



# Cavity BPM System for DCLS

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## •Introduction

Dalian Coherent Light Source (DCLS) is a new FEL facility under construction in China. The entire facility consists of the following parts:

- ◆ A photo-injector will produce electron pluses of 500 pC with normalized emittance below 1 mm·mrad
- ◆ The linear accelerator will accelerate the electrons to 300 MeV which consists of 6 S-band accelerator structures and a movable chicane for electron bunch compression
- ◆ The undulator complex where to generate the FEL radiation with wavelength of 50 ~ 150 nm
- ◆ The photo beam line and diagnostic line

Cavity BPM system comprised of cavity pick-up, dedicated RF front end and DAQ system is employed to measure the transverse position with a micron level resolution requirement in the undulator section.

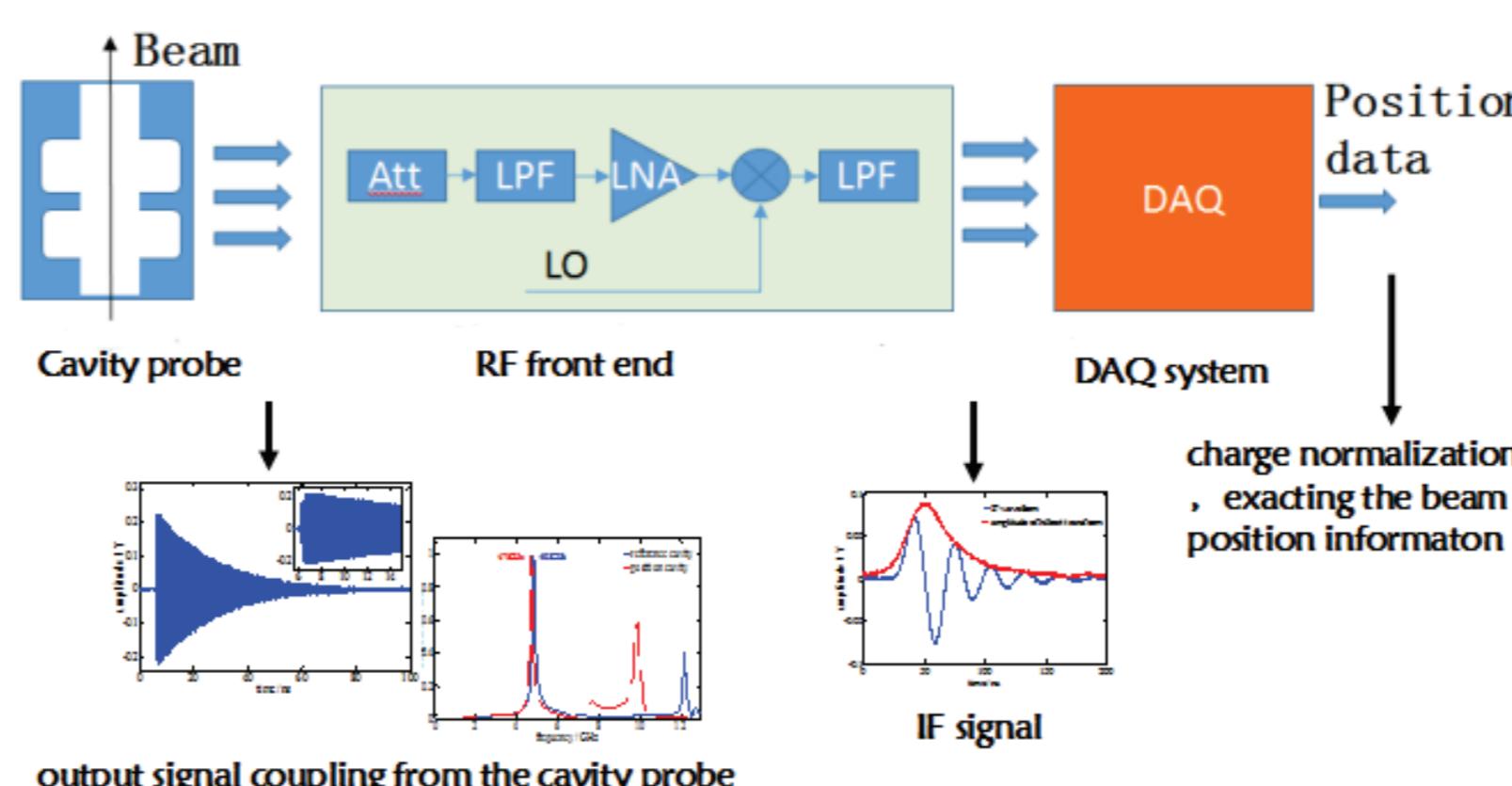
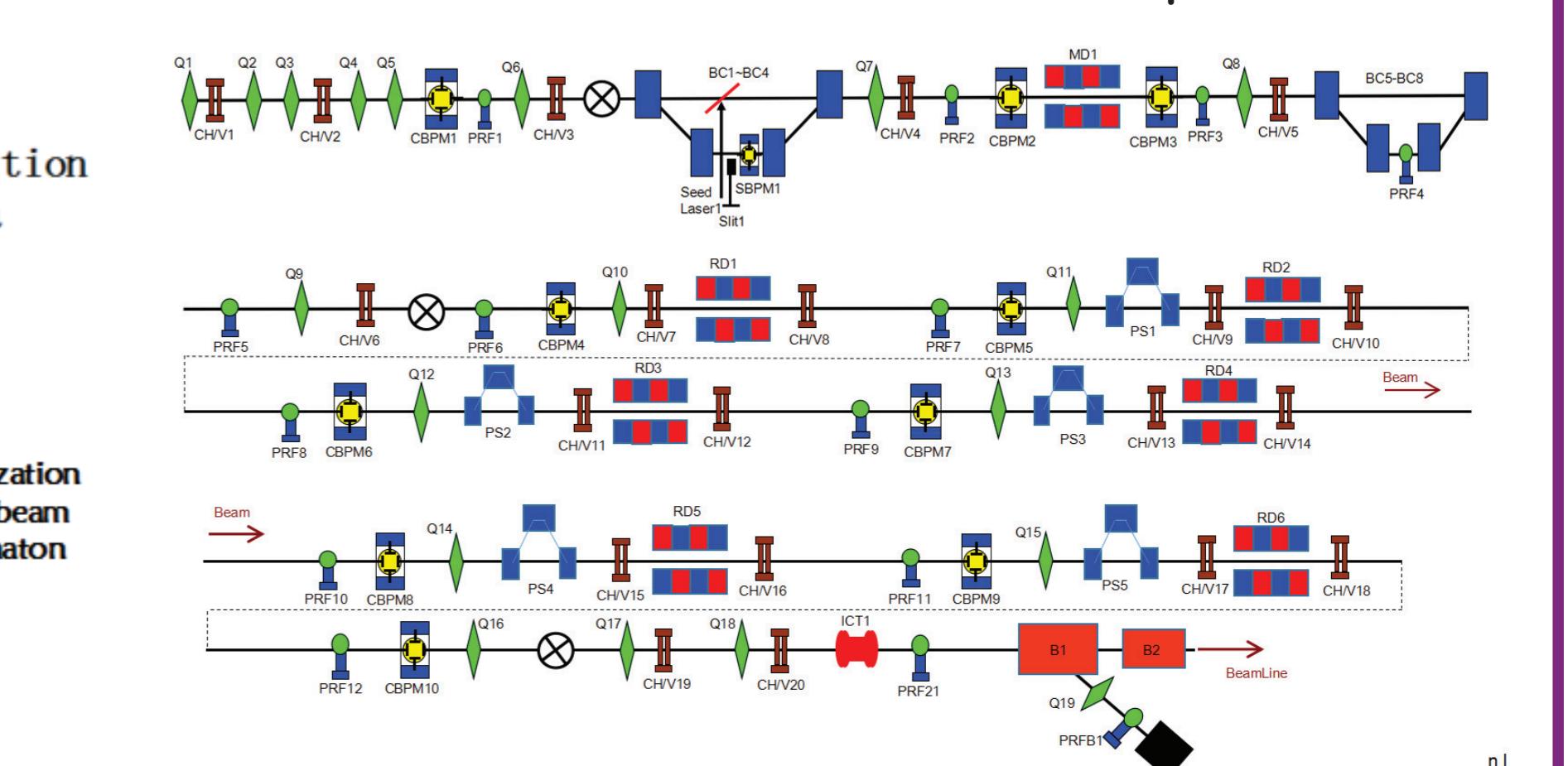


