



Waseda University

KEK



Laser Undulator Compact X-ray source

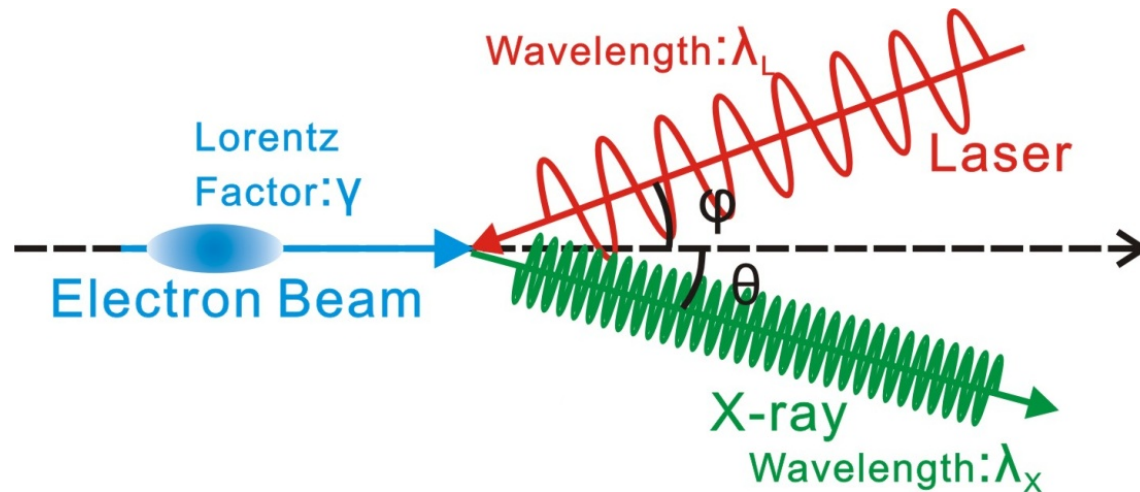
**Refraction Contrast Imaging
via Laser-Compton X-ray
Using Optical Storage Cavity**

Kazuyuki Sakaue, Tatsuro Aoki, Masakazu Washio (Waseda University)

Masafumi Fukuda, Yosuke Honda, Nobuhiro Terunuma, Junji Urakawa (KEK)

Laser-Compton Scattering

Laser-Compton Scattering



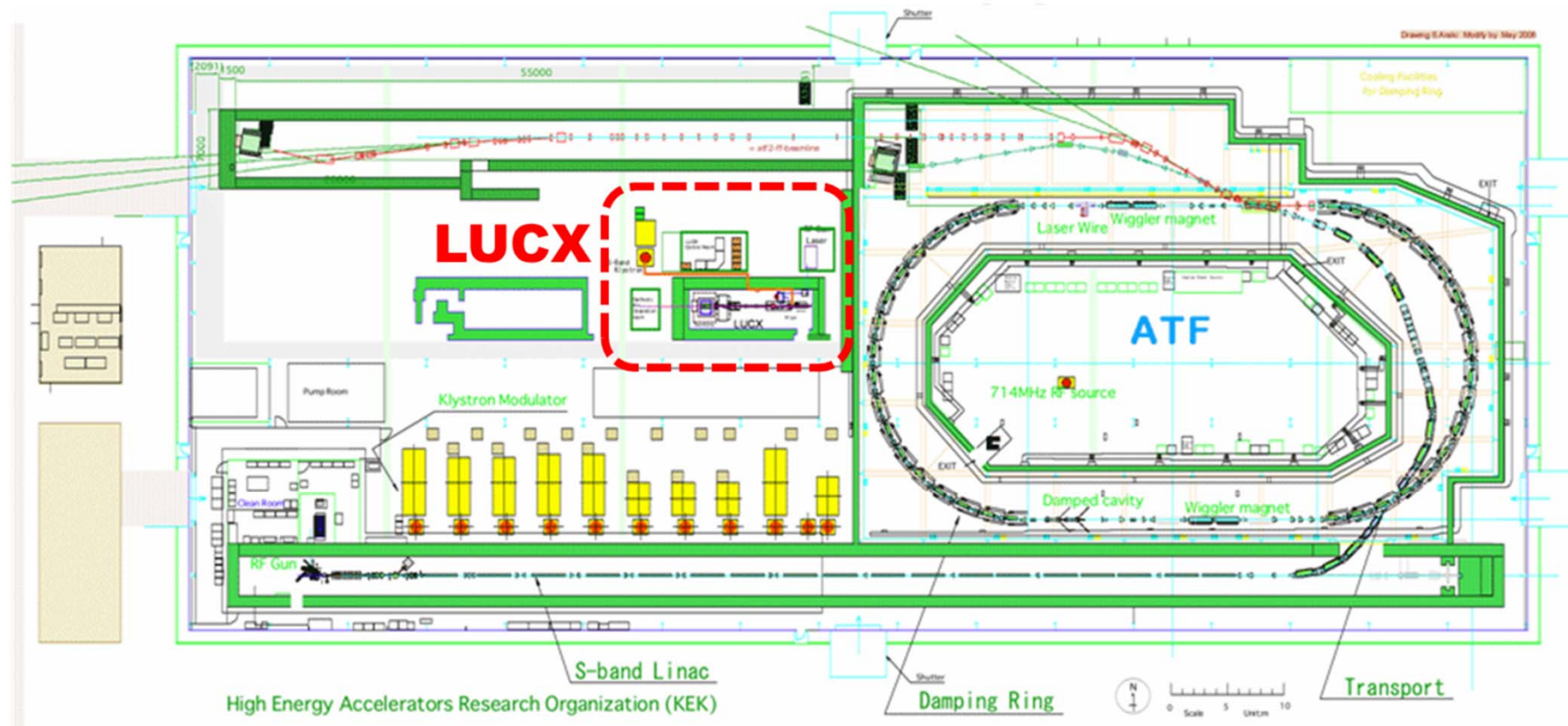
$$E_x = \frac{2\gamma^2 \cdot hc}{\lambda_L / (\cos\phi + 1/\beta)}$$

Undulation period is $\sim 1\mu\text{m}$

High energy photon is produced with small accelerator system

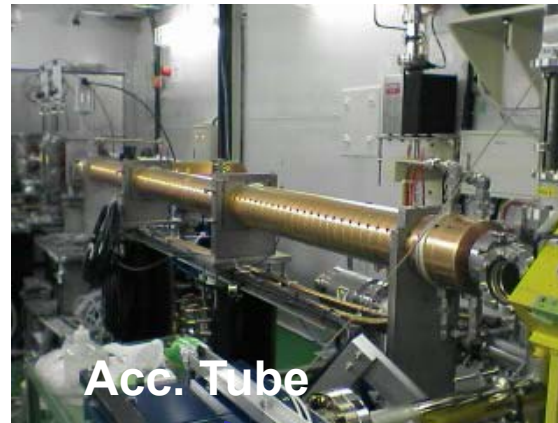
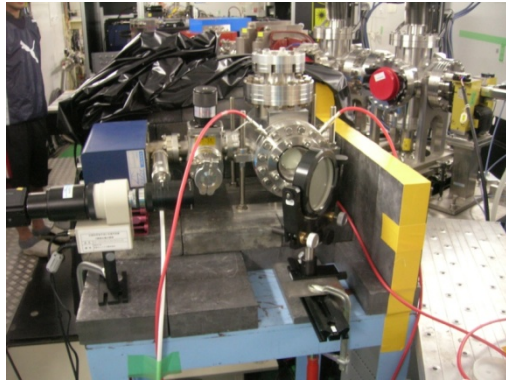
LUCX Location

