

Attosecond Precision Multi-km Laser-Microwave Network

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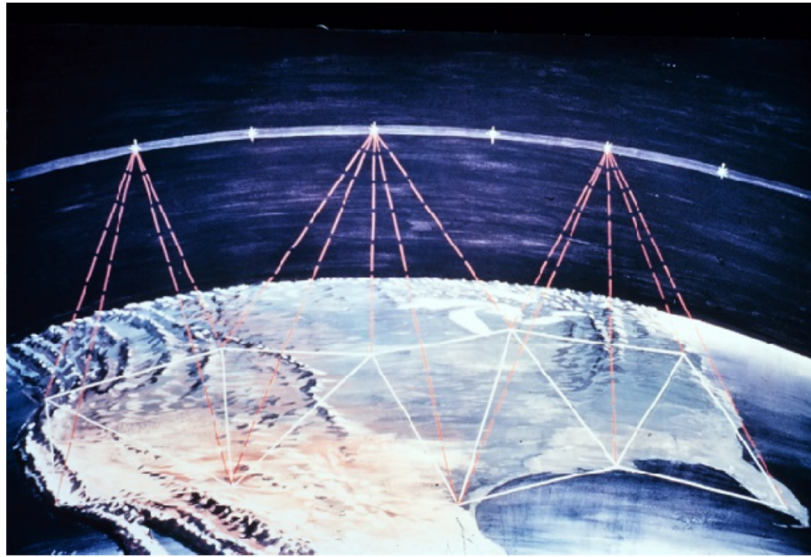
²Physics Department, University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany

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IBIC 2016 Barcelona, Spain

Session: Time Resolved Diagnostics and Synchronization

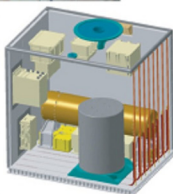
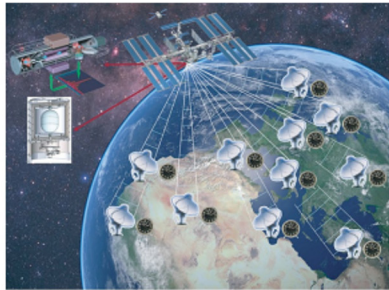
Synchronous laser-microwave networks



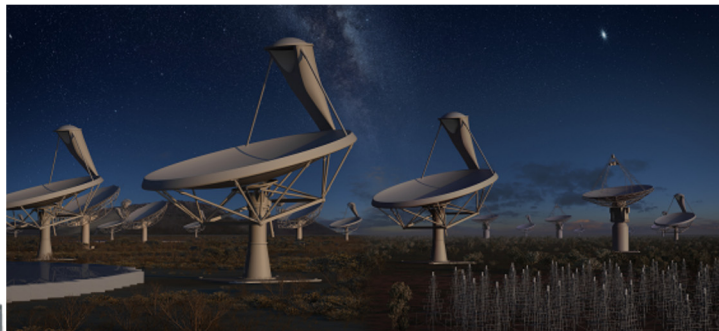
Geodesy studies



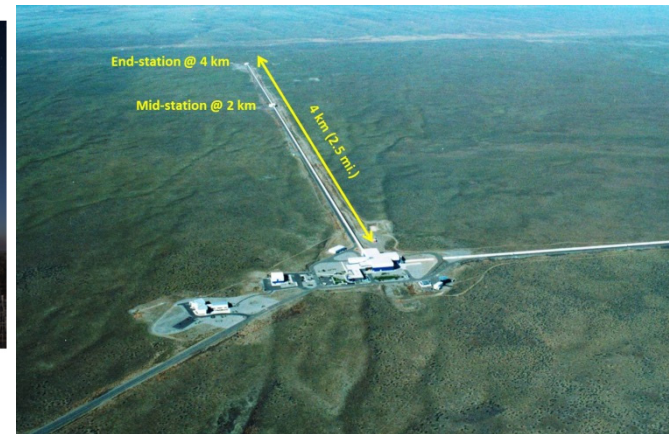
Radio telescope arrays



High-precision navigation

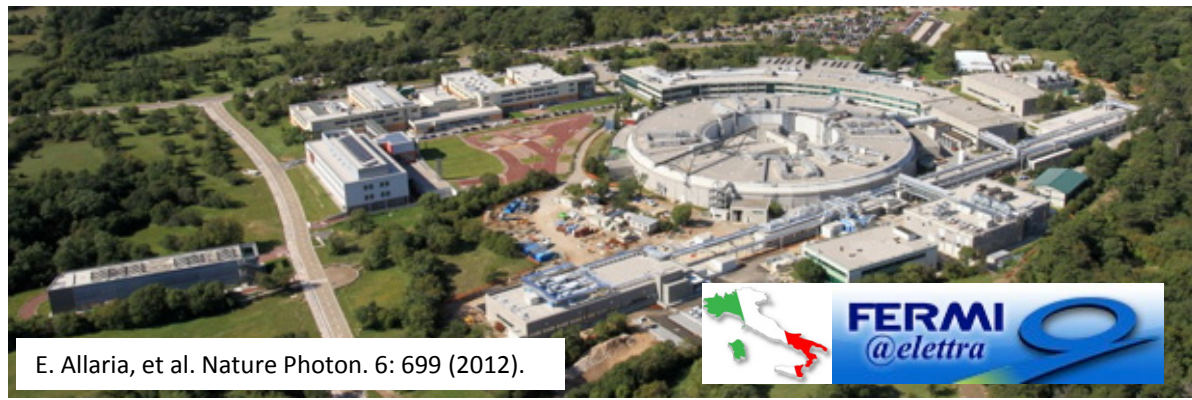
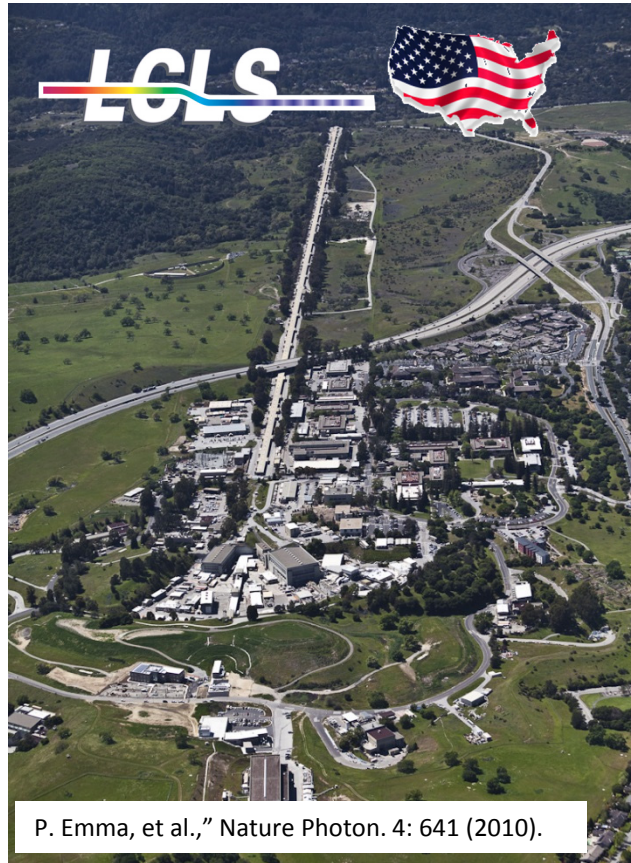


**Very-long-baseline
interferometry**



Gravitational-wave detection

New generation free-electron lasers:



New generation free-electron lasers:



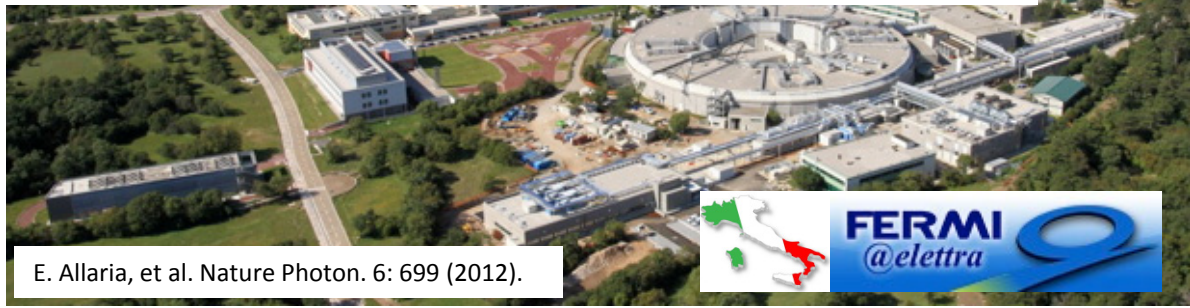
T. Ishikawa, et al., Nature Photon. 6: 540 (2012).

