

Accelerator and Detector Developments for the Production of Theranostic Radioisotopes with Solid Targets at the Bern Medical Cyclotron

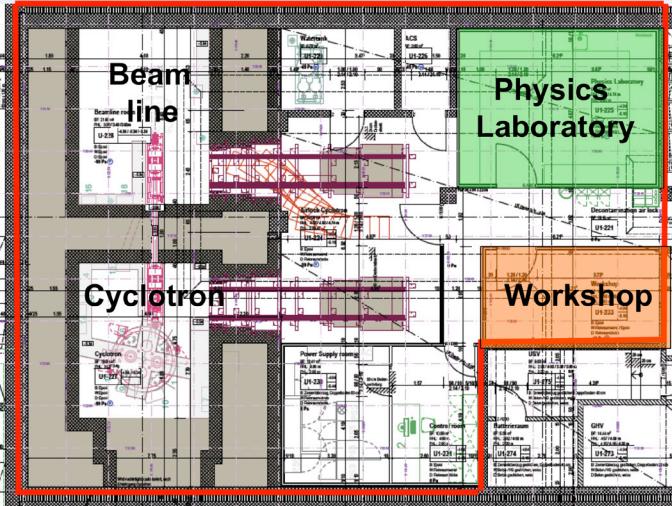
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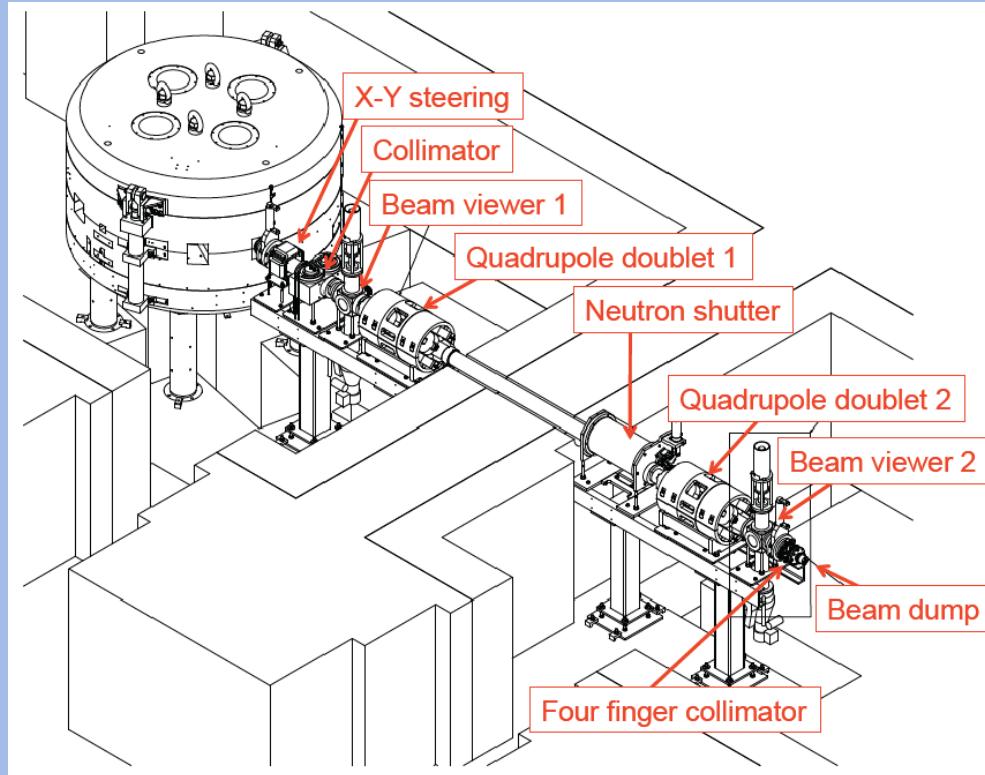
The Bern Medical Cyclotron and its Beam Transport Line (BTL)



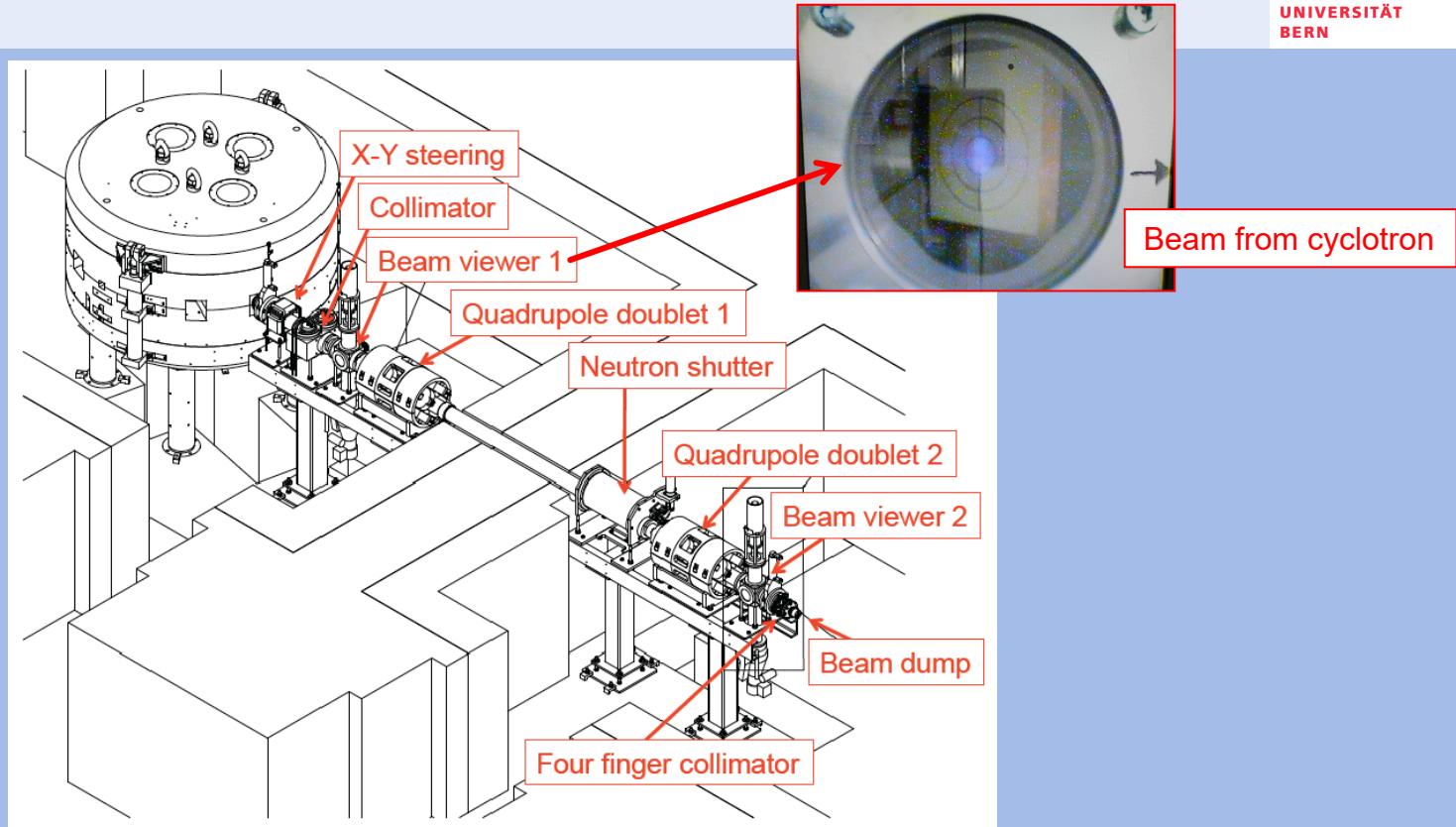
- > IBA 18 MeV high current cyclotron (up to 150 mA) – two H⁻ ion sources
- > **6 ¹⁸F liquid targets for daily production**
- > **External beam line in a separate bunker + solid target station: research**
- > Specific method to produce currents down to 1 pA.*



