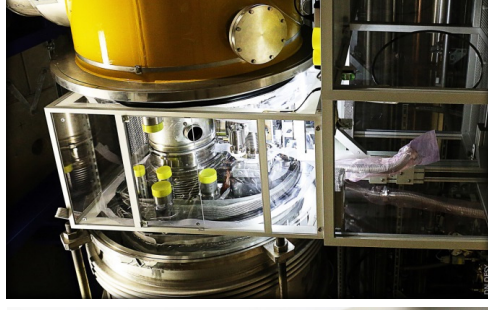
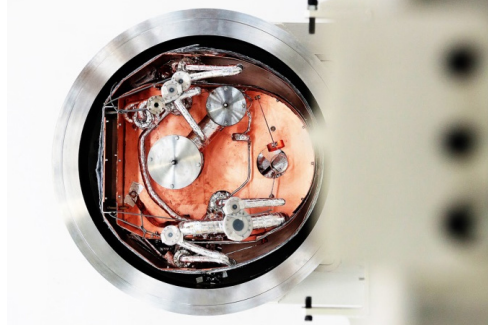


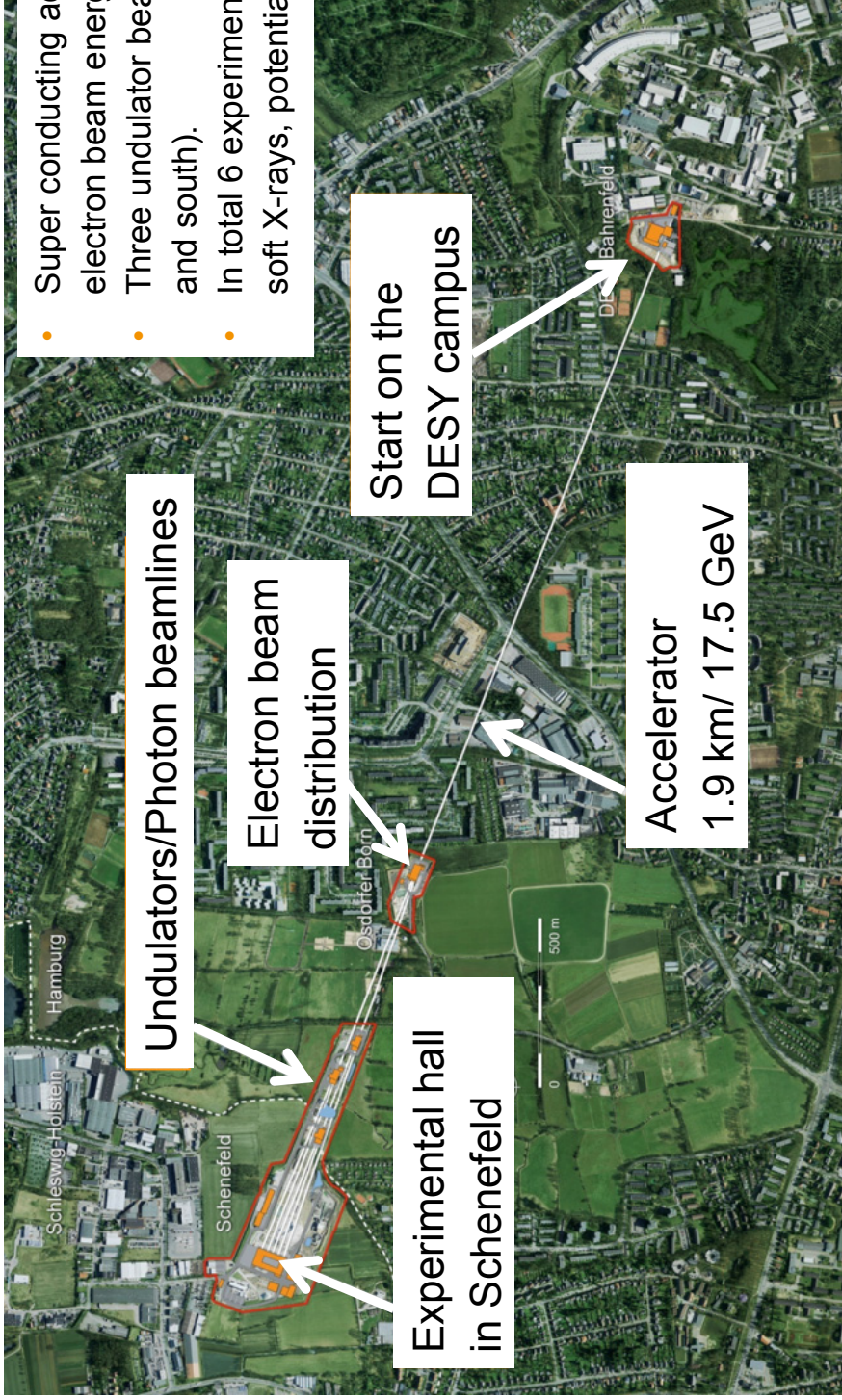
Commissioning of the European XFEL

Dirk Nölle, DESY, on behalf of the European XFEL Commissioning Team

LINAC'18, September 21st, 2018



The European XFEL between Hamburg Bahrenfeld and Schenefeld



- Super conducting accelerator with up to 17.5 GeV electron beam energy.
- Three undulator beamlines in two branches (north and south).
- In total 6 experiments, 4 for hard X-rays and 2 for soft X-rays, potential for 2 more FELs



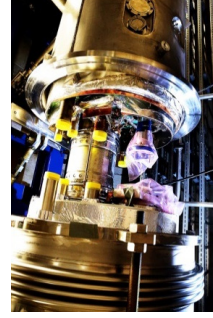
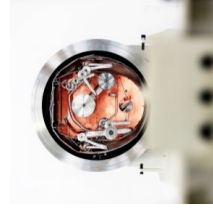
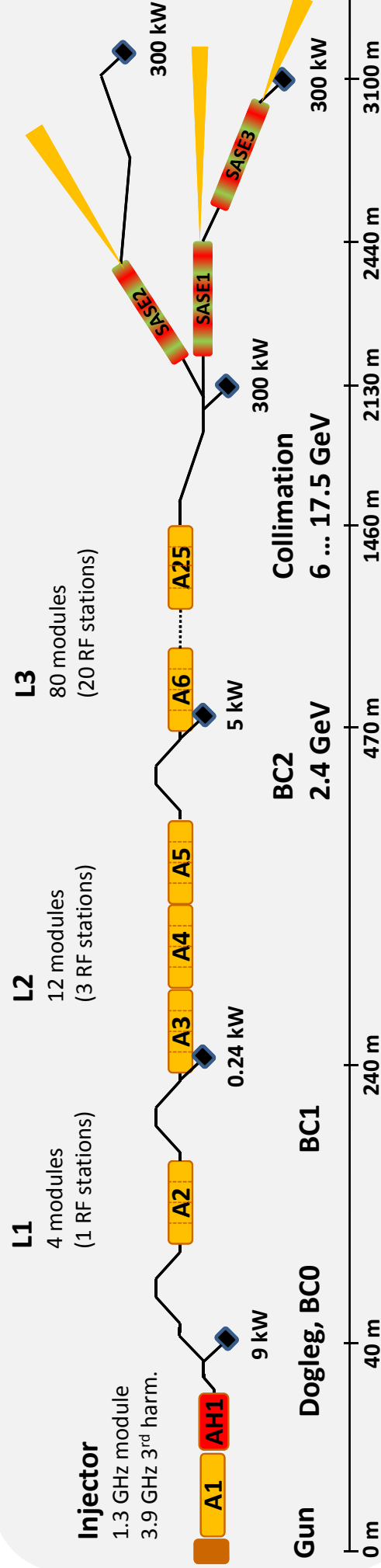
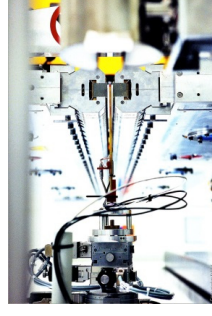
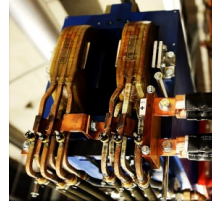
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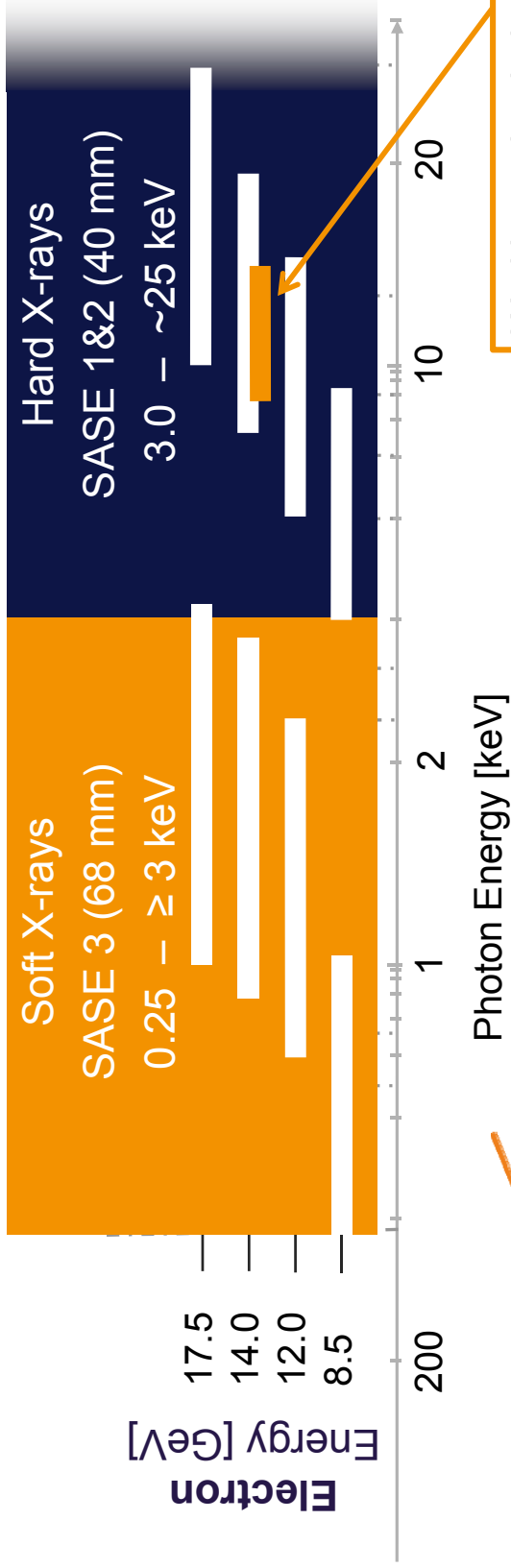


Schematic accelerator overview



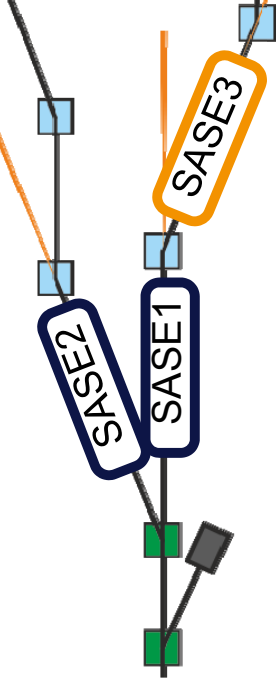
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The European XFEL covers photon energies from 0.25 keV to 25 keV



Working point during user runs:

- 14 GeV electron beam energy
- 7.5 - 14 keV photon energy (SASE1).



European XFEL



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The longest superconducting linac in the world is in operation



- 96 superconducting modules in a single cryostat in the main tunnel
- plus 2 injector modules
- RF components and electronics rack are located below the accelerator.

Operation of the Cryogenic System

■ The system performs well, reliable, with excellent pressure stability and elaborate compensation of dynamic loads.

