

# A MTCAs based BPM System for PETRA IV

12<sup>th</sup> International Beam Instrumentation Conference



Gero Kube

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*on behalf of*

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HELMHOLTZ



- introduction: PETRA IV
- BPM requirements and boundary conditions
- system overview
- TbT resolution studies
- drift stability
- summary

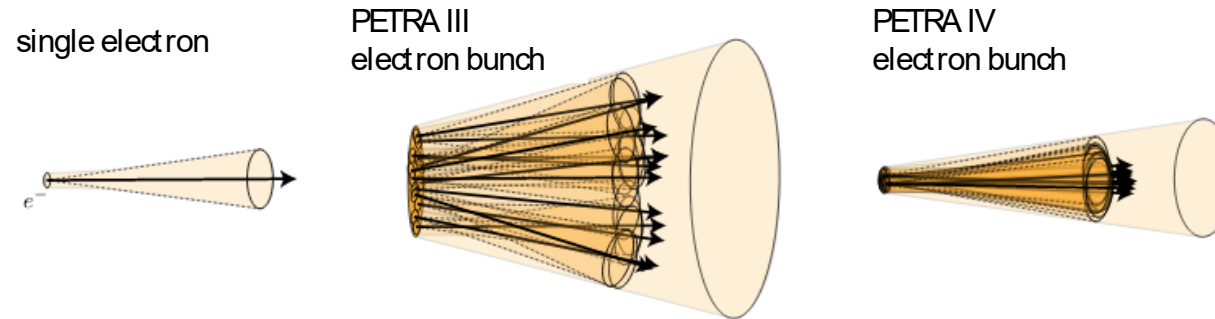
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- ➔ technical issues, pitfalls
- ➔ not yet reached the ultimate system performance in all data paths
- ➔ data taking still ongoing  
(most of the data taken last week)

# Diffraction Limited Storage Ring

## Principle Ideas

### Diffraction limit



- natural emittance scaling

$$\varepsilon_x \propto \gamma^2 \theta^3 \Gamma$$

$\gamma = E/m_0c^2$  Lorentz factor

$\theta$ : bend. magnet angular deflection

$\Gamma$ : magn. lattice design of storage ring

- emittance reduction

- reduction of beam energy

E defines radiation spectrum:

$$\hbar\omega_c \approx 0.665E^2B$$

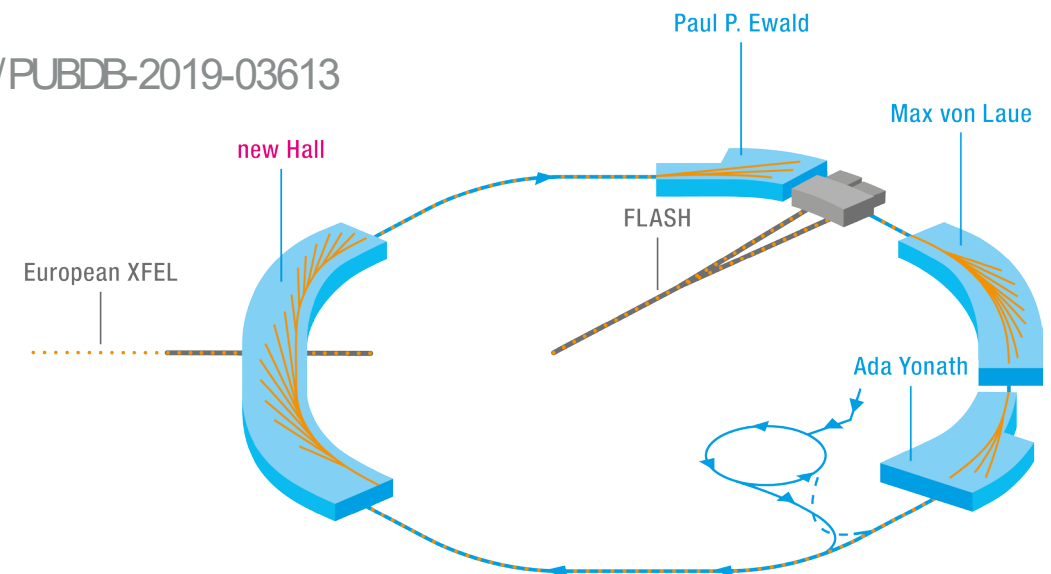
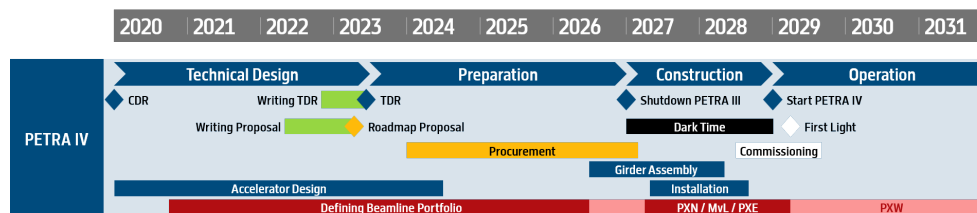
- reduction of deflection angle  $\theta$  per bend  
from **double bend achromat** (2)  
to **multi-bend achromat** (5,6,7,9,..)  
MAX-IV, ESRF-EBS, SIRIUS  
APS-U, **PETRA IV**, ...

## History

- 1978 – 1986: e+e- collider **PETRA** (up to 23.3 GeV / beam) with **circumference 2304 m**
- 1988 – 2007: pre-accelerator **PETRA II** for HERA (p @40 GeV, e @12 GeV)
- since 2007: dedicated 3<sup>rd</sup> generation light source **PETRA III**, commissioned in 2009 TDR: DESY 2004-035
  - 14 beamlines (15 experimental stations) operating in parallel
- from 2014: staged extension project W. Drube *et al.*, 2016 <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4952814>
  - up to 12 additional beamlines (presently not all of them in operation)

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- at present: work on **PETRA IV** project CDR: DOI: 10.3204/PUBDB-2019-03613  
 ring-based diffraction limited light source  
Ch. Schroer *et al.*, J Synchrotron Rad. 25 (2018) 1277

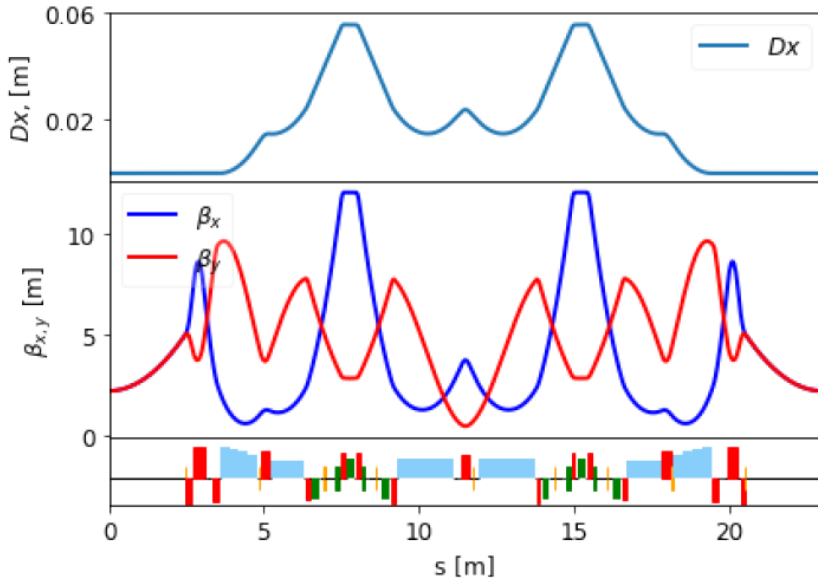


I. Agapov *et al.*, submitted to Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams

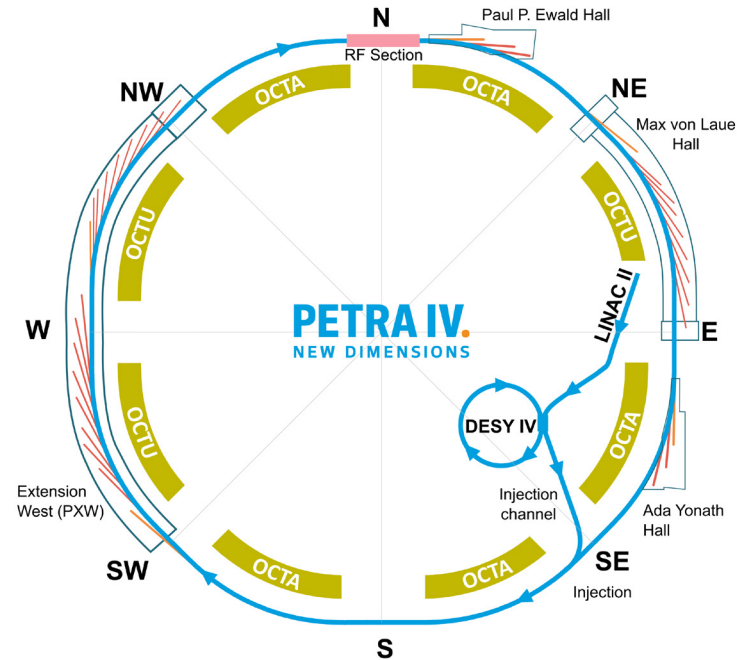
- Hybrid 6-Bend Achromat (H6BA) lattice

- natural emittance:  $\epsilon \approx 43$  pm.rad

use of damping wigglers:  $\epsilon = 20$  pm.rad



- general machine layout



Parameter	Value
Tunes $\nu_x, \nu_y$	164.18, 68.27
Natural chromaticity $\xi_x, \xi_y$	-230, -196
Corrected chromaticity $\xi_x, \xi_y$	6, 6
Momentum compaction factor $\alpha_C$	$3.3 \cdot 10^{-5}$
Standard ID space	4.9 m
$\beta_{x,y}$ at ID, standard cell	2.2 m, 2.2 m
$\beta_{x,y}$ at ID, flagship IDs	4 m, 4 m
Nat. hor. emittance $\epsilon_x$ with IDs, zero current	20 pm rad
Rel. energy spread $\delta_E$ with IDs, zero current	$0.91 \cdot 10^{-3}$

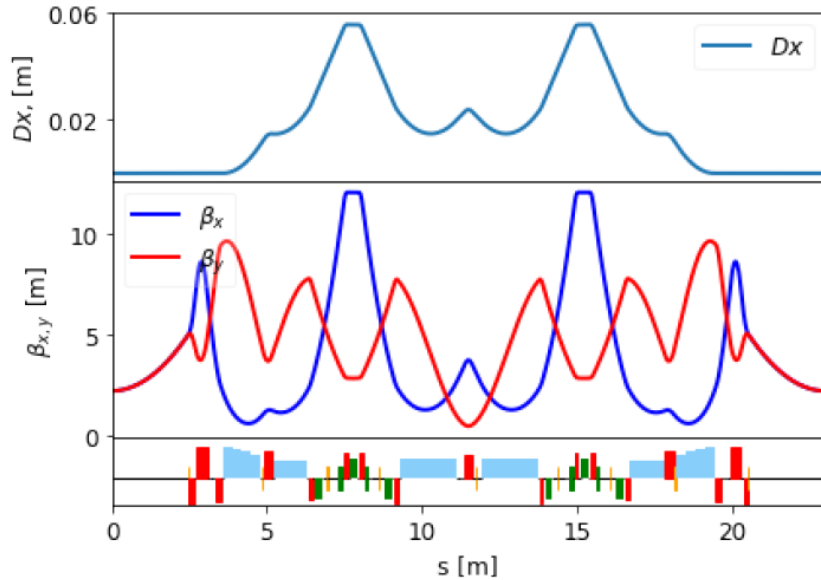
$$f_1 = 500 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_3 = 1.5 \text{ GHz}$$

