

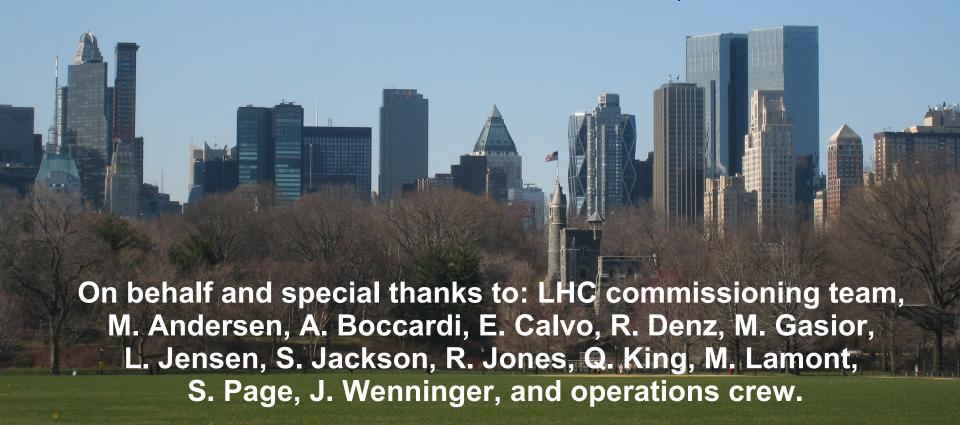
2011-03-30 NA Particle Accelerator Conference (PAC'11)

Instrumentation, Controls and Feedback

Real-Time Beam Control at the LHC

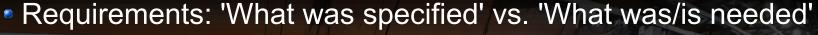
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Outline



Underlying Feedback Architecture



- Performance and Stability during LHC's First Year of Operation
 - Gretchenfrage: "Could or should LHC run without Feedbacks"
- Required Changes with respect to Initial Design

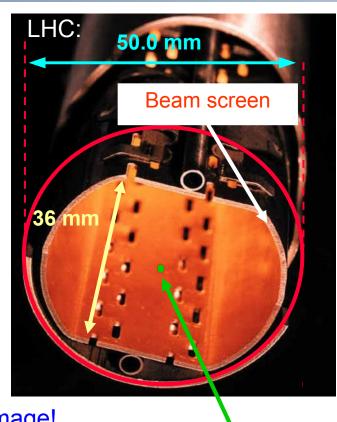


Beam Parameter Stability in Hadron Machines

Traditional requirements on beam stability...

... to keep the beam in the pipe!

- Increased stored intensity and energy:
 - up to 75 MJ@3.5 TeV in the beam (2011)
 - → can quench all magnets/cause serious damage!
- Requirements depend on:
 - 1. Capability to control particle losses
 - Machine protection (MP) & Collimation
 - Quench prevention
 - 2. Commissioning and operational efficiency



Beam 3 σ envel. ~ 1.8 mm @ 7 TeV



Change of Paradigm at the LHC ...

- FBs became a requirement for safe and reliable nominal LHC operation
 - implications on controller reliability, availability and system integration
- The main driving constraints:
 - ensuring collimator hierarchy ↔ minimising local bumps
 - $\Delta x \le 25-50 \ \mu m$ at collimators \leftrightarrow constraints max. allowed oscillations
 - Decay- and snap-back of dipole's multipole components
 - Operating close to third order resonances
 - Keep beam excitation to a minimum: transverse emittance preservation





Expected Dynamic Perturbations vs. Requirements – or: Design Assumption vs. Operational Reality

From Decay/Snap-back expected dynamic perturbations

	Orbit	Tune [0.5·frev]	Chroma.	Energy	Coupling
Exp. Perturbations ('06):	~ 0.5	0.014	~ 70	± 1.5e-4	~0.01
Nom. Requirements:	± 0.15	±0.001	2 ± 1	± 1e-4	« 0.01
Achieved Stability ('10):	~ 0.1	~ 0.001	± 2 (7)	~1e-5	< 0.003

- Initial assumptions and plans (2006-2009):
 - Chromaticity considered as most critical parameter
 - FB Priority list: Chromaticity → Coupling/Tune → Orbit → Energy

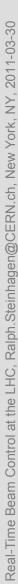
- What turned out to be needed operationally from 2009 → now:
 - Tune → Tune → ...→ Orbit & Energy/Radial-Loop ... → Q'(t) →...→ C⁻
 - impressive Q'(t), C⁻ and beta-beat stability and reproducibility



LHC Feedback Success has a long Pedigree: Years of Collaboration, Development and leveraged Experience