■ Only problem:

- Still MTBF of the cold compressor stages
- Two failures of CC motors in 2018 user runs: March and May
- Poor statistics makes it difficult to rate improvement measures

■ New and updated designs are implemented but no final conclusion

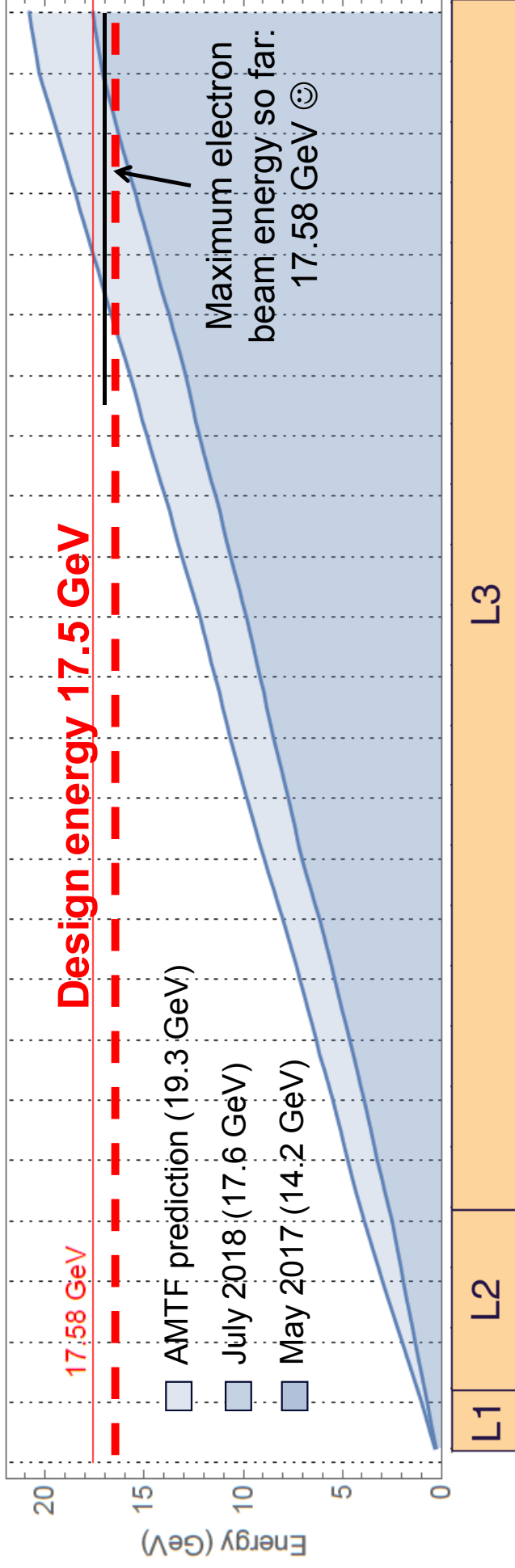
- Manufacturers commitment to solve issue was renewed

management level meeting in June

	Bearing failures	Specified lifetime	Max. lifetime	Current run
CC-stage 1	0	16000	7600	2156
CC-stage 2	5		9900	11556
CC-stage 3	10		3700	3888
CC-stage 4	3		6400	2158*



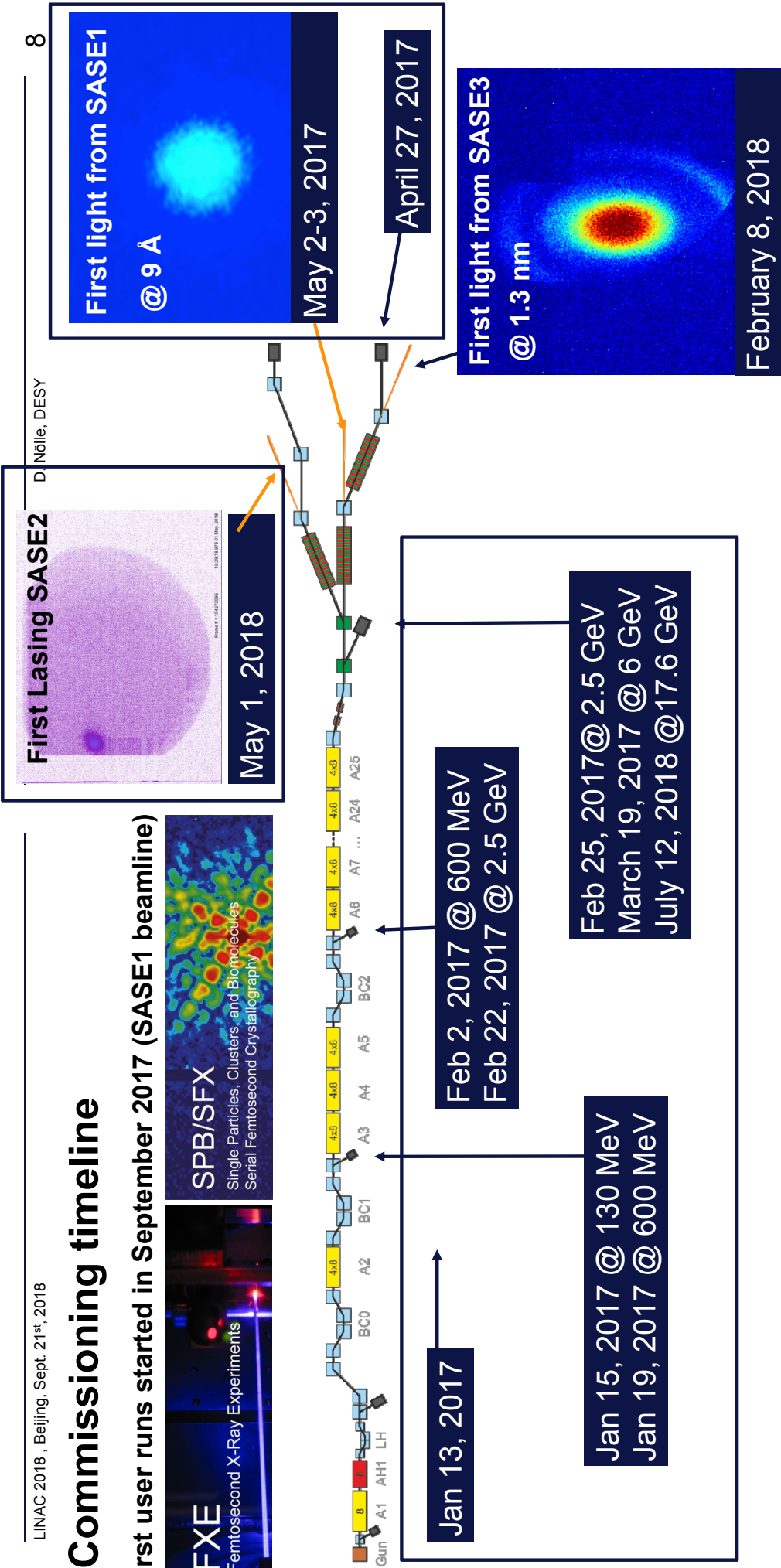
Energy reach of European XFEL



- The accelerator is commissioned accordingly to schedule and towards expected parameters.
- All 25 RF stations are in operation
- The maximum electron beam energy so far is **17.5 GeV**, user operation with **14.0 GeV**.
- There is still potential to increase the RF performance. ([Branlard](#), [Poster MOP0038](#))

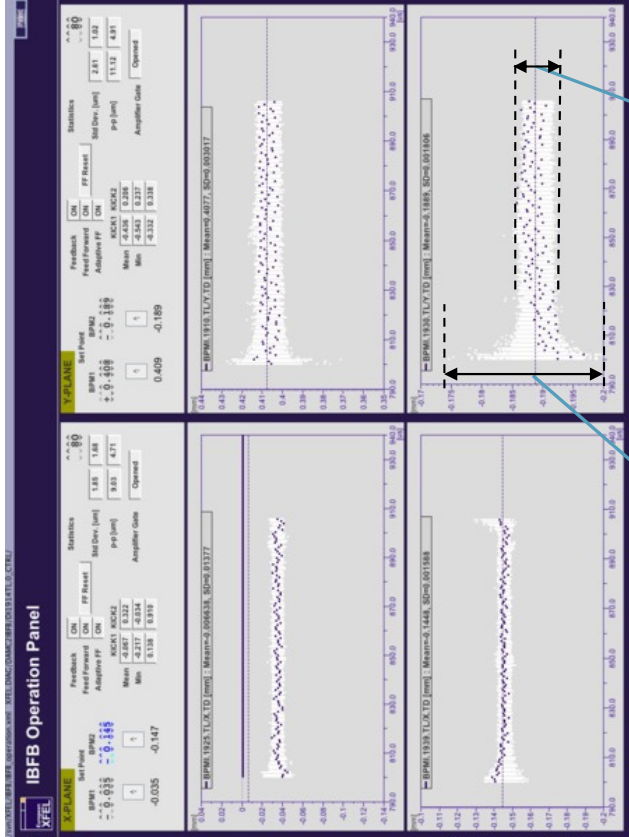
Commissioning timeline

First user runs started in September 2017 (SASE1 beamline)



Fast Feedback Systems: Take advantage of long bunch trains

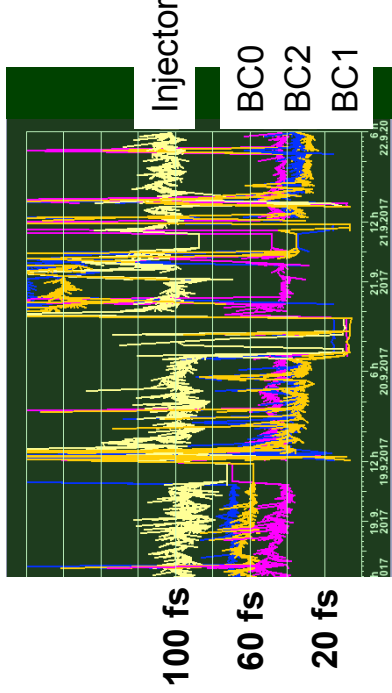
Intra bunch train orbit feedback



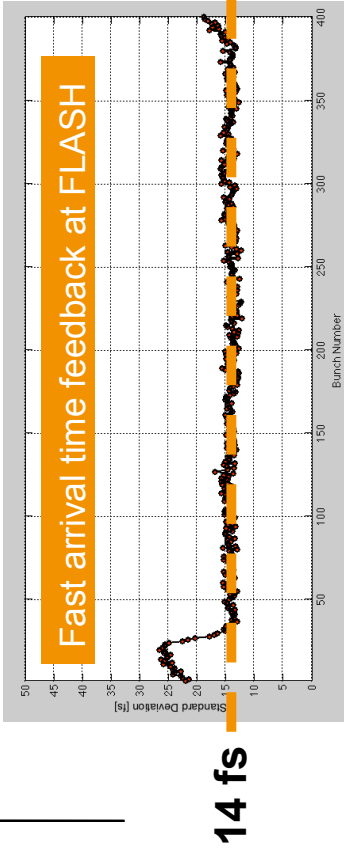
pk2pk ~ 30 μm

pk2pk ~ 6 μm

Arrival time stability



We expect an arrival time jitter in the range of 10 fs as soon as the arrival time feedback is commissioned.