Diagram of the CBPM system



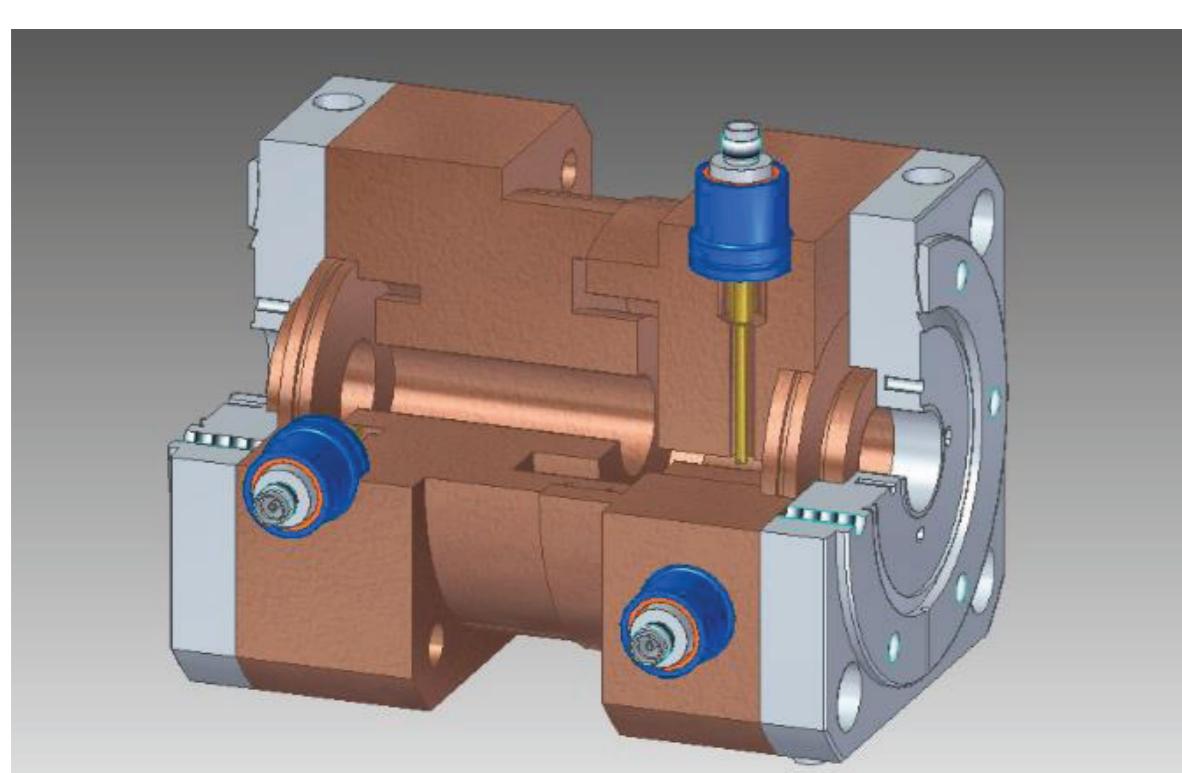
Schematic layout of CBPMs in the undulator section

