

# Experimental Progress on Staged Laser-Plasma Acceleration

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

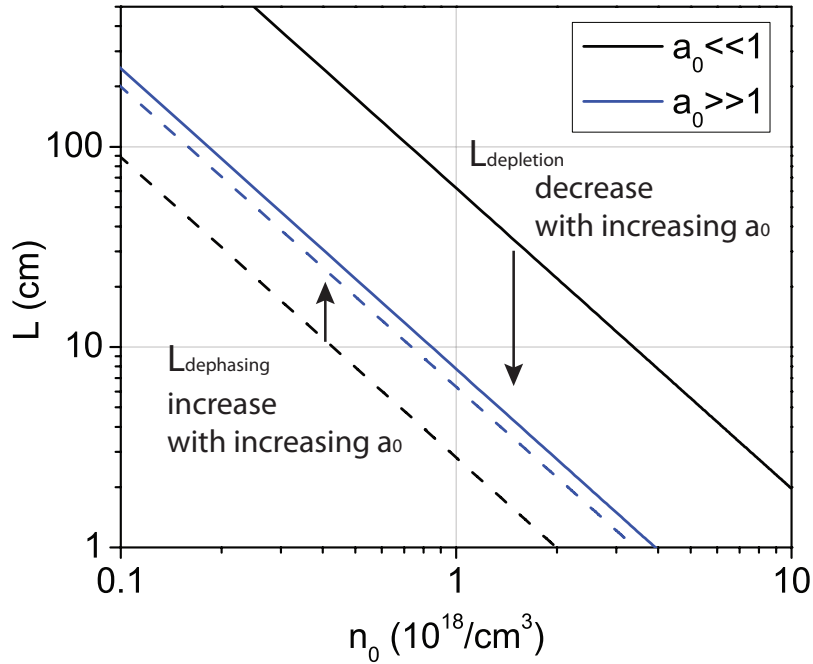
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Science



# Outline

- Why staged LPA is necessary
- Staging experiment at LOASIS Program, LBNL
- Initial experimental results on:
  - Injection module
  - Plasma mirror for coupling laser pulses
  - Acceleration module
- Summary

# Energy gain in a single stage LPA is limited



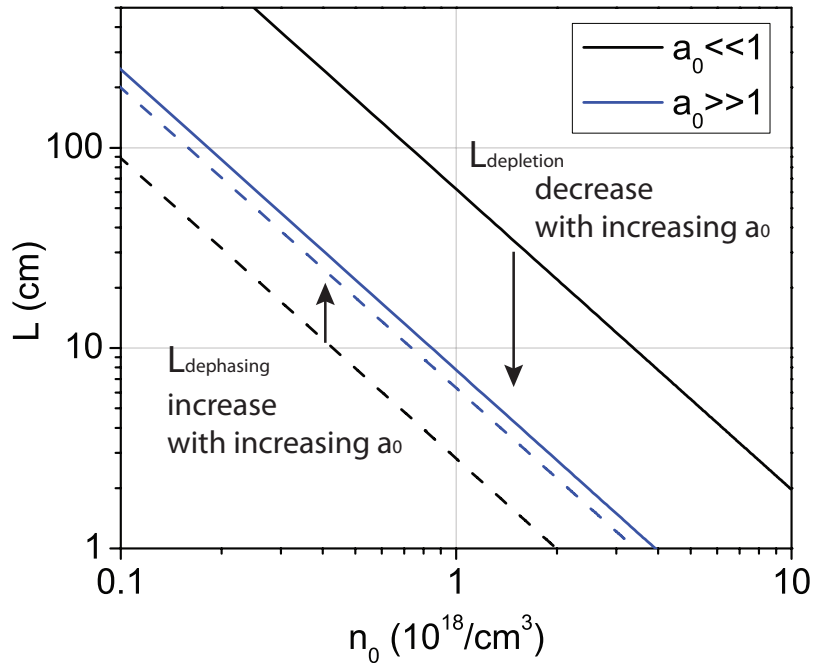
## Dephasing:

- Relativistic  $e^-$  outrunning the plasma wave

## Depletion:

- Driving laser loses energy to plasma

# Energy gain in a single stage LPA is limited



## Dephasing:

- Relativistic  $e^-$  outrunning the plasma wave

## Depletion:

- Driving laser loses energy to plasma

Linear ( $a_0 \ll 1$ ):  
 $L_d \ll L_{pd}$ , no injection

Quasi-linear ( $a_0 \sim 1$ ):  
 $L_d \sim L_{pd}$ , no injection

Non-linear ( $a_0 \gg 1$ ):  
 $L_d \sim L_{pd}$ , self-trapping

Optimal acceleration length  $\sim L_d \sim L_{pd}$



Total energy gain is limited:  $\Delta W = eE_z L_{\text{acc}}$   
 $\propto f(a) \frac{1}{n_e}$

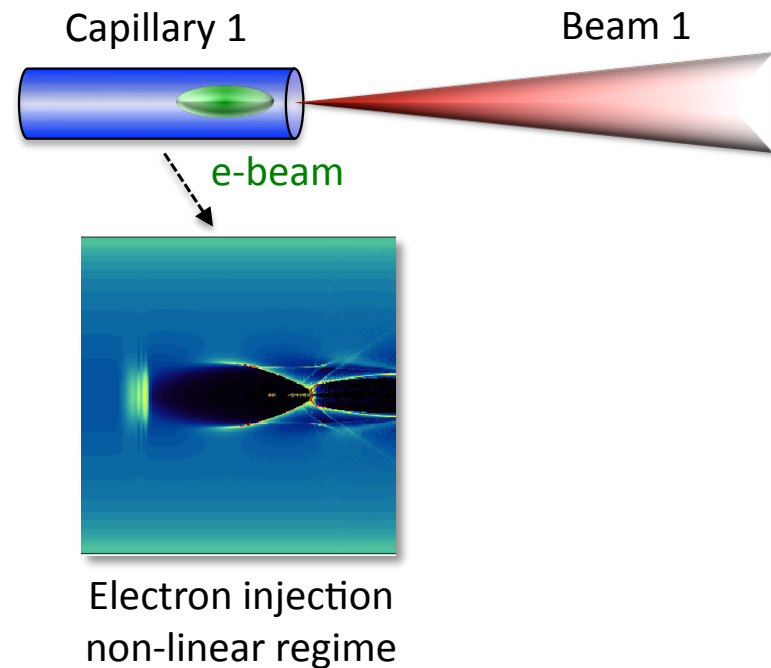
# Staging experiment requires precision

## ■ Advantages:

- Staged LPA can supply fresh laser pulses
- Separate injection and acceleration

## ■ Challenges:

- Laser spatial overlap  $\sim \mu\text{m}$
- Temporal overlap  $\sim \text{fs}$
- Two capillary + plasma mirror operation