Only facilities generating:

- Coherent hard X-ray pulses: wavelengths $< 1 \text{ \AA}$
- Unprecedented brightness: up to 10^{13} photon per pulse



P. Emma, et al., Nature Photon. 4: 641 (2010).



E. Allaria, et al. Nature Photon. 6: 699 (2012).



M. Altarelli, et al., Technical Design Report, DESY 97 (2006).

Timing distribution for next generation FELs

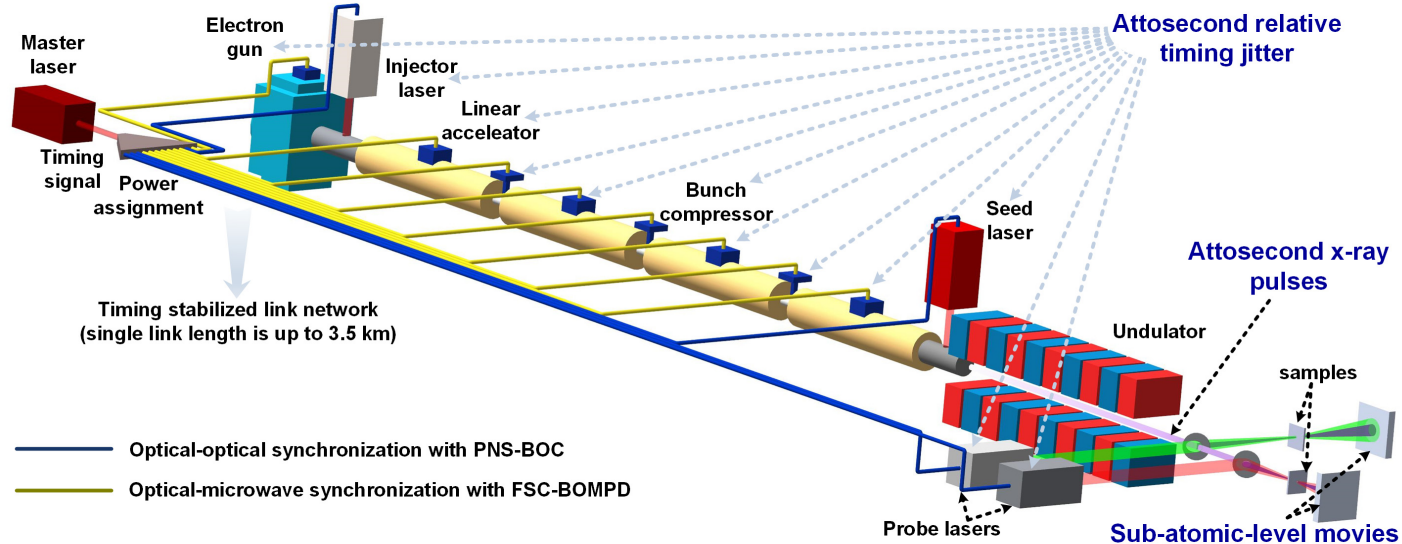
Quest for isolated ultrashort hard X-ray pulses:

Ultrafast Auger processes in X-ray imaging: S. Hau-Riege et al., *PRL*, **108**, 238101 (2012).

Intramolecular charge transfer: F. Calegari et al., *Science*, **346**, 336-339 (2014).

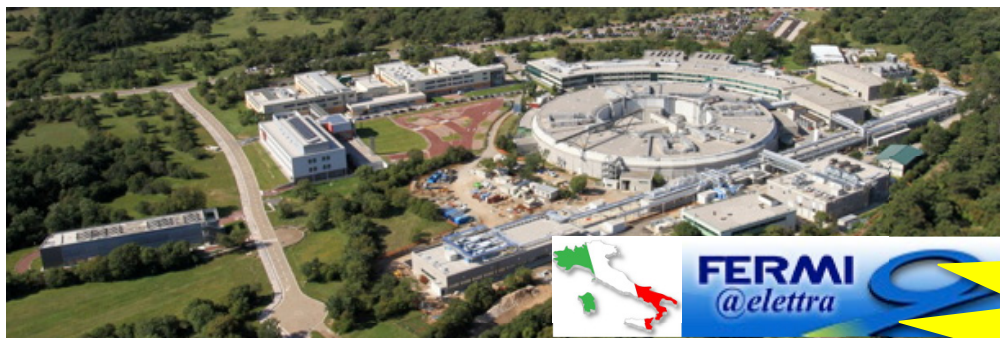
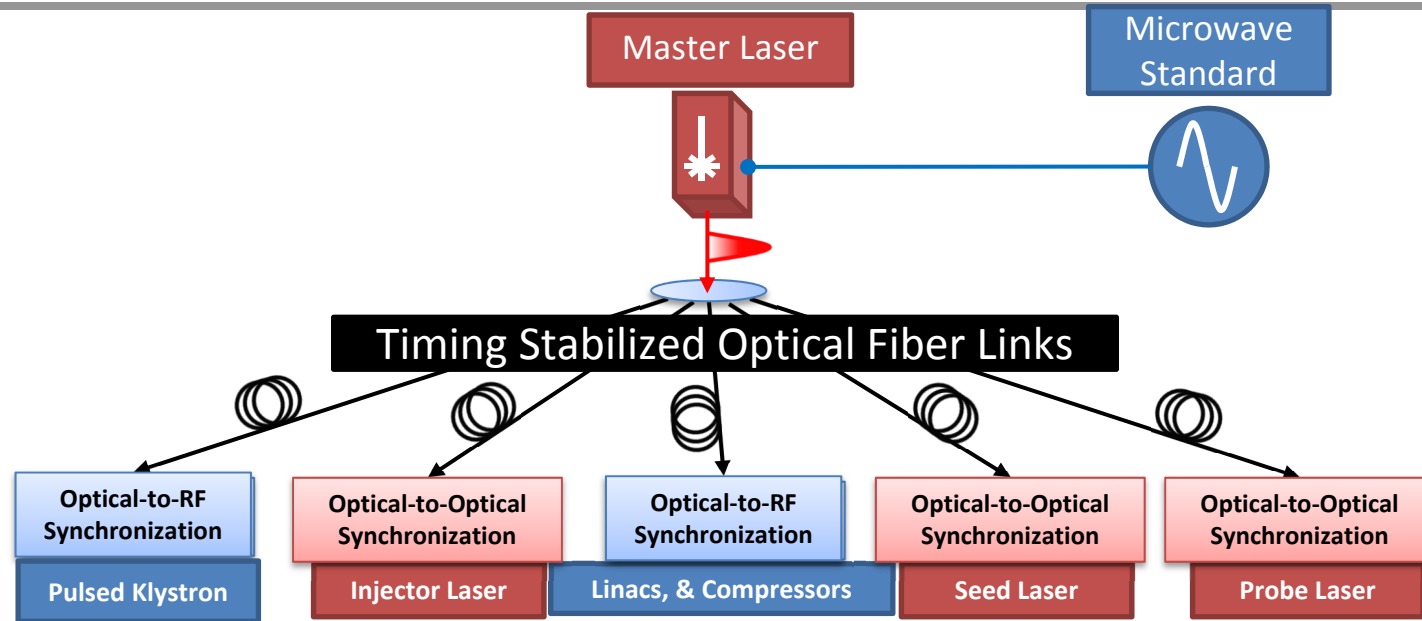
altering the chemistry of matter on an attosecond timescale!

High precision synchronization remains to be a major obstacle!