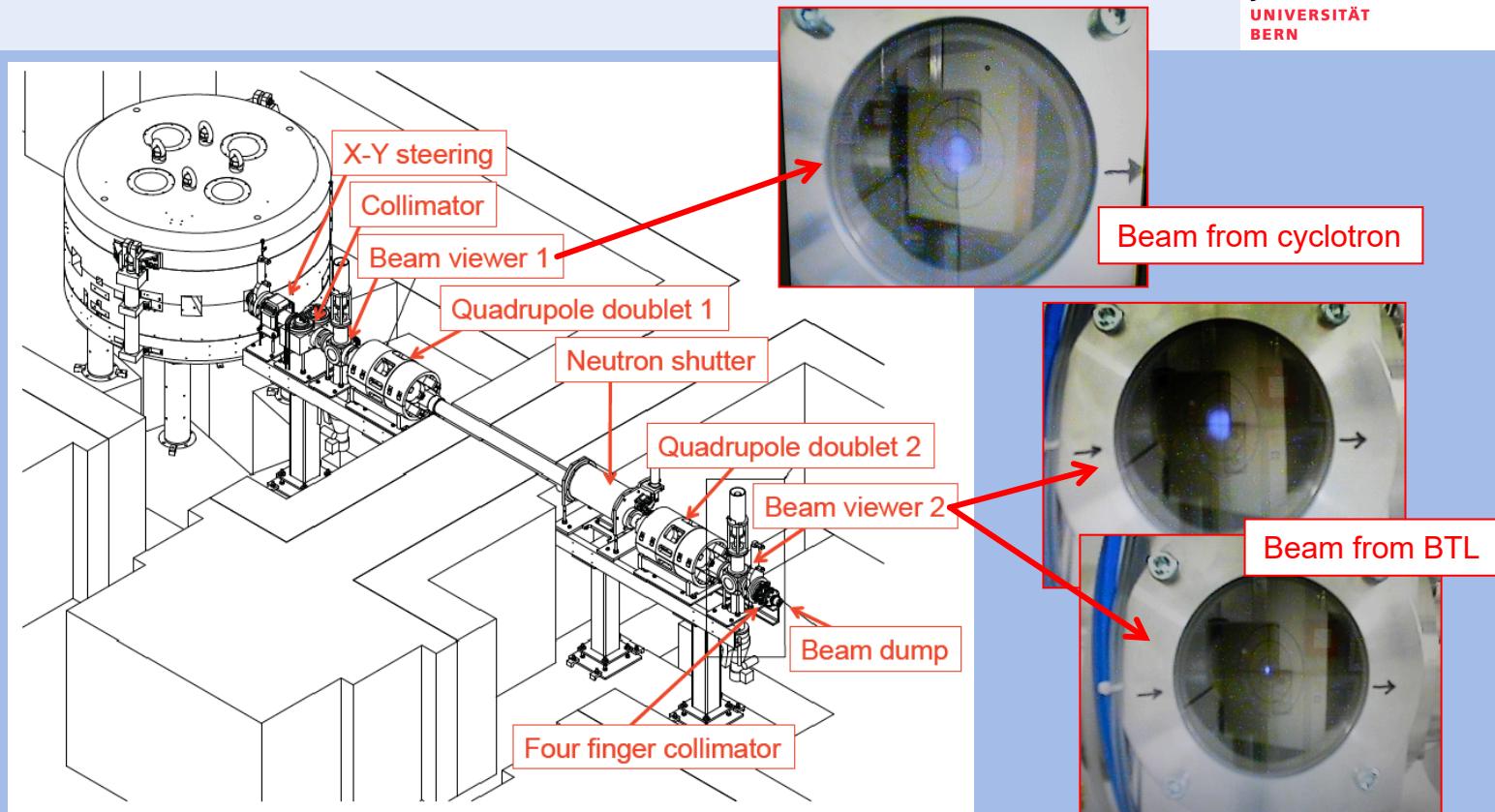
Multidisciplinary Research Activities with the BTL



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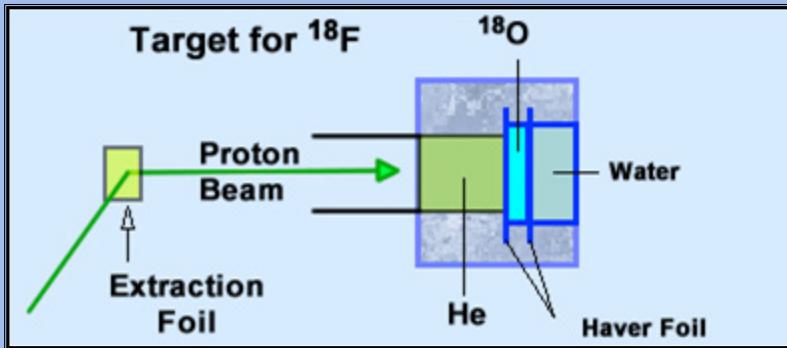


Multidisciplinary Research Activities with the BTL



PET Radioisotope Production

- > Main PET radioisotope: ^{18}F ($t_{1/2} \approx 110$ min.)