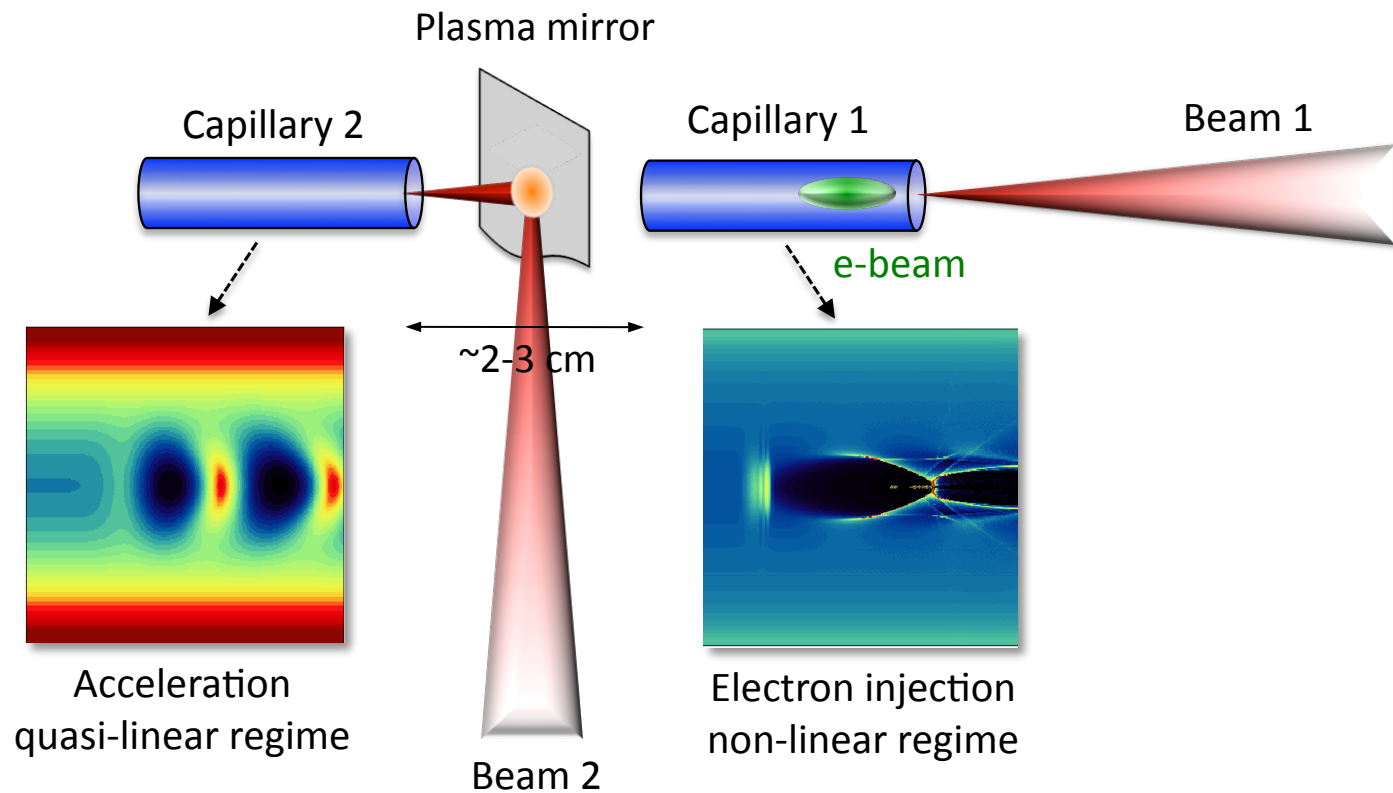
# Staging experiment requires precision

## Advantages:

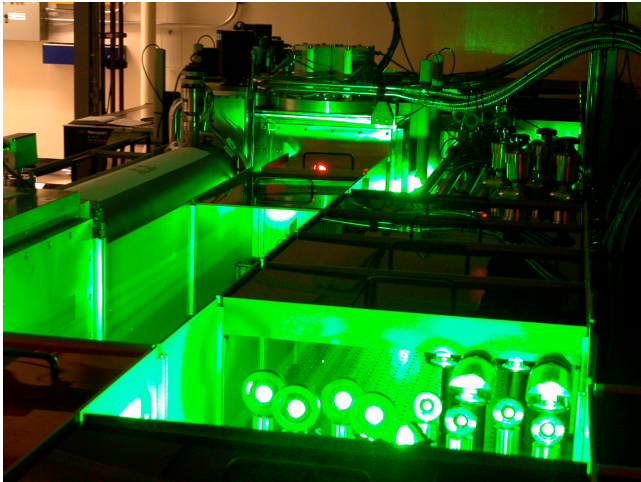
- Staged LPA can supply fresh laser pulses
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## Challenges:

- Laser spatial overlap  $\sim \mu\text{m}$
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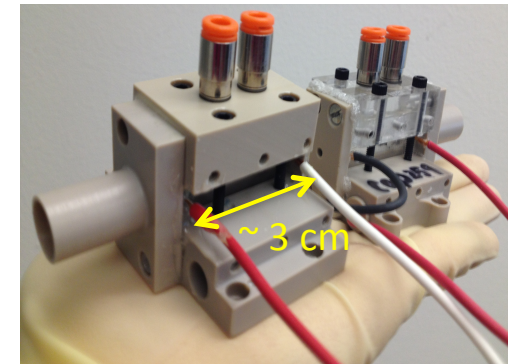
# Experimental setup installed and ready



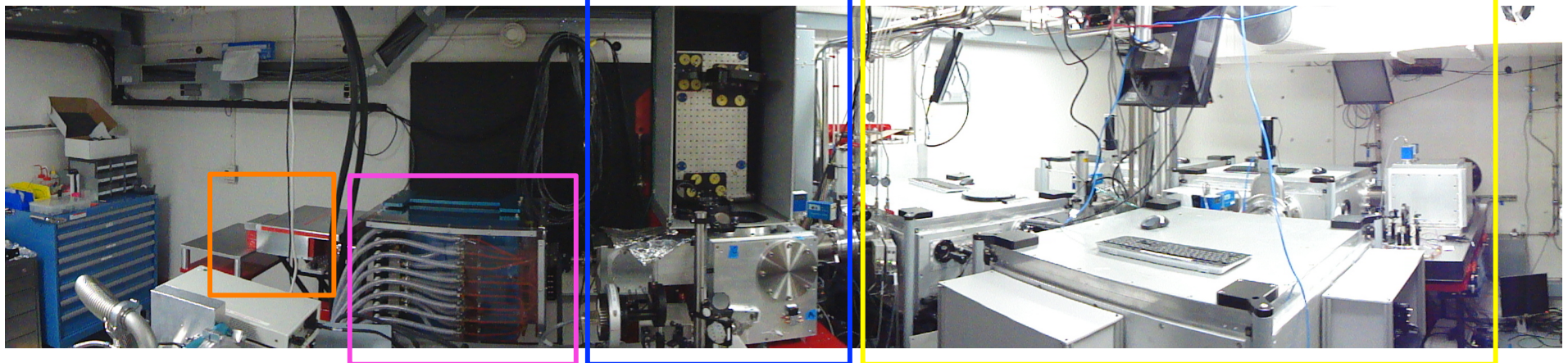
## TREX laser

- ❖ Ti:Sapphire laser ( $\lambda = 805 \text{ nm}$ )
- ❖ Peak power 40TW
- ❖ Optimum compression 40 fs
- ❖ Rep. rate 1 Hz

## Staging capillaries



New beamline for staging experiment completed in Nov 2011  
First high power laser operation in April 2012



Electron  
beam dump

Electron  
spectrometer

High power laser  
diagnostics

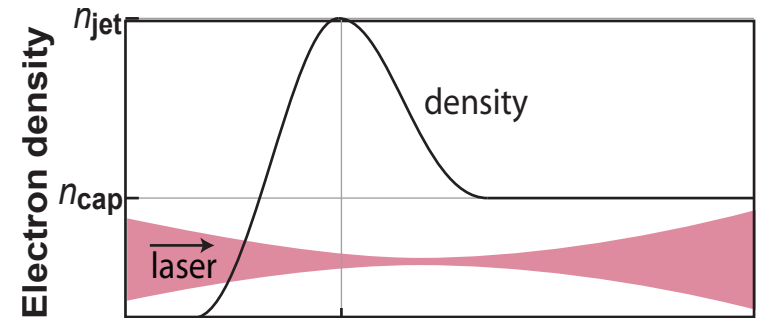
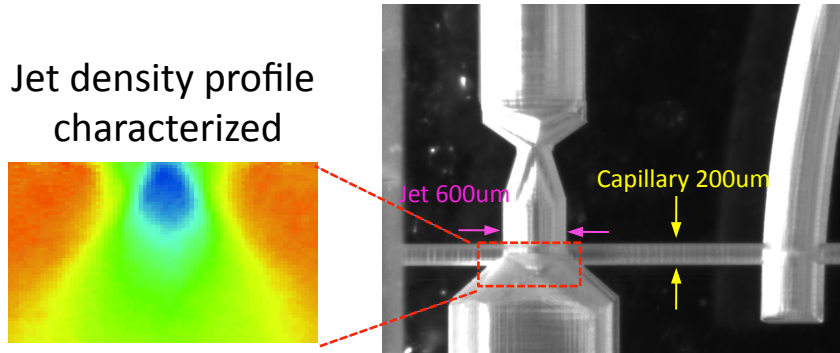
Interaction chamber and  
beam transport chambers