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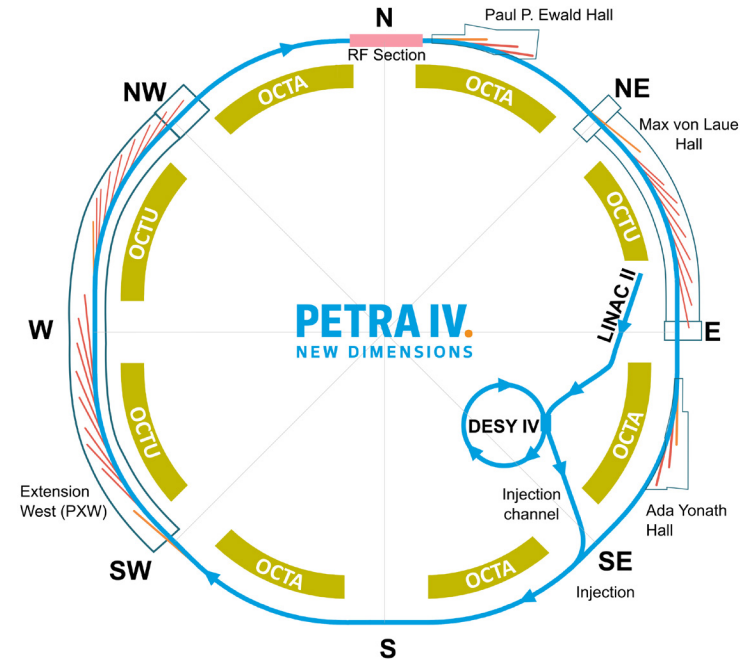
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- operational modes (baseline design)

- brightness mode: 1920 bu. ( $\Delta t = 4$  ns) in 200 mA
  - timing mode: 80 bu. ( $\Delta t = 96$  ns) in 80 mA

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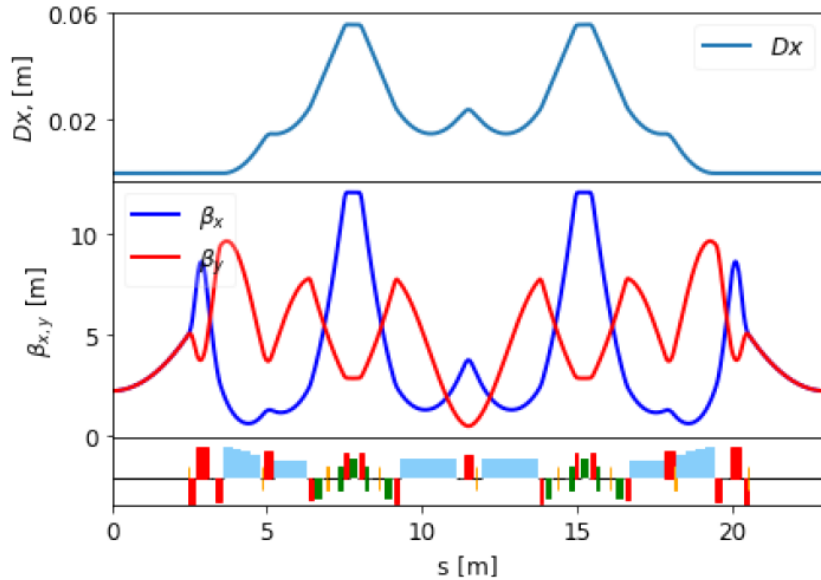
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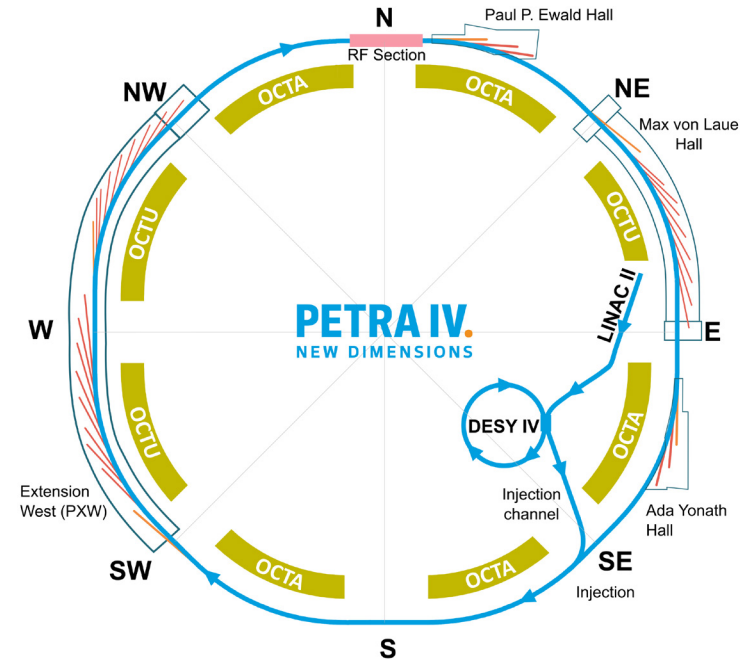
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- extensions (under discussion)

- 3840 bu. ( $\Delta t = 2$  ns) operation (each bucket filled)
  - 40 bu. ( $\Delta t = 192$  ns) in 80 mA  $\approx 10^{11}$  particles / bunch

# Beam Position Monitor (BPM) System for PETRA IV



## Requirements

Beam commissioning → accuracy  $\leq 500 \mu\text{m}$

(BPM measurement accuracy must satisfy requirements for BBA)

- alignment errors of BPMs wrt. adjacent quadrupoles →  $\leq 100 \mu\text{m}$
  - electronic offsets (differences in gain factors among readout channels) → Lambertson method
  - electro-mechanical offsets (mechanical tolerances, asymmetries among the four buttons) → careful design
- tolerance margin of  $150 \mu\text{m}$  for each (+ additional safety margin)

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**Post-commissioning and operation**      → resolution & stability      (random errors that change over time      BPM electronics)

- resolution on single bunch / turn (0.5 mA/bunch for commissioning)  $< 10 \mu\text{m}$
- resolution on closed orbit (200 mA in 1600 bunches @ 1 kHz BW)  $< 100 \text{ nm (rms)}$
- beam current dependence (60 dB range, centered beam)  $\pm 2 \mu\text{m}$
- long term stability (measured over 6 days, temperature span  $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  within a stabilized rack)  $< 1 \mu\text{m}$

# BPM System for PETRA IV

## BPM Electronics: Boundary Conditions

Number of BPMs: about 800

- 9 BPMs per cell / 72 cells → 648 BPMs in arcs
- additional BPMs in short/long straight sections

790 BPMs (incl. spares: ~800)

→ cost / space are important factors

≤ 10 k€ (per channel)

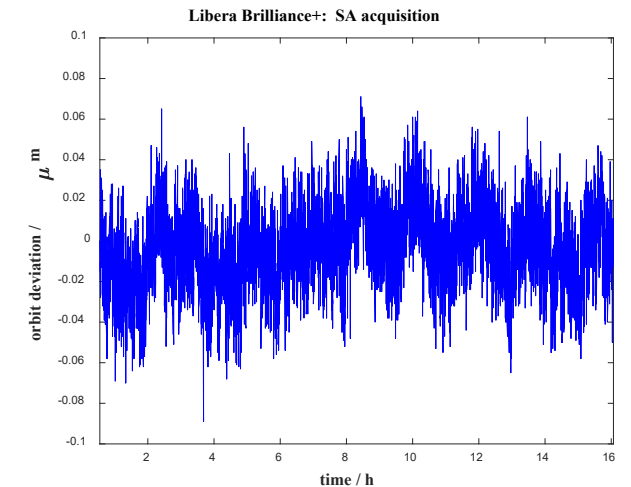
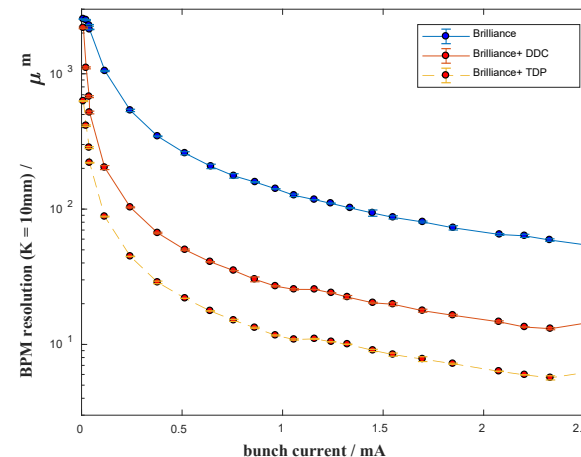
In-house development: no time and manpower → commercial solution

Libera Brilliance: will not fulfil requirements

G Kube *et al.*, Proc. IBIC2019, Malmö (Sweden) WEPP005.

Libera Brilliance+: would fulfil requirements

- in use at MAX-IV
- planned for APS-U



### Drawback Libera Brilliance+

- long term stabilization starts at RF front-end
- about 10 years old technical platform



influence of cable paths !



obsolence of components

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DESY lab strategy: MTCA.4 as technical platform

### Development project with industrial partner

- prototype development of **MTCA.4 based BPM system**
- **long term stabilization scheme including cable paths**
- functional prototype at end of TDR phase → fully equipped crate ready for tests at PETRA III



### Long term strategy

- industrial partner brings in ability to perform mass production & QA for PETRA IV

# BPM System for PETRA IV

## Long-Term Drift Compensation



Long term stabilization scheme including cable paths

- pilot tone compensation
- external crossbar switching



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F. Schmidt-Föhre *et al.*, Proc. IBIC2021, Pohang (Korea) MOPP36.

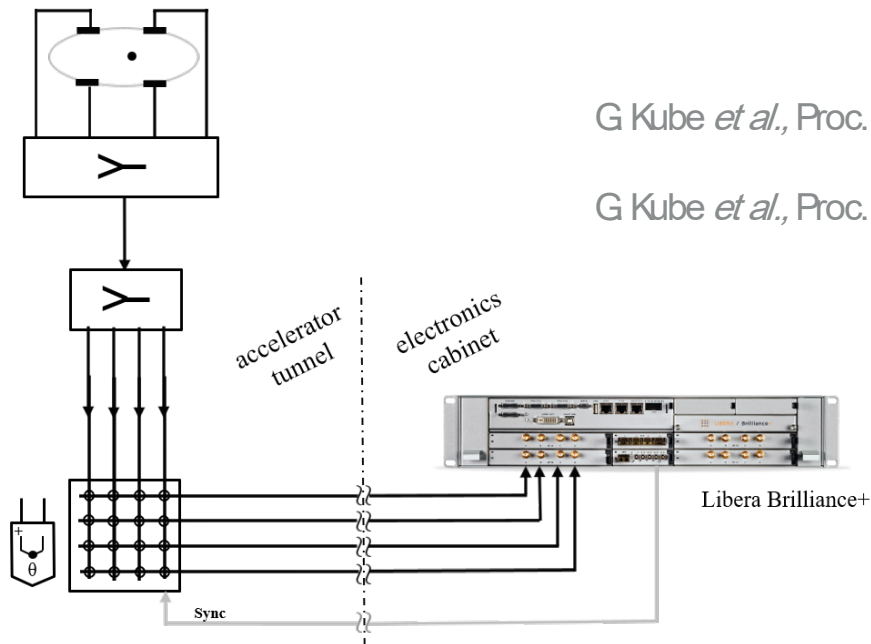
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### Long term stabilization scheme including cable paths

F. Schmidt-Föhre *et al.*, Proc. IBIC2021, Pohang (Korea) MOPP36.

- pilot tone compensation
- external crossbar switching

### Proof-of-principle studies at PETRA III with modified Libera Brilliance+



G Kube *et al.*, Proc. IBIC2021, Pohang (Korea) MOPP30.

G Kube *et al.*, Proc. IBIC2022, Krakow (Poland) WEP08.

