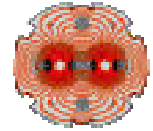


Design, Construction, Installation and first Commissioning Results of the LHC Cryogenic System

Serge Claudet (CERN, Geneva)

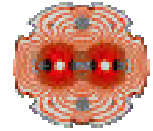
*On behalf of the “Cryogenics for Accelerator” group
and the hundreds of people involved*

Thanks to contributors



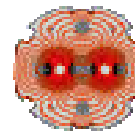
- A. Ballarino
- Ch. Balle
- J. Casas
- J-P. Delahaye
- G. Ferlin
- Ph. Gayet
- Ph. Lebrun
- F. Millet
- C. Parente
- G. Riddone
- L. Serio
- L. Tavian
- R. Van Weelderen
- B. Vullierme
- U. Wagner

Content

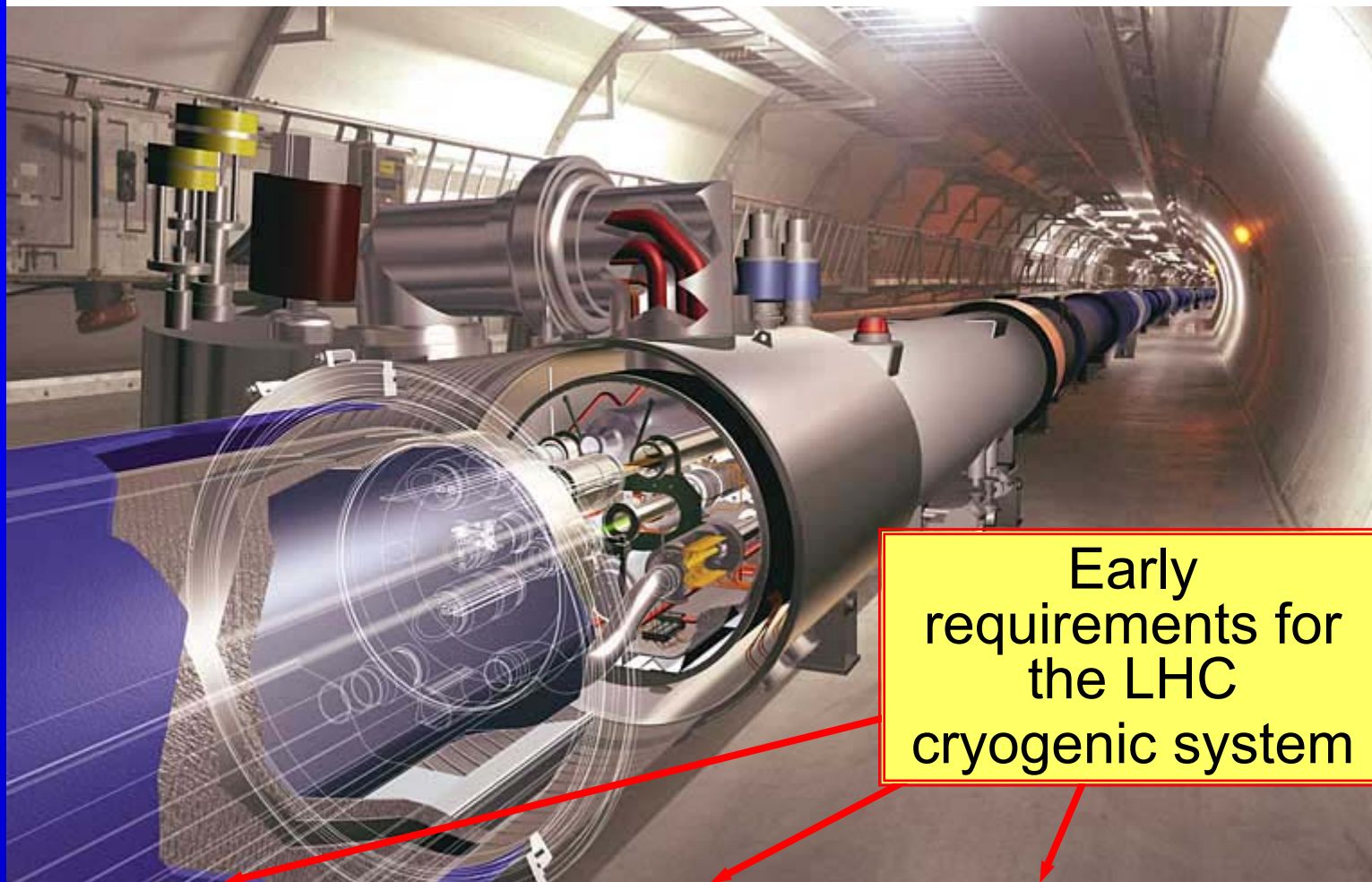


- Introduction
- Design challenges and R&D outcome ^{90ies}
- Procurement, Construction & Installation ^{'98 - '06}
- First commissioning experience ^{'02 - '06}
- Main problems encountered
- Considerations for new projects
- Conclusion

LHC accelerator



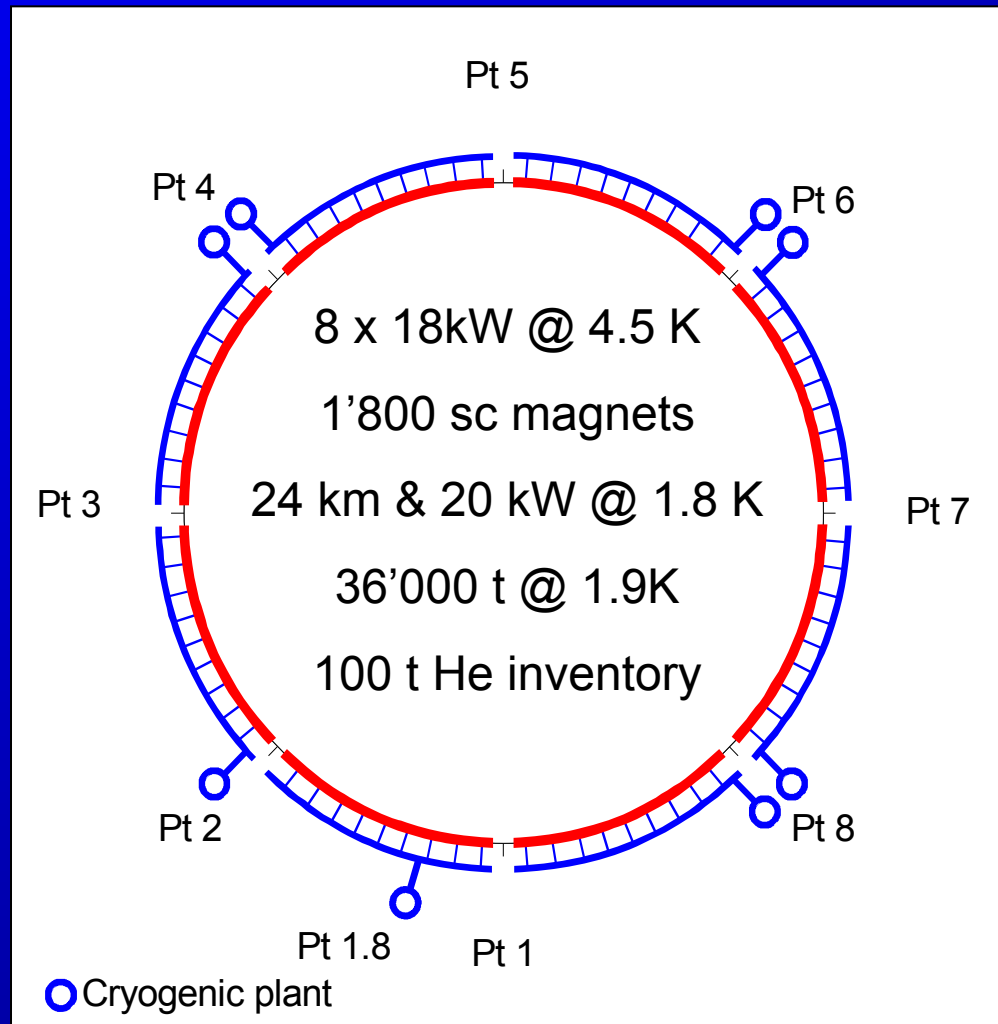
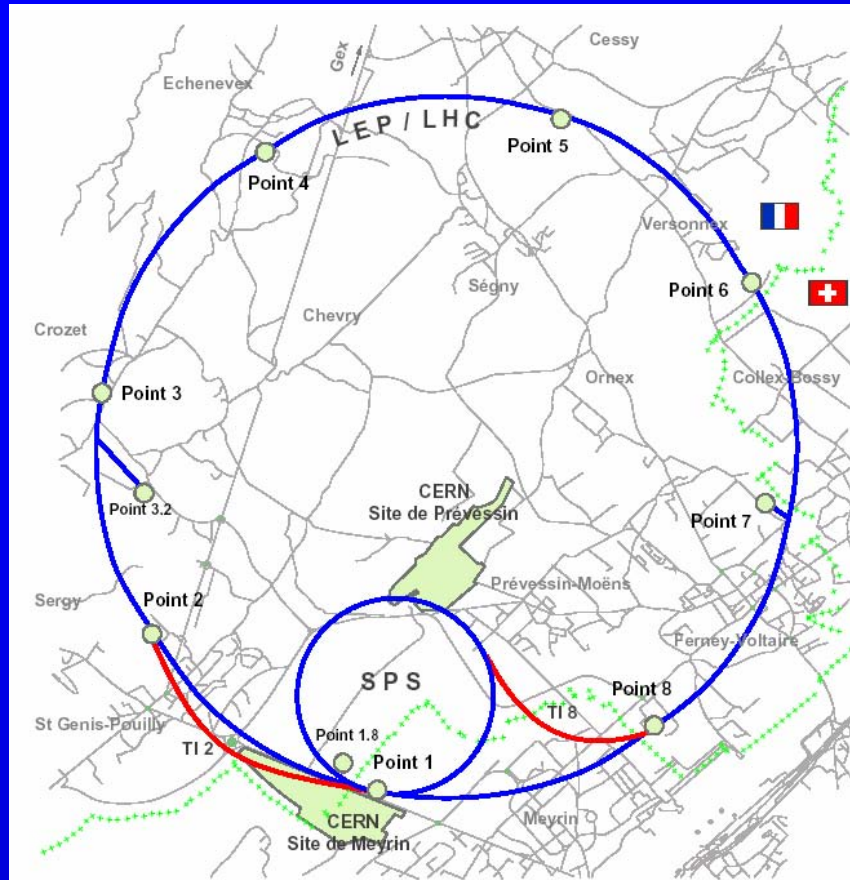
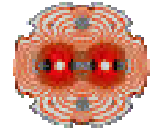
p-p collision $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$, 14 TeV, 0.5 GJ stored energy



