



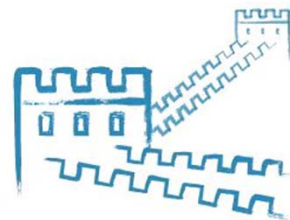
Machine learning based middle-layer for autonomous accelerator operation and control

THAL03

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Outline

Singularity project aim to develop automated middle-layer to control accelerator operation through machine learning (ML) algorithms.

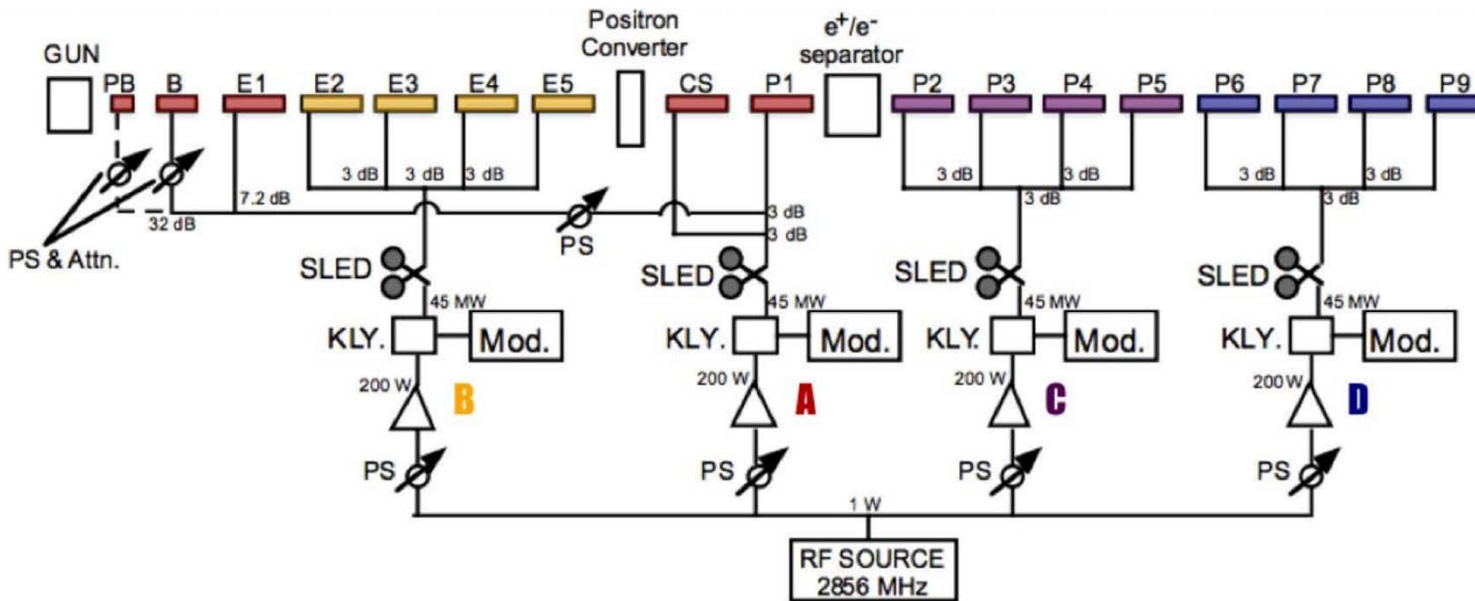
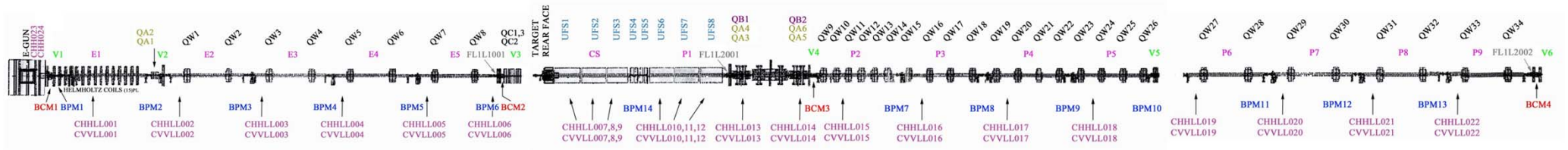
General capabilities:

- Machine independent
- Device misalignment and performance drift independent

Reinforcement Learning based tools for autonomous:

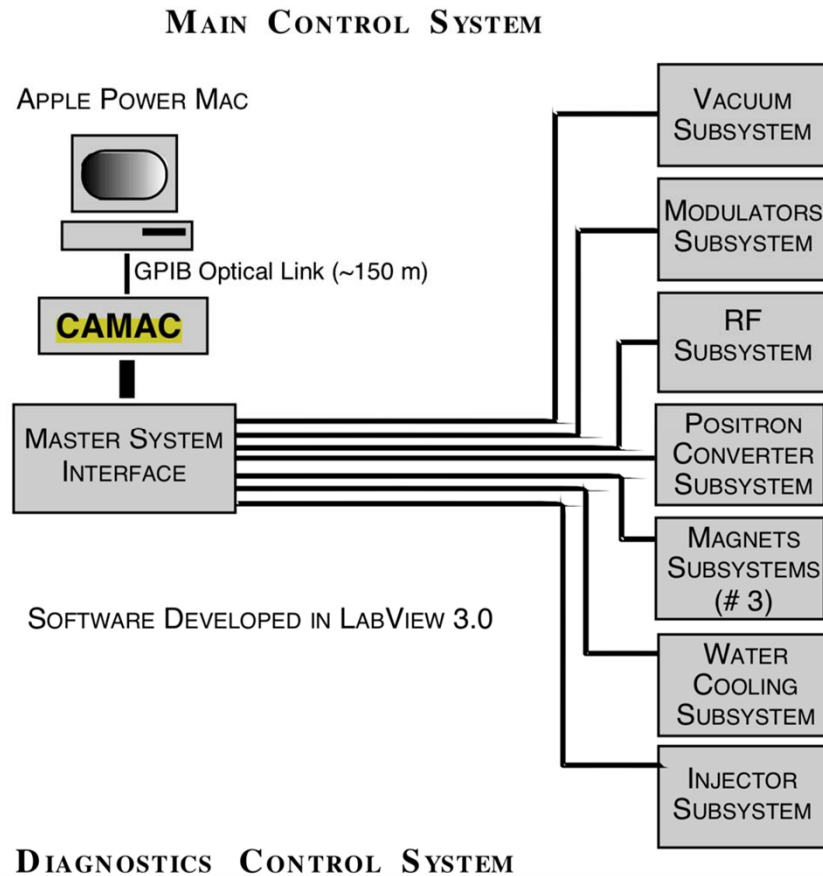
- Particle beam energy tuning
- Particle beam charge optimization

Dafne LINAC

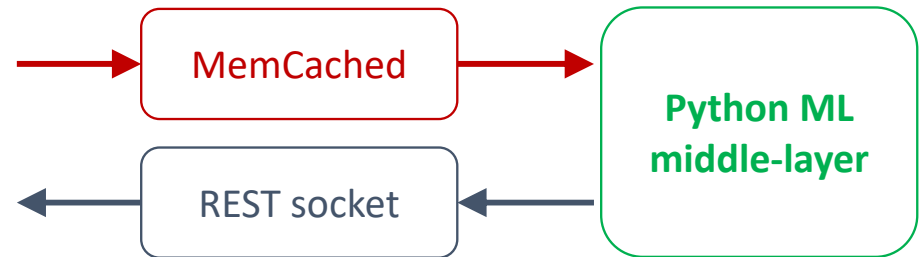


	Design	Operational
Electron beam final energy	800 MeV	510 MeV
Positron beam final energy	550 MeV	510 MeV
RF frequency	2856 MHz	
Positron conversion energy	250 MeV	220 MeV
Beam pulse rep. rate	1 to 50 Hz	
Beam macropulse length	10 nsec	
Gun current	8 A	
Beam spot on positron converter	1 mm	
norm. Emittance (mm. mrad)	1 (electron) 10 (positron)	
rms Energy spread	0.5% (electron) 1.0% (positron)	
electron current on positron converter	5 A	
Max output electron current	>150 mA	500 mA
Max output positron current	36 mA	85 mA
Transport efficiency from capture section to linac end	90%	
Accelerating structure	SLAC-type, CG, 2 π /3	
RF source	4 x 45 MWp sledded klystrons TH2128C	

Dafne LINAC control system



Machine Learning middle-layer acquire LINAC data to process RL tools and interlocks to break operations.



Currently running with off-line data.

Dafne LINAC beam energy tuning tool

Automate accelerator beam energy tuning.

