Applications of General-Purpose Reconfigurable LLRF Processing Architectures

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Computer B	FPGA
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Programmable digital logic device	Yes	Yes
Major suppliers	uncountable	2
Glue-less hookup to most DAQ hardware	-	Yes
Guaranteed low-latency processing	-	Yes
Good programming languages	Yes	-
Good programming requires thought and experience	Yes	Yes



1536 (US10) to 178176 (US6000) cells,

plus routing, carry chains, multipliers, RAM, input, and output







Successive ADC samples in terms of I and Q:

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_n \\ y_{n+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos n\theta & \sin n\theta \\ \cos(n+1)\theta & \sin(n+1)\theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} I \\ Q \end{pmatrix}$$

 ${\cal I}$ and ${\cal Q}$ reconstructed from those samples:

$$\begin{pmatrix} I\\Q \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{D} \begin{pmatrix} \sin(n+1)\theta & -\sin n\theta\\ -\cos(n+1)\theta & \cos n\theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} y_n\\y_{n+1} \end{pmatrix}$$

where $D = \sin \theta$







Block diagram of half-band filter



Unrolled CORDIC (Coordinate Rotation Digital Computer, invented in 1957)





Optical Interferometer Phase Feedback to Acousto-Optic Modulator





The two plots use the same (redacted) vertical scales. Noise and drift, even for the 2.2 km link, is substantially below our LCLS spec of 50 fs rms.

Conclusion

It is not just possible, but advantageous to use the same hardware for different LLRF applications: pulsed, CW, phase reference, etc. The only difference is programming and some bandpass filters!

Thank you for your attention, eh!

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