LUCX accelerator location
In the KEK-ATF building



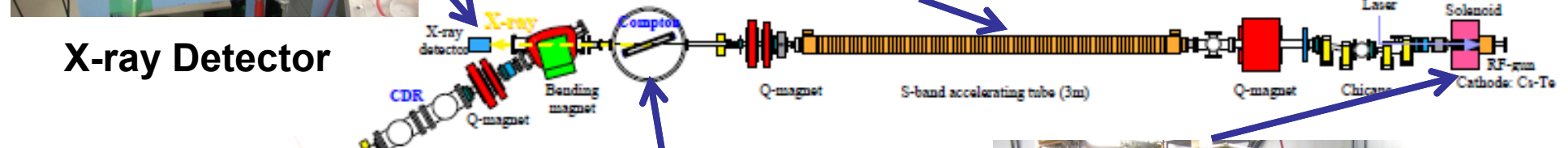
LUCX Experimental Setup

LUCX Accelerator

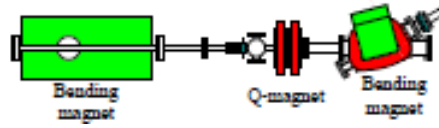


Photocathode rf-gun

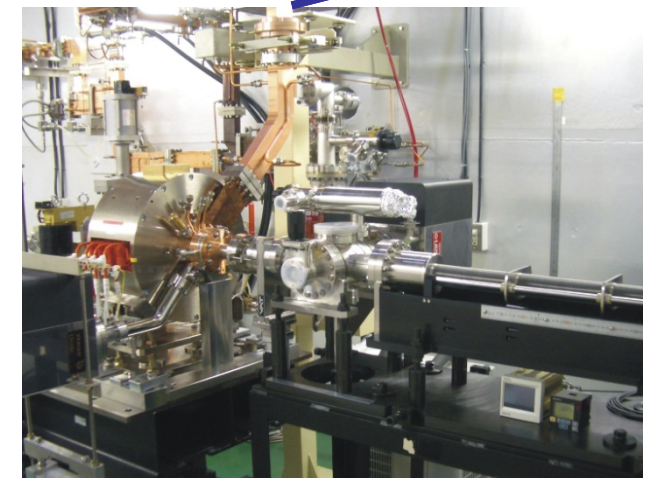
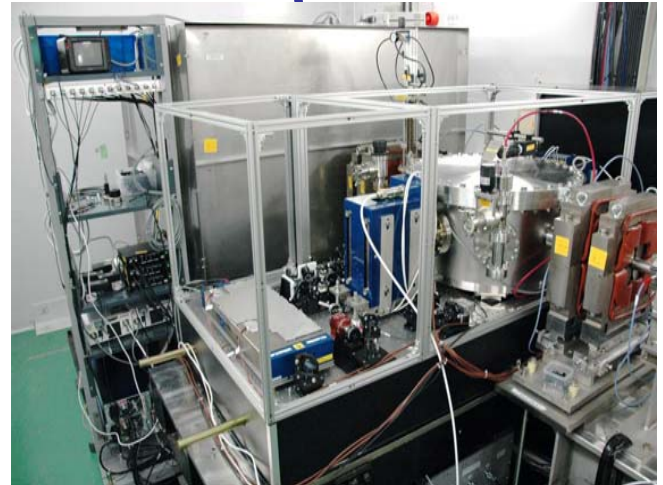
Laser Storage Cavity