Wide-Band-Time-Normaliser	1996				
proposed for LHC BPM system		initially BNL's 200MHz resonant BPM			
Radiation testing showed digital		Tune-FB included in original US-LARP			
acq. needs to be out of tunnel		TWC-based Schottky monitor proposed			
RT control specification, mostly decay-/snap-		• Direct-Diode-Detection → Base-Band-Tune			
back and nominal performance (no MP yet)		(BBQ), prototyped at RHIC/SPS,			
BPM design and capabilities "inspired" specs.		robust Q-meas. & unprecedented sensitivity			
Moving digital processing out of the tunnel Recognition that collimation will rely on real-time Orbit-FBs Orbit-FB prototype tests at the SPS		●1.7 GHz Schottky prototype at SPS			
		FFT-based Q tracking op. deployed at SPS			
		PLL-studies at RHIC			
		and front and alcohomics			
IWBS'04: SLS, ALS, Diamond, Soleil and	2004	and front-end electronics			
others → affirmed Orbit-FB strategy					
Orbit(-FB) and MP entanglement recognised		Q & Coupling-FB demonstrated at RHIC			
→ FB: "nice to have" to "necessary"		PLL-Q and Q'(t) tracker demononstrated at SPS			
		FNAL-design/CERN-built 4.8GHz TWC Schot			
		Tune Feedback Final Design Review (BNL)			
		Joint CARE workshop on Q/Q' diagnostics			
		(BNL, FNAL, Desy, PSI, GSI,)			
		→ affirmed Q/Q' strategy			
2000 the year we established collisions: Q/Q' 8 Orbit ERs enerational					

2009 – the year we established collisions: Q/Q'- & Orbit FBs operational

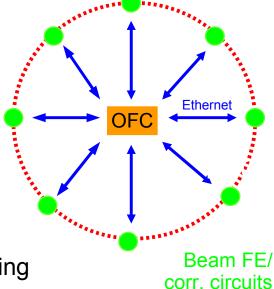




LHC: Beam-Based Feedback Systems

Specific requirements fairly distributed → opted for central global feedback system

- One central controller (OFC + hot spare):
 - higher numerical load
 - higher network load (↔ 170 front-ends)
 - dependence of machine operation on single device
 - easier synchronisation between front-ends and FBs
 - flexible correction scheme changes and gain-scheduling
 - efficient to handle cross-talk and coupling between FBs



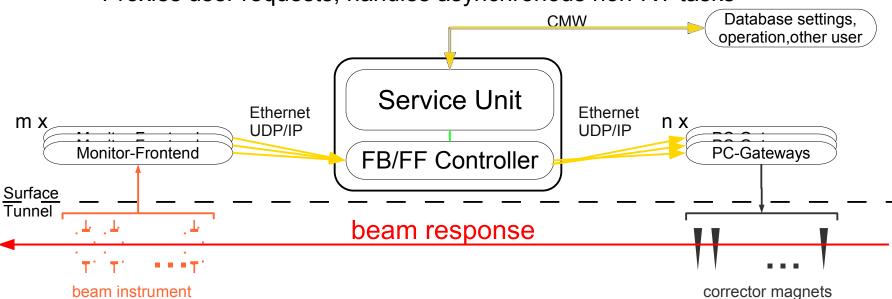
- Orbit-Feedback is the largest and most complex LHC feedback:
 - 1088 BPMs → 2176+ readings @ 25 Hz from 68 front-end computers
 - 530 correction dipole magnets/plane, distributed over ~50 front-end computers
- Total >3500 devices involved

 more than half the LHC is controlled by FBs!



Common Feedback/Feed-forward Control Layout Control implementation split into two sub-systems:

- Feedback Controller (OFC) performing actual feedback controller logic
 - Simple streaming task (10% of total load)
 - Beam data quality checks and real-time filtering (80% of total load)
 - Server running Real-Time Linux OS with <u>periodic constant load</u>
 - multi-core, highly redundant MTBF > 22 yrs (spec, 120 yrs meas.)
 - Technical Network as robust communication backbone
- Service Unit: Interface to high-level software control and interlock systems
 - Proxies user requests, handles asynchronous non-RT tasks