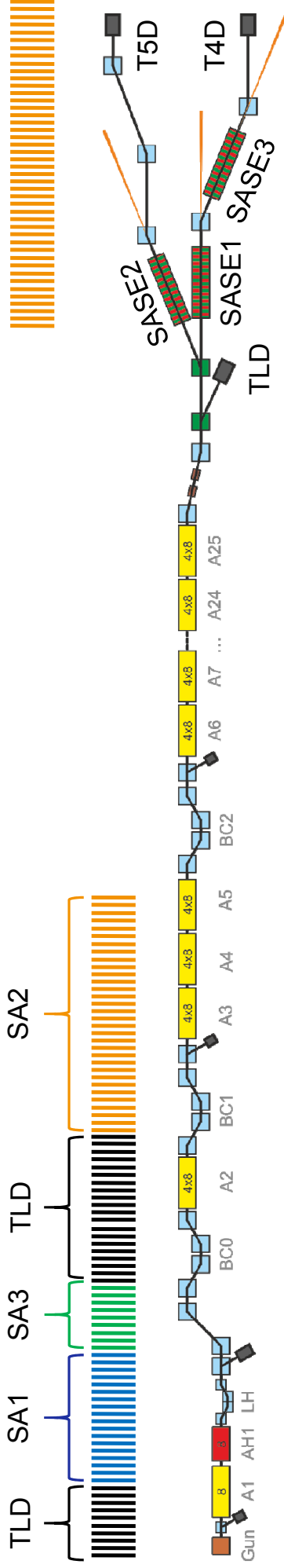
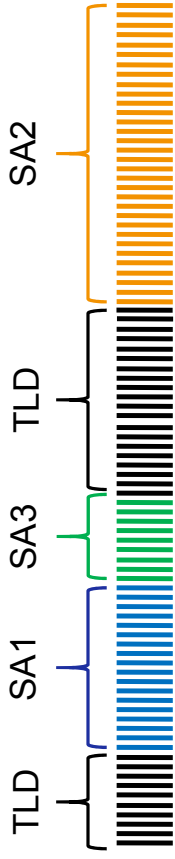


14 fs



HowTo: Operate 3 beamlines in parallel

... driving SASE1, SASE2, and SASE3 simultaneously.



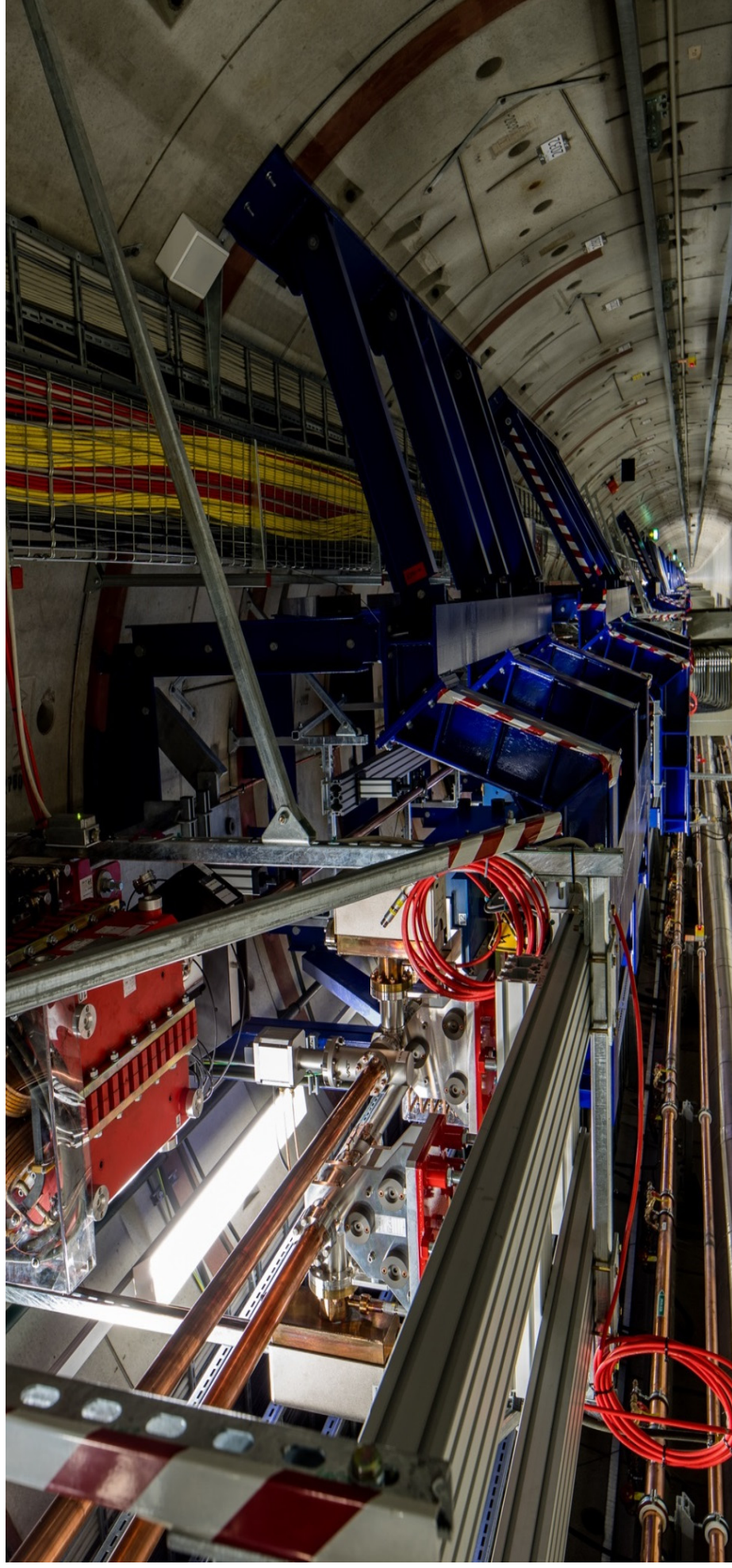
2 Switchyards

- Fast Kicker System able to separate at 4.5 MHz
- Precise (Slow) Flat-Top Kicker to switch between Branches
- “Spare” Fast Kicker with “soft” kick suppresses Lasing of SASE3 bunches in SASE1