## •Design and Fabricate of the cavity pick-up

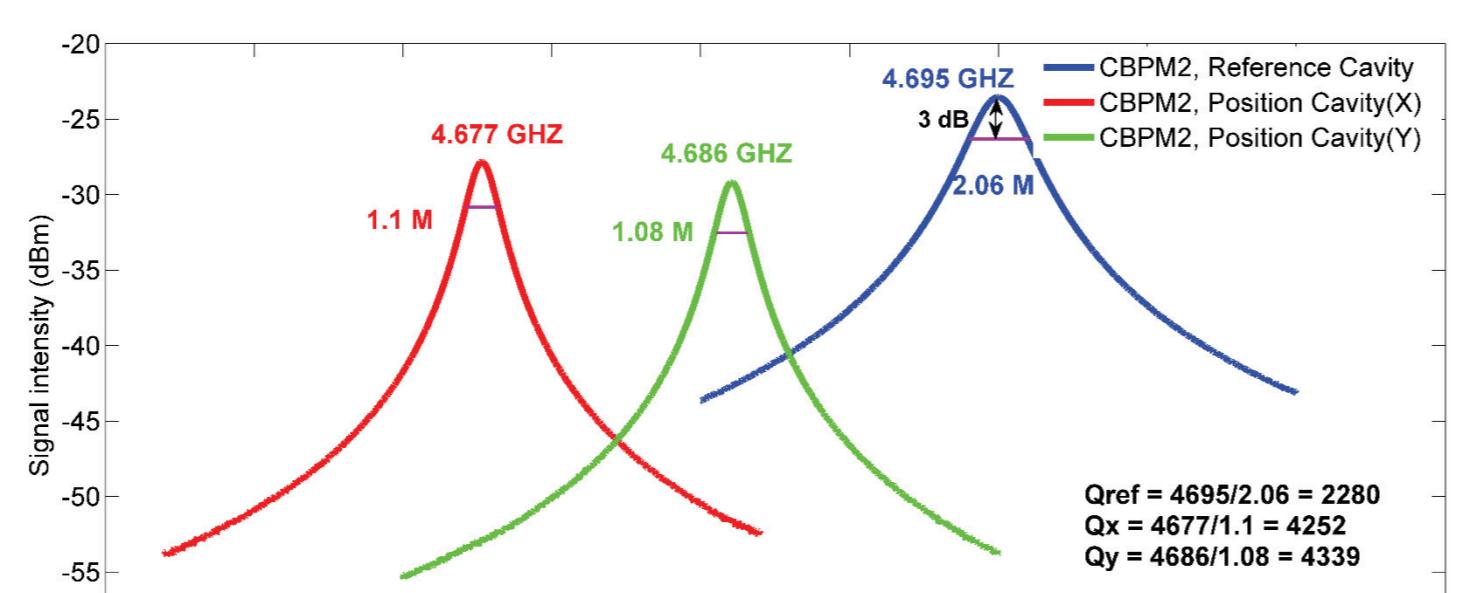
### Cavity Design

#### Design parameters of the CBPM

Parameters	TM110	TM010
Resonant frequency	4.70 GHz	4.70 GHz
Q factory	~ 8000	~ 8000
Number of ports	4(X:2, Y:2)	2



### Cold Test



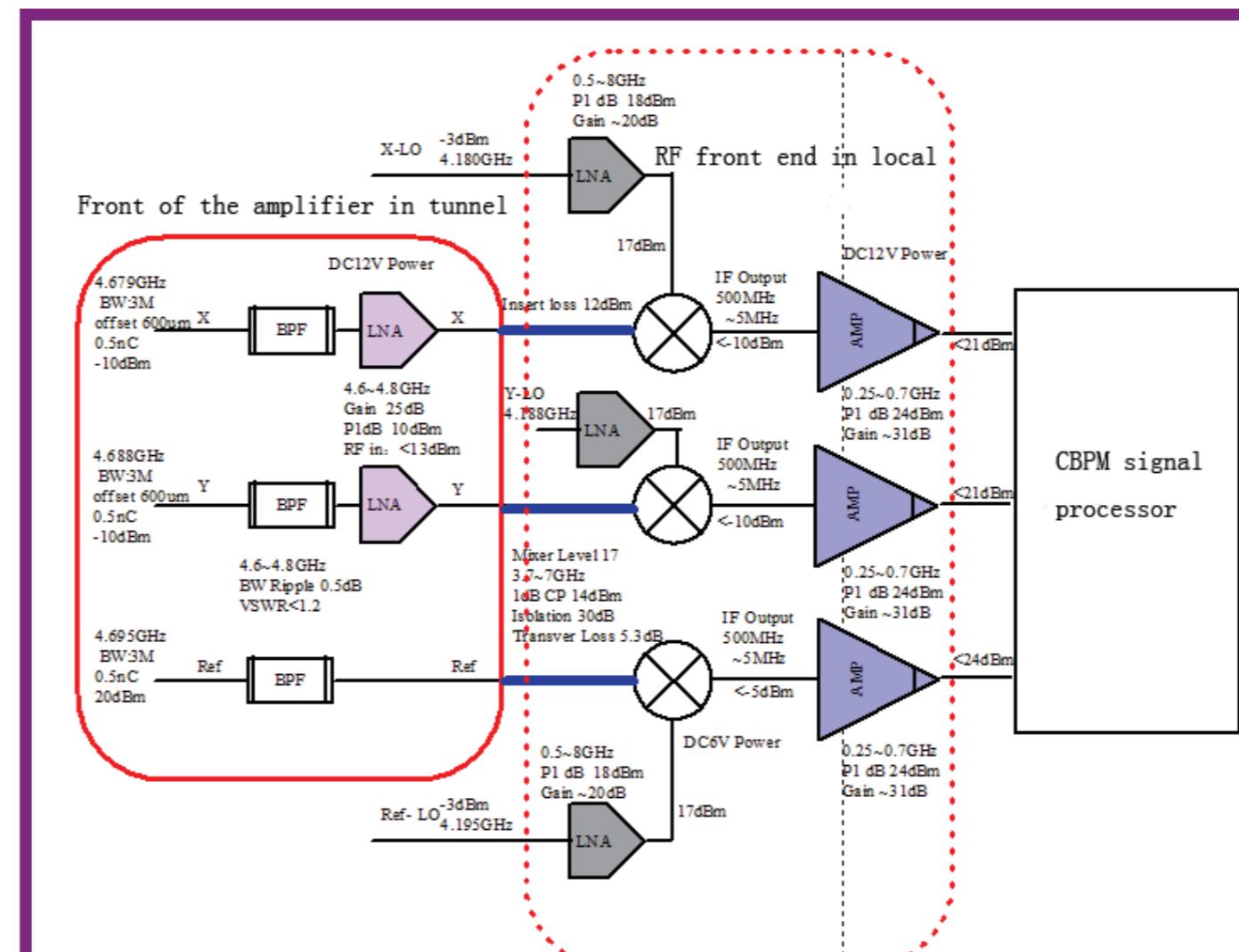
S21 parameter of the CBPM2 measured by network analyzer

