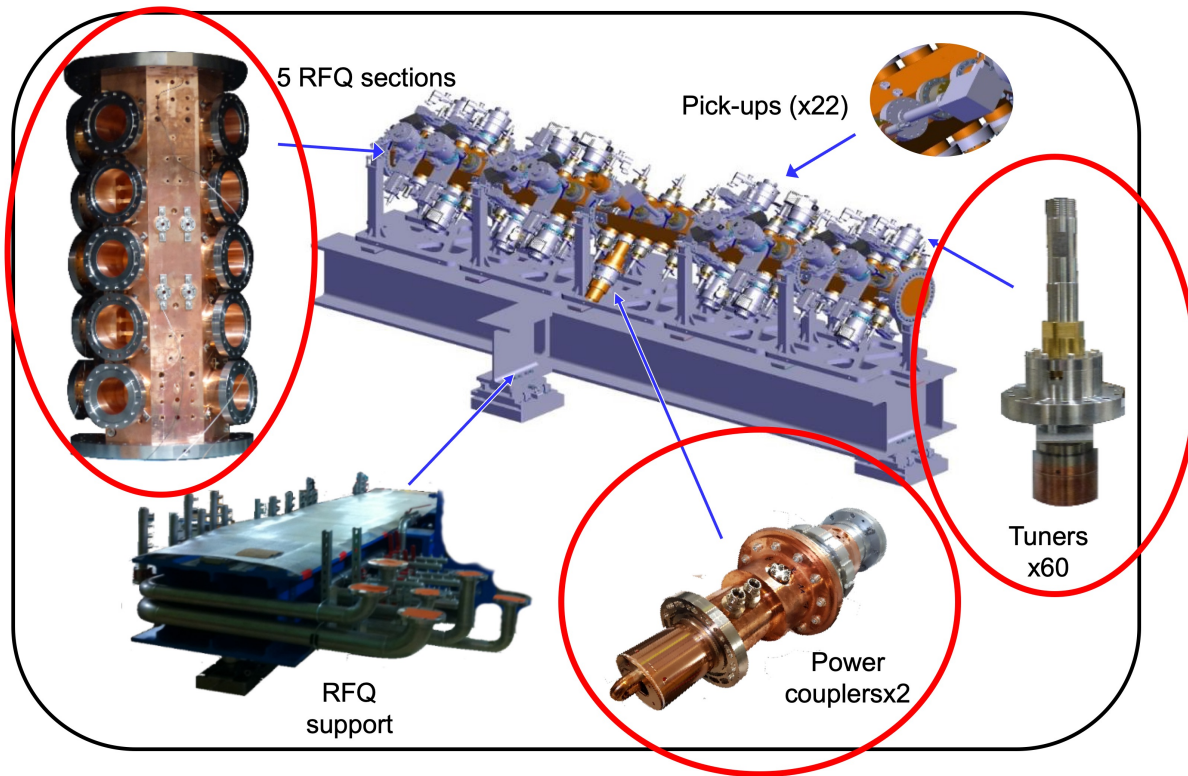


LEBT systems during beam commissioning

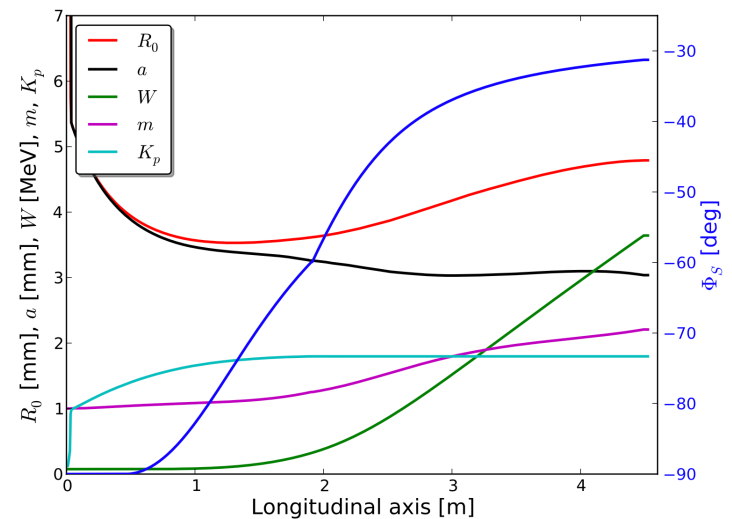


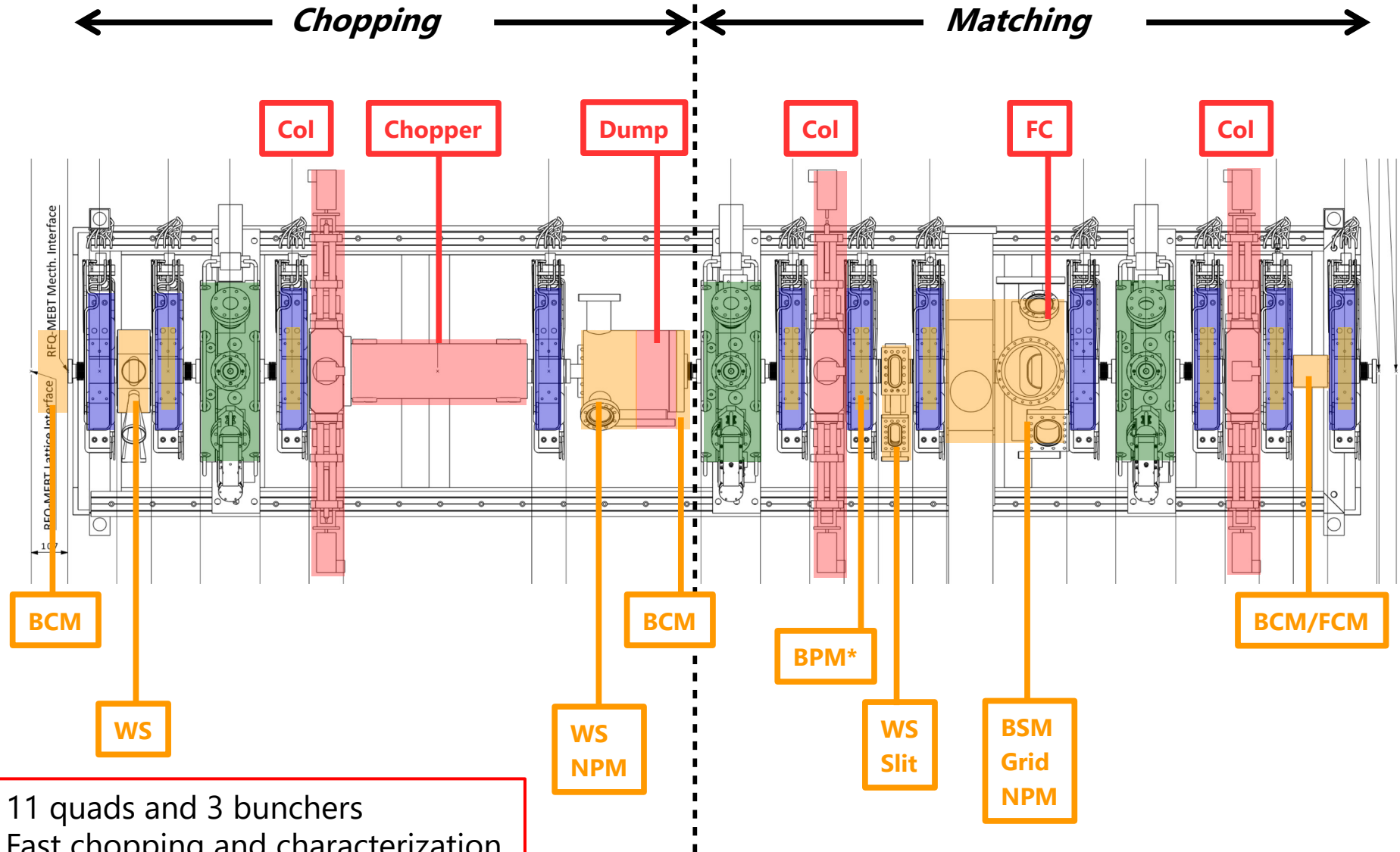
LEBT systems at the restart





- The ESS RFQ in numbers
 - **75 keV to 3.62 MeV**
 - 4.6 m long
 - 4 vanes
 - 2 coaxial power couplers
 - 5 segments
 - 22 field pickups
 - 60 static tuners
 - 66 cooling circuits
 - 80-120 kV intervane voltage
