

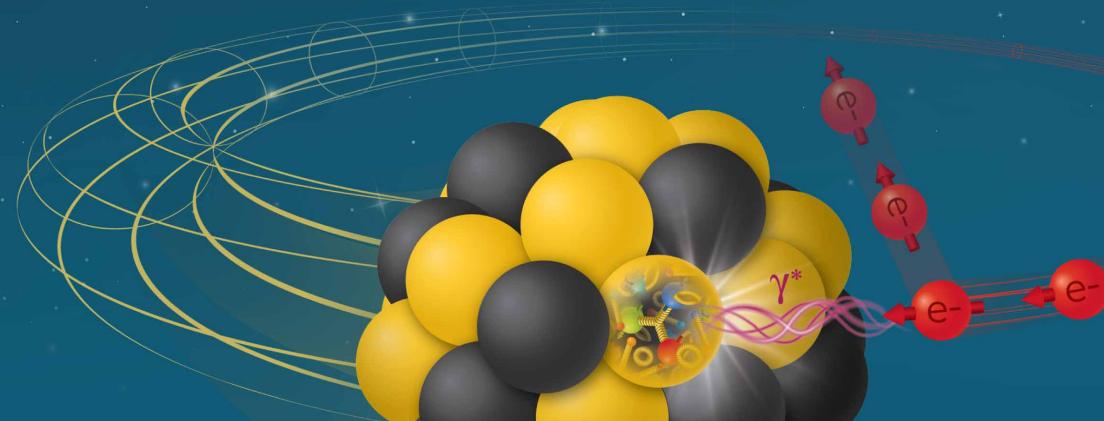
Development of a Timing and Data Link for EIC Common Hardware Platform

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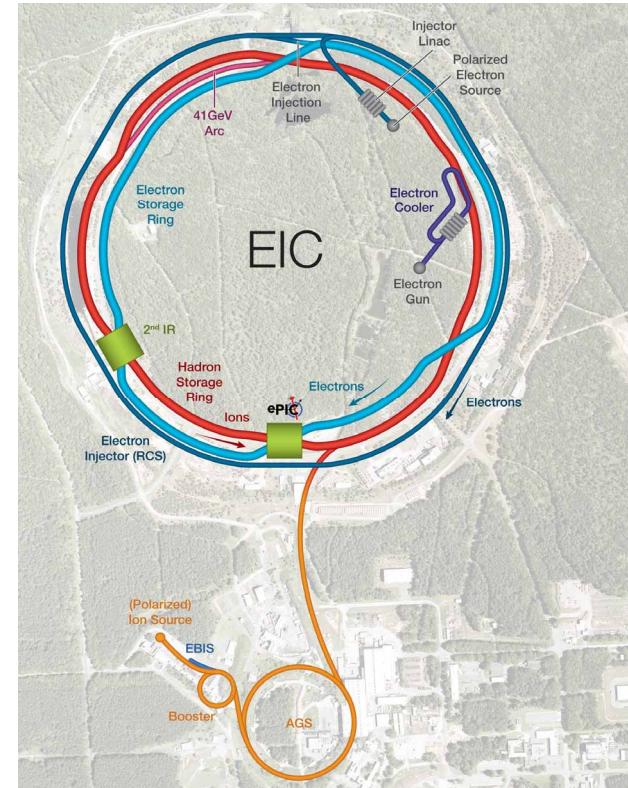
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Electron-Ion Collider



EIC Project Overview

- Upgrade to RHIC
 - Hadron Storage Ring
 - Electron Storage Ring
 - Rapid Cycling Synchrotron
- Subsystems
 - Electron Gun
 - Electron Cooler
 - Injector Linac
 - Electron Beam Ion Source
- Existing Systems
 - Linac
 - Booster
 - AGS



