

國家同步輻射研究中心 National Synchrotron Radiation Research Center



13-17 SEPTEMBER 2015 MCEC MELBOURNE



The Role of Beam Diagnostic in the Fast Commissioning of TPS

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On behalf of the Control and Diagnostic Team NSRRC

Outlines

- TPS Timeline and Diagnostics System
- Intensity Monitors
- Screen Monitors
- BPM System
- Feedback System
 - Orbit Feedback System
 - Bunch-by-Bunch Feedback System
- Synchrotron Radiation Monitors Visible Light, X-Ray Pinhole, Streak Camera, TCSPC, ...
- Beam Loss Monitor
- ➢ Summary

TPS Timeline

- 2007 Mar. Funding approval (230M USD Acc & Civil)
- 2010 Feb. Ground-breaking
- 2013 Oct. Phase I Accelerator installation started
- 2014 Aug. Phase I Accelerator system test and commissioning started
- 2015 Mar. Phase I Accelerator commissioning completed
 - up to 100 mA beam current with PETRA RF cavities & Optimization of basic machine parameters

2015 Apr. SRF, IDs and Beamline installation started
2015 Sep. Phase II commissioning with SRF, IDs and Beamline would start up to 500 mA beam current with Superconducting RF Insertion Devices Commissioning Beamlines Commissioning
2016 Open to users

Beam quality control, Top-up injection, high beam intensity issues

TPS Phase I Commissioning with Petra RF cavity

Linac & LTB Commissioning

- 2011 Linac (from Research Instruments) pre-test in test-site
- 2014 Jun. Moved to TPS site from March to June, 2014
- 2014 Aug. Permission to test
- **Booster Commissioning with hardware improvement**
 - Aug. 15 Hardware improvement ex: BR power supply overheat, kicker pulse residual field (5% to 0.5%)
 - Sep. First turn & multi-turn beam soon obtained after steering
 - Sep.~Oct. Re-alignment of chambers & magnet, individual dipole trim install
 - Nov. 12 Found relative permeability of pipes too large (1.2-2), uninstall for heat treatment
 - Dec. 11 finished pipes demagnetization (permeability <1.001) More than 50 ms survival beam.
 - Dec. 12 stored beam after RF on
 - Dec. 15 ramping tested and ramped to 2.5 GeV
 - Dec. 16 ramped to 3 GeV

Storage Ring Commissioning

- Dec. 24 extracted 3 GeV beam and found DC septum leakage field
- Dec. 29, accumulated beam at 1.5 GeV with kicker scan
- Dec. 30, extracted 3 GeV after enforcement of DC septum shielding and two more local correctors
- Dec. 31, 2014 5 mA stored beam, the first synchrotron light was observed

TPS Diagnostic Devices Overview

	LTB	BR	BTS	SR	Status	
BPM	× 7	60 +1	6	167+6		
Screen Monitor	5	6	4	2+3		
SRM (Visible + X-Ray)	-	2	-	2		
NPCT	-	1	-	1		
FCT	2	1	1	-		
ICT	1		2			
Beam loss monitor		Many		Many	Work in progress (PIN diodes, RadFET, Scintillator+PMT)	
Beam excitator	Aller Aller	H x 1 V x 1		H x 1 V x 2	BR: Magnetic shaker SR: Striplines	
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INTENSITY MONITOR

Layout of the TPS Intensity Monitors



Linac - WCM Measurement

Multi-bunch









LTB ICT Beam Test







Multi Bunch (Kicker Disturbance)

Booster Beam Intensity Observation by FCT

un-annealed chamber



annealed chamber





NbFeB magnet









Implementation of the DCCT IOC



Current Measured from DCCT



Filling Pattern (Bunch Current) Diagnostics and Control

 Filling Pattern
 BPM Pickups - Button Pick-up + Fast Digitizer (Oscilloscope, etc.) (Better than 1 %)
 Visible Light or X-ray: APD + TCSPC (>10⁶ Dynamic Range for Isolated Bunch)

