

# ***Stable Electron Beams by Laser Wakefield Acceleration (LWFA) and the ImPACT Program in JAPAN***

**Tomonao HOSOKAI** ( ImPACT-UPL, Project-1 LWFA R&D Team PI )

- > **Stratagy Management and Support Office,  
Graduated School of Engineering, Osaka University**
- > **Photon Pioneers Center, Osaka University**



# *ImPACT - UPL (Ubiquitous Power Laser)*

**Ubiquitous Power Laser  
for  
achieving a safe, secure  
and longevity society**



**PM: Yuji Sano**  
JST,  
TOSHIBA Corp

- In 2014, the cabinet office of the Japanese government launched the **ImPACT** program for promoting innovative and high-impact R&Ds.
- A five-year foundation until JFY2018
- Total budget 55 billion JPY (\$480M)
- 16 programs are running

*Yuji SANO*

*Annual MT Meeting@KIT Karlsruhe University*

*10 Mar. 2016*

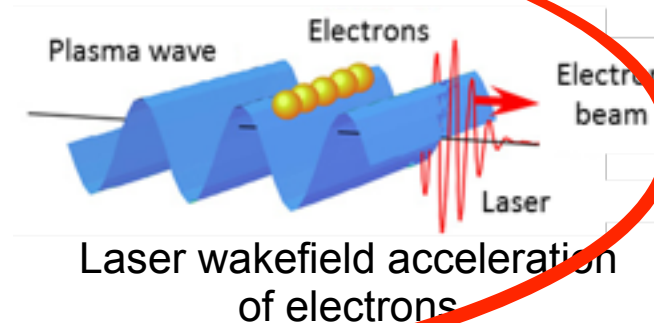
# ImPACT - UPL (Ubiquitous Power Laser)

**Ubiquitous Power Laser  
for  
achieving a safe, secure  
and longevity society**



**PM: Yuji Sano**  
JST,  
TOSHIBA Corp

- **Project 1:** LWFA (Laser wakefield acceleration) of electrons and XFEL demonstration



Ultra-compact XFEL

- **Project 2:** Development of ultra-compact optical pulse lasers for industry



Handheld laser



Tabletop laser

Yuji SANO

Annual MT Meeting@KIT Karlsruhe University

10 Mar. 2016

# Project1: Overall Configuration @ LWFA Platform



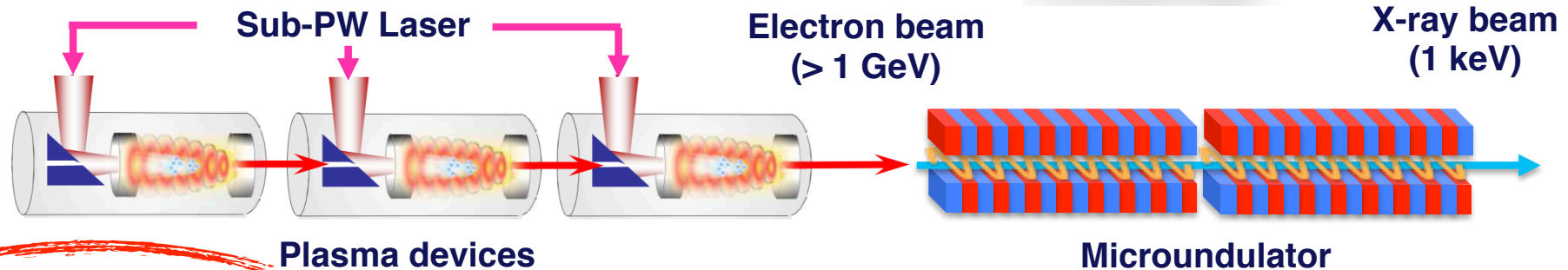
**PM: Yuji Sano**  
JST, TOSHIBA Corp.

**Repeatable GeV-class accelerator with staging LWFA scheme.**

**Criteria : Acc.length < 10cm, Energy Gain >1GeV, Energy Spread <1%, beam divergence <1 mm-mrad, Pulse duration ~10fs, Repeatable**

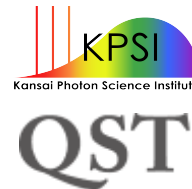
**Project 1B: Integrated platform for laser acceleration**

**Issue: Multi-stage acceleration and generation of 1 keV X-ray beam by a microundulator with a length of 10 m or less/platform development**



**Project 1A: Laser acceleration experimental technologies**

**Issue: Electron acceleration exceeding 1 GeV and modularize it as a plasma device**



**Project 1D: Beam measurement and control**

**Issue: Control of laser and electrons, and injection of electron to undulator**



**Project 3J: XFEL demonstration assessment**

**Issue: User demonstrations of laser acceleration XFEL.**



**Project 1C: Microundulator**

**Issue: Ultra-compact undulatory generating 1 keV X-ray beam**



**Project 3L: Evaluation of Microundulator**

**Laser Acc.  
Group**

**T. HOSOKAI<sup>1, 2</sup>, T. OTSUKA<sup>2</sup>, J. OGINO<sup>2</sup>, N. PATHAK<sup>2</sup>,  
A. ZHIDKOV<sup>2</sup>, S. MASUDA<sup>2</sup>, Y. SAKAI<sup>2</sup>, H. NAKAMURA<sup>1</sup>,  
K. SUEDA<sup>2</sup>, Z. JIN<sup>2</sup>,  
M. YANO<sup>1</sup> (D1), A. UENO<sup>1</sup> (M2), H. TORAN<sup>1</sup> (M1)**



**Collaborators**

**M. KANDO**  
QST

**S. YAMAMOTO**



**M. YABASHI**



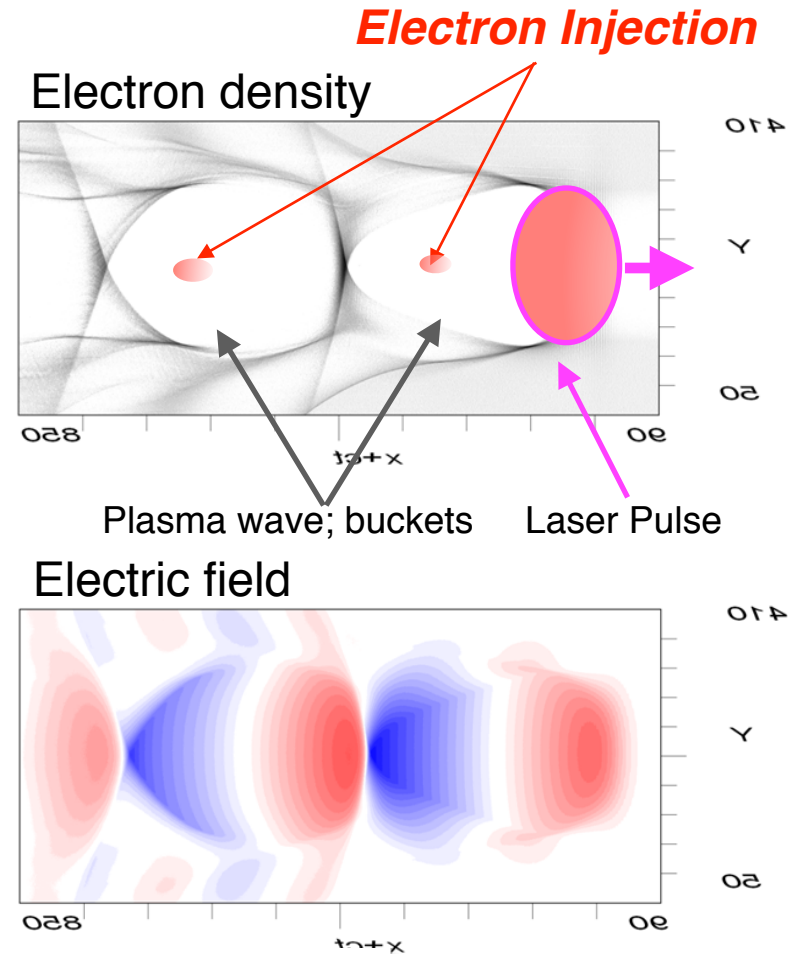
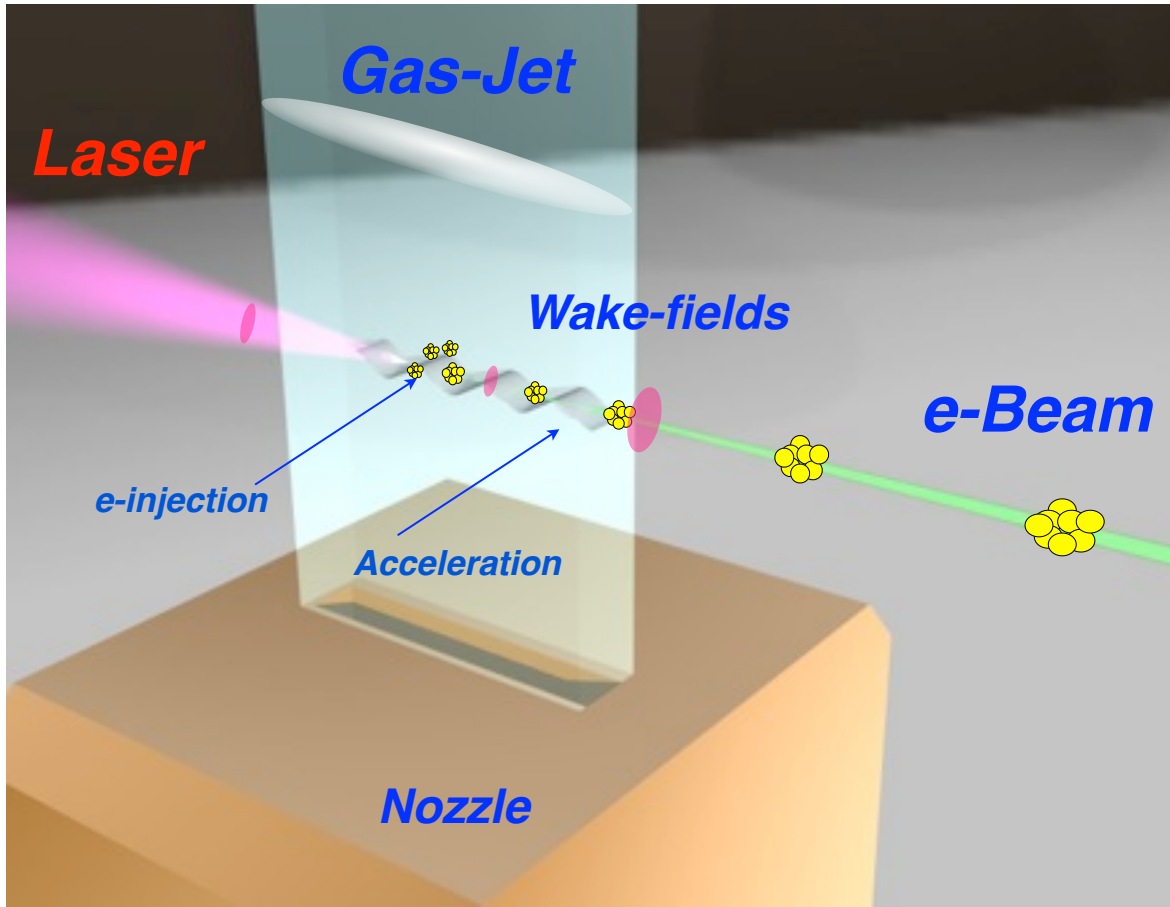
Osaka University