 - 352.21 MHz

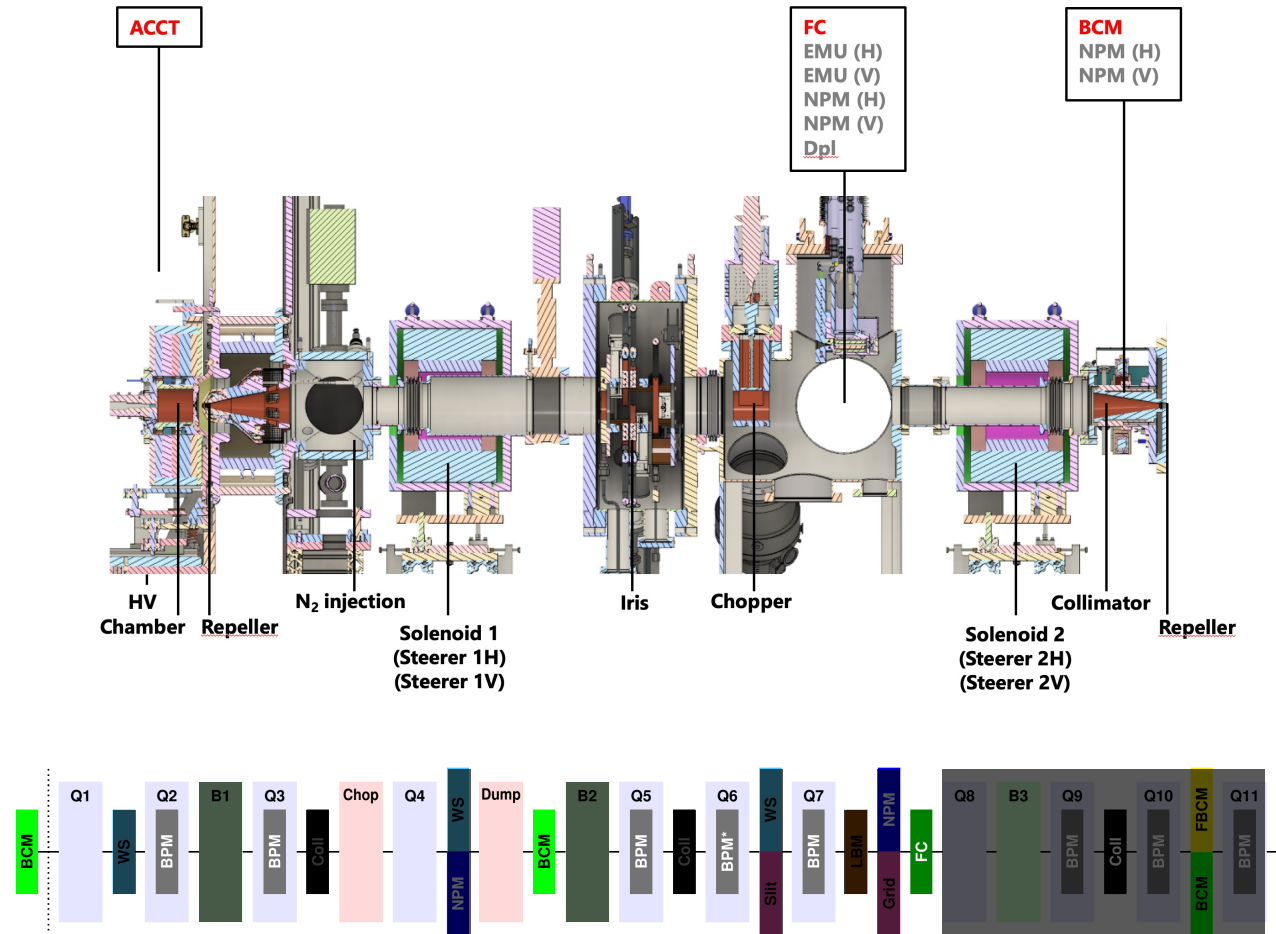




Systems status at the start of the MEBT commissioning



- Started with current measurement diagnostics and BPMs.
- Missing Lattice elements
 - MEBT-bunchers
 - MEBT-collimators
- Missing diagnostics
 - LEBT-Dpl
 - LEBT-NPMs
 - LEBT-EMUs
 - MEBT-WSs*
 - MEBT-NPMs
 - MEBT-EMUs*
 - MEBT-BSM
- RFQ-LLRF still under testing
 - Feedback*
 - Feed-forward*