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Long term stabilization scheme including cable paths

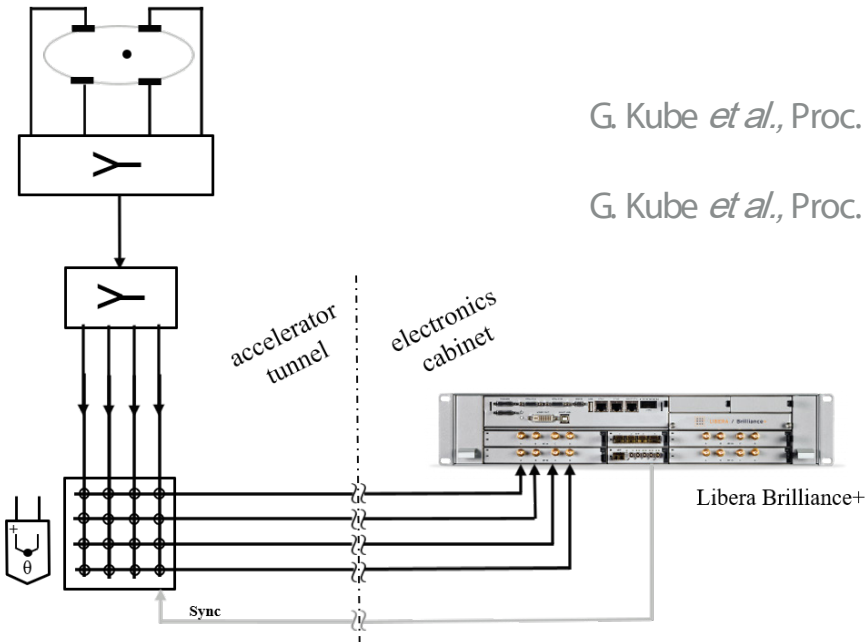
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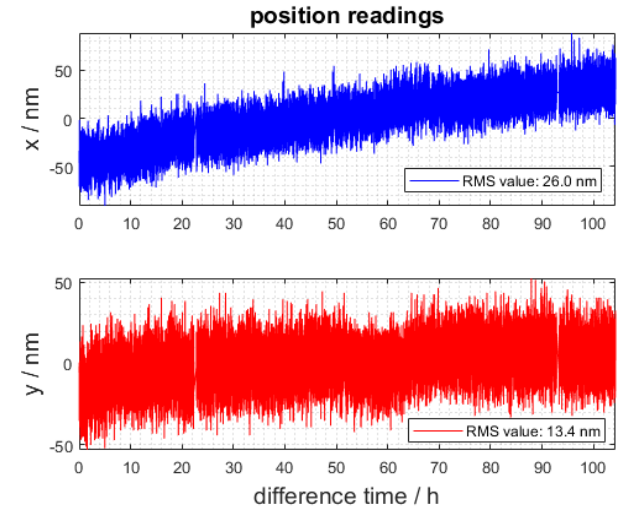
### Long-term drift study

- 480 bunches @ 120 mA



G. Kube *et al.*, Proc. IBIC 2021, Pohang (Korea) MOPP30.

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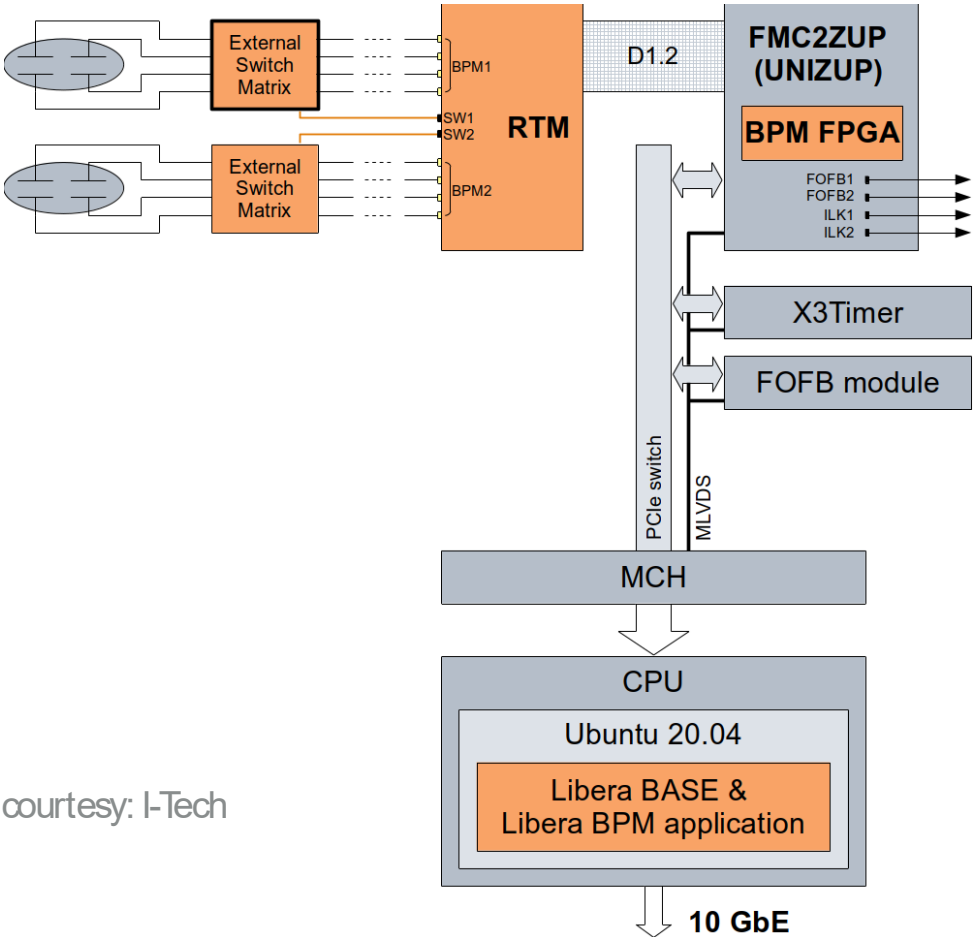
➔ well within specifications  
**< 1  $\mu\text{m}$**

# MTCA.4 based BPM System

## System Overview



### Building blocks and interconnections

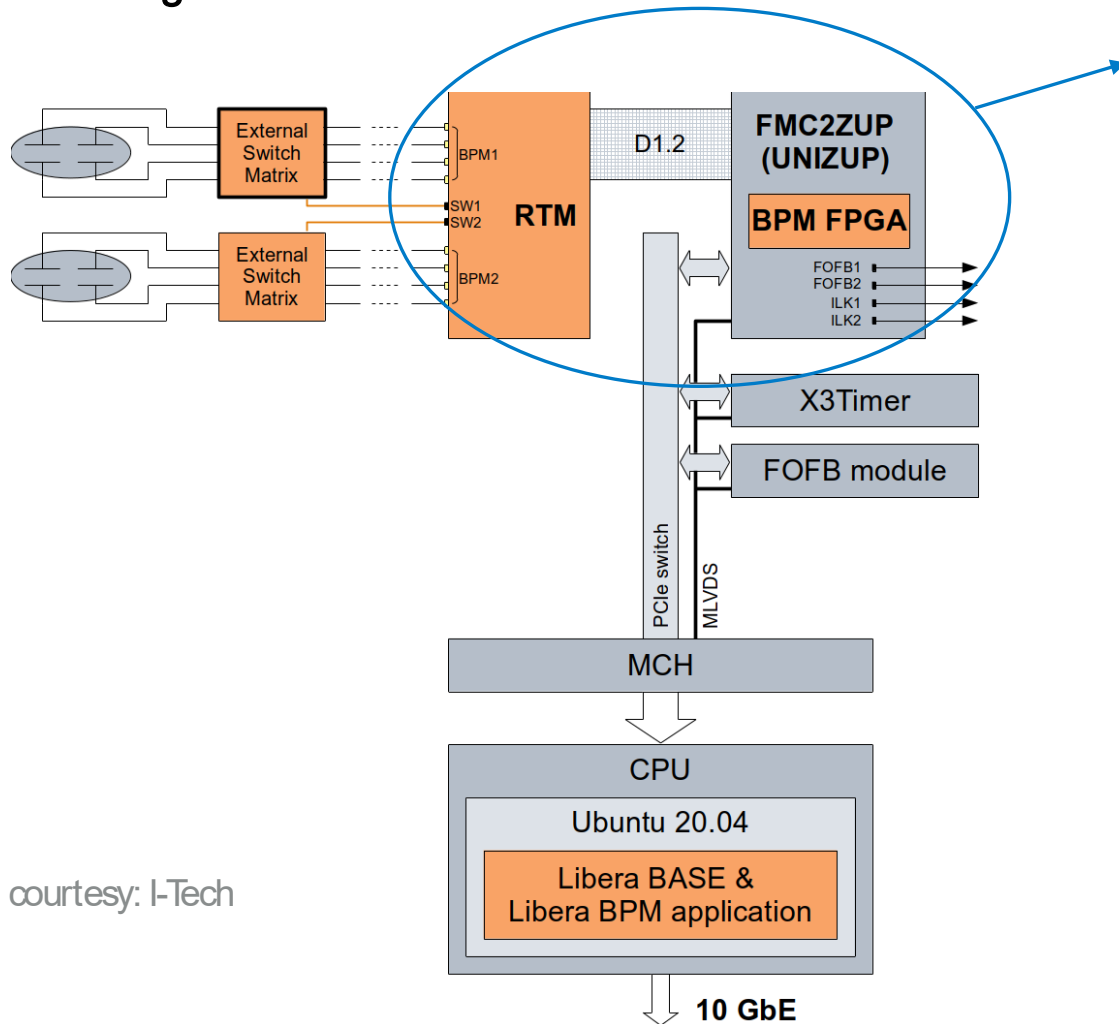


courtesy: I-Tech

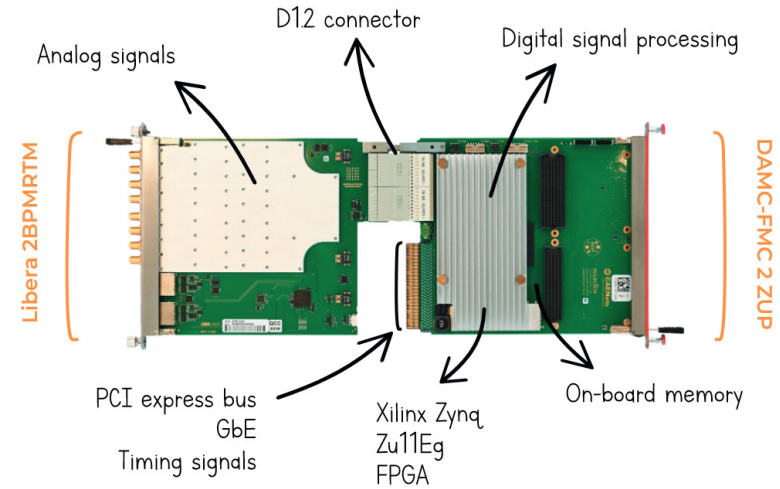
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## System Overview