RHIC Timing Links

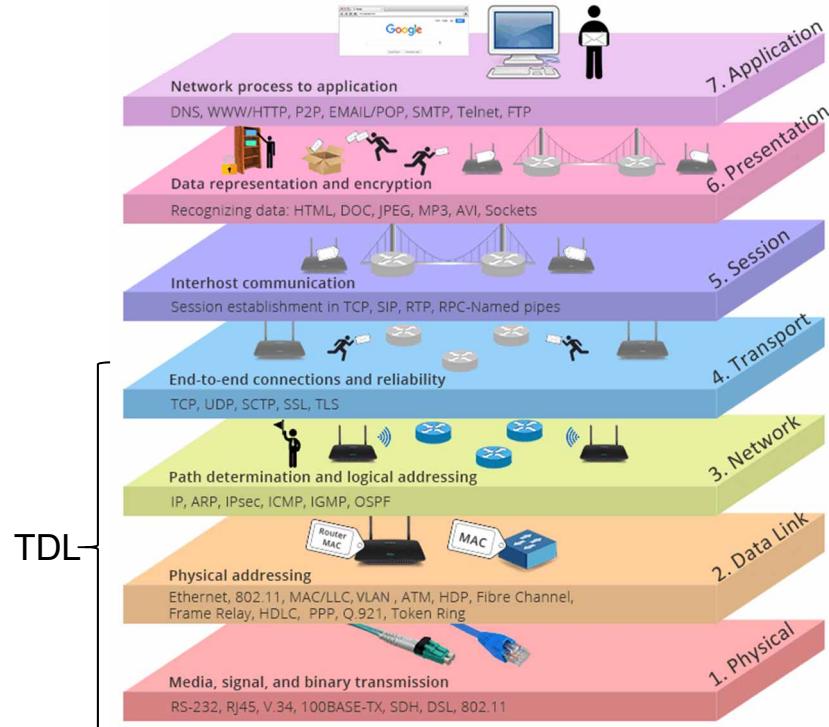
- Low Level RF Update Link
 - RF system event and data distribution
 - Supports bidirectional data transfer
- Event Link
 - Broadcasts 8-bit event codes
- Real Time Data Link
 - Distributes timestamp data
- Beam Synchronous Link
 - Carrier synchronous to the machine revolution frequency
- Accelerator Master Clock Signal
 - RF clock distributed to systems

Timing Data Link Goals

- Consolidate existing timing links
- Deterministic distribution of critical timing data
- Distribution of Accelerator Master Clock
- Packet filtering based on event ID and data
- Bidirectional data transfer for distributed feedback
- Modular and configurable
- Scalable to meet the needs of the large machine and various subsystems

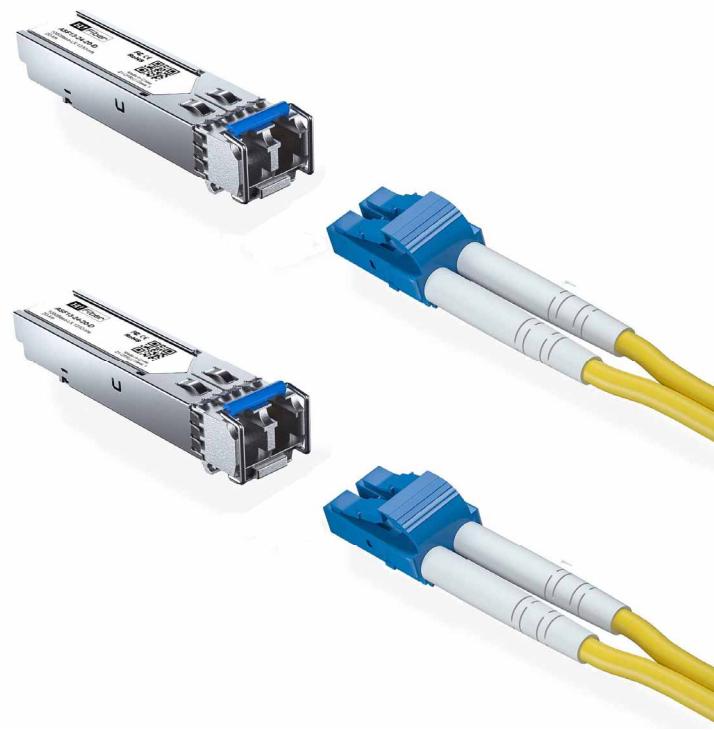
Timing Data Link Specification

- Custom networking protocol
- Defines Layers 1-4 of the OSI model
 - Physical Layer
 - Cables
 - Electrical signaling
 - Symbol encoding
 - Datalink Layer
 - Data word framing
 - Clock synchronization
 - Network Layer
 - Packet routing and filtering
 - Network topology
 - Transport Layer
 - Reliable timestamping
 - Event and data synchronization



Physical Layer

- Transfers data bytes across the physical medium
- Single-mode or Multi-mode fiber
- SFP+ modular transceivers
- Electrical CML data pairs for TX/RX
- Line rate 8 Gbps
 - Synchronous to 100 MHz Accelerator Master Oscillator
 - Receiver recovers clock
- Encodes bytes into 8b/10b symbols
- Bytes transferred at 800 MB/s