Courtesy of F. Grespan



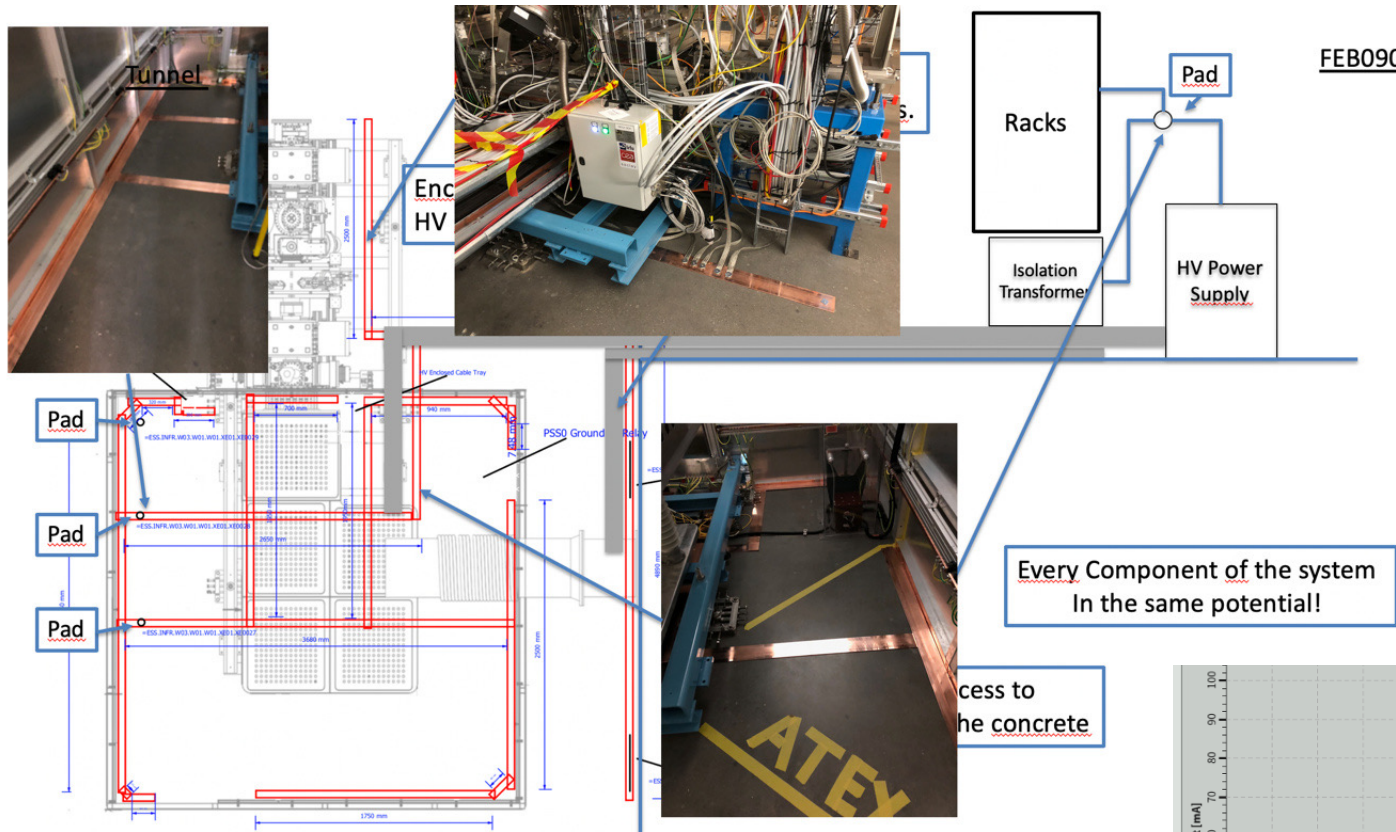
Tank	1	2	3	4	5
Cells	61	34	29	26	23
E_0 [MV/m]	3.00	3.16	3.07	3.04	3.13
E_{\max}/E_k	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55
ϕ_s [deg]	-35,-25.5	-25.5	-25.5	-25.5	-25.5
L_{Tank} [m]	7.62	7.09	7.58	7.85	7.69
Diam Tank [mm]	521	521	521	521	521
R_{Bore} [mm]	10	11	11	12	12
N.PMQ - 1 st /last cover	31 - Y/N	18 - Y/Y	15 - N/Y	13 - N/N	12 - Y/N
Radius PMQ [mm]	11	12	12	13	13
L_{PMQ} [mm]	50	80	80	80	80
Tun. Range [MHz]	± 0.75	± 0.75	± 0.75	± 0.75	± 0.75
Q0/1.25	42512	44455	44344	43894	43415
Optimum β	2.01	2.03	2.01	1.91	1.84
Optimum Detuning [kHz]	+2.3	+2.0	+2.0	+1.8	+1.8
P_{cu} [kW] (no margin)	870	862	872	901	952
E_{out} [MeV]	21.29	39.11	56.81	73.83	89.91
P_{TOT} [kW]	2192	2191	2196	2189	2195

- DTL1 beam commissioning started in the middle of the conditioning campaign.
- High-power conditioning continued till the end of beam commissioning.

NCL Commissioning Highlights (Mainly Beam Characterizations)

- LINAC22
 - Source
 - L. Neri THPORI19
 - LEBT beam dynamics
 - L. Bellan TUPORI29
 - RFQ beam dynamics
 - D. Noll TUPOPA04
 - Hardware commissioning
 - B. Jones TUPOJO10
 - MEBT
 - A. Sosa TUPOJO14
 - WS commissioning
 - C. Derrez TUPOJO13
 - MPS
 - S. Gabourin MOPORI17
- IBIC22
 - MEBT beam dynamics
 - N. Milas MO2C2
 - Phase scan
 - Y. Levinsen TUP35

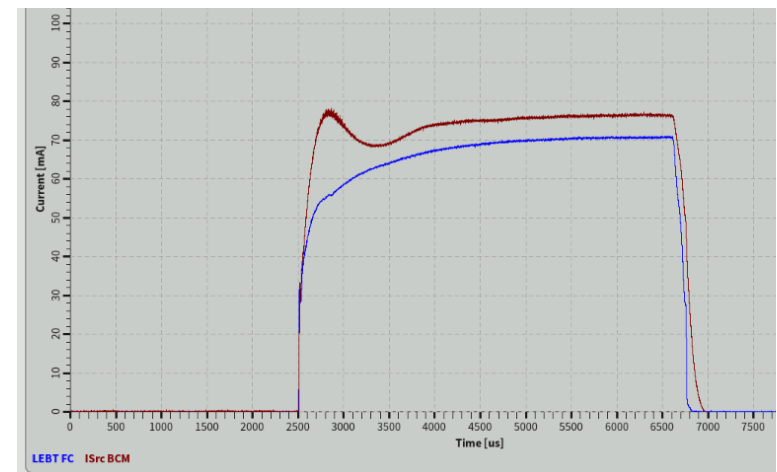
Source needed grounding improvements for EMI



FEB090

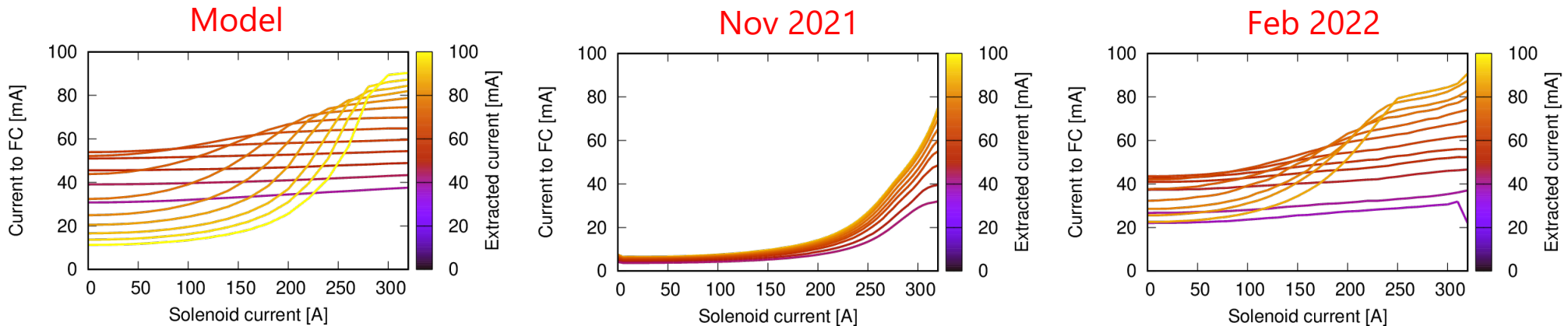
Courtesy of E. Trachanas

Source pulse (with 2 coils)