Filling Pattern Control

Integrated with Control System for Filling Pattern Control



Filling Pattern Measurement at TPS





SCREEN MONITOR

Screen Monitor - LTB, Booster Synchrotron, BTS



Screen Monitor - Storage Ring



Screen Monitor Images

Screen image at Linac



Screen image at Booster



Screen image at SR scn4



Screen image at LTB



Screen image at BTS



Screen image at SR scn4



BPM SYSTEM

Summary of the BPM Types Used in TPS Project

		Chamber profile	Size (mm)	φ button (mm)	Kx/Ky (mm)	Remarks
Linac (0)	-	-	-	-		
LTB (7)		Elliptical	56 x 28	10.2	15.20/10.95	Libera Single Pass Brilliance
Booster (60)		Elliptical	35 x 20	10.7	8.25/9.66	Libera Brilliance Plus
BTS (6)		Elliptical	35 x 20	10.7		Libera Single Pass Brilliance
Storage Ring -Standard BPM (120 + 3)		Elliptical	68 x 30	7.4	13.8/12.73	Libera Brilliance Plus
Storage Ring -Primary BPM (46 - 3)		Racetrack	64 x 16	7.4	6.58/8.89	
IU22 (2 + 1)			68 x 20	7.4	8.99/9.63	
EPU48 (1)			68 x 8	< 5	~ 4/4	

Booster BPM: ADC

Button Signals (Single Bunch)



Button Signals (200 nsec Bunch)



Adjust kicker trigger delay so that the 2nd turn of beam would not overlap on the kicker residual tail



Booster BPM ADC data after Phase Alignment



First turn & Multi-turn

First-turn display GUI



9 turns sum of all BPMs. Beam loss along booster chamber uniform before demagnetized.



At early commissioning, linac modulator was not stable, energy drift could be observed from the first turn trajectory in horizontal.



Cable phase match :±3° Cable loss diff: less 0.1 dB

Booster BPM: TBT Data & Analysis



Measured beta Functions in both planes.



Dispersion Measured by Turn-by-Turn Data.

Provided by H. J. Tsai

Booster Tune Monitor and GUI

Booster Tune Monitor Block Diagram



Time (msec)

Time (msec)

Implemented on an dedicated EPICS IOC

Add waveform generator, excitation on/off control, Data, Time, Select BPM source,

Average, subtraction, persistence display, fraction tune, frequency,

Booster Tune Monitor



Booster tune monitor at injection





orbit brow-up +4/-2 mm in X-plane and +/- 1 mm in Y-plane during ramping

Orbit correction during ramping would be done in phase II commissioning

TPS Storage Ring BPM-Problems

- Cabling Problem
 - 1. Button B and C of two BPMs 04_4 & 17_7 were cross connected.
 - 2. The cables of BPM 24_4 and 24_6 were in wrong order.
- Calibration Problem:

The BPM sensitivity factors were incorrectly set to the configuration of the primary type BPM while they should have set to standard type configuration.



TPS Storage Ring Beam Stability from FA data

Before turbo-pumps turned off, 29 Hz dominated—girder vibration After turning off the pumps, the noise level was much decreased. Water turbulence in vacuum chambers is another source of noise.



Beam Based Alignment (BBA)

- By using any corrector magnet to position the electron beam at different position in quadrupole magnet.
- Determine the position which minimizes the orbit distortion when the quadrupole field is varied. (BPM-Quad center offset—BBA)

$$f(\theta_{cm}) = \frac{1}{166} \sum_{i=1}^{166} (x_i(+\Delta k) - x_i(-\Delta k))^2$$

 θ_{cm} : the strength of the corrector magnet $x_i(\Delta k)$: orbit after changing the quadrupole by Δk i: BPM index





Provided by C. C. Kuo

Interlock

- > BPM 10 kHz data used for interlock including position and angle
- ➢ 7 long straight line (EPU & IU) required first
- Interlock activate condition under discussion
- Functionalities test 4th quarter 2015



FEEDBACK SYSTEM

Feedbacks

SOFB	Apply during 4 th quarter 2015 with ID commissioning Updating rate at 10Hz
FOFB	Fast corrector installed in June 2015 Firmware under modification and test Planned to operate in 2016
Bunch-by-bunch	Preliminary beam test at January 2015. Hor. and Ver. kickers installed in June 2015 Commissioning on 4 th quarter 2015.