### Building blocks and interconnections



courtesy: I-Tech

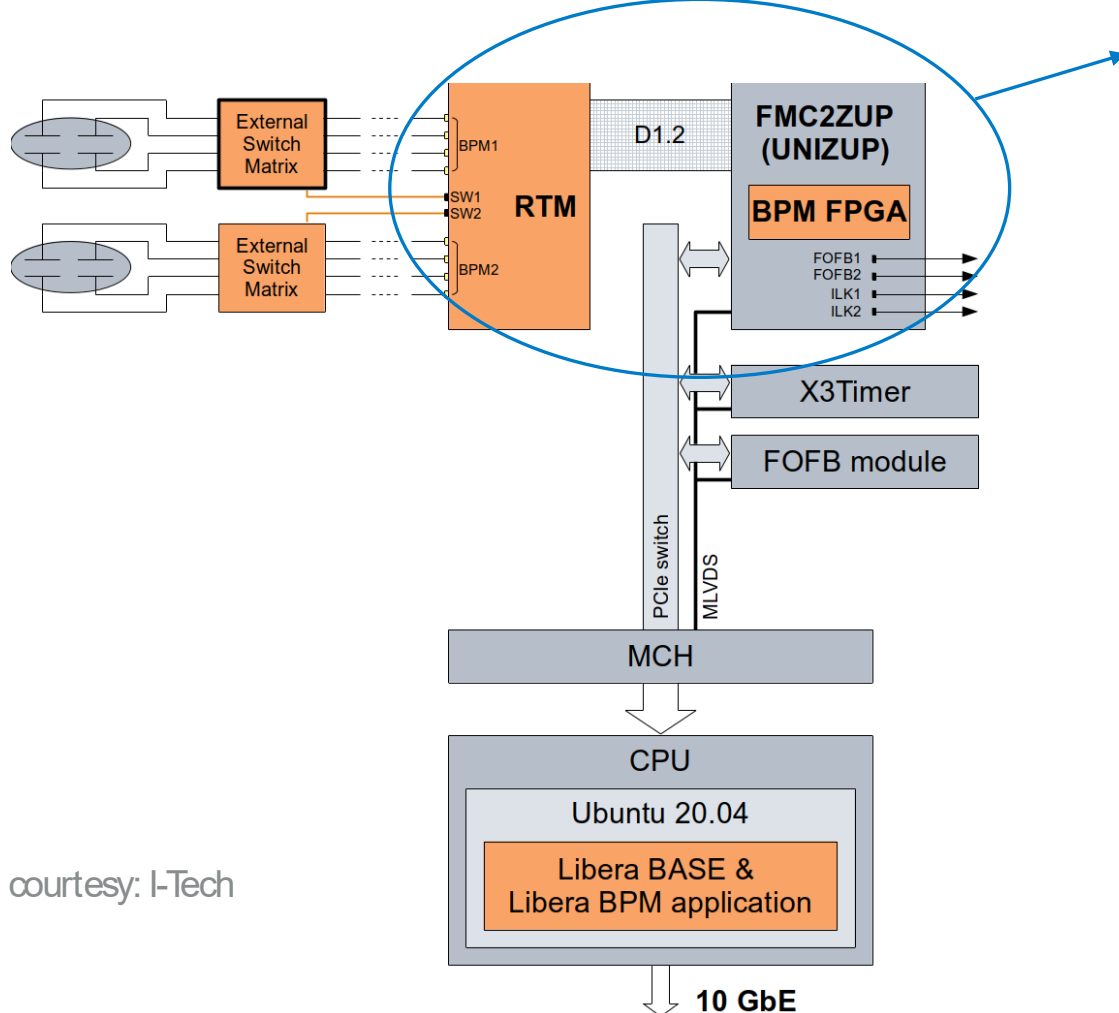


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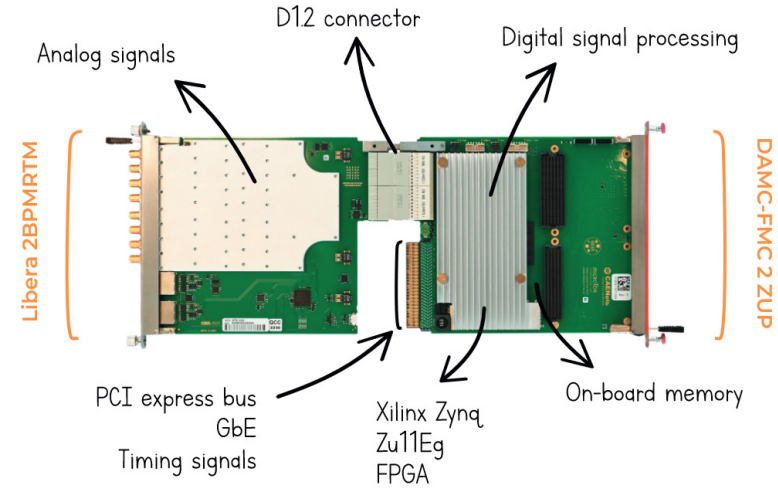
# MTCA.4 based BPM System

## System Overview

### Building blocks and interconnections



courtesy: I-Tech



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### Data paths

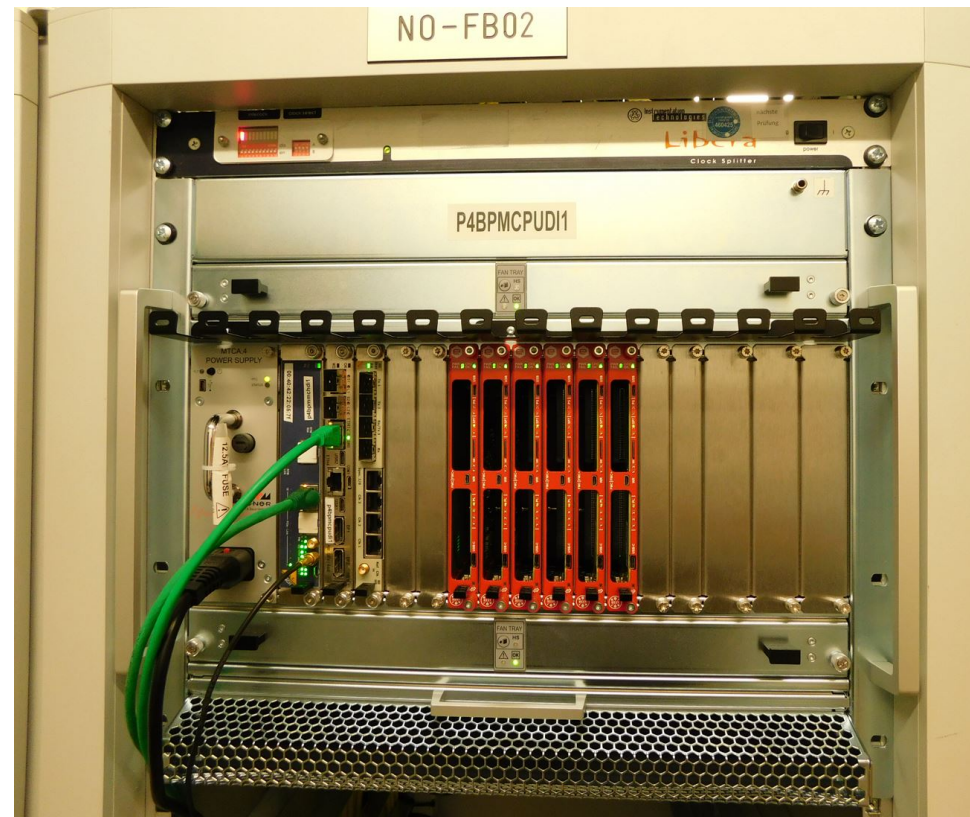
- slow acquisition (SA) data
  - $f_s = 10 \text{ Hz}$
- turn-by-turn (TbT) data
  - $f_s = 130.1 \text{ kHz}$
  - (via DDC or TDP)
- fast acquisition (FA) data
  - $f_s = 10 \text{ kHz}$
- decimated TbT data
  - $f_s \approx 2 \text{ kHz}$
- ADC raw data
  - $f_s \approx 117 \text{ MHz}$
- Multi-TbT data
  - (allow segmentation of TbT acquisition window)

# MTCA Installation at PETRA III

## System Overview

Prototype MTCA-based system installed at PETRA III: (end of 2022)

12 (8) BPMs, operated in parallel with existing Libera Brilliances



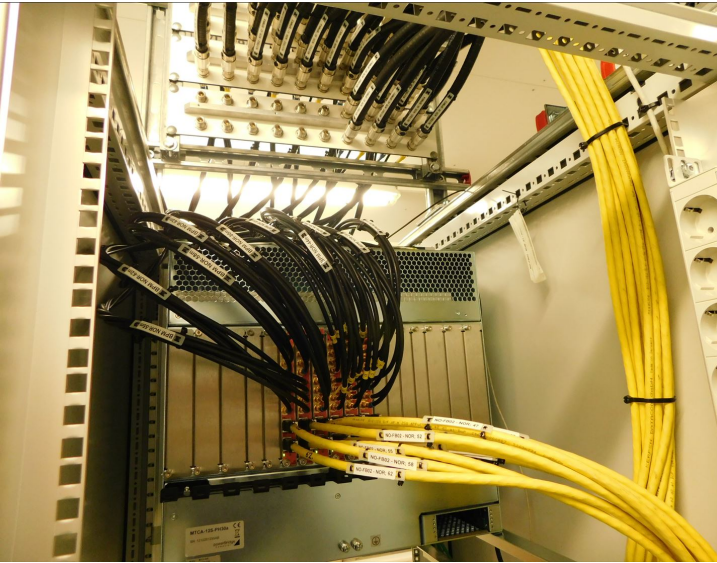
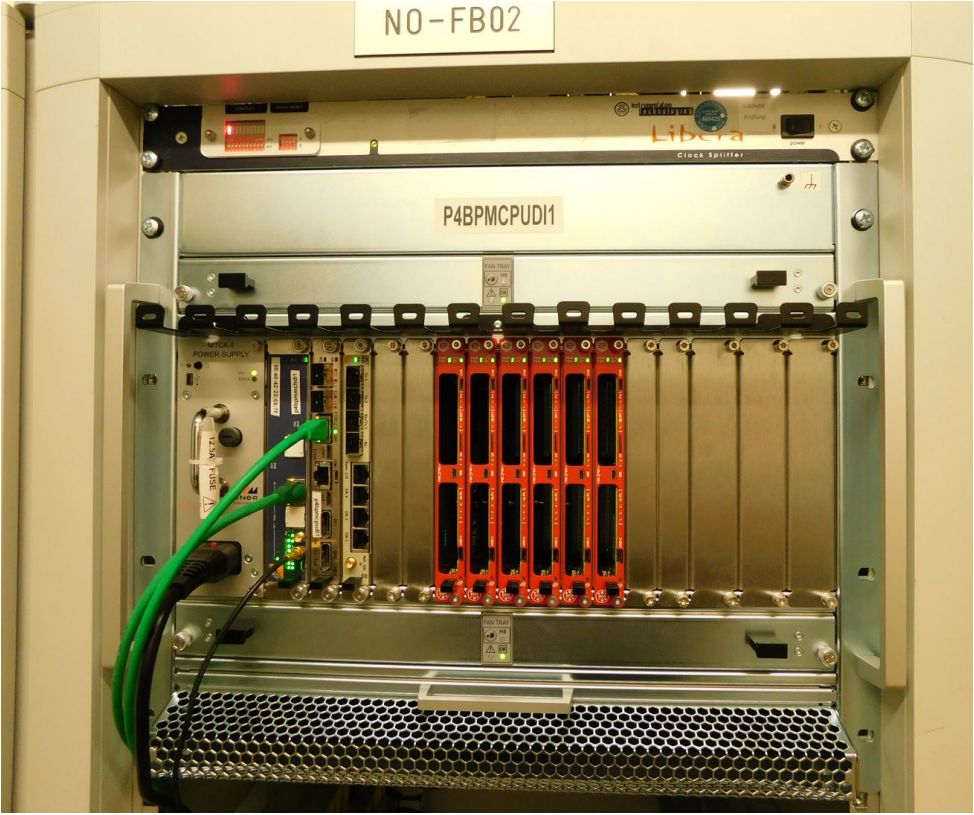
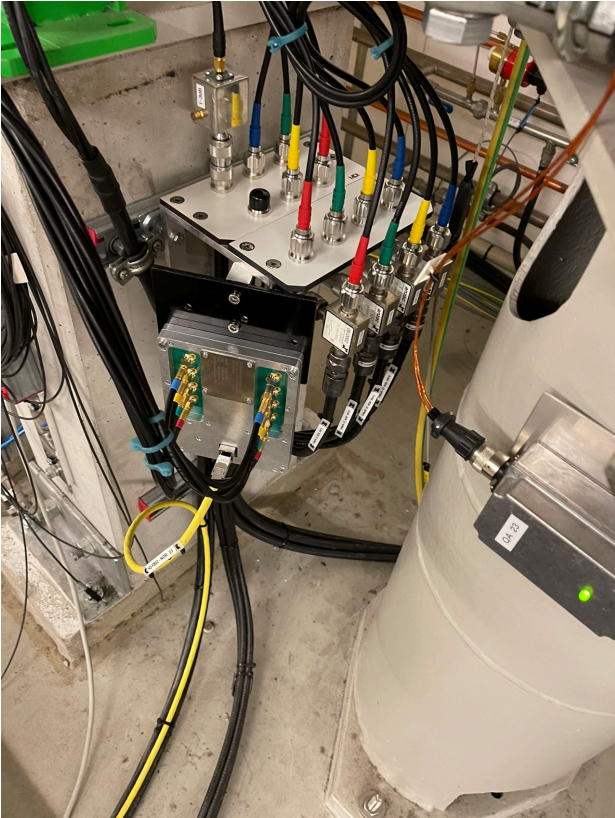
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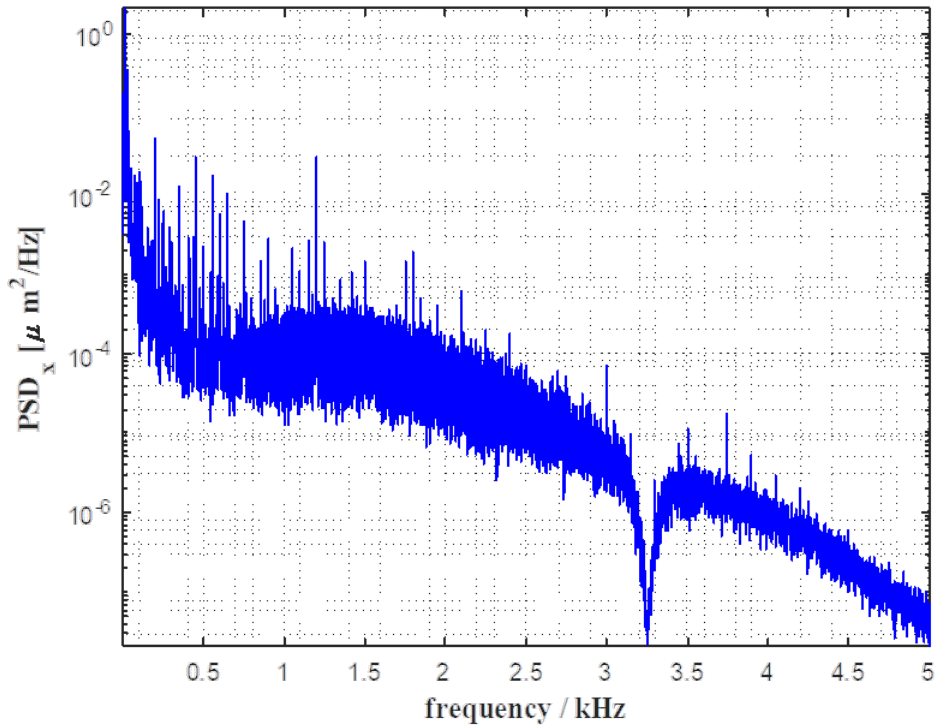