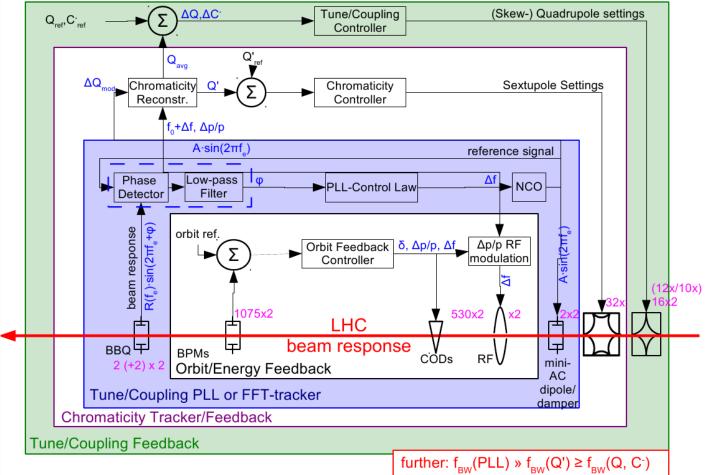




To avoid inherent Cross-Talk between FBs... Cascading between individual Feedbacks

- Main strategy: derive meas from FB control variable
 - Q'-tracker using 'Q_{raw} = Q_{meas} Q_{trim}'
 - Sub. Δp/p-mod. from Radial-Loop & Orbit-FB reference

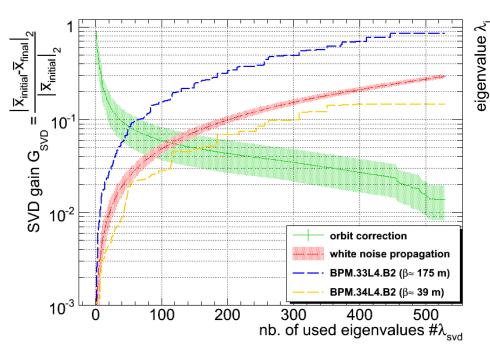


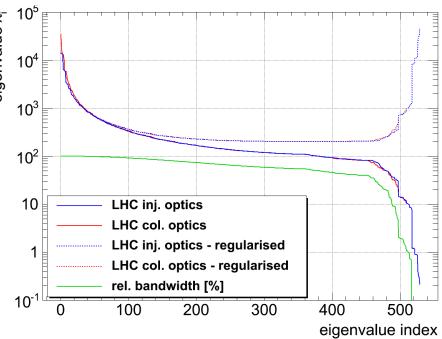




Standard Singular-Value-Decomposition based Orbit Correction

- Initially: Truncated-SVD (set λ_i^{-1} := 0, for i>N)
 - not without issues: removed λ_i allowed local bumps creeping in (e.g. collimation)
- Regularised-SVD (Tikhonov/opt. Wiener filter with $\lambda_i^{-1} := \lambda_i/(\lambda_i^2 + \mu), \mu > 0$)
 - more robust w.r.t. optics errors and mitigation of BPM noise/errors → allowed re-using same ORM for injection, ramp and 10+ squeeze steps

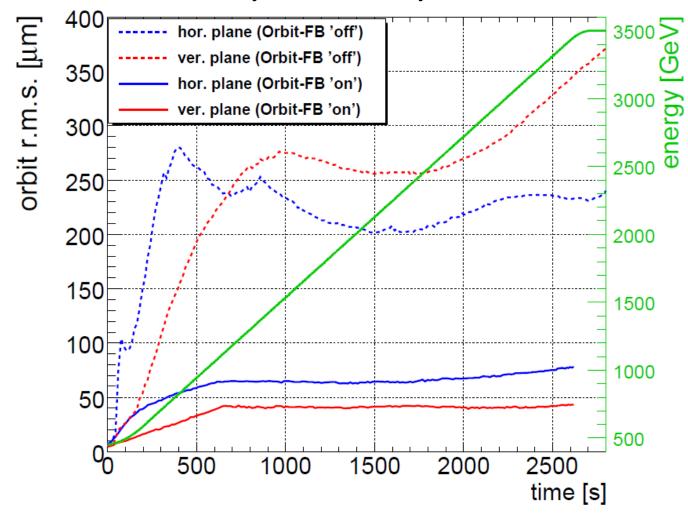






Orbit Feedback Performance

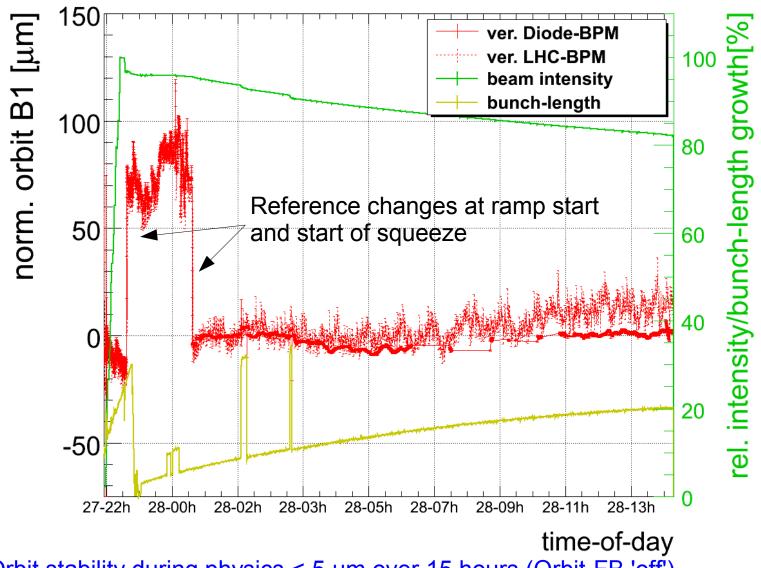
Orbit feedback used routinely and mandatory for nominal beam