# Electron injected -- Optimization in progress

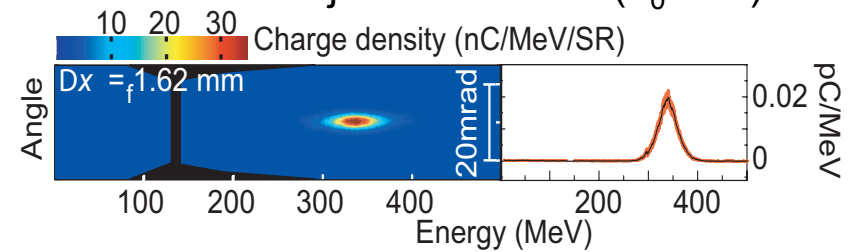
Injection module

- Gas jet implemented to control injection

Jet density profile characterized



Stable injection at 1.4 J ( $a_0 \sim 1.5$ )



A. J Gonsalves et al., Nature Physics 7 (2011)

$Q \sim 1 \text{ pC}$

$E \sim 340 \text{ MeV}$

$\Delta E/E \sim 5\%$

$\sigma_\theta \sim 1 \text{ mrad}$

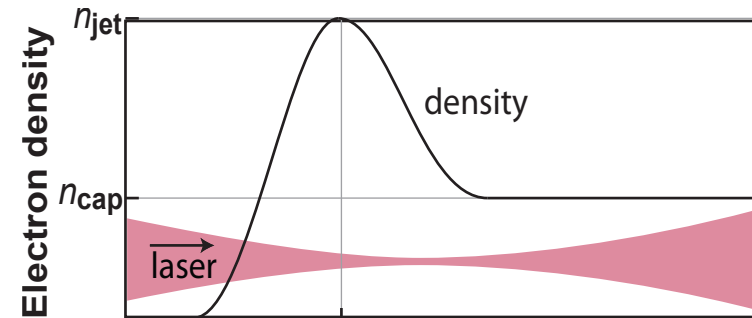
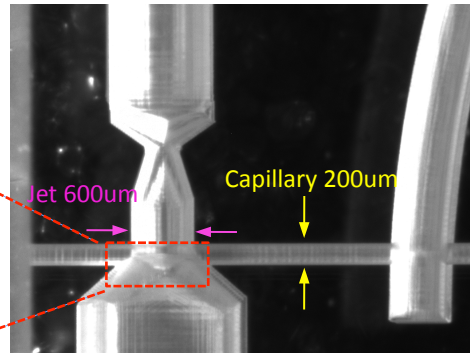
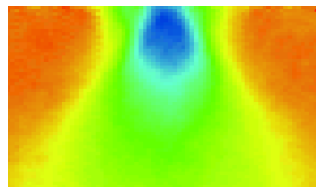


# Electron injected -- Optimization in progress

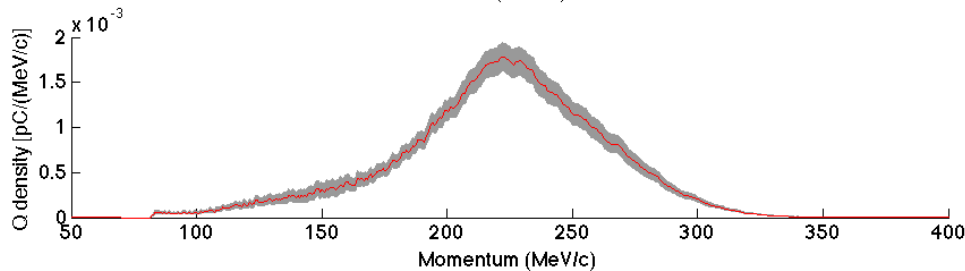
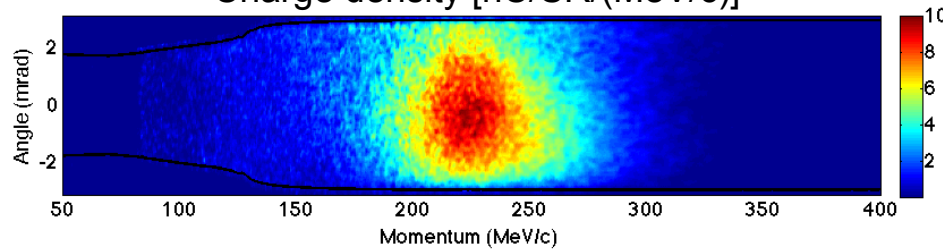
Injection module

- Gas jet implemented to control injection

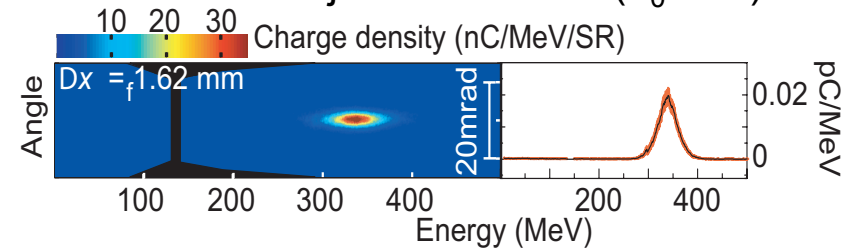
Jet density profile characterized



Injection at 1 J ( $a_0 \sim 1.3$ )  
Charge density [nC/SR/(MeV/c)]



Stable injection at 1.4 J ( $a_0 \sim 1.5$ )



