



# Status of the CERN Antiproton Decelerator (AD)

*T.Eriksson, M.-E. Angoletta, L.Arnaudon, P.Belochitskii, L.Bojtar, M.Calviani, F.Caspers,  
S.Federmann, L.Joergensen, R.Louwerse, C.Oliveira, G.Tranquille*



# Timeline

- **1980-1986**      **AA**
  - 3.57 GeV/c Antiproton Accumulator ring;
  - $10^{12}$  pbars stored (peak). p/pbar collisions in SPS
  - + low energy experiments in LEAR
- **1986-1996**      **AAC (AA+AC)**
  - Large acceptance Antiproton Collector ring added. Production rate increased 10-fold to  $6 \cdot 10^{10}$  pbars/h
- **1998-2015**      **AD**
  - AC converted from fixed energy storage ring to Decelerator.  $5 \cdot 10^7$  pbars slowed down to 100 MeV/c (5.3MeV kinetic). Local experimental area.
- **2016-2030+**      **AD/ELENA**
  - Small post-decelerator ring to be added
  - Cooling and deceleration to 100 keV
  - Electrostatic beamlines and new experiments...



# AD

- **Basic Parameters**

– Circumference	182	m
– Production beam	$1.5 \cdot 10^{13}$	protons/cycle
– Injected beam	$5 \cdot 10^7$	pbars/cycle
– Beam momenta max-min	3.57 – 0.1	GeV/c
– Momenta for beam cooling		
• Stochastic	3.57 and 2.0	GeV/c
• Electron	0.3 and 0.1	GeV/c
– Transverse emittances h/v	200 – 1	$\pi$ .mm.mrad
– Momentum spread	$6 \cdot 10^{-2}$ – $1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	dp/p
– Vacuum pressure, average	$4 \cdot 10^{-10}$	Torr
– Cycle length	100	s
– Deceleration efficiency	85	%