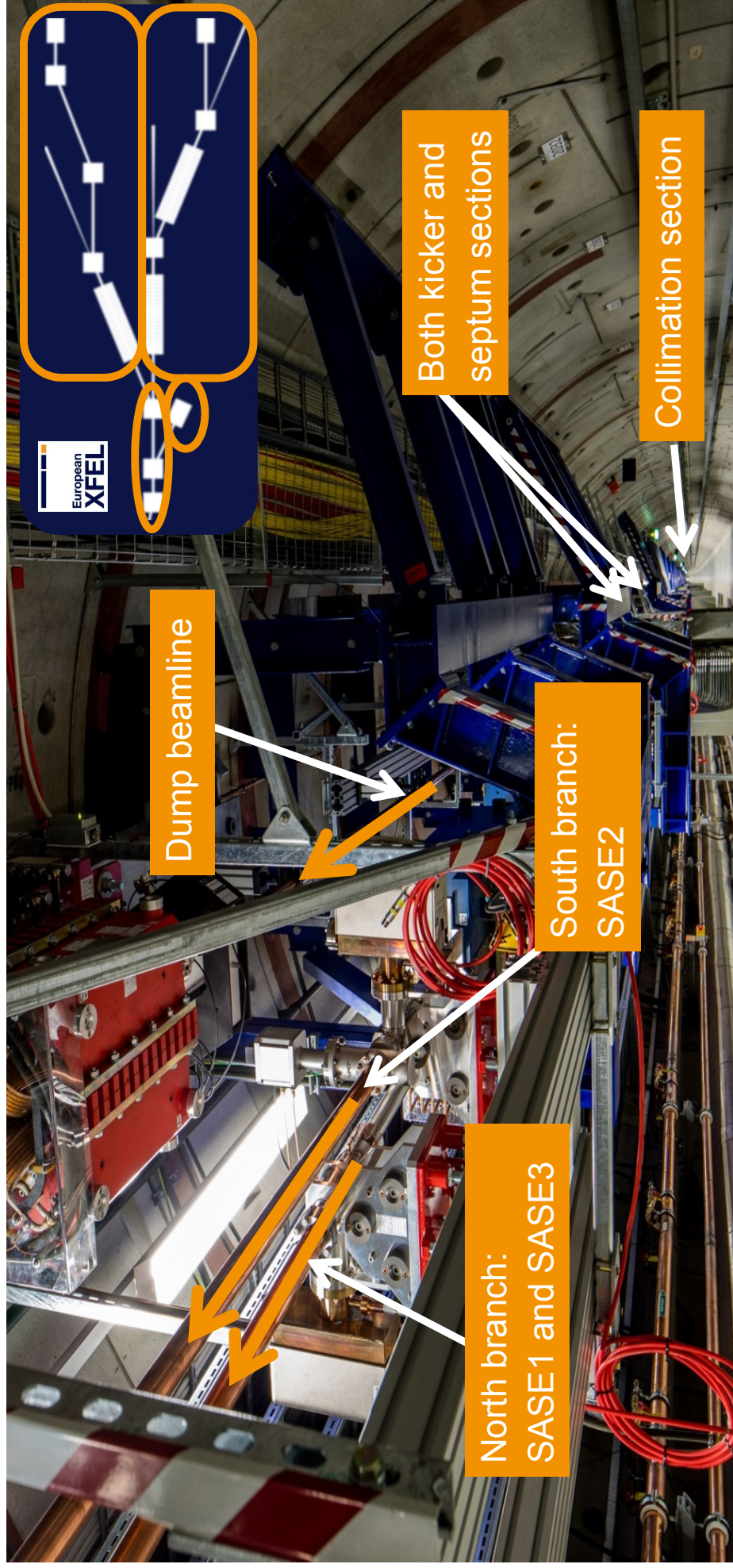


Beam Distribution: This is how it looks in the tunnel

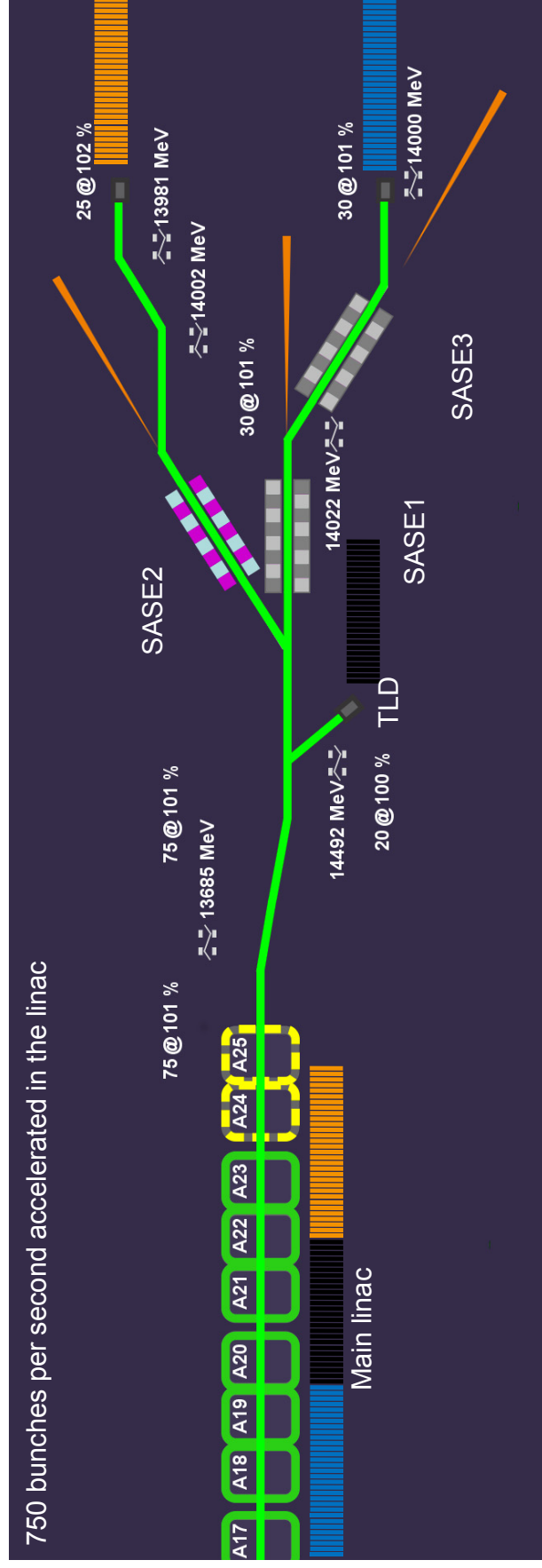




Beam Distribution: This is how it looks in the tunnel

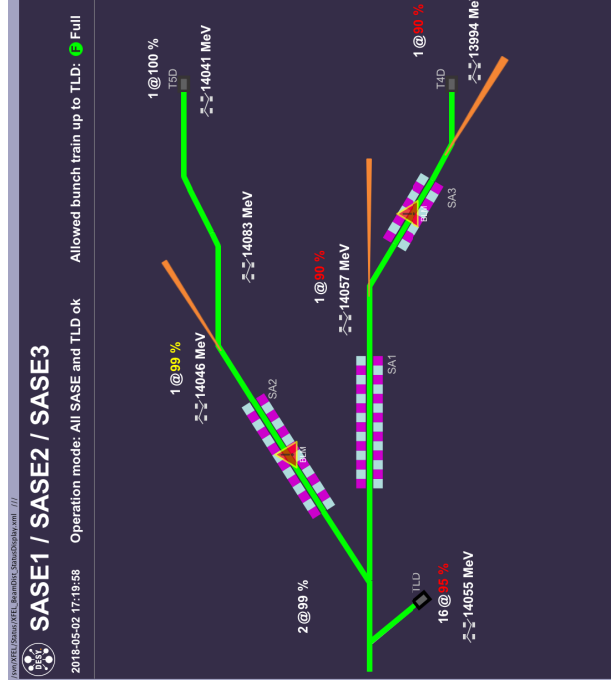
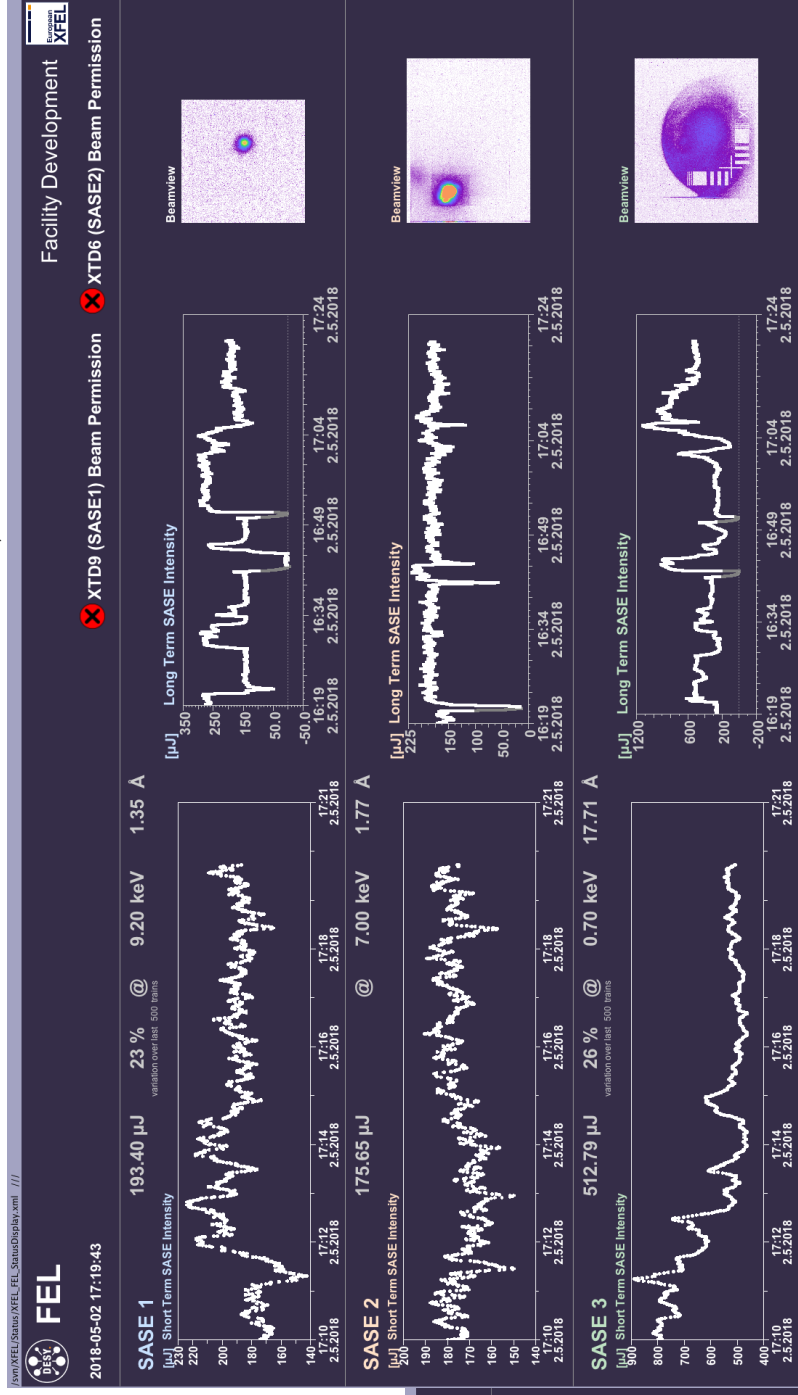


Parallel operation of three beamlines



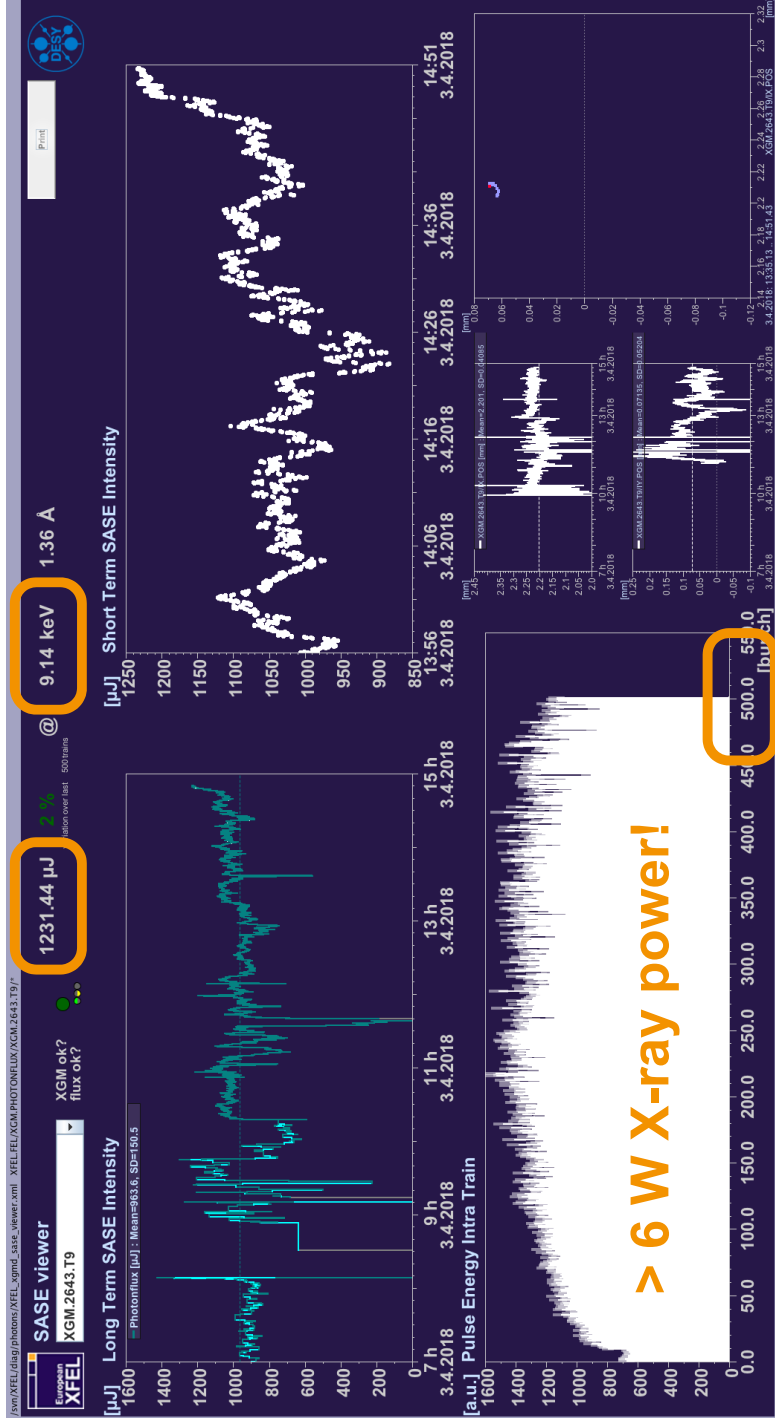
- Bunches send to TLD during rise time of the distribution kicker.

... and now with 3 FELs “switched on” .



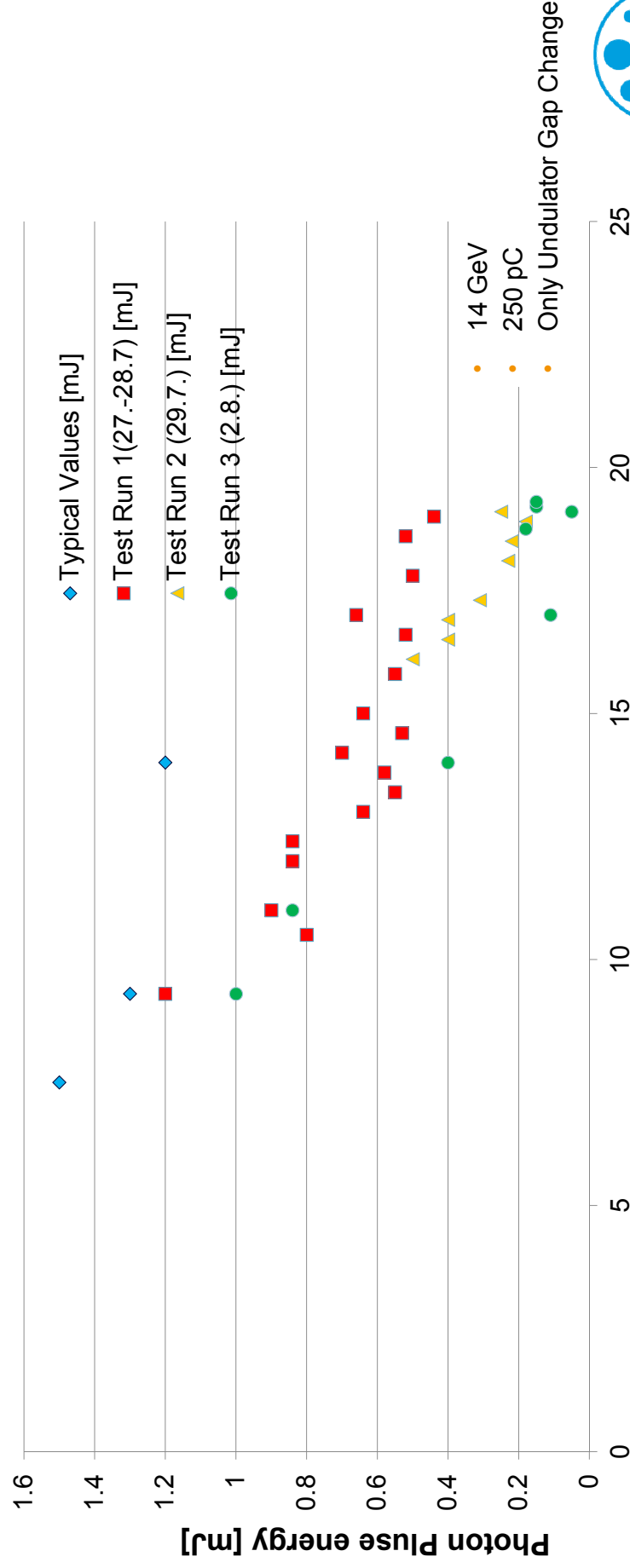
SASE delivery with 5000 bunches per second

- The maximum number of SASE pulses generated so far in the SASE1 beamline was 5000/s.
- The pulse train was lasing homogeneously over almost all bunches.
- Limitation by safety to 2.5W (150 bunches/train @ 1.5 mJ/pulse).
- This number will be increased step by step driven by the upgrade of safety systems in the photon beamlines.

