FMI Cyclotron

NAME OF MACHINE FMI Cyclotron	
INSTITUTION Franklin McLean Memoria	1 Research Institute
LOCATION 950 E. 59th Street, Chicago	, Ill <sub>DATE</sub> December 1, 1975
60637	
IN CHARGE P.V. Harper	REPORTED by L.S. Skaggs
HISTORY AND STATUS	MAGNET
DESIGN, date 1965 MODEL tests 1967	POLE FACE dia 81 cm; R ext 35 cm
ENG. DESIGN, date 1965-1967	GAP, min <u>5</u> cm; Field <u>20</u> kG
CONSTRUCTION, date 1969	max $10$ cm; Field $12$ kG at $0.2 \times 10^6$
FIRST BEAM date (or goal) July 1969	AVE FIELD at R max 16 kG A-turns
MAJOR ALTERATIONS Deflector	CURRENT, STABILITY ± 100 parts/10 <sup>6</sup>
OPERATION, 45 hr/wk; On Target 20 hr/wk	B max/ $<$ B $> = 1.25$
TIME DIST., in house 100 %, outside%	AVF SECTORS 3 SPIRAL, max 0 deg
USERS' SCHEDULING CYCLE weeks	POLE FACE coil pairs, AVF/sec
COST. ACCEL ERATOR	Harmonic/sec; Rad Grad/sec, or
COST, FACILITY, total \$600,000.00	circular; HEAVY ION, E max = q <sup>2</sup> /A
FUNDED BY US - (AEC) - ERDA	WEIGHT, Fe 14 , Cu, or Altons
	POWER, main coils 58 KW , pole tips
ACCELERATOR STAFF, OPERATION and DEVELOPMENT	totalkW; cooled by <u>water</u>
Addecting of the first of the f	YOKE/POLE area%; θ sec (Sect Mag) deg
SCIENTISTS 1/2 ENGINEERS 1	TOTAL POWER, installedMW
TECHNICIANS 3 CRAFTS 1	
ADMIN & CLERTOTAL	normal load MW
GRAD. STUDENTS involved during year	ION SOURCE, int Ion-heated Cath. Pig
OPERATED BY X Res staff or and Sp operators	
	ext
BUDGET, op & dev	
FONDED BY COERDA	ACCELERATION SYSTEM
DECEA DOLLOTA ES	2 120
RESEARCH STAFF, not included above	DEES, number $\frac{2}{2}$ , width $\frac{120}{15}$ deg
MOSE CROMPS	BEAM APERTURE cm; DC BIAS _1.5 kV
USER GROUPS, in house 4 outside —	TUNED by, coarse MS , fine VC-Trimmer
STAFF SCIENTISTS, in house 8 outside -	BEAM APERTURE 2 cm; DC BIAS 1.5 kV  TUNED by, coarse MS , fine VC-Trimmer  RF 12 to 25 MHz, stable ± 100 /106
TOTAL RES STAFF, in house 15 outside	Orb F $\frac{12}{}$ to $\frac{23}{}$ Mc/s; GAIN $\frac{\text{Max}}{}$ 60 kV/t
GRAD STUDENTS involved during year1	HARMONICS, RF/OF, used
RES. BUDGET, in house	DEE-Gnd, max $30$ kV, x/field, min cm,
FUNDED BY USERDA	STABILITY, (pk-pk noise)/(pk RF volt)
	RF PHASE stable to $\pm$ deg RF POWER input, max $29$ kW
FACILITIES FOR RESEARCH PROGRAMS	RF POWER input, max 29 kW
	RF PROTECT curcuit, speed µs
SHIELDED AREA, fixed 62 m <sup>2</sup>	type
movable m <sup>2</sup>	EXTRACT System <u>DC Electrostatic with</u>
TARGET STATIONS 2 in 2 ROOMS	<u>compensated - iron channel</u>
STATIONS SERVED AT THE SAME TIME, max1	
MAG SPECTROGRAPH, type	FREQUENCY MODULATION, rate/sec
ON-LINE COMPUTER, model	MODULATOR, type
FACILITIES for:	BEAM PULSE, widthnsec
Isotope production <u>water cooled targets</u>	
Irradiation, Solid State	SELECTED REFERENCES
Biological Neutron irradiation & dosime	try In AIP Conference Proceedings #9, 1972
Time-of-Flight Study	In AIP Conterence Proceedings #9, 1972
On-Line Mass Separation	1. Compact cyclotron engineering for
	application - G.O. Hendry p. 616-626
	2. The ACRH Cyclotron - P.V. Harper et.a
NOTATIONS	p. 627-637.
	3. Design of a Neutron Therapy Facility
	for a 30-inch evelotron - F T Kuchni

et. al. p. 638-645

## ENTRY NO. 83 (cont.)

## CHARACTERISTIC BEAMS

## **BEAM PROPERTIES**

				Measured Conditions
		Goal	Achieved	
	Particle	(MeV)	(MeV)	Pulse Width RF deg μA of MeV
ENERGY	$\frac{P}{D}$	15 8 20	$\frac{14.8}{8.3}$	Phase Exc, max RF deg $\mu$ A of MeV Extract Eff 55 % 270 $\mu$ A of MeV Res, $\Delta$ E/E 1 % $\mu$ A of MeV Emittance $\left\{\begin{array}{cccc} 50 & \text{axial} \\ 50 & \text{radial} \end{array}\right\}$ 90%
CURRENT		(μA)	(μA)	(mm-mrad) 50 radial 90%
Internal	P	1.00	110	VACUUM norm 1 µtorr; PUMPDOWN time 2 hr
External		_100 _100 50	490 120 55	OPERATING PROGRAMS, time dist
	$\frac{D}{3_{\text{He}}}$	50 50 (part/s)	270 53 (part/s)	Basic Nuclear Physics
Secondary	n			Isotope Production %
HEAVIEST ion	ALPHA			

## OTHER FEATURES and OPERATION SUMMARY

- 1.  ${}^{3}\text{He}$  recovery system for economical  ${}^{3}\text{He}^{++}$  operation
- 2. Particle changes are made in 30 minutes
- 3. Targets may be irradiated internally or externally.
- 4. Two external target stations; one for isotope, the other for neutron production.
- 5. External beams transport system includes two quadrupole doublets, one steering magnet, one switching magnet, and four collimators.