<sup>1</sup> Graduate School of Eng., Osaka University

<sup>2</sup> Photon Pioneers Center, Osaka University



# Laser Wake-field Acceleration (LWFA)

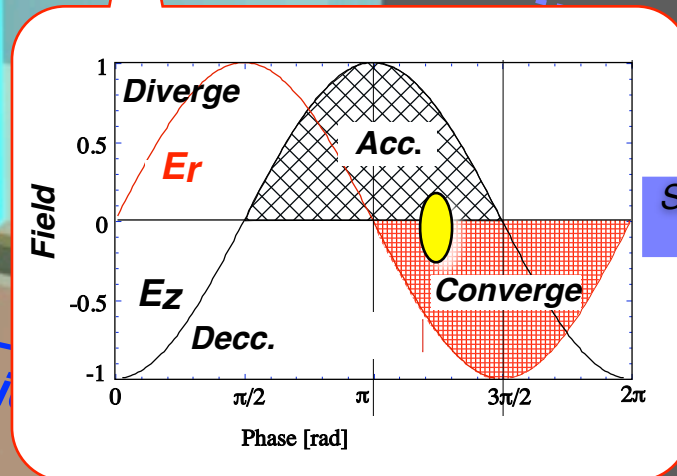
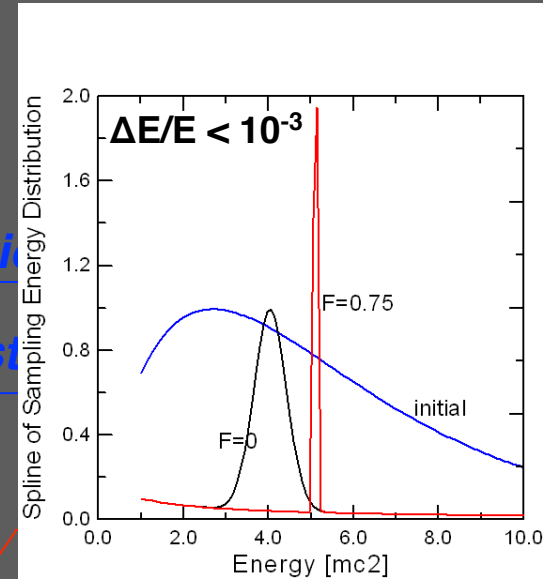
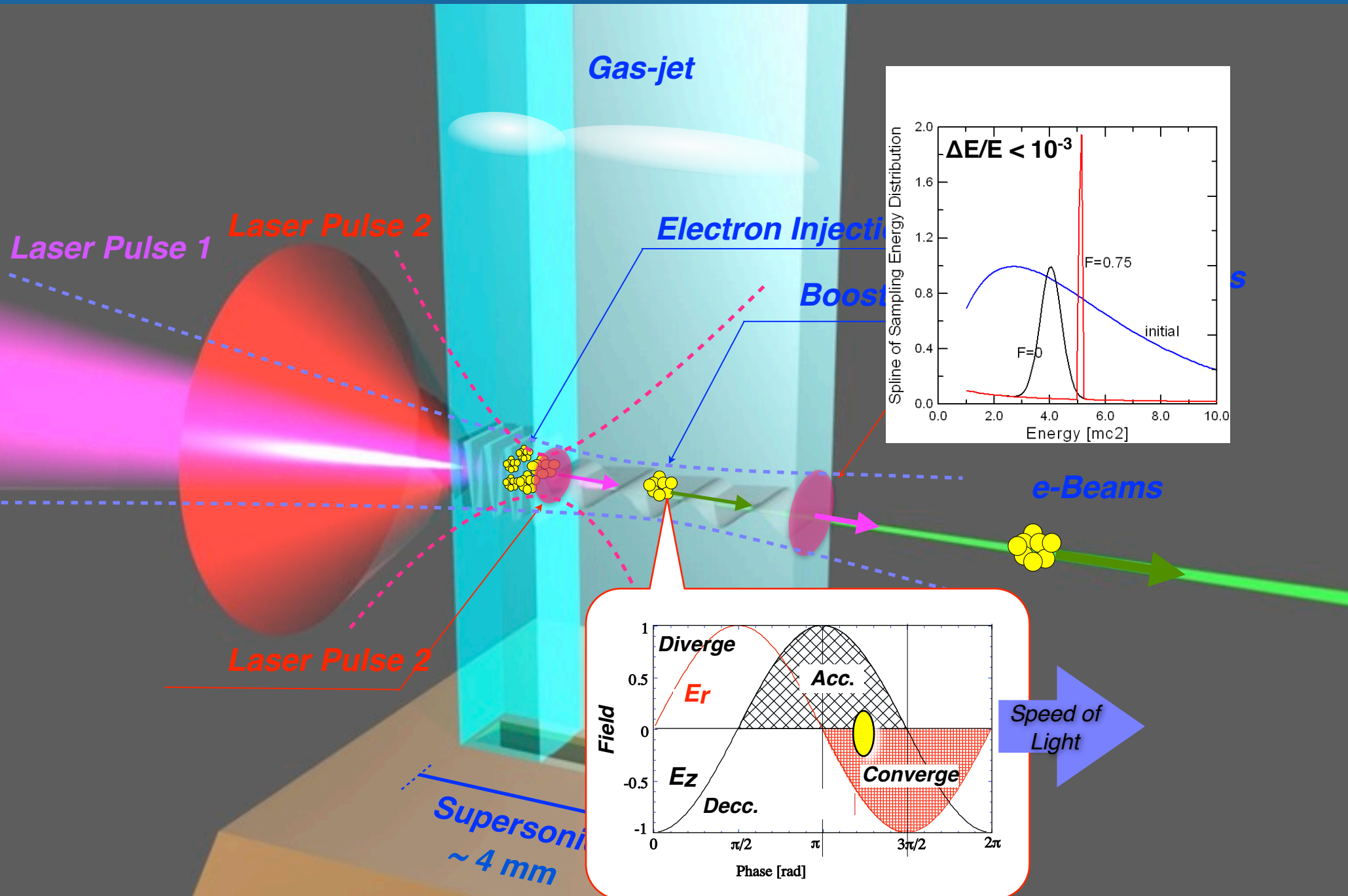


A.Zhidkov, et al

## Potential of LWFA

- Ultra-high gradient  $>100$  GV/m
- high- Charge  $> \sim$  nC/pulse
- Ultra-short pulse  $< \sim$  few fs
- small divergence  $< 0.1$  mrad