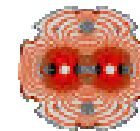
Early
requirements for
the LHC
cryogenic system

24 km of superconducting magnets @1.8 K, 8.33 T

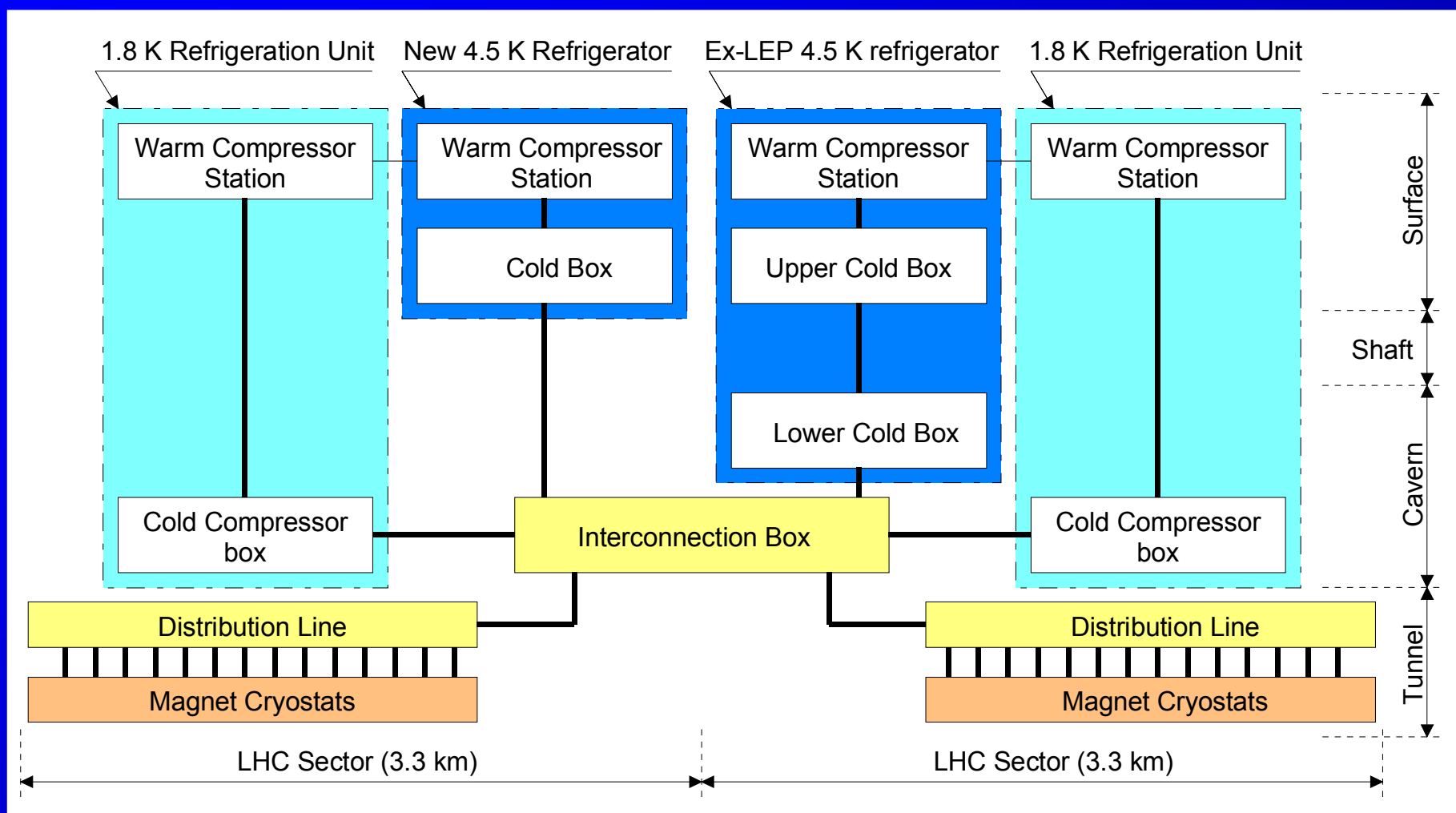
Layout of cryogenics



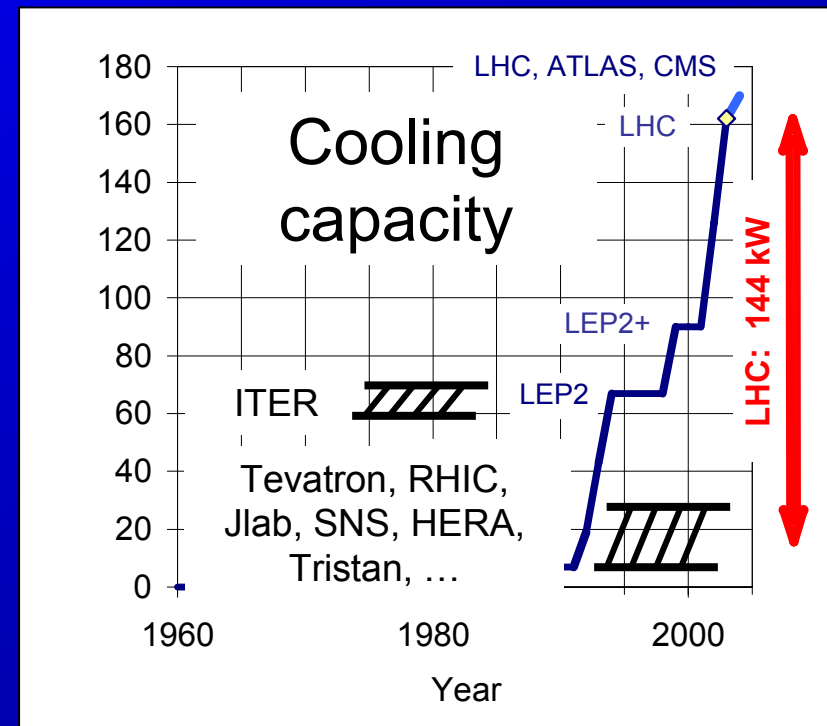
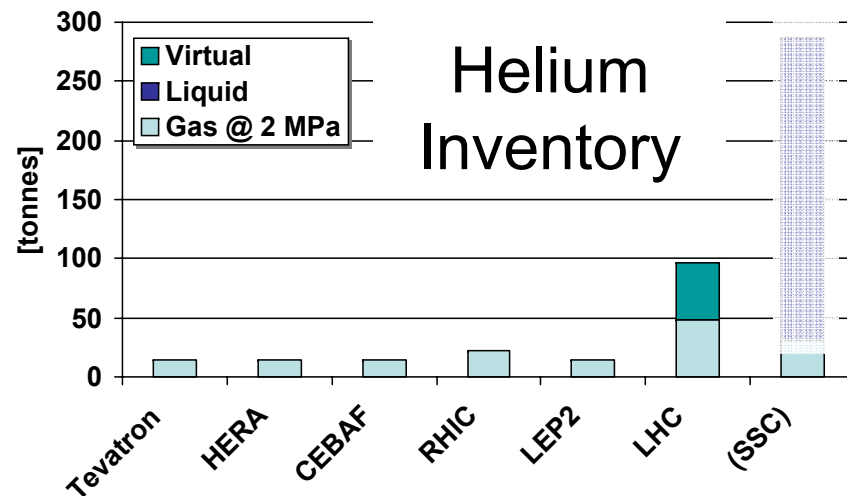
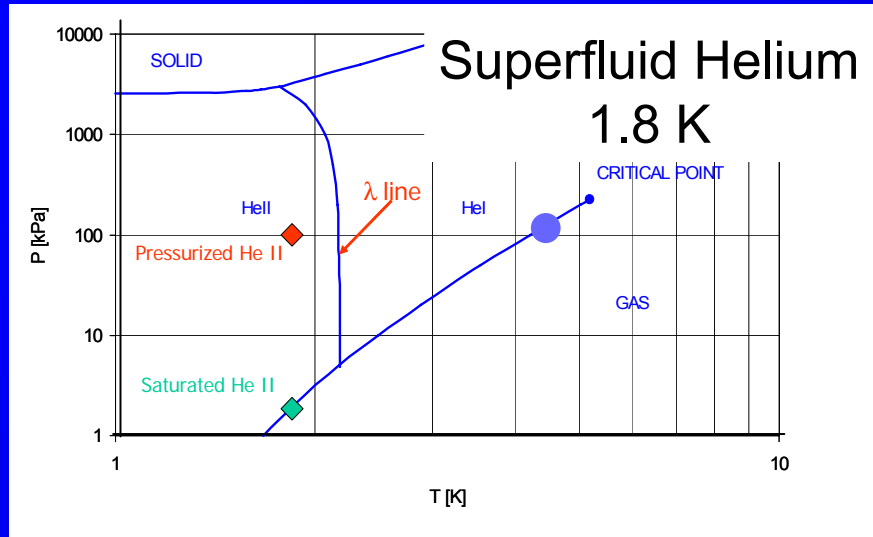
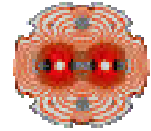
Cryogenic architecture



Typical LHC even point

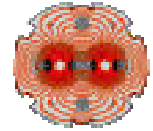


How does it compare ?



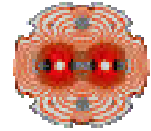
Unprecedented !

