

The European XFEL SC Linac Project

R. Brinkmann, DESY For the XFEL Team





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Introduction





Oct 2002 : XFEL supplement to TESLA TDR \rightarrow Feb 2003 approval by German government to realize the XFEL as European project with at least 40% funding contributions from partners \rightarrow intense preparation work on technical design, industrialization of components, evaluation of cost/schedule, international project organization

July 2006: completion of XFEL TDR, submitted to and approved by International Steering Committee → 986M€/y2005 construction cost (+preparation & commissioning cost), negotiations of funding contributions continuing

June 5, 2007: Official project start announced on basis of initially de-scoped start version at 850M€/y2005 construction cost → launch tender process for civil construction, finalization of legal documents & prep of XFEL GmbH foundation, negotiations of in-kind contributions





The FLASH VUV-FEL facility at DESY

→ Talk K. Honkavaara, Friday



→ 6 accelerator modules routinely in operation; design beam energy & photon wavelength (6.5 nm) reached Oct. 2007

→ Pilot facility regarding practically all aspects (accelerator technology, beam physics, FEL process, user operation) of the XFEL



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FLASH

Electron LASer in



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Status of financial commitments to European XFEL project

Includes ~90 M€ project preparation phase & commissioning costs







Overall layout of the European XFEL







XFEL site in Hamburg/Schenefeld









... after construction (computer simulation)



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XFEL (-Ray Free-Electron Laser

Properties of XFEL radiation







Beam lines in start version



Additional initial cost saving by shortening s.c. linac 20 \rightarrow 17.5 GeV

→ Photon wavelengths below 0.1nm design value require linac gradient above 23.6 MV/m design value



Selection of first instruments

	Instrument	Brief description of the instrument
Hard X-rays	SPB	Ultrafast Coherent Diffraction Imaging of Single Particles, Clusters, and Biomolecules – Structure determination of single particles: atomic clusters, bio-molecules, virus particles, cells.
	MID	Materials Imaging & Dynamics –Structure determination of nano- devices and dynamics at the nanoscale.
	FDE	Femtosecond Diffraction Experiments – Time-resolved investigations of the dynamics of solids, liquids, gases
	HED	High Energy Density Matter – Investigation of matter under extreme conditions using hard x-ray FEL radiation, e.g. probing dense plasmas.
	SQS	Small Quantum Systems – Investigation of atoms, ions, molecules and clusters in intense fields and non-linear phenomena.
Soft X-rays	SCS	Soft x-ray Coherent Scattering –Structure and dynamics of nano-systems and of non-reproducible biological objects using soft X-rays.





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Distribution of first instruments

Source	Photon beam line characeristics
SASE 1	FEL radiation ~12 keV High coherence Spontaneous radiation (3 rd , 5 th harmonics)
SASE 2	FEL radiation 3-12 keV High time-resolution Spontaneous radiation (3 rd , 5 th harmonics)
SASE 3	FEL radiation 0.25 – 3 keV; High flux
	FEL radiation 0.25 – 3 keV; High resolution





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Photon beam systems developments

- Undulators: prototyping ongoing (synergy with PETRA-III), studies of mech. Tolerances, temperature stabilization, ...
- Photon diagnostics: conceptual design & tests of beam diagnostics, photon beam based alignment for undulator sections, ...
- Investigations of photon beam transport systems
- 2D-Detectors: major challenge e-beam time structure, R&D program launched in two consortia (HPAD, LPD), 3rd under discussion (DEPFET)
- DAQ work package recently established & active







Accelerator consortium work packages



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Accelerator in-kind contributions (total value ~500 M€)

Figures will change in detail – negotiations ongoing!