➔ only 2 MTCA crates per rack



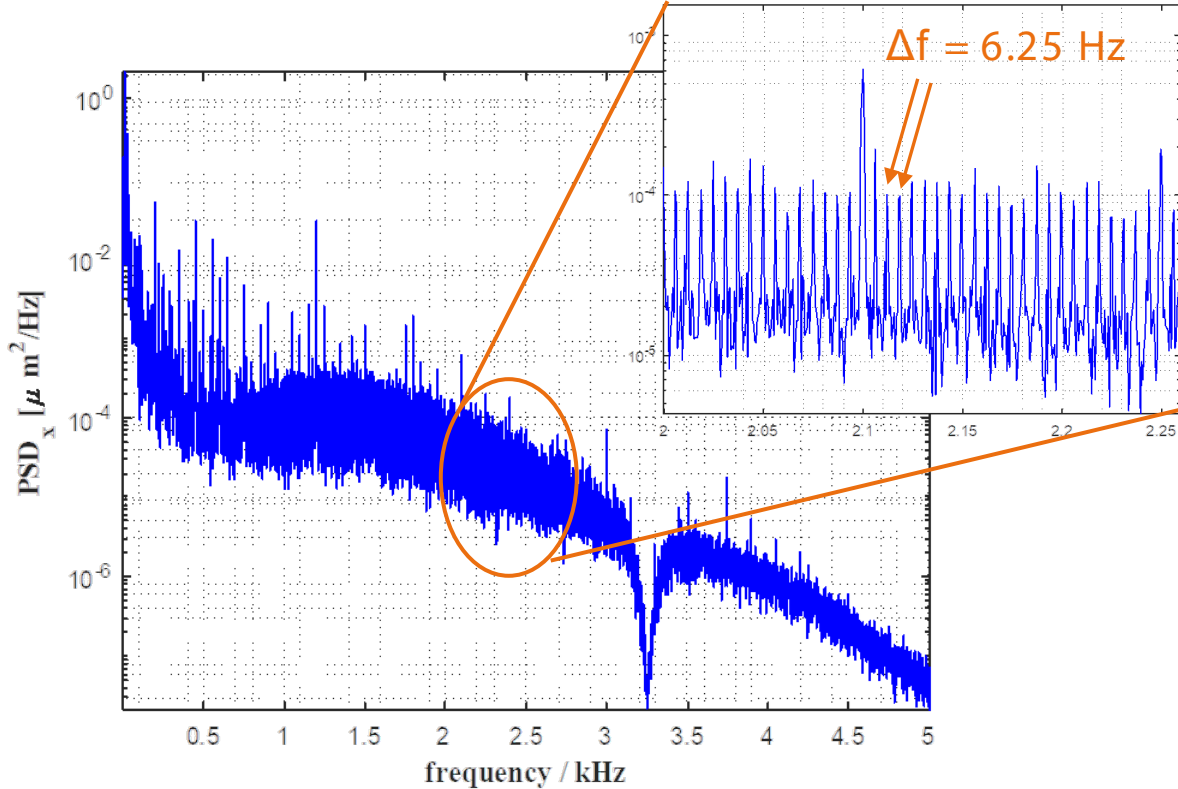
FA data path (fs = 10 kHz), BPM at undulator entrance

- standard user operation: 480 bunches @ 120 mA
- hor. beam spectrum (Power Spectral Density  $\text{PSD}_x$ )



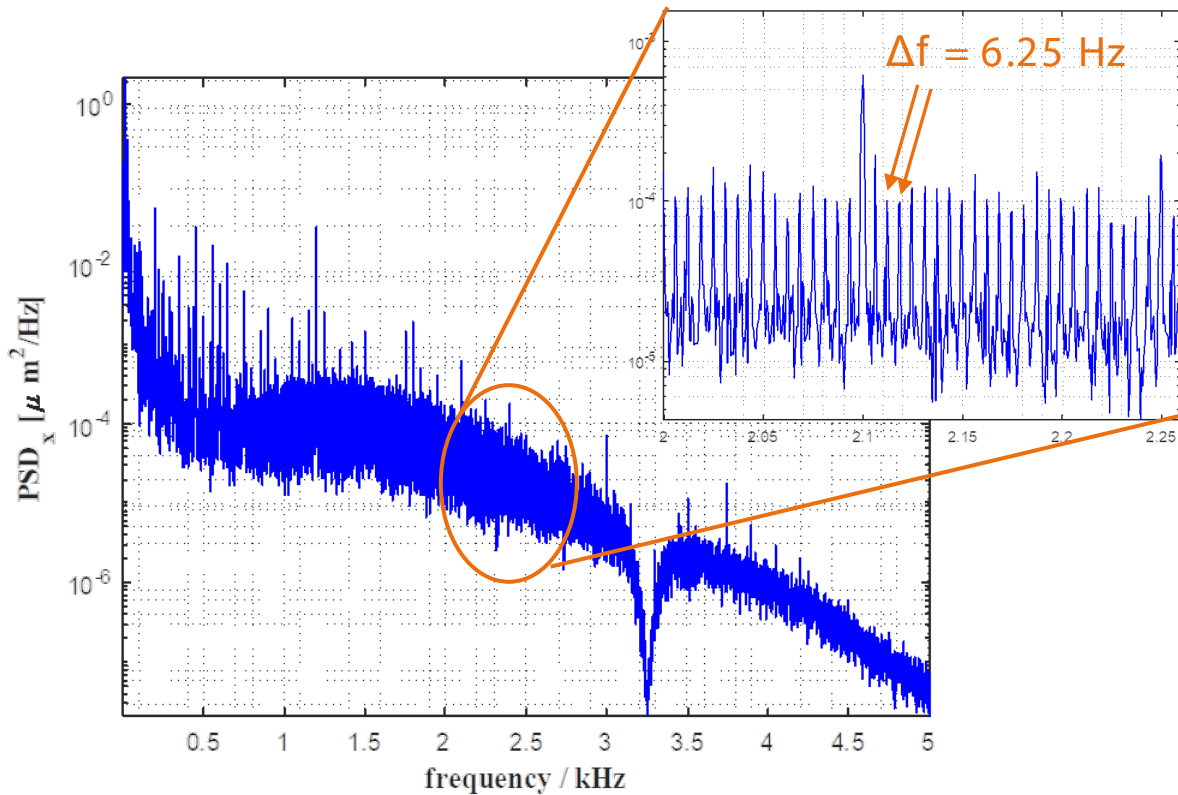
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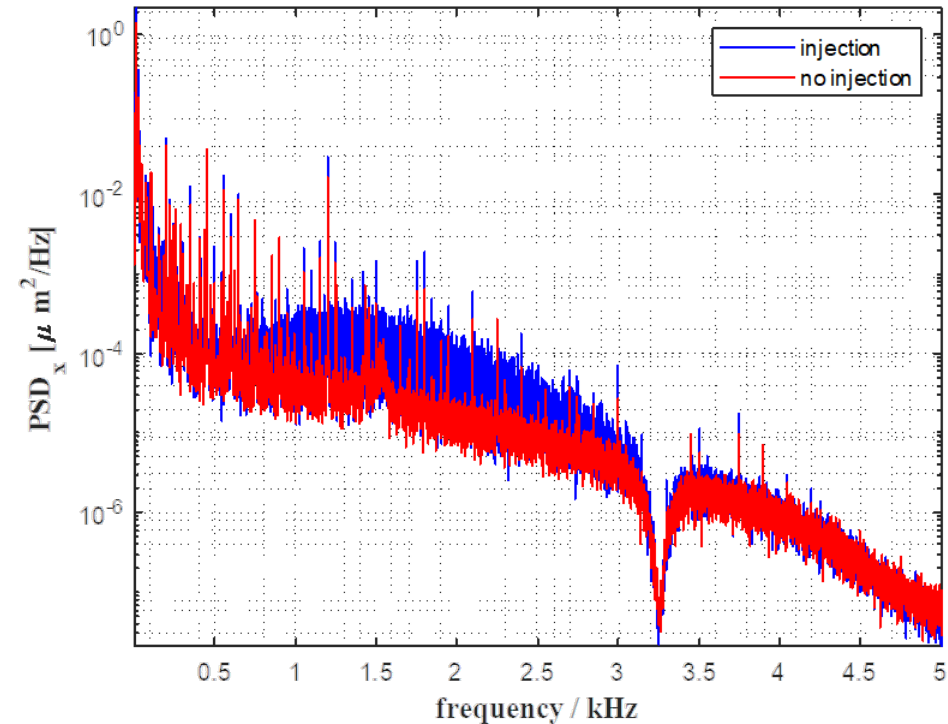