Task: Synchronize the complete facility from e-gun to probe laser with sub-fs stability

Optical timing distribution system



~10 fs timing precision



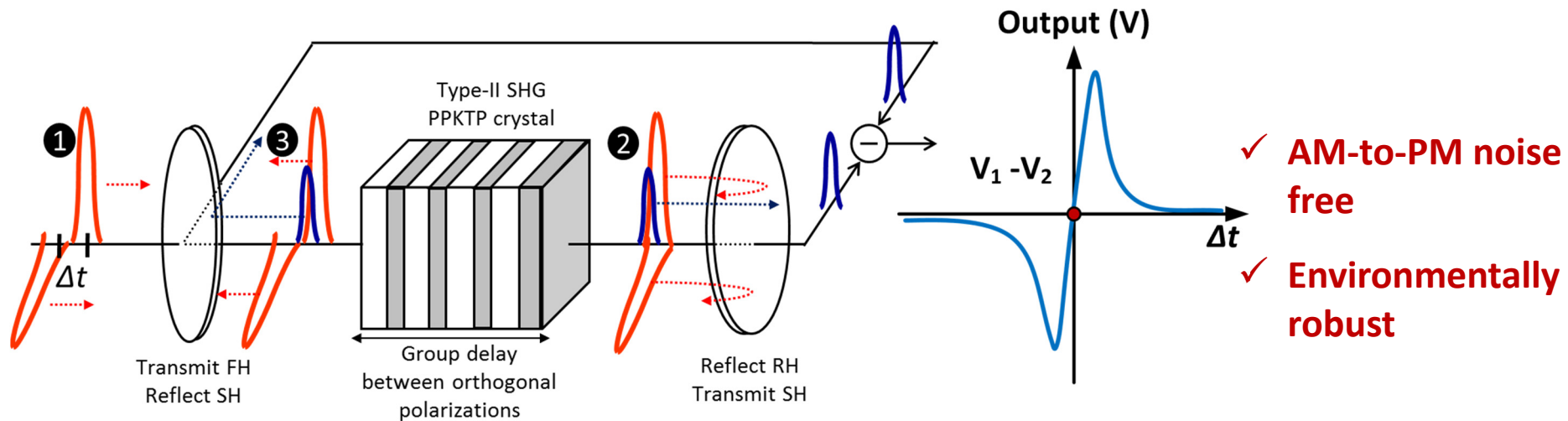
Attosecond precision

Optical-to-optical detector

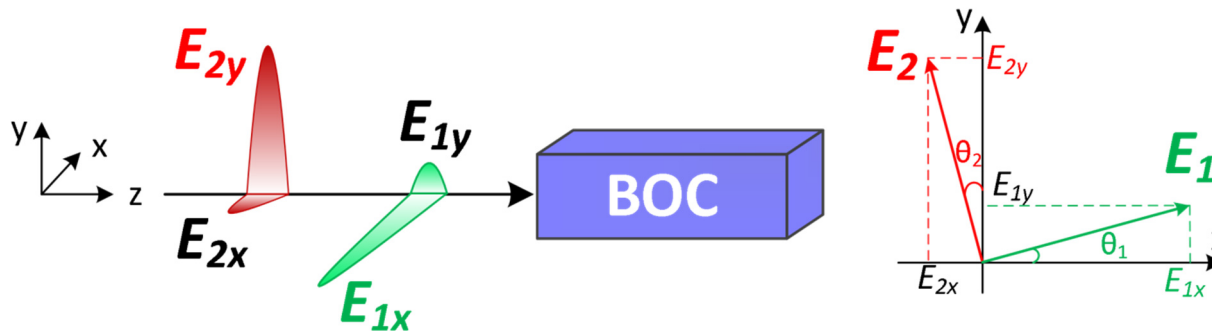
Optical-to-microwave detector

Fundamental noise sources in fiber transmission

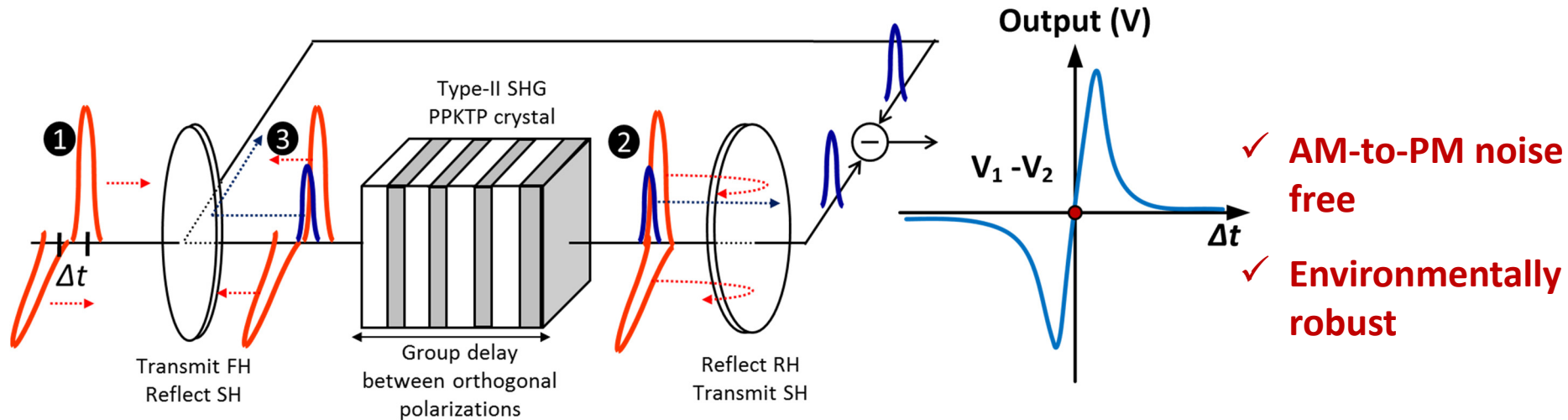
Optical-to-optical: *balanced optical cross-correlator*



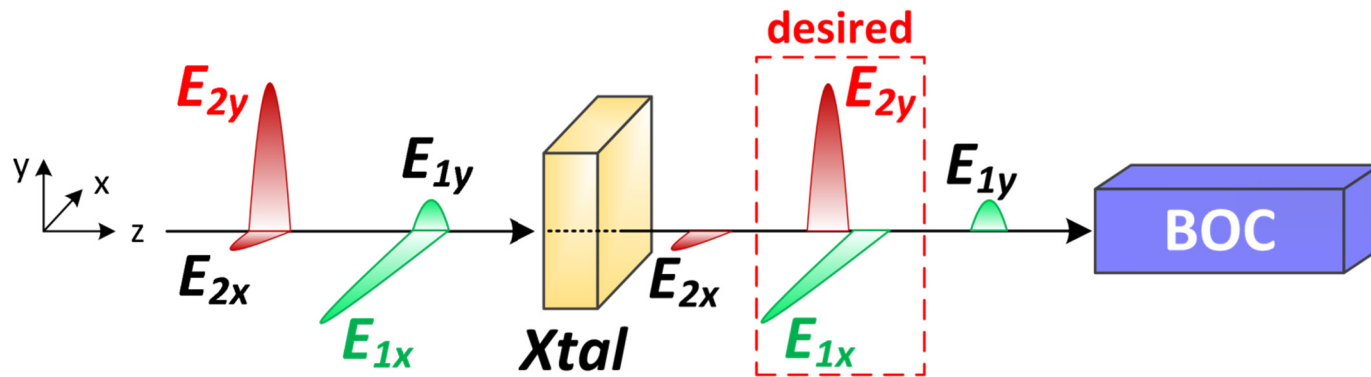
➤ Polarization-noise-suppressed BOC:



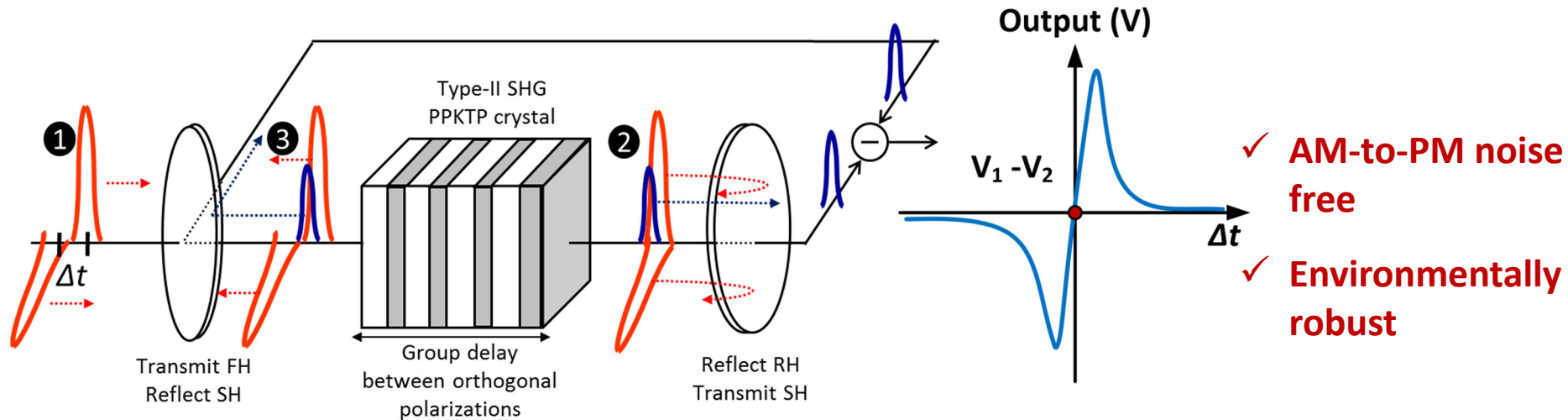
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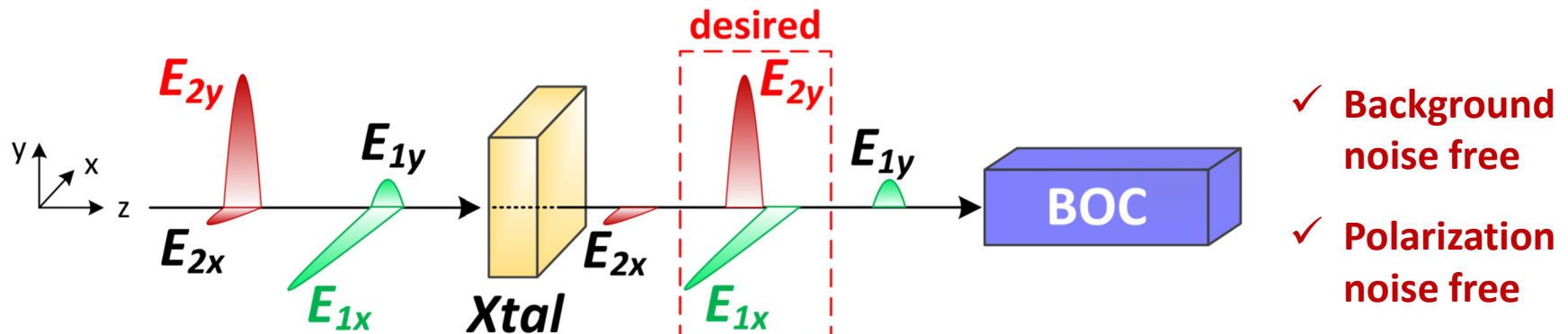
➤ Polarization-noise-suppressed BOC:



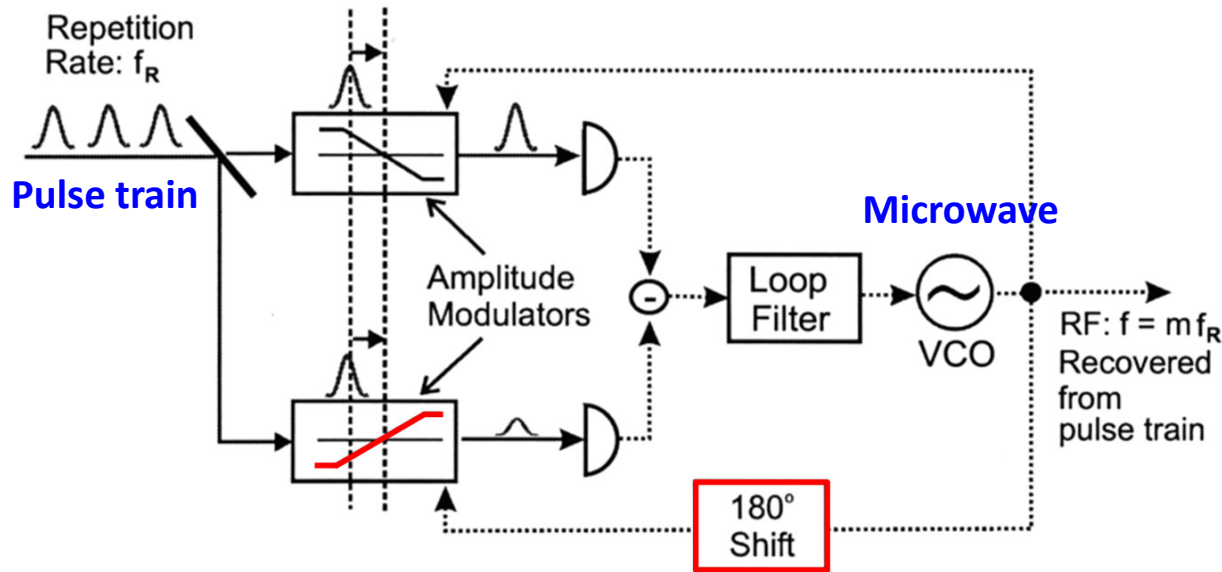
Optical-to-optical: *balanced optical cross-correlator*



➤ Polarization-noise-suppressed BOC:

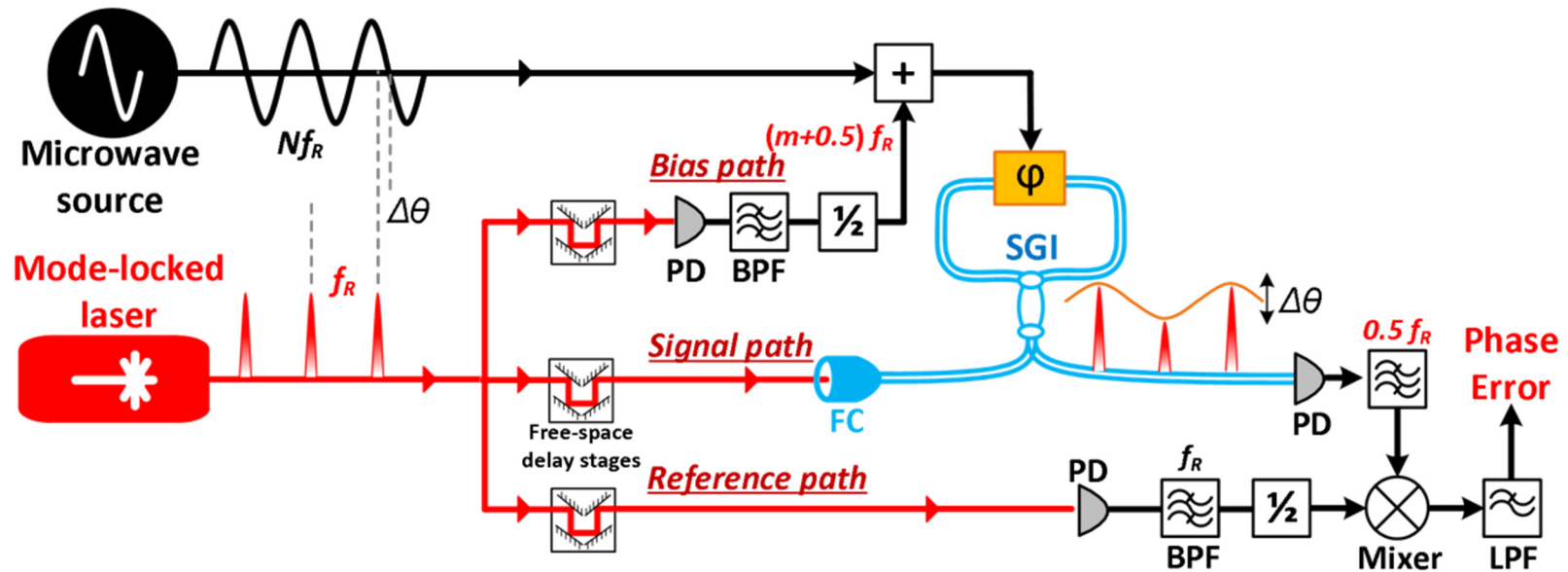


BOMPD detection scheme:



1. 180° out-of-phase amplitude modulation: Sagnac interferometer
2. Synchronous optical pulses and microwave: zero error output
3. Timing deviation: intensity imbalance of the split optical pulses

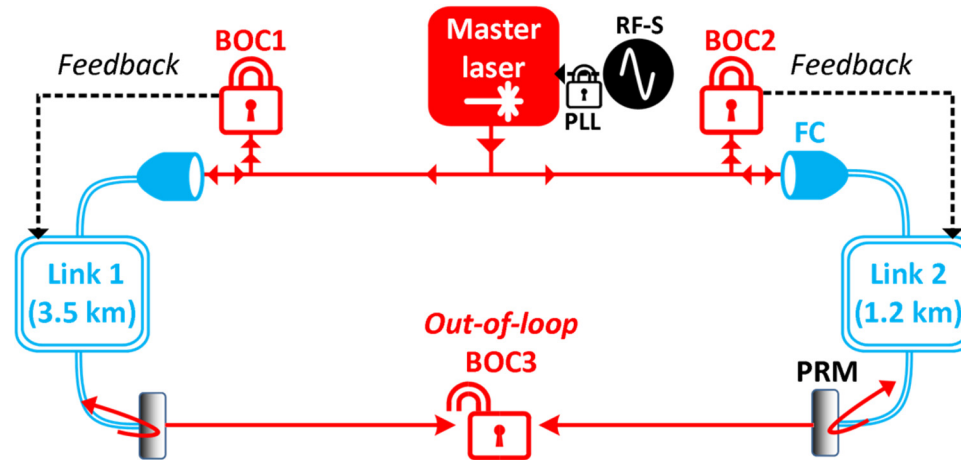
Free-space coupled balanced optical microwave phase detector:



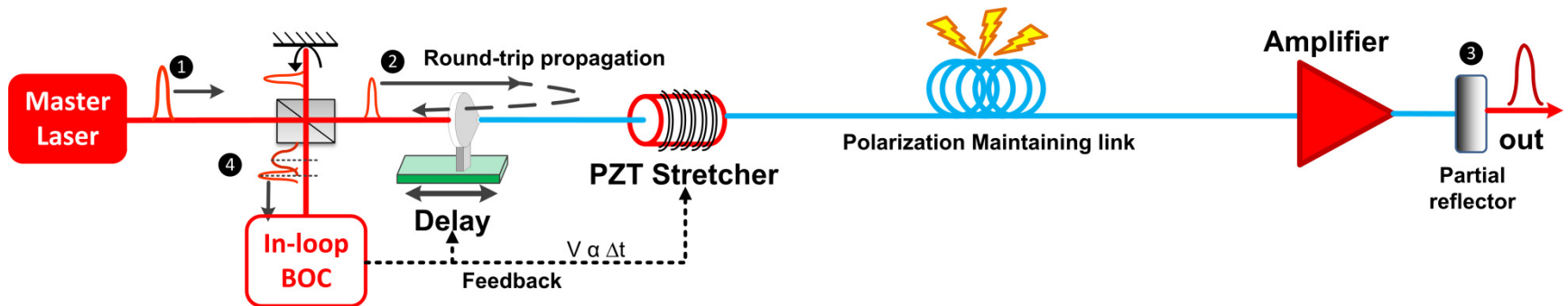
1. Free-space optics for optical beam distribution:
 - ✓ Reduced long-term drifts caused by the environment
2. High-frequency signal (13 GHz) to bias the phase modulator in the SGI:
 - ✓ unidirectional phase modulation, insensitive to unequal SGI arms & environmental robustness
3. Low-frequency (108 MHz) down-mixing at the reference arm
 - ✓ Higher signal-to-noise ratio at photodetection

Abbreviations: PD: photodetector; BPF: bandpass filter; $\frac{1}{2}$: frequency divider; +: voltage summer; LPF: lowpass filter; ϕ : phase modulator; SGI: Sagnac-interferometer; FC: fiber collimator.

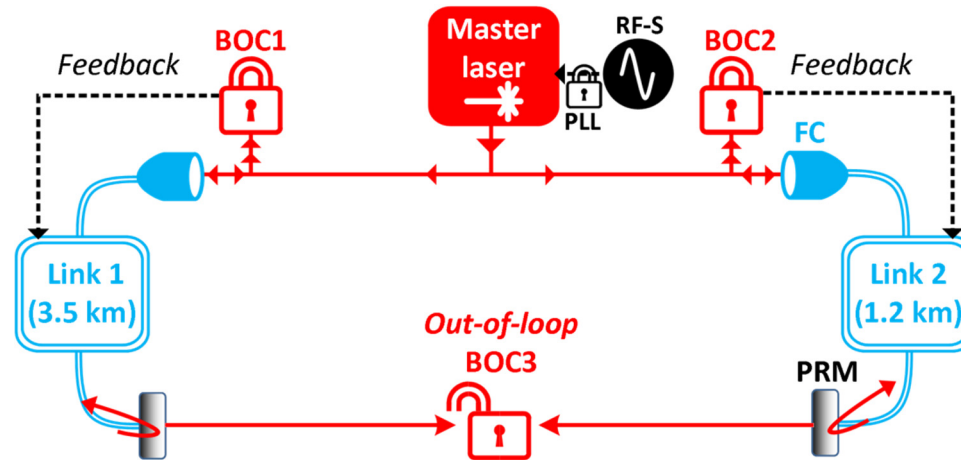
Fundamental noise limitations in fiber transmission



- **RF-S**: RF synthesizer
- **PLL**: phase-locked loop
- **BOC**: balanced optical cross-correlator
- **FC**: fiber collimator
- **PRM**: partially reflecting mirror

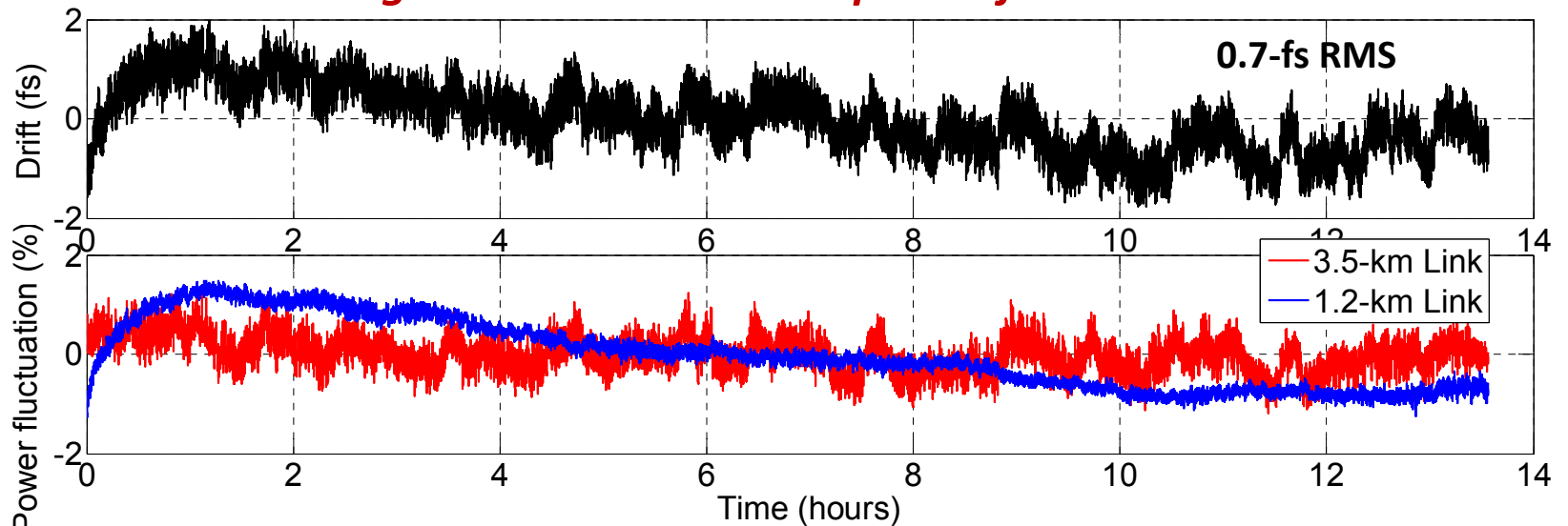


3. Fundamental noise limitations in fiber transmission

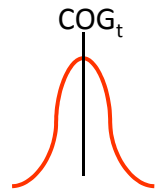


- RF-S: RF synthesizer
- PLL: phase-locked loop
- BOC: balanced optical cross-correlator
- FC: fiber collimator
- PRM: partially reflecting mirror

Strong correlation with link power fluctuations!

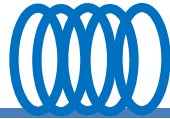


Nonlinear pulse propagation in fibers

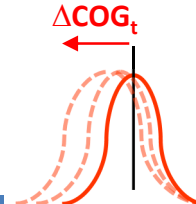


Fiber input

Fiber: a nonlinear medium

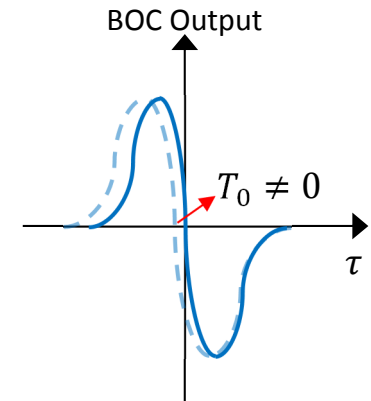
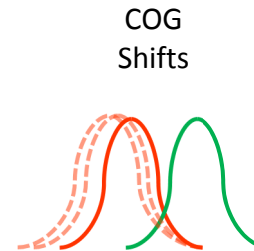
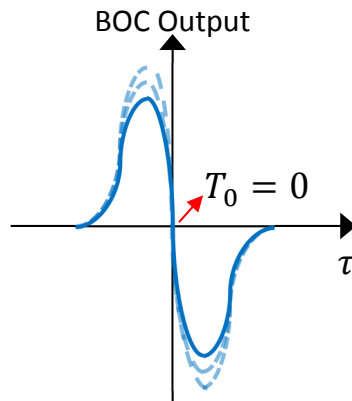
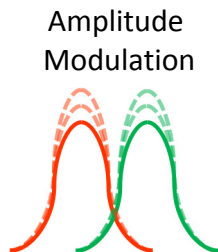


- Second-order dispersion
- Third-order dispersion
- Self-phase modulation
- Raman effect
- Self steepening

