MOPV027



THE EVOLUTION OF THE DOOCS C++ CODE BASE

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Modernization of Code and Development Techniques

Preparing DOOCS for future projects



Lines of Code in the Core DOOCS Libraries ... excluding comments or blank lines DOOCS Clientib DOOCS Servedib - C++ tests — C code - C++ code — C++ code Header code Header code (exc). Catch21 60 Header code - C++ code C++ tests C++ tests



DOOCS Fact Sheet

Some facts and figures around the control system

1992: DOOCS is born as a control solution for vacuum devices for superconducting cavity test stands at what will become the Tesla Test Facility TTF. It soon gets ported the HERA proton storage ring.

In the '90s, object-oriented programming becomes a hot trend in software development. DOOCS stands for "Distributed Object-Oriented Control System", To efficiently control hardware and use high-level abstractions, C++ is the natural choice

DOOCS is built around the SURRPC/ONC RPC remote procedure call which is better known as the protocol behind the network file system NFS.

Today, DOOCS is used at the particle accelerators ARES, European XFEL, FLASH PETRA III, and numerous smaller facilities at DESY. There are a few external users as well.





3 core libraries; GUL14, cliantib, serverib

100 other libraries; hardware support, DAQ, databases, high-level controls, particle tracking,

GUL14

~500 server types: connect hardware devices, process&archive data, run feedback loops, evaluate data, execute advanced algorithms

-8000 C++ source files

~1.5 million lines of code

GUL14

General Utility Library for C++14

Base library (think Abseil [Google] or Folly [Facebook], but smaller)

- Open source (LGPLv2.1, https://winweb.desy.de/mcs/docs/gul/)
- Multi-platform: Linux, MacOS, Windows

Code of wide applicability

No external dependencies except C++/C standard libraries

No control system specific code

Quality standards:

- Style: Code must follow our C++ style guide and should follow the C++ Core Guidelines
- Documentation: Every function, type, etc. must be documented
- Unit tests: Every entity in the library must have associated tests
- Code review: Every commit must be approved by at least one other developer

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General Utility Library for C++14 26

General Utility Library for C++14 Documentation

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General Utility Library for C++14 Documentation

Introduction

The General Utility Library for C++14 (GUL14) contains often-used utility functions and types that form the foundation for other libraries and programs. The main fields covered by the library are:

- String Utilities
- Concurrency Utilities
- Time Utilities
- Statistics Utilities
- Debugging Utilities
- Numeric Utilities
- Containers
- GSL Excerpts
- Type Traits
- Standard Library Backports
- Unit Tests

To keep the library useful for as many users as possible, special-purpose code has no place in it. Specifically, the library includes:

- · No code that is useful for only one project
- No control system related code (DOOCS, TINE, TANGO, ...)
- No external dependencies except for the C++ and C standard libraries

The General Utility Library strives for a very high quality level. To ensure this, we follow a list of Quality Standards.



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