#### Specification of the cavity processing

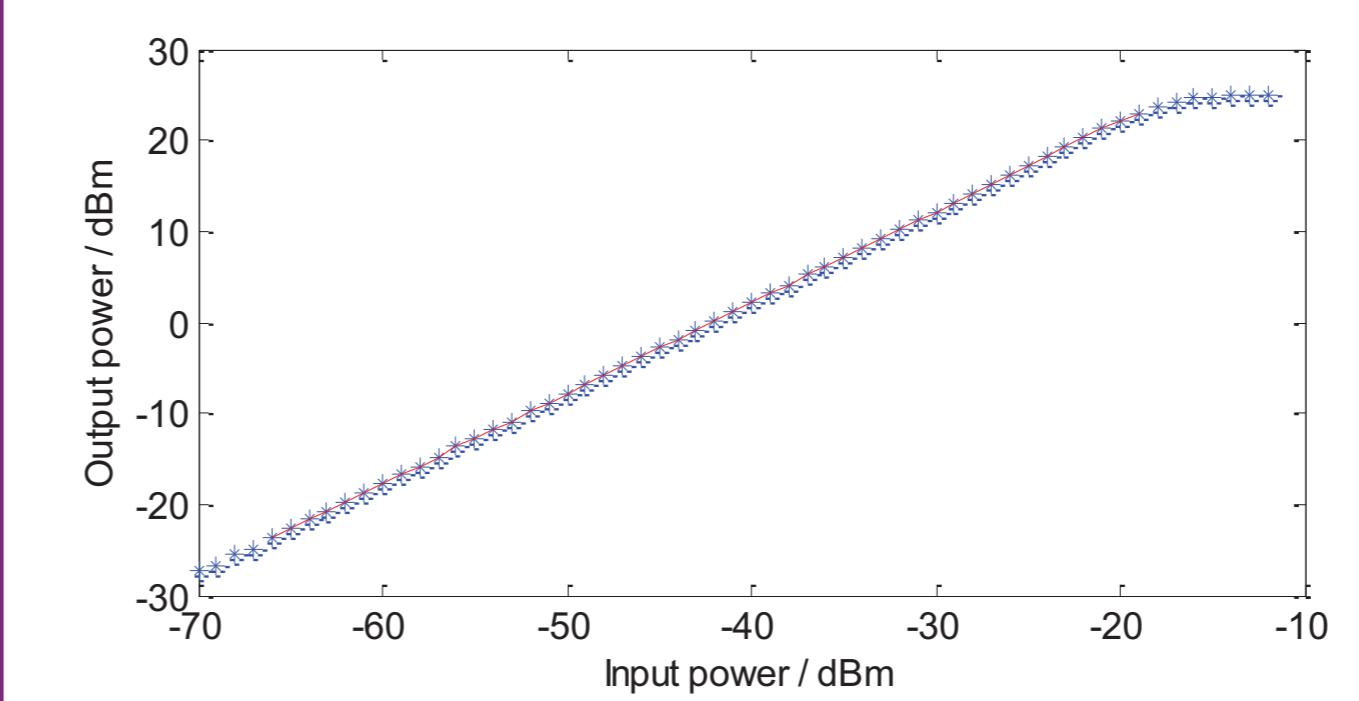
	Working frequency	Q factor
Reference cavity	4693 ± 3 MHz	2230 ± 10%
Position cavity(X)	4680 ± 3 MHz	4250 ± 10%
Position cavity(Y)	4688 ± 3 MHz	4250 ± 10%

Three sets of cavity prototype was processed and tested by network analyzer, and Combine with the designed parameters and processing technology, the specification of the cavity processing are determined.

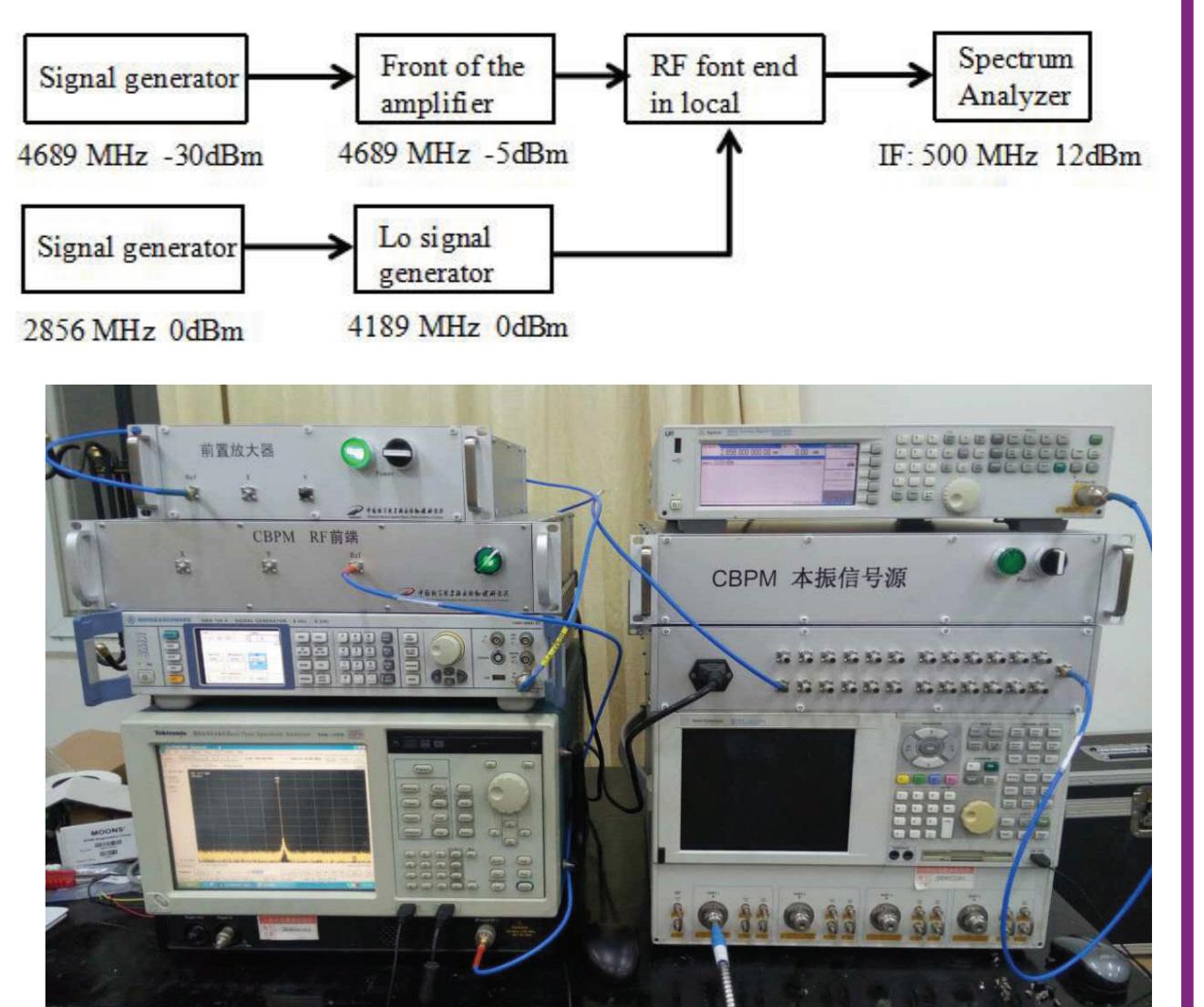
## •RF Front end



Two-stage amplifier structure is applied in the RF front end.