A. J Gonsalves et al., Nature Physics 7 (2011)

$Q \sim 1$  pC

$E \sim 340$  MeV

$\Delta E/E \sim 5\%$

$\sigma_\theta \sim 1$  mrad

$Q \sim 0.15$  pC

$E \sim 220$  MeV

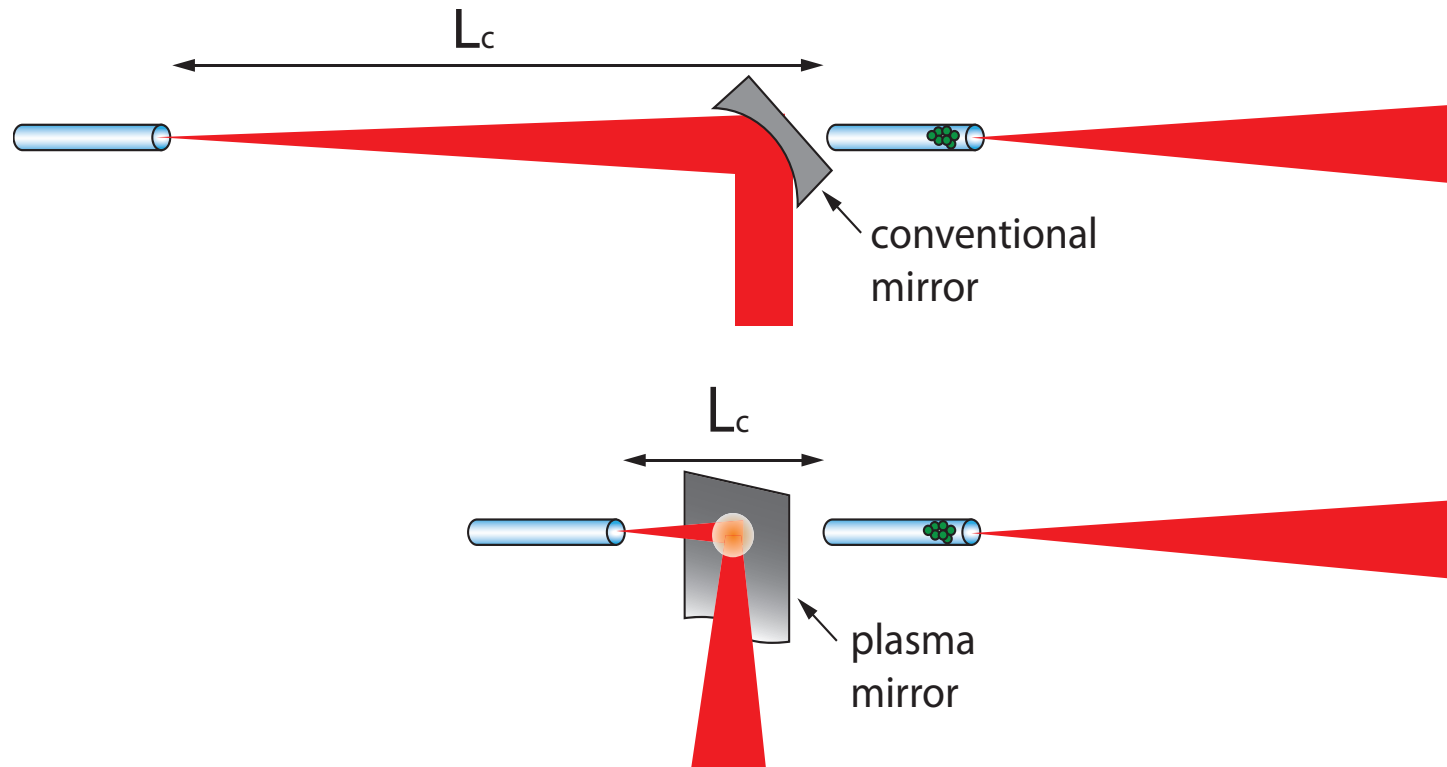
$\Delta E/E \sim 15\%$

$\sigma_\theta \sim 1.4$  mrad

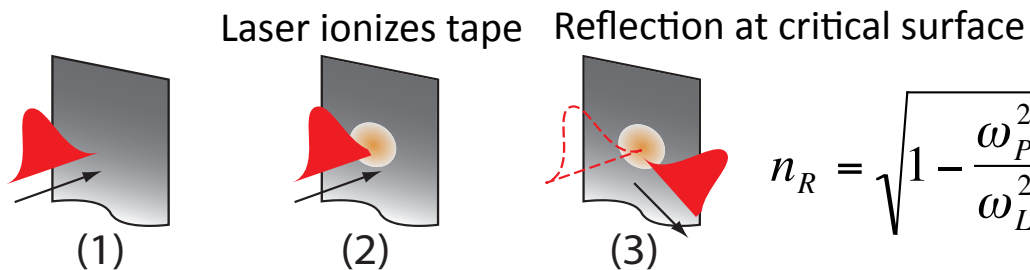
# Plasma mirror used to reduce coupling distance

Laser coupling

- Laser is too intense to use conventional optics close to focus



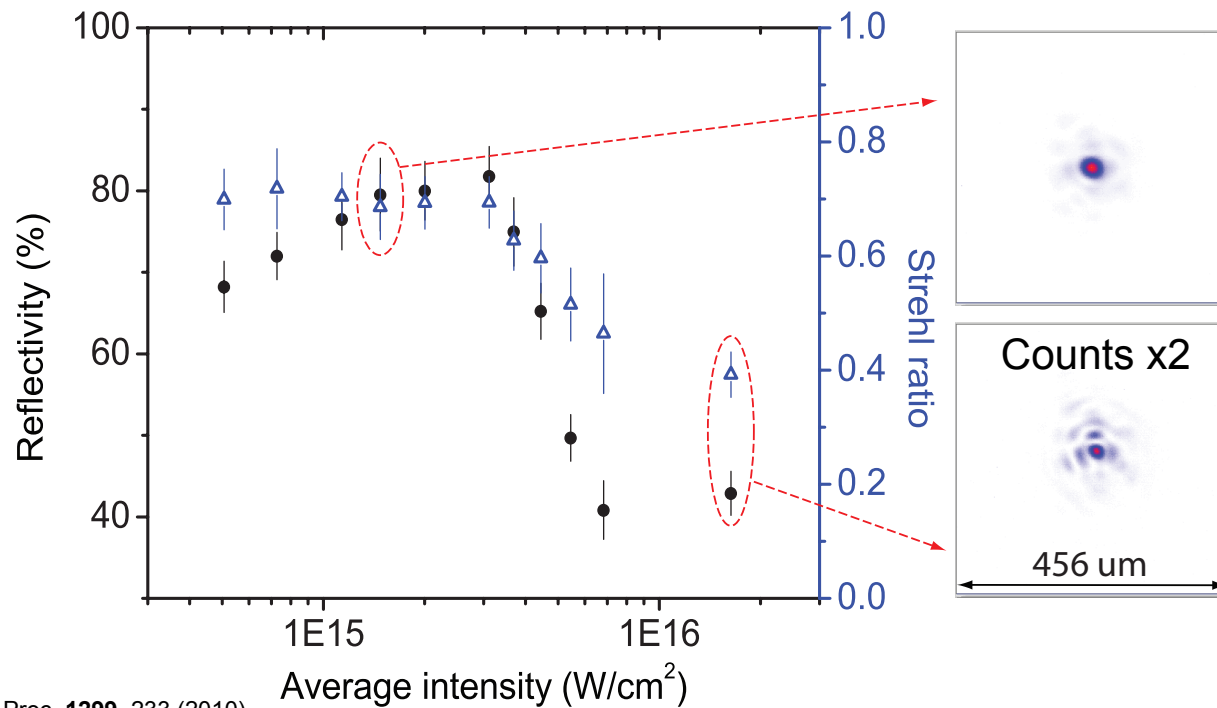
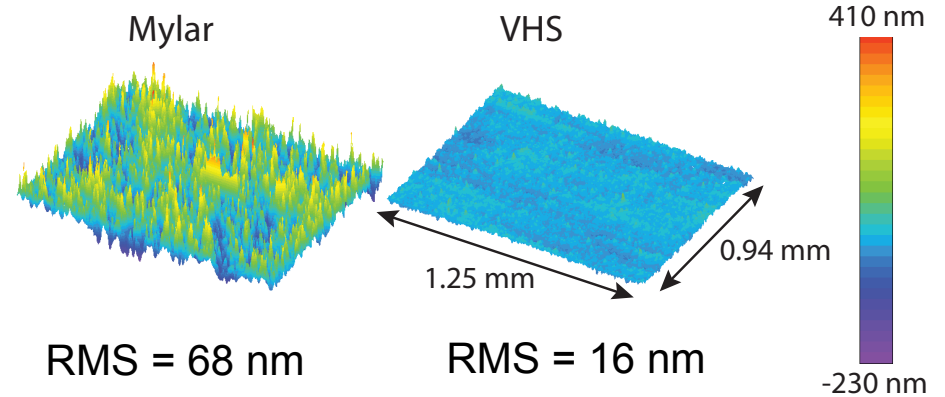
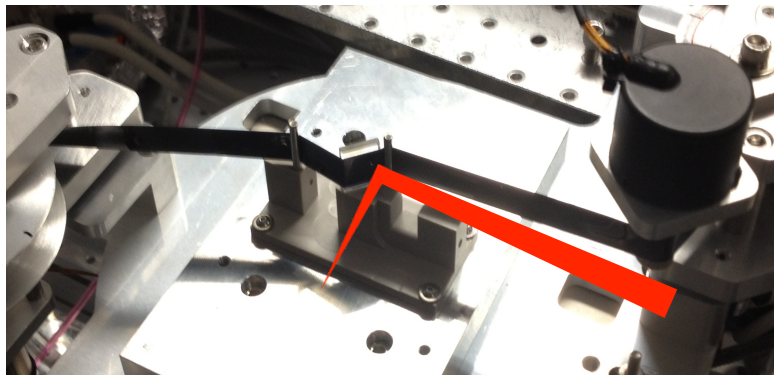
- Plasma mirror triggers  $\sim$  Intensity  $1E14$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>