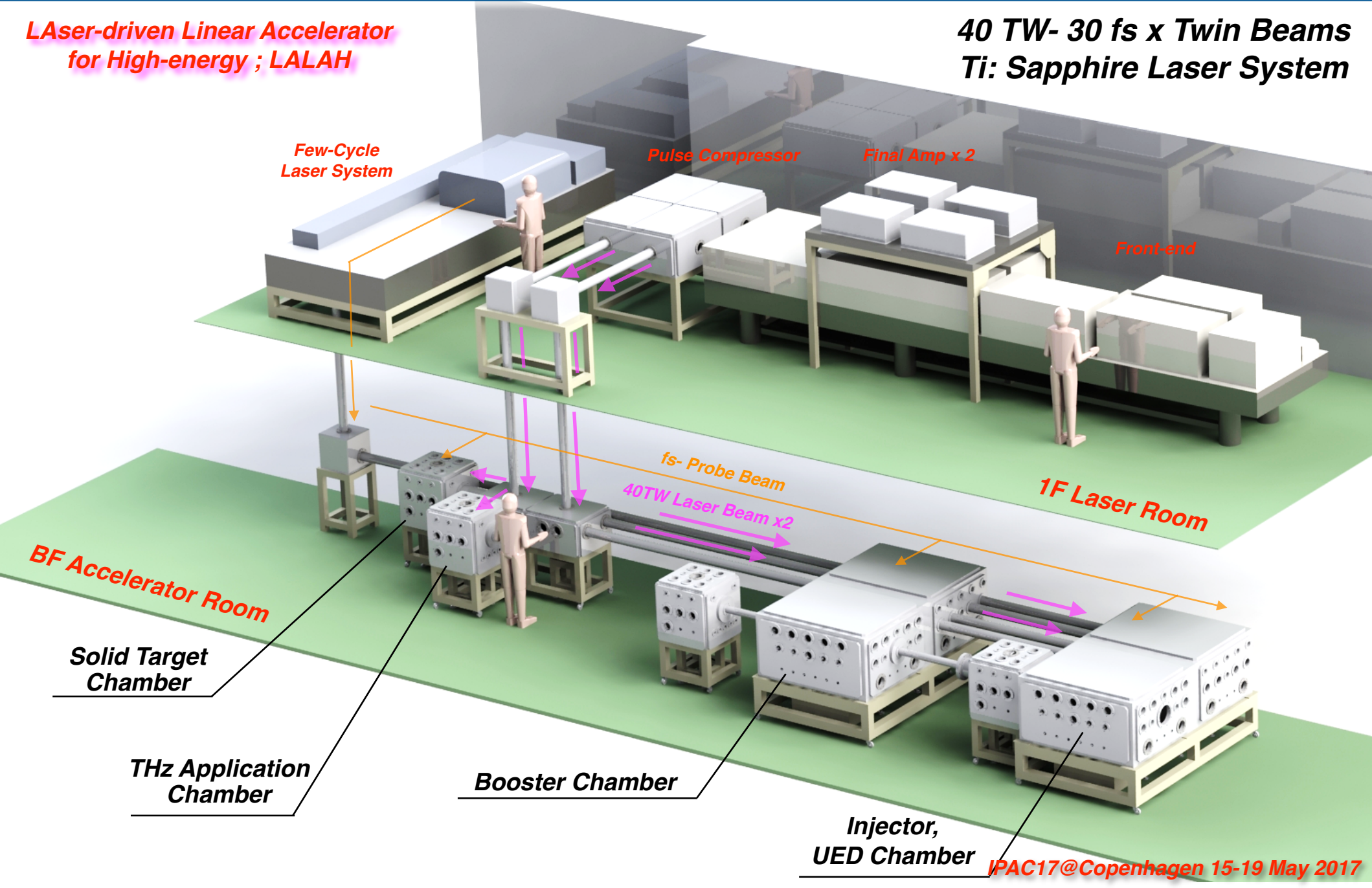
# Staging LWFA



# Laser Facility @ PhoPs (Osaka University Campus)

**LAser-driven Linear Accelerator for High-energy ; LALAH**

**40 TW- 30 fs x Twin Beams  
 Ti: Sapphire Laser System**

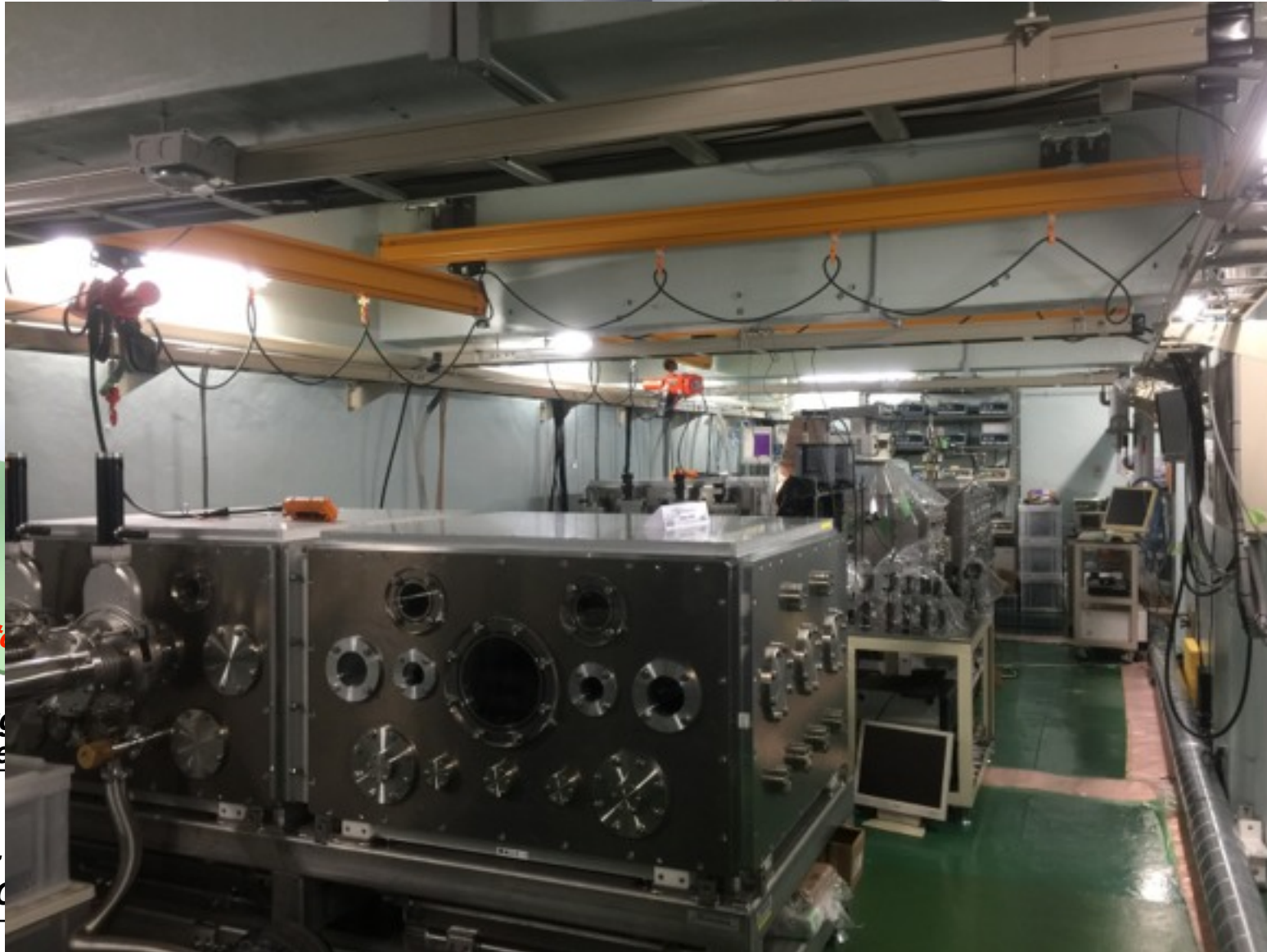




# Laser Facility @ PhoPs (Osaka University Campus)

**LAsER-driven Linear Accelerator  
for High-energy ; LALAH**

**40 TW- 30 fs x Twin Beams  
Ti: Sapphire Laser System**



**BF Accelerator**

**Solid Target Chamber**

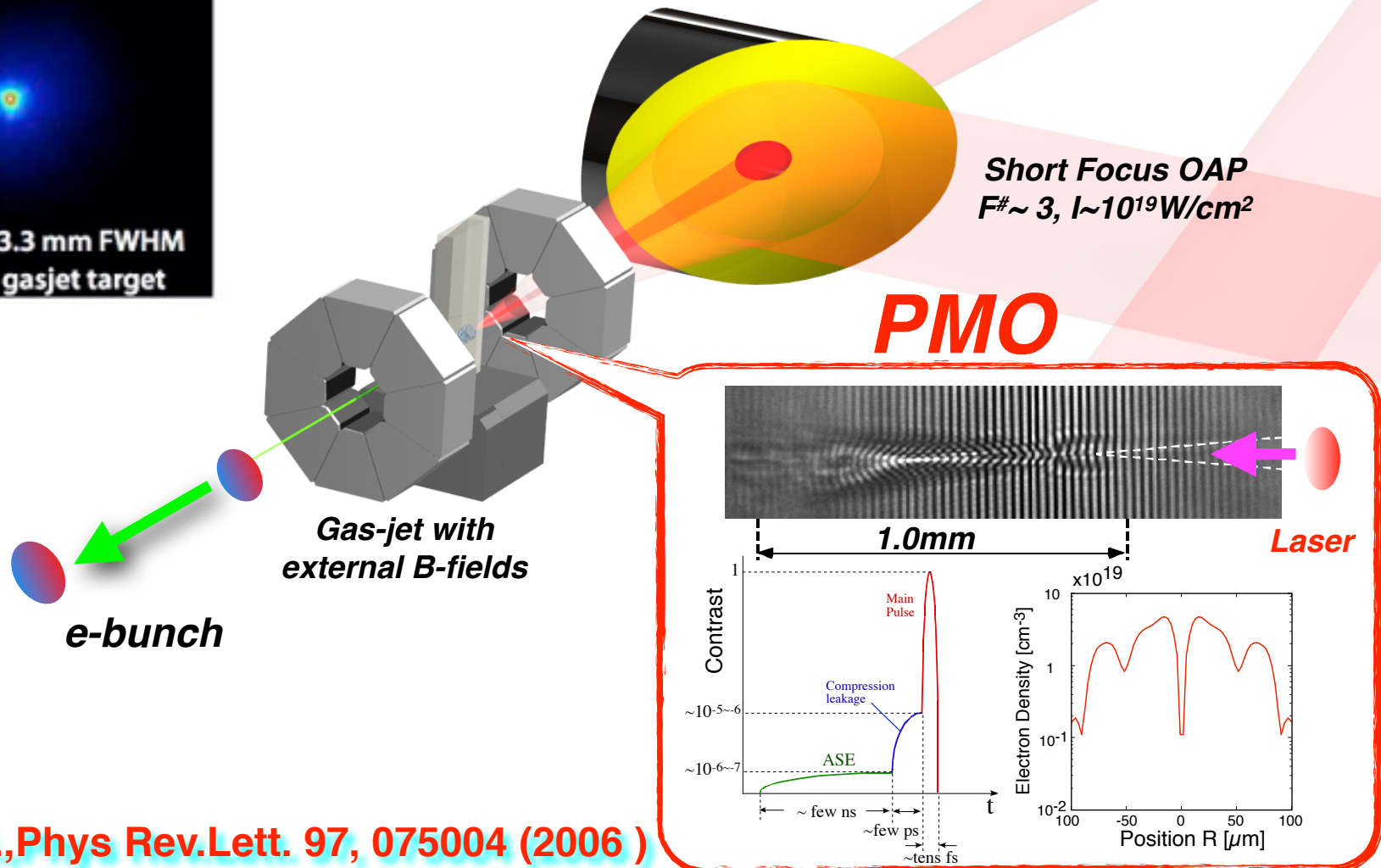
**THz**

**UED Chamber**

**IPAC17@Copenhagen 15-19 May 2017**

## 2. Plasma micro-optics (PMO)

Y.Mizuta, *etal*, Phys.Rev.ST, 15, 121301 (2012)



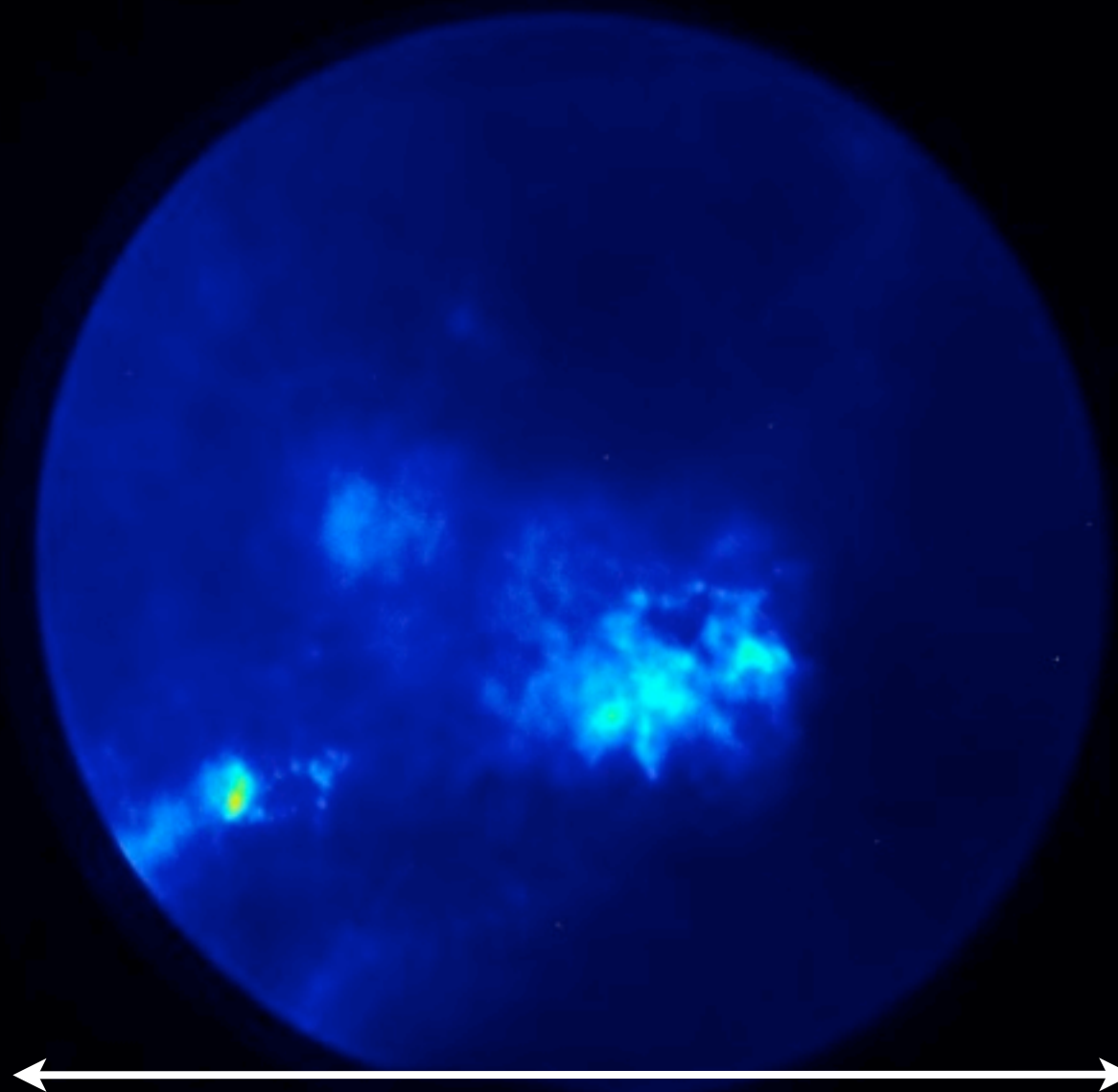
T.Hosokai, *et al.*, Phys Rev.Lett. 97, 075004 (2006)

T.Hosokai, *et al.*, Appl. Phys. Lett. 96,121501 (2010)

# Typical e-Beam Profile w/o PMO

Gasjet target  
He 3MPa  
Nozzle type  
1.2mm(laser axis) x 4mm

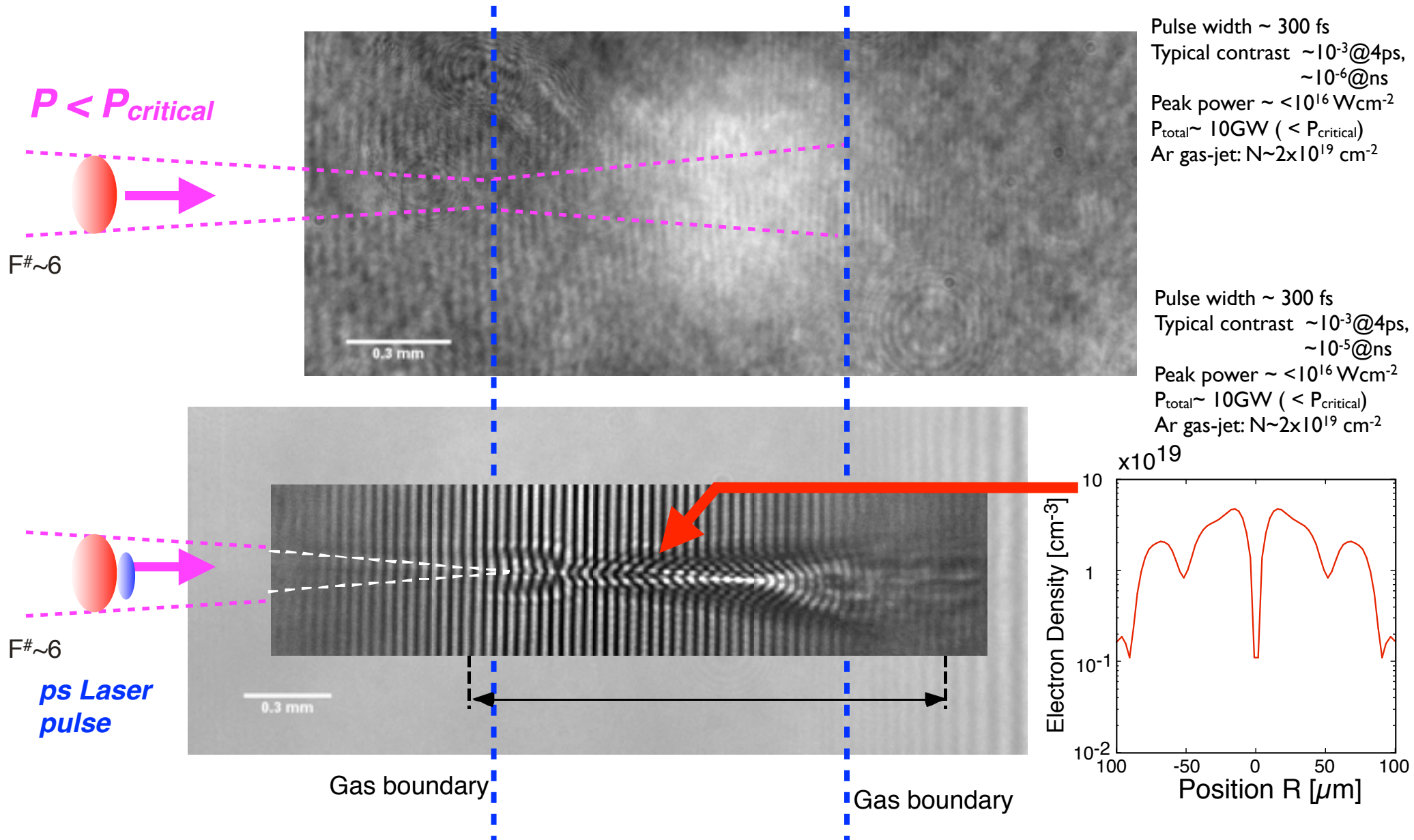
Laser pulse  
Energy 600mJ  
Pulse duration 25fs



