



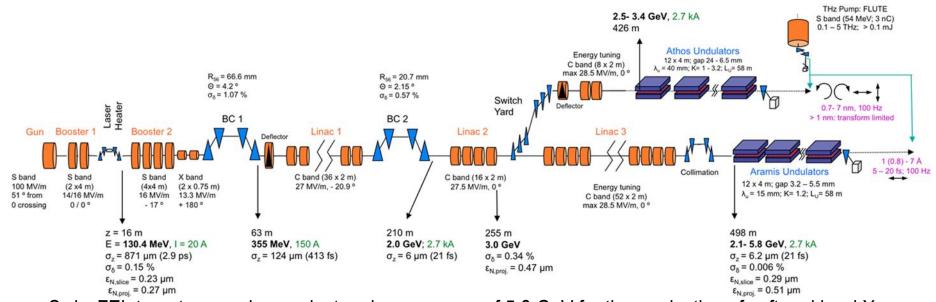
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The SwissFEL RF Gun: RF Design and Thermal Analysis



SwissFEL RF accelerating systems



- SwissFEL targets a maximum electron beam energy of 5.8 GeV for the production of soft and hard X-rays
- Two standard electron beam operation modes
 - 200 pC charge per bunch 0.43 mm.mrad slice emittance
 - 10 pC charge per bunch 0.18 mm.mrad slice emittance
- Two electron bunches with 28 ns bunch spacing
- SwissFEL RF accelerating systems are designed for a repetition rate of 100 Hz and consist of:
 - 1 S-band RF gun operating at 2998.8 MHz in the π mode with peak on-axis field for 100MV/m
 - 6 S-band travelling-wave accelerating structures operating at 2998.8 MHz with a 2π/3 phase advance par cell
 - 112 C-band travelling-wave accelerating structures operating at 5712 MHz with a 2π/3 phase advance par cell

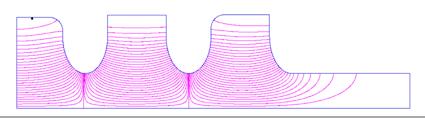
LINAC12, Tel Aviv, Israel, September 9-14 2012

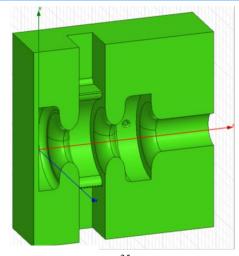


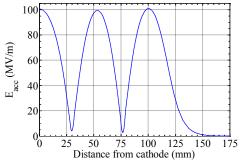
SwissFEL RF gun design

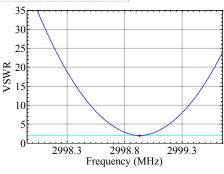
Main features

- Elliptical profile of the cell-to-cell irises to minimize surface electric field
- Half-cell and two full cells radii optimized for field flatness and to operate in the π mode
- Cell-to-cell iris radius large enough for a frequency mode separation to be higher than 15 MHz to minimize mode beating
- RF double feed in the racetrack-shaped second cell to cancel dipolar components of the fields and to the minimize quadrupolar components
- Waveguide-to-cell coupling irises optimized for a coupling coefficient to be 2 and for maximum temperature rise per pulse on critical surfaces to be lower than 50° C

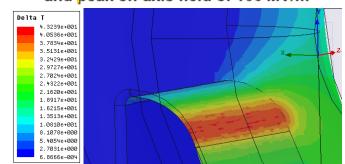






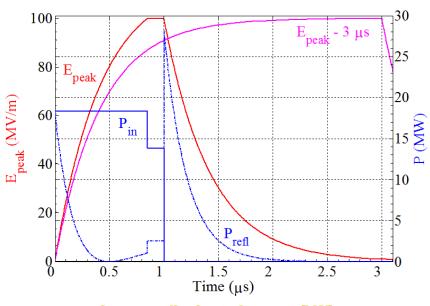


Temperature rise for a 3 µs RF pulse and peak on-axis field of 100 MV/m

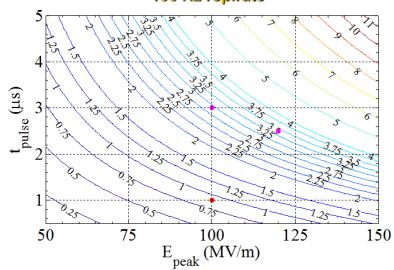


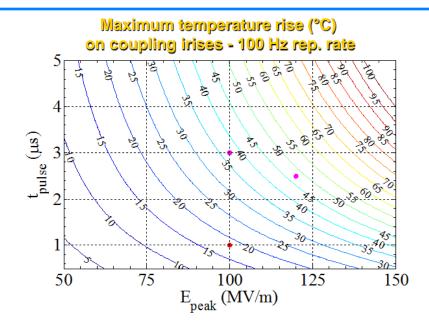


Transients and thermal stresses

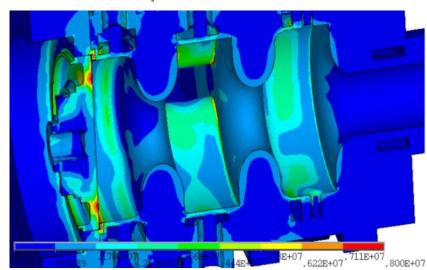


Average dissipated power (kW) 100 Hz rep.rate





Thermal stress (N/m2) on RF gun body for nominal operation 0.9 kW thermal load





Other PSI SwissFEL-related contributions at LINAC12: TUPB009, TUPB011, TUPB012 and TUPB013