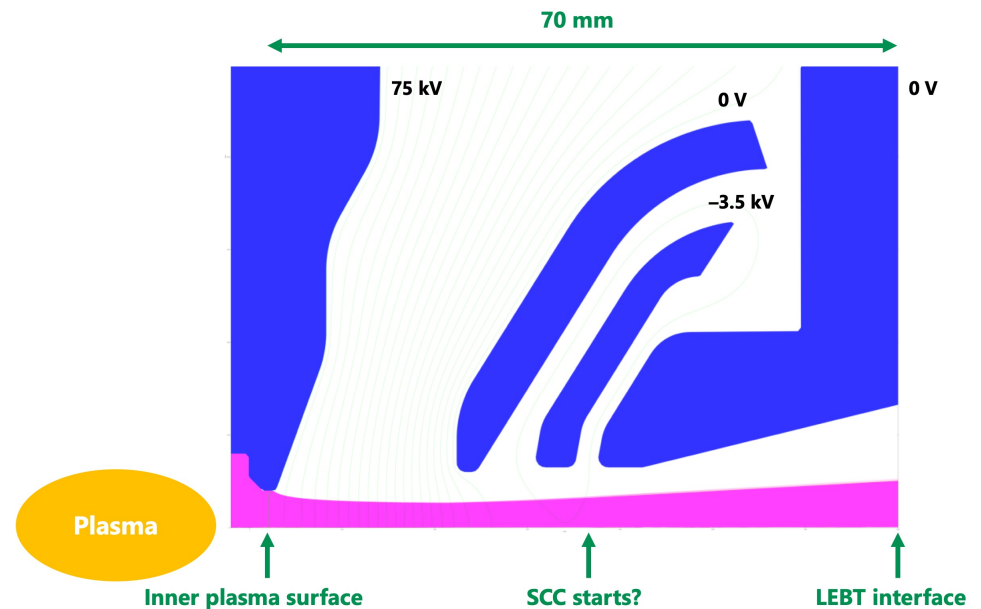
- Took ~5 months to fix the EMI issue.
- Afterwards stable operations were established.
- Demonstrated great adjustability.
 - A bit too much current in the most stable regime.

ISrc repeller was discovered to be disconnected



Courtesy of D. Noll

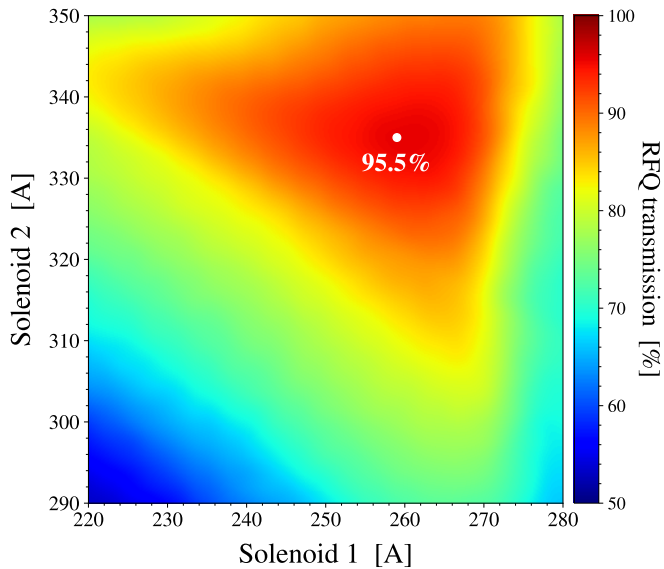
- It was found that the ISrc repeller was not connected during maintenance in Jan 2022.
 - Not straightforward to measure voltage on a capacitor.
- The ISrc behaviour much close to the model.
- Unfortunately most data from 2019 and 2022 became useless (including emittance) and we're back to the square-one.



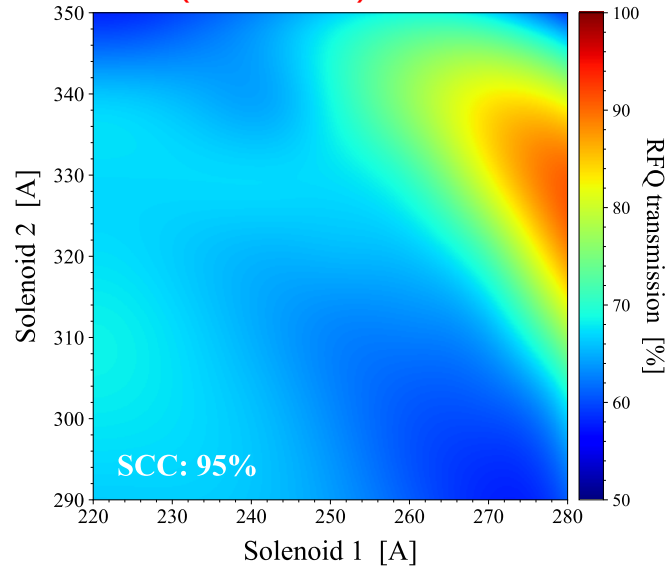
Solenoids scan (preliminary)



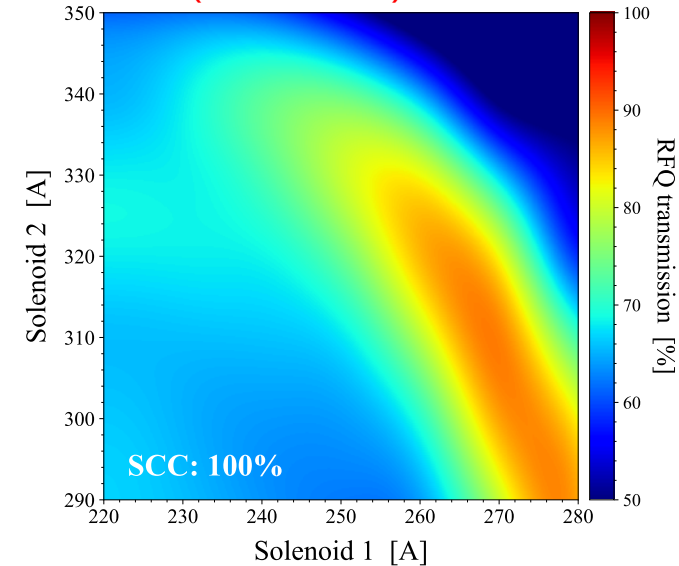
Meas



Sim (95% SCC)

