



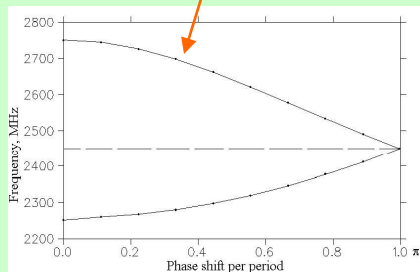
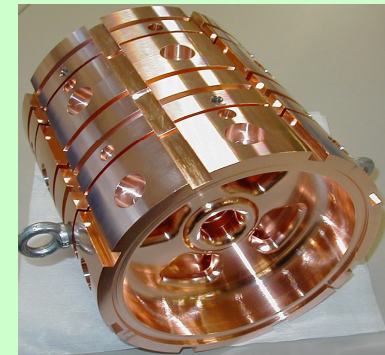
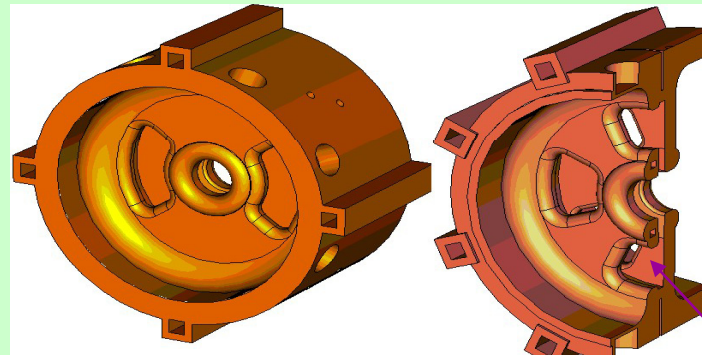
The Cut Disk Structure Parameters for Medium Proton Energy Range.

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Poster THP059

Linac 2008, Victoria, BC, Canada,
THO059

Originally, the Cut Disk Structure – CDS, was proposed for high energy ($\beta \sim 1$) linac, L-band or S-band frequency.
CDS realize a concept – magnetic field of coupling mode has no own space and penetrates into accelerating cell.
Advantages – high coupling (~ 0.20), high Z_e , small diameter. Further development – CDS2W into CDS4W.

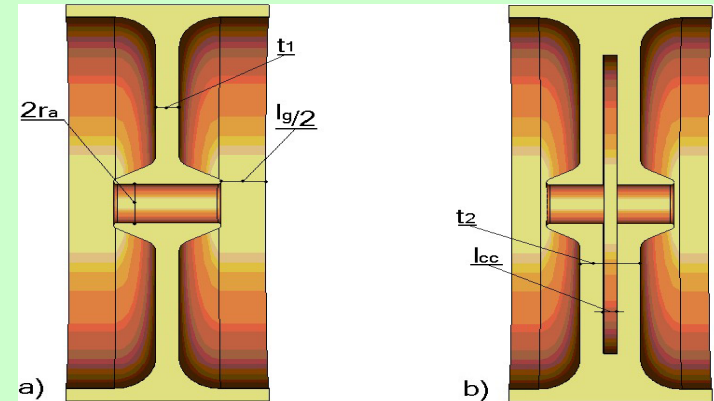


For low $\beta \sim 0.4$ loses in Z_e due to thick septum.