X-ray Detector

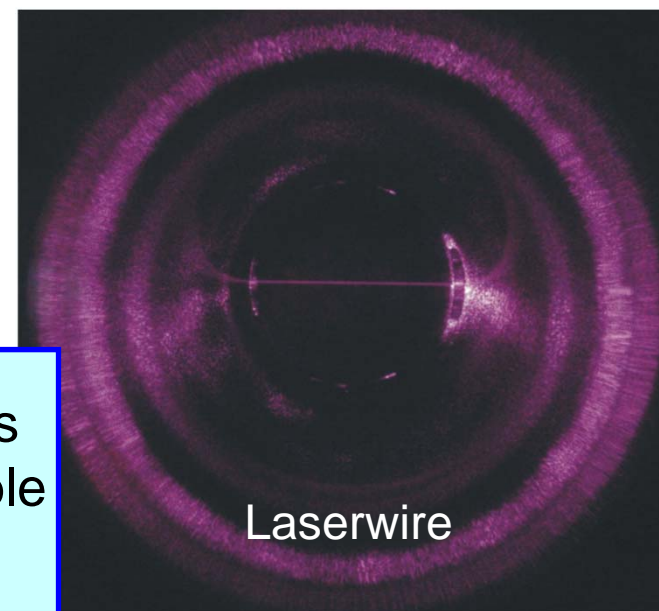
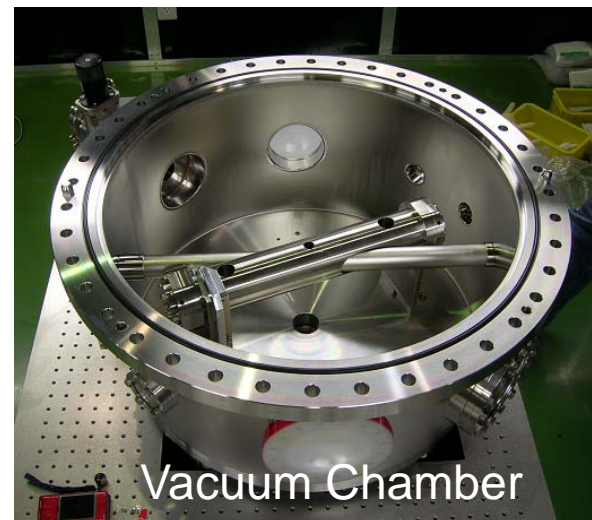
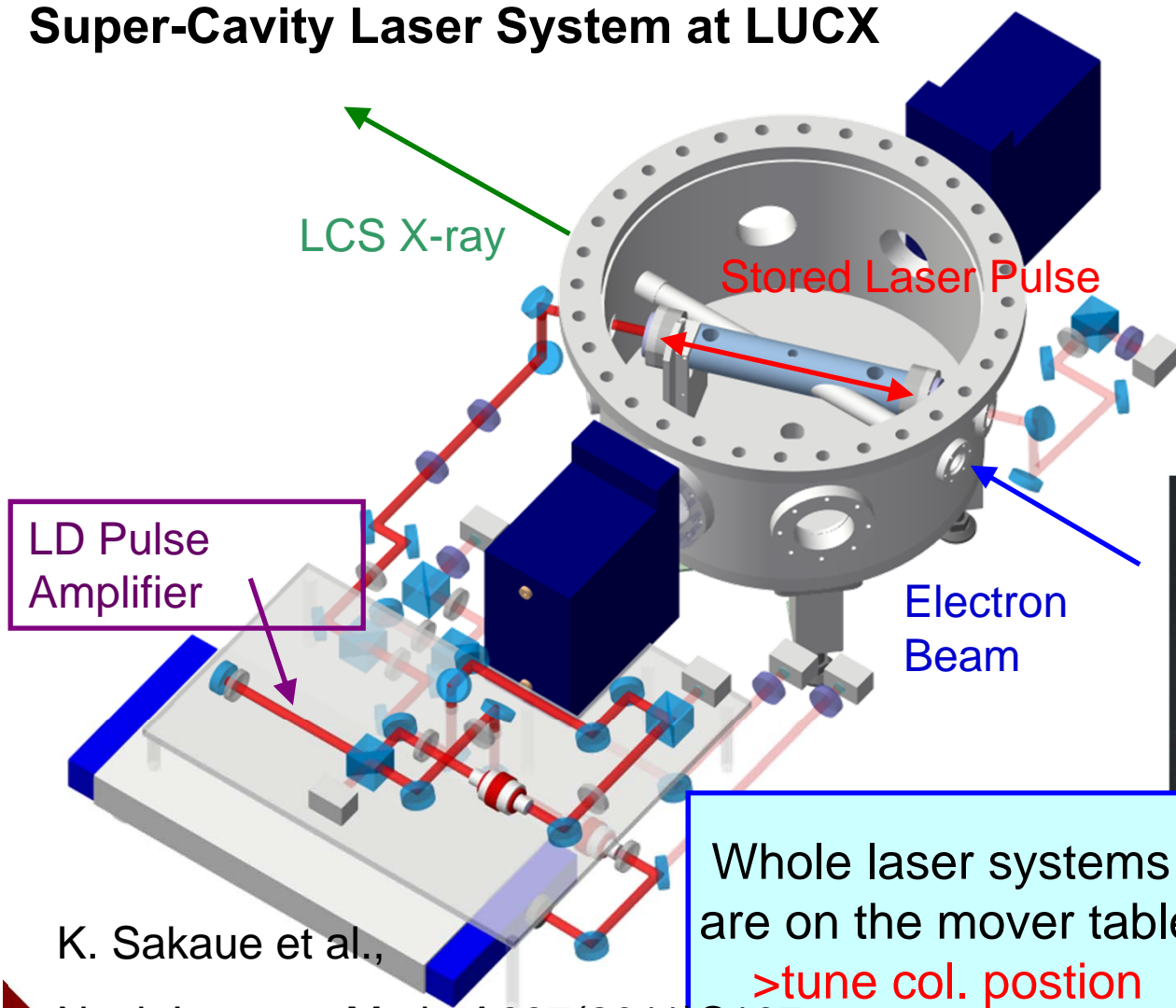


Electron Beam
30/40MeV
400pC/bunch
100bunch/train



Laser Storage Cavity System

Super-Cavity Laser System at LUCX



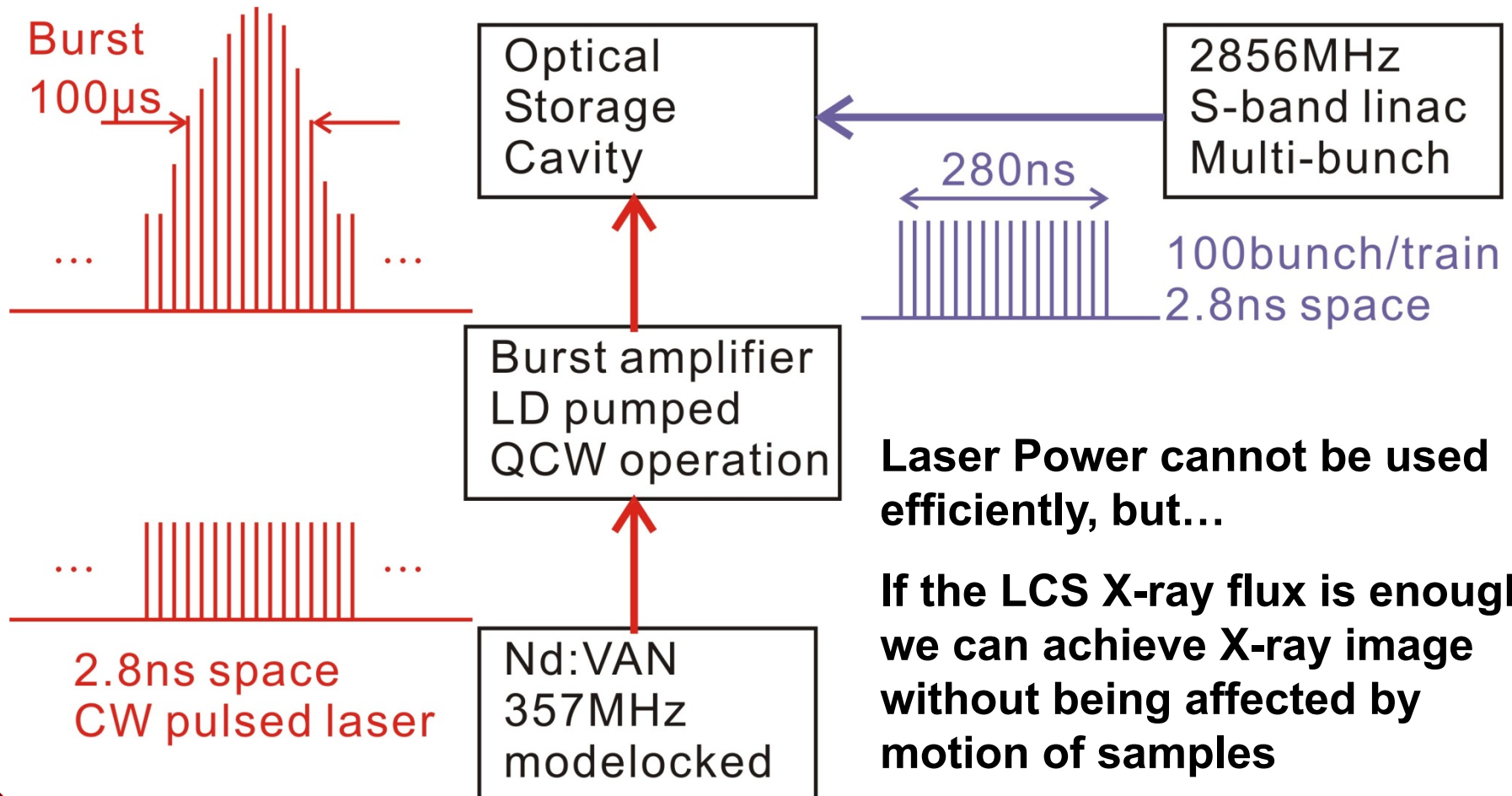
K. Sakaue et al.,

Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A637(2011)S107

Burst operation of optical cavity

Burst operation of optical cavity

> suitable for S-band pulsed Linac



Electron-Laser Parameters

Electron Laser Parameters at Interaction Point

Electron Beam			Laser		
Energy	Charge	N Bunch	Wavelength	Pulse Energy	
30/40MeV	400pC	100bunch/train	1064nm	400μJ/pulse	
Beam size (H)	Beam size (V)	Bunch length	Waist size	Pulse duration	Col. Angle
200μm (1σ)	53μm (1σ)	4.3ps (rms)	30μm (1σ)	3ps (rms)	20deg
Bunch space	Repetition		Pulse rep.	Burst rep.	
2.8ns	12.5Hz		2.8ns	12.5Hz	