Environment:

- 2 RF Sources:

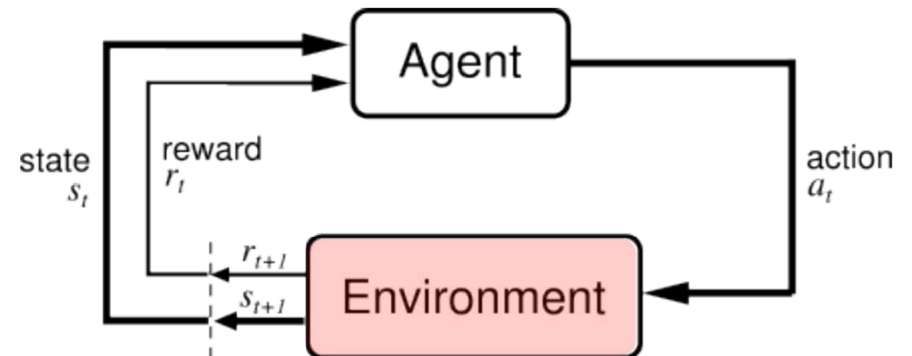
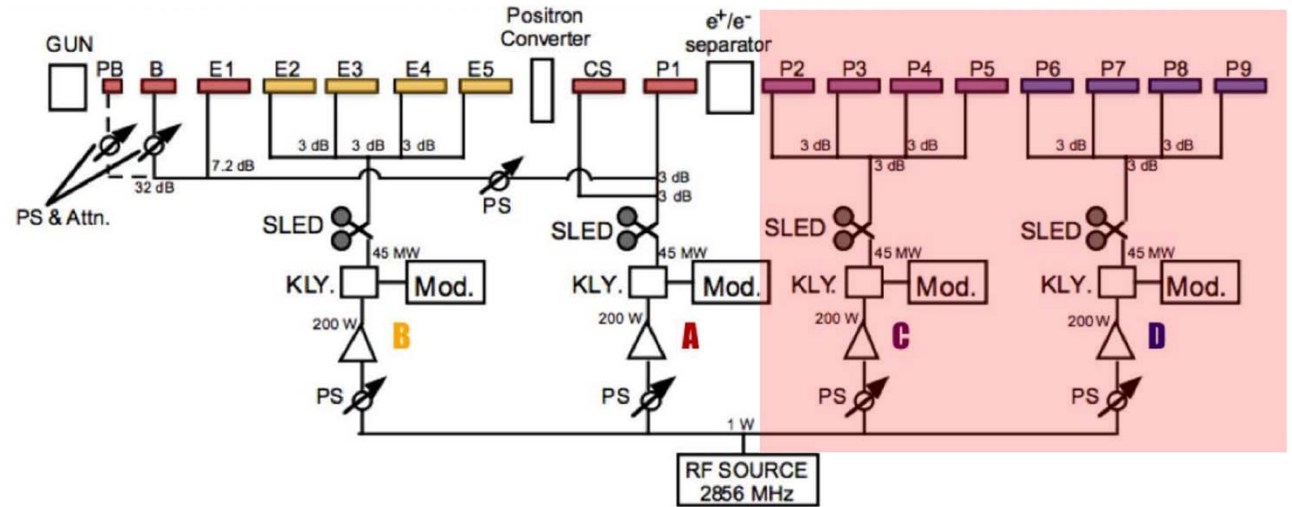
Phase-C SetPoint [20, 70] deg +/- 0.1 deg

Phase-D SetPoint [150, 245] deg +/- 0.1 deg

Power-C SetPoint [0, 35] MW +/- 1 MW

Power-D SetPoint [0, 55] MW +/- 1 MW

- 1 Odoscope [400, 650] MeV +/- 3 MeV



Markov Decision Process (MDP)