$$Z_e \sim \sqrt{f}$$

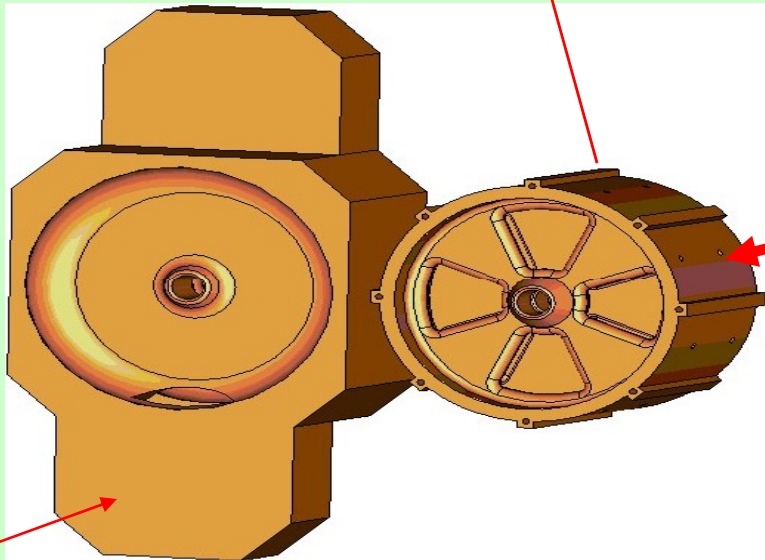
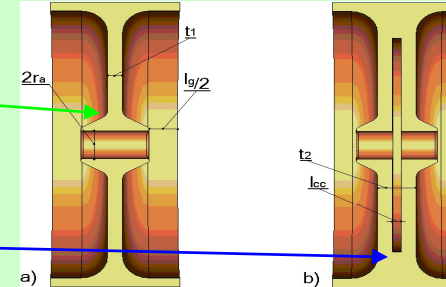
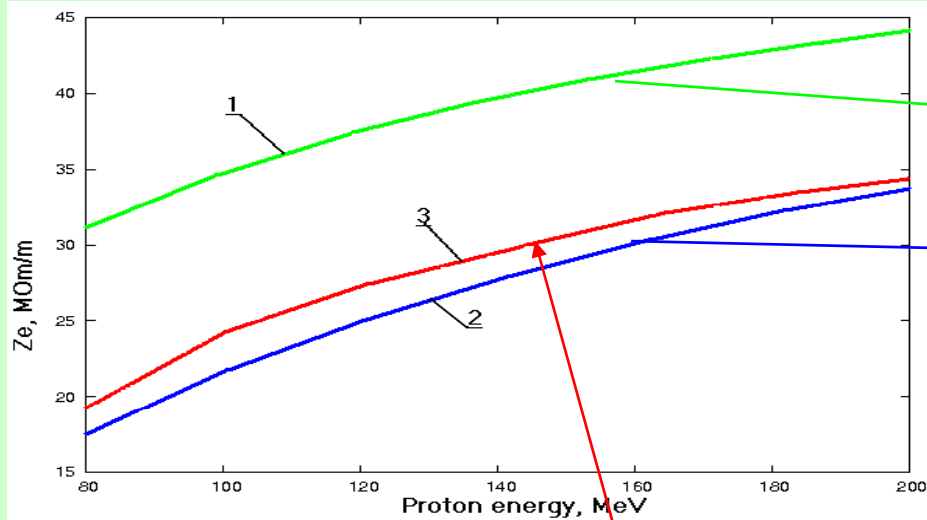
Well known relation, but it assumes scaling of all dimensions. Aperture radius R_a and septum thickness t should not be scaled directly.

R_a/λ and t/λ decreases with frequency decreasing.



**Operating frequency < 700 MHz.
Proton energy range 80 MeV – 200 MeV.**

Medium frequency ~ 700 MHz.



