

# **ACCELERATION OF POLARIZED DEUTERON BEAMS** WITH RIBF CYCLOTRONS



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# **DELIVERED BEAMS AT RIBF**













# **1. INTRODUCTION** 2. POLARIZED ION SOURCE AND CYCLOTRONS

# **3. BEAM TUNING** -SINGLE-TURN OPERATION-

# SUMMARY











Beams: Wide Mass Range from deuteron to uranium Primary Beam Energy < 345 MeV/u High Beam Current 1 particle  $\mu A(c.w.)$ 

RARF since 1986



RILAC2





RILAC

RRC

### **1. Introduction**

**RILAC since 1981** 

**RRC since 1986** 

**RIBF since 2006** 

SRC





Beams: Wide Mass Range from deuteron to uranium **Primary Beam Energy** < 345 MeV/u High Beam Current 1 particle  $\mu$ A(c.w.)

RARF since 1986



RILAC2





RILAC

RRC

### **1. Introduction**

SRC(K2600

**RC(K98** 

### **RILAC since 1981**

**RRC since 1986** 

### **RIBF since 2006**

SRC





Beams: Wide Mass Range from deuteron to uranium Primary Beam Energy < 345 MeV/u High Beam Current 1 particle  $\mu A(c.w.)$ 

RILAC2 (-2012) Kr,Xe, U



AVF (K70) d, α , C, N, O, C, Ar





RIL C2





**RILAC** 

RRC

**1. Introduction** 

RILAC  $\alpha$ , Ca, Zn

**RILAC** since 1981

**SRC** 

**RRC since 1986** 





### **Beams**: 230, 250, 294, 345 MeV/u 180 300 MeV/u 160 <sup>14</sup>N, <sup>12</sup>C 250 MeV/u RILAC

190, 250, 300 MeV/u d

fRC

RILAC2

**Injector: AVF Cyclotron** AVF (K70) d, α, C, N, O, C, Ar





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RRC

**1. Introduction** 

### **RILAC since 1981**

**SRC** 

**RRC since 1986** 

### **Physics experiments requiring high precision with** polarized deuteron beams have been performed.









# **Deuteron-Proton Scattering at RIKEN RIBF**

### Good probe to study the dynamical aspects of 3NFs.

**Direct Comparison between Theory and Experiment** 

**Extract information of 3NFs** 

✓ Momentum & Spin dependence ✓ Iso-spin dependence : only T=1/2

**Cross Section and Spin Observables**  $rac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}, iT_{11}, T_{20}, T_{22}, T_{21}$ 

> NN (CDBonn, AV18, Nijm I,II) TM'(99) 3NF + NN(CD Bonn, AV18, Nijm I,II) Urbana IX 3NF+AV18

 $10^{-2}$ 

0

 $10^{1}$ 

10<sup>0</sup>

 $10^{-1}$ 

60

# Spin observables of dp elastic scattering have measured at RIBF with deuteron energies of 190, 250, 300 MeV/u







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# **RIKEN POLARIZED ION SOURCE**

## The RIKEN atomic-beam-type polarized ion source (PIS) is a copy of one developed at TUNL\*, modified at IUCF\*\*.

\*T.B.Clegg,AIPConf.Proc.187(1989)p1227. \*\*V .P. Derenchuk et al., AIP Conf. Proc. 343(1995)p72.

### **1. Dissociation**

D2 gas is dissociated, cooled by cold nozzle and formed into atomic beam.

### 2.Selection of electron spin

Electron spin of deuterium atoms is selected by

### **3. RF Transition**

RF transition apparatus flips the deuteron spins using Stern-Gerlach separation magnets.

### 4. Ionization

Spin-selected deuterium atoms are ionized by the 2.45 GHz ECR ionizer.

# **Beam intensity 30 µA (< 100 µA), Polarization 80%**

### 5. Spin-rotation

The orientation of the deuteron spin can be tilted and rotated to any direction by **Wien filter.** 







# **SPECIFICATION OF MAGNETS OF CYCLOTRONS**



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Rinj/Rext	Inflector/0.712
Maximum Magnetic Field	1.7 T
Sector Angle	50 deg.
Number of Sectors	4(spiral)
K-number(MeV)	70



# **SPECIFICATION OF RF SYSTEM OF CYCLOTRONS**



<b>RF</b> Resonators	2 (Double gap)
Dee Angle	85
Frequency	12-24 MHz
Harmonic Number	2
<b>Operation Frequency</b>	<b>f</b> <sub>rf</sub>



# 

1.Injection (Main radial probe) 2. Tuning of isochronous field (Phase probe) Tuning of RF voltage and phase 3.Centering acceleration 4. Betatron oscillation control 5.Extraction













**Tuning (RRC)** 

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### Cyclotrons16@Zürich

### 3. Beam Tuning

![](_page_16_Picture_6.jpeg)

10/16

![](_page_17_Figure_0.jpeg)

PSW3

![](_page_17_Figure_3.jpeg)

# 4 acceleration cavity 4 acceleration cavity+FT

1500.0mm

![](_page_17_Picture_8.jpeg)

11/16

![](_page_18_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_5.jpeg)

11/16

![](_page_19_Picture_0.jpeg)

### **Single-Turn Extraction:** Beam bunches are extracted passing through EDC with a certain turn number N of orbital motion.

![](_page_19_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_6.jpeg)

### 3. Beam Tuning

![](_page_19_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_0.jpeg)

### **Single-Turn Extraction:** Beam bunches are extracted passing through EDC with a certain turn number N of orbital motion.