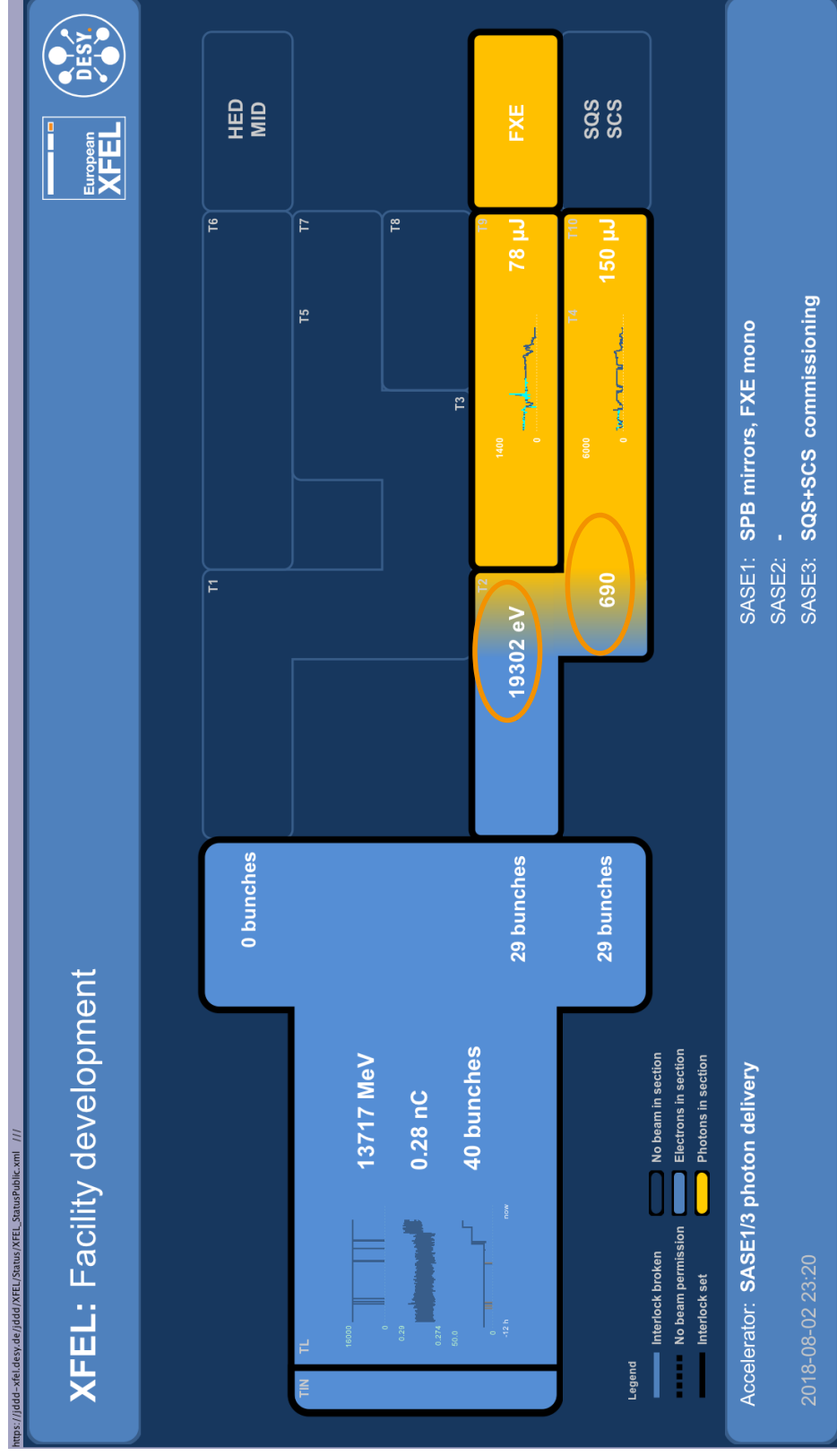


Highest Photon Energy Operation at SASE1

Photon Pulse Energy [mJ] vs. Photon Energy [keV]

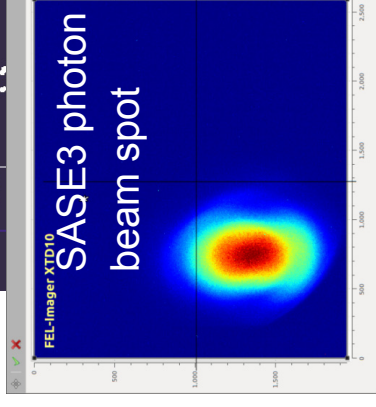
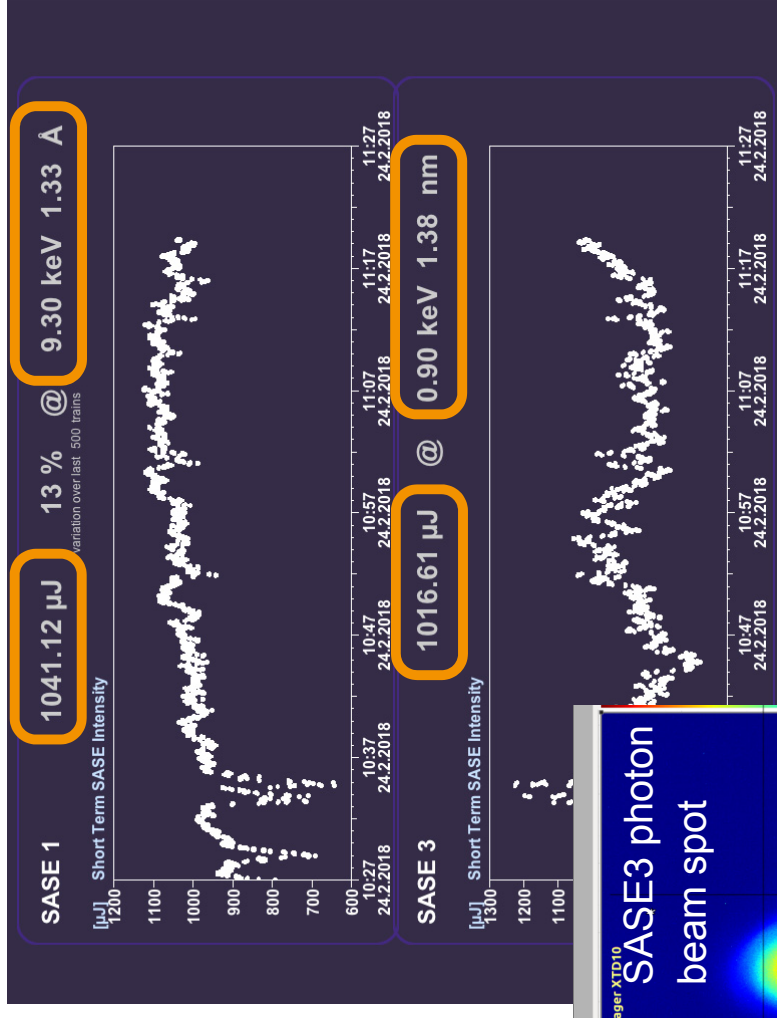
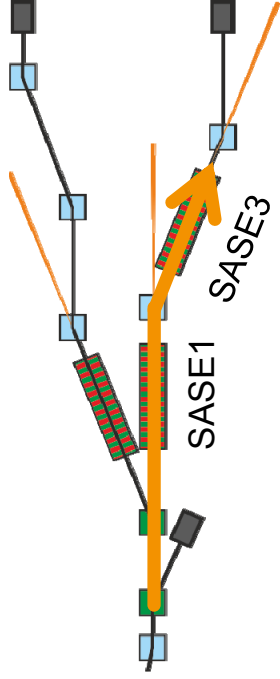


Current Wavelength or Photon Energy Span



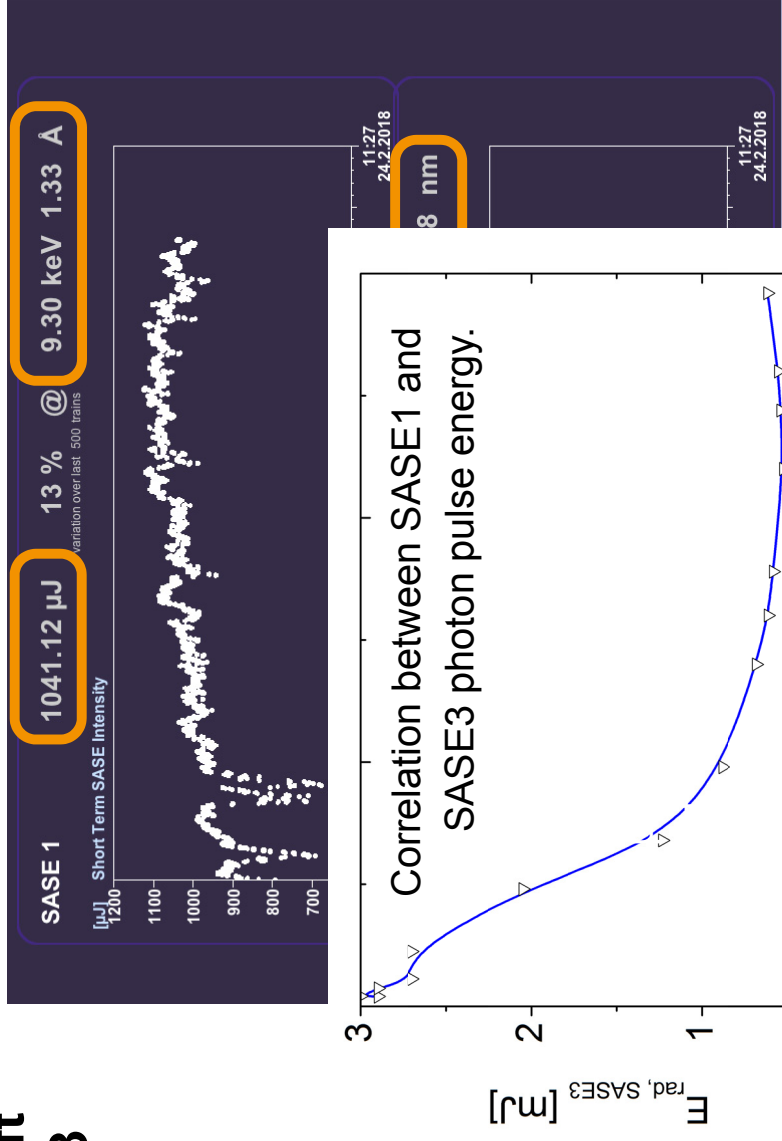
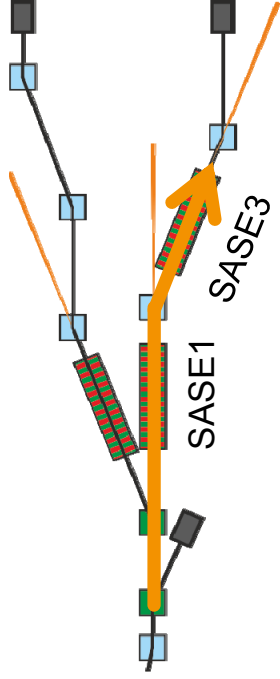
Serial operation of the hard and soft X-ray beamlines SASE1 and SASE3

- The undulator beamlines SASE1 and SASE3 are in series.
- Bunches that lased in SASE1 contribute also to SASE3 power.
- The level of photon pulse energy in SASE3 depends on the level in SASE1.