# Tape drive based plasma mirror characterized

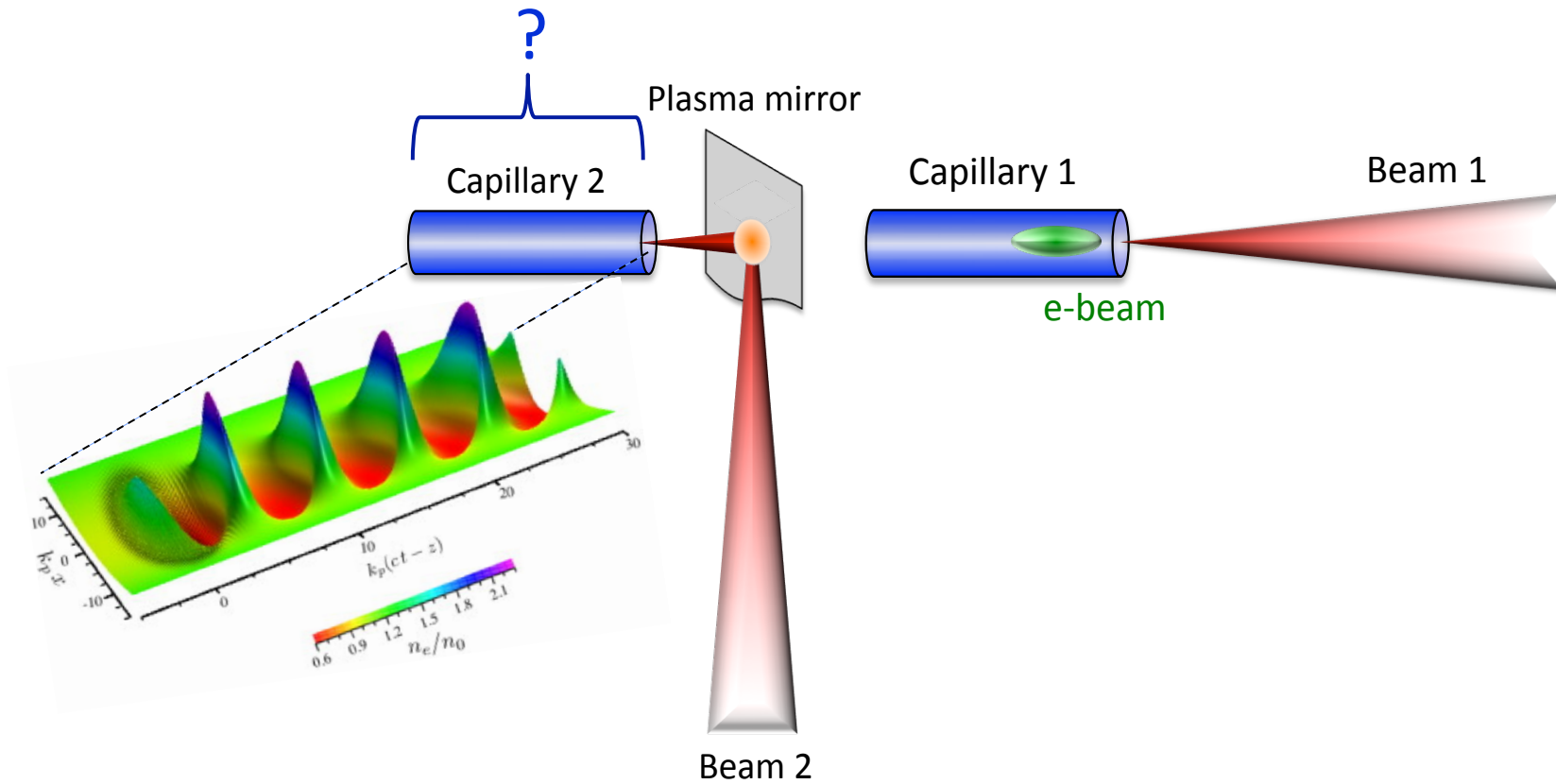
Laser coupling

- Reflectivity and mode quality optimized



# What is the energy gain expected from 2<sup>nd</sup> module?

Acceleration module



# Optical spectra analyzed as wakefield diagnostic

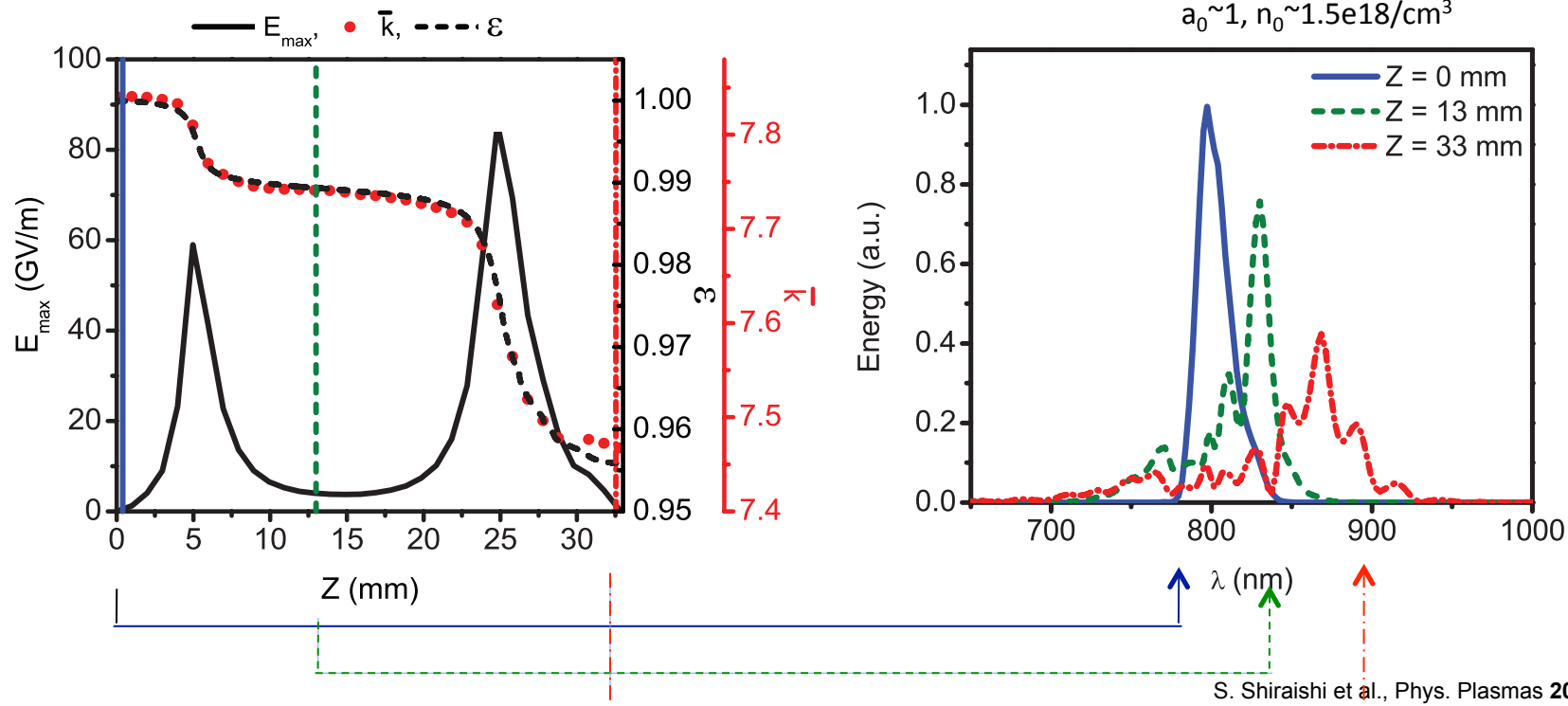
Acceleration module

- Spectral shifts correlates with laser energy transferred into plasmas

$$\frac{\partial \bar{k}/k_0}{\partial z} = -\frac{k_P^2}{k_0^2} \left( \frac{E_{\max}}{E_0} \right)^2$$