Detector size:  $\Phi$ 13cm (746pixel)

# Plasma Micro- Optics

## Key techniques for stable/Repeatable beam generation



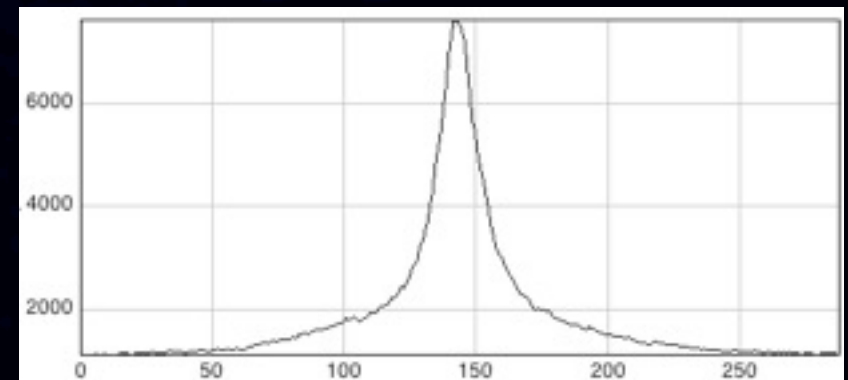
**B~0.2T, Energy 300mJ**

*Typical e-Beam Profile with PMO*

**1**

*PMO provides well-collimated beam !*

Gasjet target  
 He 3MPa  
 Nozzle type  
 1.2mm(laser axis) x 4mm  
 Magnet  
 0.2 T Ring type  
 Laser pulse  
 Energy 300mJ  
 Pulse duration 25fs

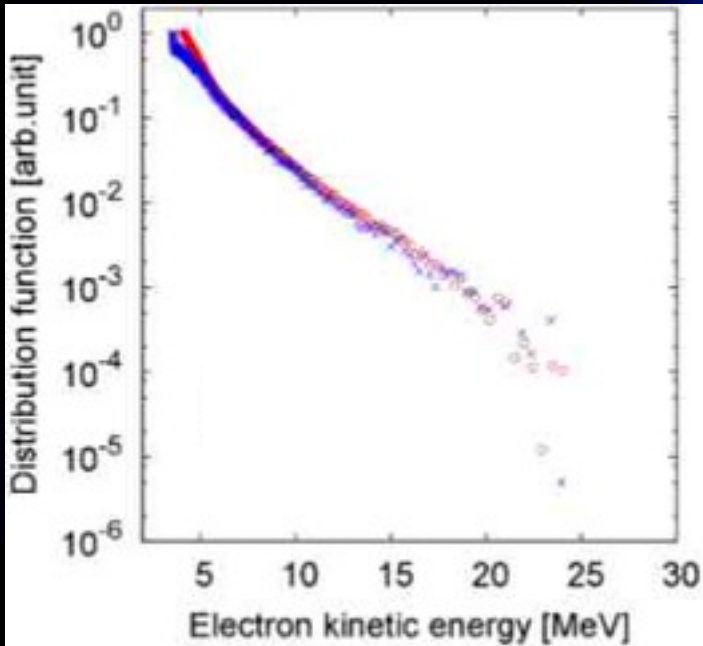


**Beam Size: ~ 3.3 mm FWHM @ 30cm from gasjet target**

**B~0.2T, Energy 300mJ**

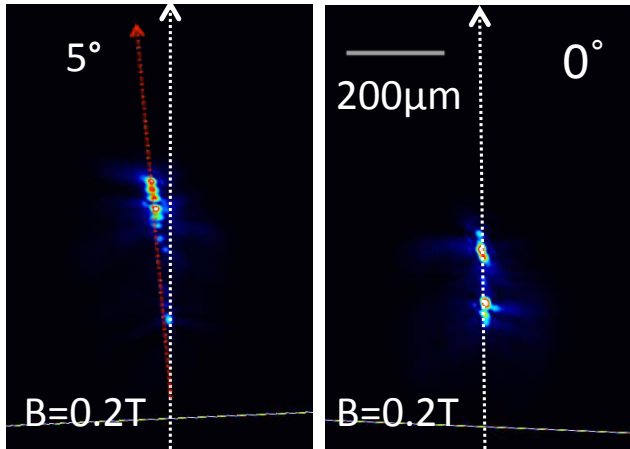
**2**

**Energy spectrum**

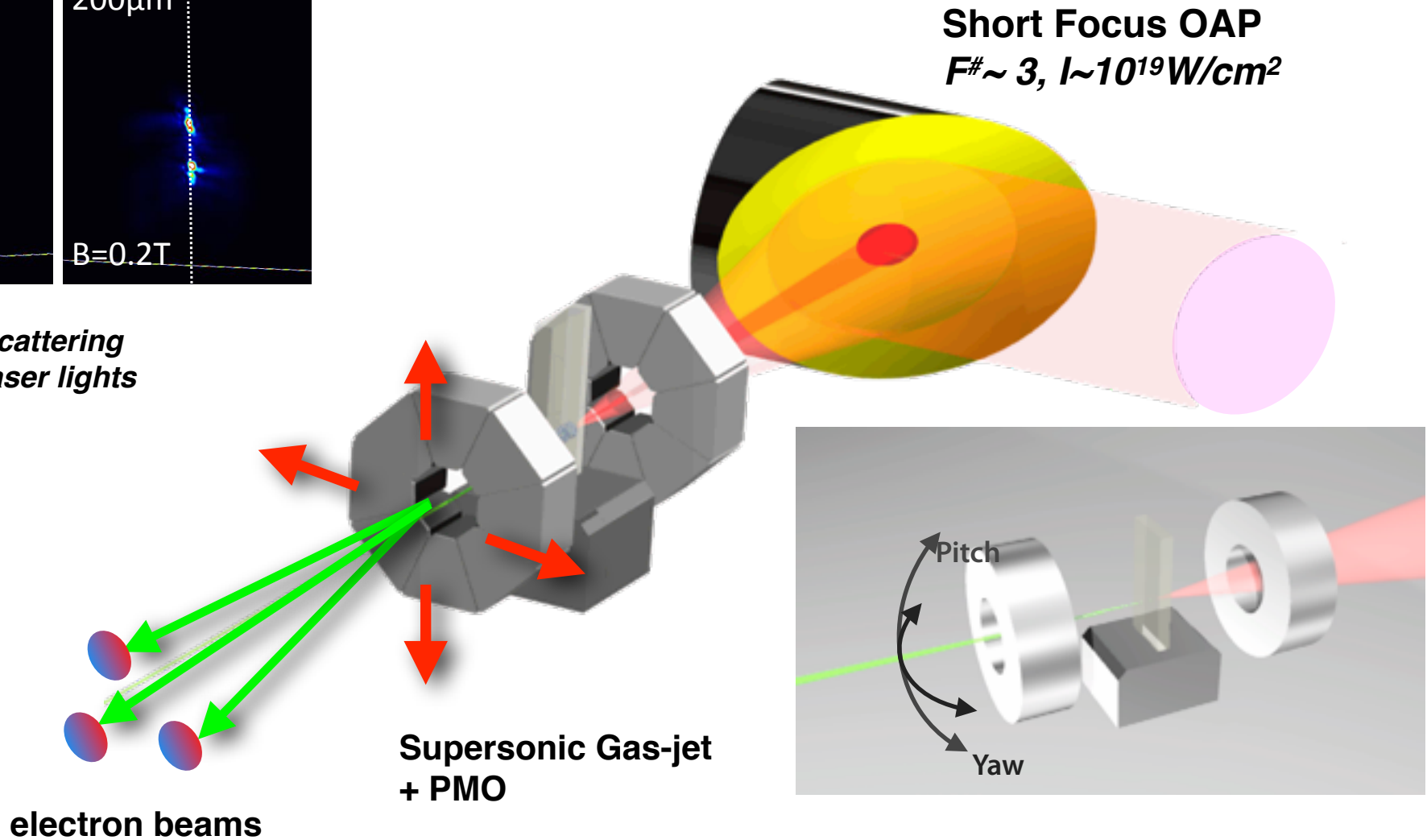


# Steering of e-beams using PMO

## Key technique for staging LWFA



Thomson Scattering  
Images of Laser lights



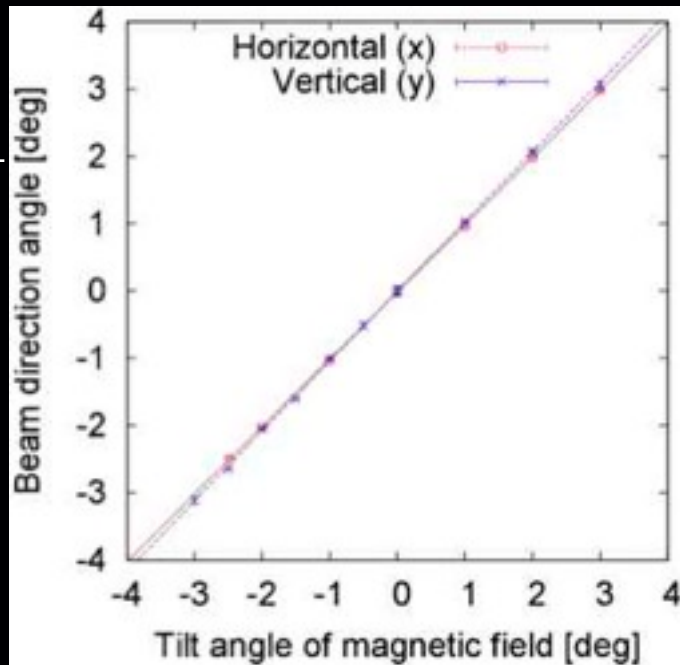
Y.Mizuta, *et al*, Phys.Rev.ST, 15, 121301 (2012)

N.Nakanii, *et al*, Phys.Rev.ST, 18, 021303(2015)

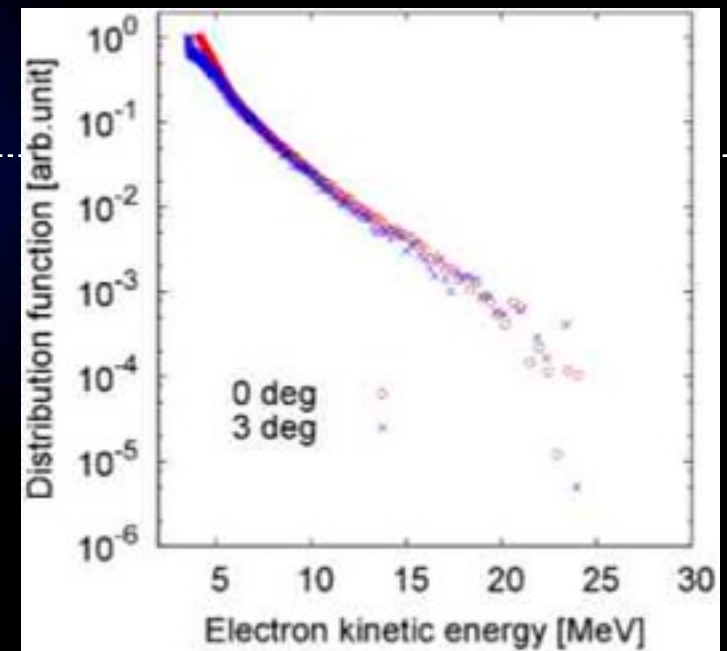
# Rotation counterclockwise 3°

*PMO allows us to steer e-beams as we wish !*

Accuracy of steering



Energy spectrum  
Dependence on ejection angle





# Rotation counterclockwise 3°

*PMO allows us to steer e-beams as we wish !*

PHYSICAL REVIEW SPECIAL TOPICS - ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS 18, 021303 (2015)