Many institutes from TESLA collaboration & new partners





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Cavity Fabrication









Cavity Preparation (Electrolytical Polishing)







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Cavity preparation cont'd



- Industrialization of EP ongoing: 10 cavities received from each of two companies
 - Posters (Thursday): L. Lilje, D. Reschke A. Brinkmann et al. D. Reschke, J. Ziegler D. Reschke

Status XFEL cavities Dry-ice cleaning Baking in Ar Atmosphere T-mapping analysis



Cavities since Jan 2006, 1st test









Q₀ vs gradient: best results with final ep







Cavity string & module assembly



Using experience gained at DESY and results of industrial studies, the assembly facility for all 100 XFEL modules will be set up at the CEA-Saclay site







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Assembly facility at CEA/Saclay – industrial study near completion

RF coupler processing facility under preparation at LAL/Orsay



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Operation of CMTB at DESY (cryo module test bench)

- Four modules tested on CMTB → 3 installed @FLASH, 1 in 2009
- Positive experience for later series tests:
 - Fast conditioning of RFpower coupler
 - little additional conditioning in FLASH linac necessary
- Good performance of the modules

 → design beam energy reached
 in FLASH
- "crash test" of fault conditions (using old module M3* from FLASH)







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M3* "crash test" – worst case vacuum faults

Venting system beam-pipe-vac DN 100



After recovery from iso-vac "accident", module could be operated with unchanged performance (16 - 20 MV/m)

Pressure front in beam-vac takes ~4s(!) through module length

Venting system Iso.-vac DN 100





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Fast coupler processing (in CHECHIA \rightarrow in M6,7,8)





Module performance in FLASH linac









New pre-adjusted waveguide system tested at FLASH/ACC6



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XFEI

RF system – hor. Klystron

Toshiba E3736H at test stand in August 2007 at Toshiba in Nasu,
Japan

Prototypes from two more manufacturers in near future

	(uesigii)
Peak Output Power at 117kV (MW)	10.3 (10)
Efficiency (%)	~67 (65)
Beam Pulse Length (ms)	1.7
RF Pulse length (ms)	1.5 <i>(1.5)</i>
Repetition Rate (pps)	10 <i>(10)</i>
Saturation Gain (dB)	50

Tast Rasults (Tashiba)

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- Factory Acceptance Test in Nasu successfull on August 22/23, 2007
- Klystron arrived at DESY on 18th Sept.
- Site Acceptance Test at DESY







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Modulator prototyping



Test stand @ DESY-Zeuthen

Prototype from 1st of two companies recently arrived – test program started







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Pulse cable test in FLASH



 \rightarrow No perturbation of FLASH operation due to EMI from pulse cables





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Tunnel mock-up completed and installations ongoing



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XFEL design values is 0.9 mm mrad from the gun and 1.4 mm mrad in the undulators for FEL saturation at 0.1nm wavelength

Further improvement of projected emittance with laser upgrade





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Reduced dark current with new CO₂ cleaned gun 4.2



Bunch compressor & diagnostics stations



Extensive S2E studies of beam dynamics

→ Slice emittance at undulators < 1 mm*mrad



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S2E Simulation results





Slice emittance ≈0.7mm*mrad ("x"=BC bend plane)

Longitudinal phase space after linac







3rd harmonic RF-system → FLASH



Will gain invaluable experience for XFEL!

Posters (Tuesday):P. Pierini et al.3.9 GHz CavitiesE. Harms et al.3.9 GHz system @ FNAL

Posters (Thursday):

E. Vogel et al.

Y. Kot

3rd harmonic FLASH&XFEL beam dynamics in 3rd harm.

- Complete cryomodule delivered by FNAL
- Installation after ACC1 scheduled for 2009



- module with four nine cell cavities
- fits type 2 TESLA module
- XFEL will use three 6m modules/8 cavities (DESY & INFN coop.)





FEL simulations SASE1 0.1nm with wakefields



Undulator gap taper by ~1µm per 5m segment (33 segments total) removes power loss due to wakefields

 $P_{\max}[GW]_{80}$ = 0

Few μm random gap variation for individual 5m sections are tolerable



Slice emittance diagnostics (method developed @SLAC)



XFEL layout: Single bunches can be extracted from bunch train \rightarrow continuous monitoring of bunch slice parameters

simulation Example of measurement at FLASH ("LOLA")



Timing/synchronisation diagnostics in fs-regime

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Beam distribution

Different beam time structure to different experiments – concept using kicker devices permits large flexibility without having to change the (preferably homogenous) bunch train structure in the linac





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Schedule (as of July 2007)



Estimated delay ~ 10 months (tender process underground construction)

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The end

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