Design

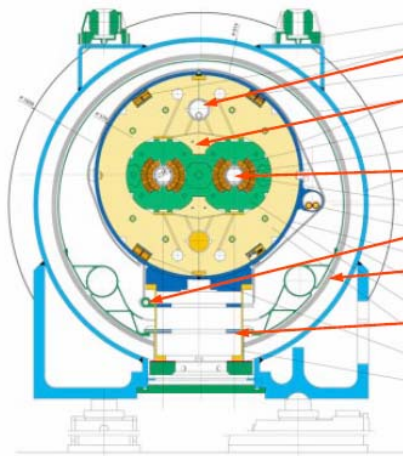


- Site constraints and general concerns
- Early heat load inventory and follow-up, periodic update of cryogenic architecture
- Components and system R&D:
 - Early industry involvement
 - Dedicated tests facilities

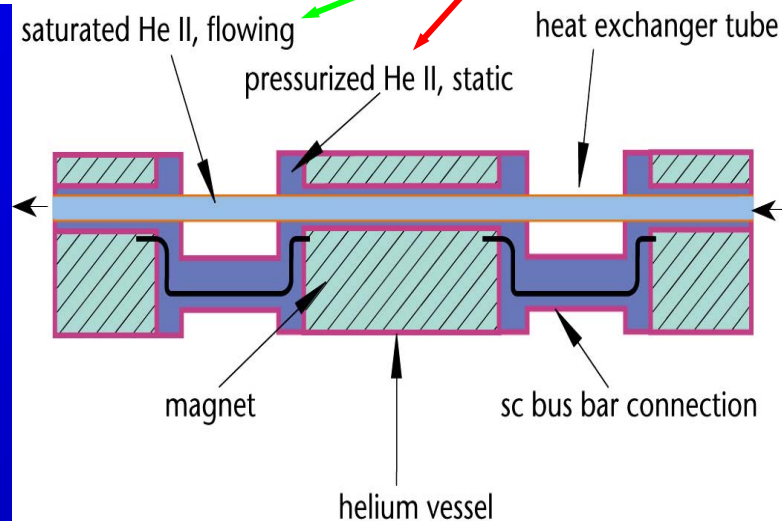
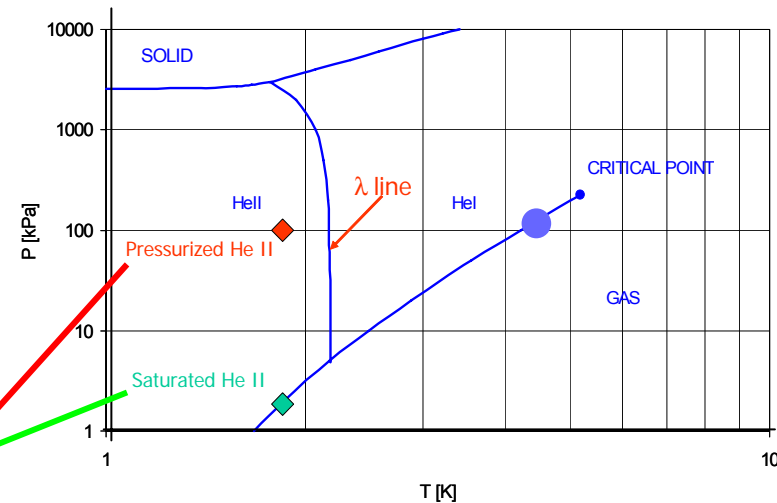
Magnet cooling scheme



LHC DIPOLE : STANDARD CROSS-SECTION

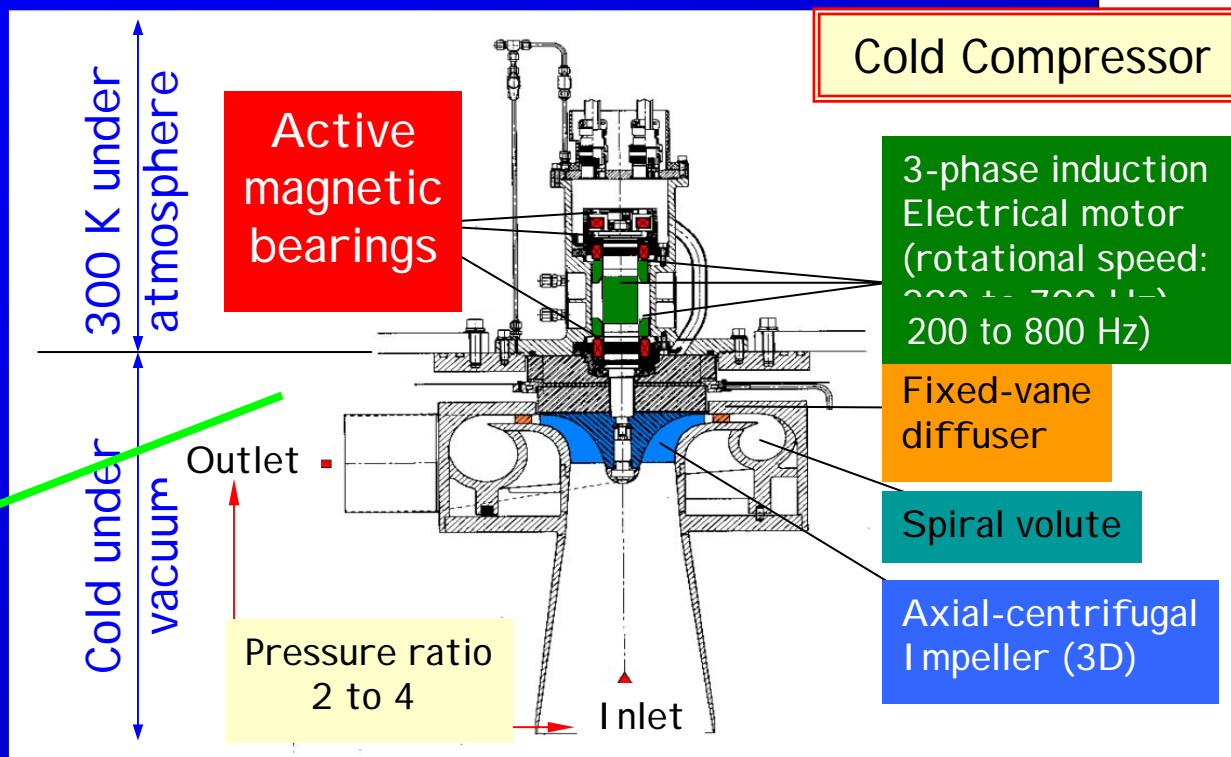
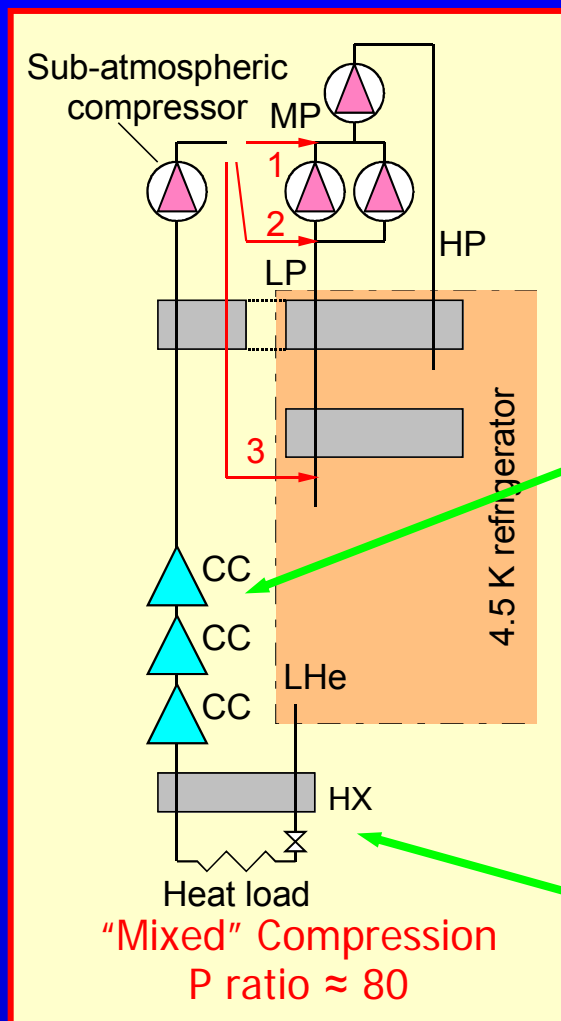
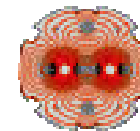


- Two-phase He @ 1.8 K
- Pressurised He @ 1.9 K (~ 20 ltr / m)
- Beam Screen @ 4.6-20 K
- Heat intercept @ ~4.5 K
- Radiation Screen @ 50-65 K
- Heat intercept @ ~ 50 K



Thermo-hydraulics
of two-phase flow
in He II
(and limitations!)
($\approx 1\text{W/m}$)

1.8 K issues



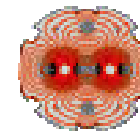
CC:

- 3D wheels
- Bearings (300K)

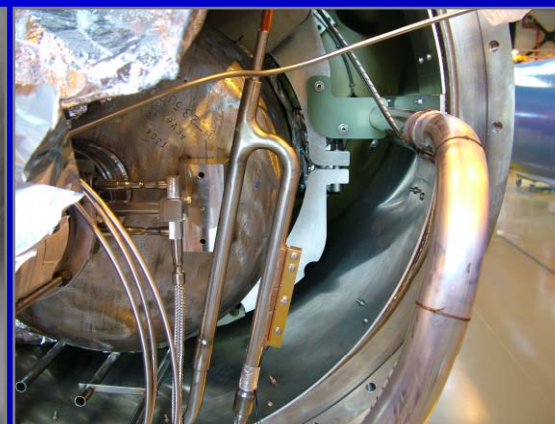
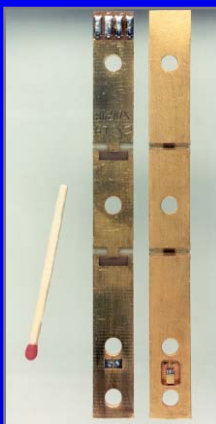
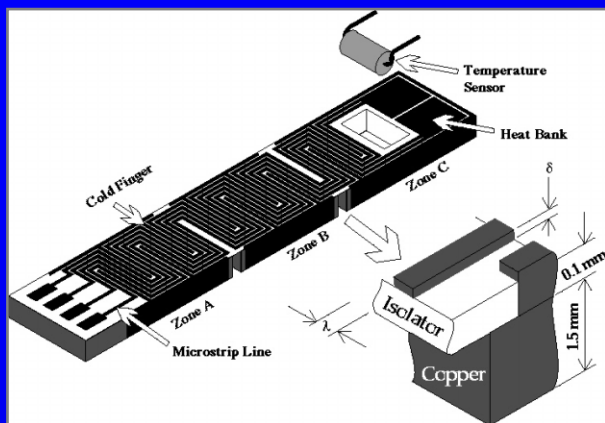
HX:

- Very Low Pressure

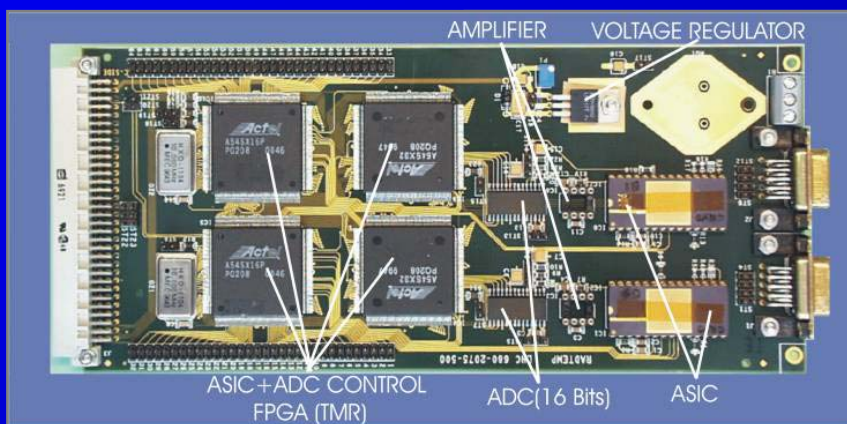
Thermometry



6'000 units, +/- 10 mK @ 2K in LHC radiation conditions



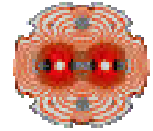
From 'sensor' to 'thermometer' with signal processing