Coupling $\sim 0.14-0.12$

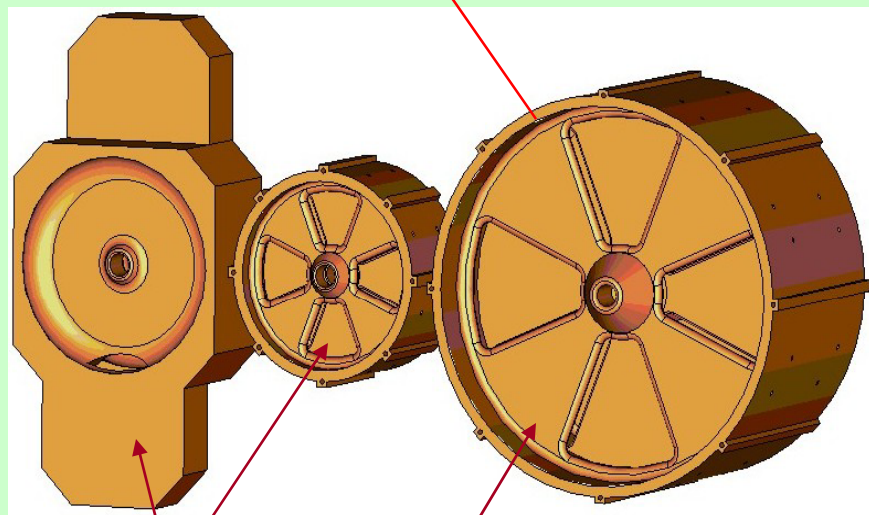
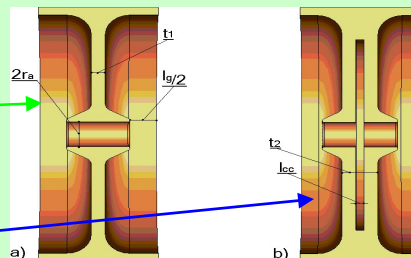
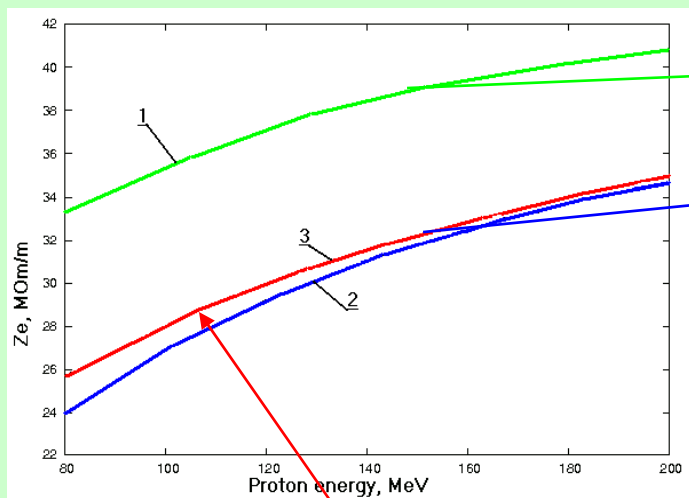
Inner diameter ~ 310 mm