- Typical stability: 80 (20) µm rms. globally (arcs)
- Most perturbations due to Orbit-FB reference changes around experiments



Orbit Stability during one LHC Fill

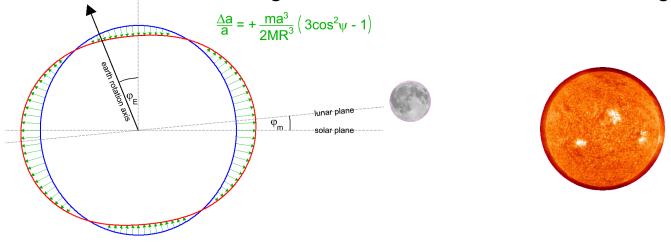


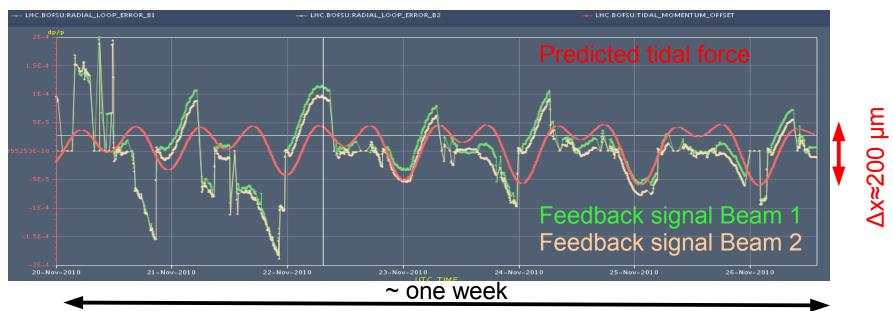
- Orbit stability during physics < 5 μm over 15 hours (Orbit-FB 'off')
 - new high-accuracy diode-based beam position monitor system: Δx_{res} < 0.5 μm



Earth Tides dominating Orbit Stability during Physics:

Known effect from LEP → changes the machine circumference/energy





Testimony to LHC alignment and beam stability!



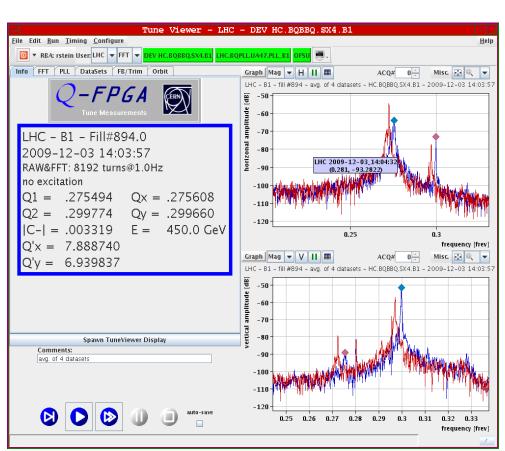
LHC Q/Q' Diagnostics and Residual Noise I/II

- Initial design assumption: no residual tune signatures on the beam (0 dB S/N)
 - Anticipated constant driving of the beam and to limit the required excitation levels – the highly-sensitive BBQ system was developed

- Blessing/Curse after start-up:
 - 1 BBQ turn-by-turn res. < 30 nm
 - 30+dB more sensitivity than other LHC systems

(e.g. ADT: 1µm, BPM: 50 µm)

2 Ever-present Q oscillations on the few 100 nm to μm level



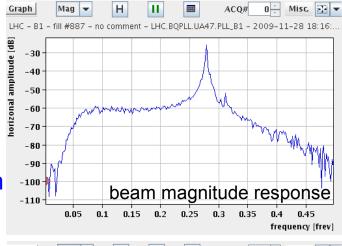
 Luxurious 30-40 dB S/N ratios enabled the passive monitoring, tracking and feedbacks without any additional excitation