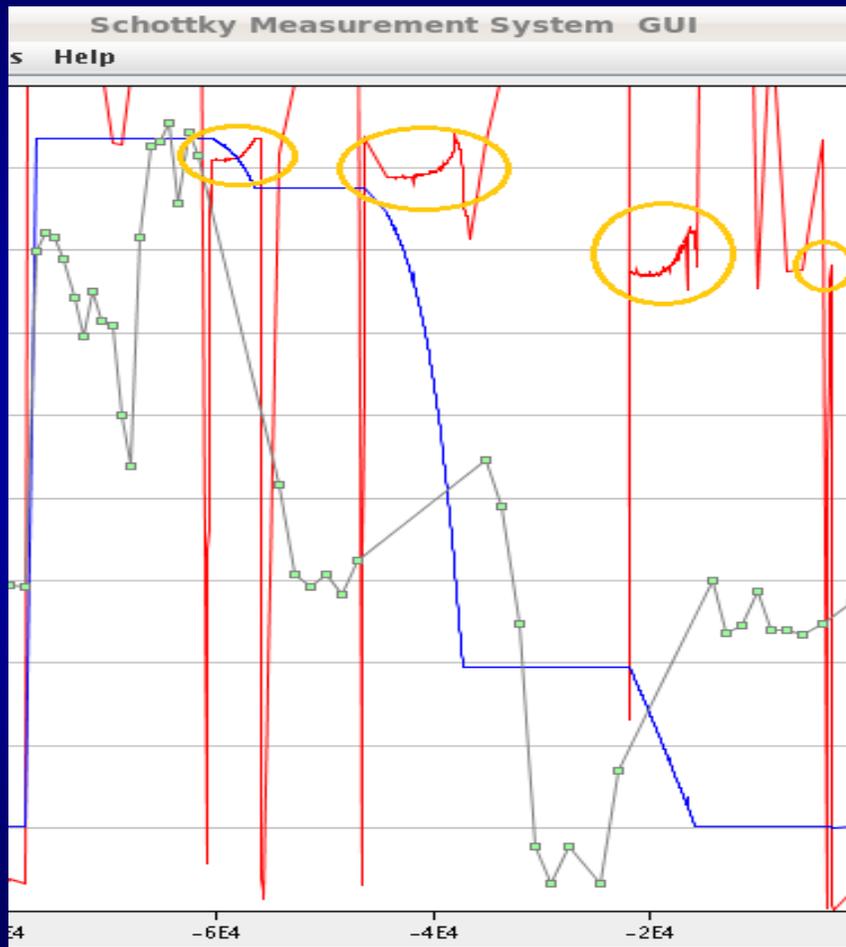


# AD operation statistics

Run time (h)	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
<b>Total</b>	3600	3050	2800	2800	3400	2925	3800	3340	4600	4610	4680	5480
<b>Physics</b>	1550	2250	2100	2300	3090	2765	3760	3140	4460	4550	4530	5360
<b>md</b>	2050	800	700	500	310	160	40	200	140	60	150	120
<b>Beam available for physics (%)</b>	86	89	90	90	71	65	76	81	78	87	84	90
<b>Uptime AD machine (%)</b>					89	74	81	93	92	91	90	95



# AD performance 2012



Intensity and dp/p values		
Np (3.5 GeV/c)	4.64 e7	100 %
Np (2 GeV/c)	4.53 e7	97 %
Np (300 MeV/c)	3.92 e7	84 %
Np (100 MeV/c ramp)	4.08 e7	87 %
Np (100 MeV/c end)	3.94 e7	84 %
DETFA7049	3.7 e7	79 %
dp/p (3.5 GeV/c)	16.152	24.652
dp/p (2GeV/c)	1.16	0.495
dp/p (300MeV/c)	1.5	0.041
dp/p (100 MeV/c)	0.395	0.224



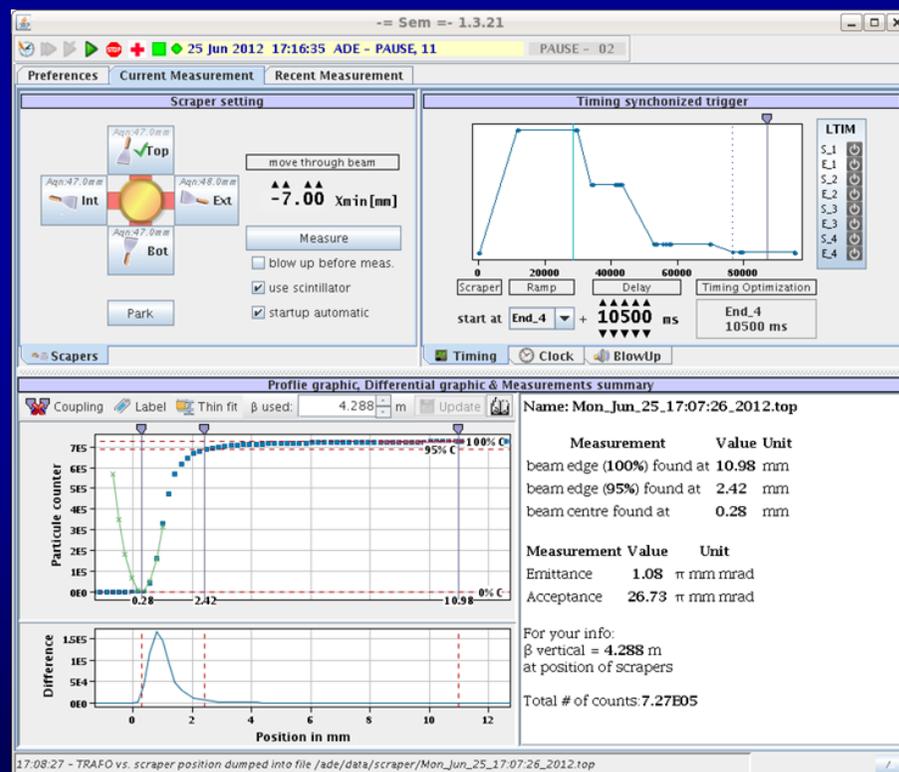
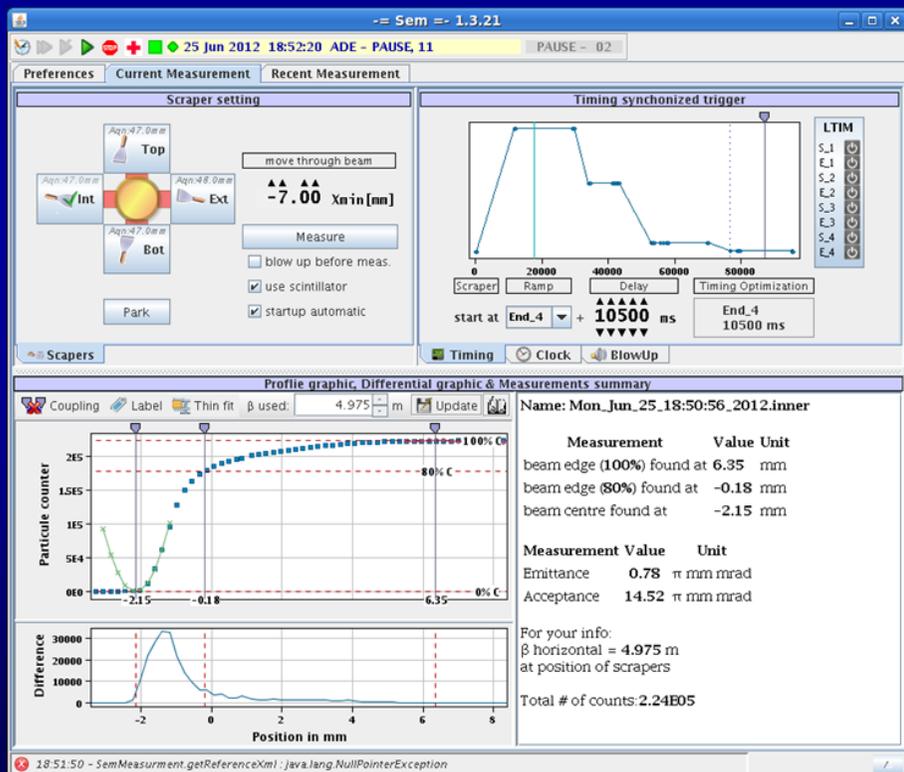
# Extracted beam parameters