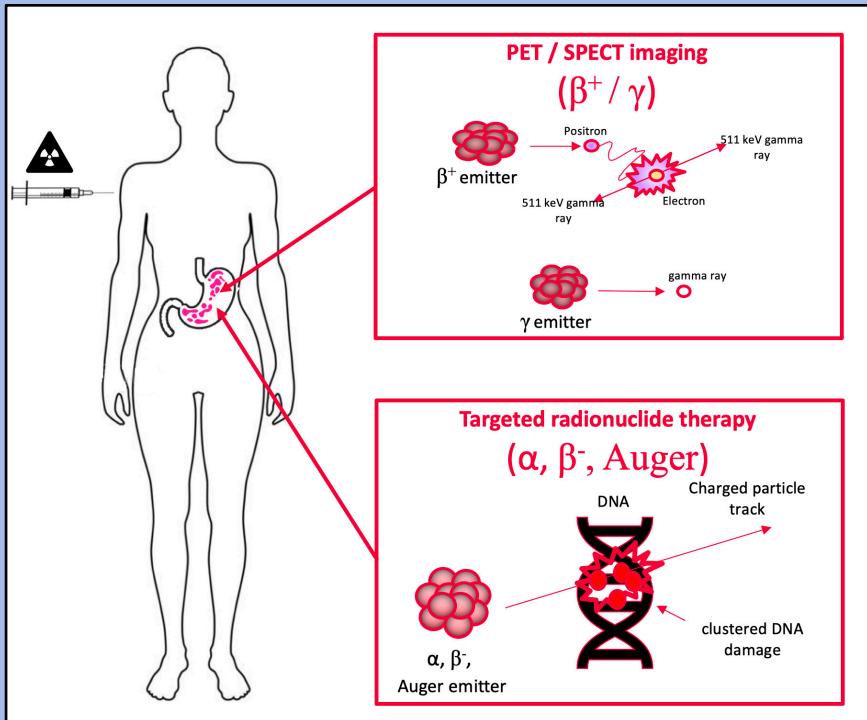
$^{18}\text{O} (\text{p},\text{n}) ^{18}\text{F}$

Liquid targets:

- ~ 1 g
- ~ 10 mm diameter
- Beam: 12 mm FWHM

- > Emerging PET radioisotope: ^{68}Ga
- > Targets: liquid (common), gas and solid (rare)
- > Liquid targets are mounted directly after beam extraction
- > ^{18}F production: 500 GBq in 2 hours (~ 150 mA)
- > Beam optimization is crucial!

Radionuclides for Theranostics in Nuclear Medicine



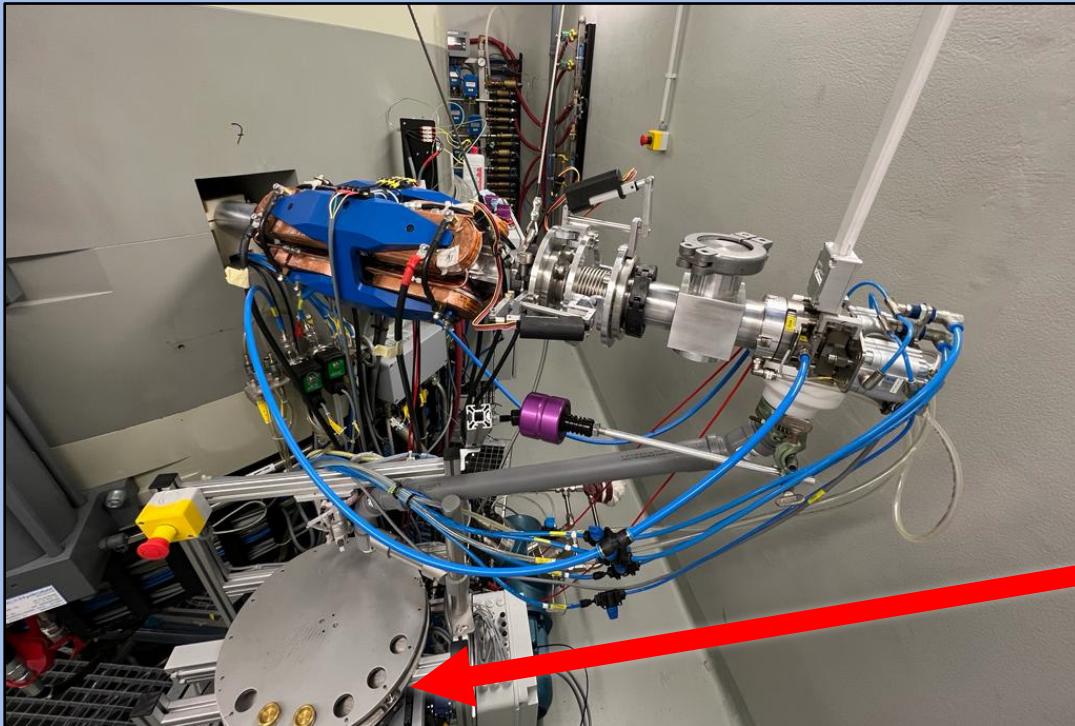
> Promising pairs of radionuclides:

- > **$^{68}\text{Ga}/^{177}\text{Lu}$ and $^{68}\text{Ga}/^{225}\text{Ac}$**
- > **$^{43}\text{Sc}/^{47}\text{Sc}$ and $^{44}\text{Sc}/^{47}\text{Sc}$**
- > **$^{61}\text{Cu}/^{67}\text{Cu}$ and $^{64}\text{Cu}/^{67}\text{Cu}$**
- > **$^{155}\text{Tb}/^{149}\text{Tb}$ and $^{155}\text{Tb}/^{161}\text{Tb}$**

Solid targets:

- ~ 10 mg
- ~ 5 mm diameter
- Material: powder
- Beam: ???