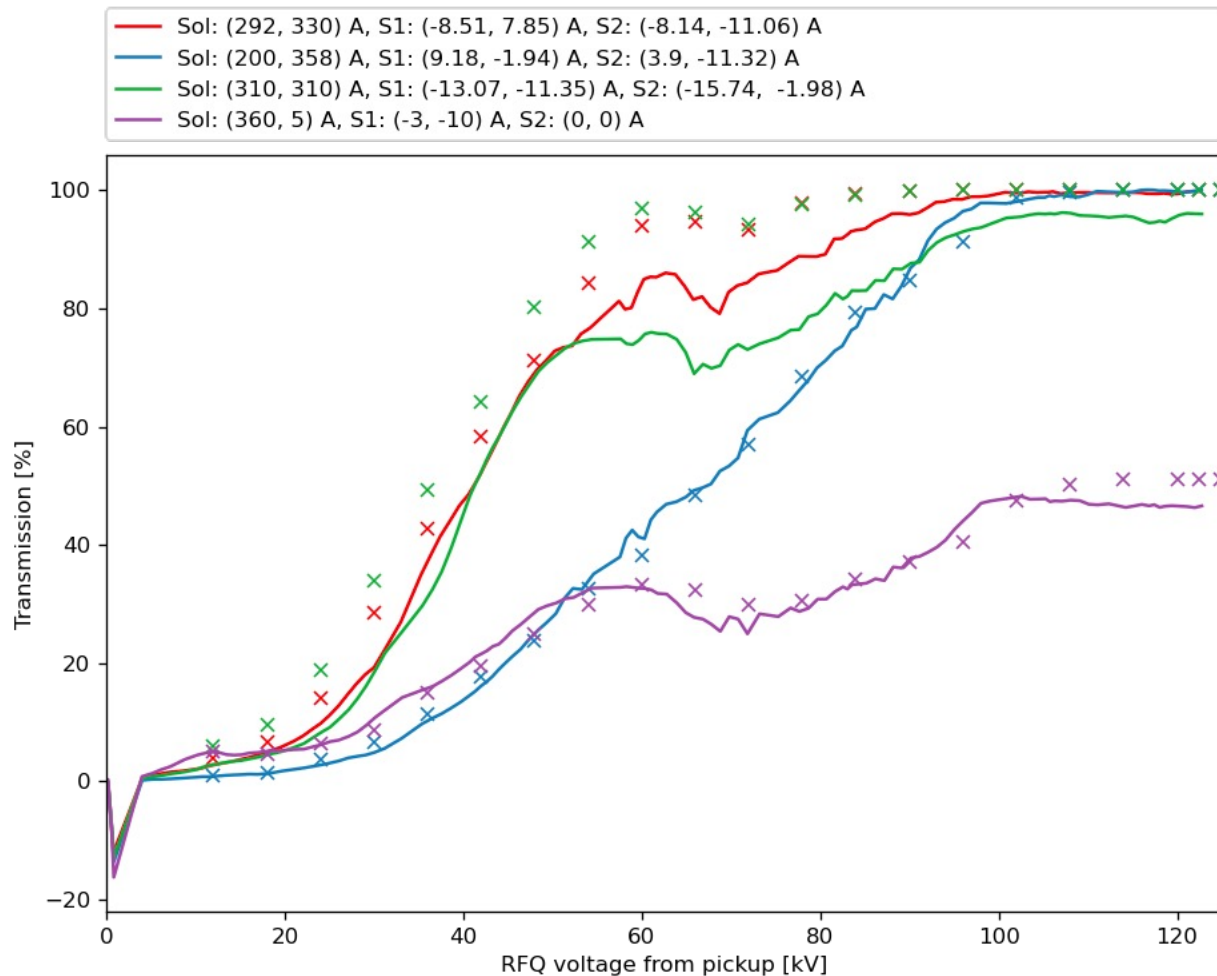


Sim (100% SCC)



- Best transmission = best beam quality preservation (e.g., emittance)
- 95.5 meas vs 97-98% sim
- Optimal point and pattern very different
 - Sensitive to not only the IS output distribution but also space-charge compensation (SCC)

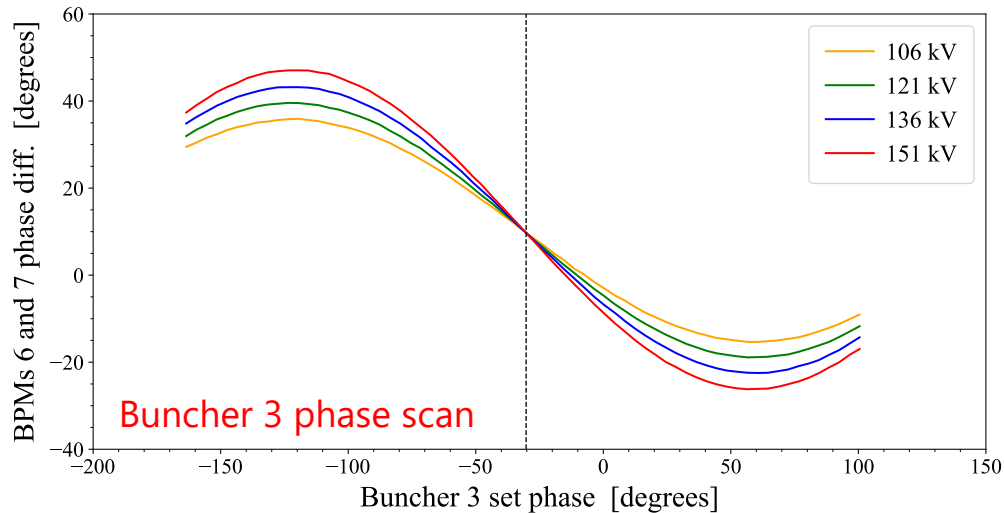
RFQ voltage scan



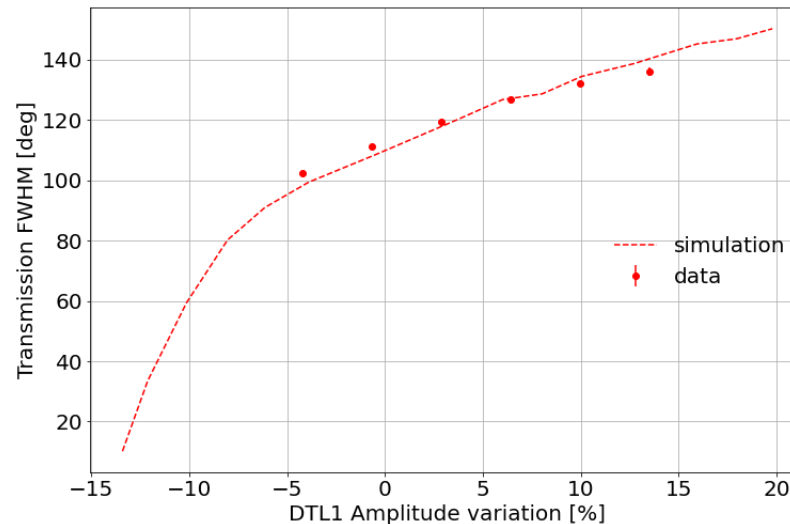
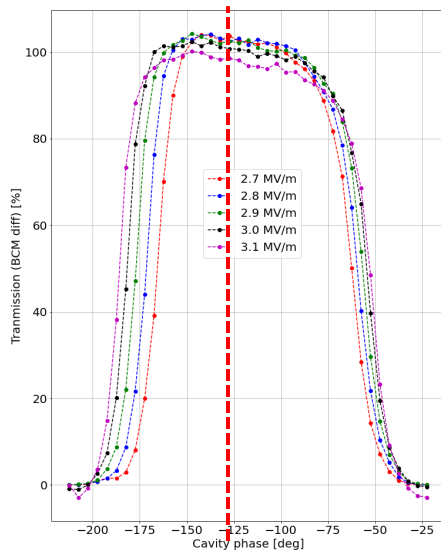
- Voltage is the only degrees of freedom.
- A standard way to make a mode comparison.
- See D. Noll TUPOPA04 for scan with different input conditions.

Cavity amplitude and phase setting

- Major activities during commissioning and start-ups



- Buncher 3 set amp seems off by -10%.
- FWHM of DTL1 transmission scan is insensitive against the initial condition.
- DTL1 set amp seems off by ~5%.
- Further details in Y. Levinsen IBIC22-TUP35.