Parameters (at extraction)	Design	Operational 2012		
		100 MeV/c	500 MeV/c	100 MeV/c, multiej.
Transverse emittances H/V [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	$1\pi$	$<1\pi$	$8\pi$	$<1\pi$
Total energy spread [ $4\sigma$ ] [ $10^{-3}$ ]	1 – 0.1	0.8-0.4	2	$>1$
Bunch length [ns]	200-500	$\sim 150$	500	50
Number of antiprotons [ $10^7$ ]	1.2	3.5	3.5	0.5*6
Cycle time [s]	60	100	85	112



# AD studies in 2012: beam profiles at 100 MeV/c

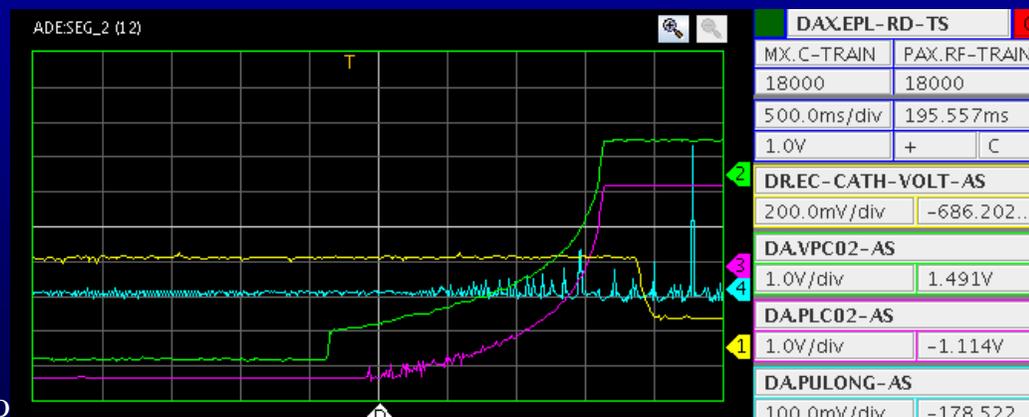
- Essential for good deceleration through RFQD & trapping efficiency
- Careful alignment of electron cooling e- and Pbar beams was done at startup
  - ⇒ Reduced tails & “halo” effect
  - ⇒ Less degradation of cooling performance over the year