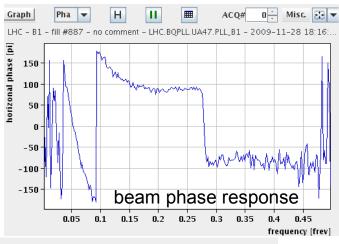


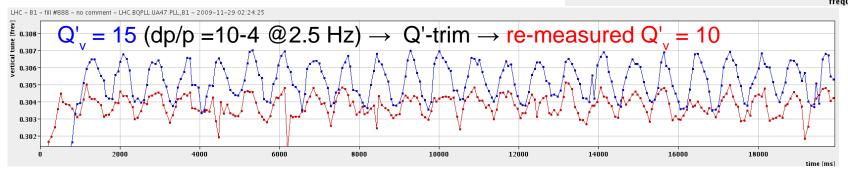
LHC Q/Q' Diagnostics and Residual Noise II/II

- However: µm-level oscillations are incoherent "noise" from a Tune-PLL point of view
- Need to excite ~30 dB above this "noise" to recover "passive" FFT performance
 → 10...100 µm oscillations vs. collimators <200 µm
- Driving the beam with the present ample signals seemed to be inefficient/less robust

PLL tracking in action:

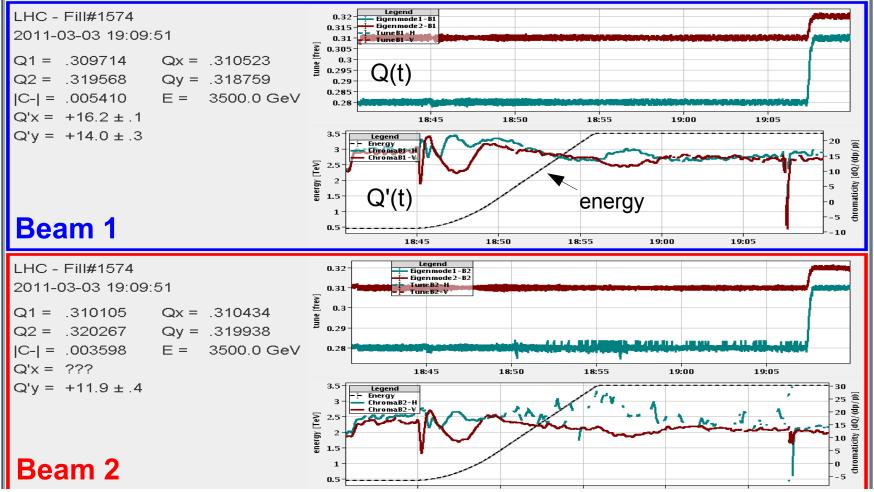








Typical Q/Q'(t) Control Room View 2010 Statistics: Out of 191 Ramps...

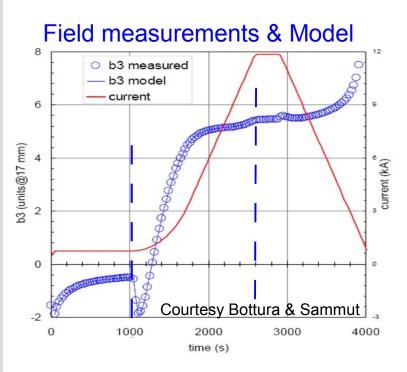


- ... 155 ramps with > 99% transmission, 178 ramps with > 97% transmission
- ... only 12 ramps lost with beam (6 with Tune-FB during initial 3.5 TeV comm.)
- ... "if without FBs": 83 crossings of 3rd, 4th or C⁻ resonance, 157 exceeded |ΔQ|>0.01
- Impressive performance for the first year of operation and low-ish intensities:

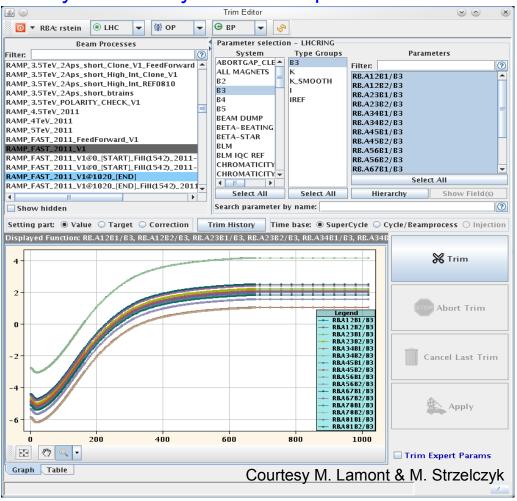


Feed-Forward Back-Bone: LHC Software Architecture (LSA)