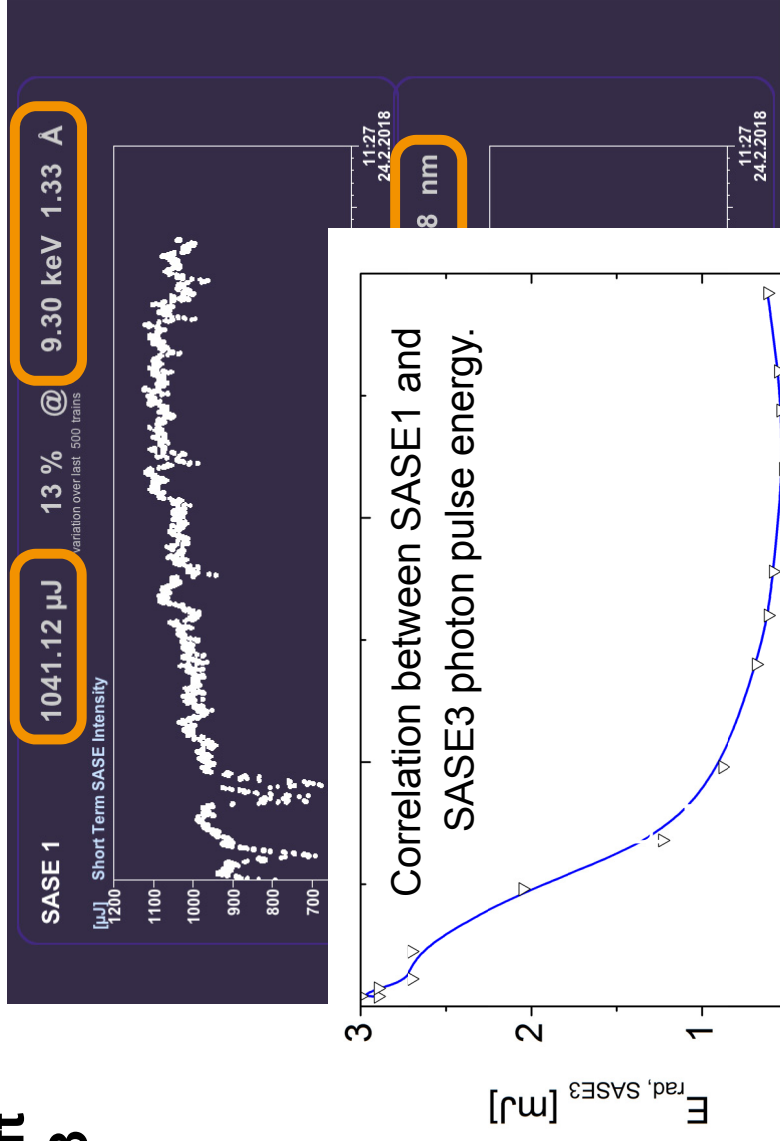
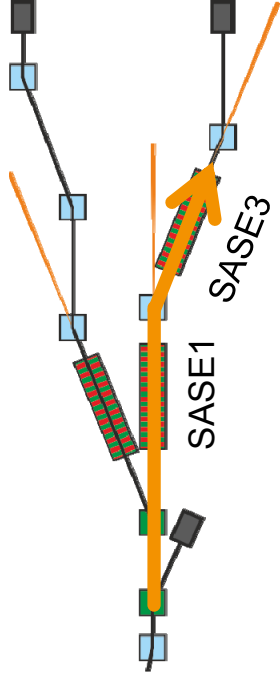
Serial operation of the hard and soft X-ray beamlines SASE1 and SASE3

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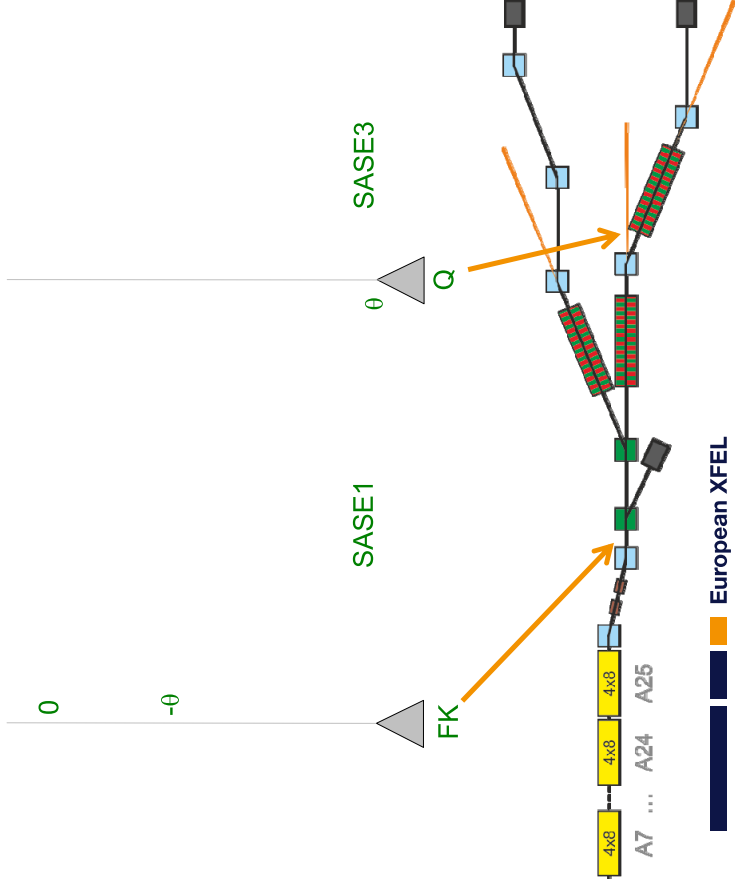
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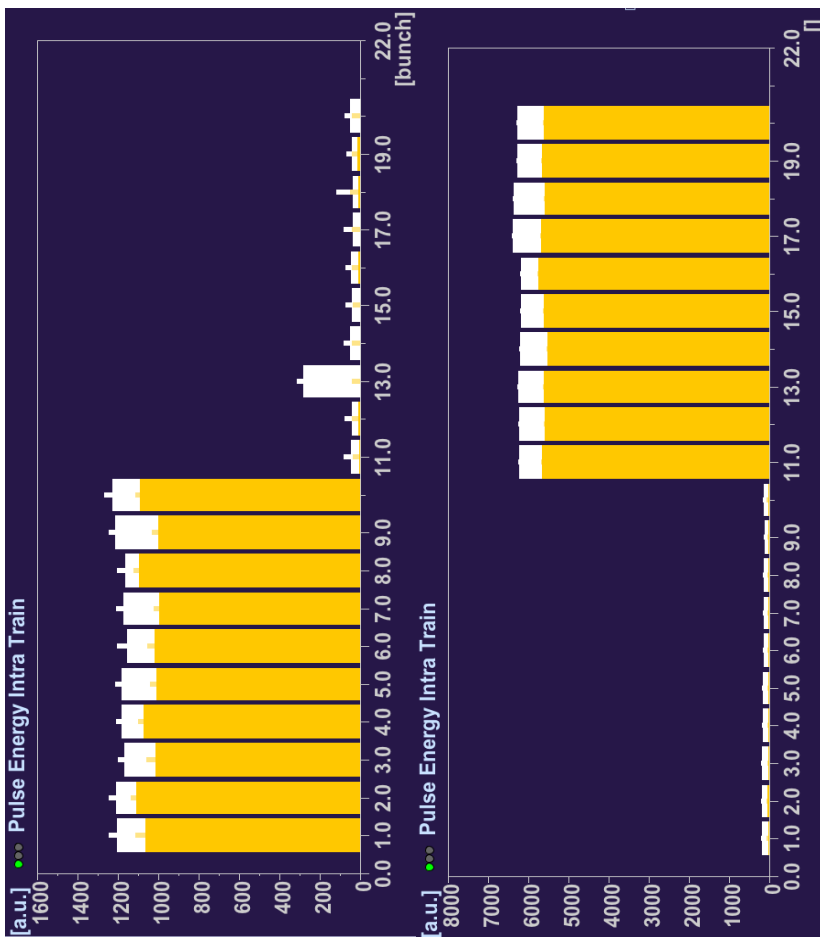


A Decoupling technique is required!

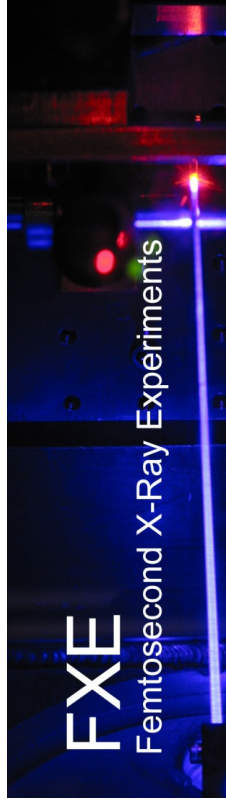
- The fast dump kickers can be used to start a betatron oscillation for bunches that should not lase in SASE1 but in SASE3.
- A DC corrector upstream SASE3 cancels the oscillation and brings fresh bunches to the SASE3 lasing orbit.
- SASE1 bunches can still produce some lasing, but emit light under different angle, allowing for spatial separation in the photon beamline



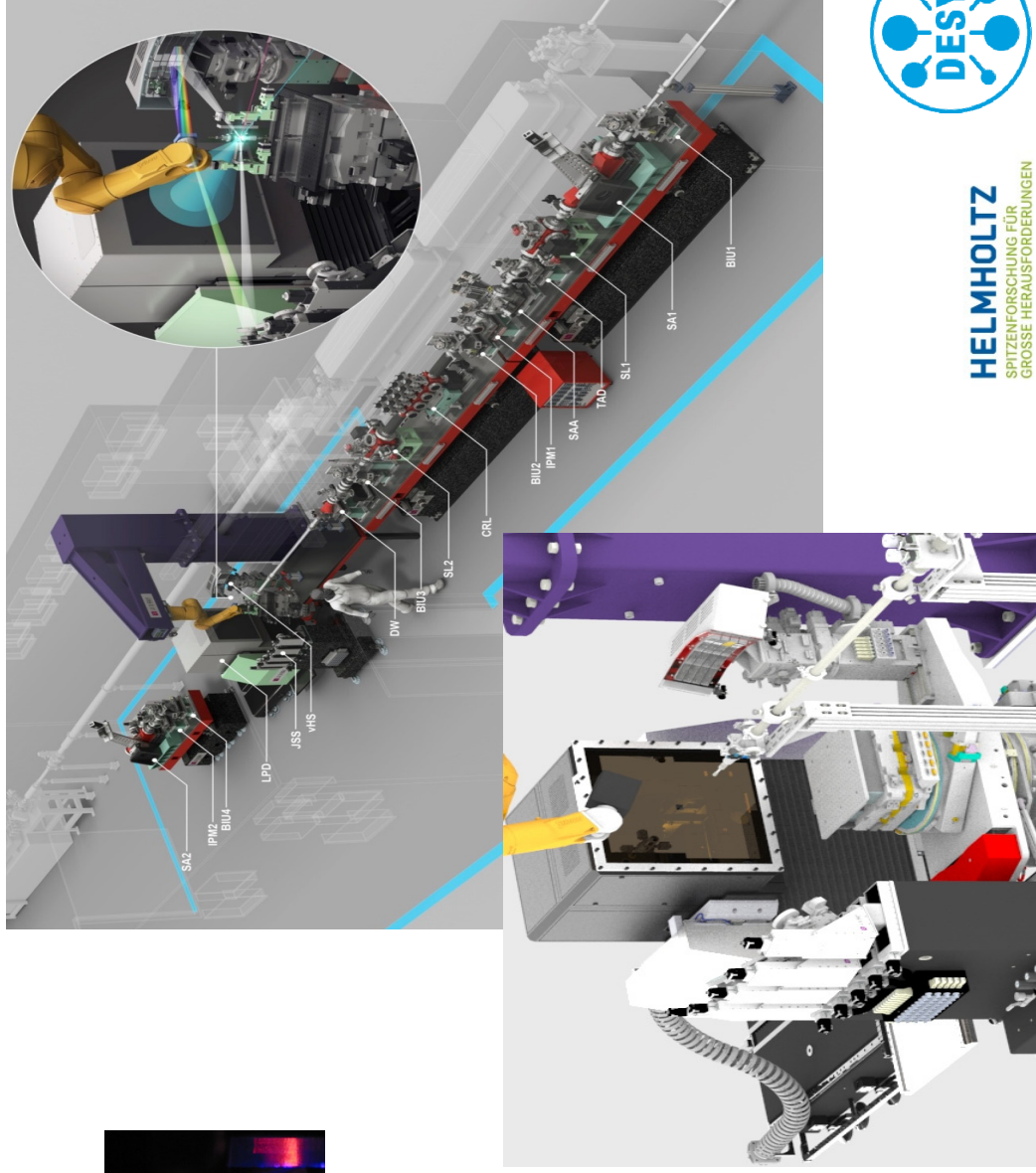
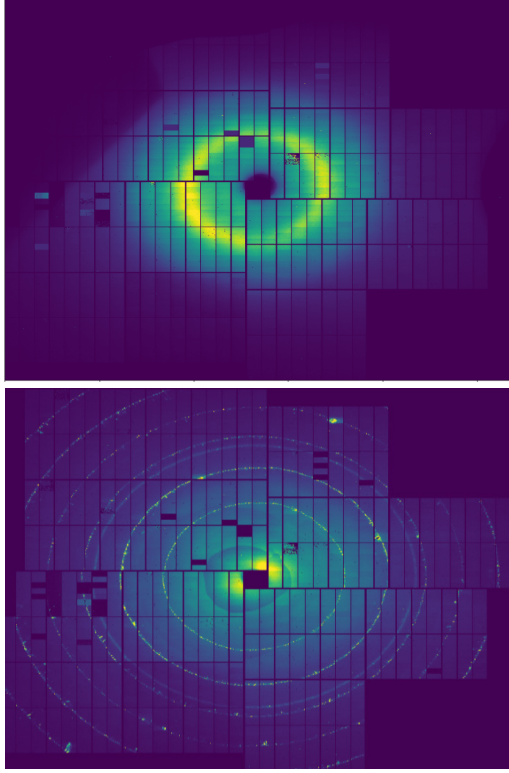
Fresh bunch lasing in SASE3!