# AD studies in 2012 – longitudinal emittances

- Reduction of longitudinal emittances at ejection: essential for ELENA beam transfer and deceleration.
- Prior to ejection at 100 MeV/c the (operational) cooling rate is faster than the  $dp/p$  increase during bunching
- Tests with extended capture durations:
  - Nominal 500ms: (rms)  $dp/p = 4.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$
  - 2000ms: (rms)  $dp/p = 2.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$
  - 5000ms: (rms)  $dp/p = 1.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$





# AD studies in 2012 – ejection line optics

- Optics never validated – need efficient deceleration in ASACUSA RFQD & matched transfer to ELENA
- MWPC:s are now replaced by GEM:s => better resolution
- Obvious mismatch in ASACUSA line
- Investigations with kick response measurements
- Unused dipole (BHZ8000): focussing effect from remanent field = > beamline shielding somewhat improved the situation
- 3D modelling (CST) of all dipoles: fringe field effects introduced as matrix elements in MAD-X => good fit with kick response measurements
- .....except for effects caused by ATRAP solenoid fields
- Slight (~4%) field errors in quadrupoles found by sliding matrix elements along z-axis until kick response measurements fit



# AD studies in 2012 – ejection line optics

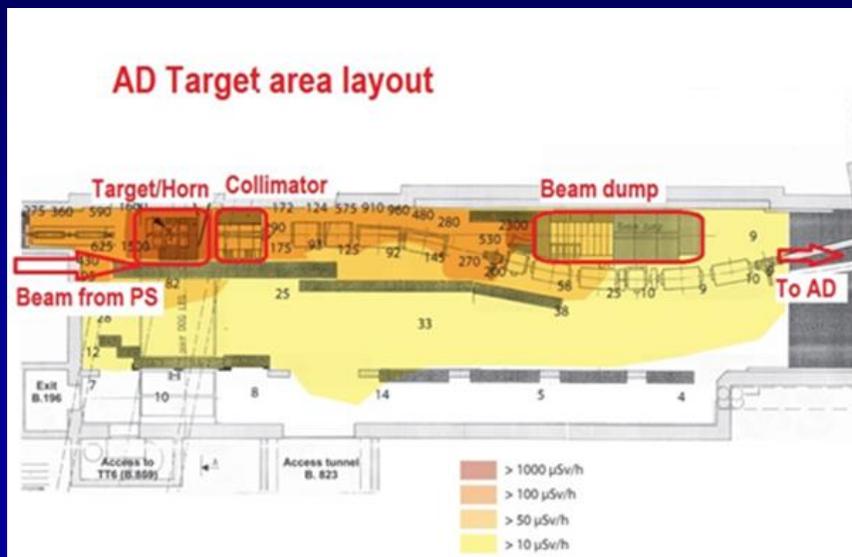
- Results:
  - ASACUSA: good fit with improved beam profiles after RFQD
    - Not implemented yet due to lengthy tuning @ ASACUSA
  - ATRAP: Good fit until entry into solenoids
    - Implemented with good results at ATRAP1, ATRAP2 not yet tested
  - ALPHA: fits well but beamline passes under both ATRAP solenoids
    - Old optics remain in use for now
- Conclusion:
  - Fringe fields taken into account in MAD works well only for small bending angles
  - Very useful exercise for design and commissioning of AD to ELENA transfer line



# AD consolidation

- Due to other important CERN programs, only urgent issues were addressed for the first ~10 years
- A small consolidation program started in 2009 and is now merged with a larger program aimed at continued operation of AD+ELENA for at least 10-15 years after ELENA physics has started
- A new review of all systems has been done and consolidation needs identified
- A budget of ~ 18 MCHF has been allocated for the period 2013 – 2020, this will cover most of the needs