FOFB parameters:

- Corrector bandwidth ~ 300 Hz
- Vacuum Chamber bandwidth $\sim 500 \text{ Hz}$
- Noise suppression bandwidth ~300 Hz.







Infrastructure for FOFB



Prototype Bunch-by-Bunch Feedbacks

Filling Pattern



Bunch cleaning by feedback



Feedback OFF



growth/damping experiment at 90 mA



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Feedback ON



SYNCHROTRON RADIATION MONITOR

Layout of the Booster SRM Station

σ _y (mm)	1.5	0.1
σ _x (mm)	0.7	0.15
ε _y (nm-rad)	167	1
ϵ_x (nm-rad)	167	9
Energy (GeV)	0.150	3



SRM port A: Streak camera & CCD to measure visible light

Side-view of SRM port A





TPS booster synchrotron radiation profiles during energy ramping







Beam size change during ramping



Beam position change during ramping



Layout of the Storage Ring SRM Station



Streak

Cam era

Lead Shielding

Mirror

Beam size $\sigma_{x,y}$ and beam divergence $\sigma_{x',y'}$ for 1 % coupling. Natural horizontal emittance is 1.6 nm-rad.

$5_x (\mu m)$	$\sigma_{x'}$ (µrad)	$\sigma_{y}(\mu m)$	$\sigma_{y'}$ (µrad)
165.1	12.4	9.8	1.6
120.8	17.2	5.1	3.1
39.7	76.1	15.8	1.1
-	165.1 120.8 39.7	165.1 12.4 120.8 17.2 39.7 76.1	165.1 12.4 9.8 120.8 17.2 5.1 39.7 76.1 15.8

Side view of X-ray pinhole camera





X-ray Pinhole Camera Test for SR

Beam size larger then expected



Found that the mirror was moved so that focal length changed



After focus adjustment



Resolution measure by knife edge test ~ 5 um



Beam size change as beam current increased



Booster Beam - Streak Camera Observation

Before Linac optimization, side bunches (3 GHz) were observed. They would merge for synchrotron motion.



Single Bunch Mode

700 ps

Bunch length and phase variation during the energy ramping process. Bunch length changes around 85 psec, bunch phase change around 45 degree.





Storage Ring - Streak Camera Observation

Longitudinal instability before RF problem of amplitude loop found.





25 mA



30 mA

2015-02-03





59 mA

Longitudinal instability happened ~82 mA in multi bunch mode.



Bunch length as function of bunch current



Single bunch profile distortion for longitudinal impedance calculation.



BEAM LOSS MONITOR

Beam Loss Monitor (BLM)

Configuration of RadFET BLM system Configuration of dual PIN-diode BLM system



Summary

Work in progress

- 1. Phase II commissioning with SRF before delivery to users.
- 2. Final check of the interlock functionalities.
- 3. Prepare for bunch by bunch feedback system
- 4. Slow orbit feedback would be first provided this 4th quarter.
- 5. System integration test and firmware debug of the fast orbit feedbacks continues.

Summary

- 1. Diagnostics helps to improve subsystem, optimize machine and accelerate TPS commissioning.
- 2. Further modification and expansion continues during Phase II commissioning.





Acknowledgement

Many helps direct or indirect from diagnostics communities. IBIC2015 is the best occasion to express our deepest appreciations to You.

Especially help from Jean-Claude Denard, Gunter Rhem (DLS), Ubaldo Iriso (ALBA), T. Nakamura (SPring-8), Bob Hettel (SLAC), ...

Help from NSRRC machine groups is a key to success!