S. Claudet - EPAC'06 Edinburgh

LHC Cryogenic system: 1st experience

Other R&D examples



- HTS current leads

Total: 3.4 MA
1200 units
600-6000-13000 A
BSCCO 2223



- Thermal design:

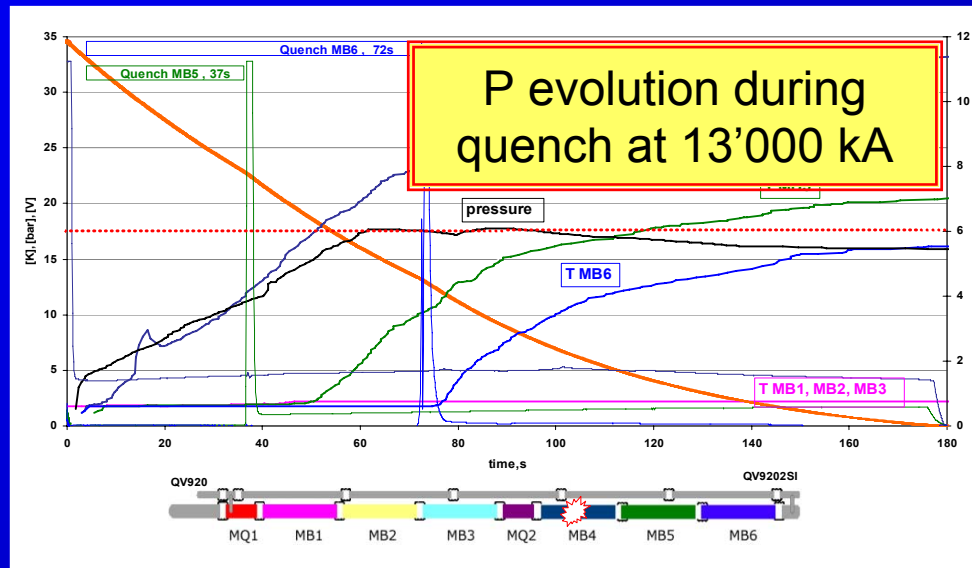
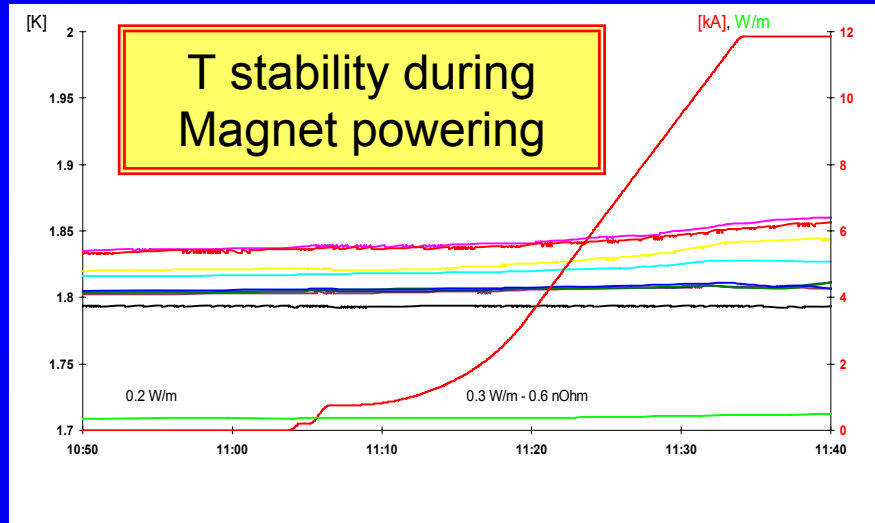
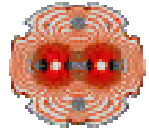
- Low temperature insulation
- Heat intercept techniques

- Safe cryo-magnets resistive transition:

- Cascade: cryostat - cold recovery header - MP tanks
- Specific cold safety relief valves

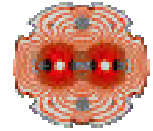


LHC test string



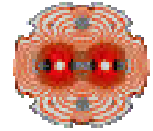
More than 20'000
hours of operation of
the LHC Test Strings

Procurement



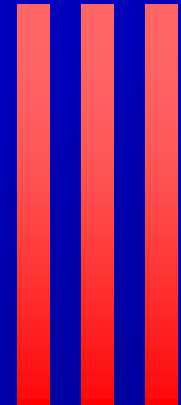
- Sub-systems by type of functionality:
 - CERN to define interfaces and required performance
- Great majority procured from industry:
 - Competitive performance based tendering
 - Detailed studies, manufacturing, site installation, commissioning, performance assessment
- Separate management of general services:
 - Interconnecting piping, controls

Construction phase



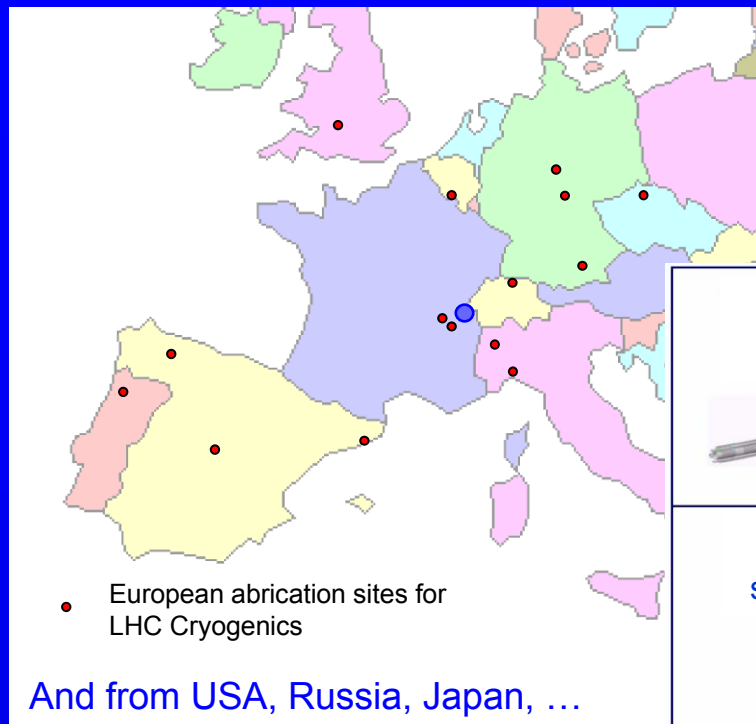
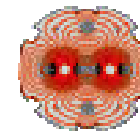
- **Industry available products:**
(storage tanks, piping, 4.5K refrigerators)
– Functional technical specifications adapted (tests)
- **Extension of existing products**
(1.8K units, cryogenic lines, electrical feed boxes)
– Complex performance & possible impacts
– CERN add. design & support to fabrication
- **Totally new products**
(Rad. tol. cryo thermometry - superconducting links)
– CERN with full responsibility for developments and “built to print” fabrication contracts

Projects



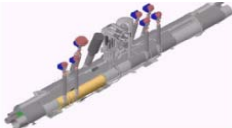

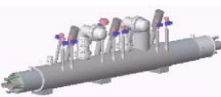



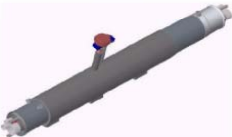


OP

Industrial fabrication sites



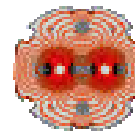
Important issues:
Qualification, procedures, supply chain, follow-up, Quality assurance

<p>215 standard pipe elements</p> 	<p>30 fixed points & vacuum barriers</p> 	<p>17 special service mod. + 1 return mod.</p> 
<p>18 standard service modules</p> 	<p>2 double-jumper service module</p> 	<p>30 special pipe elements</p> 
<p>2 steps</p> 	<p>6 elbows</p> 	<p>1 test module</p> 

Main distribution line:

Dedicated assembly sites to cope with "relative" modularity

Electrical feed boxes



Mechanics - Electricity - Cryogenics



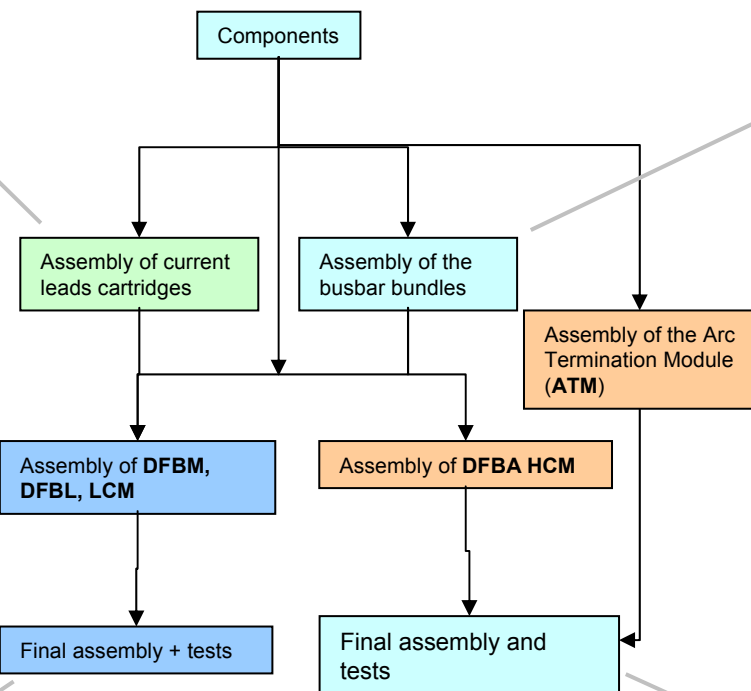
CL cartridges assembly area



CL modules assembly stands



Global leak test of DFBM



DFBA busbar bundles lambda plates



Assembly of DFBA shuffling boxes

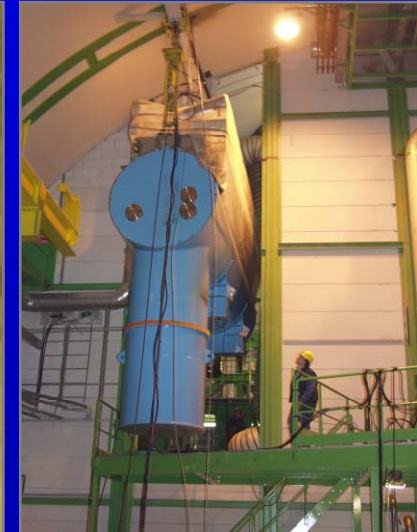
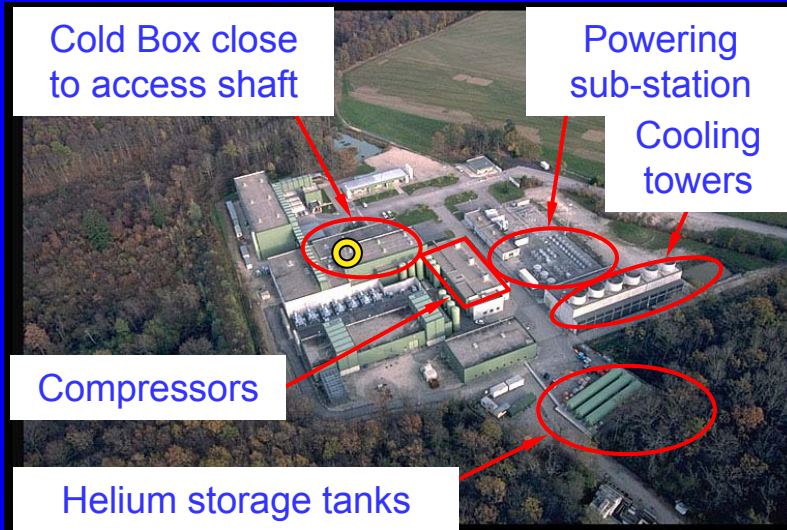
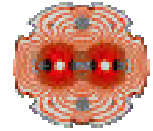


Pressure test area for DFBAs

- AT-ACR
- IHEP / AT-
- TS-MME
- ICS / AT

Towards an
integrated factory !

Installation phases



Important issues: logistics, handling, co-activity, quality

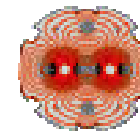


S. Claudet - EPAC'06 Edinburgh



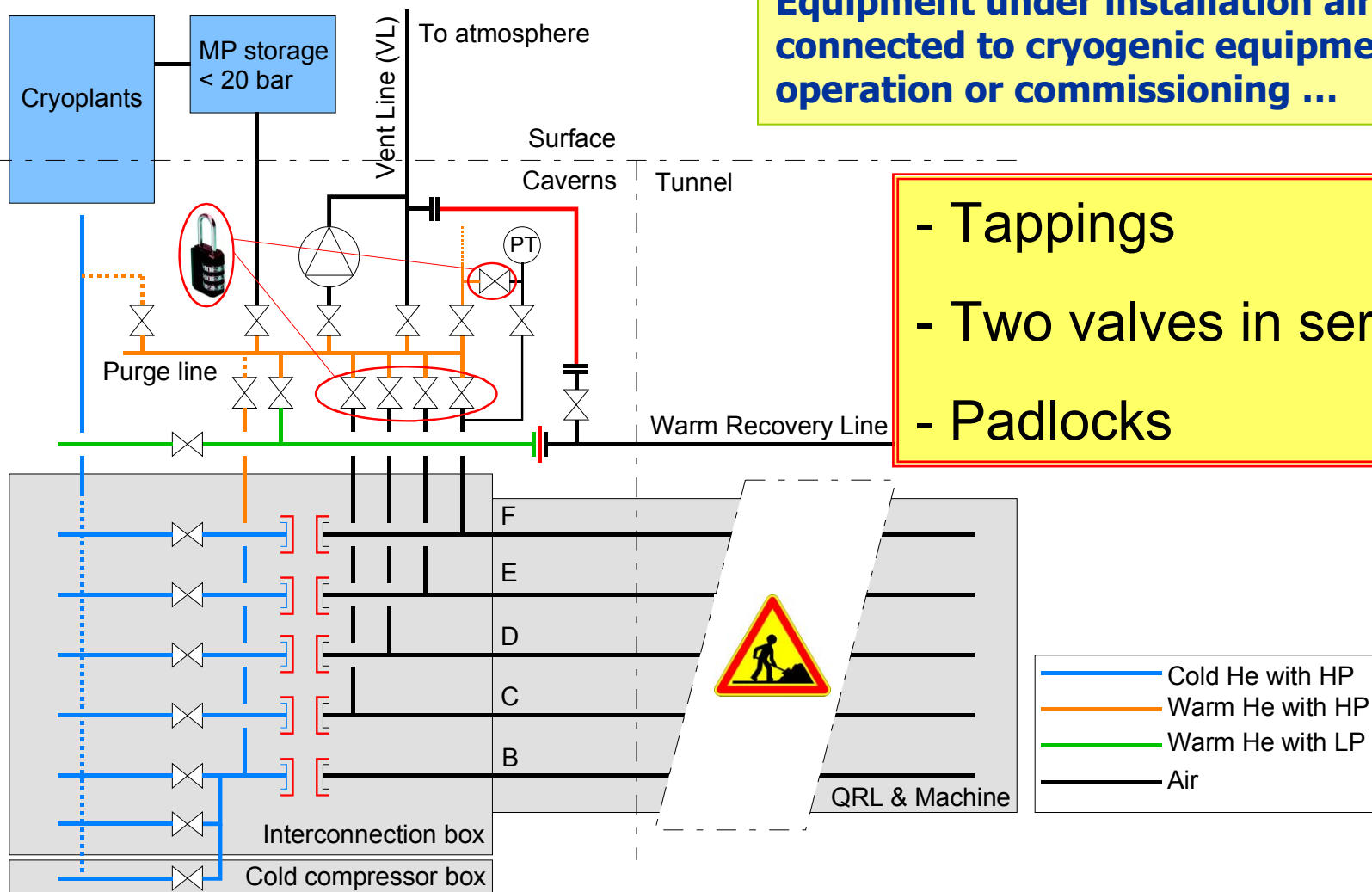
LHC Cryogenic system: 1st experience

Installation & tests

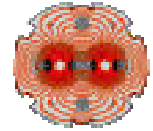


Equipment under installation already connected to cryogenic equipment under operation or commissioning ...

- Tappings
- Two valves in series
- Padlocks



Commissioning



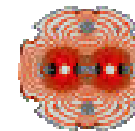
- **Commissioning of each sub-system:**
 - Mechanical pressure test, helium leak test
 - Input/output signal tests
 - Operational tests to demonstrate all functions
 - Performance measurements (ref. capacity, thermal losses)
- **Subsequent commissioning in cascade:**
 - Potential problems identified early and clearly
 - Possible actions before it becomes critical
- **Global LHC Hardware Commissioning:**
 - A Crucial test for many systems, incl. cryogenics
 - Project wide coordination efforts, incl cryogenics

Projects



OP

Magnet cold tests



V.Chohan (12 June '06)



