



# Preliminary simulation of CERN's LINAC4 H<sup>-</sup> source beam formation

<u>A. Vnuchenko<sup>1</sup></u>, J. Lettry<sup>1</sup>, S. Mochalskyy<sup>2</sup>, D. Wünderlich<sup>2</sup>, U. Fantz<sup>2</sup>, A. Revel<sup>3</sup>, T. Minea<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>CERN, Geneva, Switzerland; <sup>2</sup>Max-Planck IPP, Garching, Germany; <sup>3</sup>LPGP, CNRS, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay, France

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## Introduction

> The Linac4 is the new injector complex (160 MeV) of the LHC, replacing Linac2.



▶ H<sup>-</sup> ion source at Linac4 (ISO3b): «volume» and «plasma surface» production of H<sup>-</sup> ions.



Goal: Investigate the H<sup>-</sup> beam formation processes and their impact on beam properties.

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## **ONIX (Orsay Negative Ions eXtraction):**

3D Particle-in-Cell (PIC) Monte Carlo Collision (MCC) code developed by LPGP-Orsay  $\succ$ for simulating the **formation and extraction of H<sup>-</sup> ions** and co-extracted electrons in negative ion sources for **ITER's** Neutral Beam Injector (NBI).



1280 apertures per injector

- 2013 applied for low spatial resolution  $\checkmark$ applications with non-symmetrical boundaries;
- 2019 described plasma physics has become  $\checkmark$ more complex.
- ONIX has been modified and adapted  $\checkmark$ for modelling:

1.83 mm

B

10 kV

73°

20

шШ

∞

- standard IS03 (PE45);
- o dedicated prototype (PE75) to set radial metallic boundary conditions.

## Simulation result of beam formation

### Plasma parameters used in the simulation:

- bulk plasma density of 10<sup>16</sup> m<sup>-3</sup>;
- plasma composition and energy distributions:
  50% H<sup>-</sup> (0.8 eV), 50% e (1 eV), 70% H<sup>+</sup>(0.8 eV),
  20% H<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> (0.1 eV), 10% H<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> (0.1 eV).
- $\circ$  H<sup>-</sup> emission rate: j<sub>NI surface</sub> = 550 A m<sup>-2</sup>
- Extraction potential: 10kV
- ➤ The simulation performed on a CERN cluster using 20 CPUs (total 360 cores) takes 14 days representing 1.8 µs real time.



Initial density distribution (t<sub>0</sub> – plasma start)



Density maps of electron and positively charged particles (H<sup>+</sup>, H<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>, H<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>), where filter field generates asymmetry.



Time evolution of the extracted H<sup>-</sup> and co-extracted electron currents.





#### **NEXT steps:**

- Refinements of the initial conditions rely on analysis from Optical Emission Spectroscopy (OES) of beam formation region at the Linac4 ion source test stand.
- Simulation of **higher plasma densities**, requiring high performance computers.
- Using ONIX results (initial beam phase-space distribution) as input parameters to beam transport simulations codes (e.g., IBSimu).
- Comparison of the simulation results of ONIX and the diagnostics output: Beam Emission Spectroscopy (BES), beam emittance and beam profile.

#### **REFERENCES:**

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