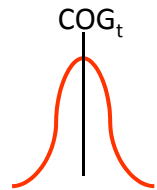


Fiber output

$$\Delta\text{COG}_t \propto \Delta P_{\text{peak}} \times \text{nonlinearities}$$

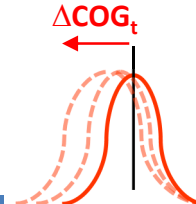
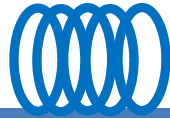


Nonlinear pulse propagation in fibers



Fiber input

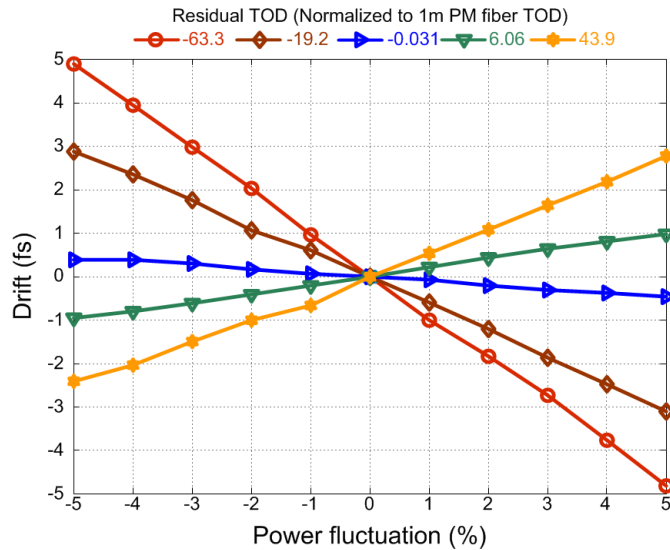
Fiber: a nonlinear medium



Fiber output

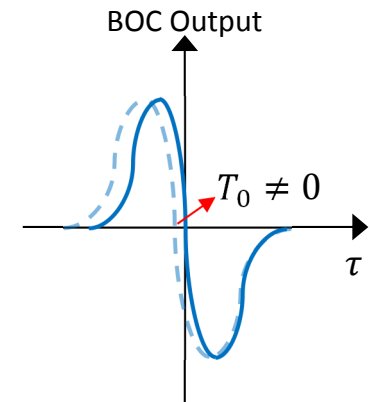
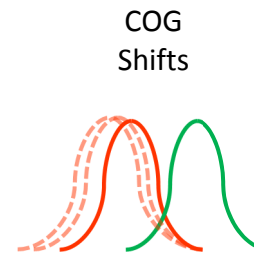
$$\Delta COG_t \propto \Delta P_{peak} \times \text{nonlinearities}$$

- Second-order dispersion
- Third-order dispersion
- Self-phase modulation
- Raman effect
- Self steepening



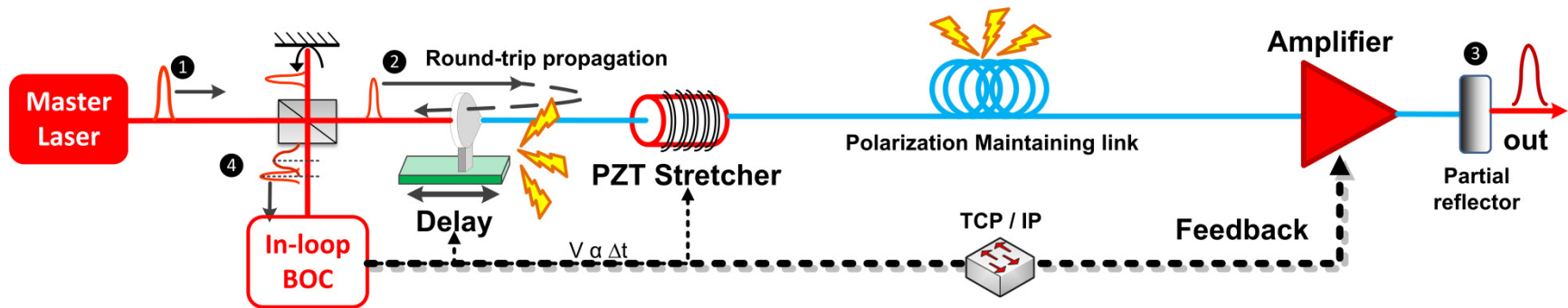
- up to 3-fs drift for 5% fluctuation with 20-m residual third order dispersion

M. Xin et al., *Light Sci. App.*, 6, e16187 (2016).

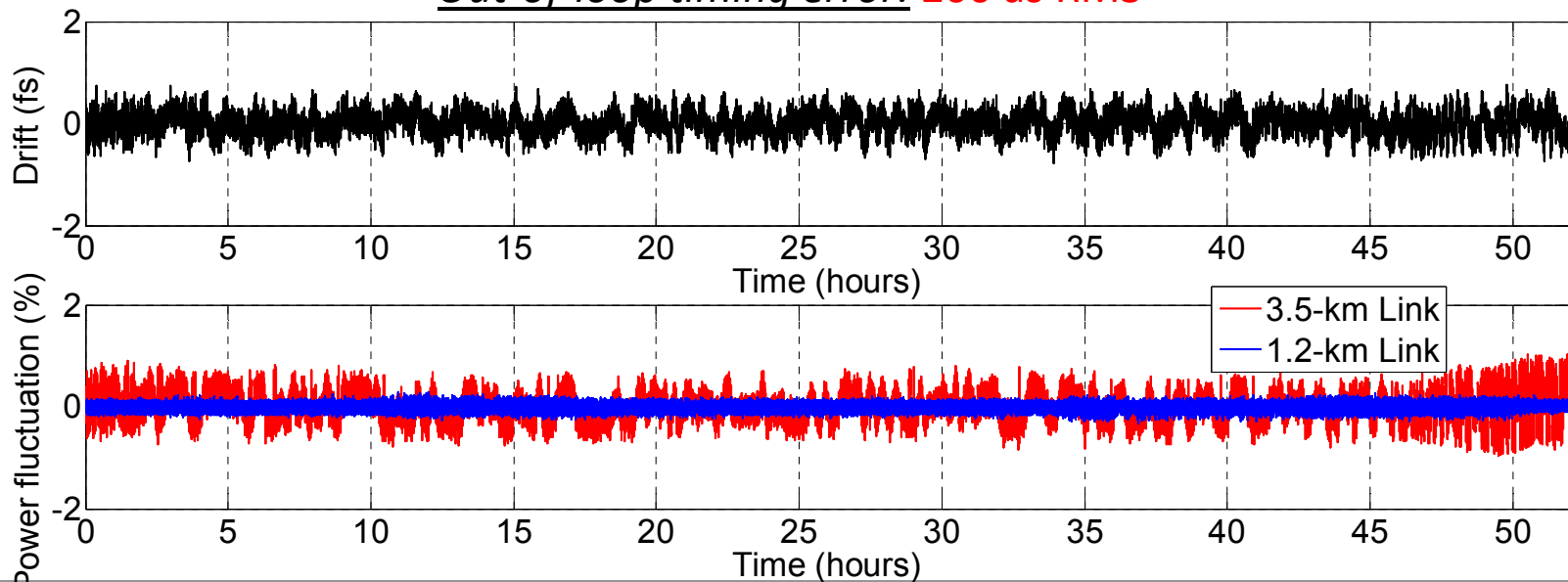


Nonlinear pulse propagation in fibers

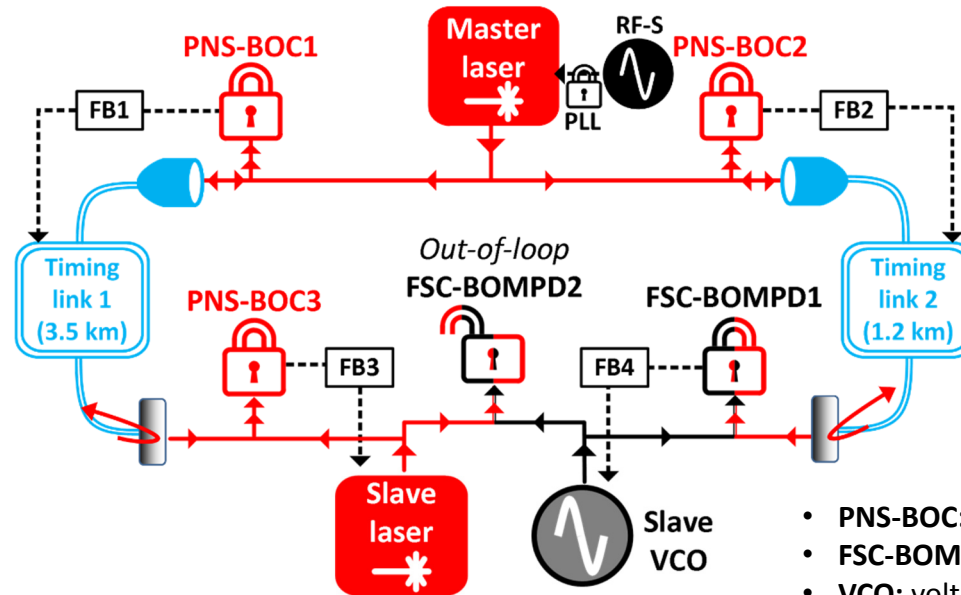
$$\Delta COG_t \propto \Delta P_{peak} \times \text{nonlinearities}$$