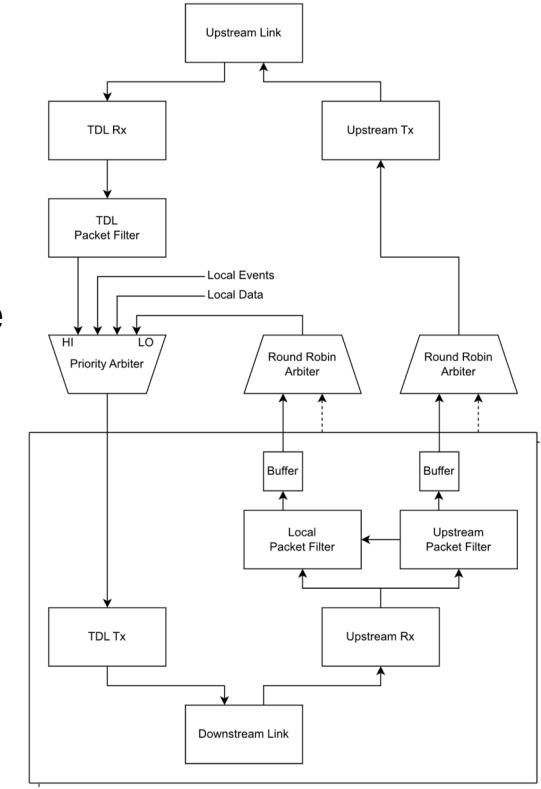


Datalink Layer

- Transfers 64-bit data words between devices
 - Big endian format
- Comma detection to align words
 - Comma in least significant byte
- Word alignment provides 100 MHz recovered clock synchronization
- No addressing is implemented
 - Words are transmitted point to point between linked systems
- Out of band signaling
 - K-symbols
 - Link latency measurement

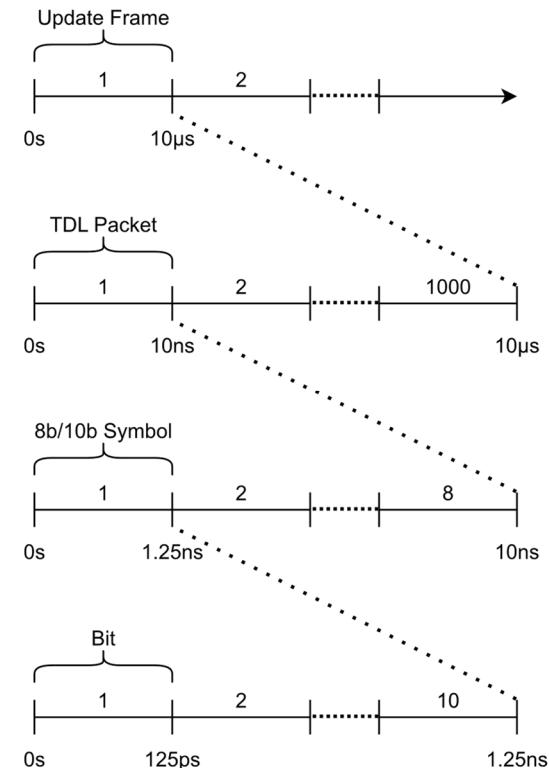
Network Layer

- Routes 64-bit TDL packets between devices
 - 16-bit packet ID and 48-bit data field
- Network follows a tree structure
- Data fields encode special packet and event IDs
- Deterministic packet transmission when traversing the tree in the downstream direction
- Upstream data transmission supported but without guaranteed deterministic timing
- Timing Data Generators broadcast events and data
 - Root node is the Global Timing Data Generator
 - Downstream Timing Data Generators rebroadcast and filter
 - Leaf node devices send data to Upstream Timing Data Generators



Transport Layer

- Update Frames transmitted at 10 μ s intervals
 - Followed by a timestamp packet
- Update Frame contains 1000 TDL packet
 - Frames begin with Update Event followed by Timestamp packet
 - At least two idle frames to support byte and word alignment
- Data received during an Update Frame is acted upon when the Update Event arrives to synchronize event and data timing
- Timestamp is encoded with a special packet ID
 - 31-bit seconds field
 - Counts seconds since epoch
 - Allows for a 68-year timespan before rollover
 - 17-bit ticks field
 - Counts 10 us ticks (100,000 ticks per second)