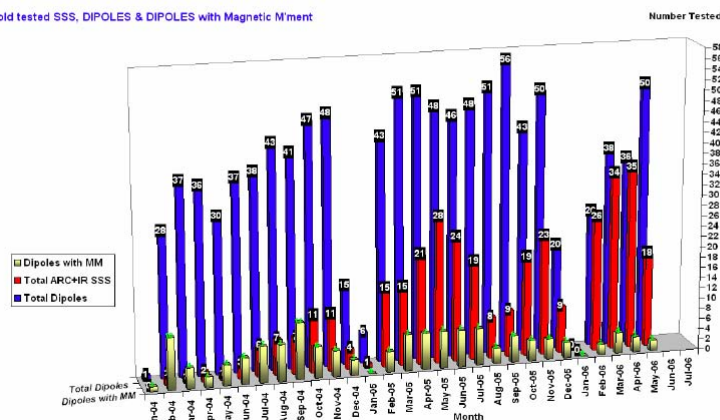
LHC Progress
Dashboard



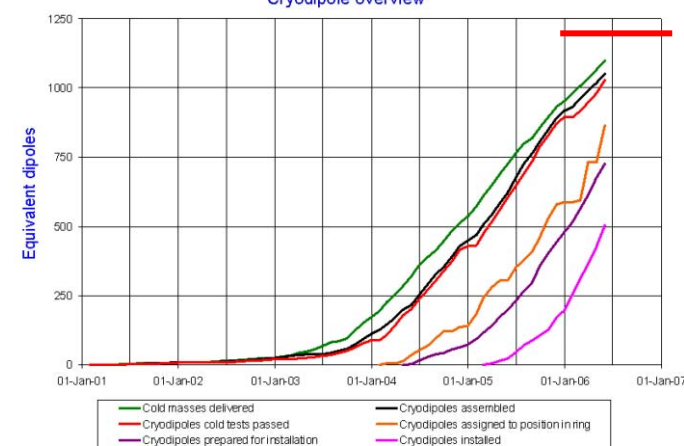
Accelerator
Technology
Department

Statistics for end May.06

Cold tested SSS, DIPOLES & DIPOLES with Magnetic M'ment



Cryodipole overview



Updated 31 May 2006

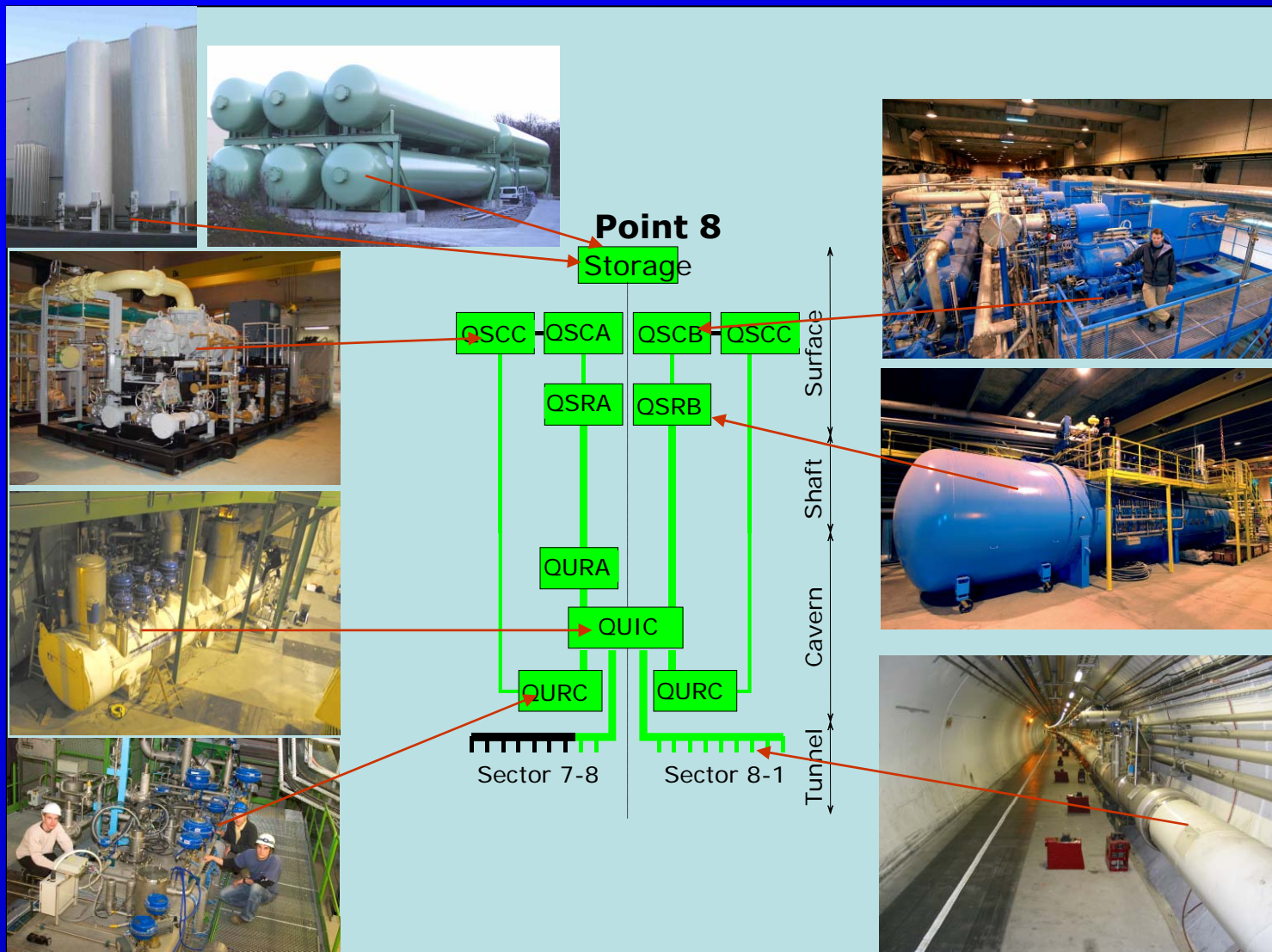
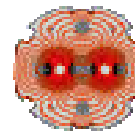
Data provided by D. Tommasini AT-MAS, L. Bottura AT-MTM



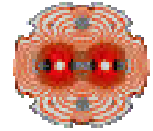
S. Claudet - EPAC'06 Edinburgh

LHC Cryogenic system: 1st experience

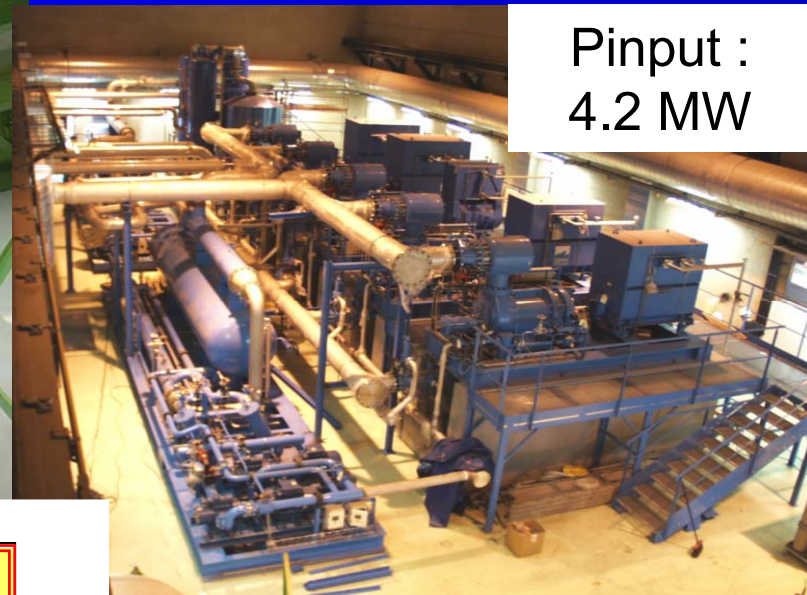
Cryogenic sub-systems



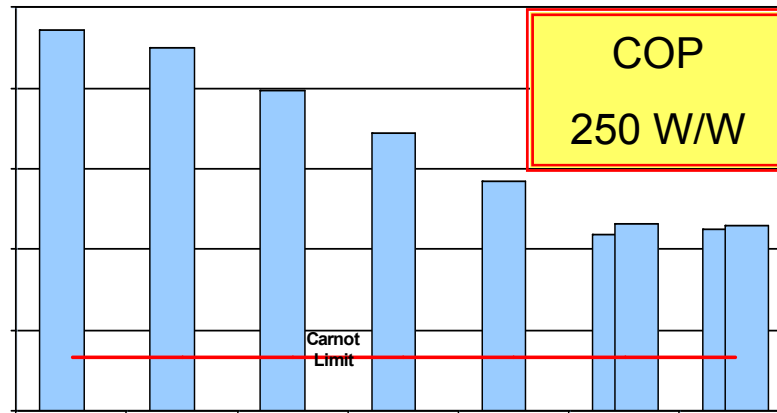
18 kW @ 4.5 K Refrigerators



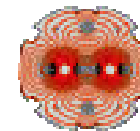
33 kW @ 50 K to 75 K - 23 kW @ 4.6 K to 20 K - 41 g/s liquefaction



