

# LINACCALC RF ACCELERATING STRUCTURE SIMULATION SOFTWARE

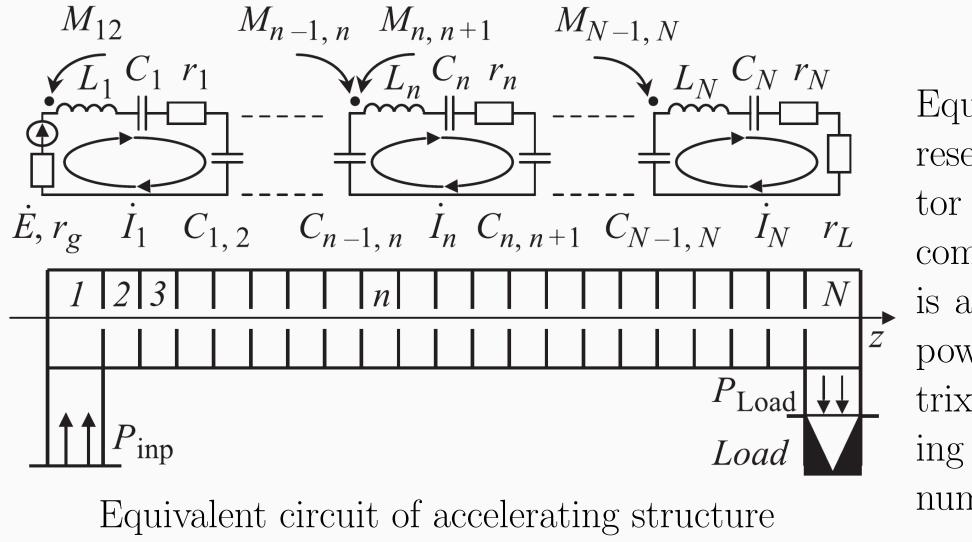
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#### Introduction

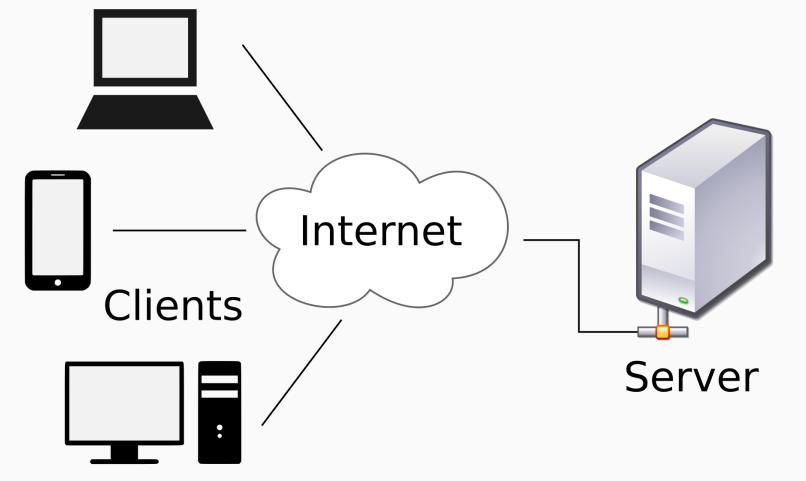
Nowadays linac accelerating RF systems design is usually done by the finite difference method. It provides high accuracy of calculations and freedom in topology choosing, but may draw considerable amounts of computer resources with long calculation times. Alternative to this method, equivalent circuit method exists. The basic idea of this method is to build a lumped element circuit, which with certain approximation acts as an original accelerating cell. It drastically reduces the number of equations to solve. This method is long known but usually only used for the particular accelerating structures when speed of calculation is a key-factor. This paper describes an attempt to create more universal and user-friendly software application for calculating electrical field distribution in accelerating structures, provides mathematical equations this software is based on. The resulting application may be used for preliminary calculations of acceleration structures and help to determine cells electrodynamic parameters reducing overall design time.

#### Equivalent circuit



|A| \* |X| = |B|Equivalent circuit can be represented as matrix, where vector X is a vector of cell field complex amplitudes, vector B is a vector, representing input power and current load. Matrix A is a matrix characterizing the cell; line i represents cell number i.

### **Implementation of the program**



## WUI diagram

Program input is a table file in .csv format. Each line corresponds to a cell of the accelerating structure.