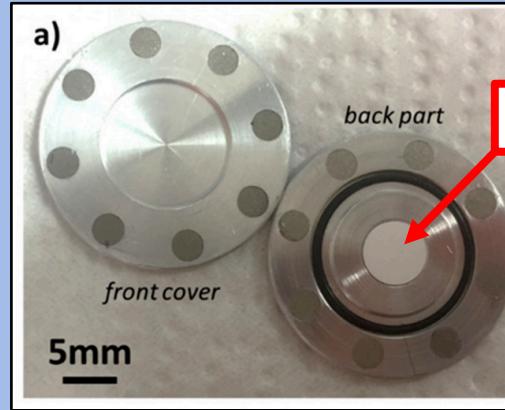
The Solid Target Station (STS)



- > IBA *Nirta* Solid Target Station
- > Custom mechanical target transfer system (*Hyperloop*)
- > Pneumatic Transfer System (TEMA) using shuttles:

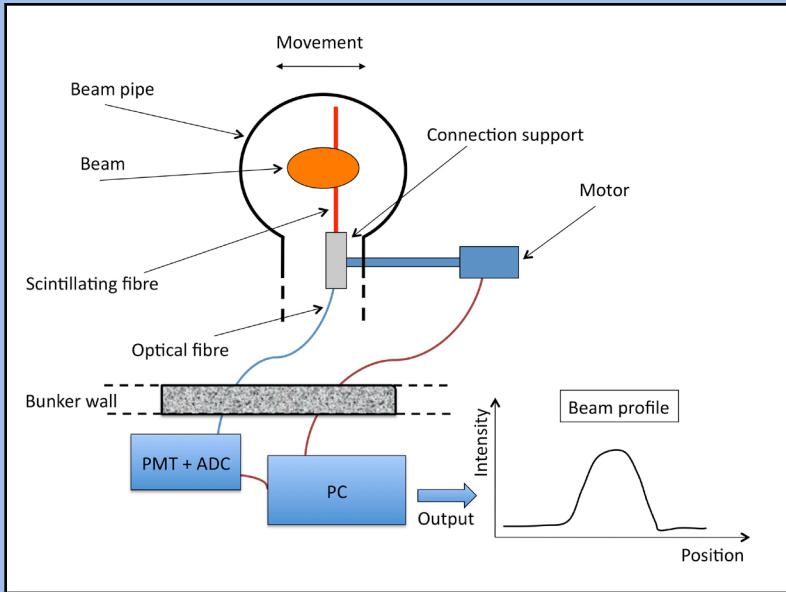


The Target “Coin”



- > To bombard enriched targets materials in form of powders
- > High-purity aluminum
- > Two halves kept together by permanent magnets
 - SmCo \rightarrow T_{Curie} at 350 °C
- > O-ring (Viton) to avoid radioactive degassing
- > Variable thickness of the front (energy absorption)

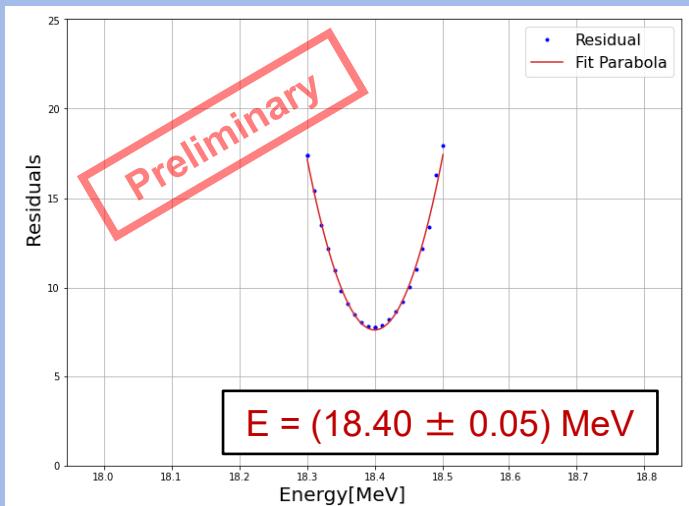
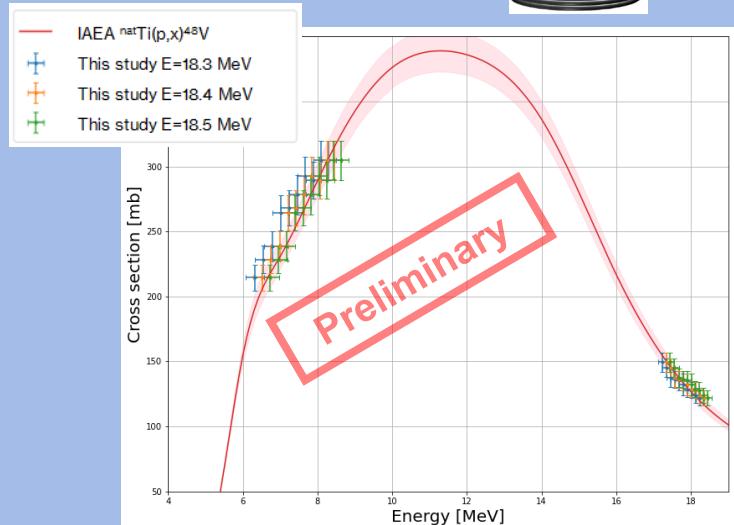
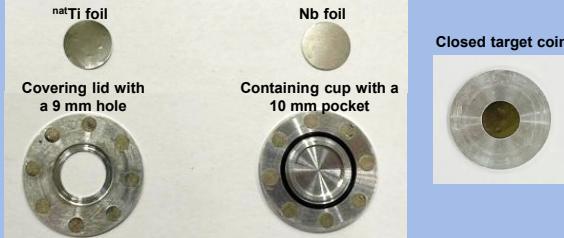
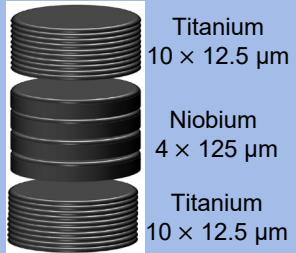
The UniBEaM Detector