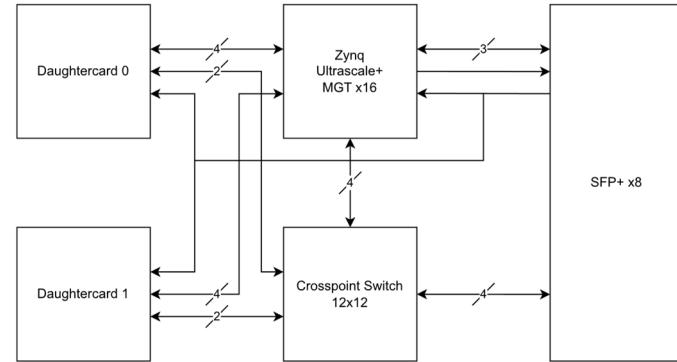
Hardware Implementation

- The EIC Common Hardware Platform
- Carrier Board 2U Chassis
- Modular design with two pluggable daughtercards
- Configurable datapaths for TDL
- Xilinx Ultrascale+ MGTs interface with SFP+
- FPGA handles packet routing and filtering logic
- SFP+ TDL networking daughtercard
- Other special function daughtercards
 - Baseband ADC/DAC
 - RF ADC/DAC
 - Digital I/O



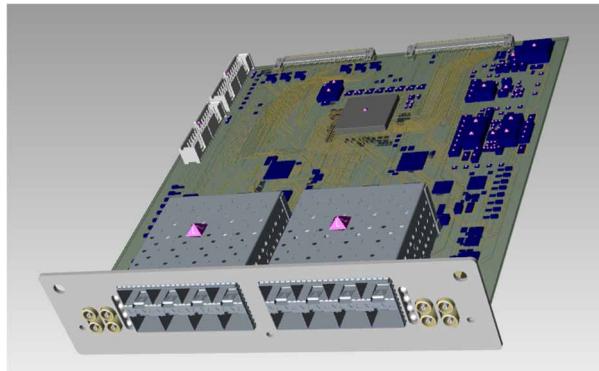
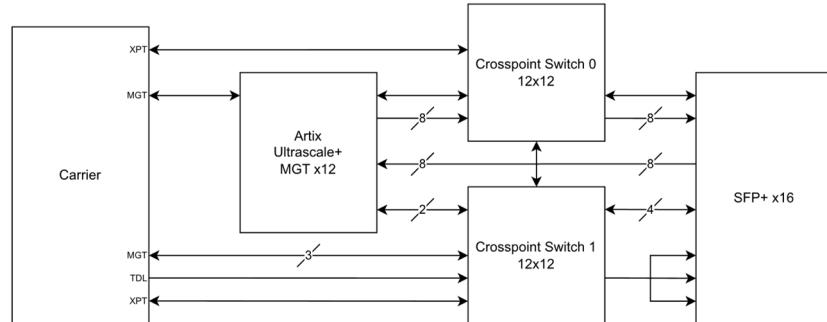
Common Hardware Platform Carrier

- Provides power and clocks to daughtercards
- Clock sources
 - Analog PLL
 - Digital PLL
 - Beam Synchronous
 - External
- SFP+ x8 one for TDL fanout
- Zynq Ultrascale+ with 16 GTH transceivers
- Crosspoint switch 12x12
- Two daughtercard sites each with
 - Four transceiver lanes
 - Two crosspoint switch lanes
 - Chip-to-chip high speed serial bus