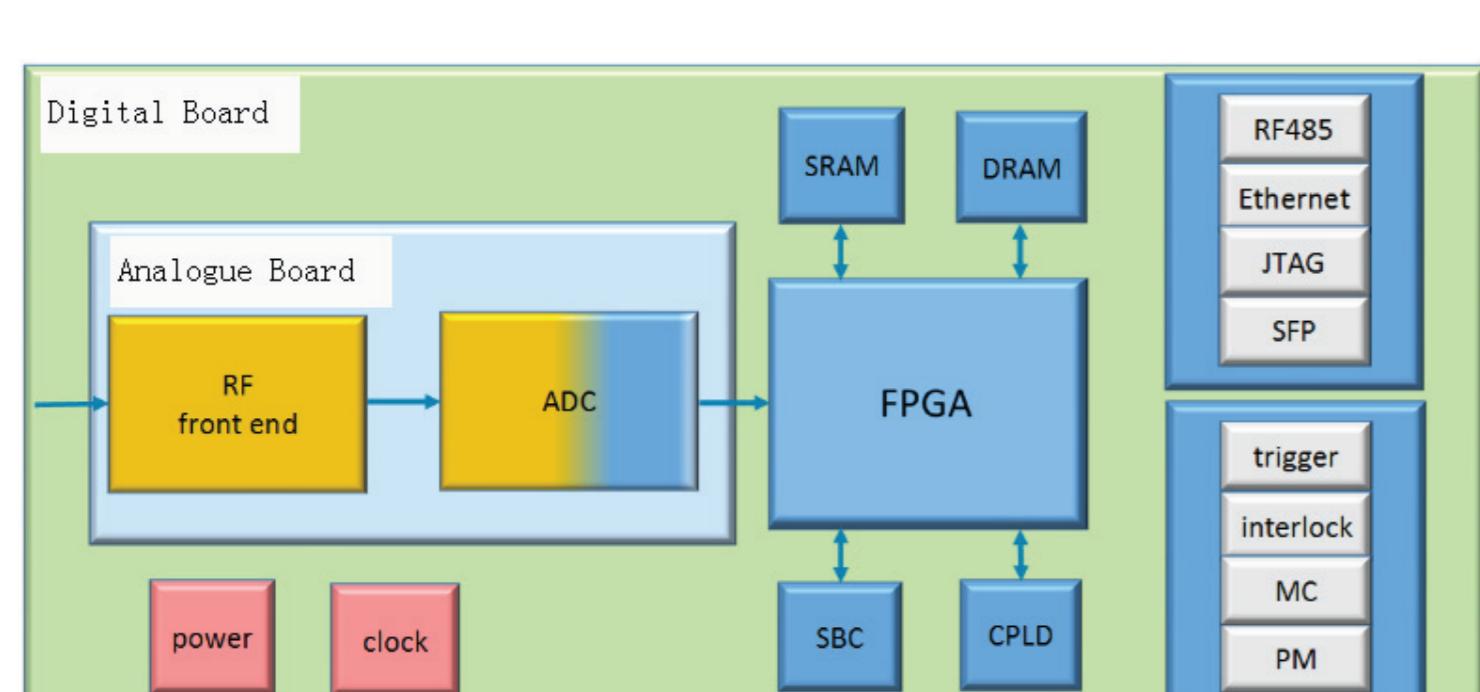
Gain line test of the whole RF front end



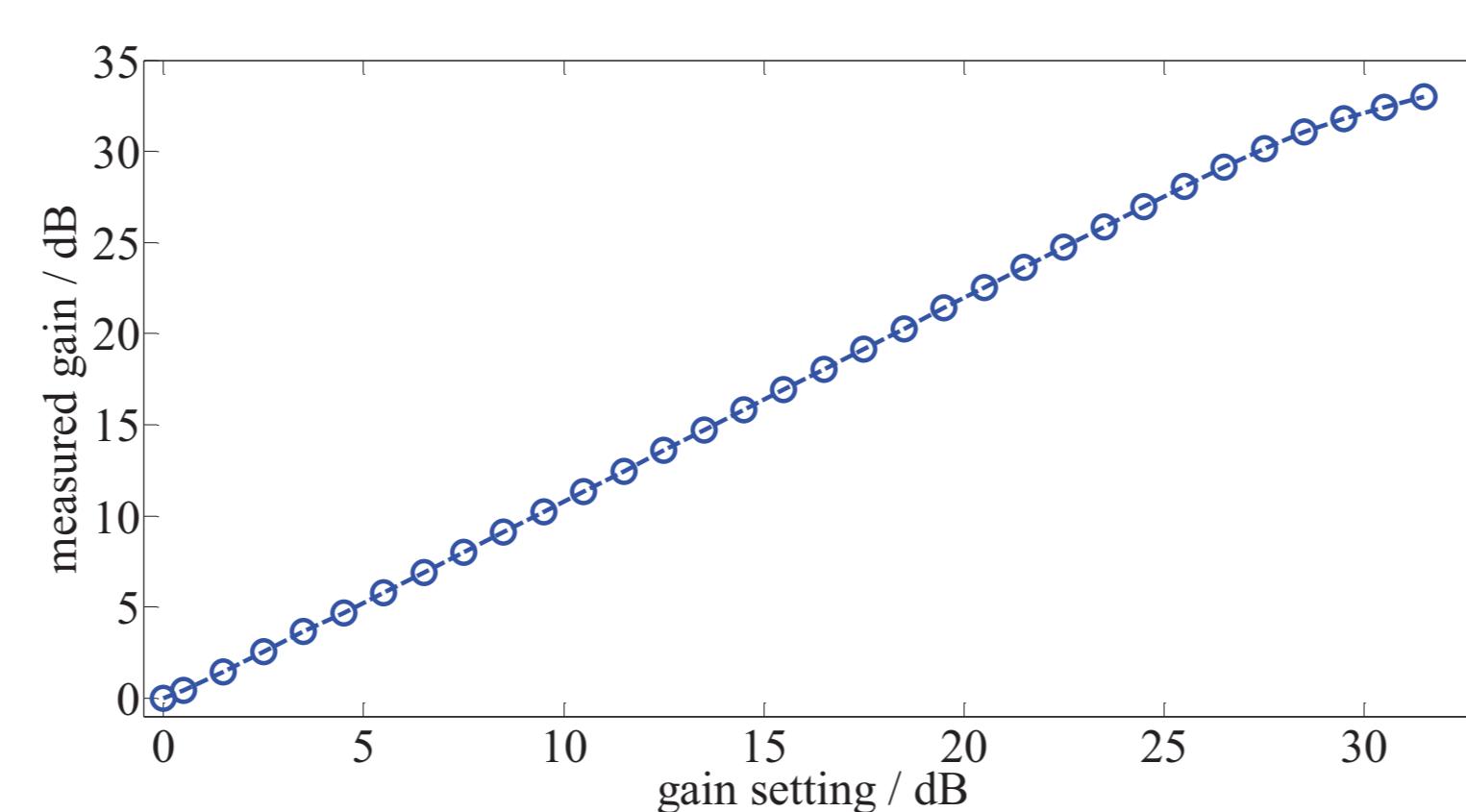
Tested in laboratory

- ◆ The test results are consistent with the design
- ◆ Considering the 12 dB attenuation of the cable between the two parts of the RF front end, the input power should be less than -7 dBm
- ◆ Good linearity in the effective working range