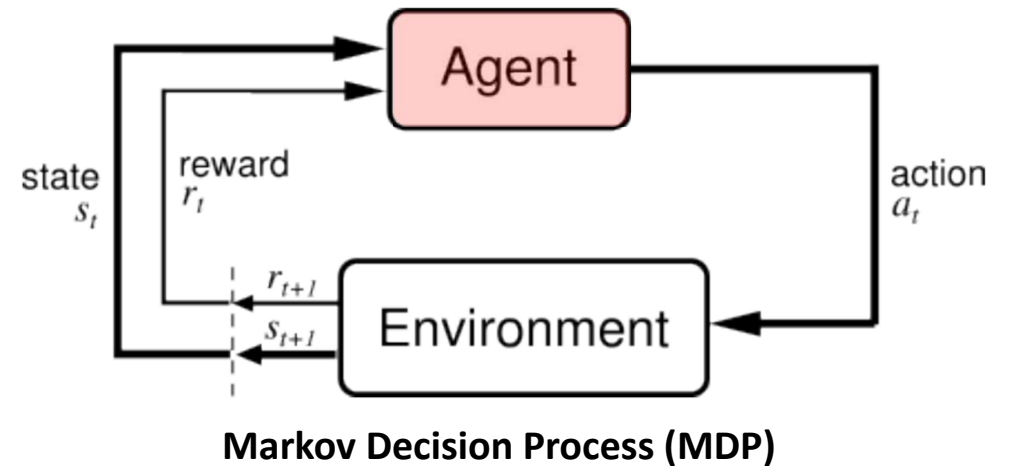
Dafne LINAC beam energy tuning tool

Agent:

- Q-learning to estimate optimal policy Q^* to maximize scoring:

$$\max(\text{energy}_{\text{target}} - \text{energy})$$

- Exploration vs Exploitation balancing through decaying ϵ -greedy strategy.



Q* (State, Action)	ph-c,Pot-c, ph-d,Pot-d, ...	ph-c,Pot-c, ph-d,Pot-d, ...	ph-c,Pot-c, ph-d,Pot-d, ...
energy			
...			
Energy working point			goal

Huge Dimension !!!

Bellman transition function:

$$Q^{\text{new}}(s_t, a_t) \leftarrow (1 - \alpha) \cdot Q(s, a) + \alpha(r + \gamma \cdot \max_a Q(s_{t+1}, a))$$

$\alpha = \text{learning rate}$

$\gamma = \text{discount factor}$

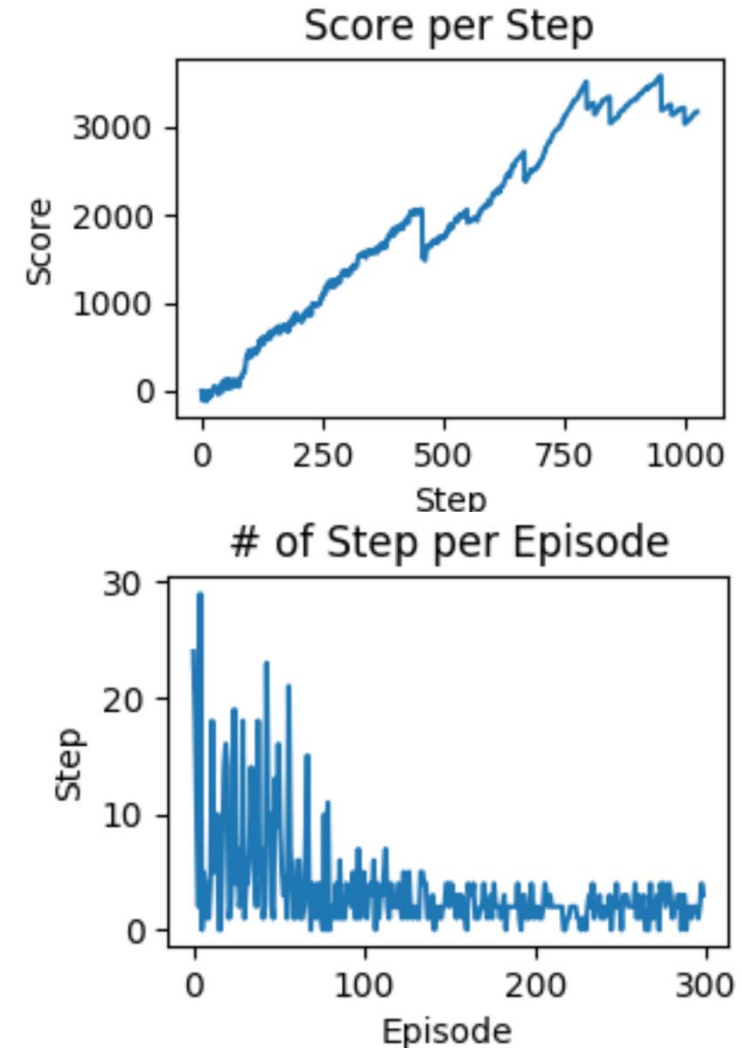
Dafne LINAC beam energy tuning tool

Training on 300 simulated episodes:

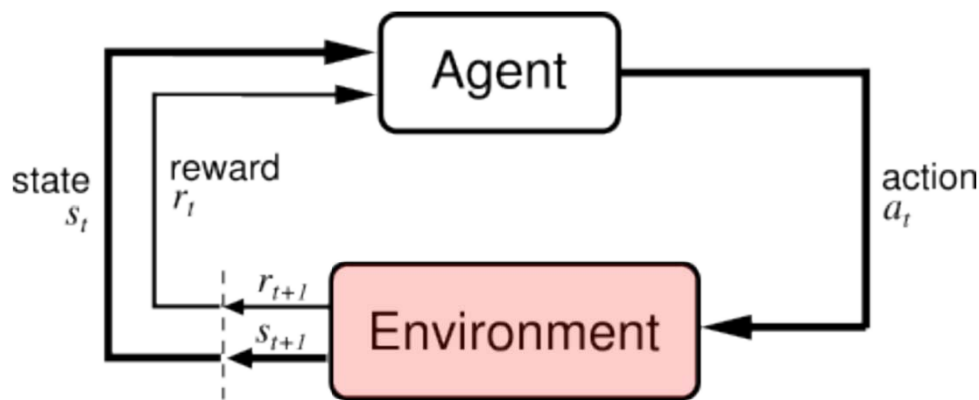
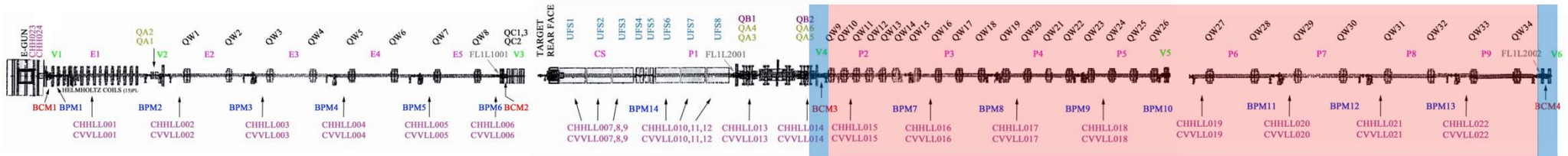
- Instance linac lattice
- 1. generate random [phase, power] setpoint
- 2. Move RF sources updating $Q(s, a) \rightarrow Q^*$
- 3. Final Goal:
 $energy_{target} - energy < energy_{tolerance}$

Results:

- RL algorithm tested with simulated data:
 - AI trained in 1ksteps (expected 1 week of beam shift).
 - Capable of training on multiple working point in parallel.
 - Machine, misalignment and performance drift independent.



Dafne LINAC beam charge optimization tool



Markov Decision Process (MDP)

Automate accelerator beam charge optimization.

Environment:

- 8 Quadrupole Magnets
Current PSU SetPoint [0, 10] A +/- 0.1 A
- 2 BCMS [0, 1.2] mA +/- 1 uA

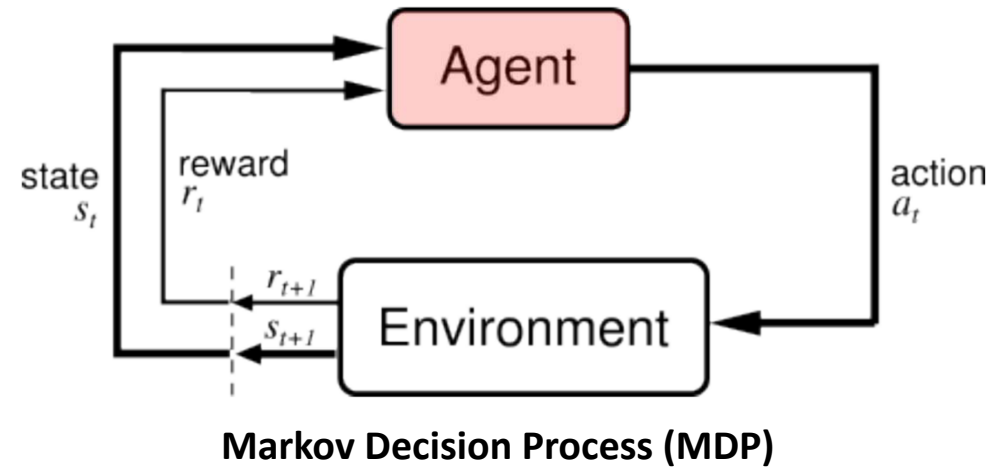
Dafne LINAC beam charge optimization tool

Agent:

- Q-learning to estimate optimal policy Q^* to maximize scoring:

$$\max(\text{charge ratio}_{\text{target}} - \text{charge ratio})$$

- Exploration vs Exploitation balancing through decaying ϵ -greedy strategy.