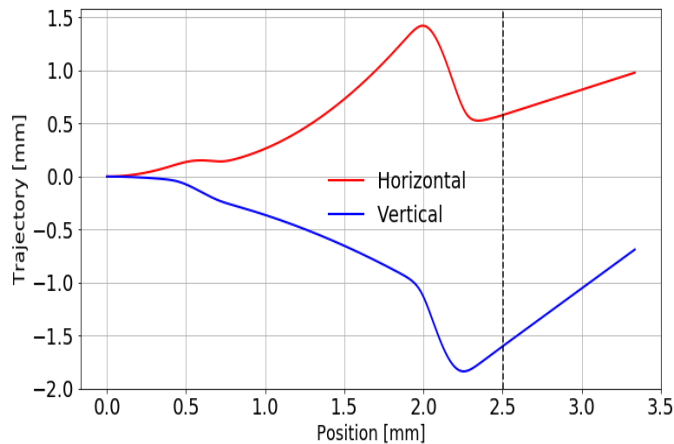
DTL1 transmission vs DTL1 phase

Beam trajectory

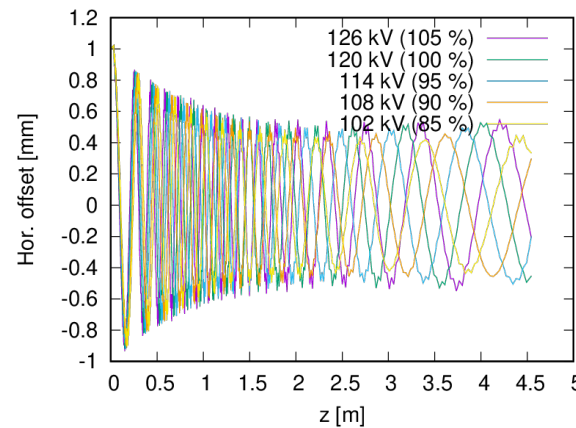
Focus on the LEBT so far



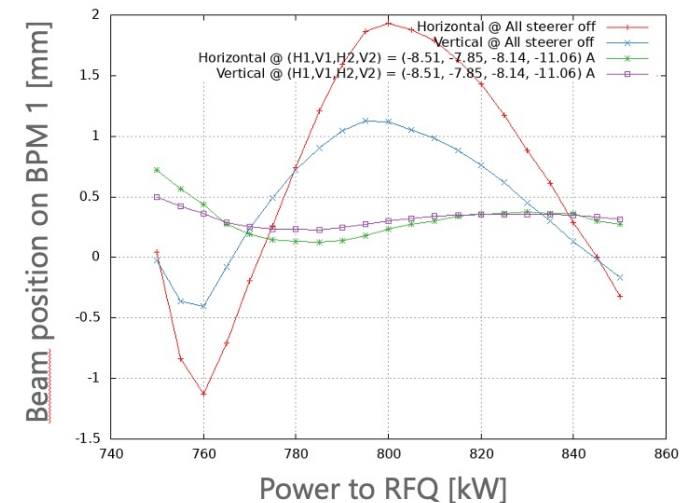
LEBT trajectory with earth magnetic field



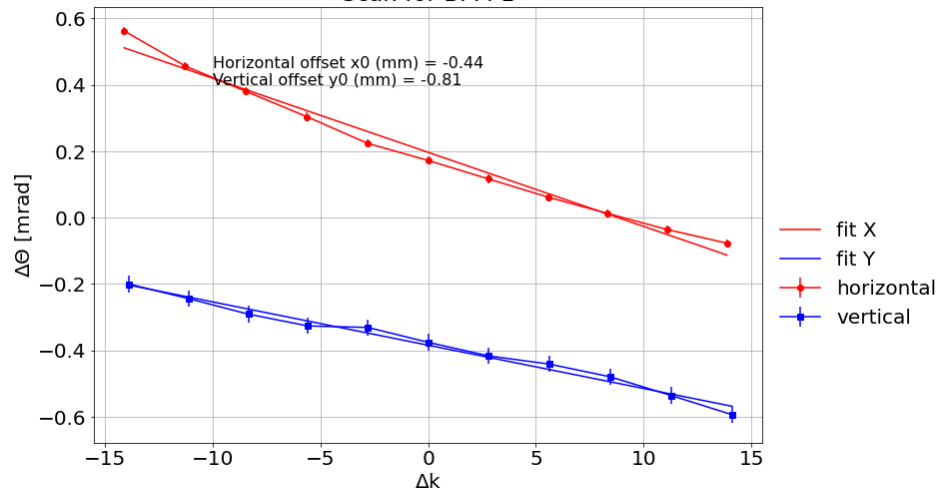
Trajectory modulation with RFQ voltage



Injection correction to RFQ



Scan for BPM 1

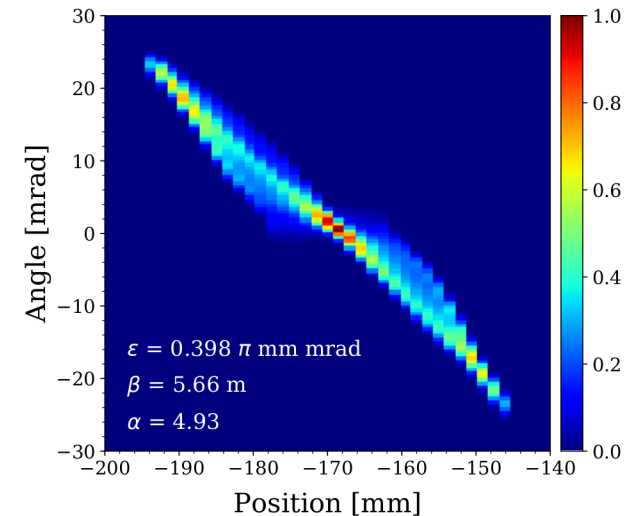


- Earth magnetic field ($\sim 47 \mu\text{T}$ downward) has a large impact in LEBT.
- Injection correction to RFQ for modulated RFQ voltage (also in D. Noll TUPOPA04)
- Not so much attentioned paid to steering in MEBT and DTL1, due to a good transmission.
 - Beam-based alignment tried for MEBT.