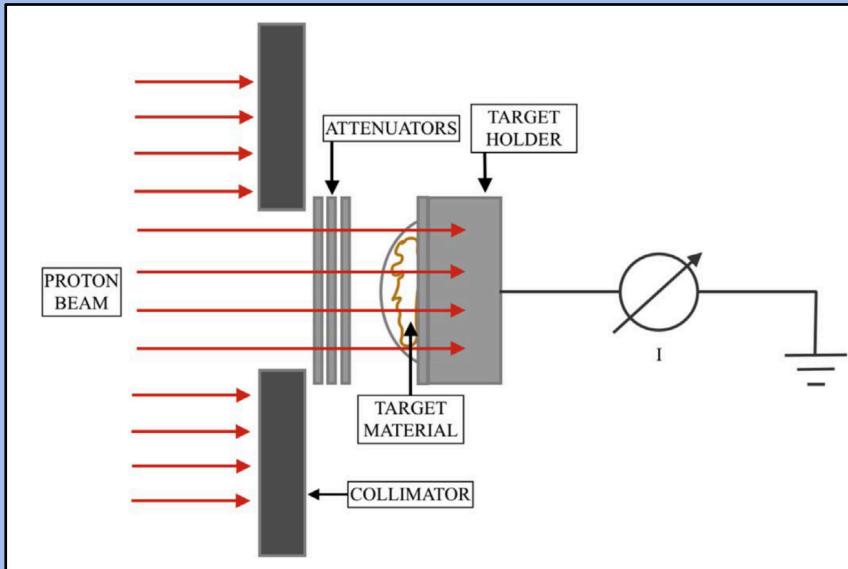
- > 1D beam profiler based on (doped) optical fibres passed through the beam
- > On-line, minimal interference with the beam
- > Developed by LHEP and commercialized by D-Pace (Canada)

Beam Energy Measurement for the STS using the Coin Target

Monitor reaction
 $^{nat}\text{Ti}(p,X)^{48}\text{V}$



Cross Section Measurements with a Novel Method



T. S. Carzaniga, M. Auger, S. Braccini, M. Bunka, A. Ereditato, K. P. Nesteruk, P. Scampoli, A. Türler, N. P. van der Meulen, *Measurement of Sc-43 and Sc-44 production cross-section with an 18 MeV medical PET cyclotron*, Appl Radiat Isot. 2017 Nov; 129:96-102.

Cross Section Measurements with a Novel Method

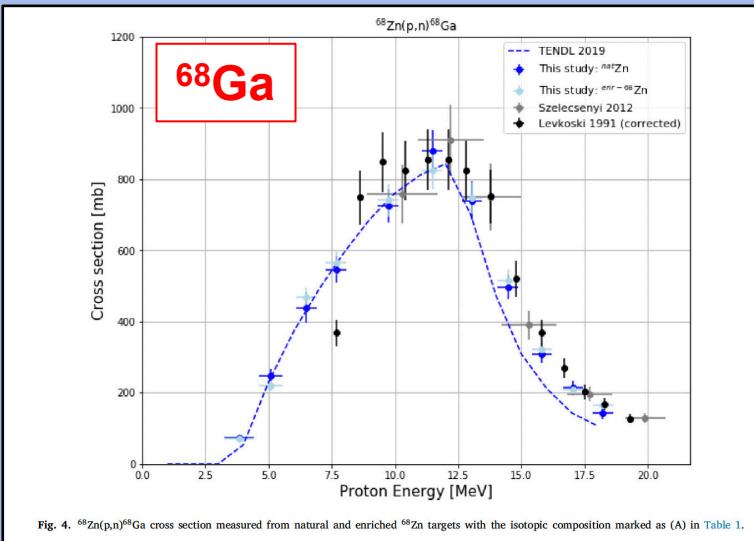


Fig. 4. $^{68}\text{Zn}(\text{p},\text{n})^{68}\text{Ga}$ cross section measured from natural and enriched ^{68}Zn targets with the isotopic composition marked as (A) in Table 1.

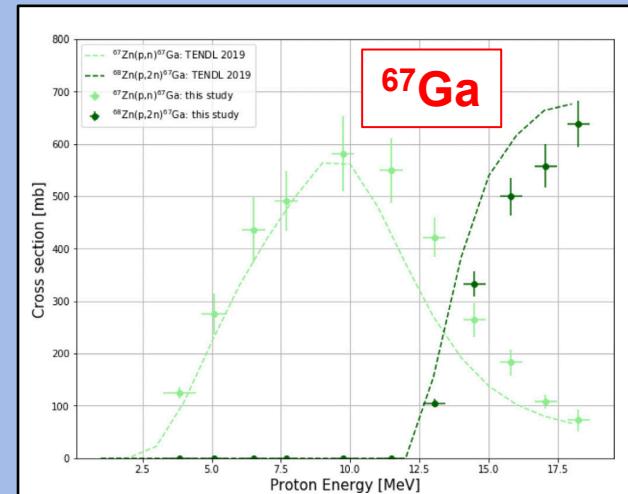
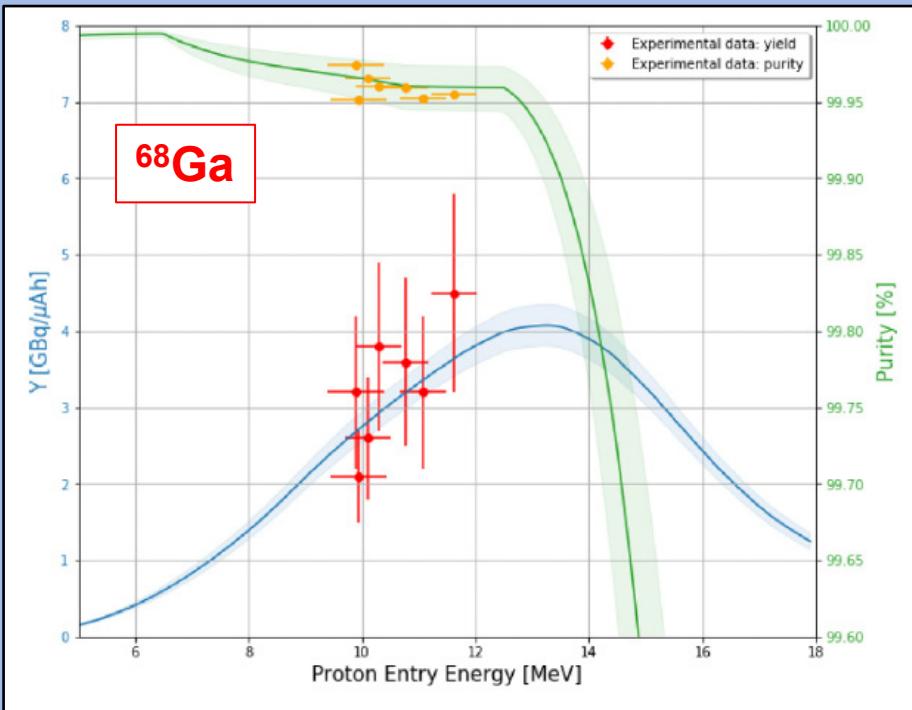


Fig. 6. $^{67}\text{Zn}(\text{p},\text{n})^{67}\text{Ga}$ and $^{68}\text{Zn}(\text{p},\text{n})^{67}\text{Ga}$ reaction cross sections.