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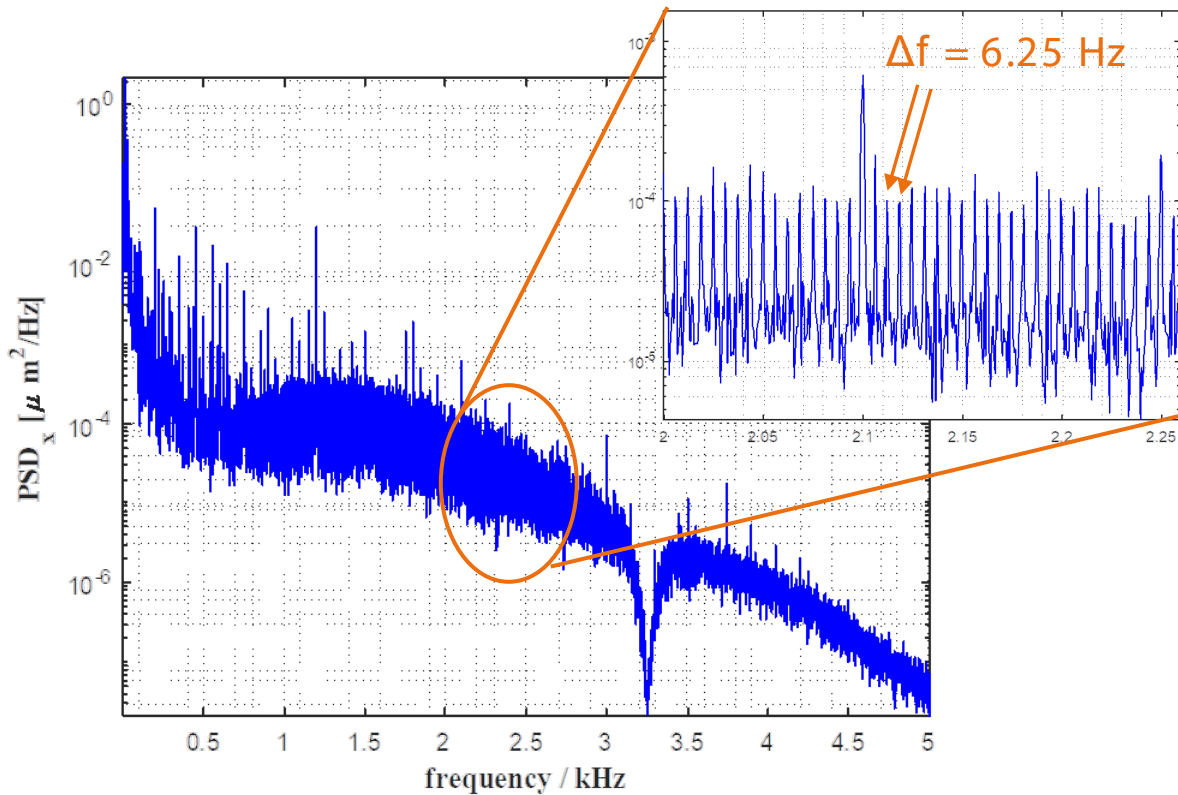


- 6.25 Hz: DESY II booster cycle → influence from injection
- PSD<sub>x</sub> with injection gated out:

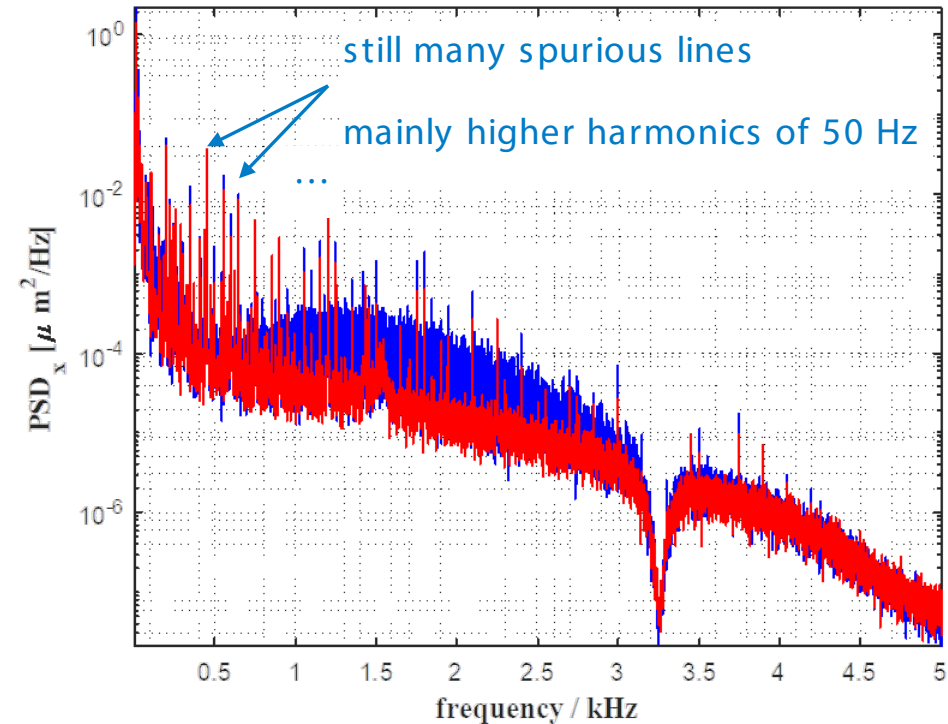


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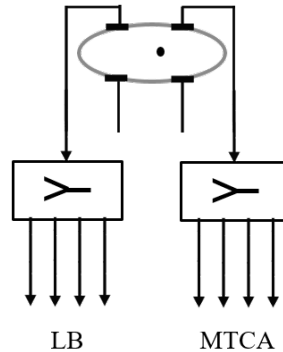


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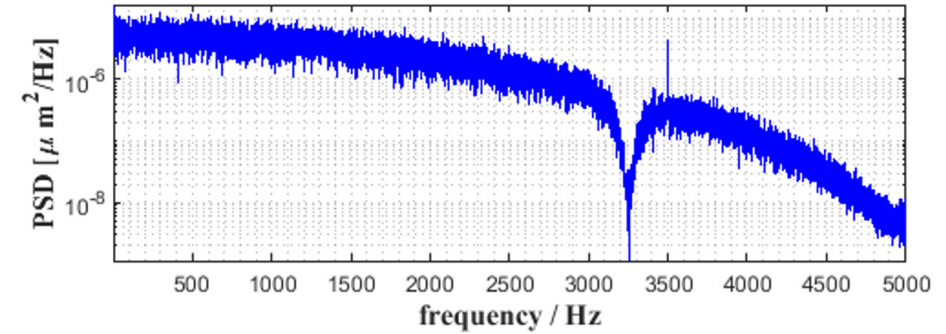
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    - has to be eliminated

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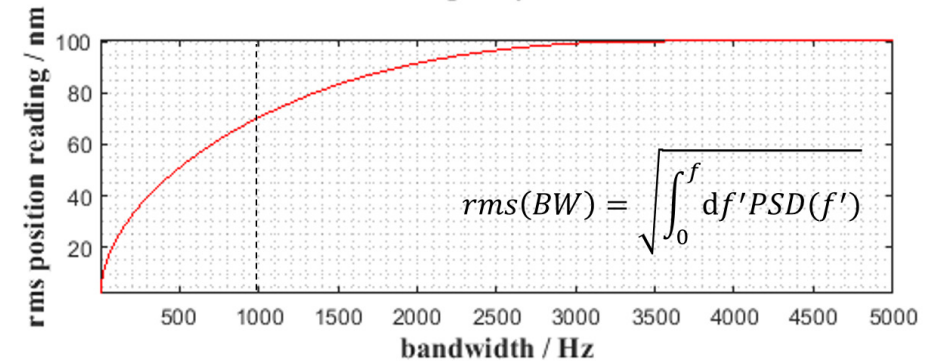
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- install 4-way splitter in signal path (06/09/2023)
  - all spurious lines eliminated
  - disadvantage: no orbit information from BPM
    - studies restricted to single BPM



FA data path, BPM at undulator entrance

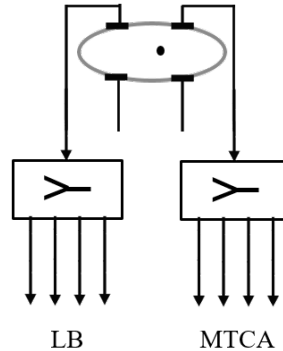


$K_x = 10 \text{ mm}$

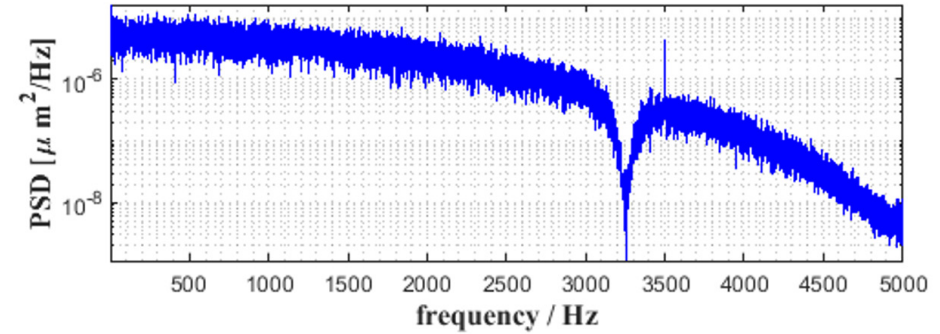


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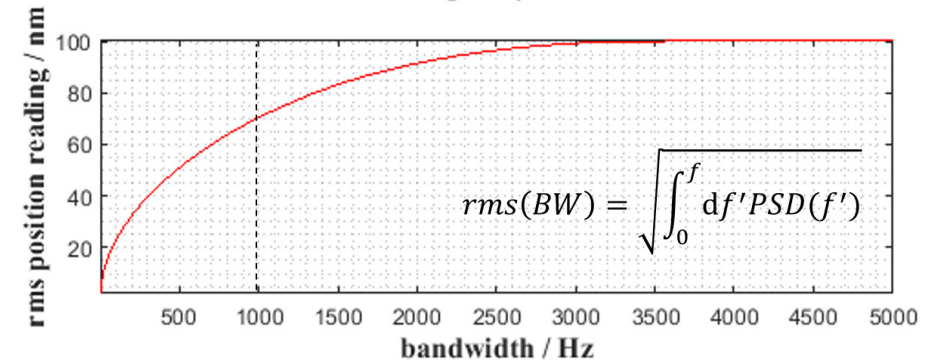
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### rms resolution

- specification:  $< 100 \text{ nm @ } 1 \text{ kHz BW}$
- measurement:  $70 \text{ nm @ } K = 10 \text{ mm}$   
PETRA IV:  $K < 10 \text{ mm}$

### Comparison with Libera Brilliance

- TbT data path ( $f_0 = 130.1 \text{ kHz}$ ), rms for full BW
- Libera Brilliance:  $\text{rms} \approx 1 \mu\text{m}$
- MTCA system:  $\text{rms} \approx 300 \text{ nm}$