# Target area consolidation

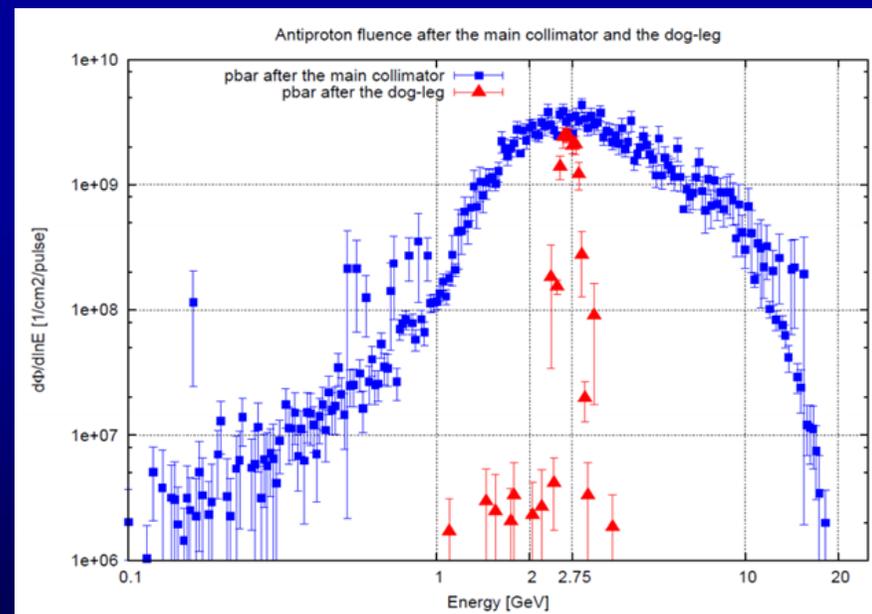


## Overview of AD target area

FLUKA simulations cross-checked by in-situ radiation and particle fluence measurements:

- confirms the effect of the magnetic spectrometer
- estimation of energy deposition in area elements (cooling needs)
- horn/target mis-alignment loss estimations

(Blue: fluence downstream of horn, Red: fluence at end of spectrometer)





# Target area consolidation

- Ongoing/LS1:
  - Transport system (lifting/manipulation vehicle) renovation – urgent!
  - Target/Horn control system for lateral movement: renewal
  - Remote survey equipment renewal
- Long-term:
  - General consolidation plan established
    - Cooling/ventilation controls
    - Communication and other equipment in the buildings
    - Spare Horn/stripline assembly
    - RAMSES
  - Indicative for LS2 (costs more uncertain):
    - Target + Horn chariots renewal
    - New target design and spares
    - Water cooling system renewal
    - Ventilation system renewal