Common Hardware Platform SFP+ Daughtercard

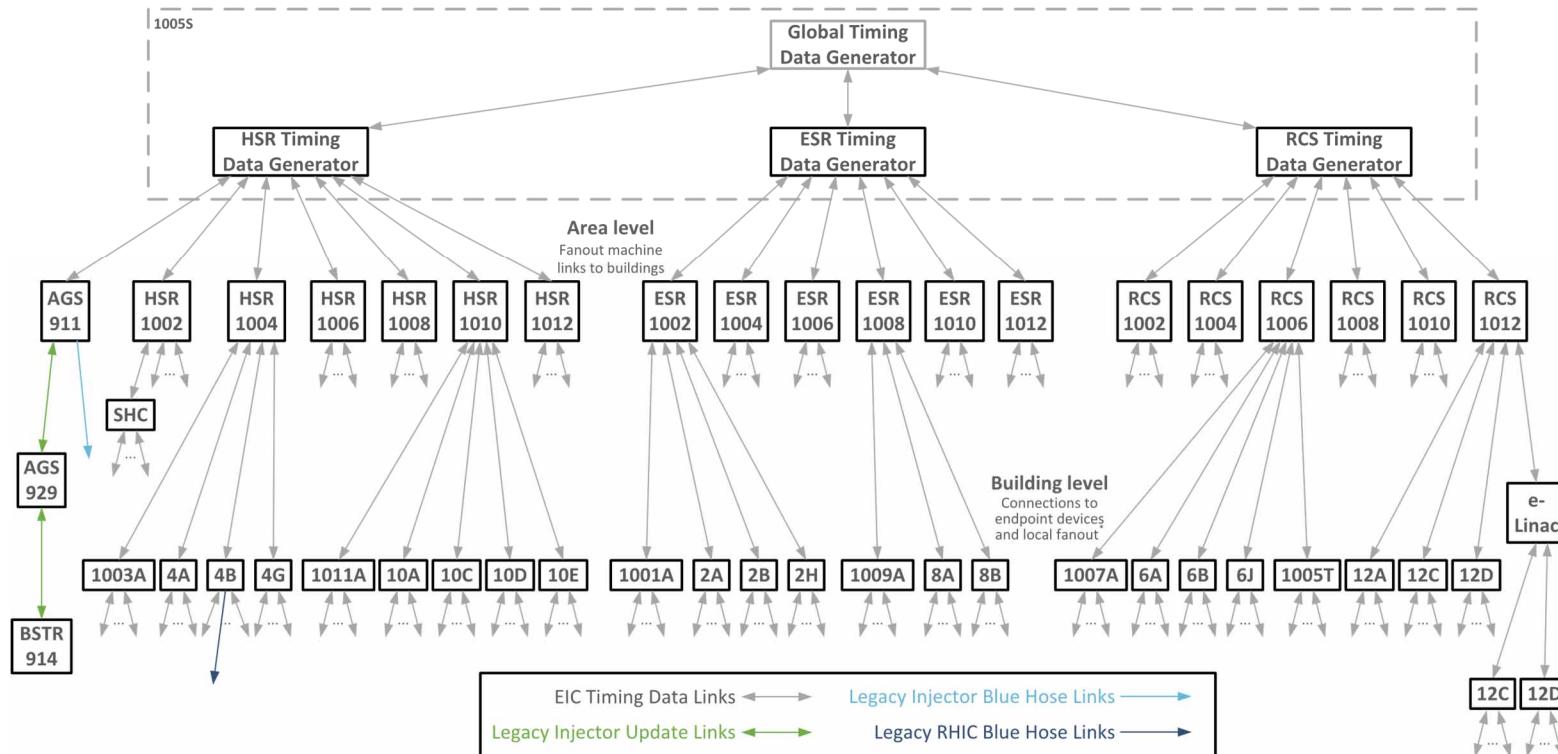
- Mates with CHP carrier
- Provides 16 SFP+ ports
 - 13 bidirectional
 - 3 transmit only for TDL fanout
- Two 12x12 crosspoint switches
 - Highly configurable datapaths
- Artix Ultrascale+ FPGA with 12 GTY transceivers
- One transceiver lane dedicated to chip-to-chip link to carrier
- FPGA will host packet routing and filtering logic



Timing Data Generator

- CHP carrier chassis with SFP+ daughtercards
 - Can have two, one, or even no SFP+ daughtercards
 - Can mix with other special function daughtercards
- Global TDG is the root node of the tree network
 - Transmits Update Frames and Timestamp Packets
 - Global timing events and data
 - Support for periodic event generation 1Hz, 10Hz, 720Hz, etc.
- Downstream TDG are subtree nodes
 - Local timing events and data
 - Packet routing and filtering
 - Upstream link aggregation
- Endpoint devices are leaf nodes
 - Can generate feedback data and send upstream
 - Receive TDL and recover Accelerator Master Clock

EIC TDL Network Diagram



Project Status

- Common Hardware Platform mechanical mockup chassis and PCBs have been fabricated and verified
 - Resistive load boards used to test heat dissipation
 - Fans included to demonstrate airflow
- First prototypes of CHP carrier board PCBs received
 - Currently being assembled
- First prototypes of SFP+ daughtercard PCBs received
 - Currently being assembled
- Initial testing plan
 - Signal integrity check on high speed links
 - Simple loopback test with TDL protocol
 - Communication between devices
 - Integration testing in a tree network