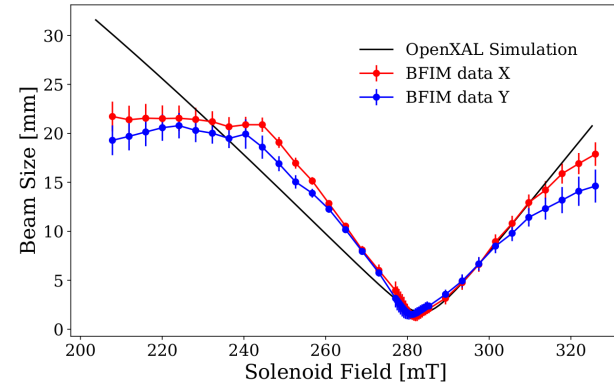
Emittance



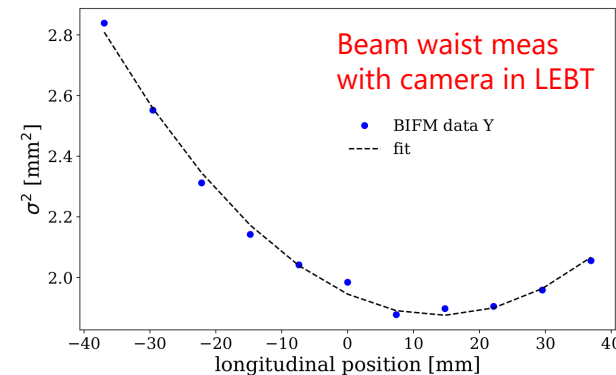
LEBT EMU



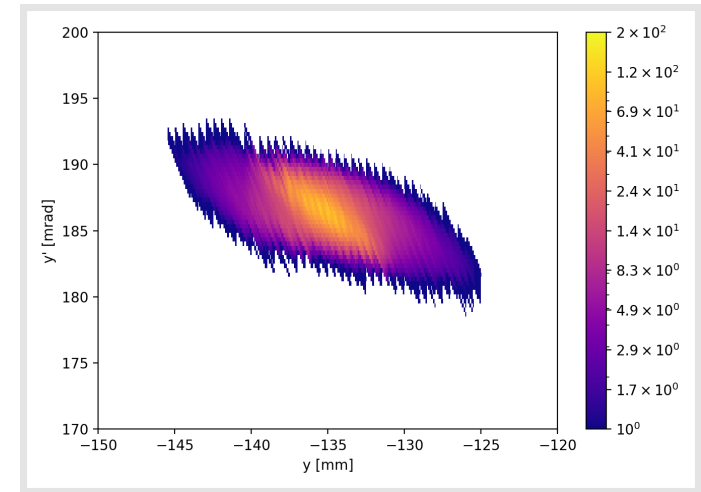
"Quad scan" with cameral in LEBT



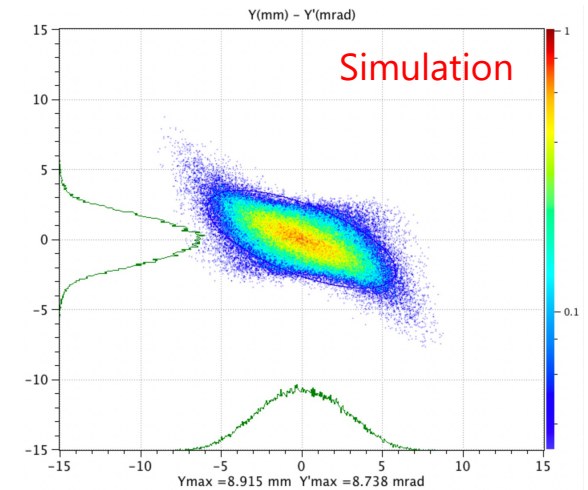
Beam waist meas with camera in LEBT



MEBT EMU

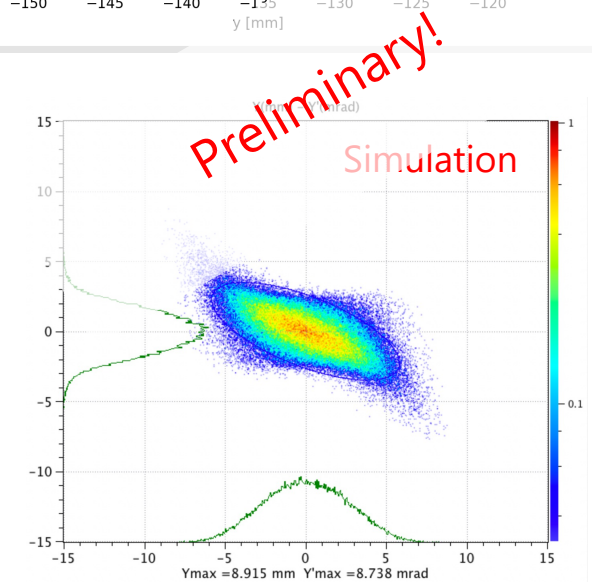
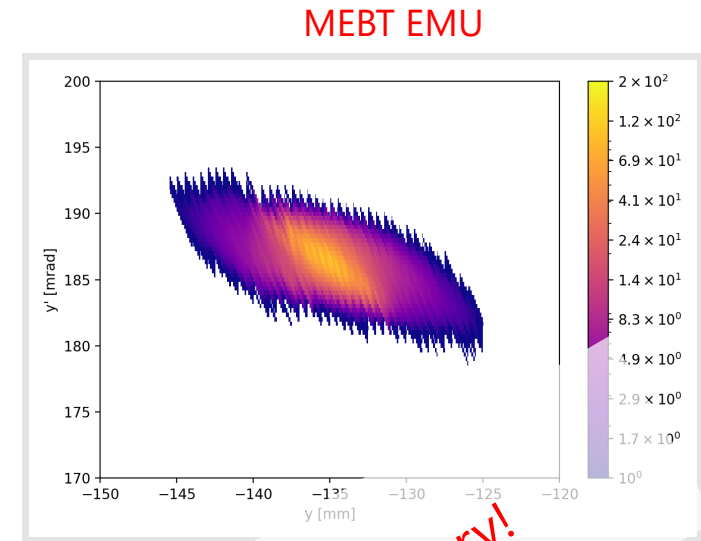
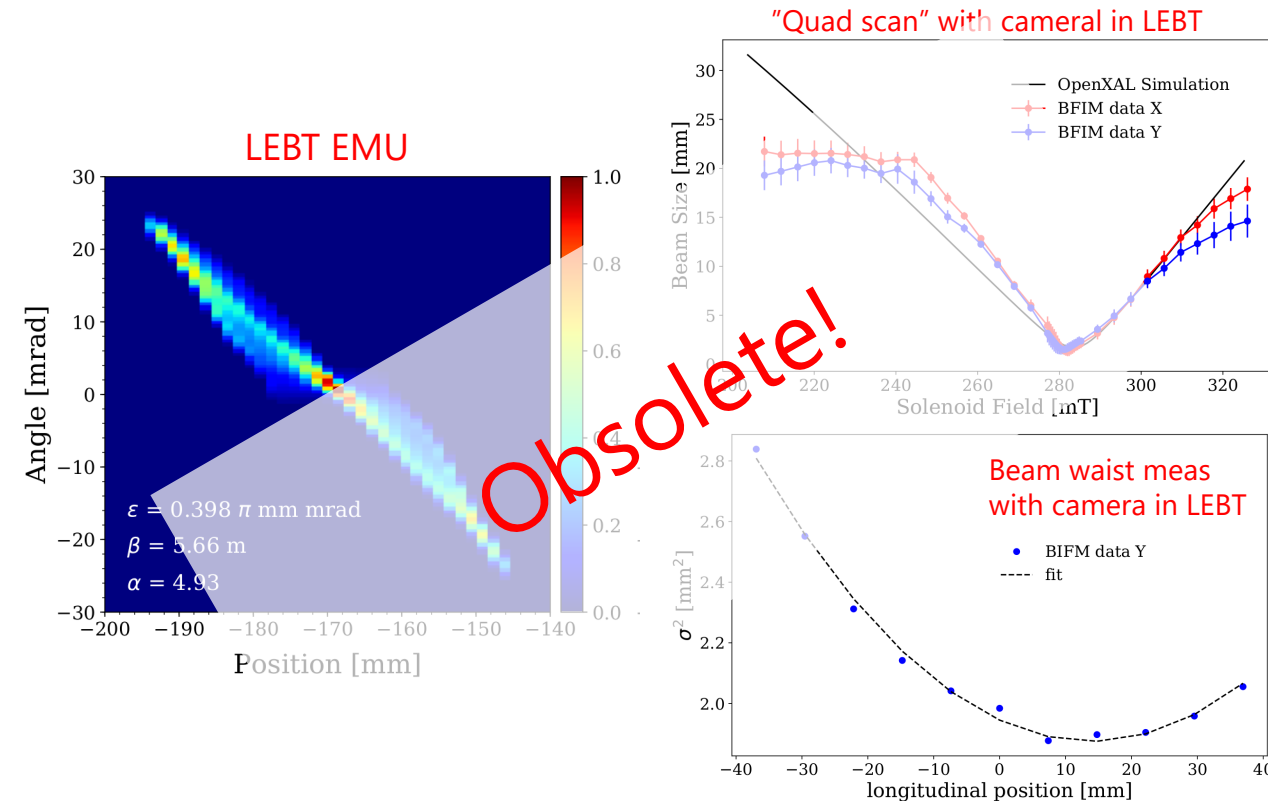