![](_page_20_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_7.jpeg)

### 3. Beam Tuning

![](_page_20_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

# **Single-Turn Extraction:**

![](_page_21_Figure_3.jpeg)

c) Extracted beams partly advanced by 1 turn

![](_page_21_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_6.jpeg)

### 3. Beam Tuning

Beam bunches are extracted passing through EDC with a certain turn number N of orbital motion.

► N-1

 $2T_0$ 

-Dt

# $2 \times T_0$ :Advance

 $N \times 2T_0$ 

![](_page_21_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_0.jpeg)

### **Single-Turn Extraction:** Beam bunches are extracted passing through EDC with a certain turn number N of orbital motion. Tuning is made by observing chopped bunch time structure of the extracted beams. Single-turn can be confirmed by observing the second bunch from the tail and top bunch. a) Chopped beams before injection $T_0 = 2\pi/f_{\text{beam}}$ N-2 H=2 N-Chopped bunches by a fast electrostatic chopper EDC $2 \times T_0$ :Delay b) Extracted beam bunch partly delayed by 1 turn 2xT<sub>0</sub> delayed H=2 N+1 c) Extracted beams partly advanced by 1 turn 2xTo advanced **N-2** $2 \times T_0$ :Advance N-1 EDC → N-1

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![](_page_22_Picture_4.jpeg)

### 3. Beam Tuning

# **Single-Turn (AVF)**

![](_page_22_Picture_14.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_0.jpeg)

### **Single-Turn Extraction:**

Beam bunches are extracted passing through EDC with a certain turn number N of orbital motion. Tuning is made by observing chopped bunch time structure of the extracted beams. Single-turn can be confirmed by observing the second bunch from the tail and top bunch.

![](_page_23_Figure_4.jpeg)

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![](_page_23_Picture_6.jpeg)

a) Chopped beams before injection \*Rise time of the chopper: 15 ns

Chopped bunches by a fast electrostatic chopper

b) Extracted beam bunch partly delayed by 1 turn

# 2xT<sub>0</sub> delayed

c) Extracted beams partly advanced by 1 turn

2xTo advanced

![](_page_23_Picture_16.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Single-Turn (RRC, SRC)

![](_page_24_Figure_2.jpeg)

### There is no bunch at adjacent turn.

![](_page_24_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

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### 3. Beam Tuning

![](_page_25_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_2.jpeg)

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### 3. Beam Tuning

# **Single-Turn (SRC)**

![](_page_26_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_0.jpeg)

Single-Turn (SRC)				
<i>E</i> d (MeV/u)	190	250	300	
f <sub>beam</sub> (MHz)	12.3	13.7	14.5	
<i>V<sub>acc</sub></i> (kV/turn)	1403	1482	1461	
ΔR <sub>ext</sub> (mm)	7.6	5.5	4.3	
Mixed rate	< 0.1%	< 0.5%	< 0.1%	
$10^{6}$ $10^{5}$ $10^{4}$ $1\% = 10^{3}$ $10^{3}$ $0.1\% = 10^{2}$ $10^{1}$	$May_{2013}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Apricos}\\ 10^4 \\ 10^3 \\ 10^2 \\ 0 \\ 10^1 \\ 10^0 \\ 10^{-1} \\ 0 \\ 250 \\ 500 \\ 750 \\ 1000 \\ 1250 \\ 1500 \\ \text{TDC}_p \ [channel] \end{array}$	$0^{6}$ $0^{5}$ $0^{4}$ $0^{9}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{1}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ $0^{2}$ 0	

![](_page_27_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_4.jpeg)

3. Beam Tuning

![](_page_27_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_0.jpeg)

# **Obtained turn purity was >> 99%.(=satisfy the requirement!)**

![](_page_28_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Picture_0.jpeg)

Versatility of primary beams is one of the advantages of RIBF. physics experiments requiring high precision. Since <u>spin rotation was made prior to the acceleration</u> by cyclotrons: Spin control is realized by very compact system. (Pro) **Single-turn monitor system** measured their purity of extracted turns instantly. stable enough to perform the experiments.

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![](_page_29_Picture_3.jpeg)

# SUMMARY

- **D** Polarized deuteron beams with energies of 190, 250, 300 MeV/u have been provided to

  - Single -turn extraction operation is crucial for all the cyclotrons of AVF, RRC, SRC. (Con)
- Single-turn operation was feasible for these series of experiments even with an energy of
  - <u>190 MeV/u which was below the lower limit of the designed magnetic field of the SRC.</u>
- The purity of the single-turn was satisfactory (>>99%) and the accelerators were

![](_page_29_Picture_17.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_0.jpeg)

# **THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION**

![](_page_30_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_0.jpeg)

# **ELECTROSTATIC BEAM CHOPPER DRIBEN BY FAST SWICH**

### **Two trans-coupled type.**

Voltage: 0-500 V (DC) Repetition rate <1 MHz Rise time 15 ns Duration time 100-250 ns.

![](_page_32_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_6.jpeg)

N. Inabe et al., RIKEN Accel. Prog. Rep. 28(1995)p160.

![](_page_32_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_0.jpeg)

# **Single-Turn Monitor (SRC)**

![](_page_33_Figure_2.jpeg)

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![](_page_33_Picture_4.jpeg)

### 3. Single-Turn Extraction

![](_page_33_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_8.jpeg)