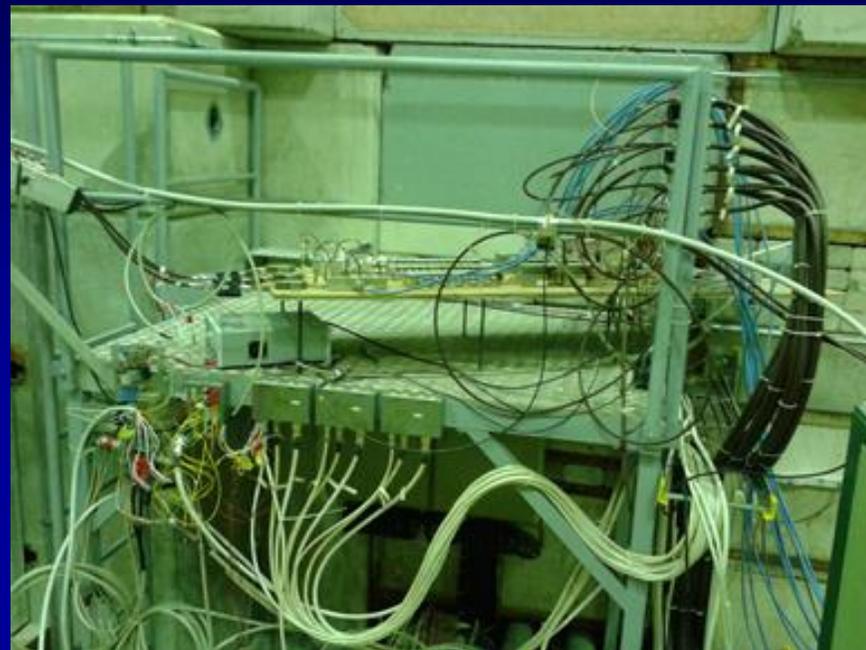
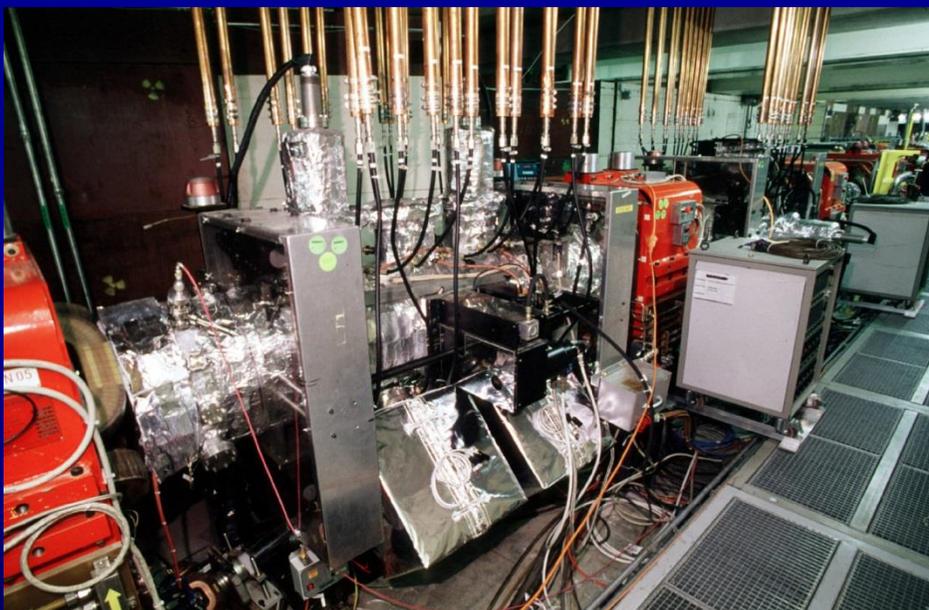
# Stochastic cooling consolidation

- Ongoing/LS1:
  - Electronics for system parameter control (delays/attenuators): Installation/commissioning tests done with beam in 2012. Old system to be dismantled in LS1.
  - Controls/acquisition upgrade
  - u-wave amplifier power supplies: replace existing large units with 48 individual supplies + renewed PLC-based controls. Installation in LS1
  - Pickup/kicker movement: Update of obsolete system with modern digital servo motor controller. Lab tests underway, installation during LS1
  - p/u & kicker vacuum tanks: 4 tanks (band 2) returned from GSI in 2012 => Used as test-bench in the lab
  - Pickup tanks cryo-system renovation, tanks removed from ring
- Long-term:
  - Renewal of u-wave amplifiers: request for ~1MCHF in 2015, detailed specs to follow
  - Vacuum tanks including pickup and kicker equipment: can existing tanks be used for 20 years? (see above)
  - Optical filters to replace large filter box presently limiting space around ELENA



# Stochastic cooling consolidation

Horizontal and vertical kicker tanks as installed in the AD ring.



“Platform Fritz”: signal transmission circuitry with dynamic and static parameter control (system attenuation and delay), switching between different beam energies etc.  
In need of consolidation !