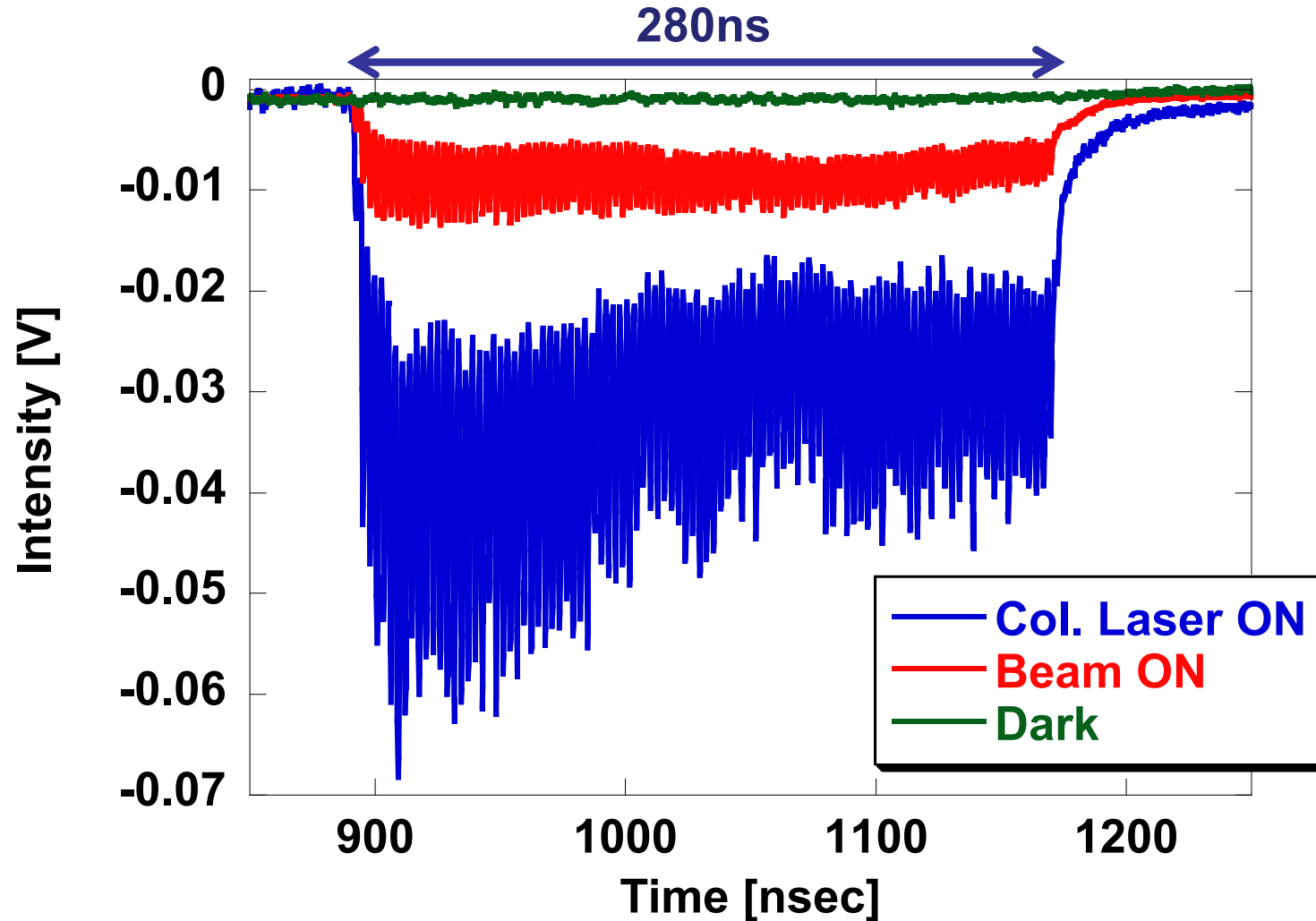
Electron Energy: 30MeV
40MeV

X-ray Energy >15keV X-ray
>28keV X-ray

LCS Signal by MCP

K. Sakaue et al., RSI 80(2009)123304

Raw waveform of MCP



LCS Signal by MCP

X-ray flux by MCP observation

1.8×10^4 Photon/10%b.w.

> 1.6×10^4 Photon/train

> 2.1×10^5 Photon/sec in Total bandwidth

(Calculated by MCP detection efficiency of 5%)