## Transient magnetized plasma as an optical element for high power laser pulses

Nobuhiko Nakanii,<sup>1,2,\*</sup> Tomonao Hosokai,<sup>1,2,3</sup> Kenta Iwasa,<sup>3</sup> Shinichi Masuda,<sup>1,2</sup>  
Alexei Zhidkov,<sup>1,2</sup> Naveen Pathak,<sup>1,2</sup> Hiroki Nakahara,<sup>3</sup> Yoshio Mizuta,<sup>3</sup>  
Naoki Takeguchi,<sup>3</sup> and Ryosuke Kodama<sup>1,3,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Photon Pioneers Center, Osaka University, 2-1 Yamada-oka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan

<sup>2</sup>CREST, Japan Science and Technology Agency, 2-1 Yamada-oka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan

<sup>3</sup>Graduate School of Engineering, Osaka University, 2-1 Yamada-oka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan

<sup>4</sup>Institute of Laser Engineering, Osaka University, 2-8 Yamada-oka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan

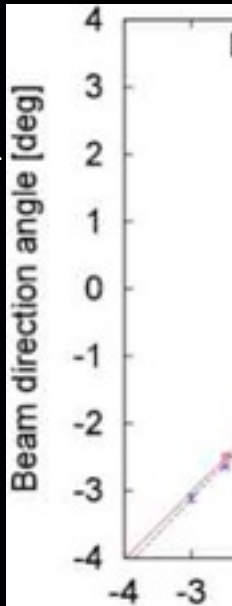
(Received 9 October 2014; published 24 February 2015)

Underdense plasma produced in gas jets by low intensity laser prepulses in the presence of a static magnetic field,  $B \sim 0.3$  T, is shown experimentally to become an optical element allowing steering of tightly focused high power femtosecond laser pulses within several degrees along with essential enhancement of pulse's focusability. Strong laser prepulses form a density ramp perpendicularly to magnetic field direction and, owing to the light refraction, main laser pulses propagate along the magnetic field even if it is tilted from the laser axis. Electrons generated in the laser pulse wake are well collimated and follow in the direction of the magnetic field; their characteristics are measured to be not sensitive to the tilt of magnetic field up to angles  $\pm 5^\circ$ .

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevSTAB.18.021303

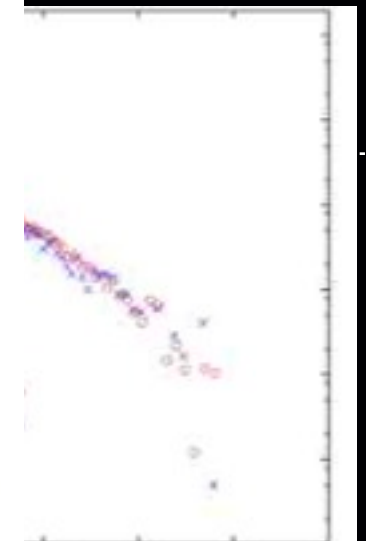
PACS numbers: 52.38.Kd, 41.75.Jv

Accu



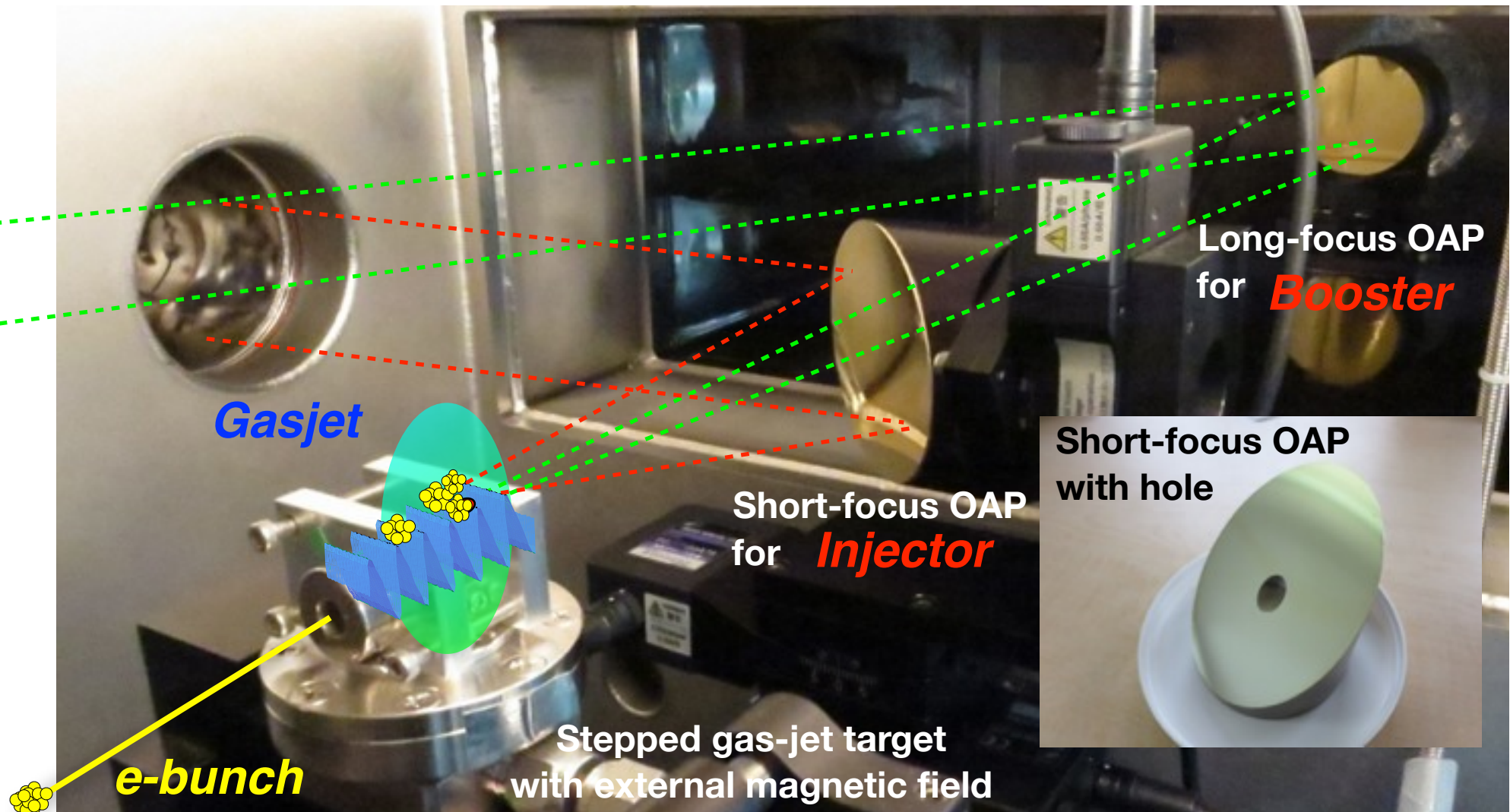
Tilt angle of magnetic field [deg]

spectrum  
ejection angle

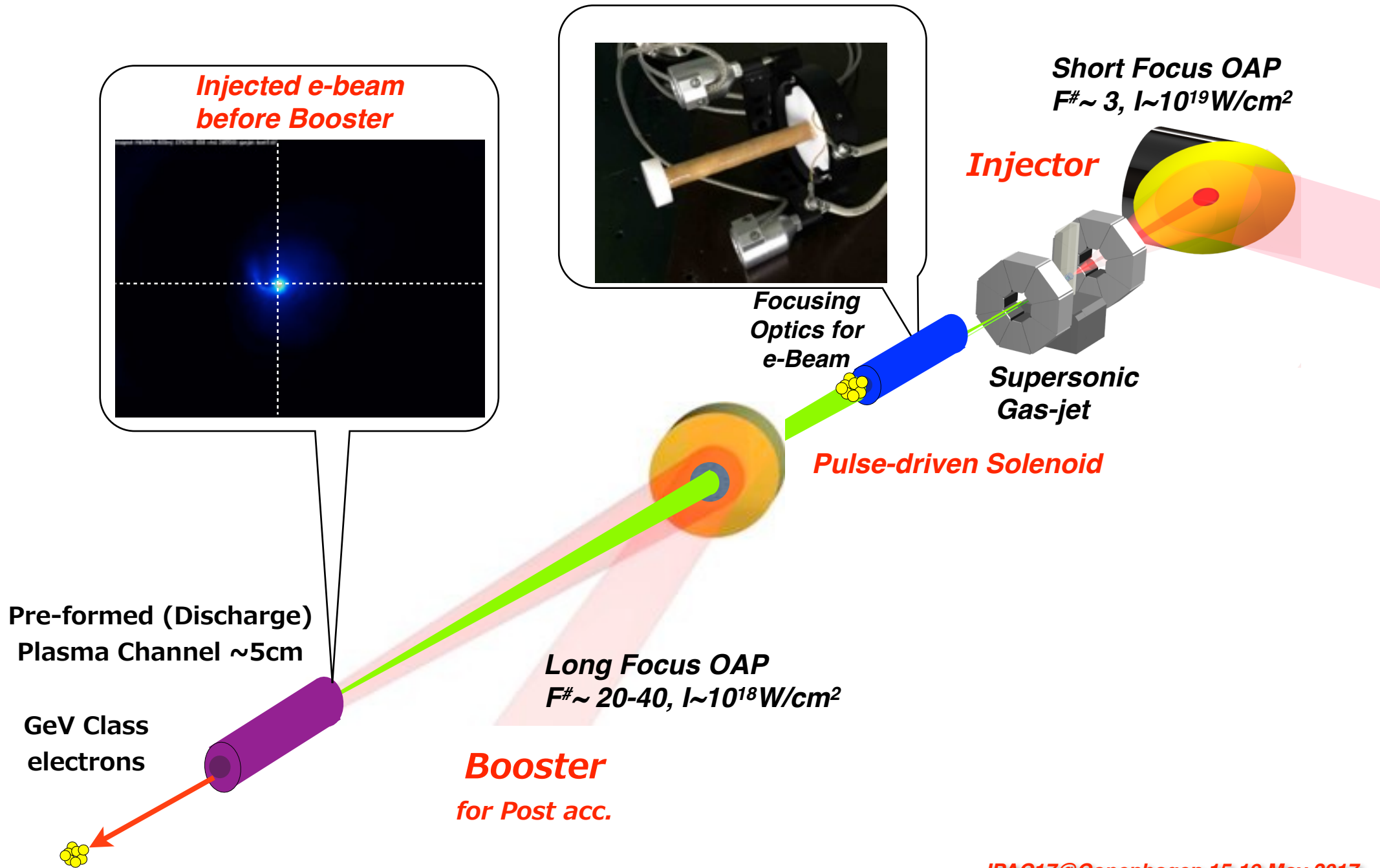


Electron kinetic energy [MeV]

# Injector-Booster Scheme of LWFA (2-beam-driven staging LWFA)



# Towards GeV-class Acceleration; Staging Acc. with Longer & Low-density Channel



# Preformed Plasma Chanel for Booster produced by Z-pinch Discharge (under development)

10 OPTICS LETTERS / Vol. 25, No. 1 / January 1, 2000

## Optical guidance of terrawatt laser pulses by the implosion phase of a fast Z-pinch discharge in a gas-filled capillary

Tomonao Hosokai, Masaki Kando, Hideki Dewa, Hideyuki Kotaki, Syuji Kondo, Noboru Hasegawa, and Kazuhisa Nakajima

Advanced Photon Research Center, Kansai Research Establishment, Japan Atomic Energy Research Institute,  
 8-1 Umemidai, Kizu-chyo, Souraku-gun, Kyoto-fu 619-0215, Japan