Q* (State, Action)	Q1,Q2,Q3...	Q1,Q2,Q3...	Q1,Q2,Q3...
Charge ratio			
...			
Optimal charge ratio			goal

Huge Dimension !!!

Bellman transition function:

$$Q^{new}(s_t, a_t) \leftarrow (1 - \alpha) \cdot Q(s, a) + \alpha(r + \gamma \cdot \max_a Q(s_{t+1}, a))$$

$\alpha = \text{learning rate}$

$\gamma = \text{discount factor}$

Dafne LINAC beam charge optimization tool

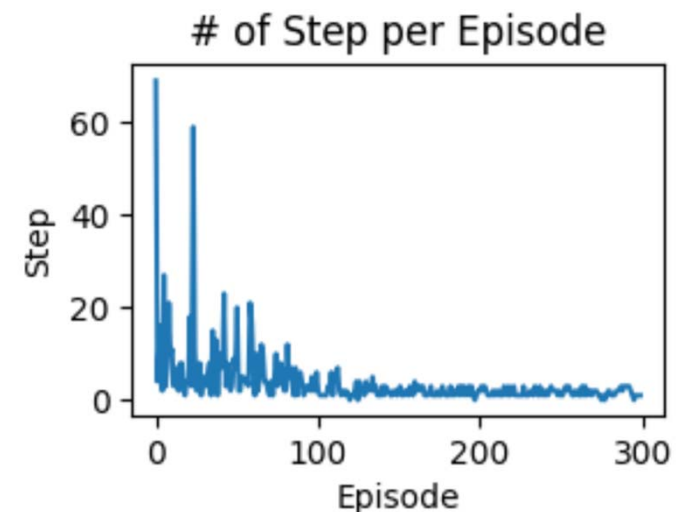
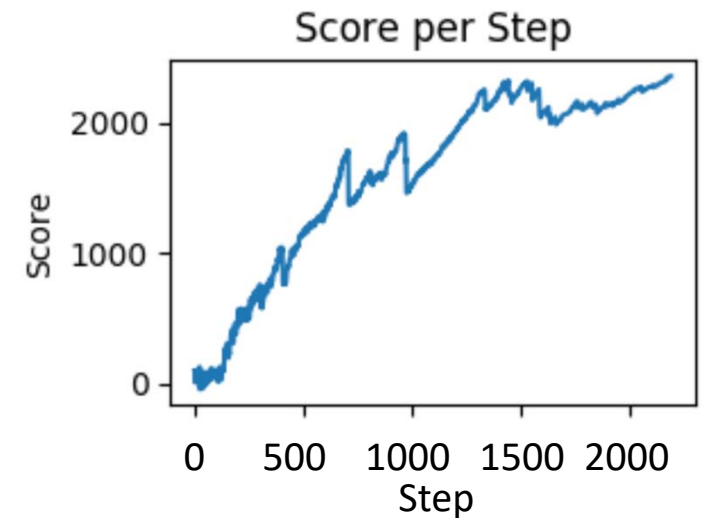
Training on 300 simulated episodes:

- Instance linac lattice
- 1. generate random quads setpoint
- 2. Move quads updating $Q(s, a) \rightarrow Q^*$
- 3. Final Goal:

$$\text{charge ratio}_{\text{target}} - \text{charge ratio} < \text{charge ratio}_{\text{tolerance}}$$

Results:

- RL algorithm tested with simulated data:
 - AI trained in 2ksteps (expected 2 weeks of beam shift).
 - Machine, misalignment and performance drift independent.



Conclusions and next steps

- Reinforcement Learning tools validated as suitable for autonomous operation on accelerator facilities in operation, in commissioning or in old complex.
- RL tools developed to be easily configured on different lattice with safe operation limit.
- Training period reasonable to schedule dedicated beam shifts.
- First test shift at Dafne LINAC scheduled for next weeks.
- Upgrade to Deep Q-Networks should be done to improve memory management.

Thank you for the attention