**$Z_e \sim (19 - 34)$ MOM/m,
still 10% lower as for SCS.**

SCS coupling 0.03

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Low frequency ~ 350 MHz



700 MHz

350 MHz

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Coupling ~0.13

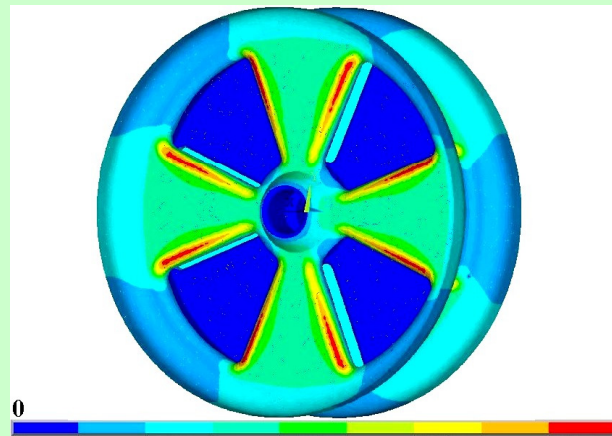
Inner diameter ~ 590 mm

**$Z_e \sim (26 - 35)$ MOM/m,
compare with ?**

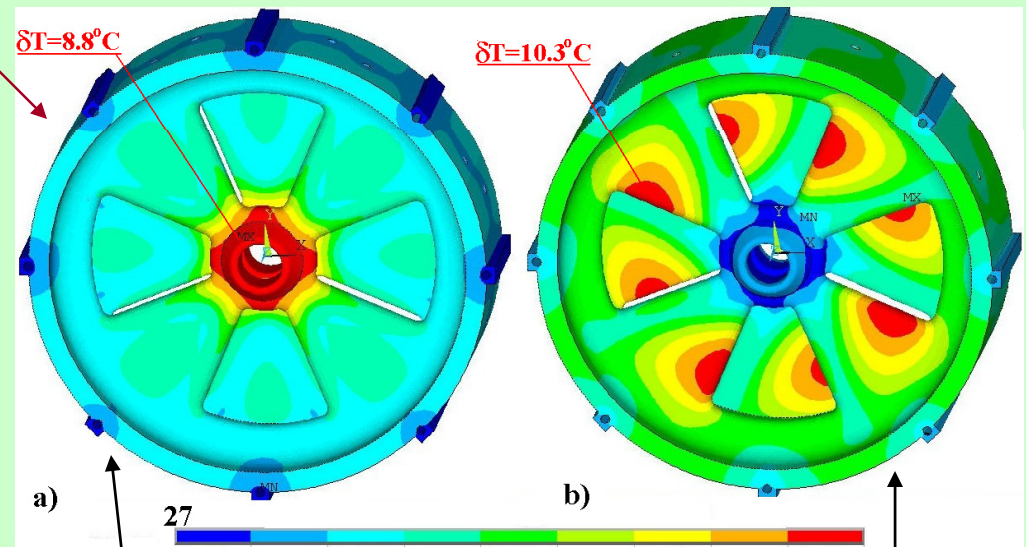
Cooling

$E_0 = 4 \text{ MV/m}$, duty factor 4%.

700 MHz

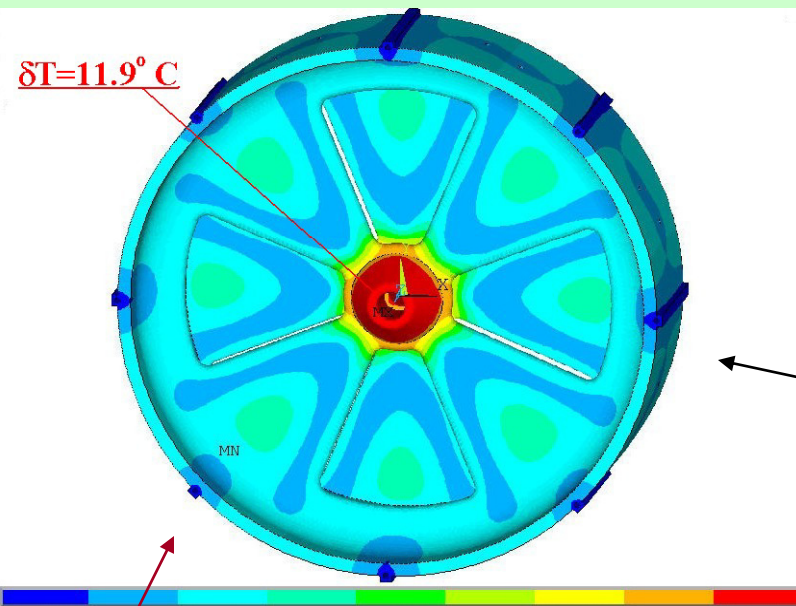


RF loss distribution



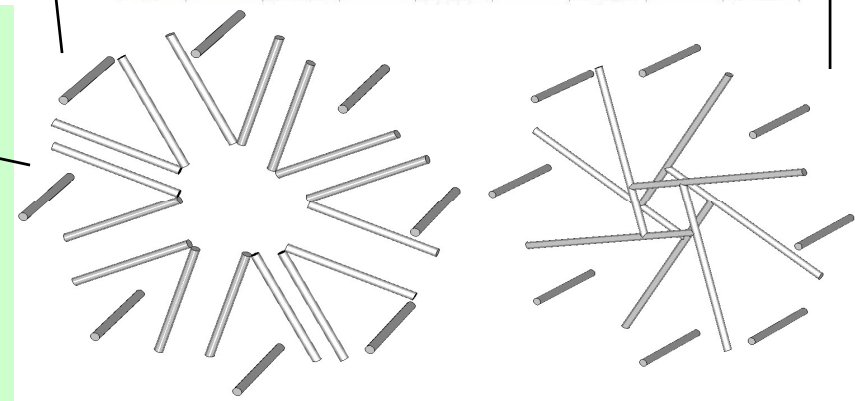
a)

b)