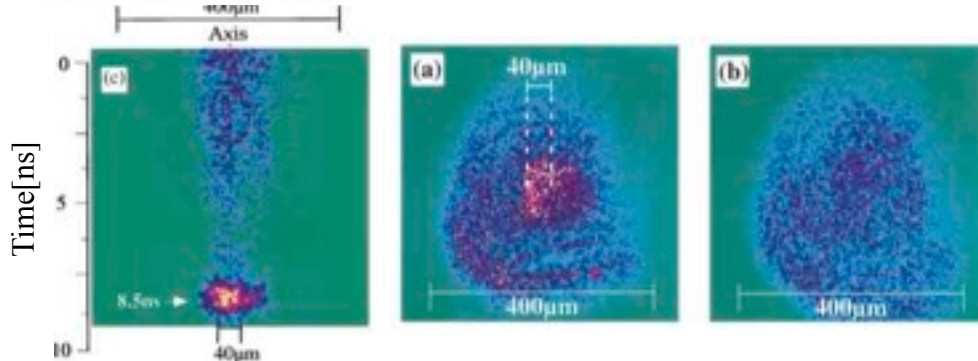
Kazuhiko Horioka

Department of Energy Sciences, Tokyo Institute of Technology, 4259 Nagatsuta, Midori-ku, Yokohama 226-8502, Japan

Received June 1, 1999

A new method of optical guidance by the implosion phase of a fast Z-pinch discharge in a gas-filled capillary is proposed. An imploding plasma column has a concave electron-density profile in the radial direction, just before a stagnation phase driven by a converging current sheet and a shock wave. The feasibility of optical guidance of a high-intensity ( $>1 \times 10^{17}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>) Ti:sapphire laser pulse by use of this method over a distance of 2 cm, corresponding to 12.5 times the Rayleigh length, has been experimentally demonstrated. The guiding-channel formation process was directly probed with a He-Ne laser beam. The electron density in the fully ionized channel was estimated to be  $2.0 \times 10^{21}$  cm<sup>-3</sup> on the axis and  $7.0 \times 10^{21}$  cm<sup>-3</sup> on the peaks of the channel edge, with a diameter of 70  $\mu$ m, as indicated by the experimental results, which were corroborated by a magnetohydrodynamics simulation. © 2000 Optical Society of America

OCIS codes: 290.7380, 320.4340.



Streak Image of guiding channel formation

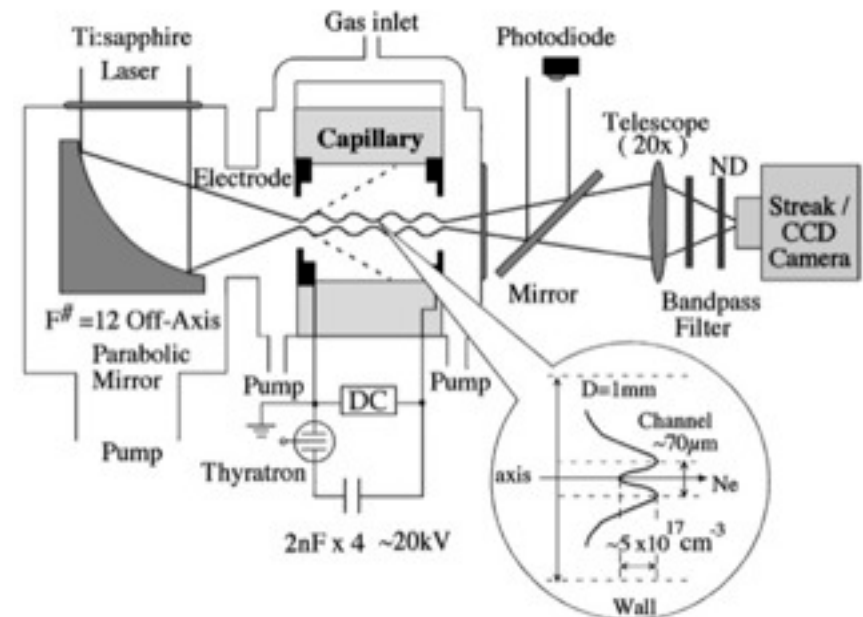
Images of guided Laser Intense Pulse

T. Hosokai, et. al, Opt. Lett., 25, 1 (2000)

Capillary DC  
 Plasma Channel ~5cm  
 GeV Class electrons

Long Focus C  
 F# ~ 20-40, l ~ 1

**Booster**  
 for Post acc.



Electron Density Profile

# Preformed Plasma Channel for Booster produced by Z-pinch Discharge (under development)

10 OPTICS LETTERS / Vol.

## Optical guidance phase of a fast

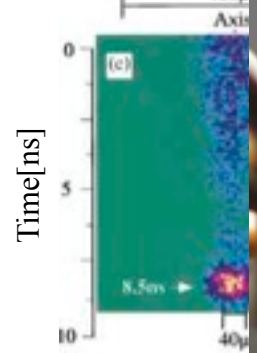
Tomonao Hosokai, Masaki

Advanced Photon Rese

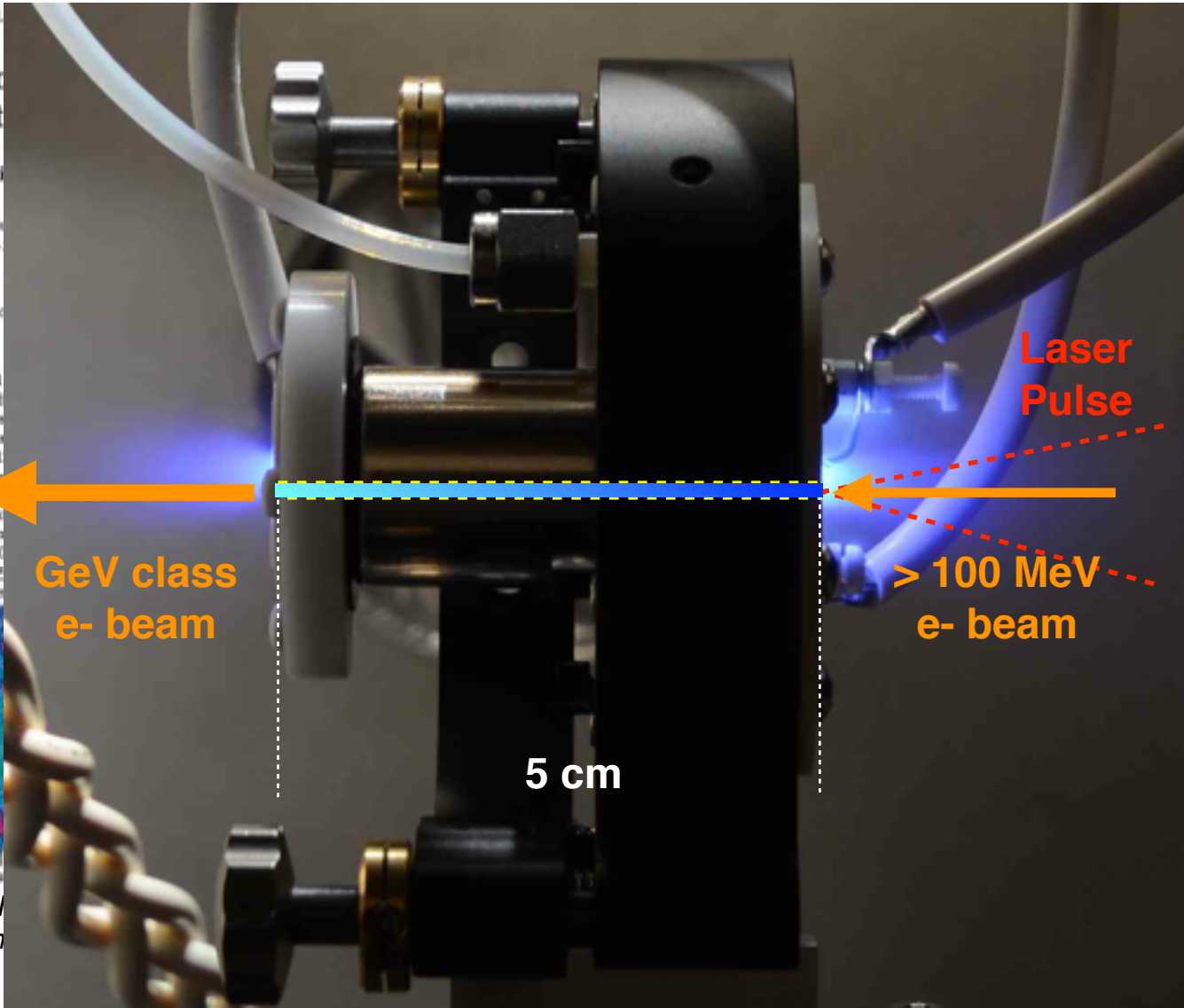
Department of Energy Scienc

A new method of optical  
 is proposed. An implod  
 before a stagnation phas  
 guidance of a high-intens  
 2 cm, corresponding to 1  
 channel formation proce  
 ionized channel was  
 channel edge, with a dia  
 a magnetohydrodynamic