	LinacCalc Input Settings	Module	Ŧ												
Data input Data modification		Ν								≑ chi	 ¢	phi 🍦	conn		÷
		1	1	type_1 type_1	2856.00	15000	0.0160	0	80					100 30	
Display data Select columns N NN type f0 Q0 Kh Ke rsh chi P phi conn cell_width		3	3	type_1	2856.00	15000	0.0036	0	80					100	
		4	4	type_1	2856.00	15000	0.0021	0	80					30	
		5	5	type_2	2856.00	10000	0.0000	0	80				5,0.001,45,4	100	
Modify data Select column		б	1	type_2	2858.84	10000	0.0080	0	80				5,0.001,45,45	100	
		7	2	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
N -		8	3	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
elect row	Value	9	4	type_1 type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
		11	6	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
Paste		12	7	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
dat and some		13	8	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
Add column New column name	New column type	14	9	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
	Number 🔻	15	10	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	
		16	11	type_1	2861.69	15000	0.0080	0	80					100	

The program is written in the

R programming language, WUI

implemented using shiny li-

brary. WUI allows to work with

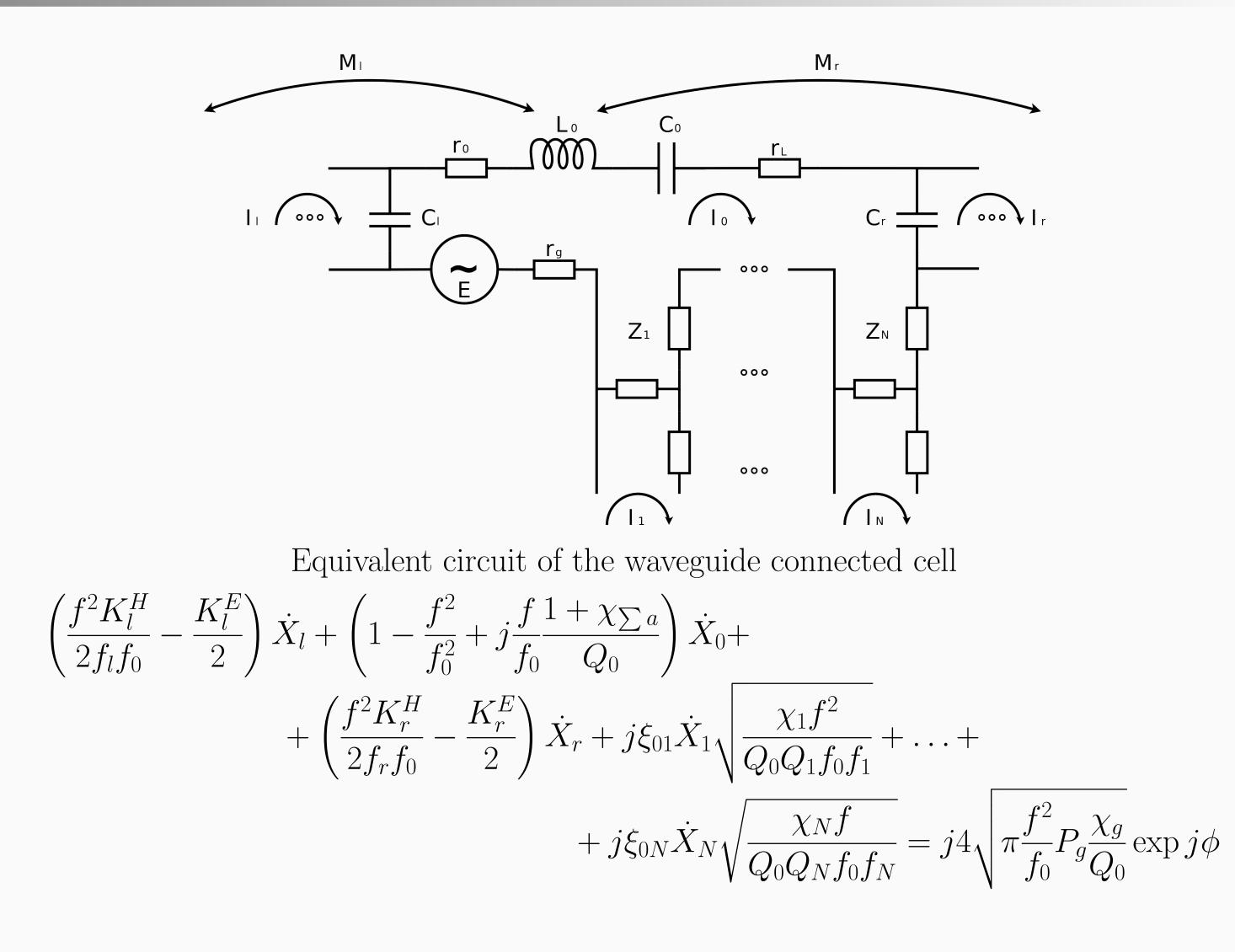
the program remotely. Parallel

access and session management

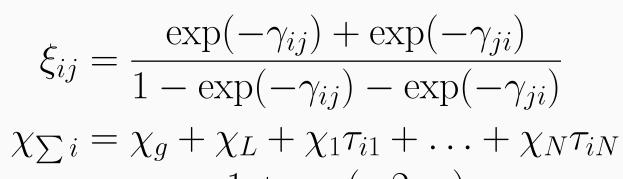
are possible with the non-free

version of the shiny server.