Magnetic Field Corrections to the "bare" LHC



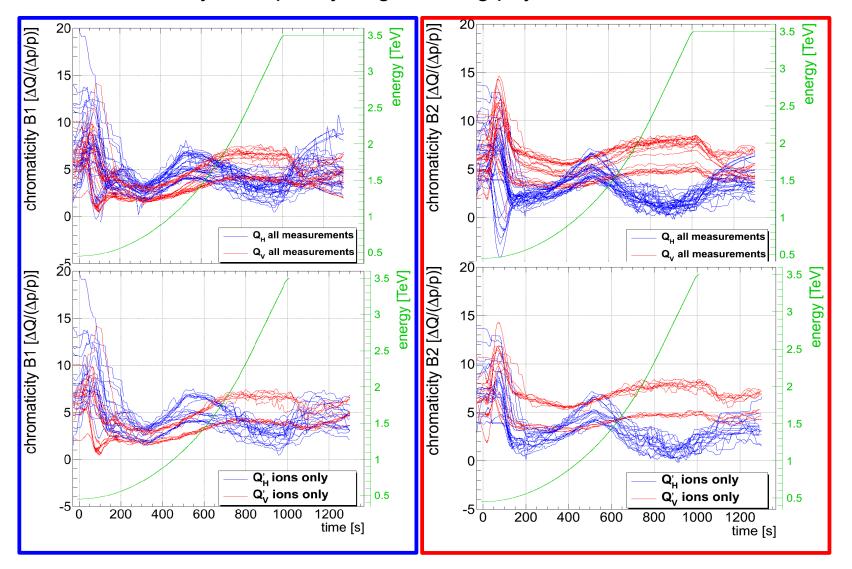
Today's circuit-by-circuit compensation:



- Model-based FF reduced expected 'Q'(t) swing' from 250 to less than 30 units
 - Low intensity beam survived these initial ramps
 - → testimony to machine linearity and small machine impedance



- Feed-forward of Q'(t)-Feedback signal for next fill turned out to be sufficient!
 - enforced by strict pre-cycling following physics, access or circuits 'off '...





A Note on Dependence of LHC Operation on Feedbacks:

- Could/should LHC run without Feedbacks: NO
 - 1 More than 50% of fills would have probably been lost without FBs
 - mostly during or after of changing the mode-of-operation
 - 2 Even with perfect feed-forward, FBs provide a robustness to operation by mitigating "unforseen" or feed-down effects

However:

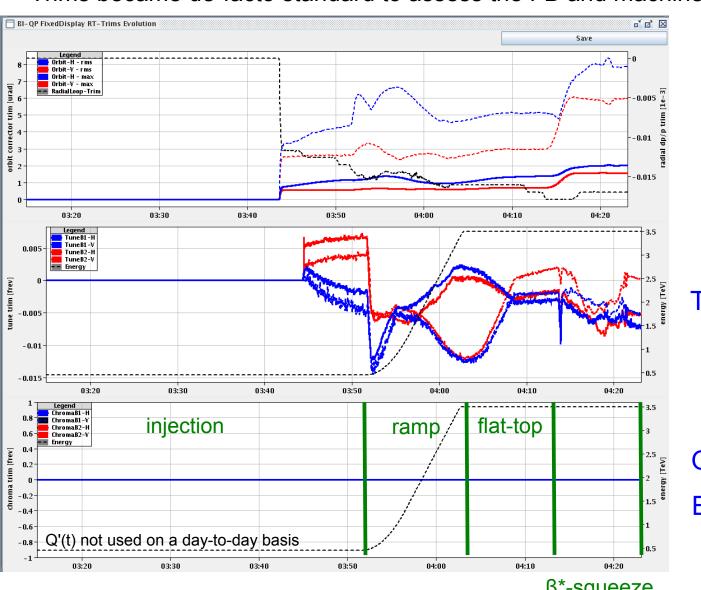
"Having a car brake or ESP/ABS system does not justify reckless driving!"

- Feedbacks may and do shadow systematic machine problems
 - → reduces additional safety margin and increases the dependence on them
 - acceptable to quickly advance and as temporary mitigation solution
 - Logging of all feedback system actions used to monitor and identify potential problems, and to facilitate feed-forwarding



Feedbacks in Action: Ramp & Squeeze

Trims became de-facto standard to assess the FB and machine performance



Orbit-FB & Radial-Loop Trims (µrad)