OCIS codes: 290.7380



Streak /  
 guiding chan

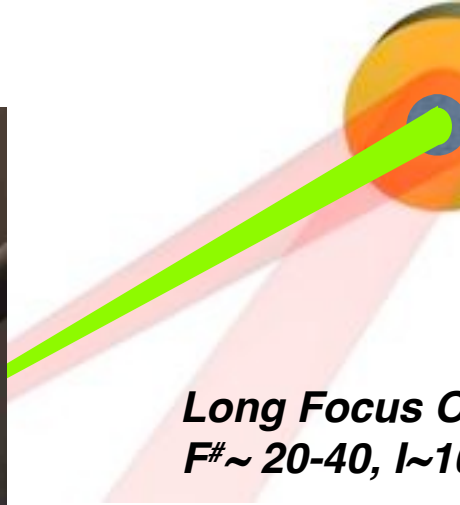


GeV class  
 e- beam

5 cm

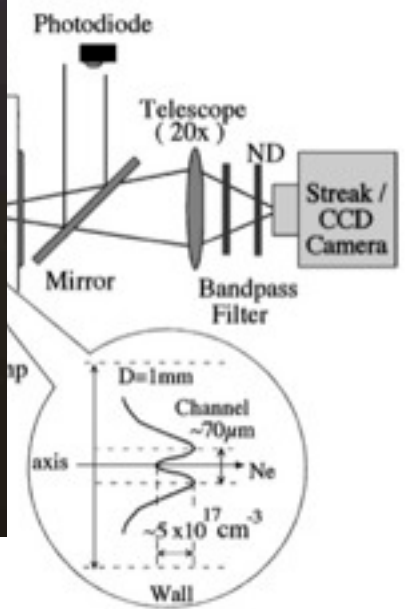
Laser  
 Pulse

> 100 MeV  
 e- beam



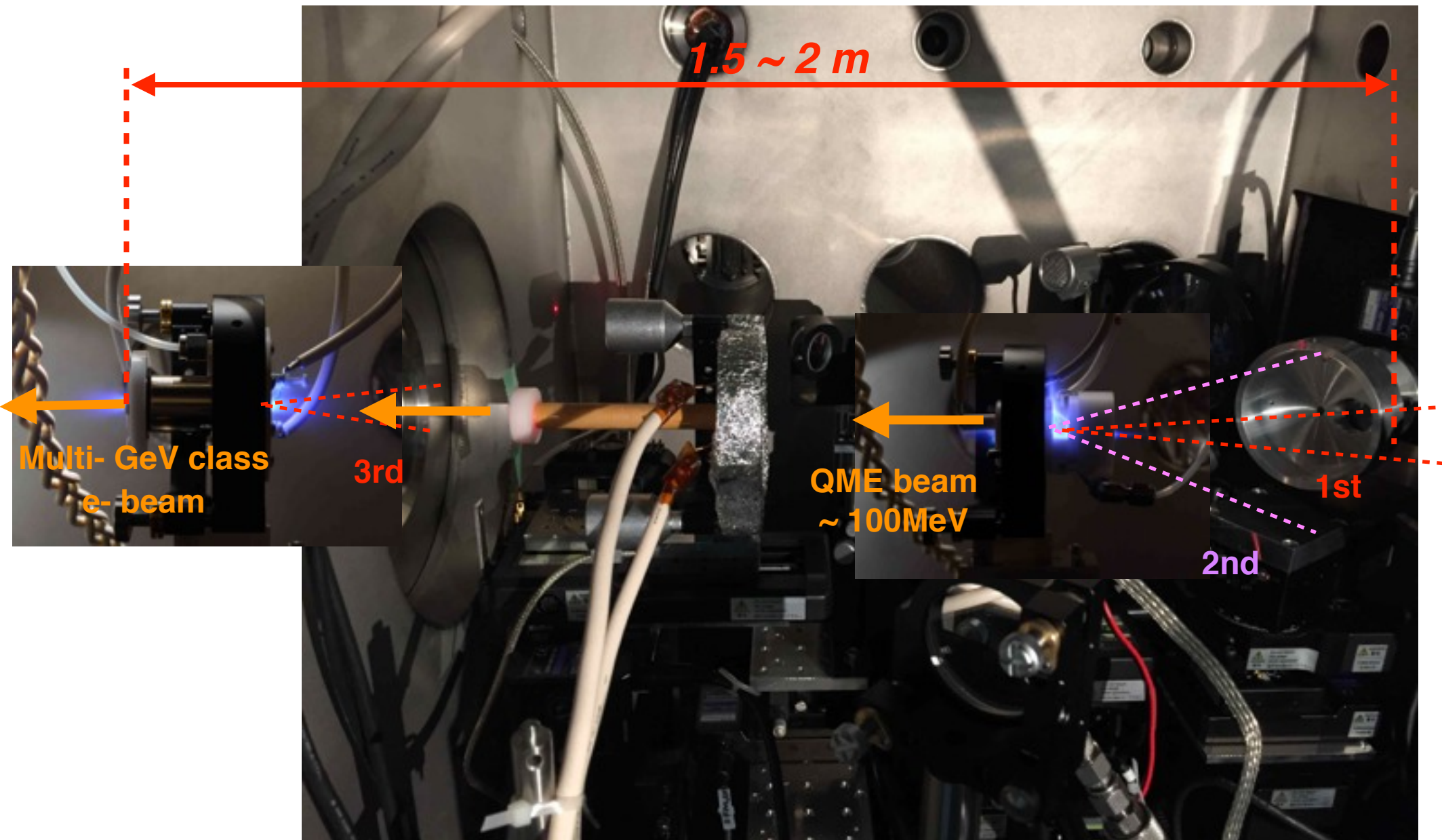
Long Focus C  
 F# ~ 20-40, l ~ 10

**Booster**  
 for Post acc.

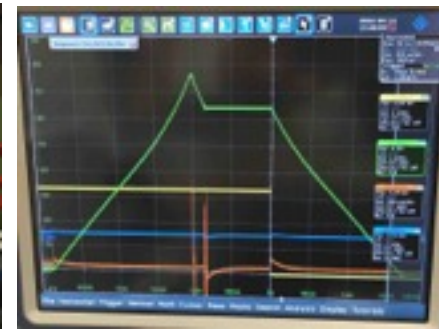
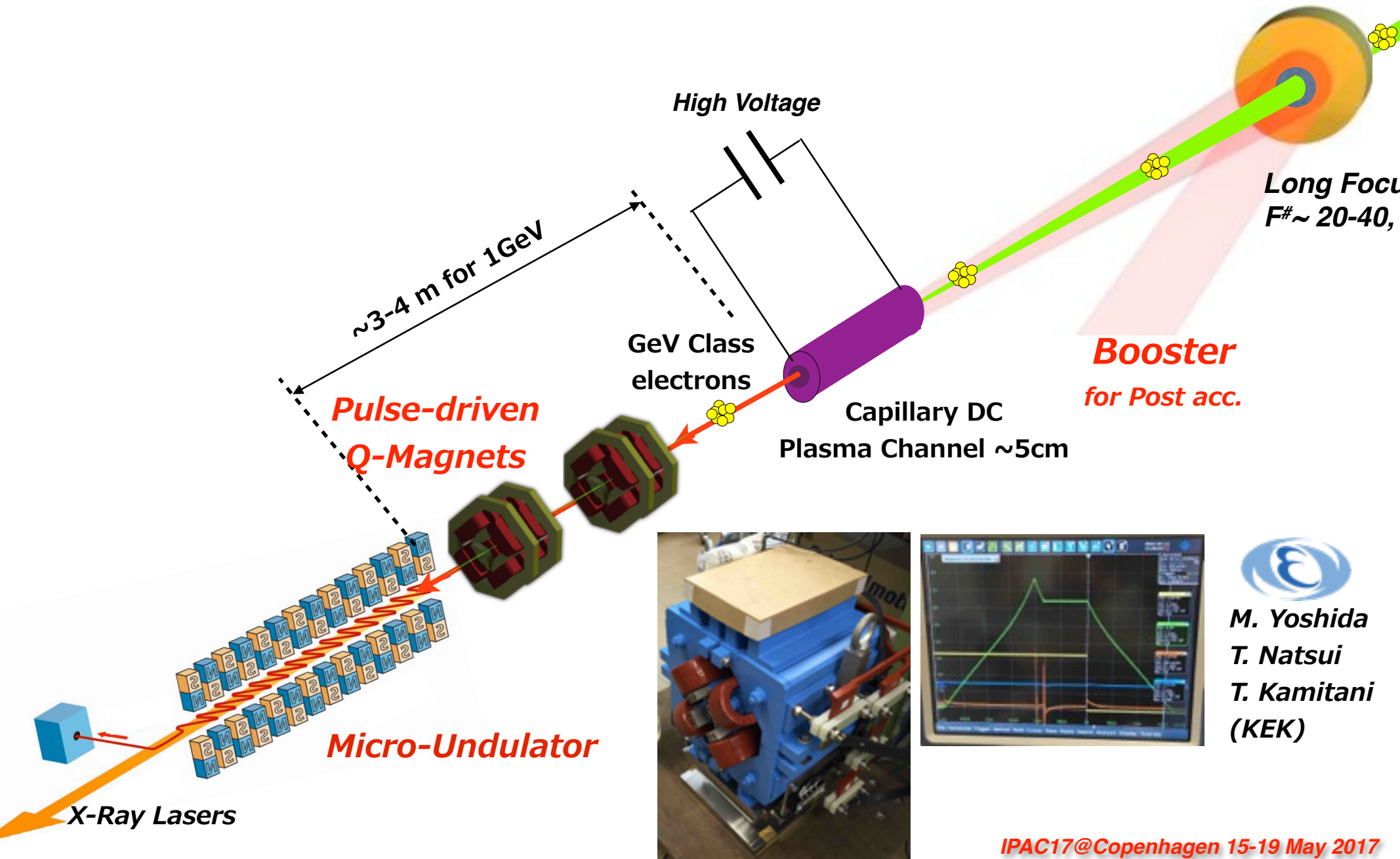


Electron Density Profile

# Staging Acc. with Discharge Plasma Channels (under development)



# Towards Laser-driven XFEL



  
**M. Yoshida**  
**T. Natsui**  
**T. Kamitani**  
**(KEK)**

# Towards Laser-driven XFEL

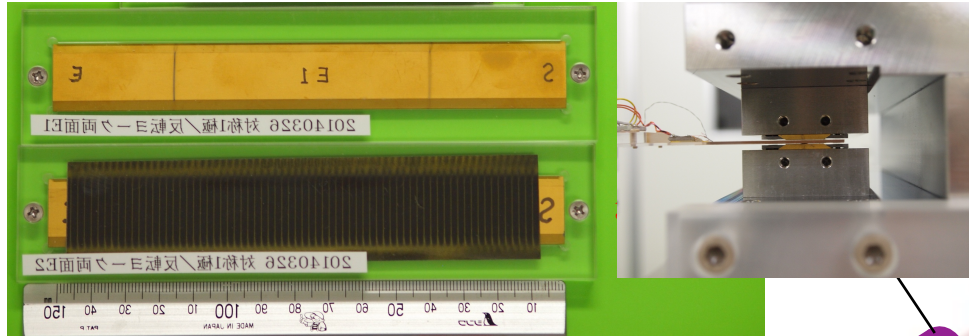
## ImPACT-UPL; Pj1-1C: Micro-Undulator



S. Yamamoto  
(KEK)



100mm x 2



GeV Class  
electrons

*Pulse-driven  
Q-Magnets*

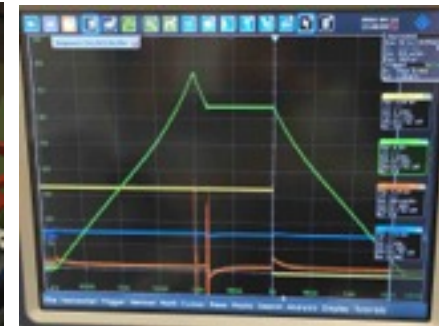
Capillary DC  
Plasma Channel ~5cm

*Booster  
for Post acc.*

Long Focul  
F# ~ 20-40,

*Micro-Undulator*

X-Ray Lasers



M. Yoshida  
T. Natsui  
T. Kamitani  
(KEK)



# Towards Laser-driven XFEL

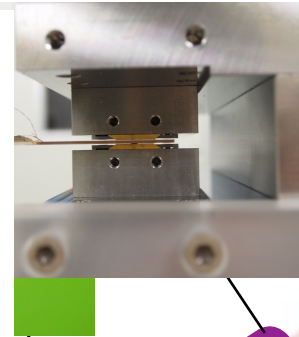
**ImPACT-UPL; Pj1-1C:**  
**Micro-Undulator**



**S. Yamamoto**  
**(KEK)**



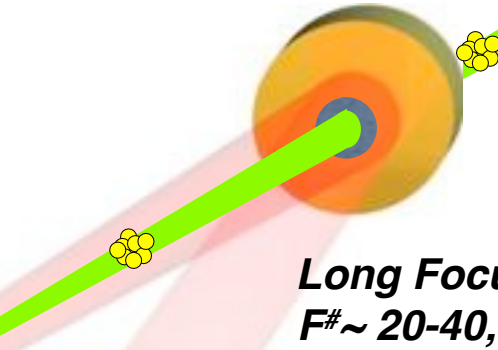
**TUPAB061 (POSTER)**  
**Shigeru YAMAMOTO,**  
**Development of a Novel**  
**Undulator Having Very Short**  
**Period Lengths**