S. Braccini et al., Optimization of ^{68}Ga production at an 18 MeV medical cyclotron with solid targets by means of cross-section measurement of ^{66}Ga , ^{67}Ga and ^{68}Ga , Appl. Radiation and Isotopes, Volume 186, August 2022

Yield, Purity and Production Tests with Solid Targets: Example of ^{68}Ga



Some produced Radioisotopes

Isotope	Reaction	Target	Current [μA]	Irr. Time [h]	A_{EOB} [GBq]
⁴⁴ Sc	(p,n)	^{enr44} CaO pellet	5	5	~15
⁴⁸ V *	(p,n)	^{nat} Ti metal foil	10	1	~0.15
⁶¹ Cu	(p,α)	^{enr64} Zn pellet	25	1.9	~1
⁶⁴ Cu	(p,n)	^{enr64} Ni deposition	15	10	~20
⁶⁸ Ga	(p,n)	^{enr68} Zn pellet	5	0.5	~15
^X Pm **	(p,X)	^{nat} Nd disc	5	3	~10 ⁻⁷
¹⁵⁵ Tb	(p,n)	^{enr155} Gd pellet	2.5	1.15	~0.005
¹⁶⁵ Er	(p,n)	^{nat} Ho metal disk	10	10	~1.5
¹⁶⁵ Tm	(p,2n)	^{enr166} Er ₂ O ₃	2.5	0.5	~1.5

- > Further medical radioisotopes under study: ⁴³Sc, ⁴⁷Sc, ⁶⁷Cu and ¹⁶⁷Tm
- > ⁴⁸V and ^XPm for fundamental physics research

G. Dellepiane et al., Research on theranostic radioisotope production at the Bern medical Cyclotron, II Nuovo Cimento, 2021

* High Efficiency Cyclotron Trap Assisted Positron Moderator, Instruments 2 (2018) 10.

** High-resolution laser resonance ionization spectroscopy of ¹⁴³⁻¹⁴⁷Pm, Eur. Phys. J. A (2020) 56:69

⁴⁴Sc is ready for Clinical Applications



molecules

Molecules 2020, 25(20), 4706



Article

Developments toward the Implementation of ⁴⁴Sc Production at a Medical Cyclotron

Nicholas P. van der Meulen ^{1,2,*}, Roger Hasler ², Zeynep Talip ², Pascal V. Grundler ², Chiara Favaretto ², Christoph A. Umbricht ², Cristina Müller ², Gaia Dellepiane ³, Tommaso S. Carzaniga ³ and Saverio Braccini ³

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> in collaboration with PSI

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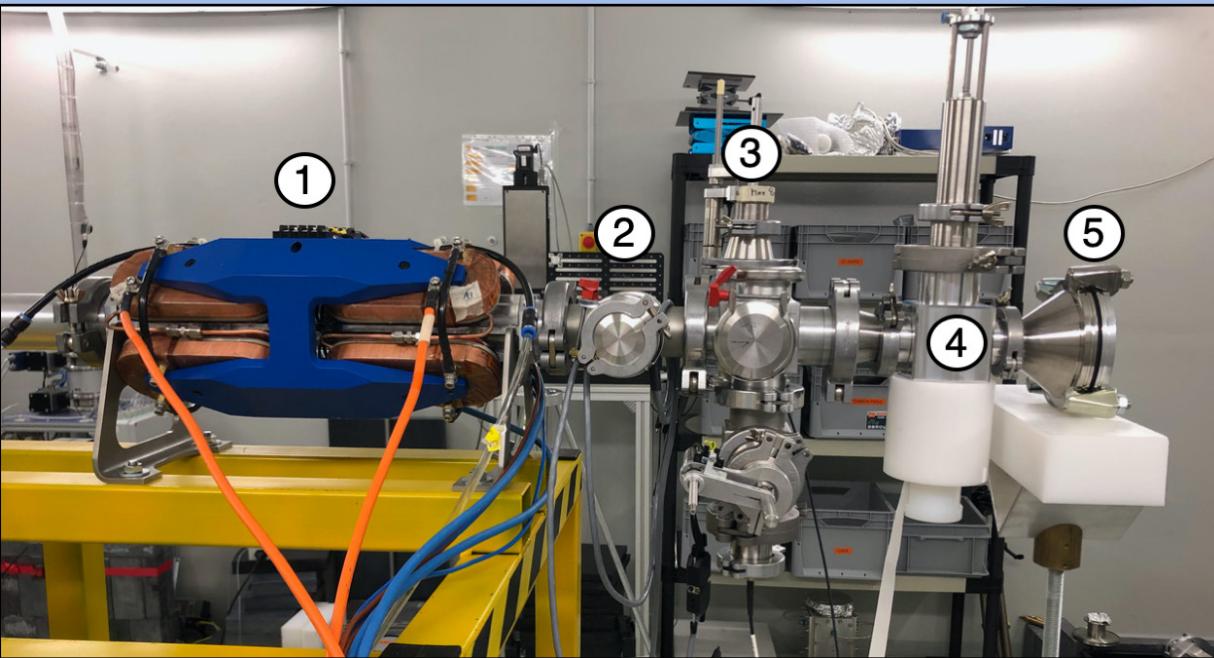
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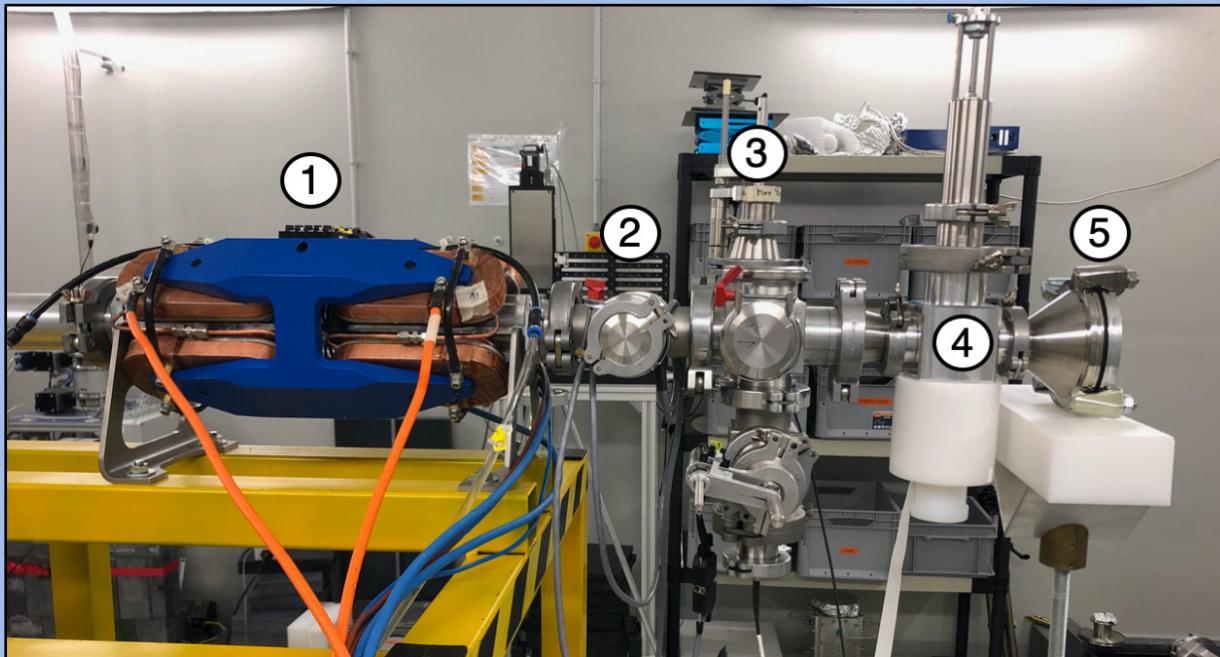
IBA Award 2020