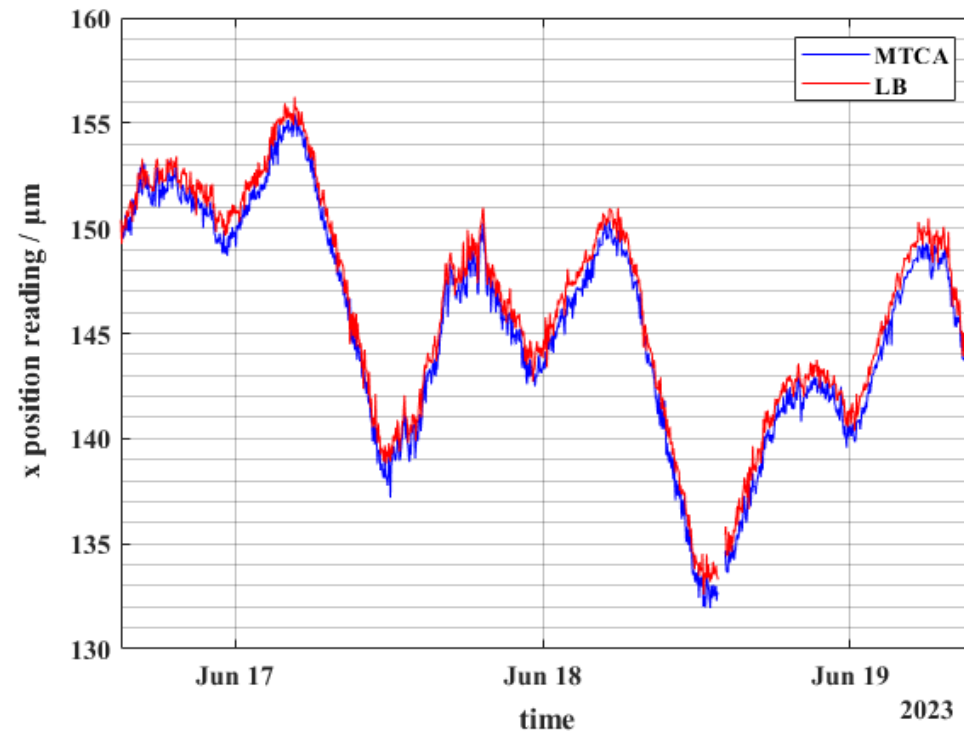
significant improvement

SA data path (fs = 10 Hz)

- no beam jitter cancellation

poster presentation: J. Lamaack (MOP021)

BPM in DBA cell



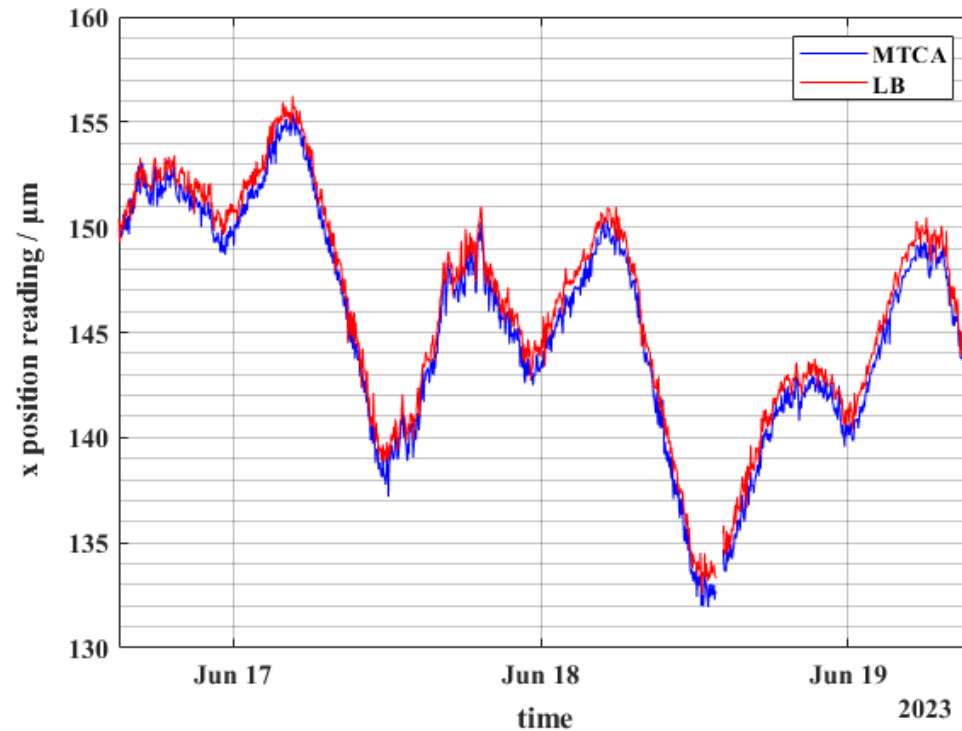


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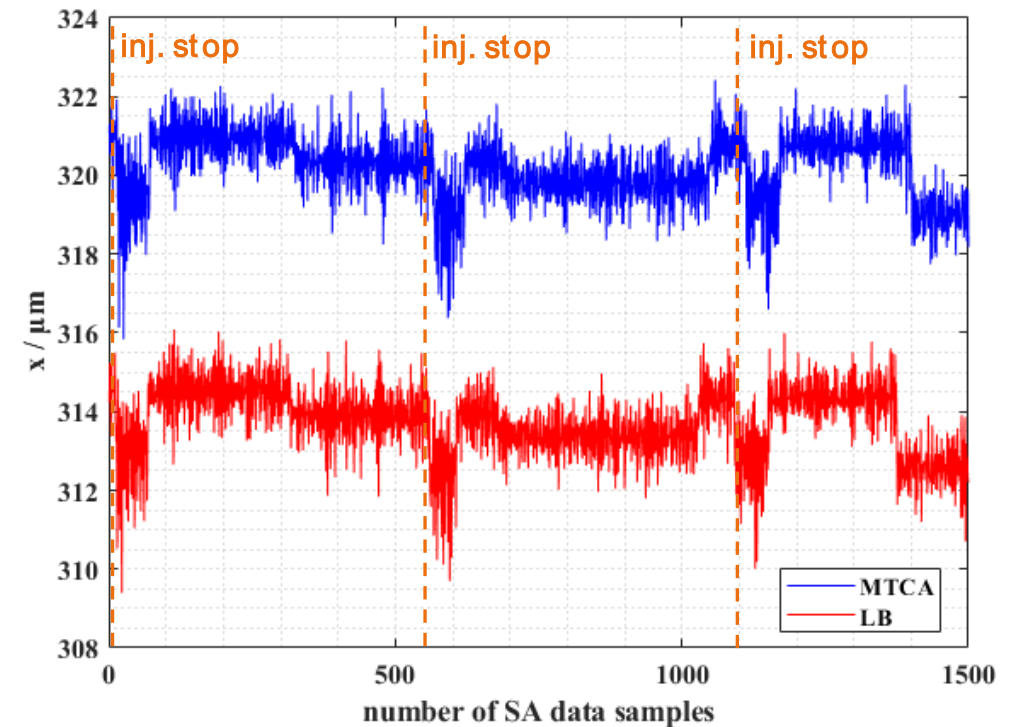
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#### BPM in DBA cell



#### BPM at undulator entrance

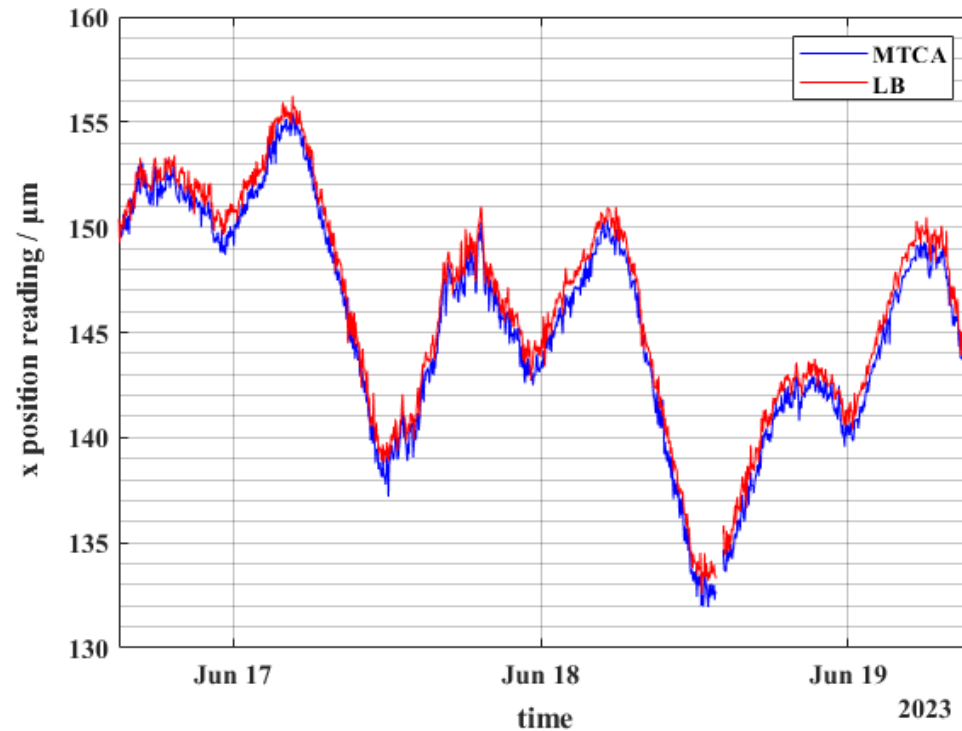


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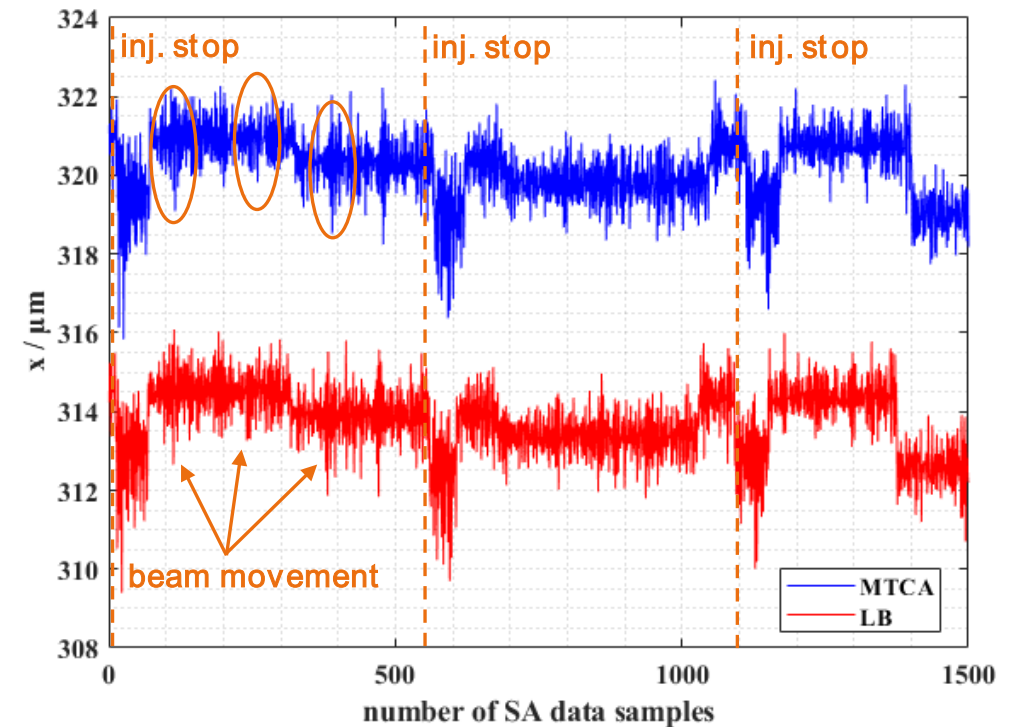
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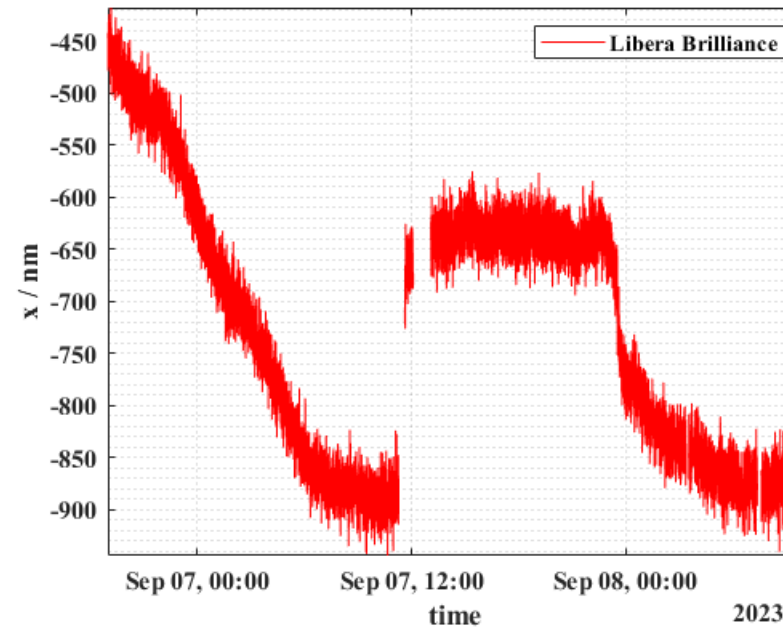
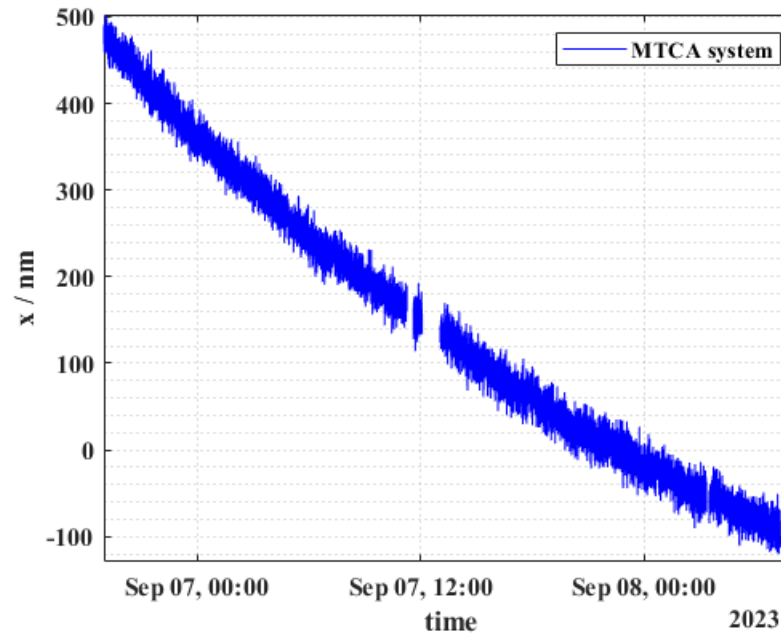