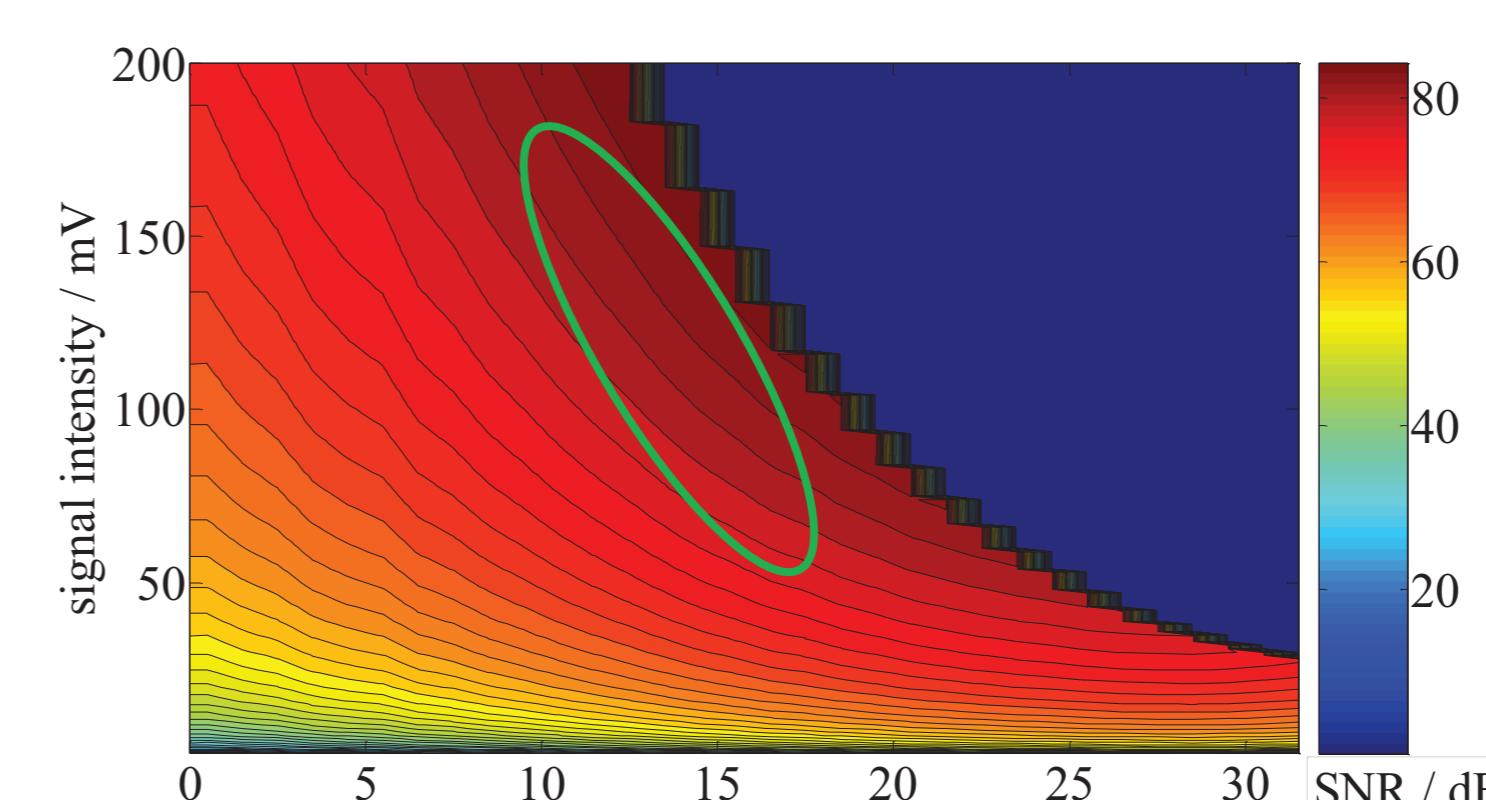
## •DAQ system



Simplified diagram of the DBPM processor



Gain line test result of the DBPM prototype

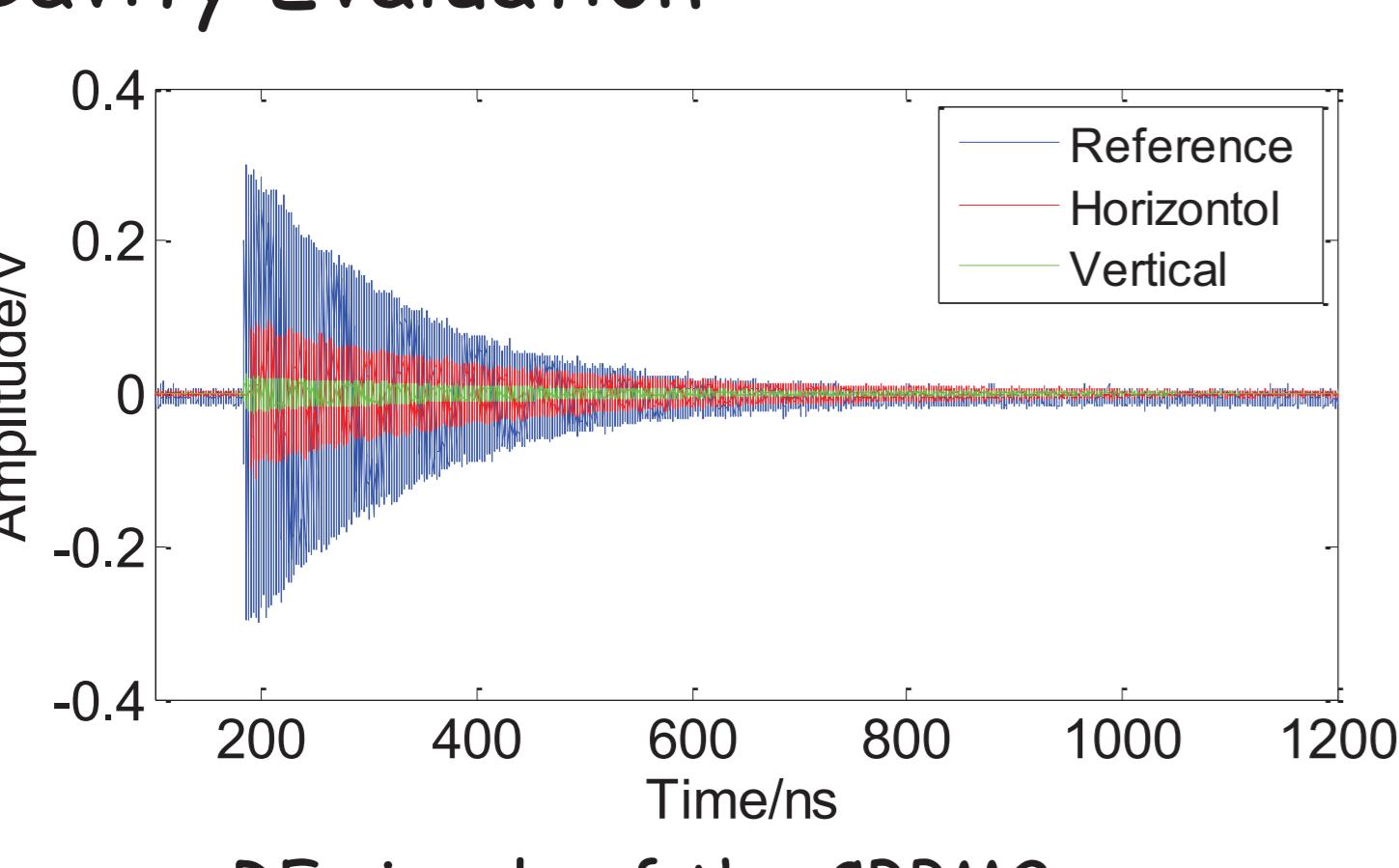


Mapping of the signal intensity and the gain setting of the DBPM prototype