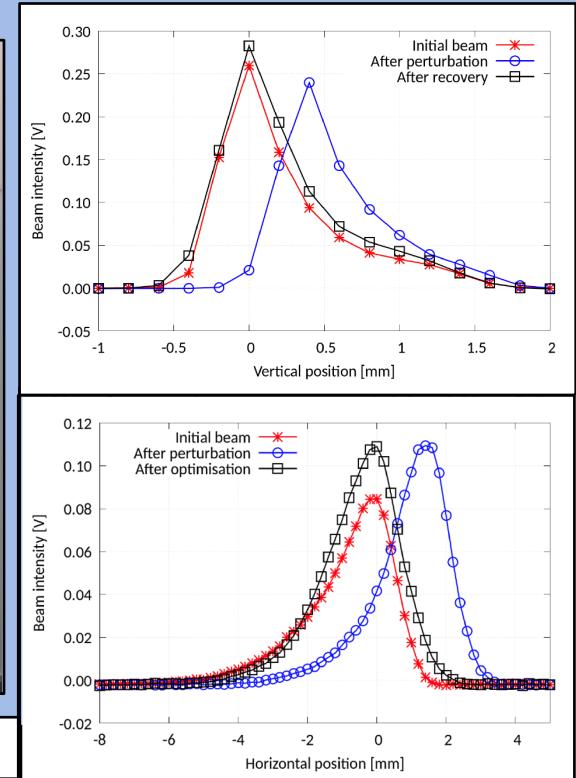


- ①: Mini-PET Beamline (MBL)
- ②: Drift space
- ③: Two-dimensional UniBEaM
- ④: π^2 detector
- ⑤: Beam dump

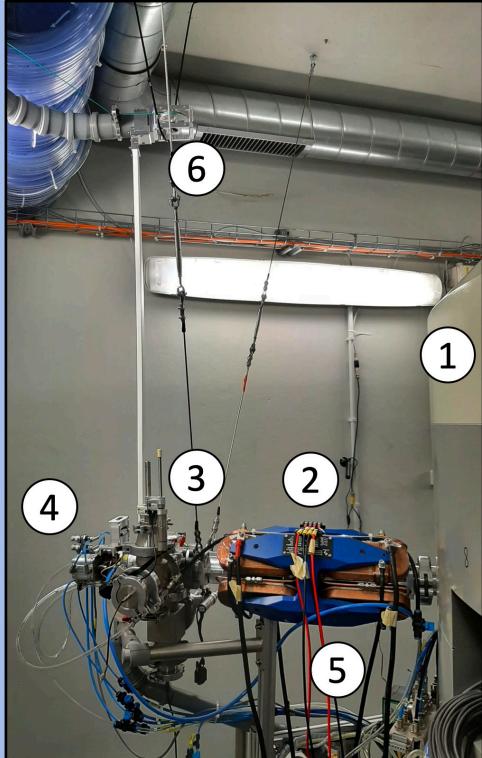
Work in Progress: Automatic Focusing System (AFS)



> Production yield improved by a factor 20 if compared to an unfocused beam



AFS installed on the Solid Target Station (STS)

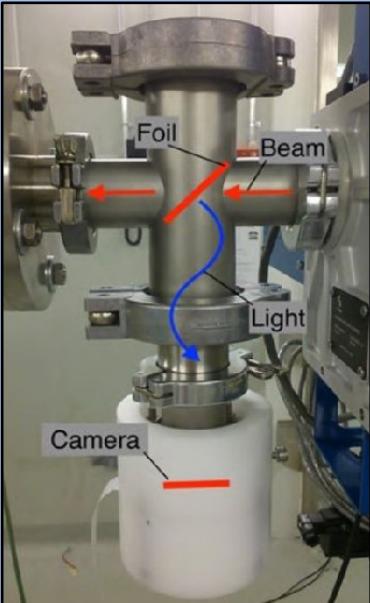


- ①: Cyclotron
- ②: Mini-PET Beamline (MBL)
- ③: Two-dimensional UniBEaM
- ④: Solid Target Station (STS)
- ⑤: Solid Target Transfer System (STTS)
- ⑥: Solid Target Loading System (STLS or Hyperloop)

> Replace ③ with a more suitable device to monitor beam shape and intensity at high dose rates.