# BPM Studies at PETRA III

## Long Term Stabilization with Beam Jitter Cancellation

SA data path (fs = 10 Hz)

- measurement for 1½ days
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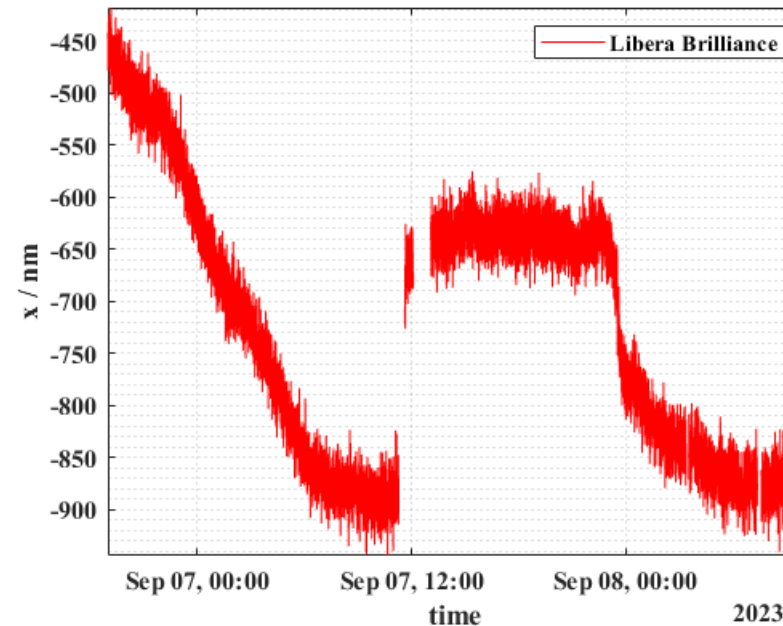
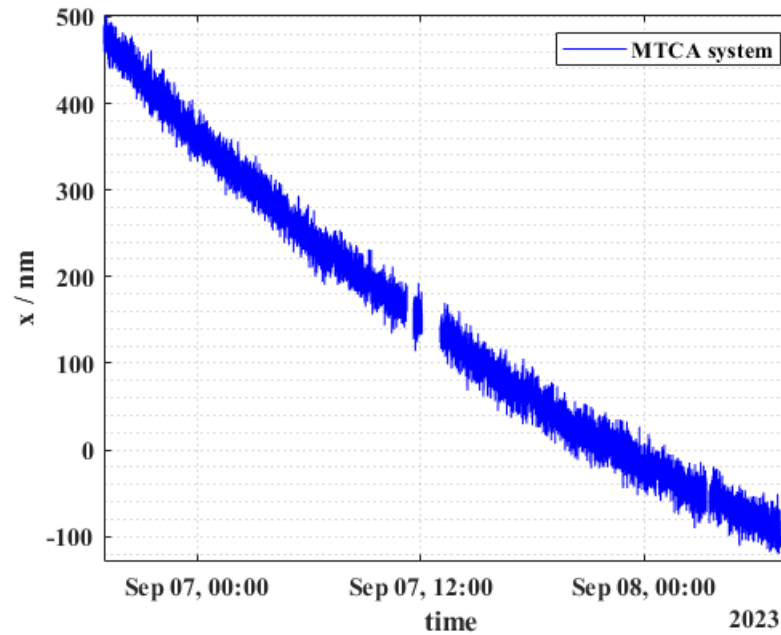


# BPM Studies at PETRA III

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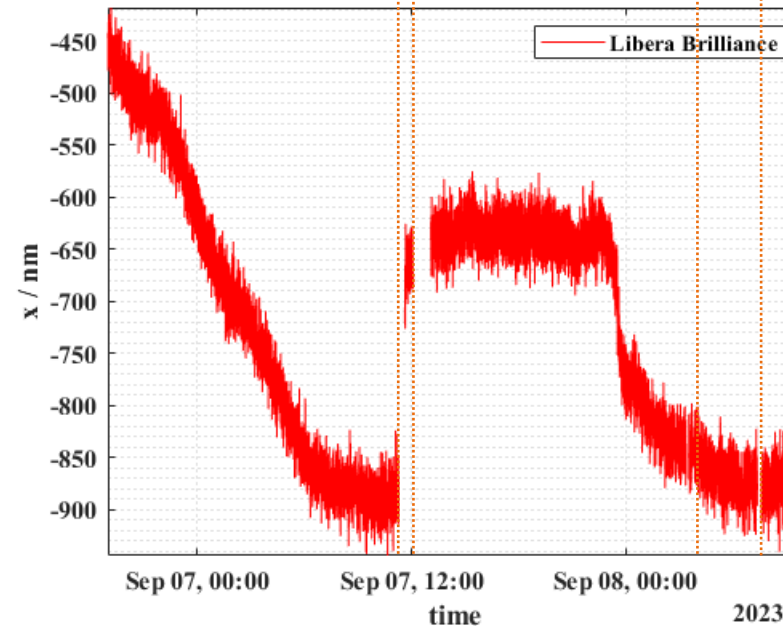
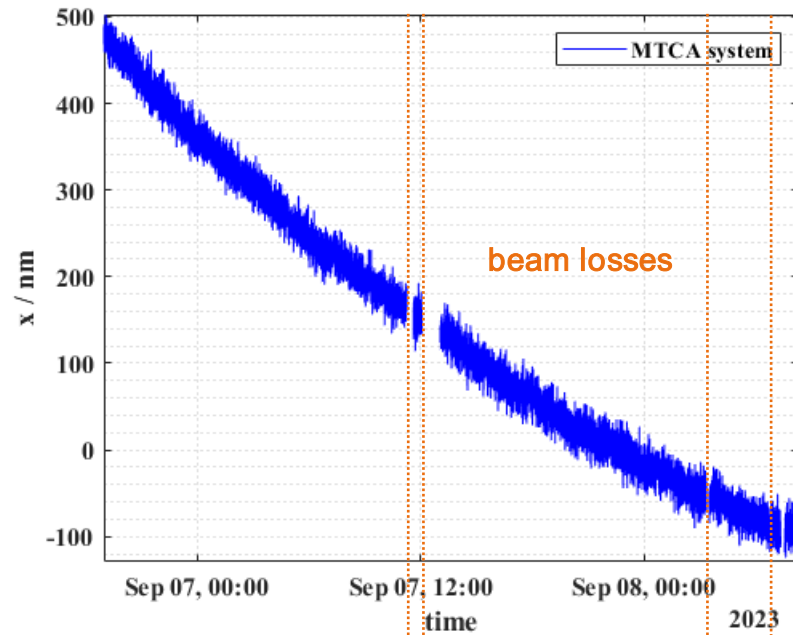


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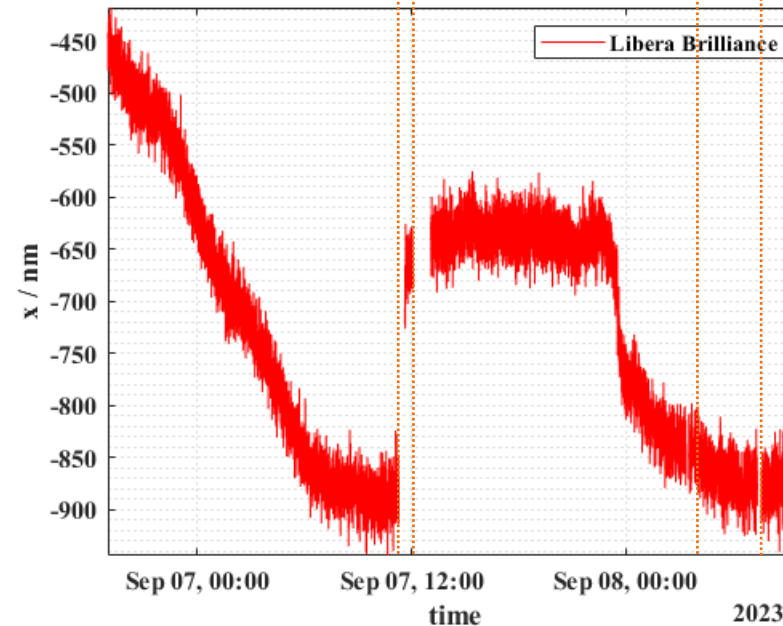
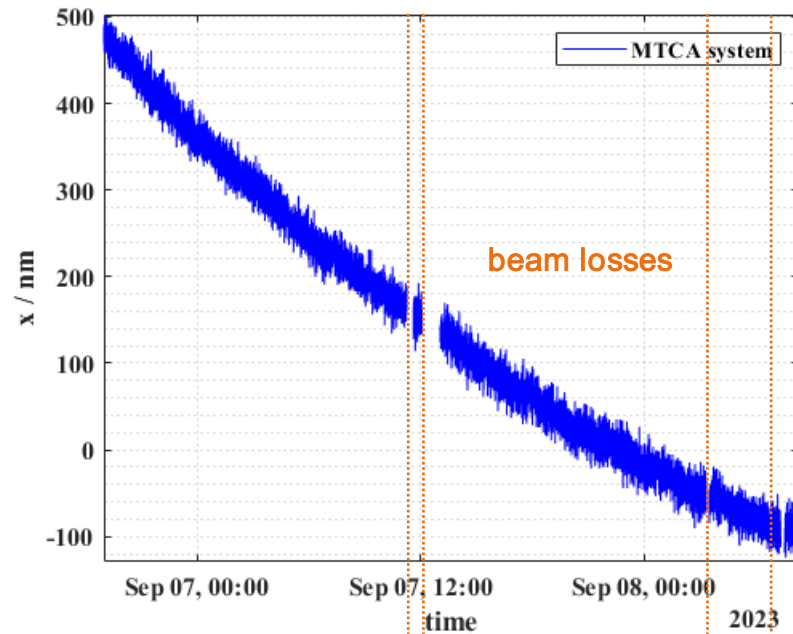
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measurements will continue after IBIC



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..thank you very much for your attention

## Contact

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