Out-of-loop timing error: 200 as RMS

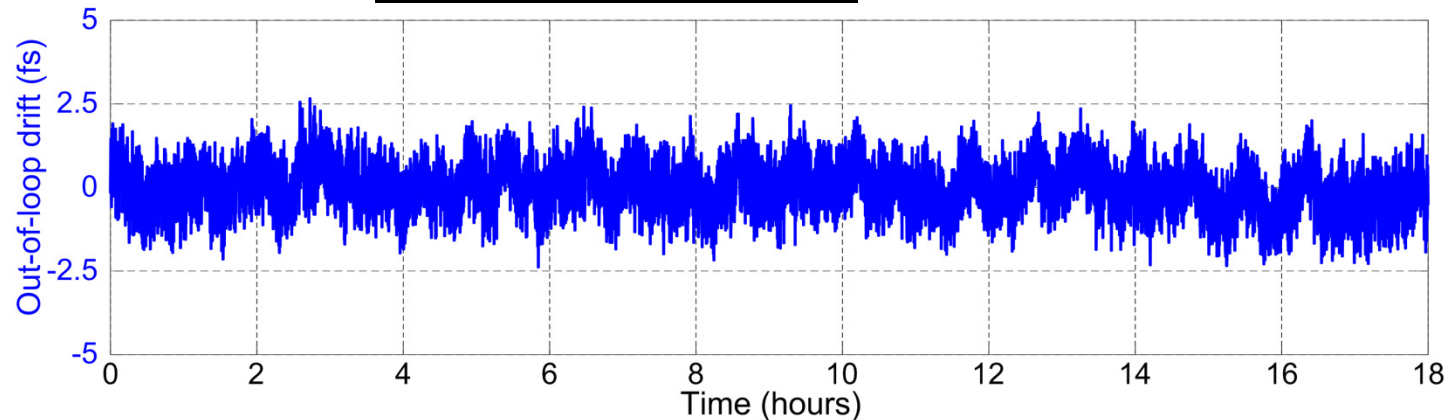


Synchronous laser-microwave network

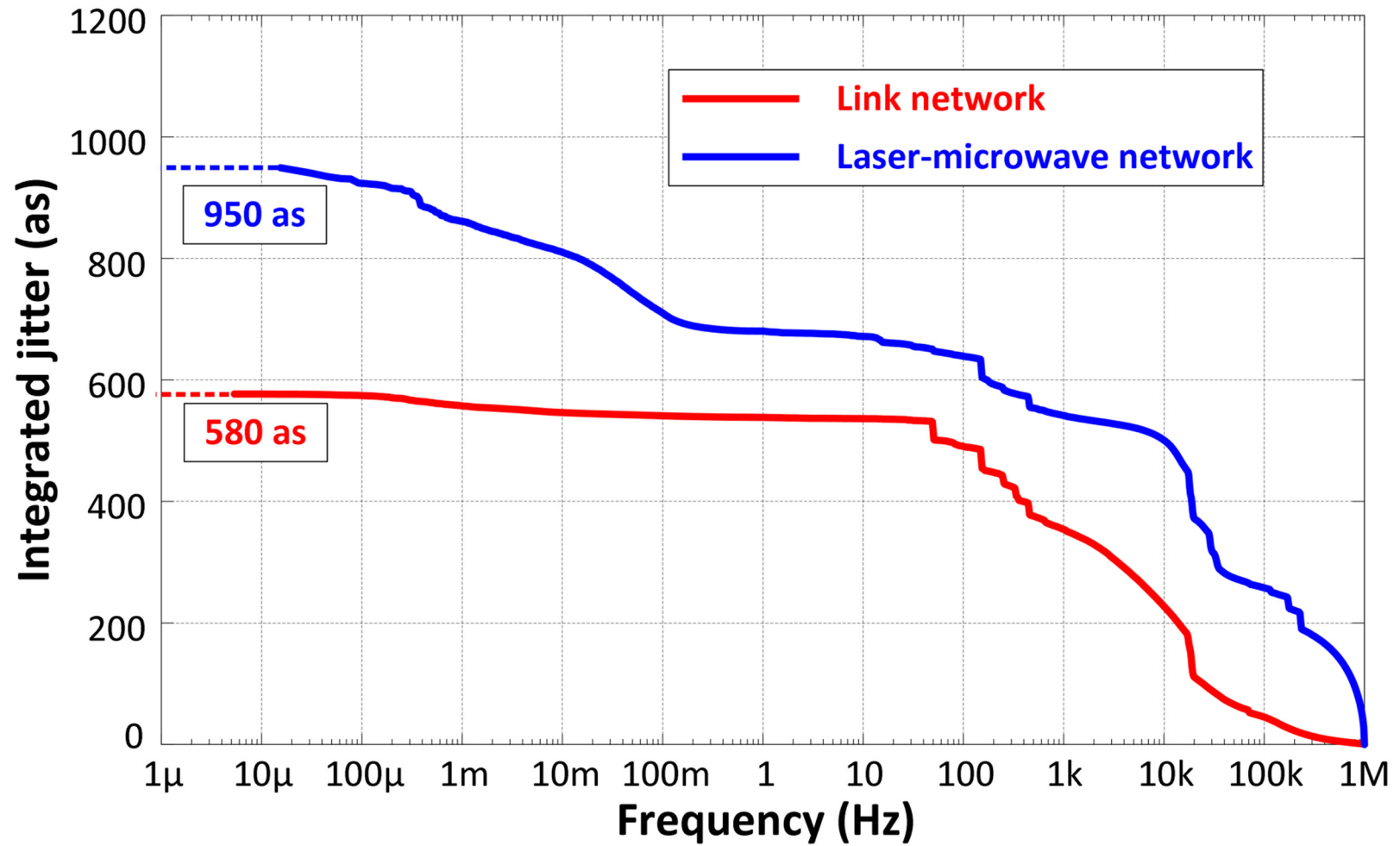


- **PNS-BOC**: polarization-noise-suppressed BOC
- **FSC-BOMPD**: free-space-coupled BOMPD
- **VCO**: voltage-controlled-oscillator
- **FB**: improved feedback scheme