Change in laser energy  
 $\bar{k}/k_0 \sim \varepsilon$

Wakefield amplitude



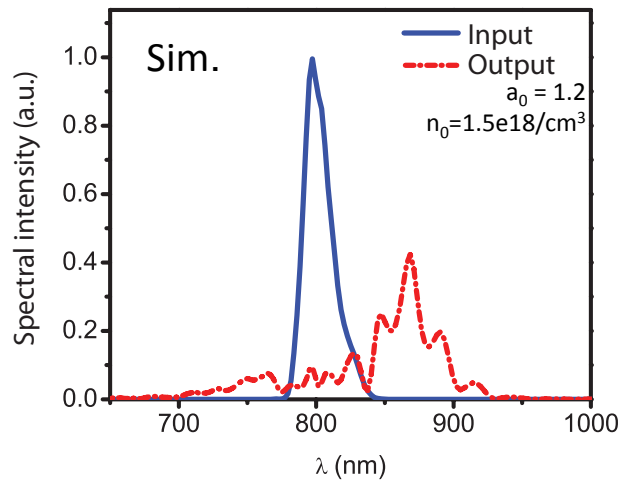
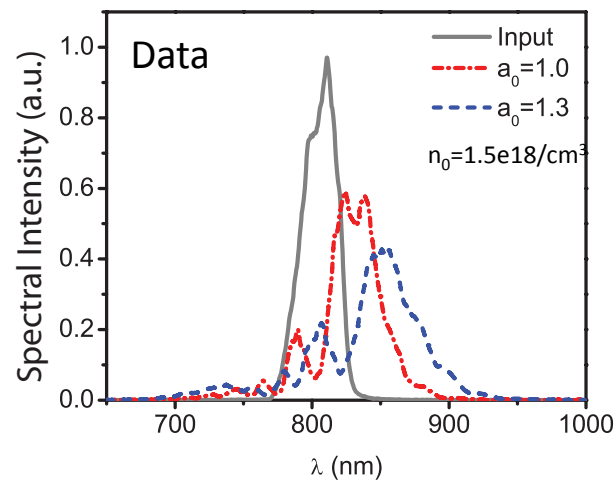
S. Shiraishi et al., Phys. Plasmas **20** (2013).  
 C. Benedetti et al., AIP Conf. Proc. **1299**, 250 (2010).  
 B. A. Shadwick et al., Phys. Plasmas **16** (2009).

# Data agrees with simulation within uncertainty

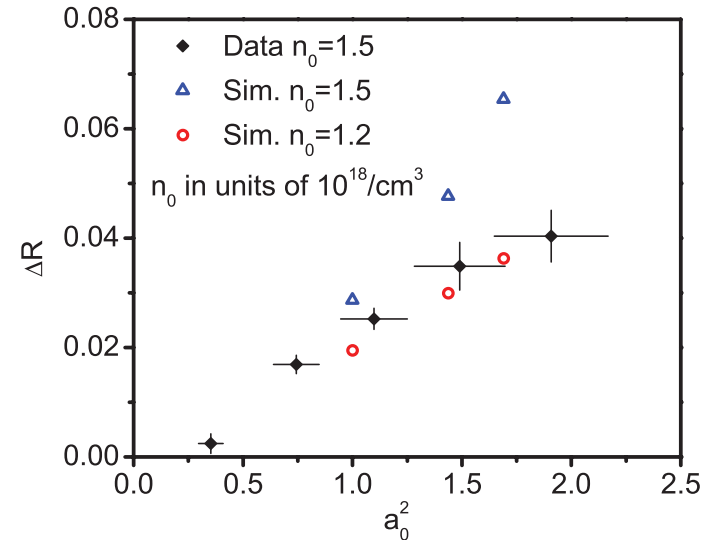
Acceleration module

- INF&RNO PIC simulation performed to assist in interpretation of data

$$\Delta R = 1 - \bar{k}/k_0$$



Data & Sim. agree within uncertainty

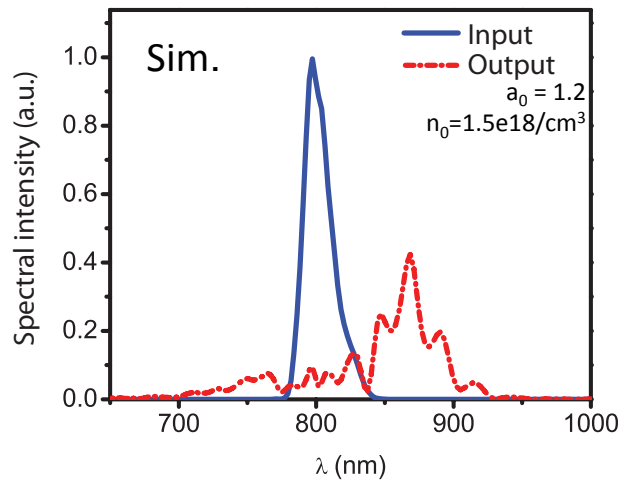
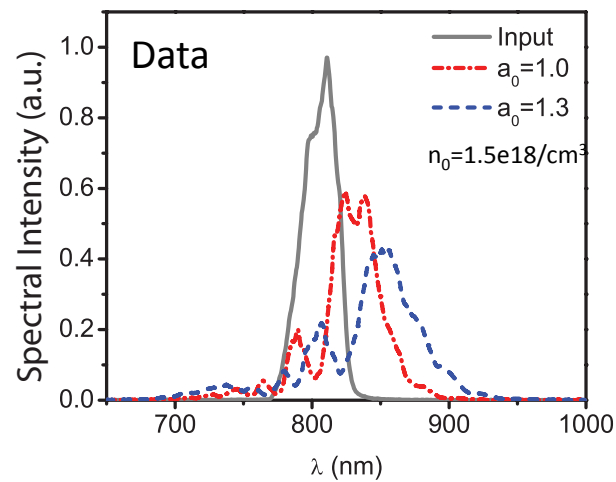