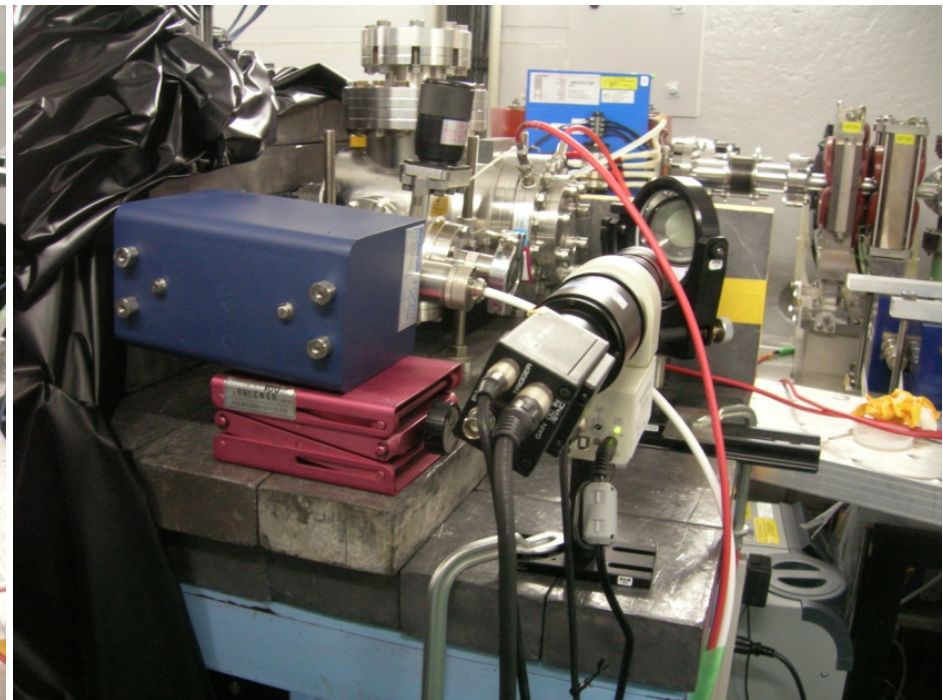
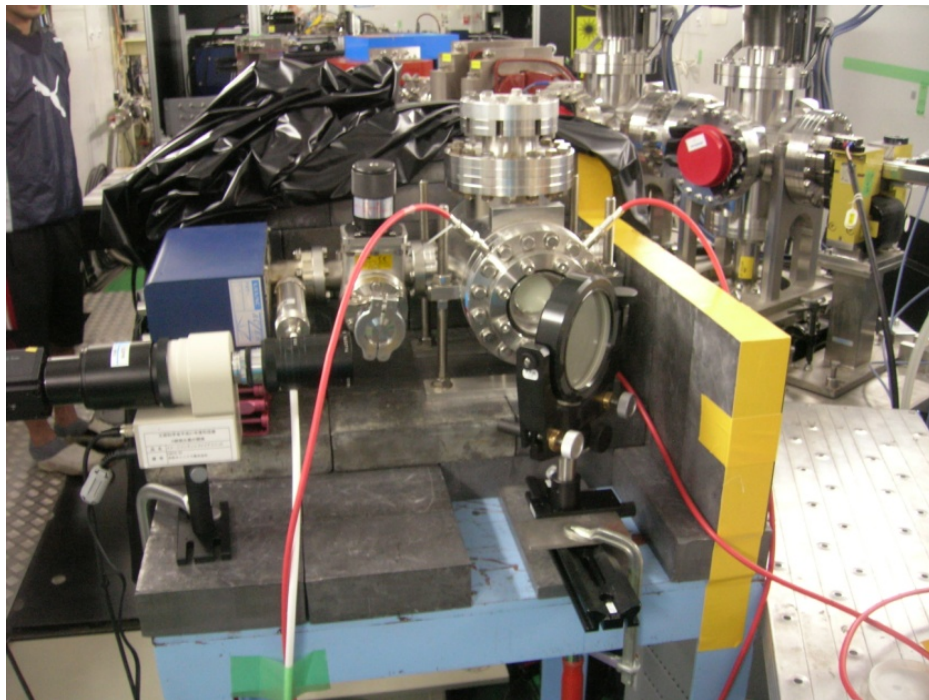
X-ray flux was not enough but...
Enough for X-ray imaging test by accumulating the images

>move on to LCS X-ray imaging test

Imaging Setup

X-ray Imaging Setup

MCP with fluorescent screen + Image Intensifier



Imaging Setup

Properties of our imaging detector

Using MCP + fluorescent screen

>MCP was the highest S/N detector

Image Intensifier

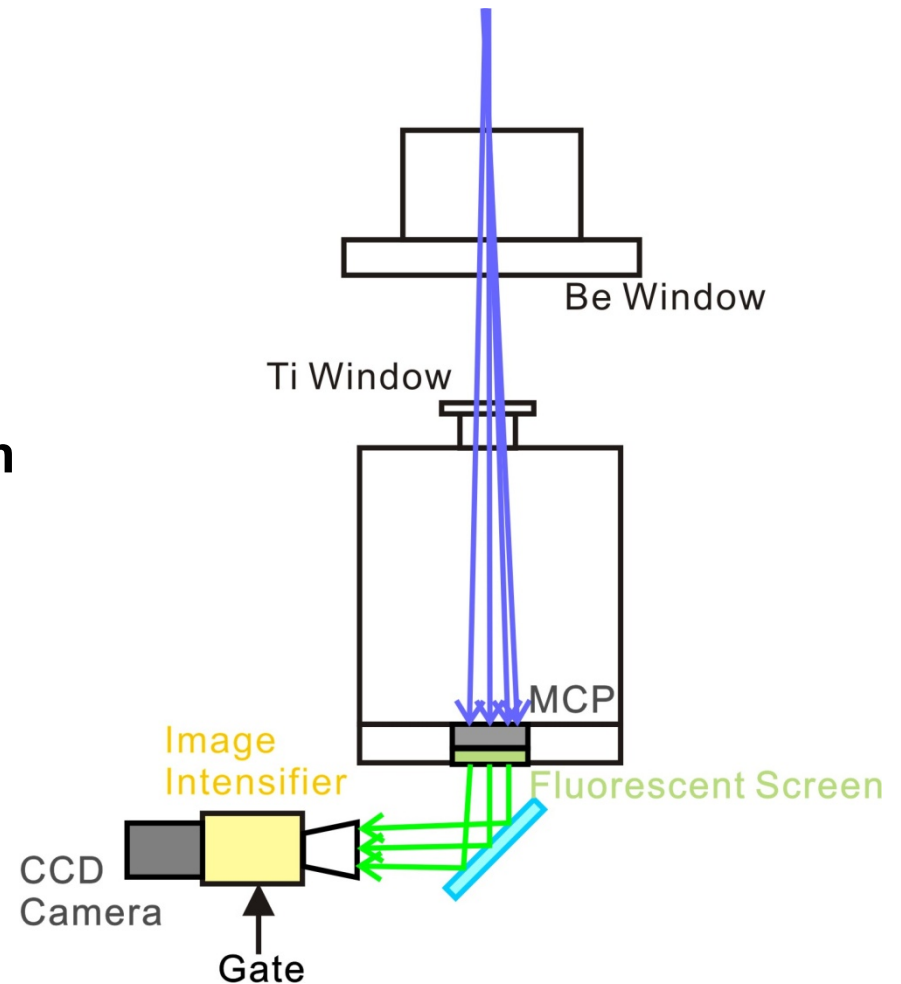
>apply the timing gate on X-ray beam

MCP and I.I

>amplify the X-ray signal ($\sim 10^9$)