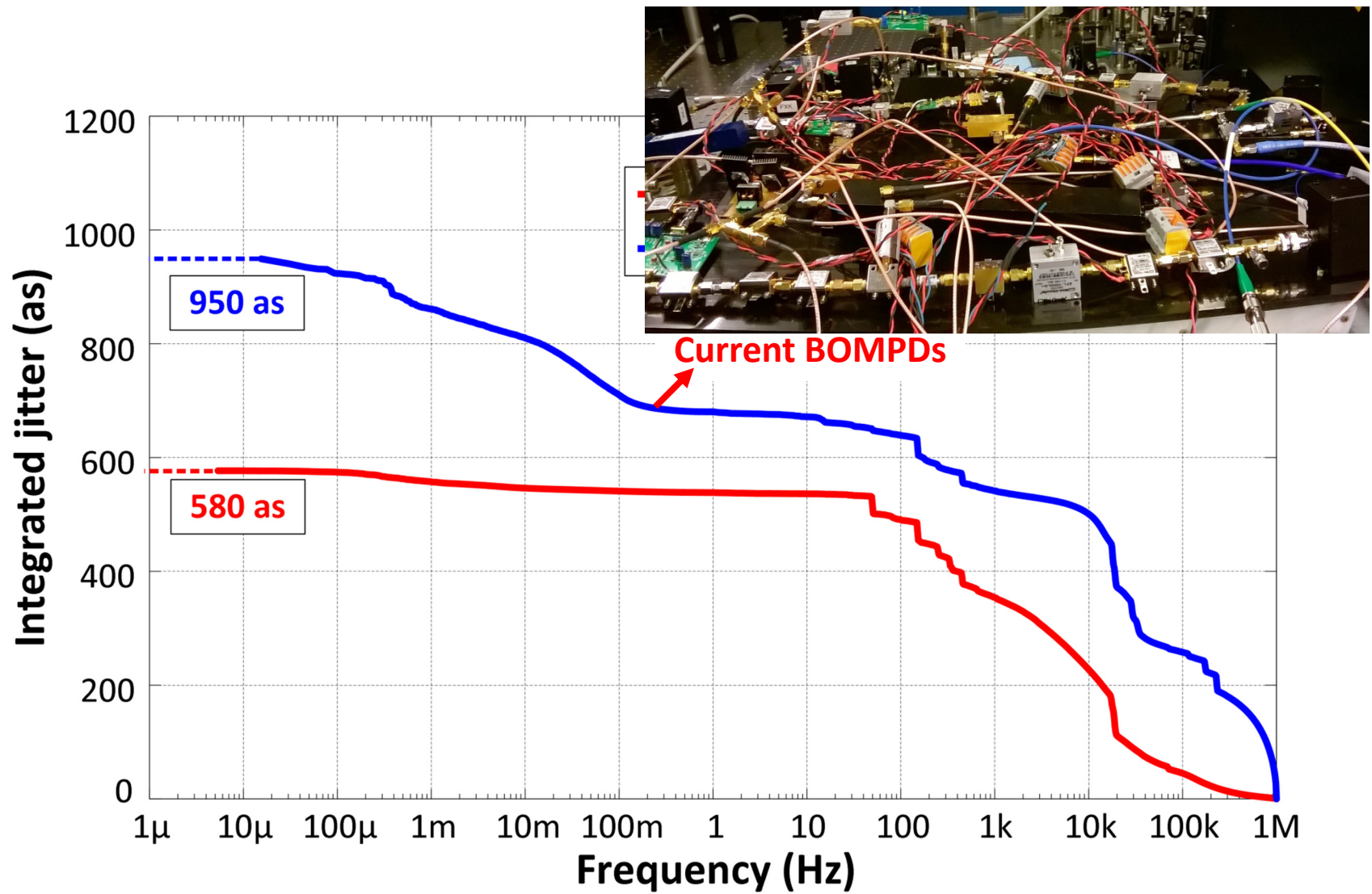
Out-of-loop timing error: 670 as RMS



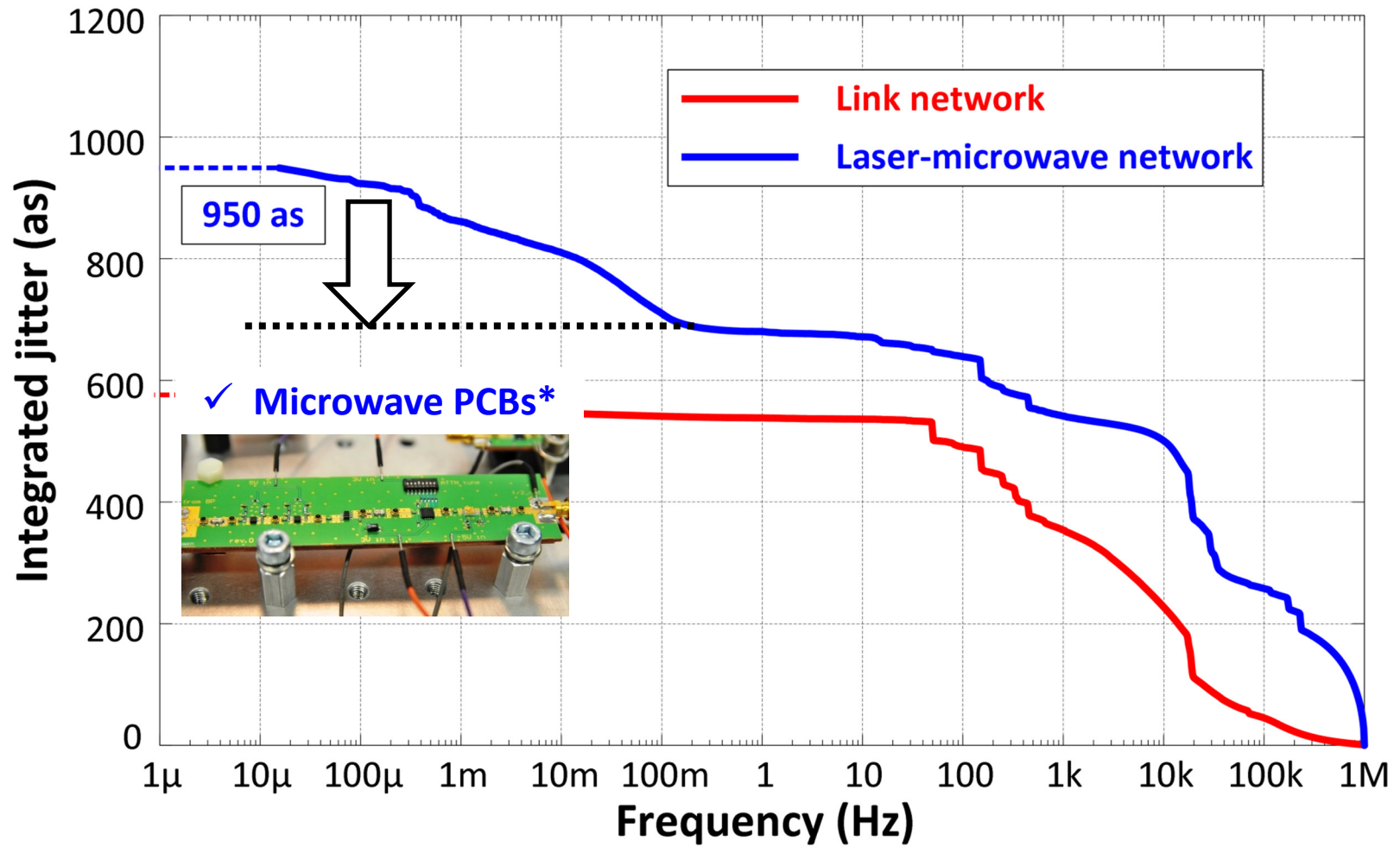
Integrated timing jitter



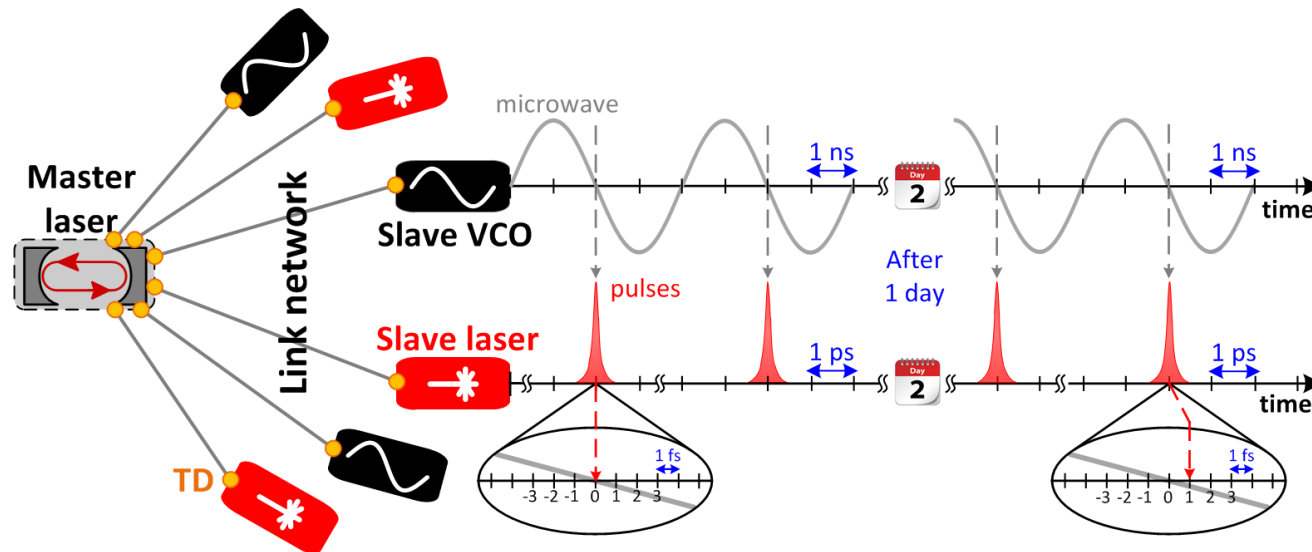
Integrated timing jitter



Integrated timing jitter



Conclusion & outlook



- Improved sensitivity and robustness in BOCs and BOMPDs
- Observation of sub-fs time delays due to fiber nonlinearities
- Correction via link power modulation
- **Link network: 200 as RMS drift (< 1Hz) over 2 days**
- **Laser-microwave network: 670 as RMS drift (<1Hz) over 18 hours**

- Established a spinoff company commercializing our detectors and timing systems



Visit us in booth 3!



ANY
QUESTIONS
?