

Recent Production of Intense High Charge Ion Beams with VENUS

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- Recent VENUS performance
- How was the enhancement achieved
- Discussions and conclusions



VENUS: The first 3rd Generation ECRIS

B_{max} on axis: 4 T, B_r at chamber wall: ~2.2 T, operating at 28+18 GHz



First plasma in 2002.





Previous VENUS performance and Comparison

	VENUS 28+18 CH7	SECRAL	SuSI		
	$(\leq 2015, \leq 8 \text{ kW})$	24+18 GHz	24+18 GHz		
$^{16}\mathrm{O}^{6+}$	2.85	2.3	2.2		
O^{7+}	0.85	0.81	1.4		
$^{40}Ar^{12+}$	0.86	1.42	0.86		
Ar^{14+}	0.514	0.846	0.53		
Ar^{16+}	0.27	0.35	0.22		
Ar^{17+}	0.037	0.05			
Ar^{18+}	0.001				
⁷⁸ Kr ¹⁸⁺	⁸⁴ Kr				
Kr ²³⁺	0.088				
Kr ²⁸⁺	0.025				
Kr ³¹⁺					
$^{129}\mathrm{Xe}^{27+}$	0.40	0.92			
Xe ³⁰⁺	0.21	0.322			
Xe^{34+}	0.05	0.09			
Xe^{38+}	0.007				
²⁰⁹ Bi ³⁰⁺	0.31	0.71			
Bi ³⁶⁺	0.09	0.32			
Bi ⁴⁵⁺	0.018	0.049			
Bi ⁵⁰⁺	0.005	0.011			

(Quoted currents are in unit of emA)



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Recent VENUS performance and Comparison

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	VENUS	VENUS	SECRAL	VENUS			
	28+18 GHz	28+18 GHz		Improvement			
	(≤2015, 8 kW)	(~ 2016, 10 kW)	24+18 GHz	2016/2015			
¹⁶ O ⁶⁺	2.85	4.75	2.3	1.67			
O^{7+}	0.85	1.90	0.81	2.23			
⁴⁰ Ar ¹²⁺	0.86	1.06	1.42	1.23			
Ar^{14+}	0.514	0.84	0.846	1.63			
Ar ¹⁶⁺	0.27	0.523	0.35	1.94			
Ar ¹⁷⁺	0.037	0.115	0.05	3.11			
Ar^{18+}	0.001	0.004		4.0			
⁷⁸ Kr ¹⁸⁺	⁸⁴ Kr	0.77					
Kr ²³⁺	0.088	0.42		4.77			
Kr^{28+}	0.025	0.089		3.56			
Kr ³¹⁺		0.007		x			
$^{129}\mathrm{Xe}^{27+}$	0.40		0.92				
Xe^{30+}	0.21	Plasma	0.322				
Xe^{34+}	0.05	Ctal: 1:4.111	0.09				
Xe^{38+}	0.007	Stability!!!					
²⁰⁹ Bi ³⁰⁺	0.31		0.71				
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Remedy 1 VENUS thin edged plasma electrode insufficiently transported away the power generated by hot electrons





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Remedy: Thicker edge

















~ 10 kW, months of operations. Little corrosions

















Easily for $T \uparrow 150 \ ^{\circ}C$ and then $350 \ ^{\circ}C$.











a). The previous plasma chamber cooling scheme aligned a water channel with ~ 2 mm thick wall right on a plasma flute (red colour).





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 $P_e \uparrow 100$ W/cm^2 .Easily for $T \uparrow 150 \, {}^{0}C$ and then $350 \, {}^{0}C$.Plasefh

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 H_2O supply $P_{e} \uparrow 100$ Return channel channel W/cm^2 . Plasma Plasma Easily for chamber Return chamber *T* ↑ *150* ^{*0*}*C* H,O channel supply and then channel Plasma 350 °C. Plasma **30**⁰ flute flute **a**) **b**) 2 mm

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Two bottles of icy coke were betted on this scheme



A good microwave coupling scheme should:

- Transport microwave power with minimum loss;
- Minimize power reflection.



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Plasma Chamber



Very small diameter



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> *TE*₀₁ straight waveguide Ø 31.8 mm Dan Xie, ECRIS2016-THAO01, Busan, Sept 1, 2016



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> *TE₀₁ straight waveguide TE Ø 31.8 mm* Dan Xie, ECRIS2016-THAO01, Busan, Sept 1, 2016

 $TE_{01} taper transition$ $exit \ \emptyset \ 20 mm$



 TE_{01} straight waveguide TE_{01} taper transitionØ 31.8 mmexit Ø 20 mmDan Xie, ECRIS2016-THAO01, Busan, Sept 1, 2016





*TE*₀₁ straight waveguide *TE* Ø 31.8 mm Dan Xie, ECRIS2016-THAO01, Busan, Sept 1, 2016

*TE*₀₁ taper transition exit Ø 20 mm



Magnetic Field Configurations



1111111

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Magnetic Field Configurations



Lower B_{ext} and B_{min}

<u>Careful and patient source</u> <u>tuning is very crucial for</u> demonstrating the source potential, just like F1 race: <u>A Great Car</u> and <u>A Good Driver</u>!

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Magnetic Field Configurations



Previous



Present Lower B_{ext} and B_{min}

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Magnetic Field Configurations



Previous



F1 Driver: W. Lu F1-Car

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Bext

opera

20

Magnetic Field Configurations



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F1-Car



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 $I_q \propto n_q/\tau_q \propto P_{\mu}$

























Bremsstrahlung Radiations









Bremsstrahlung Radiations









Bremsstrahlung Radiations



Dynamic equilibrium.

Power comes in has to go out. Dan Xie, ECRIS2016-THAO01, Busan, Sept 1, 2016







Bremsstrahlung Radiations



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The beam intensity is flat over 5 hours except a few trips. It should work like this for days and weeks if all inputs kept stable.

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Discussions and conclusions

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- The recent enhanced VENUS performance has demonstrated its unexplored potential and the importance of source engineering, such as the plasma chamber cooling is very crucial to maximize the production of intense and highly-charged ions;
- The enhancement came from a combination of the modifications discussed. However we do not know which of the remedies contributes most to the enhancement, due to that we did not explore thoroughly one by one;
- Tests are continuing for other ion beams. We plan to further test two more different sizes, Ø15 and Ø25 mm, of the 28 GHz coupling waveguides to determine a better coupling the 28 GHz microwaves to VENUS.
- Even though so far no any conclusive evidence supports the role of the microwave mode in the ECRIS performance, investigation of the effects of TE_{01} and TE_{11} microwaves has also been planned for future developments.