Disadvantage

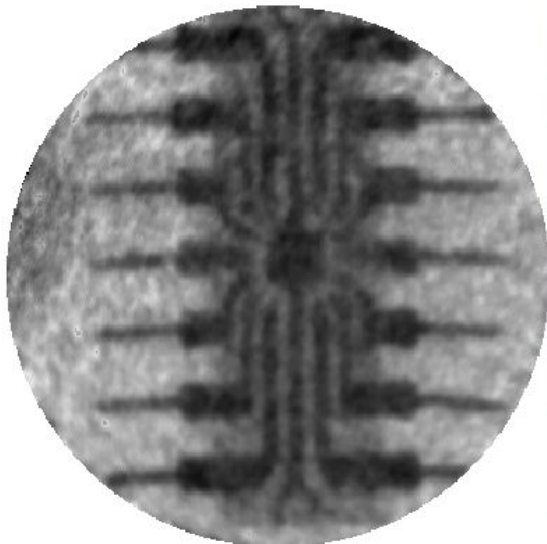
>Spatial resolution get worse



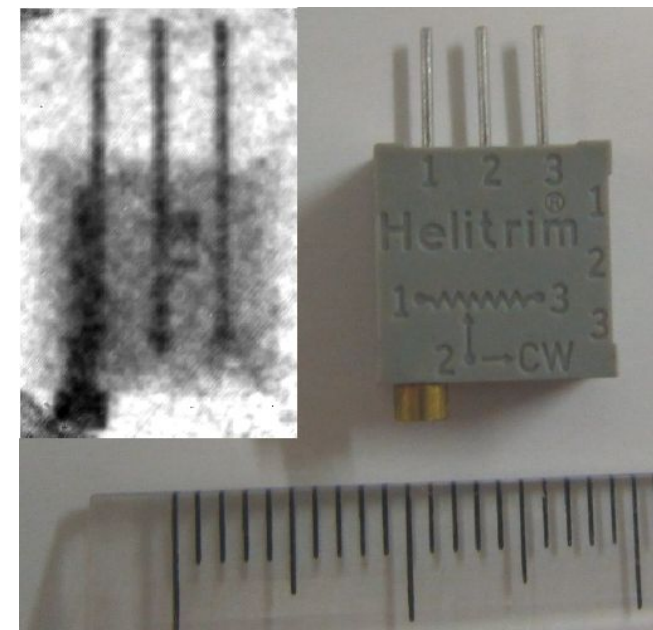
28keV Imaging Test by LCS

Imaging test by 28keV LCS X-ray

IC



Adjustable resistor



15keV Imaging Test by LCS

X-ray see through image of peanut by 15keV LCS X-ray



15keV Imaging Test by LCS

Fish backbone image by 15keV LCS X-ray

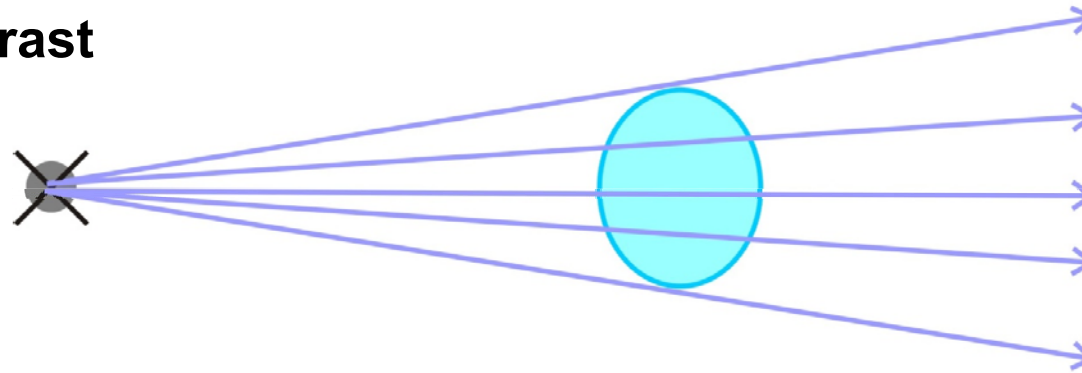
Accumulate 2700shot of images >Stable during 2700shot