FXE instrument

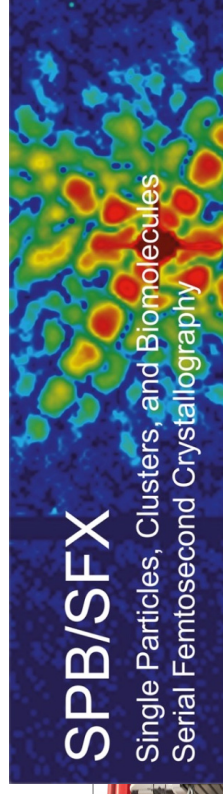
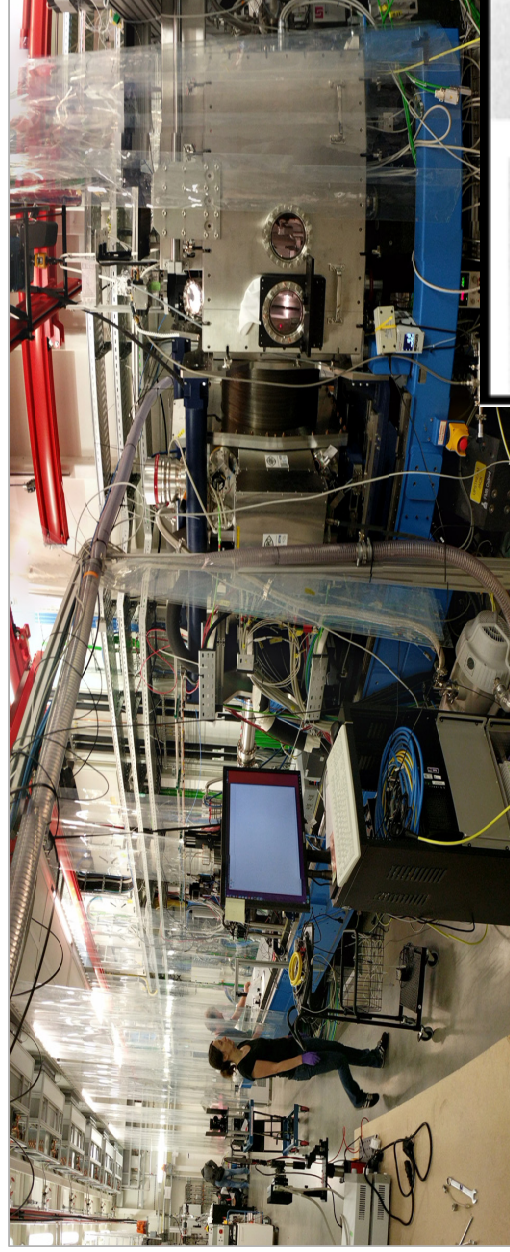


LaB₆ calibration powder, ~140 mm to detector
LPD single shot images



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The SPB/SFX instrument at the European XFEL



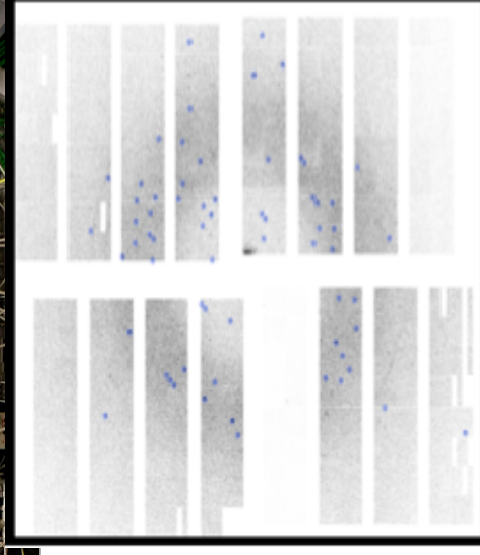
SPB/SFX

Single Particles, Clusters, and Biomolecules
Serial Femtosecond Crystallography

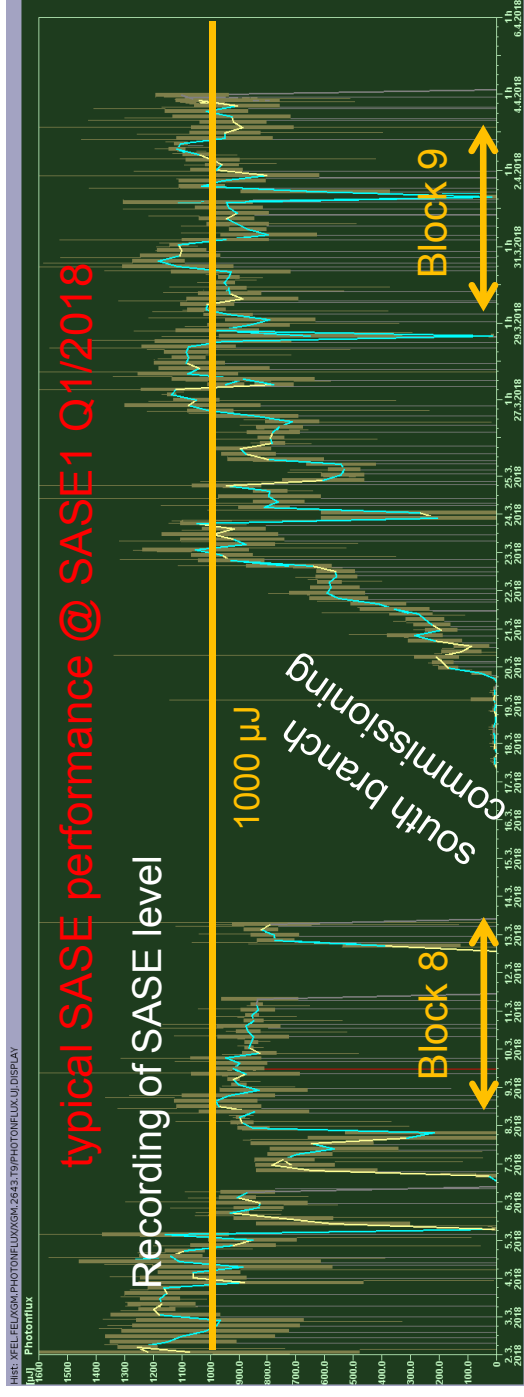


The SPB/SFX instrument is used for serial crystallography and other structure determination experiments (particularly biology).

(Left) Early crystallography data from SPB/SFX, which has been successfully used to determine the structure of a test biomolecule.

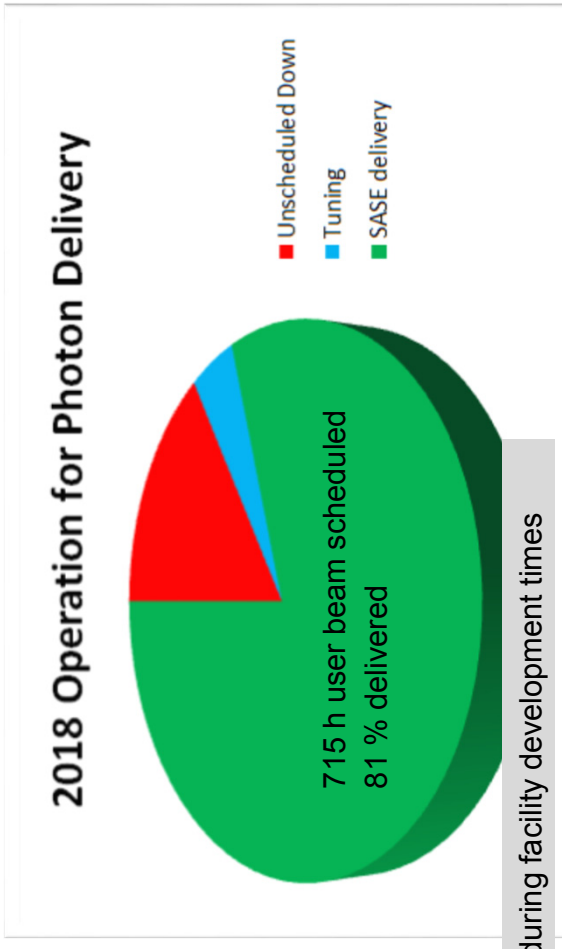
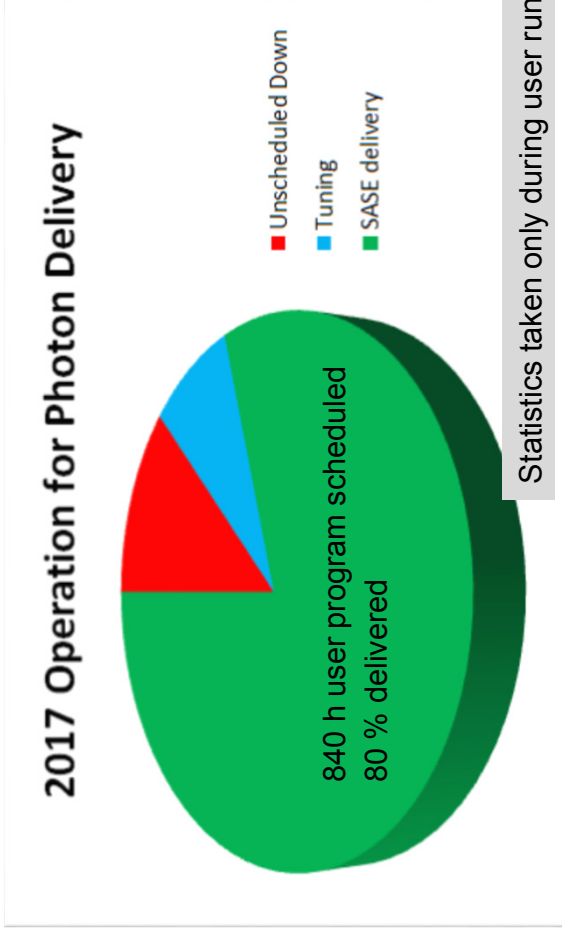