# Stochastic cooling consolidation

New individual Power supplies for the 0.8—1.6 GHz stochastic cooling amplifiers.  
To be used as of 2014 start-up





# Electron cooling consolidation

- Ongoing/LS1:
  - HV power supply renewal (TE/EPC)
- Long-term:
  - Build a new state-of-the-art cooler ~ 2.5 MCHF 2014 – 2018. Aim for installation in LS2.
  - Including adiabatic expansion, variable density electron beam and electrostatic deflector plates for efficient collection of the electron beam
  - Existing cooler:
    - Is >30 years old
    - We have no spare magnets; very long down time if failure, significant cost for new spares
    - Performance issues
    - e- bpm:s not operational
    - Contains unused equipment

Momentum pbar	300 MeV/c	100 MeV/c
Electron energy	35 keV	2.8 keV
Electron current	2.5 A	100 mA
Cooling length	1.5 m	
Drift magnet field	590 Gauss	
Electron beam radius	25 mm	
Cooling time	16 s	15 s
$\varepsilon_x / \varepsilon_y$	3 / 3 ( $\pi \times \text{mm} \times \text{mrad}$ )	0.8 / 0.5 ( $\pi \times \text{mm} \times \text{mrad}$ )
dp/p	$10^{-4}$	$< 7 \times 10^{-5}$



# AD systems consolidation

- **RF:**

- C02 tuning system and HV-supplies renewal, re-location of RFQD racks/supplies: necessary to make space for ELENA and BASE
- C10 final stage (obsolete TH116 valves): New power amplifier/control/interlock systems to be developed: 4MCHF 2016-2018 (but search for TH116 not completely abandoned yet...)
- C02 electronics and interlock systems renewal 2016 - 2018
- C02 Beam control: migration to standard (Similar to ELENA) DSP-based system (including Schottky analysis) – planning to be finalised.

- **Magnets:**

- Main bends: DR.BHN06 dismantling/inspection/refurbishment + evolution of coil movement will determine further actions. Renovation of some or all magnets ?
- Main quadrupoles: in better condition, coil shimming re-done, no action planned now
- Replacement of various magnets with CERN-standard units in progress
- All ejection line magnets will be replaced by e-static units for ELENA ~2016/17



# AD systems consolidation

- **Diagnostics:**

- IPM renovation + merging H and V systems into 1 tank (sect.14)
- Schottky analysis (longitudinal): integrate ageing DSP equipment into new LL beam control system + new system for visual monitoring => BE/RF
- Orbit system: solution with individual ADC:s in 2015, similar to ELENA system. Will permit measurements during ramps.
- BCT (TFA6006 and 5302) renewal: mechanical redesign + electronics/software update
- Tune measurement => initial studies done make measurements on ramps possible

- **Beam transfer:**

- Structural improvement of KFI55/56 vacuum tanks (vacuum/weld problems) in progress
- Magnetic Horn HV power supply renewal
- Kicker electronics/controls renewal: included in the ELENA planning since the platform needs to be displaced to B393
- Septa electronics/controls renewal
- Magnetic Horn: replace Mercury ignitrons with solid state switches, renew capacitor chargers, build new test stand (space reserved in new AD/ELENA building)