Pinput :
4.2 MW

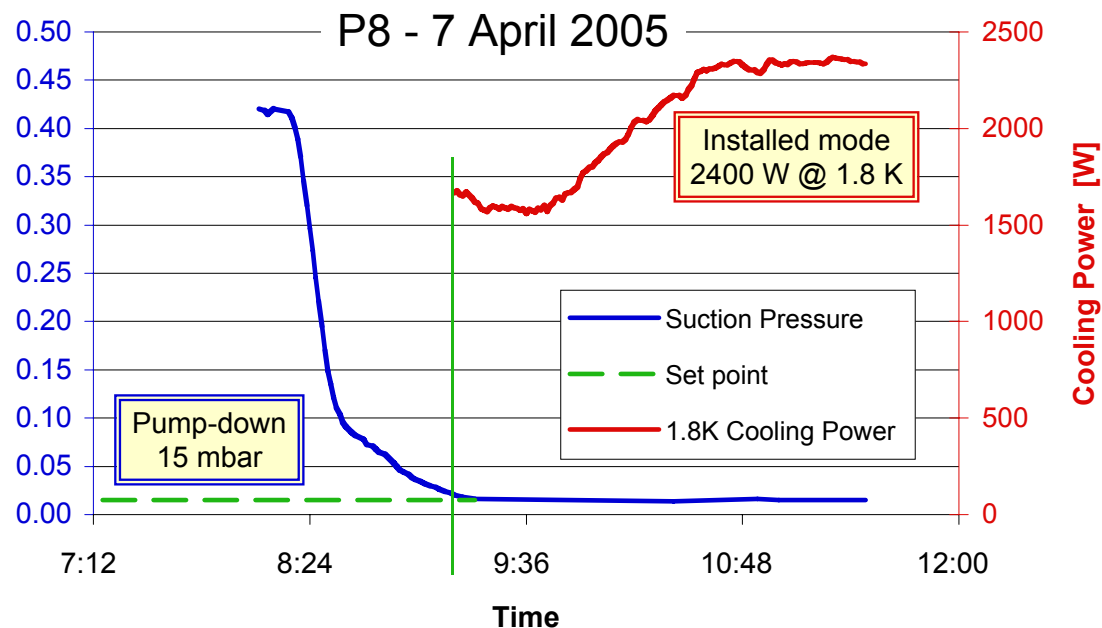


2400 W @ 1.8K units

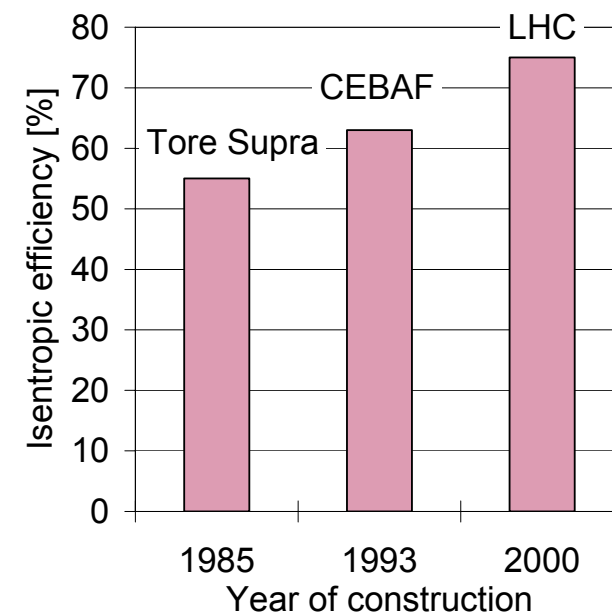


1.8K refrigeration units

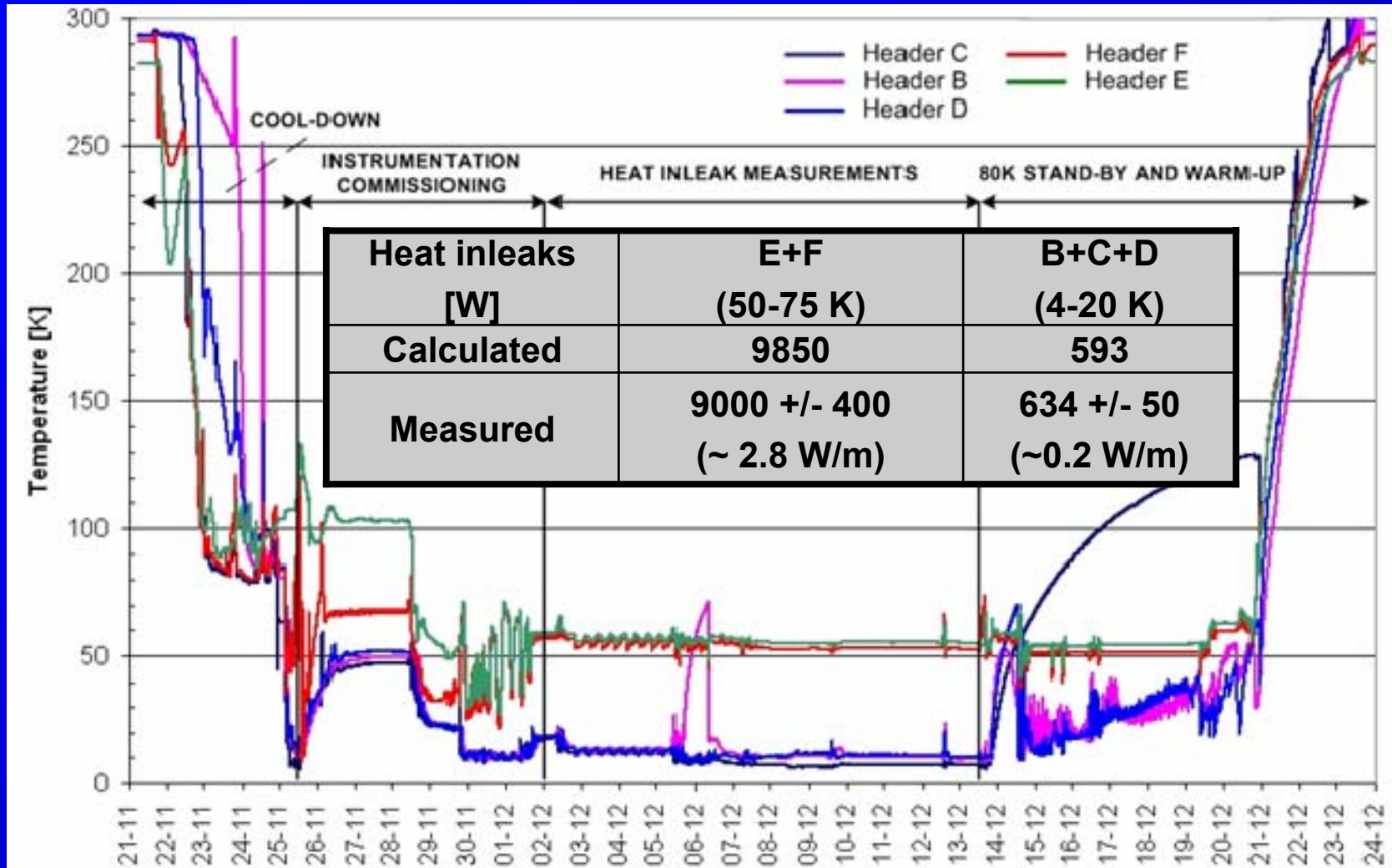
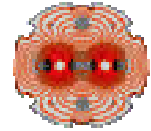
1st Pump-down in final LHC configuration



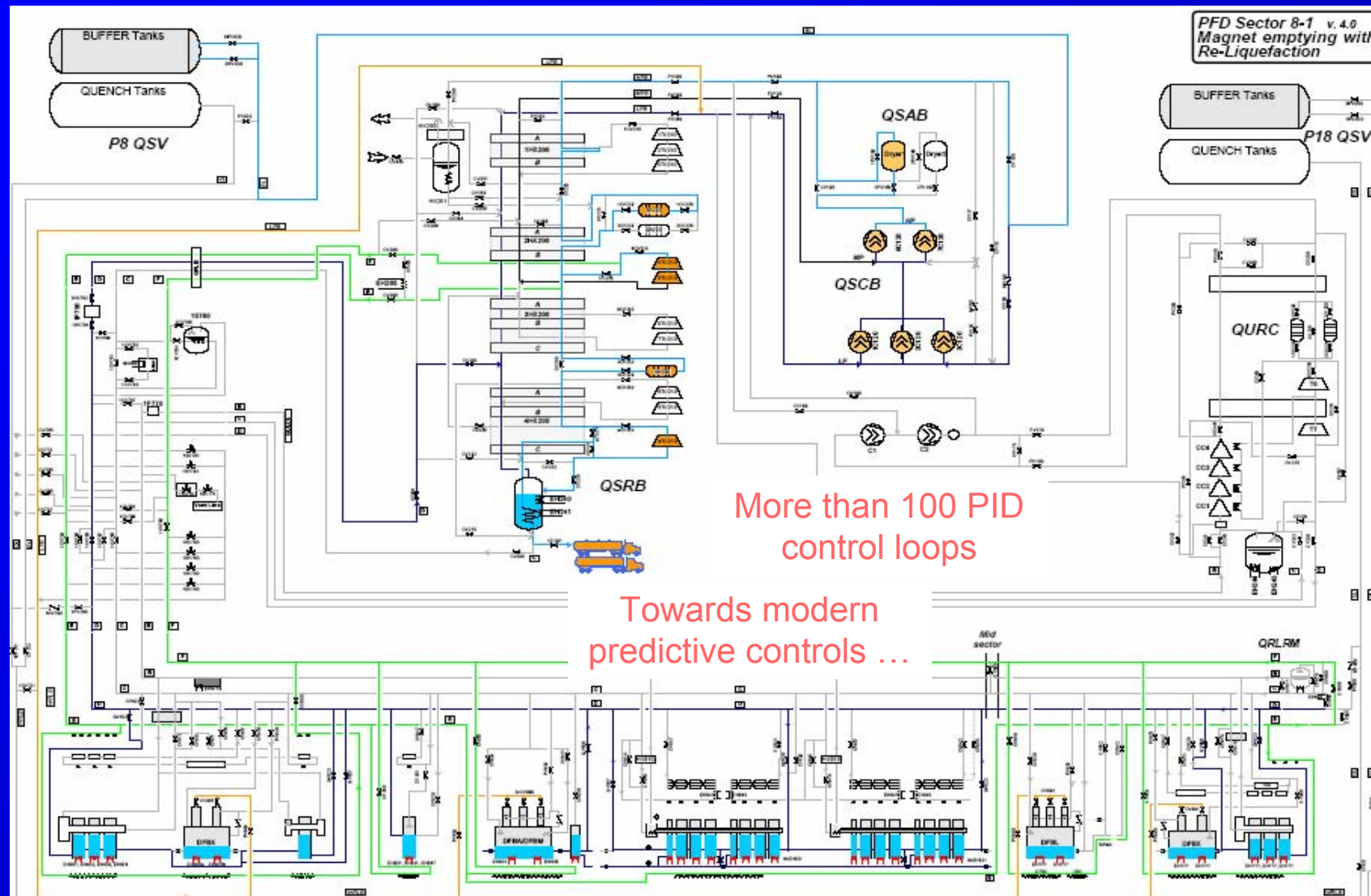
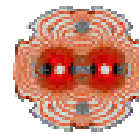
Diam:
250mm



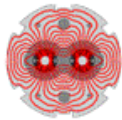
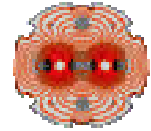
Main cryogenic line



Cryogenics P&F diagram



A large and complex fluid distribution system

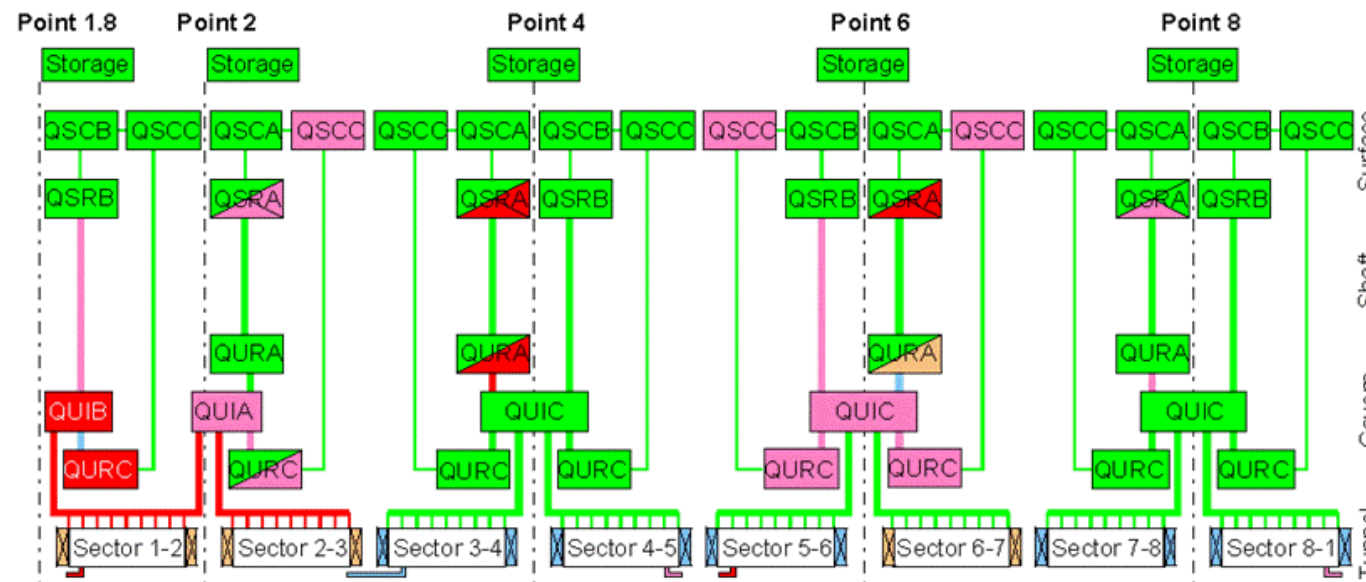











LHC Progress Dashboard



Accelerator
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Department

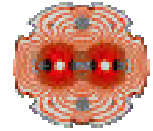
Cryogenics overview



Legend		
	QSC_(A,B,C): Warm Compressor Station	 Electrical Feed Box
	QSR_(A,B): Surface 4.5 K Refrigerator Cold Box	
	QURA: Underground 4.5 K Refrigerator Cold Box	
	QURC: 1.8 K Refrigeration Unit Cold Box	 Superconducting Link
	QUI_(A,B,C): Cryogenic Interconnection Box	
 Commissioned & accepted	 Delivered / Under installation	 Ordered (Contract placed)
 Under commissioning	 Under fabrication	 Under definition

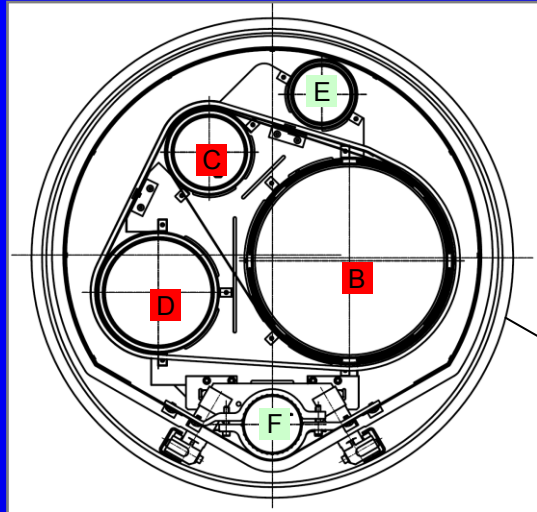
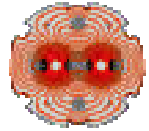
Staggered progress by “LHC Point” then by sub-system

Main problems !