Refraction Contrast

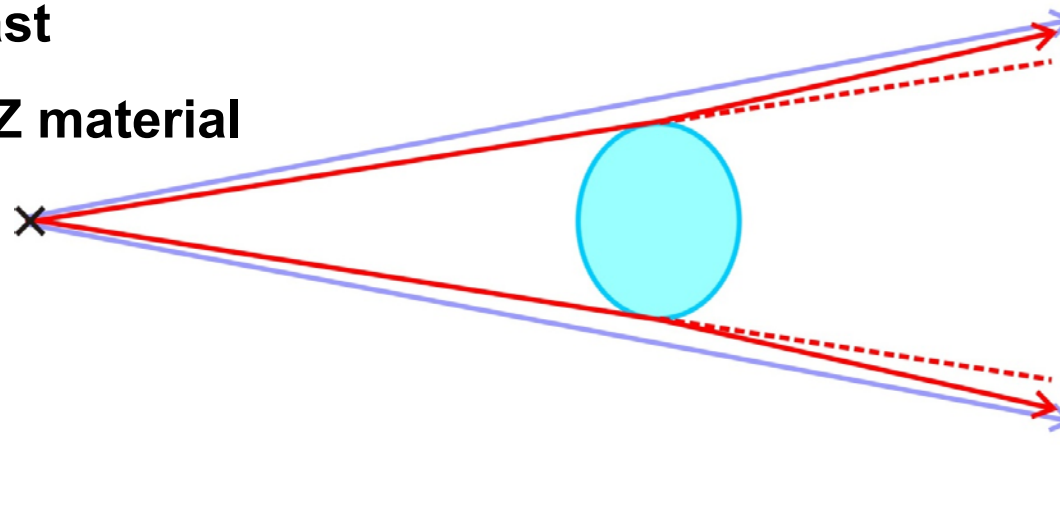
X-ray Imaging

Absorption Contrast



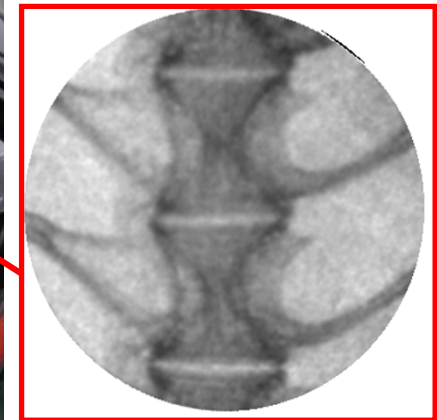
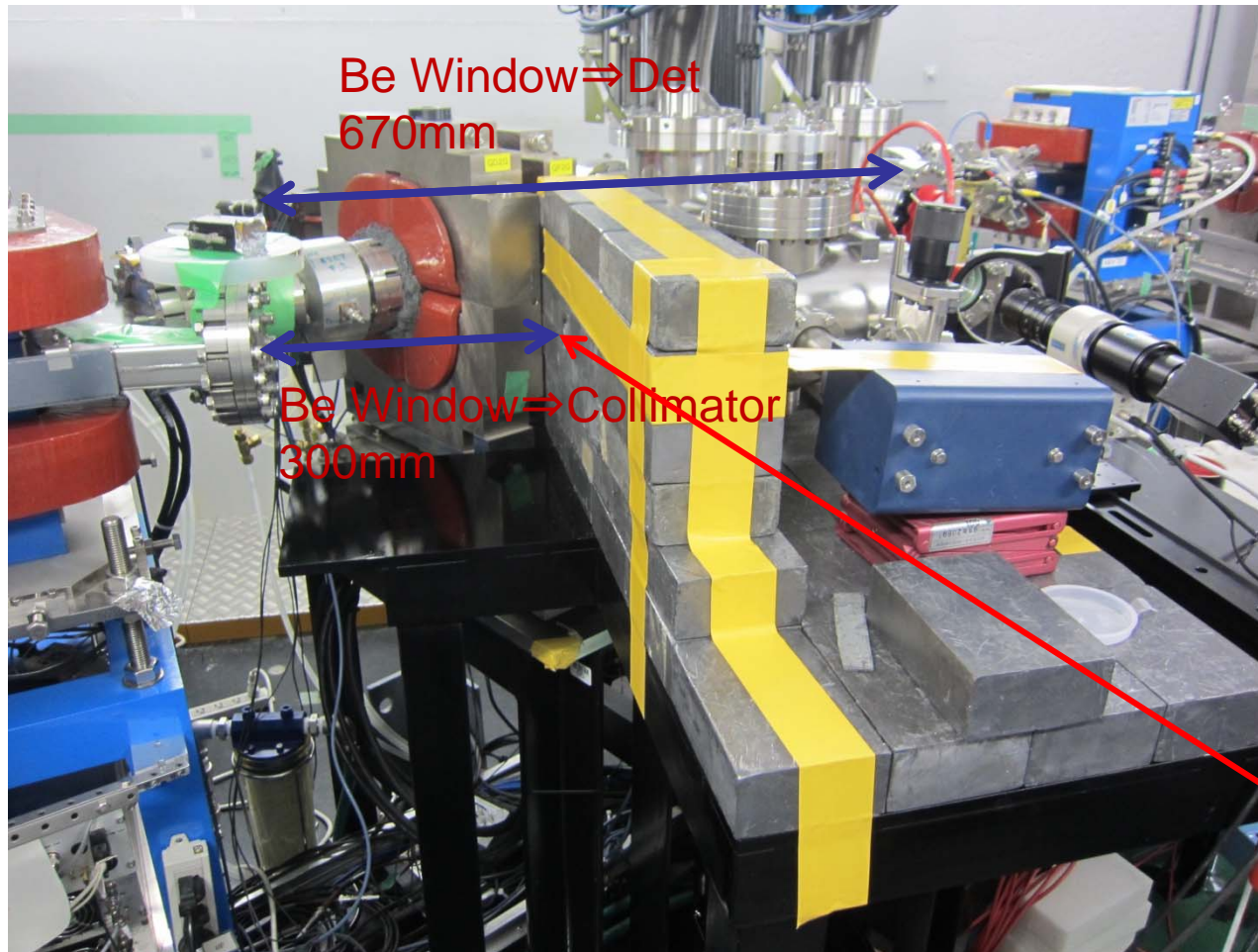
Refraction Contrast