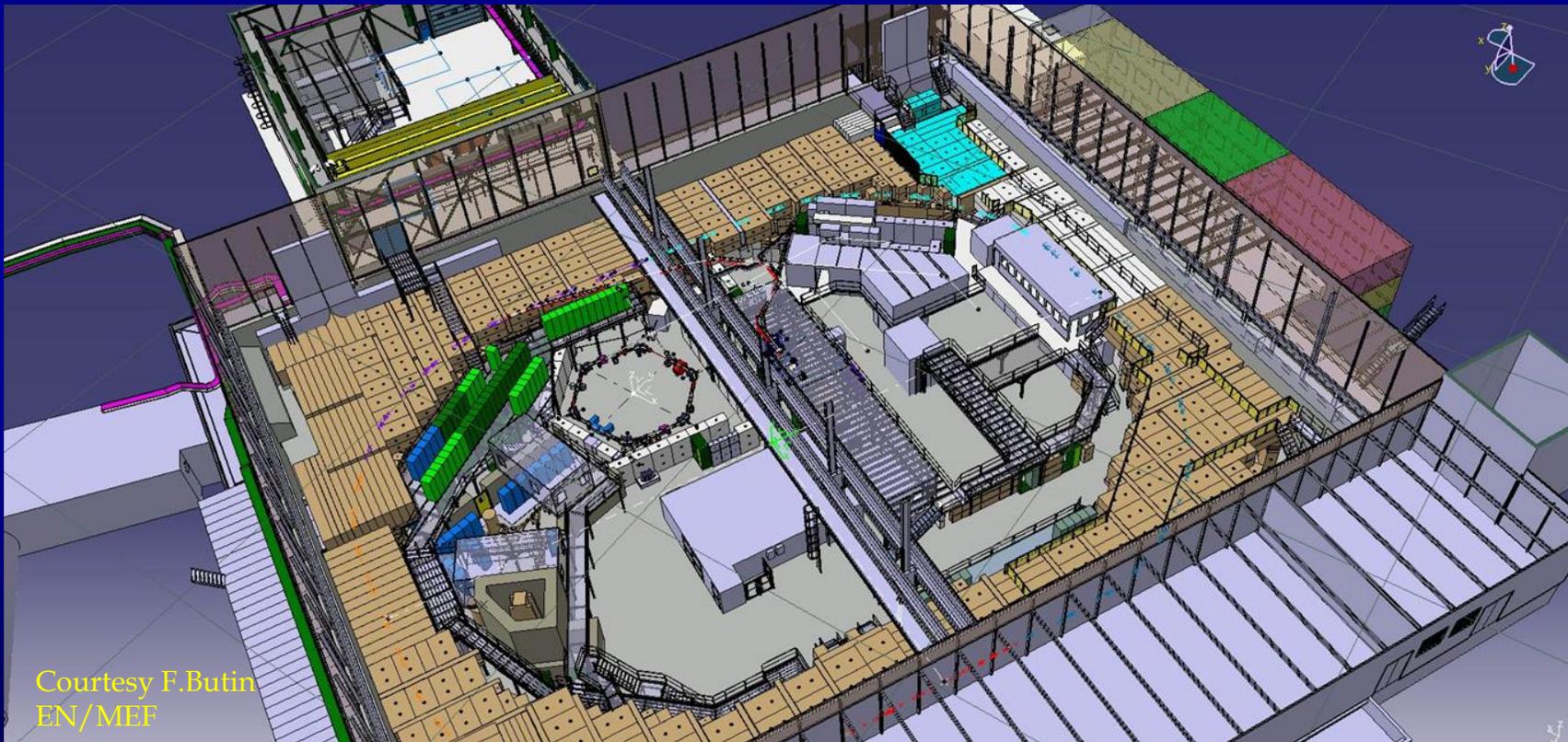
# AD systems consolidation

- **Vacuum:**
  - General program 2013 – 2018 has been started (~2,5MCHF) including:
    - Cryo system renovation, Bakeout system upgrade, General controls upgrade, Ion pump HV feedthrough improvement (refurbishing + heating system), Ion pump replacement, Turbo pumps + power supplies + gauges, Turbo pump controls, Gas injection system, Transfer line components
- **Control system:**
  - Front-end upgrade (ACCOR): ~complete (80-90%) renewal in LS1, separate BE/CO budget
  - Timing/cycle generation: re-design for de-coupled AD/injector complex & ELENA functionality etc.: definitions underway, to be operational at 2014 re-start.
  - GM => FESA, Java migration, InCA: majority will be completed
- **+ Power converters, Infrastructure, etc. etc.**



# Infrastructure/ experimental areas

- Relocation of kicker pulse generators into new building
- Relocation of racks/cabling etc.
- Reduction of user space inside the hall => new barracks adjacent to AD building
- New experiment (BASE) will be installed in 2014



Courtesy F. Butin  
EN/MEF



## Conclusion

- LS1: extremely busy time @ AD
- Upgrades to most systems
- 2014 start-up will be more of a re-commissioning than a regular start-up...without extra beam-time
- AD/ELENA future is now known, for the first time !
- => Into the 30:ies ? (2030...)