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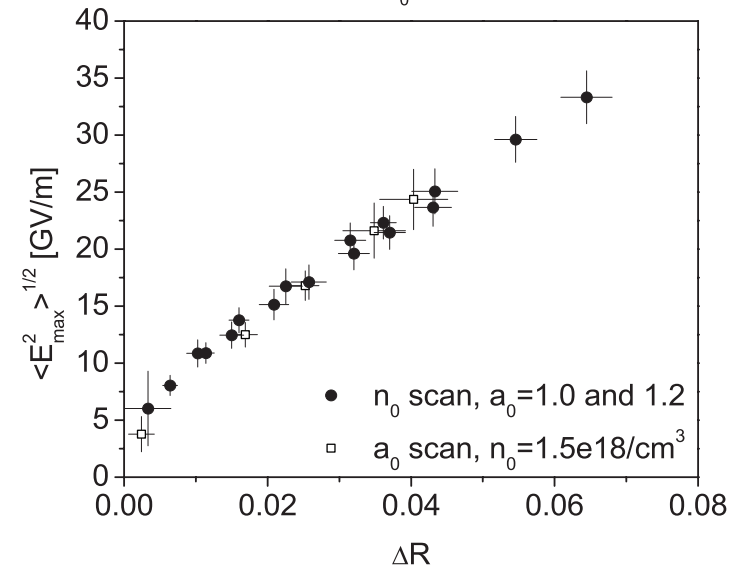
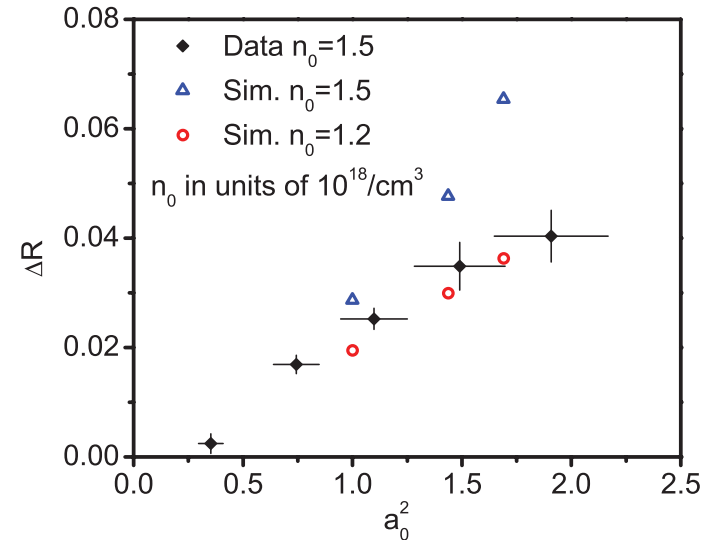
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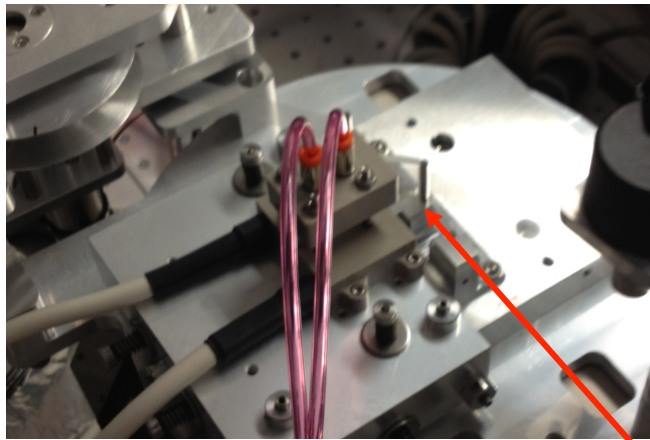
Data & Sim. agree within uncertainty



# Acceleration module powered & improvements planned

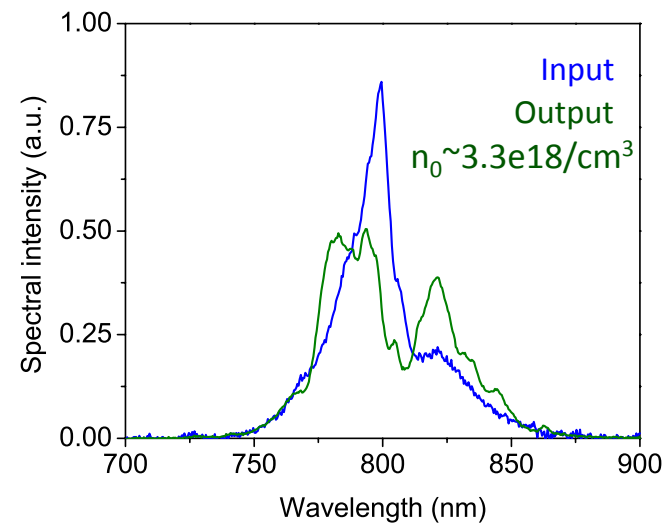
Acceleration module

- Good guiding with laser reflected off plasma mirror



Total transmission  $\sim 73\%$   
Plasma mirror  $\sim 80\%$   
Guiding  $\sim 91\%$

- Optimization of wake excitation in progress

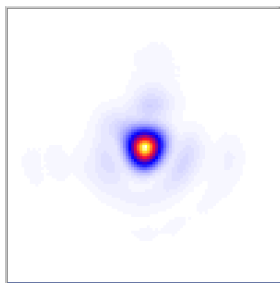


Based on simulation  $\langle E_z \rangle \sim 1$  GV/m  
(Preliminary)

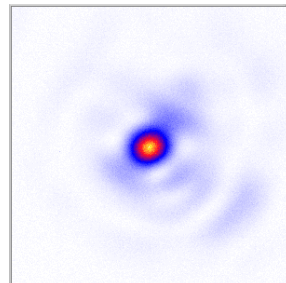
Laser pulses were modulated from splitting process

More efficient wake excitation expected with optimization of pulse duration

Input mode



Output mode

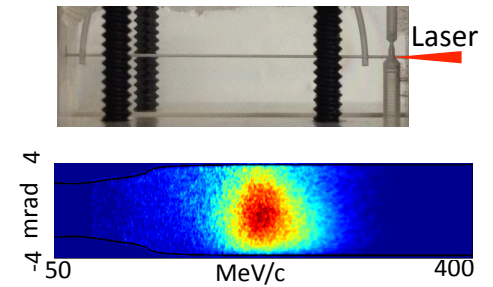
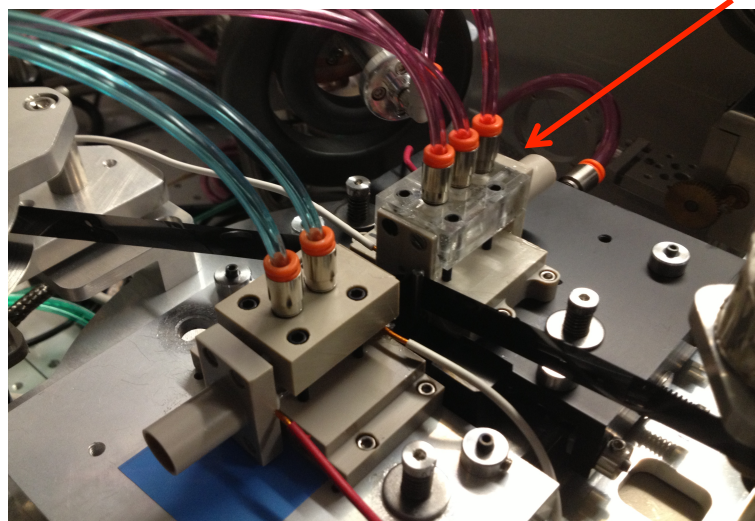




## Summary and outlook

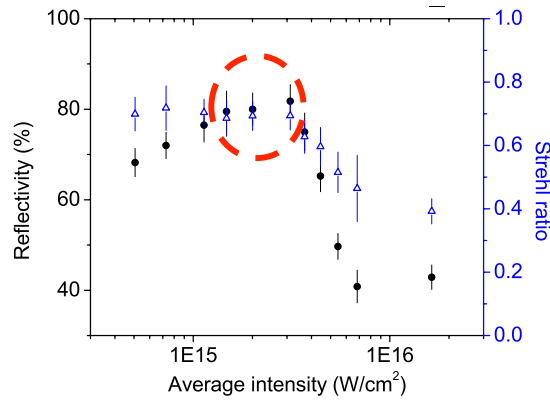
- E-beam injected in acceleration module

Optimization for energy spread and shot to shot fluctuation in progress

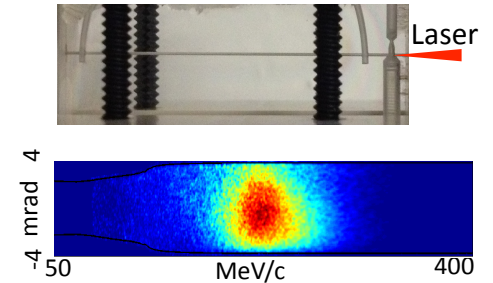
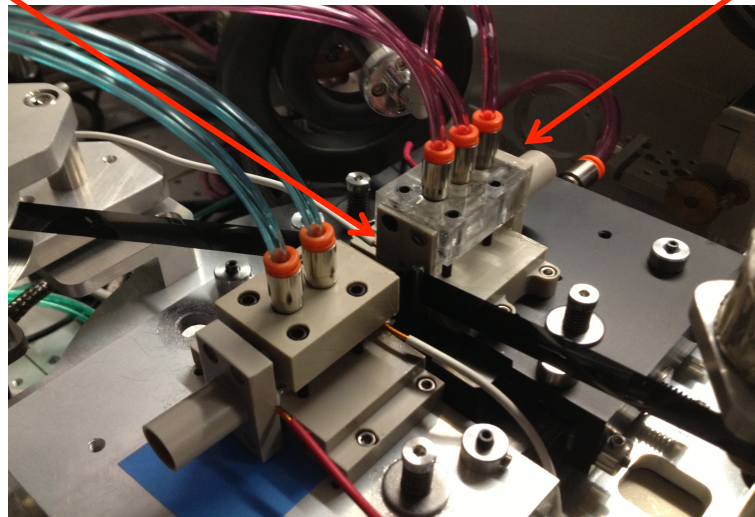


