



TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT DARMSTADT





IBIC 2021 – Seoul, September 2021

Commissioning of the Cryogenic Current Comparator (CCC) at CRYRING

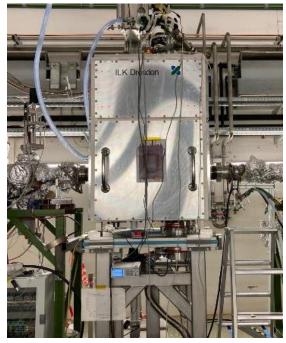
David Haider GSI/FAIR, Germany

On behalf of the CCC collaboration

Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung





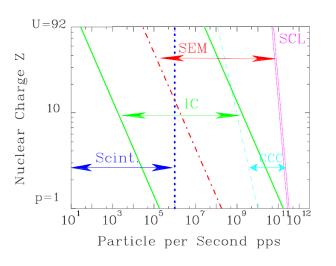


CCC@CRYRING

Motivation & operating principle



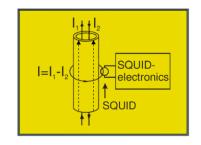
Gap in non-destructive diagnostics



Detector systems used for slow extraction at SIS18 (P. Forck)

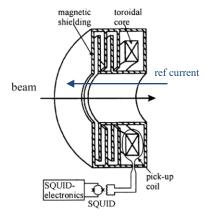
SCL ... Space charge limit IC ... Ionization Chamber SEM ... Secondary Electron Monitor

Cryogenic Current Comparator - Schematic



CCC (Harvey 1972):

- Uses Meissner-effect and SQUID for I₁/I₂ measurement
- If $I_1 \neq I_2$ magn. field produces compensation current
- Magnetic flux through SQUID \rightarrow voltage change



- SC shielding for non-azimuthal fields
- SC pickup coil with toroidal core ($\mu_r\approx 50000)$
- Low noise, high performance DC SQUID

DC-SQUID magnetometer (Superconducting Quantum Interference Device)

Challenge - Perturbations



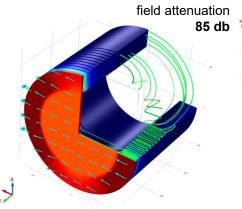
MAGNETIC FIELDS

Static (Earth): ~50 µT

Dynamic (Ramped dipole): ~10 µT

much bigger than

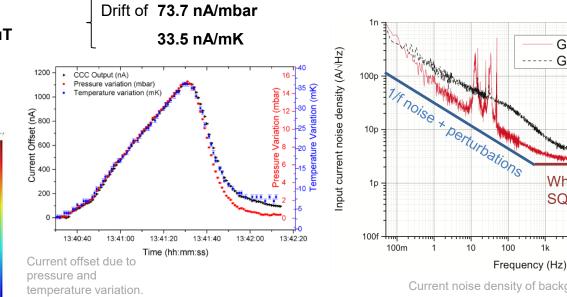
Field of 100 nA ion beam: ~150 fT (10 cm distance)



Simulation of field attenuation with Comsol Multiphysics[®] (F. Kurian)

TEMPERATURE/PRESSURE

VIBRATIONS/ACOUSTIC



Current noise density of background measurement in the lab.

1k

GSI-Nb-CCC-XD

GSI-Pb-CCC

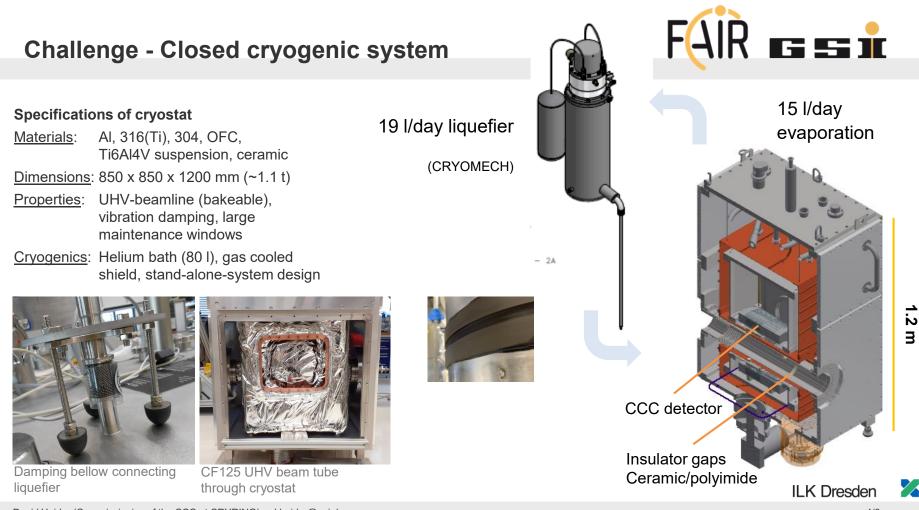
White noise of

SQUID

10k

100k

1M



David Haider (Commissioning of the CCC at CRYRING) - d.haider@gsi.de

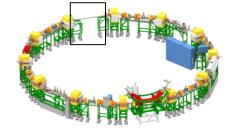
Commissioning of the Cryogenic Current Comparator