S  
S

Capillary DC

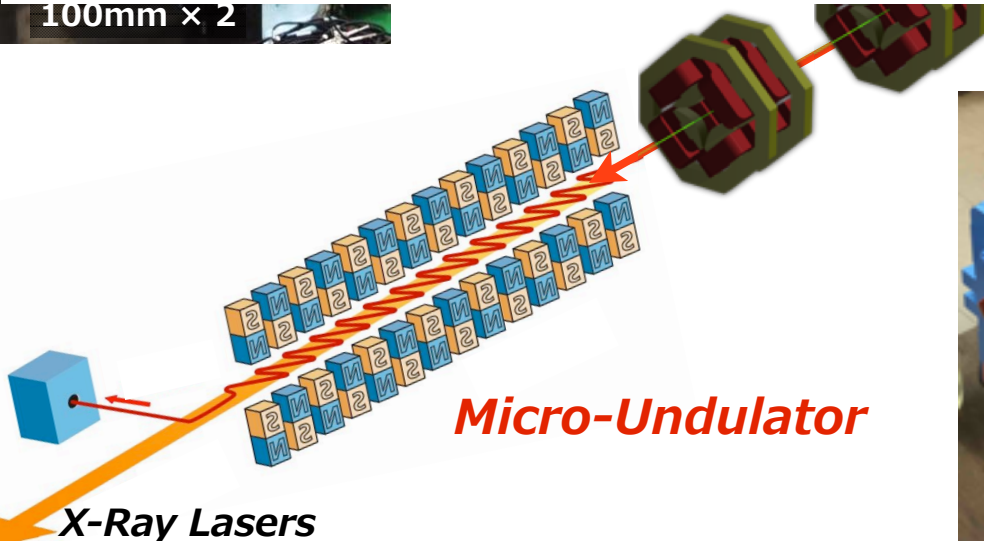
Plasma Channel ~5cm



Long Focus  
F# ~ 20-40,

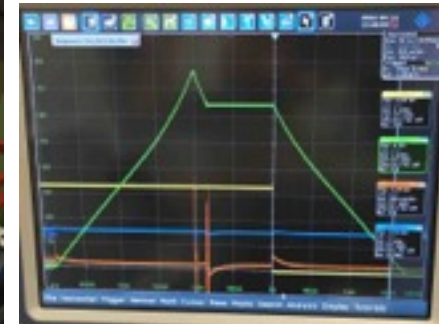
**Booster**  
**for Post acc.**

100mm x 2



**Micro-Undulator**

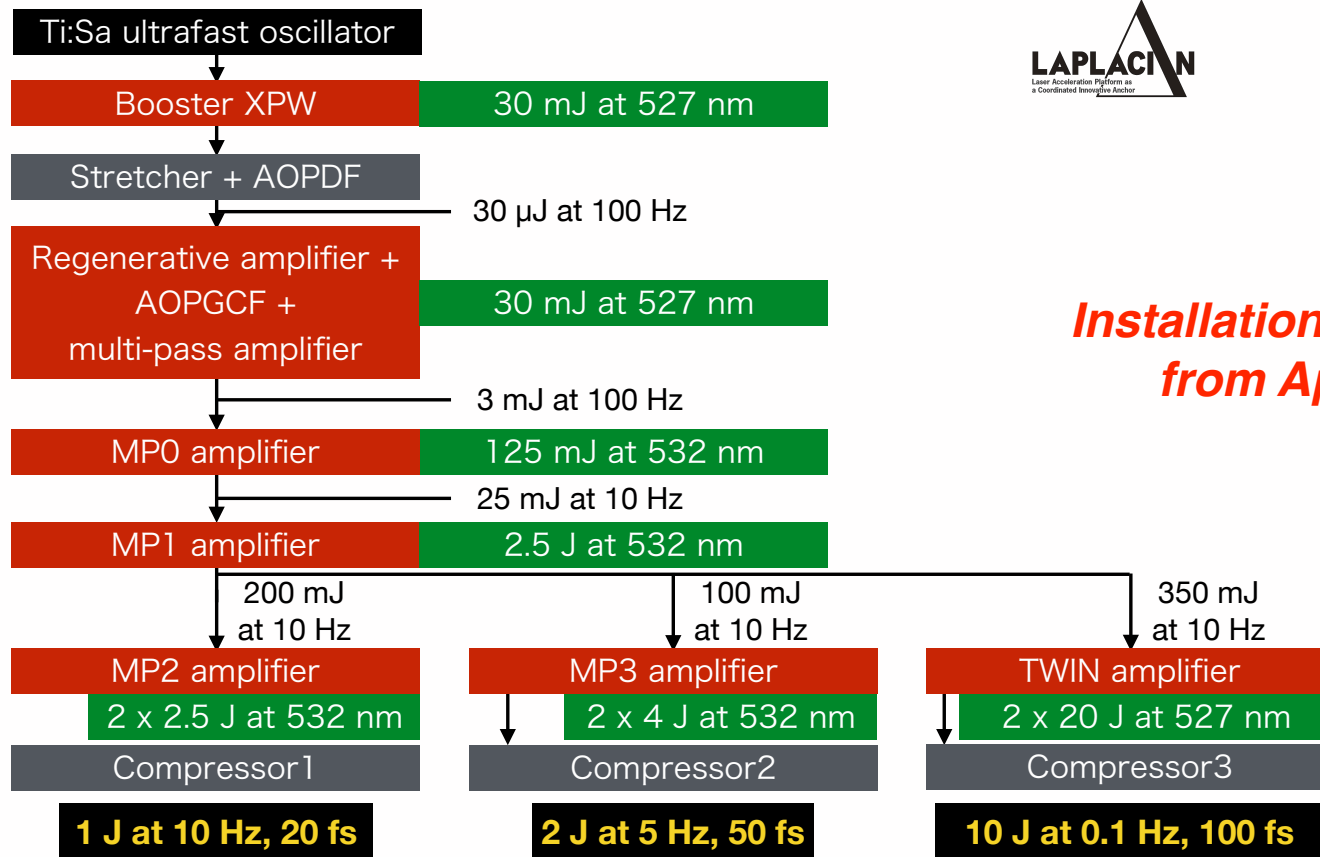
**X-Ray Lasers**



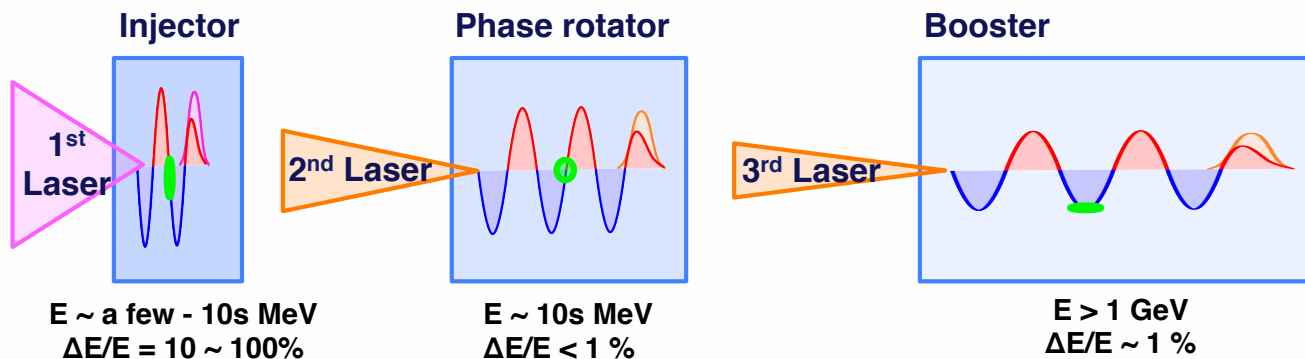
**M. Yoshida**  
**T. Natsui**  
**T. Kamitani**  
**(KEK)**

# LWFA Platform @ SACLA (SP-8 Campus)

## under ImPACT-UPL Program

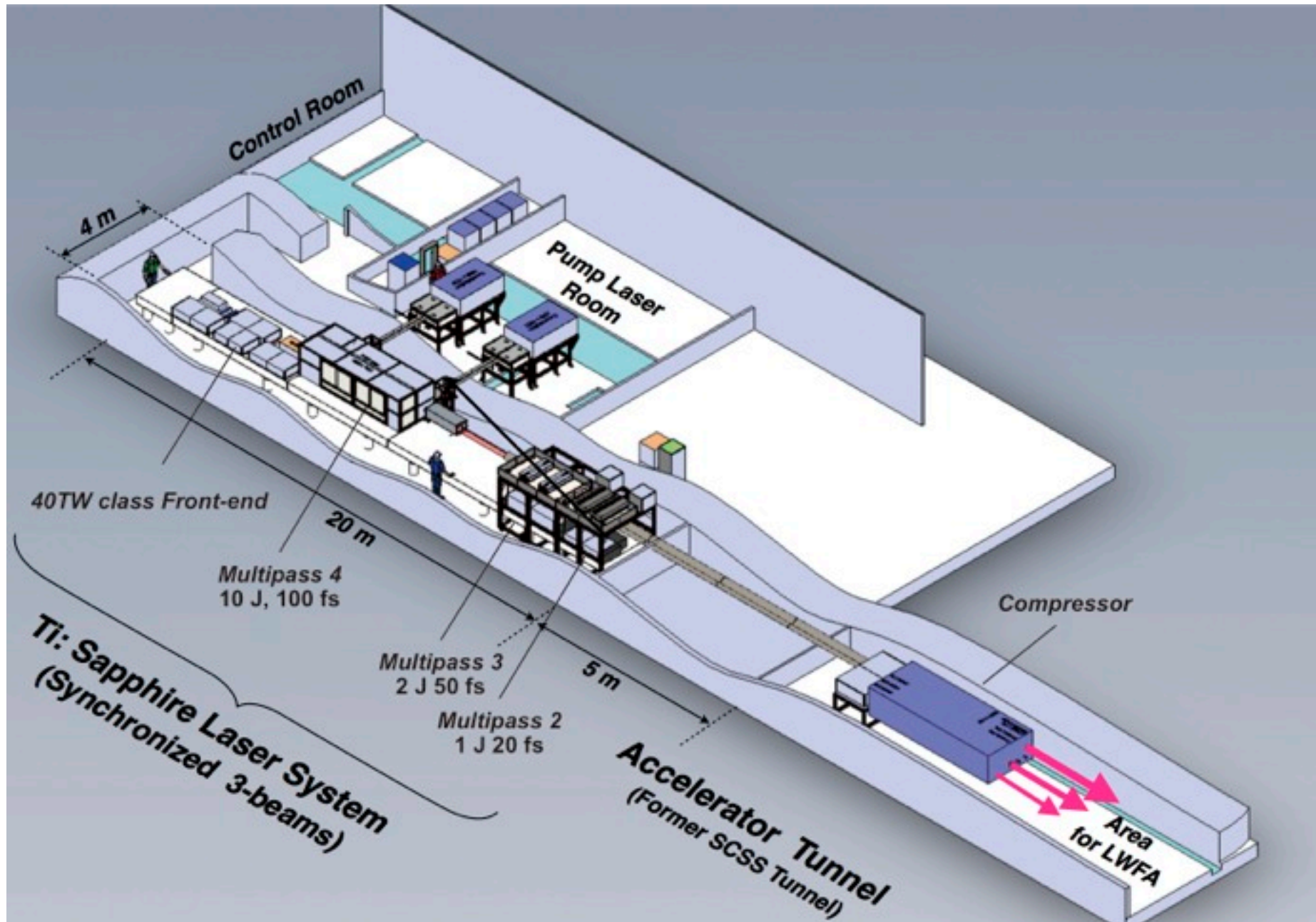


**Installation has started from April 2017**



# LWFA Platform @ SACLA (SP-8 Campus)

## under ImPACT-UPL Program



$E \sim \text{a few} - 100 \text{ MeV}$   
 $\Delta E/E = 10 \sim 100\%$

$E \sim 100 \text{ MeV}$   
 $\Delta E/E < 1\%$

$E \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$   
 $\Delta E/E \sim 1\%$

# *LWFA Platform @ SACLA (SP-8 Campus) under ImPACT-UPL Program*



***Accelerator Tunnel (SCSS) @ SPring8  
April, 2016***

$\Delta E/E = 10 \sim 100\%$

$\Delta E/E < 1\%$

$\Delta E/E \sim 1\%$

# LWFA Platform @ SACLA (SP-8 Campus)

under ImPACT-UPL Program

**Clean Room @SCSS Tunnel**  
**May 2017**

Pring8

$\Delta E/E = 10 \sim 100\%$

$\Delta E/E < 1\%$

$\Delta E/E \sim 1\%$

# LWFA Platform @ SACLA (SP-8 Campus)

under ImPACT-UPL Program



$\Delta E/E = 10 \sim 100\%$

$\Delta E/E < 1\%$

$\Delta E/E \sim 1\%$

# Summary

- ☑ LWFA R&D program aiming for laser-driven tabletop XFEL (**ImPACT-UPL**) is on going, and **LWFA platform** is under construction at **SP-8 Campus** in Japan.
- ☑ **Staging LWFA (Injector-booster scheme) has been demonstrated.**  
We believe **this technique can be scalable to GeV class accelerators.**
- ☑ **Chanel guide LWFA with Preformed (discharge) plasmas has started.**

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This Research is supported by ImPACT R&D Program (Impulsing Paradigm Change through disruptive Technologies) promoted by the cabinet office of Japanese Government, and also supported by HERMES project (High Energy density Revolution of Matter in Extreme States).

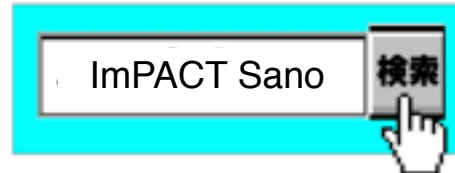




革新的研究開発推進プログラム  
**ImPACT**  
Impulsing Paradigm Change through Disruptive Technologies Program



[www.jst.go.jp/impact/sano](http://www.jst.go.jp/impact/sano)



***PM: Yuji Sano***  
***JST,***  
***TOSHIBA Corp***