$\Delta T = 11.9^\circ \text{C}$

350 MHz

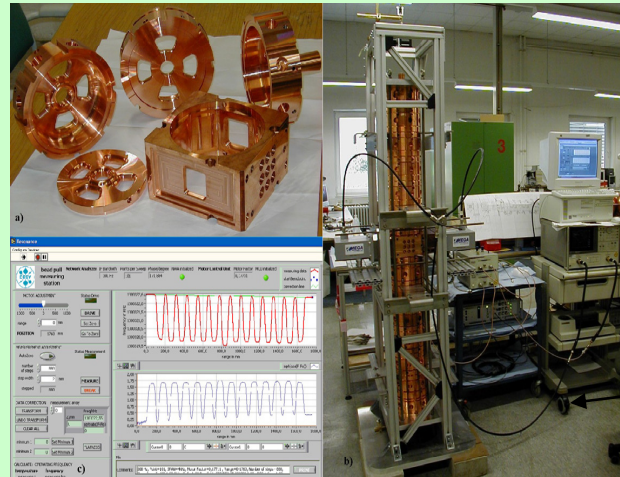
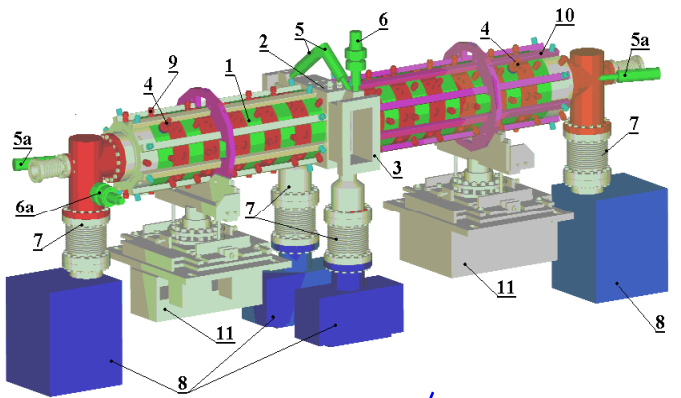


Cooling channels

Linac 2008, Victoria, BC, Canada, **BESSY RF Gun**,
THO059

F. Marhauser, EPAC06, p.68

Nearest high RF power test – PITZ booster cavity.

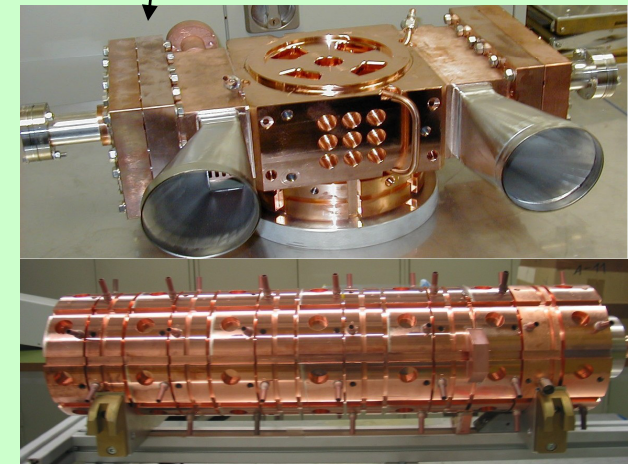


brazing test
low RF level tuning
intermediate brazing

Design parameters

Operating frequency	- 1300 MHz,
RF pulse length	- up to 900 μ s,
RF pulse input power	- up to 8.6 MW,
Repetition rate	- up to 5Hz,
Accelerating gradient	- up to 14 MV/m
Energy gain	- 22.8 MeV

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Conclusion.

Application at operating frequency ~ 700 MHz and lower smoothes CDS disadvantage in medium $\beta \sim 0.4$ range – the lower Z_e value due to thick septum.

CDS advantages – the high coupling coefficient value, small transverse dimensions, come in front in escort of competitive Z_e value.

At operating frequency 352 MHz there are **no** competitors inside $\pi/2$ group.

Only π –mode structures can be considered.

. But π -mode is π -mode!

Welcome to poster THP059!