2020/9: Installation at CRYRING

- \rightarrow tool for commissioning
- \rightarrow support for experimental program
- \rightarrow test bench for further CCC development

CRYRING characteristics

Circumference: 54 m Magnetic rigidity: 0.8 Tm Proton energy: < 30 MeV Vacuum: 10⁻¹² mbar (final) Beam pipe diameters: 100 – 150 mm Beam lifetime: 3 – 1000 s





Liquefier (mechanically decoupled)

FAIR ESS i

Detector chamber suspensions

Bellows to connect beamline

Alignment Plate with damping mat

Heavy support (sand filled)

Separate Support Turbo + Pre-Pump

David Haider (Commissioning of the CCC at CRYRING) - d.haider@gsi.de

Commissioning of the Cryogenic Current Comparator

- 2020/9: Installation at CRYRING
- Cryogenic operation since 2020/11
 for more than 5 weeks (available for 3 experiments, 5 different ion species)
 - Tested measurement range
 5 nA 20 uA (DC 100 kHz)

Factor 1000x improvement to traditional PCT measurement

Liquefier (mechanically decoupled)

Detector chamber suspensions

Bellows to connect beamline

Alignment Plate with damping mat

Heavy support (sand filled)

Separate Support Turbo + Pre-Pump



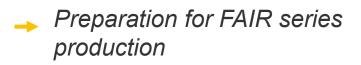
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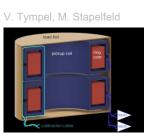


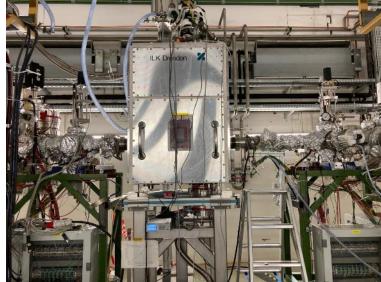


CCC - Further developments at GSI

- Refinement of cryogenic system (extended cryogenic operation)
- Increase signal quality
 - Background suppression (e.g. signal filters)
 - Optimize SQUID stability (mechanical & electrical interference)
- Advanced detector design
 - Multi ring core (Dual-CCC)







Cryogenic Current Comparator (CCC) at CRYRING





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Open PhD position

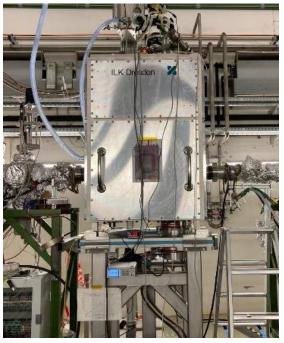
More intos at: https://www.euraxess.de/de/node/677035

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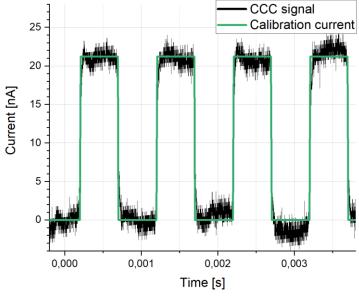




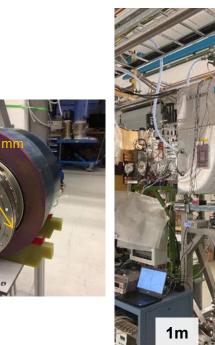
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Commissioning of the Cryogenic Current Comparator

TEK36 - 28. Nov 2020 Input: 21.2 nA of calibration current (1 kHz square wave)



Factor 1000x improvement to traditional PCT measurement



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Liquefier - (mechanically decoupled)

FAIR ESS i

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Perturbations - Filters



5,5

5,0

4.5

4,0 [...] 3,5 3,0 2,5 2,5 2,5

2,0 **elod** 1,5 D

1,0 0,5 0.0

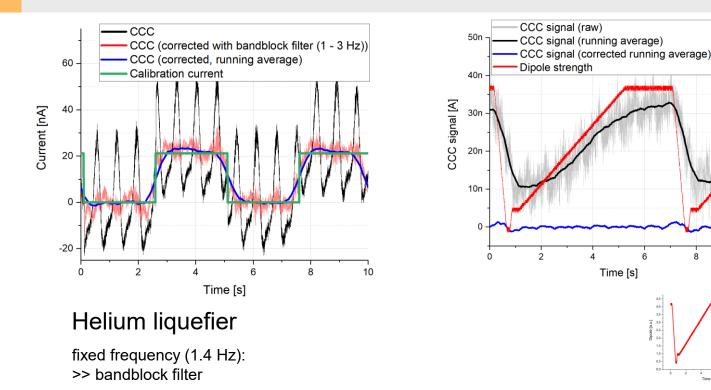
10

- Dipol

8

Time [s]

3 3.0 e 25-



Dipole ramp

deterministic: subtracted using recorded response function