User Runs



- User operation: mainly 1 – 120 bunches, 9,3 – 14 keV, 14 GeV, Change of Instrument every 12 hours
- 2017: 7 Blocks/Weeks with Photon Delivery of 5 days in a row: 840 h
- 2018: 1720 hours of scheduled user run
 - 6 Blocks/Weeks in 1st 6 months of 2018: 720 h
 - 11 Blocks/Weeks or 1000 h to be provided in 2nd half of 2018

1st Operation Statistics for 2017 and 2018 until June



Down dominated a few events > 24 h

M1 bender failure and subsequent long tuning time → 13% delivered

Down dominated by a few events > 24h
 2 cold compressor motor failed → 70%
 Magnet power supply → 70%

94% without these events

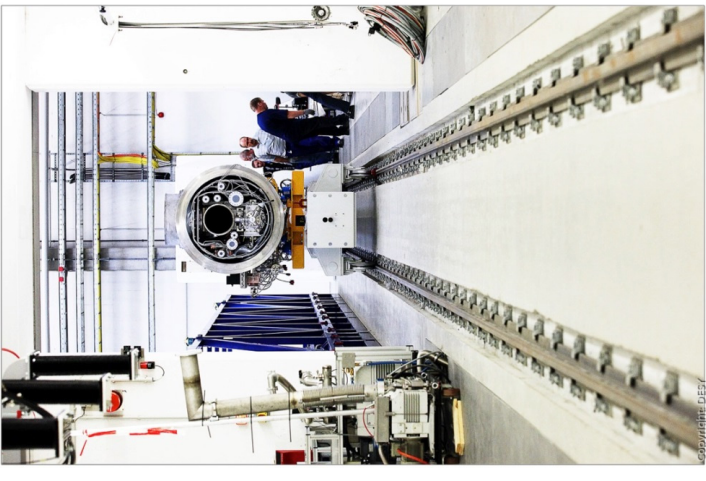
(Accelerator) Parameter Space (Status Summer 2018)

Quantity	Unit	Project Goal	Achieved	Routine
electron energy	GeV	8 – 17.5	6 – 17.5	14
bunch repetition within pulse	MHz	Up to 4.5	Up to 4.5	1.1
bunch charge	pC	20 – 1000	100 – 500	250
electron bunch length after compression (FWHM)	fs	2 – 180	20 – 90	50
max. beam power	kW	500 kW	18 kW	1.8 kW
undulators in operation (lasing)		SASE1-3	SASE1-3	SASE1
photon pulses / s / undulator		27000	5000	<1200
photon energy (SASE1)	keV	0.25 - 25	7-19.3	9.3, 14
photon pulse intensity (SASE1) @ 14 GeV, 250 pC, 9.3 keV	mJ		1.5*	1.2
photon pulse intensity (SASE3) @ 14 GeV, 250 pC, 600 – 900 eV	mJ		7	<1*
photon pulse intensity SASE2 (@ 14 GeV, 250 pC, 7.5 keV	mJ		0.9	

* Restricted by safety limitations of SASE1/3 photon beamlines

Plans

- Full bunchtrain (27000 bunches/s) after linac by end of 2018.
- Installation of self-seeding chicanes (Winter shutdown 2018/19).
- Increase #pules/s to 3000/s for SASE1 and SASE2.
- First user experiments SASE3, soft X-ray, 11 GeV: Nov. 2018.
- First user experiments in SASE2, hard X-ray: Spring 2019.
- Ramp up user program to about 4000 h in 2019.
- Facility Development 2019: about 1400 h
 - Improving performance and flexibility of all beamlines.
 - Establish a high energy (16-17 GeV) standard working point
 - Go beyond 20 keV photon energy
 - Low charge/short pulse operation



Outline Annual Operation Schedule 2019 (DRAFT, rev13, 20/08/2018)

		Legend:		Weekend	Bank holiday	Scheduled down	RP	ST	FD	XP																						
2019		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Jan	Program	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Feb	Program	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th			
Mar	Program	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th			
Apr	Program	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We
May	Program	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr
Jun	Program	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo
Jul	Program	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We
Aug	Program	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Sep	Program	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu
Oct	Program	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Nov	Program	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Dec	Program	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu
	Program																															

44 %

X-ray Delivered

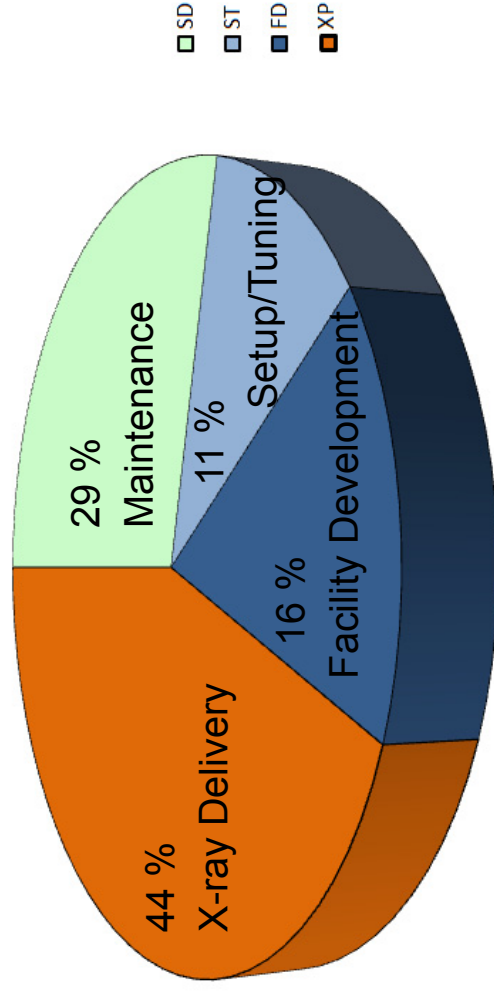
D. Nölle, DESY

Operation in 2019

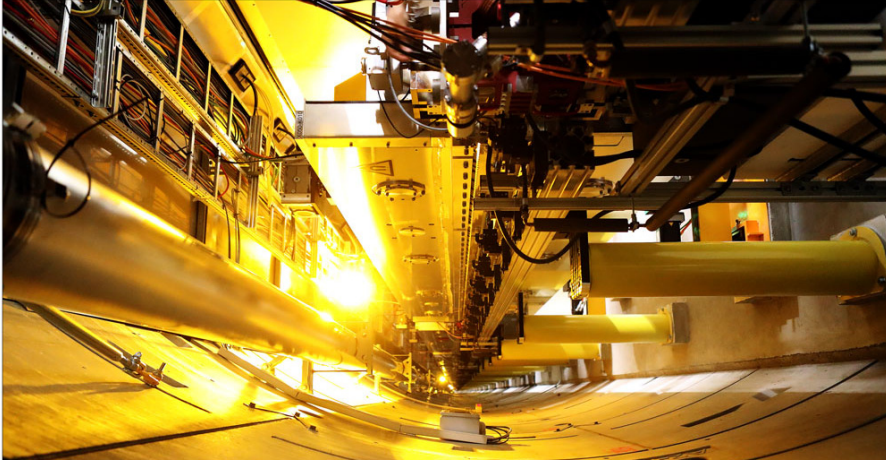
total 8780 h/365 d

- 105 d: Maintenance
- 984 h: Setup and tuning
- 1392 h: Facility Development
- 3864 h: X-Ray Delivery

Operation 2019

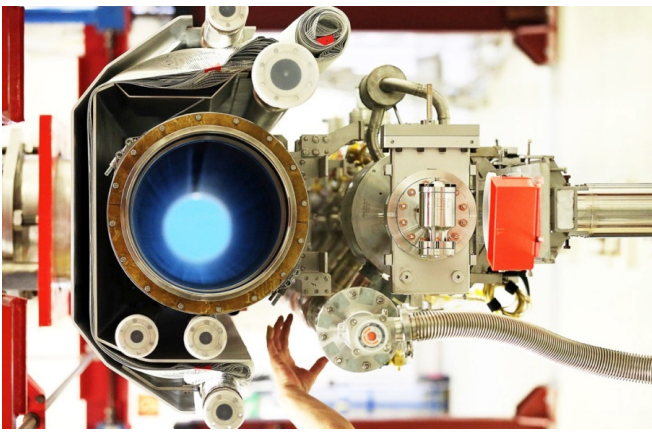
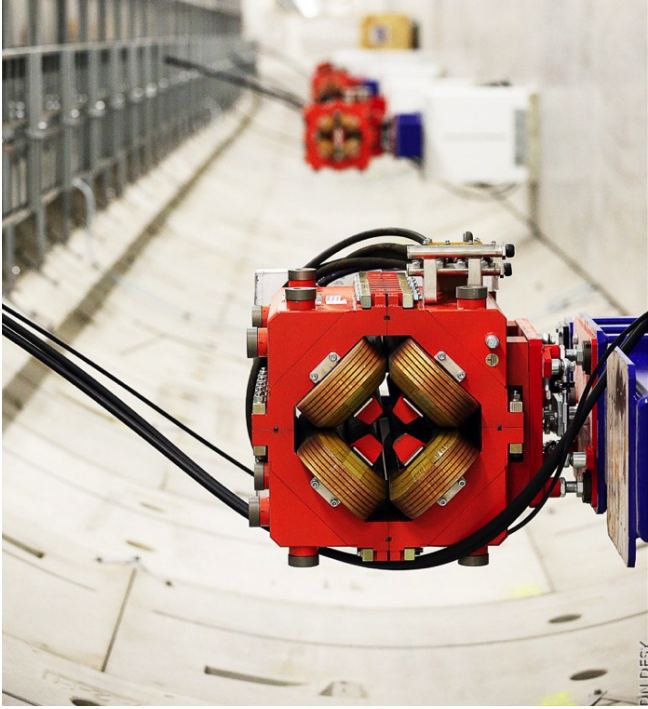
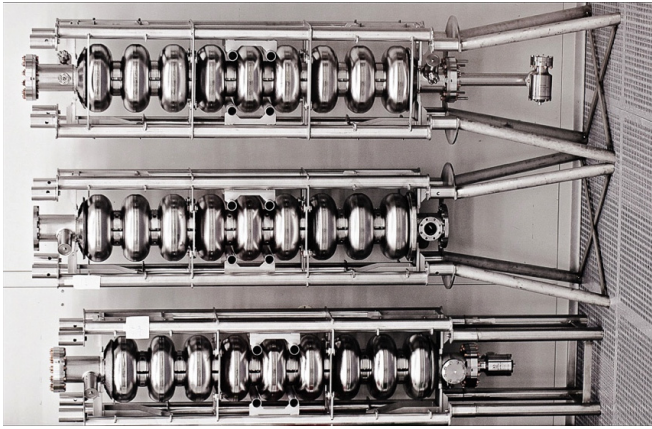


Conclusion ... 21 months after start of beam commissioning ...



- All 3 FELs are lasing
 - Hard X-ray SASE1 is in standard User Operation
 - SASE3 and SASE2 will follow in the next few months
 - Parallel and decoupled operation of 3 FELs demonstrated
 - Photon energies: 0.65 – 1 keV (SASE3) and 7- 19.3 keV (SASE1)
 - Pulse energies (standard working point 14 GeV)
 - ▶ Hard X-ray: up to 1.5 mJ
 - ▶ Soft X-ray: up to 7 mJ (currently limited to 1 mJ due to safety restrictions)
 - Already 1500 h of user operation between Sept. 2017 and July 2018
- Accelerator performs to specifications
 - 17.5 GeV, low emittance beams
 - Bunch trains at 1.1 and 4.5 MHz repetition rate with up 500 bunches per RF-pulse
 - Standard user operation at 130 bunches per RF-pulse or 130 X-ray flashes/s
- Progress of the facility is driven by the potential of the accelerator

... **there is light at the end of the tunnels!**



Thank you for your attention