- Very specific “troubles” not even mentioned
- Design & sub-system concerns
 - ➡ – Cryogenic lines (x 3)
 - ➡ – Electrical heaters for cryogenic flows (x 2)
 - Impurities (dust) remaining from fabrication
 - ➡ – Controls
 - Coordination for “built to print” sub-systems (x 2)
- General concerns
 - 3D models, transport items to place, QA tools
 - “Time is contingency” to “Keep on schedule” takes time!

Main cryogenic line (1/2)

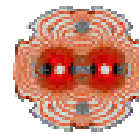


$\Phi = 650 \text{ mm}$
E-F = 50-75
B,C,D = 4-20 K



Weak mechanical approach and quality assurance

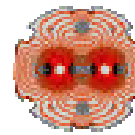
Main cryogenic line (2/2)



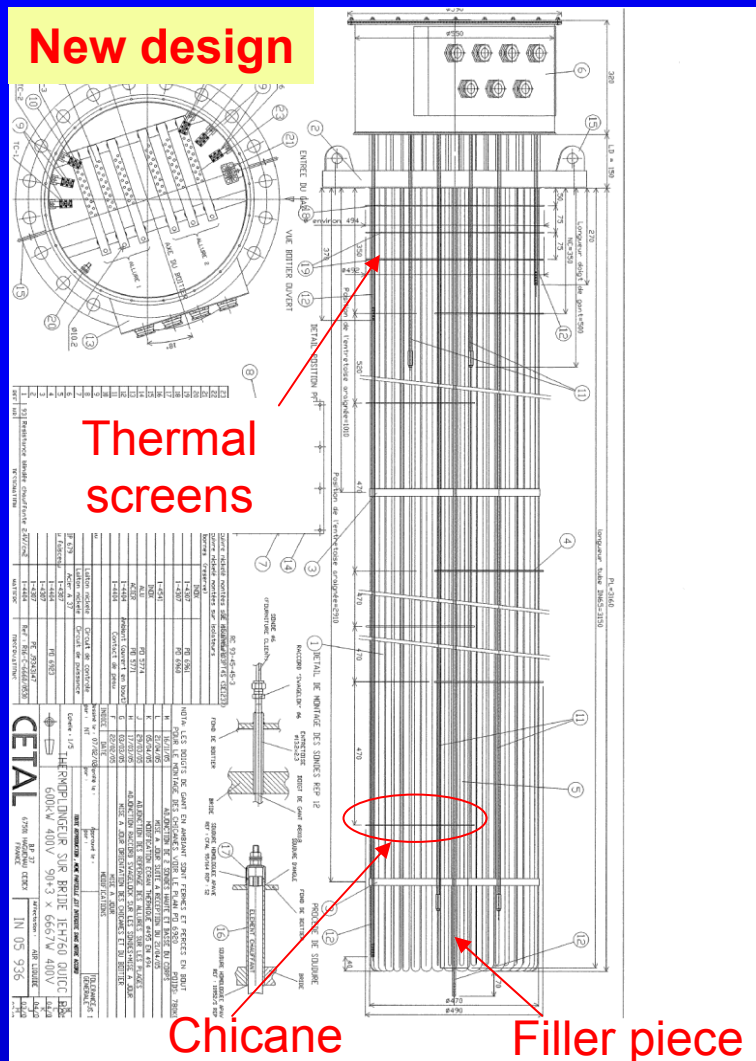
2nd start
has been the
good one,
after
complements
by CERN

Double sourcing ?

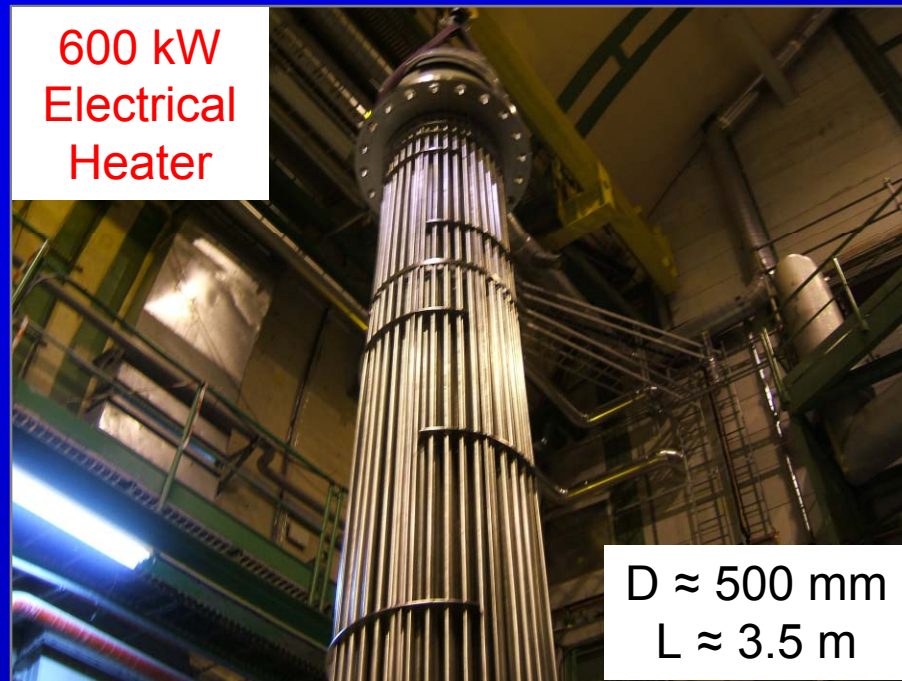
Electrical heaters



New design

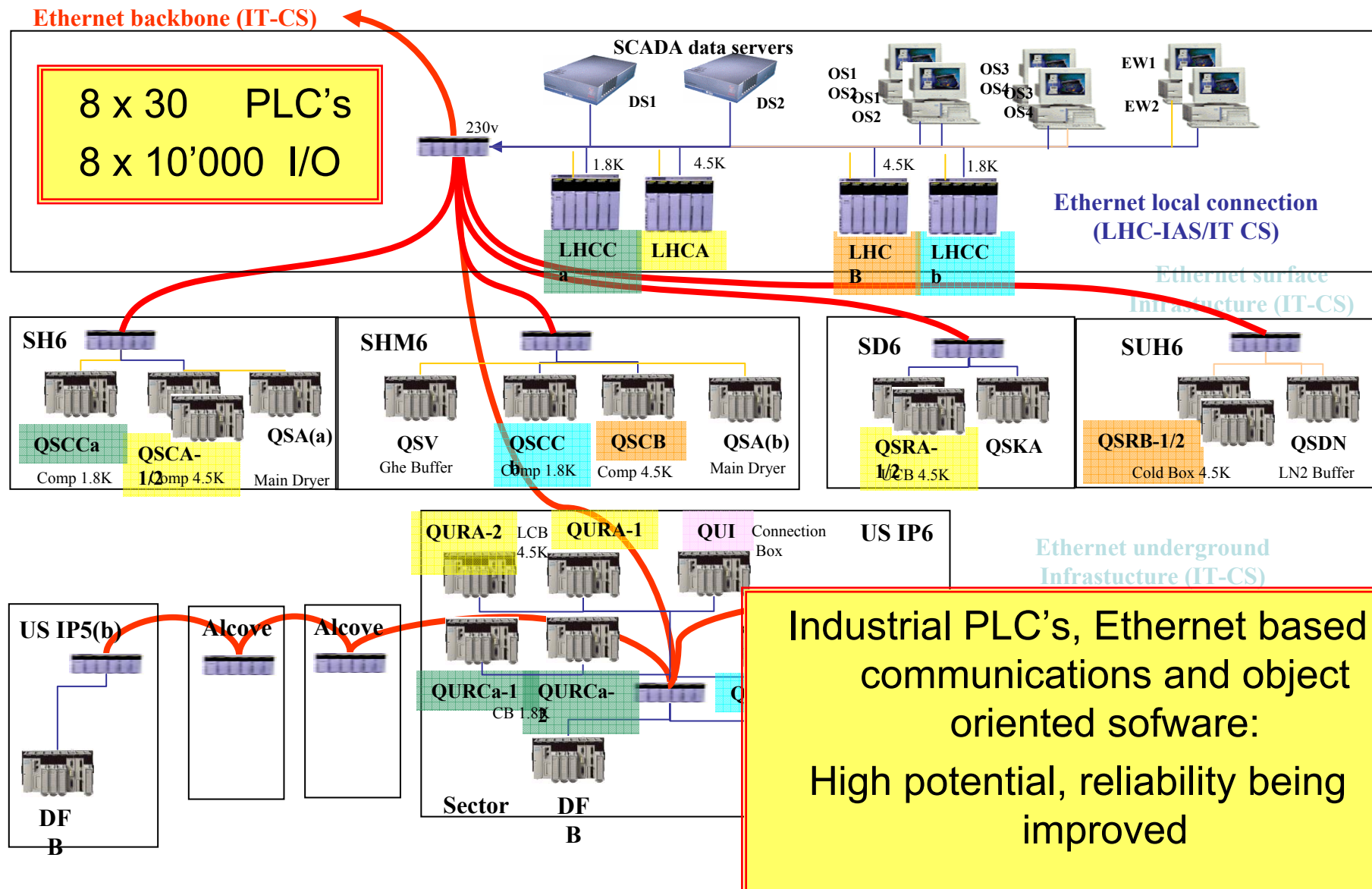
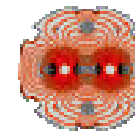


600 kW
Electrical
Heater

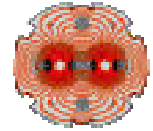


Combination of heat exchange,
flow patterns, electrical and
integration analysis

Controls



Considerations for new projects

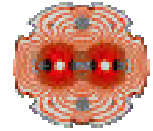


www.cern.ch/lhc

> LHC Design Report > Cryogenics
> LHC Project Reports : Papers

- LHC public documentation:
- Each new project has **its own constraints!**
Identification of boundary conditions and technological evolution since last project:
 - Partnership: an efficient way to catch faster
 - **If necessary**, R&D and components validation
- For design & installation: **solid references** completed by **flexibility**
- Take advantage of experienced teams while they exist!

Conclusion



- Installation of various cryogenic sub-systems and cold tests of LHC cryo-magnets will be mostly completed by end of 2006
- All cryogenic sub-systems commissioned so far fulfil their requirements
- First LHC sector cool-down and commissioning end 2006:

Confident, and aware that it represents an enormous challenge with learning process, efforts and surprises!