Simulation



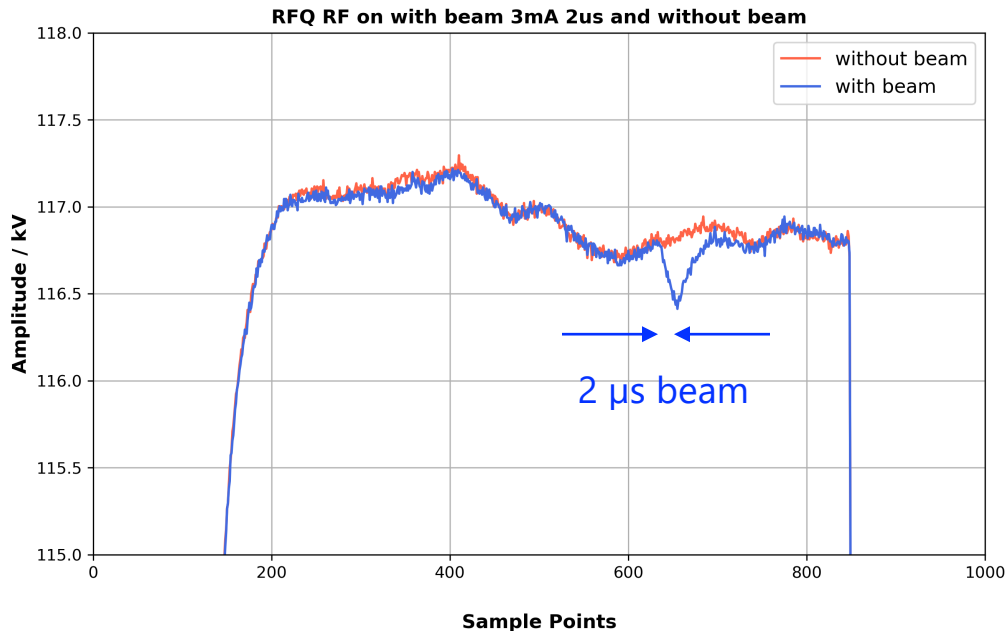
- 3 methods consistent (10-20%) for LEBT.
 - Instruments not available after the IS-LEBT commissioning.
 - Data no longer valid. (Repeller issue)
- MEBT EMU (V-plane) became available during last ~1 week.
 - Preliminary result shows $\sim 0.5 \pi \text{ mm mrad}$. (Sensitive to how to cut noise, as usual.)
 - Beta off by -30%, alpha -0.2.
 - H-unit became available on the last day and showed a similar value.

Emittance



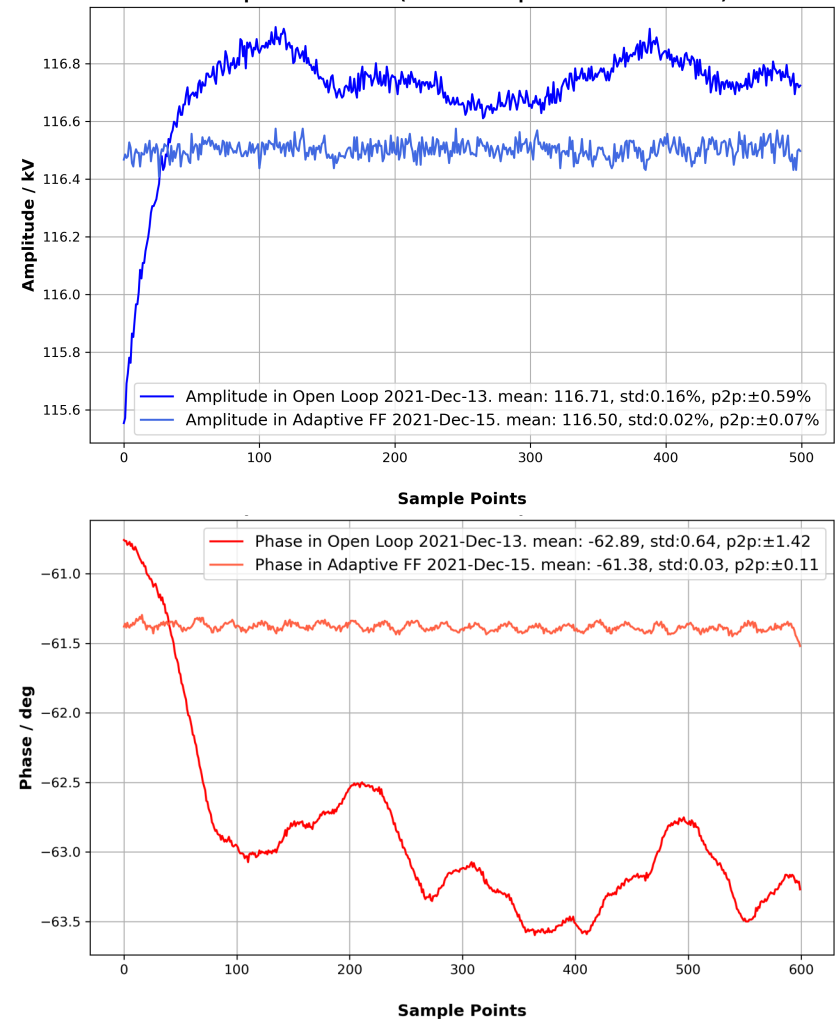
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First beam



- Feedback and feed-forward are not yet finalized and still under testing.
- Peak-to-peak flatness $\sim 0.5\%$ (due to the modulator?)
 - Requirement: 0.2% in RMS after the first 10 μ s.
- Beam loading $\sim 0.5\%$ for 3 mA and 2 μ s beam.

Script based feed-forward



Summary

- ESS linac project
 - Making steady progress.
 - One commissioning step per year:
 - 2023: Last NCL commissioning step up to DTL4
 - 2024: Beam to the tuning dump
 - 2025: Beam to target
 - 2026: Initial user operations
 - Initial operations will be 800 MeV and 2 MW (capacity).
 - Brightest neutron source with >2 MW. (Thanks to the moderator design.)
- SCL
 - Manufacturing and testing of cavities and cryomodules ongoing.
 - RF installation and testing ongoing.
 - Cryomodules are being delivered to ESS. Installation will start next year.
- NCL
 - RFQ and DTL1 conditioning successfully conducted at the ESS site.
 - Nominal current (62.5 mA) beam transported to the DTL1 exit.
 - No issue during current ramp-up, after fixing the IS repeller issue.
 - **All major hardware (cavities, magnets, ...) is good so far. Thanks to in-kinds.**
 - **Pulse length is still limited. Only target can accept beyond 62.5 mA and 50 us steadily.**

Thank you for your attentions!

We look forward to report more progress in the next LINAC!