Häffner, P. D. et al., An Active Irradiation System with Automatic Beam Positioning and Focusing for a Medical Cyclotron, Appl. Sci. 2021, 11(6), 2452; P. Häffner, PhD Thesis, 2021

2D Beam Monitoring: π^2 and Collar

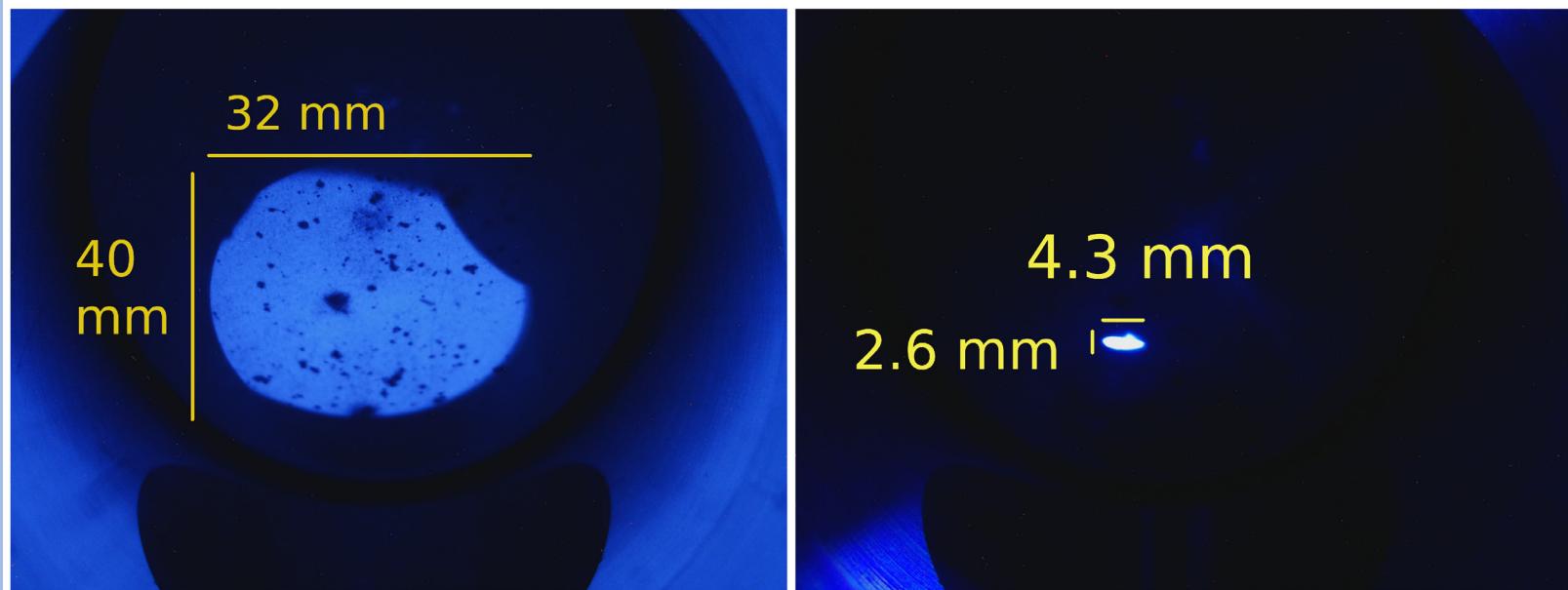


π^2 : Beam monitor based on coated aluminium foil and a camera, to measures 2D beam profile and intensity non-destructively.



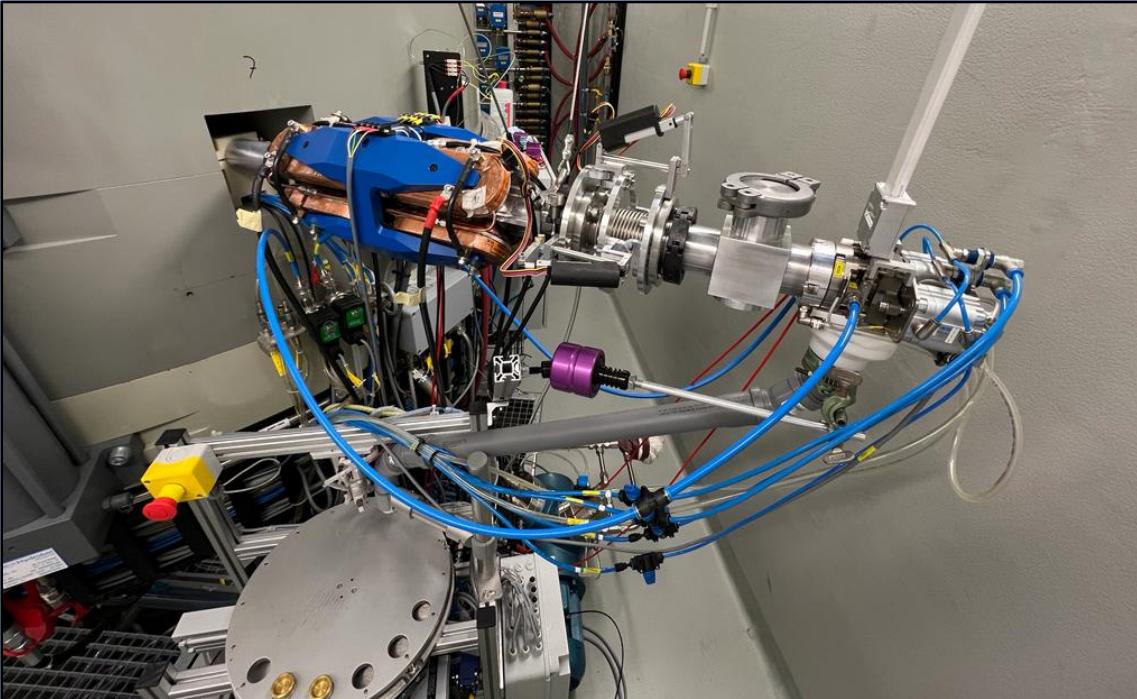
Collar: Non destructive beam monitor based on doped silica fibres to enhance production yield of radioisotopes for theranostics.

π^2 in Action:



2D beam profile measured by the π^2 detector before and after beam optimisation by AFS

Thank you for listening!



Acknowledgements

- > Seniors and PostDocs: S. Braccini, P. Scampoli, I. Mateu, P. Casolaro, L. Mercolli, L. Franconi, C. Belver Aguilar
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https://www.lhep.unibe.ch/research/medical_applications/