#### Waveguide connected cell equations

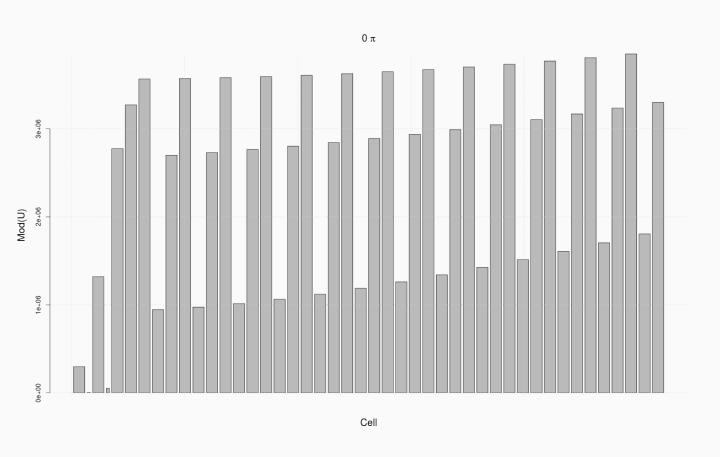


 $f_i \text{ is a resonant frequency of the cell, } Q_i \text{ is its qual$  $ity factor, } K_i^e \text{ and } K_i^h \text{ are coupling coefficients for} \\ \text{the electric and magnetic fields, } \chi_i \text{ are coupling co$  $efficients with waveguides, } \gamma_i \text{ are waveguides prop-}$ 

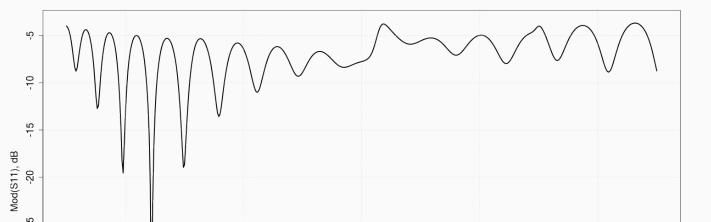


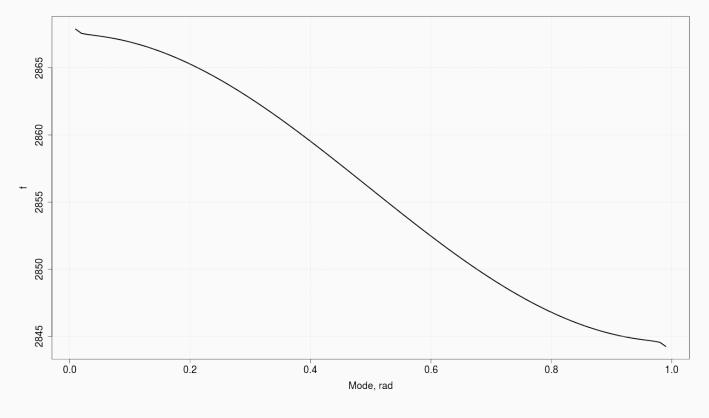




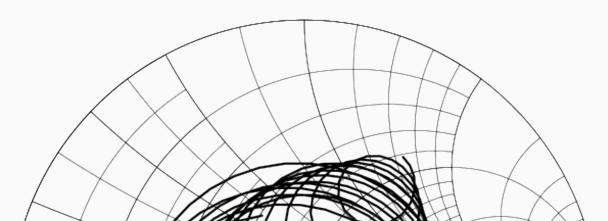


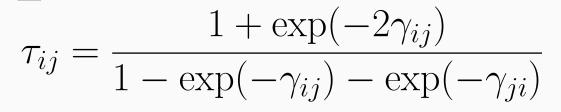
Distribution of the electric field in the accelerating section





Dispersion characteristic of the cell





agation constants, P is an input power,  $X_i$  is a complex cell field amplitude.

$$\hat{Z}_{in} = \chi_g \left\{ 1 + \chi_{\sum 0} - \chi_g + jQ_0 \left[ \frac{f}{f_0} + \frac{f_0}{f} + \left( \frac{f_0 K_l^E}{f} - \frac{f_0 K_l^E}{2} - \frac{f_0 K_l^R}{f_0 2} - \frac{f_0 K_l^R}{f_0 2}$$

R - 2852 2854 2856 2858 2860 f, MHz

Band characteristics of accelerating section



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