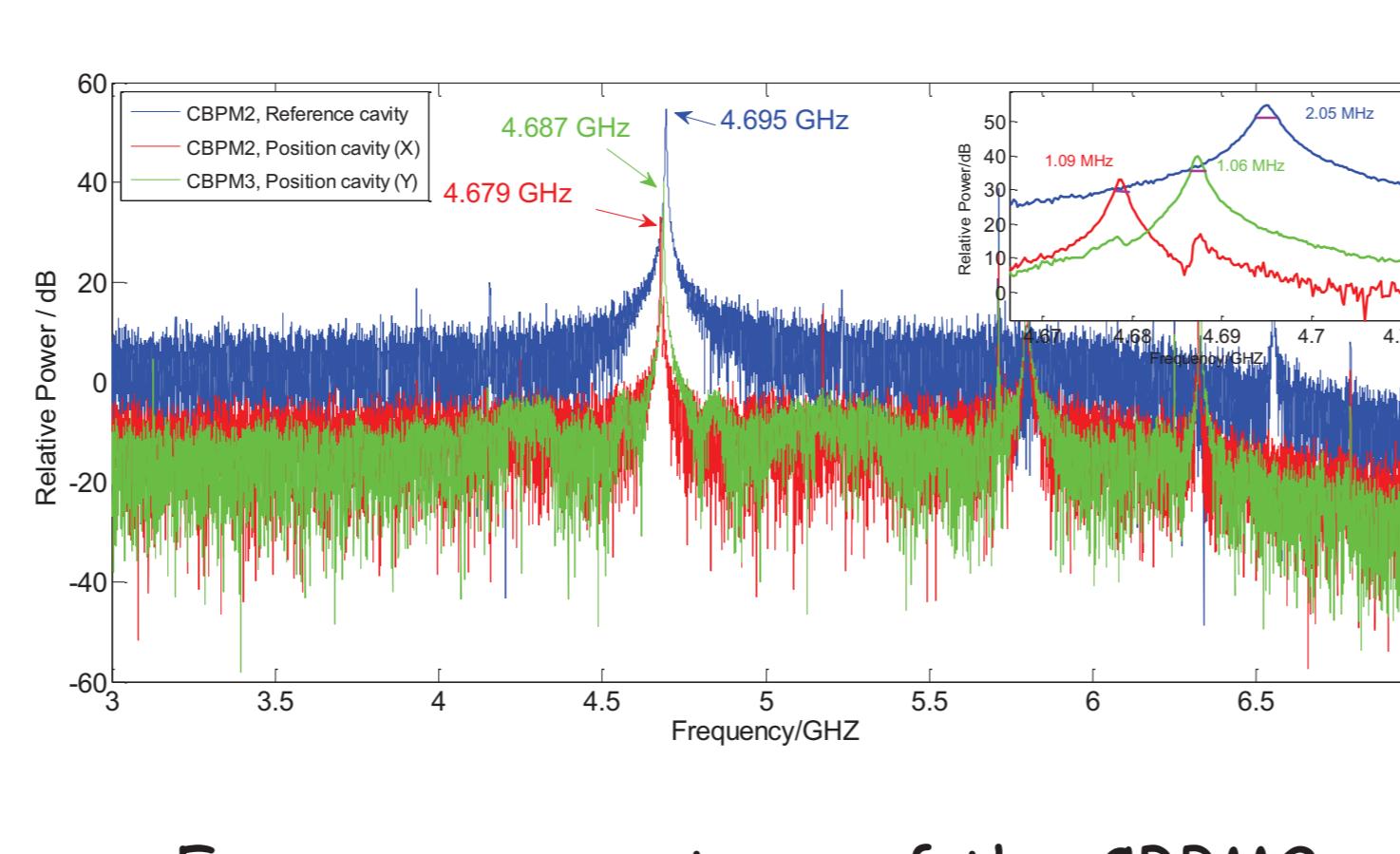
- ◆ The DBPM prototype has a better linear gain response
- ◆ The SNR is better than 75 dB when the intensity of the IF signal larger than 25 mVpp
- ◆ Can meet the requirement of the cavity BPM processor