# Summary and outlook

- Tape drive based plasma mirror is characterized

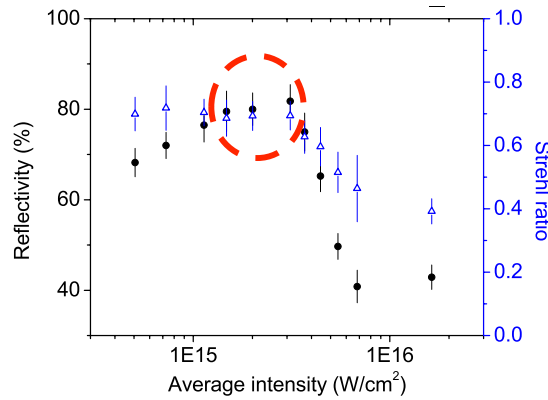


- E-beam injected in acceleration module  
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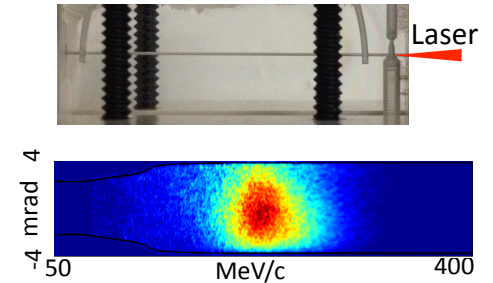
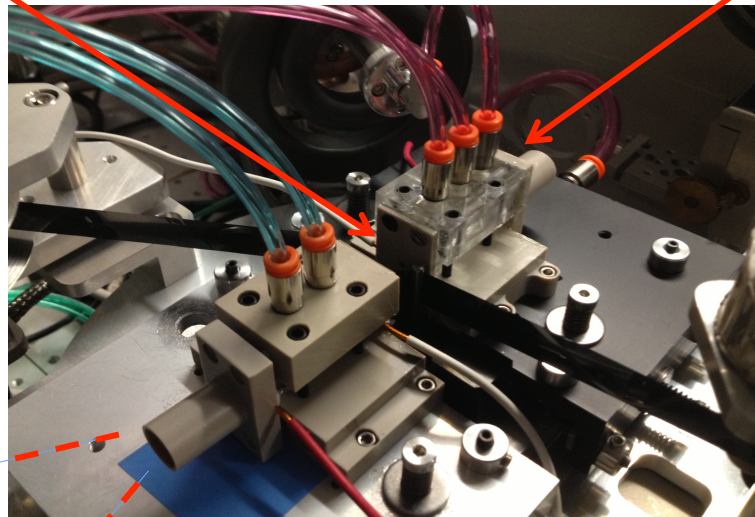


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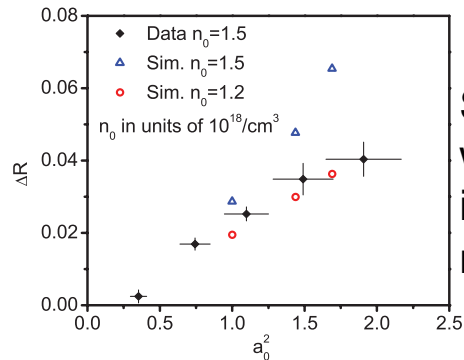
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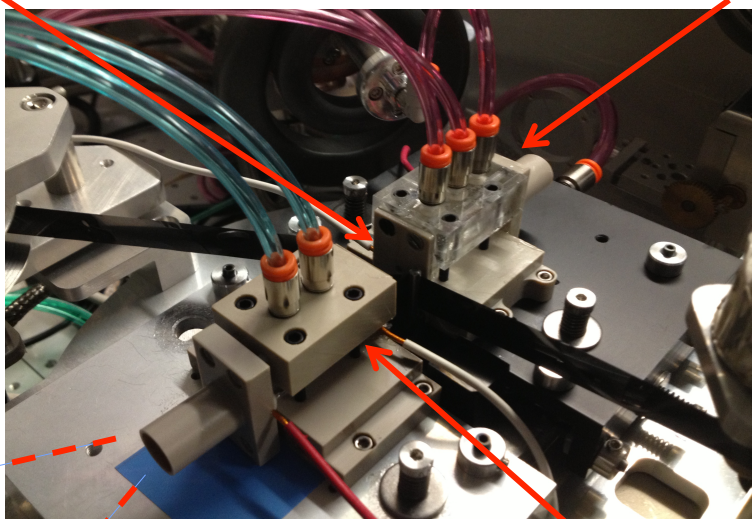
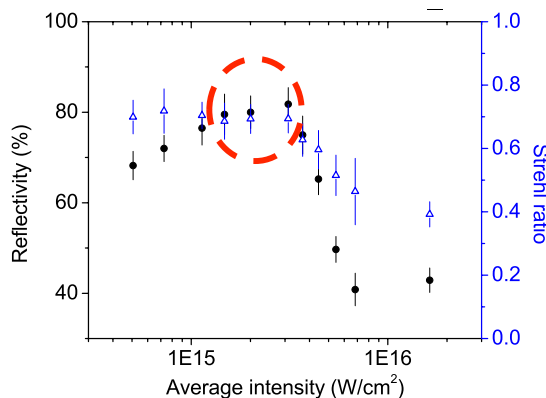
- Spectra analyzed to diagnose wake excitation



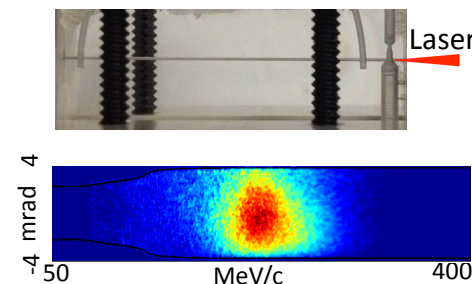
Step towards wakefield diagnostic in acceleration module

# Summary and outlook

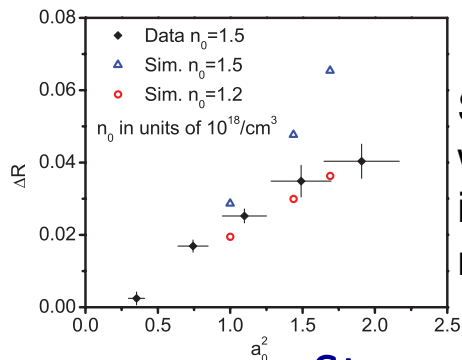
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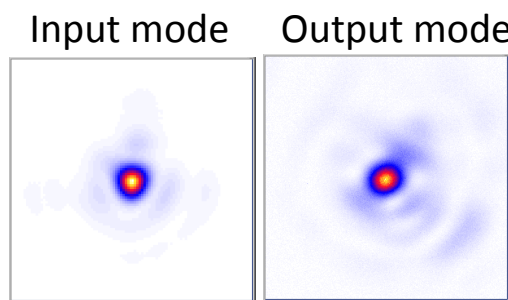


- Spectra analyzed to diagnose wake excitation



Step towards wakefield diagnostic in acceleration module

- Good guiding achieved with laser reflected off plasma mirror



Optimization for wake excitation in progress

Staged LPA experiments following the optimizations