Tune-FB trims

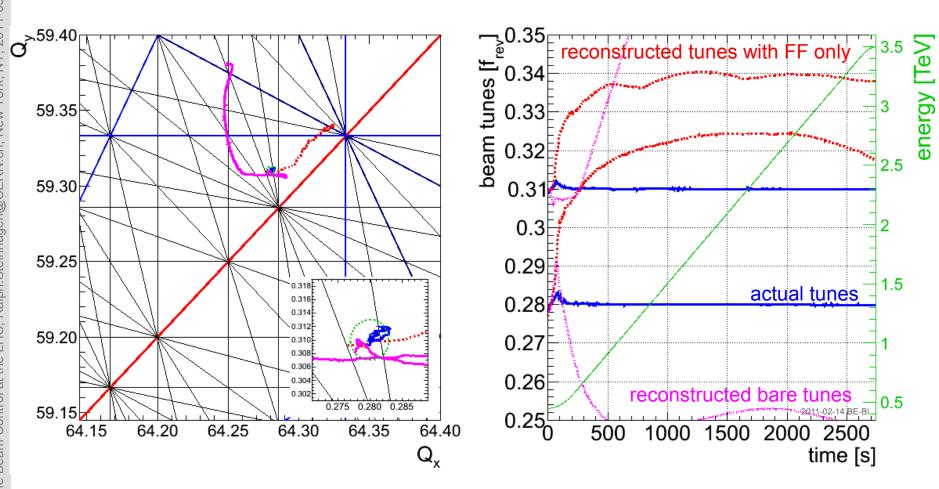
Q'(t)-FB trims Energy (TeV)

β*-squeeze



'What-if-... Scenario' Analysis

Tunes kept stable to better than 10⁻³ for most part of the ramp and squeeze



Feed-forward errors during snapback probably due to feed-down effects



Things that did not go according to the Cunning Plan...

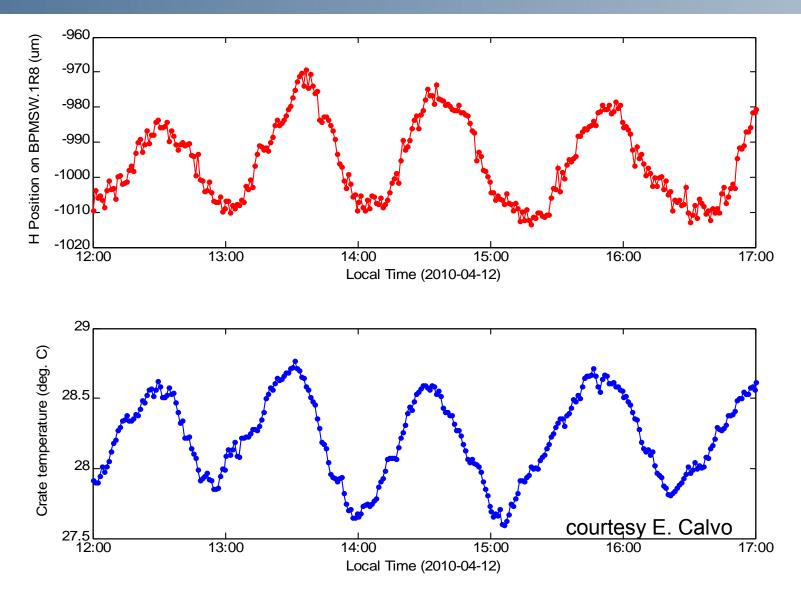
Or: FBs are only as reliable as their Inputs they are based upon.



... fighting instabilities ...



BPM Electronics Dependence on Temperature



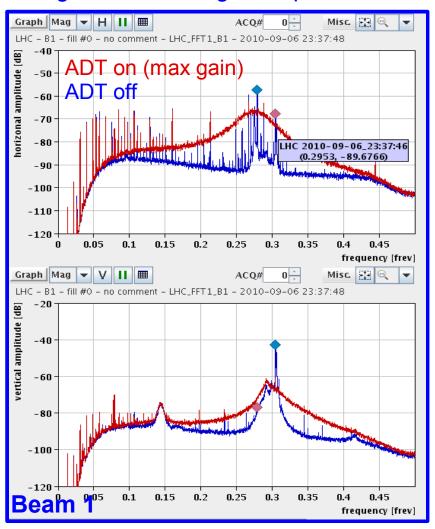
- Presently compensated by data post-treatment → max. orbit error < ~ 70 um</p>
 - Full temperature control of the crates are under investigation

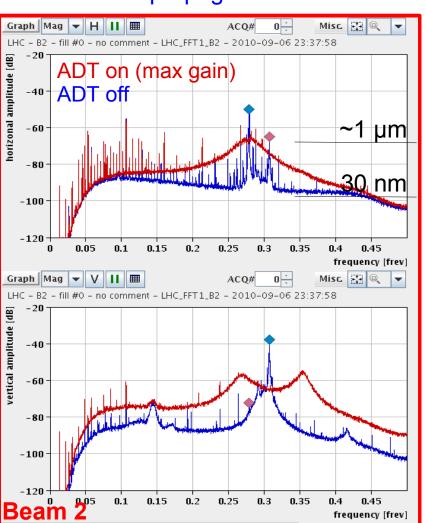


Transverse Bunch-by-Bunch FB (ADT) & Tune Diagnostic

Conflicting Requirements

Higher B-b-B FB gain implies also more meas. noise propagated onto beam...