## •Beam test at SDUV

### Cavity Evaluation

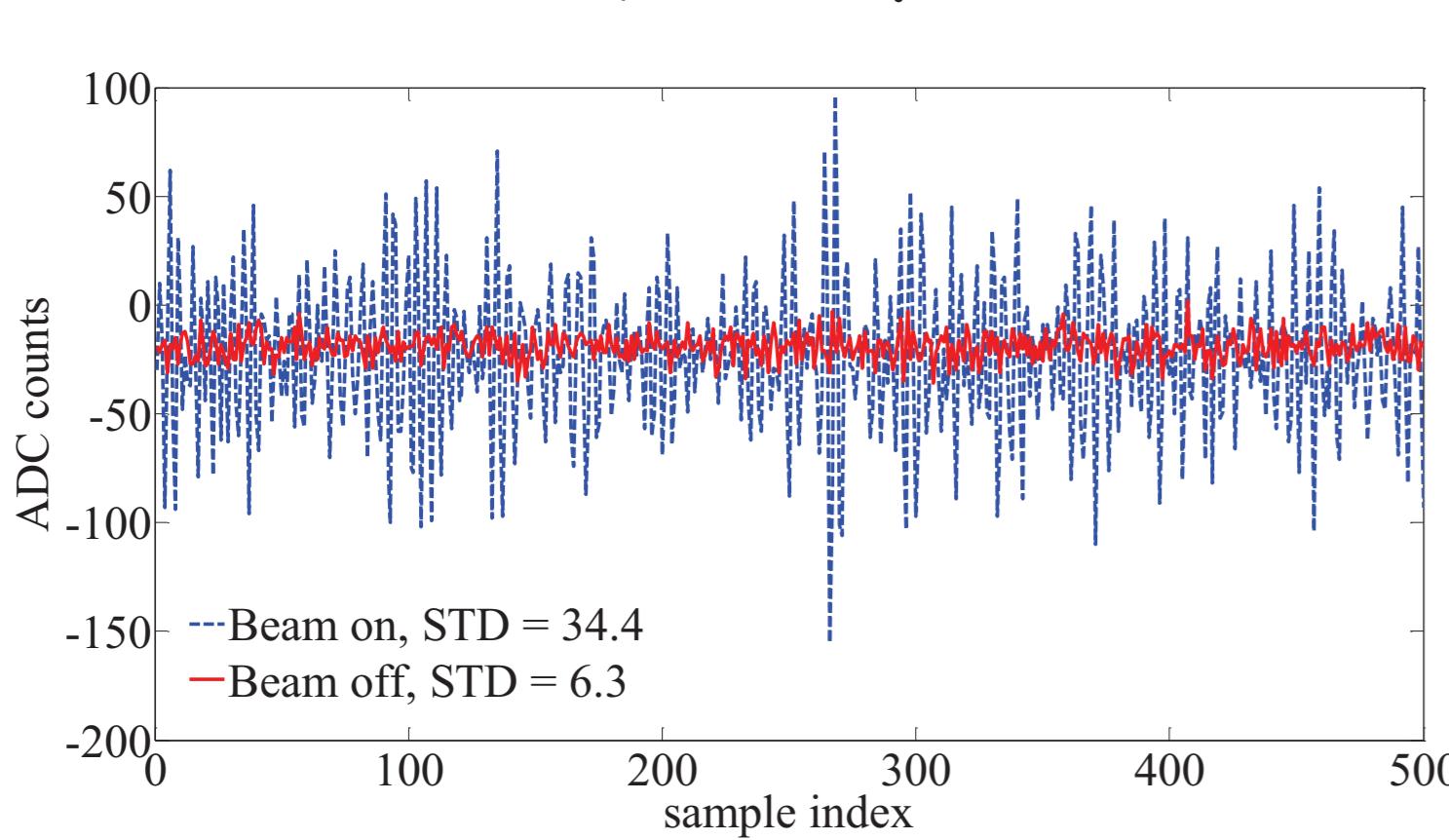


RF signals of the CBPM2

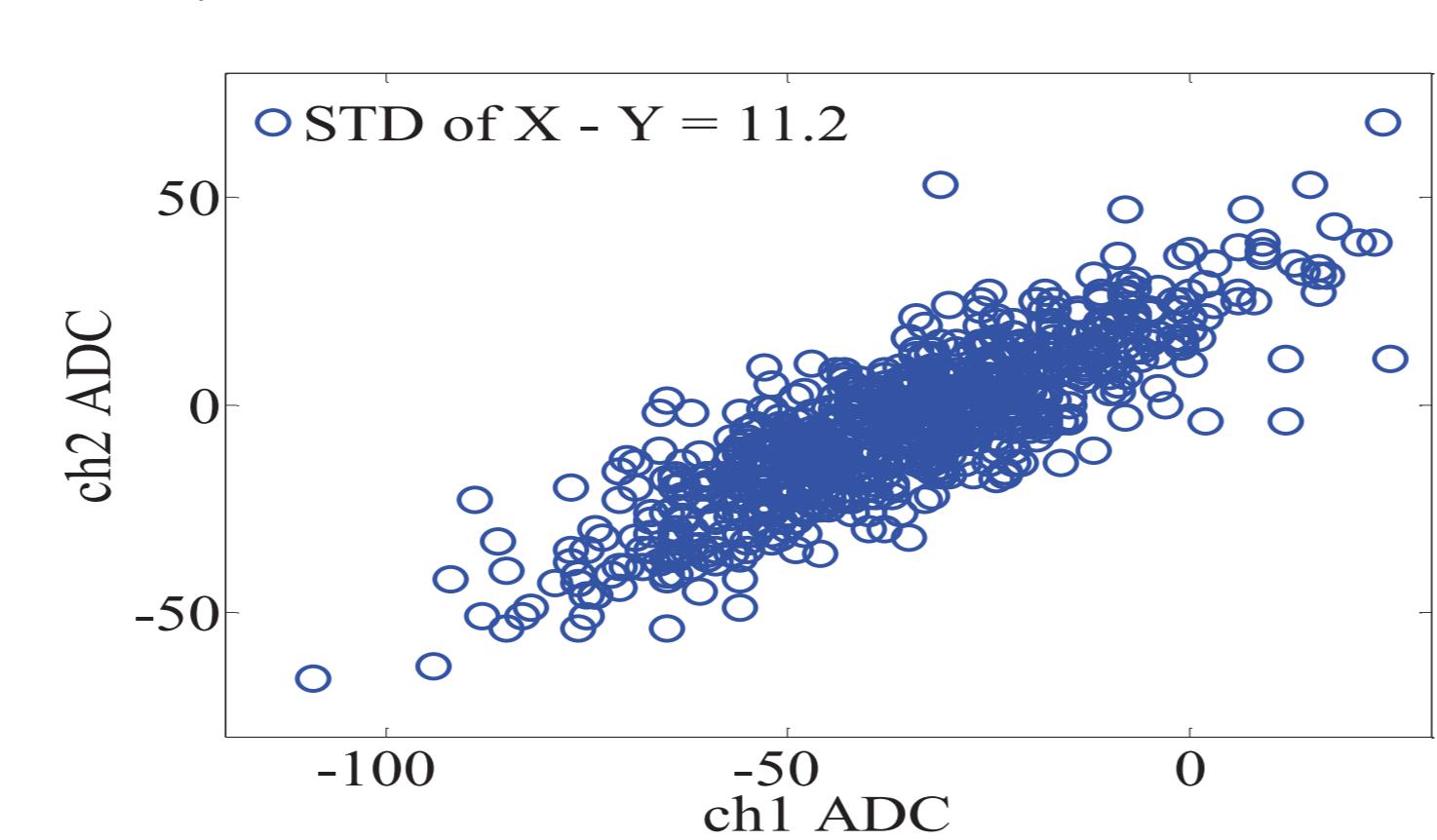


Frequency spectrum of the CBPM2

### Noise assessment of the CBPM system



The level of the noise when beam on and off



The linear dependence of the noise picked up by different channels

- ◆ The waves and frequency spectrum are consistent with expectations
- ◆ The results with beam are agree with the cold test very well
- ◆ The results of S21 parameter can be the acceptance standard for cavity batch process

- ◆ The amplitude of the interference signals with beam on is larger than the condition of beam off about 6 times
- ◆ The noise coupling to the system in the part of the RF front end

## •Conclusion

DCLS is under the commission stage, And the CBPM system in undulator section has been designed and preliminary test with beam also completed:

- Test results with beam in cavity pick-up evaluation are consistent with the cold test with S21 parameter, which can be the acceptance standard of the batch processing to meet the requirement of the project.
- The output signal amplitude of the RF front end should be optimized within 100~200 mV to get the best SNR.
- The electromagnetic shielding, grounded of the electronics and the test of the background noise should be considered in the scene of installation.