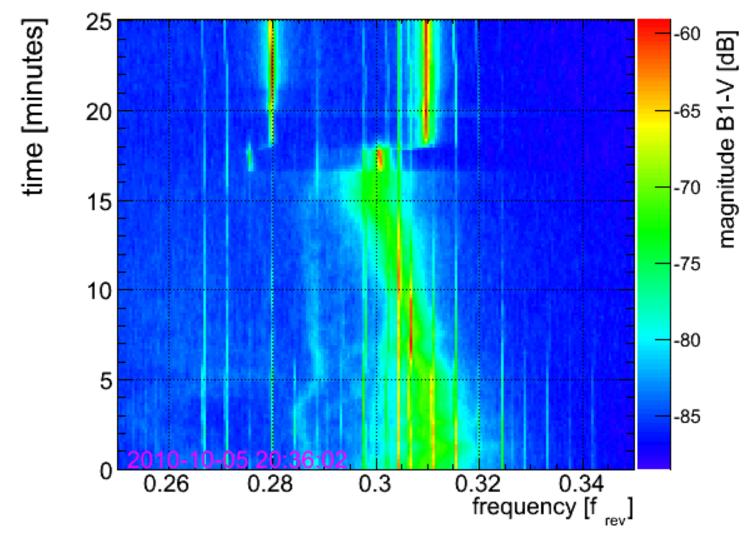


- For the time being mitigated by reducing ADT gain when Tune-FB is needed
 - Under investigation: tune signal derived from ADT actuator control signal



Impact of Mains Harmonics on Beam Stability

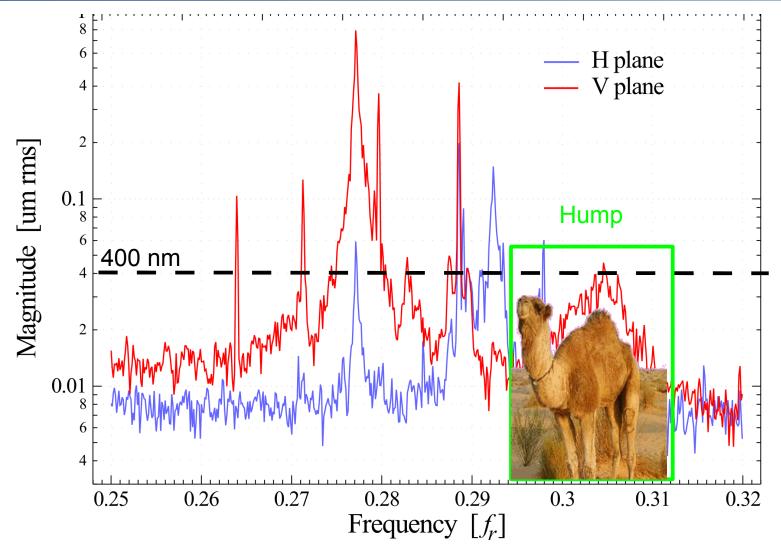
Mains harmonics visible in spectrum and (minor) source of emittance growth



■ adapted Q-detection filter to remove this → non issue for LHC Tune-FB



Mystery of the LHC Year 2010: Broad-band perturbation with shifting mean frequency



- Accepted Control-Room Jargon: of being "humped"
- Origin remains unknown but is less of an issue in now (2011)



Conclusions

- Feedbacks facilitated a fast commissioning and used de-facto during every ramp and squeeze with nominal beam
- Good overall performance with little transmission losses and minimal hick-ups related to Q/Q' instrumentation, diagnostics and Q/Q' & orbit feedbacks
- Impressive machine stability: Q'(t) and Coupling proved to very reproducible
 - enforced by strict pre-cycling following physics, access, circuits 'off', ...
 - fill-to-fill corrections appear to be sufficient for the time being
- With 2010 intensities no serious issues observed but need to revisit conflicting requirements for ADT and Q/Q' diagnostics once reaching the e-cloud barrier
- In the pipeline: beam-based gain-scheduling, polishing user-level interfaces...
- Success is not accident: LHC feedbacks are based on years of accumulated experience at CERN, BNL, FNAL, DESY, PSI, Diamond, Soleil and Triumf.