> suitable for low Z material



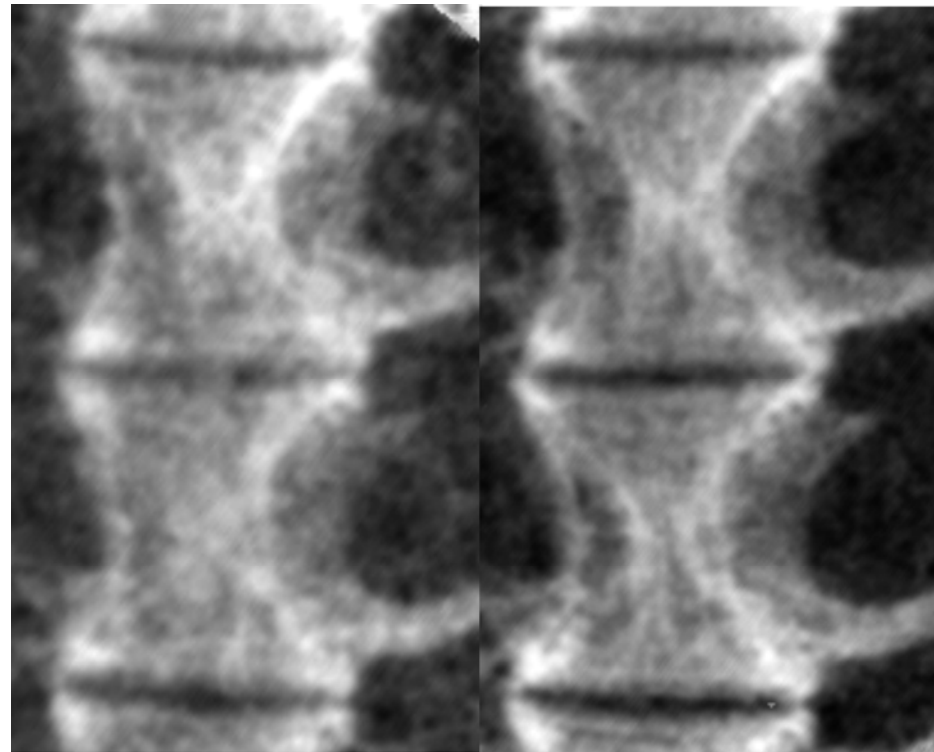
Refraction Contrast

Setup of Refraction Contrast imaging test



Refraction Contrast Image

2 X-ray images by different distance from sample to detector



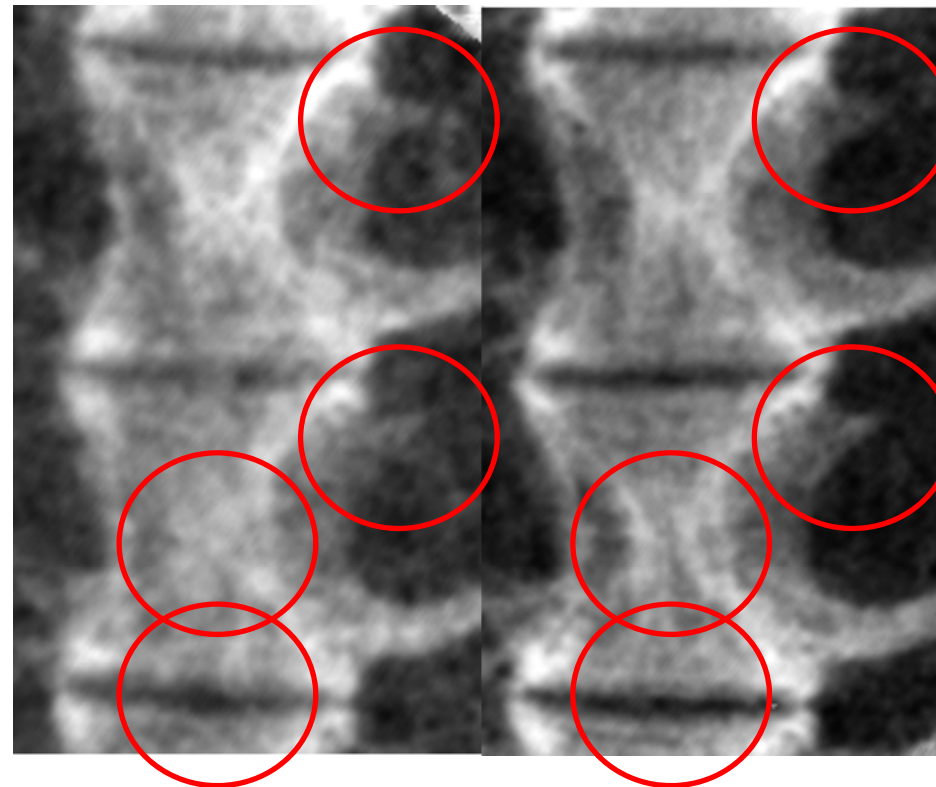
Distance

370mm

670mm

Refraction Contrast Image

2 X-ray images by different distance from sample to detector



Large distance image (670mm) has large contrast

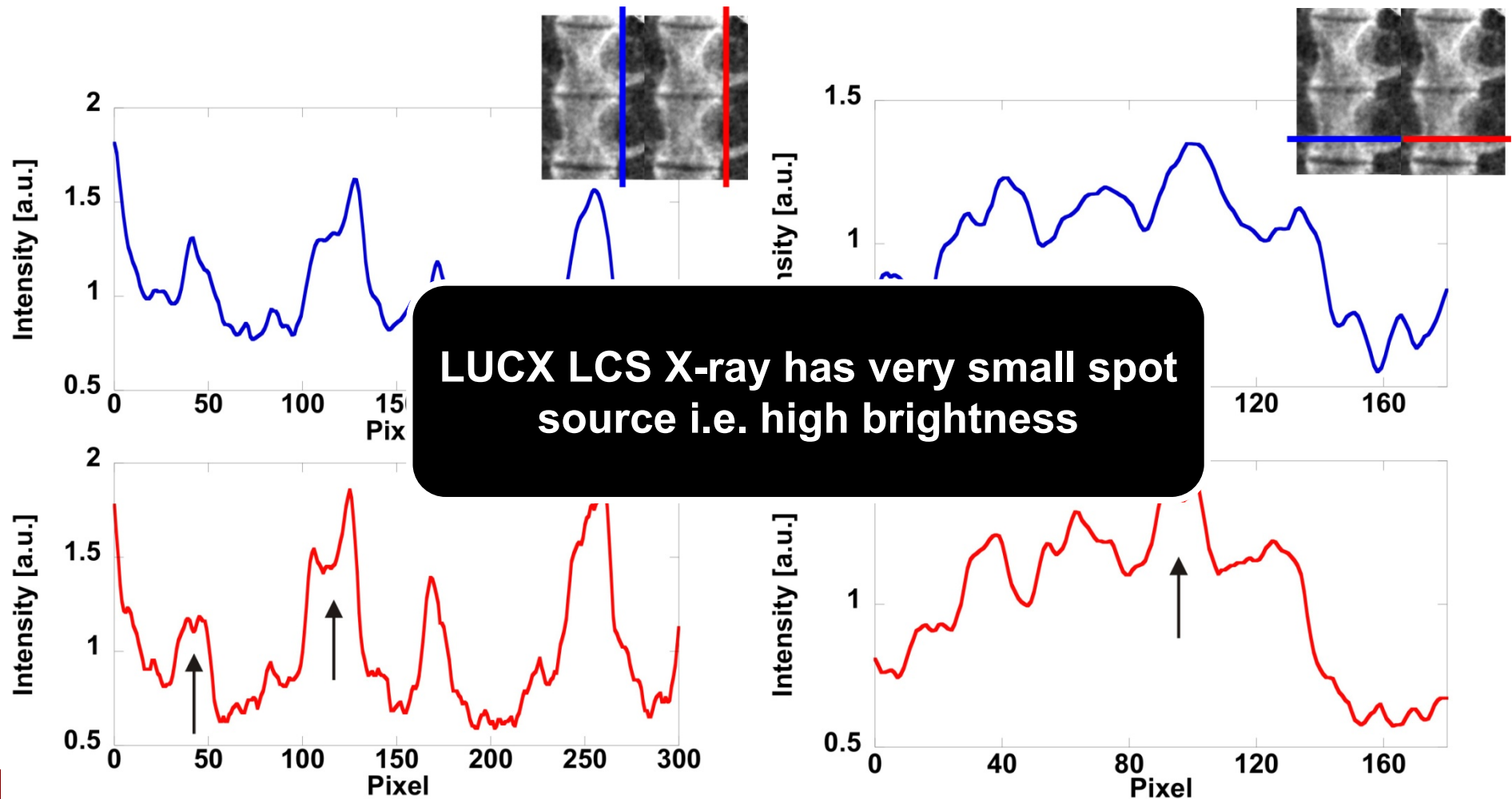
Distance

370mm

670mm

Refraction Contrast Image

Line profiles of each X-ray images



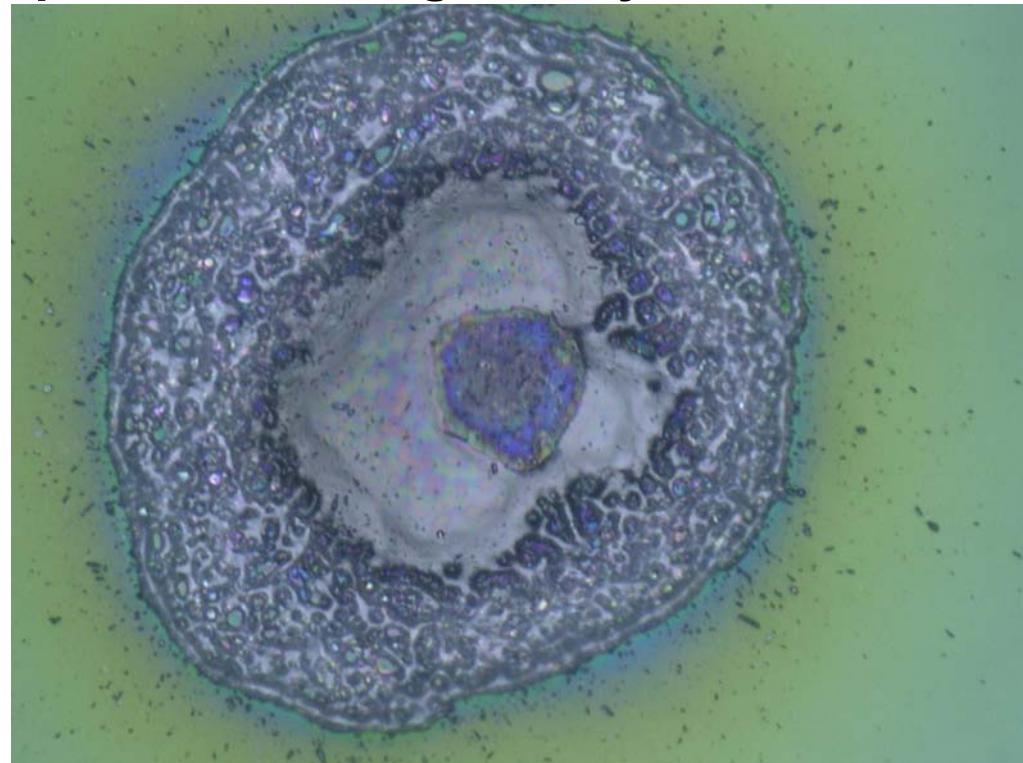
Mirror Damage Limitation

Limit of our LCS X-ray is by optical storage cavity mirror damage

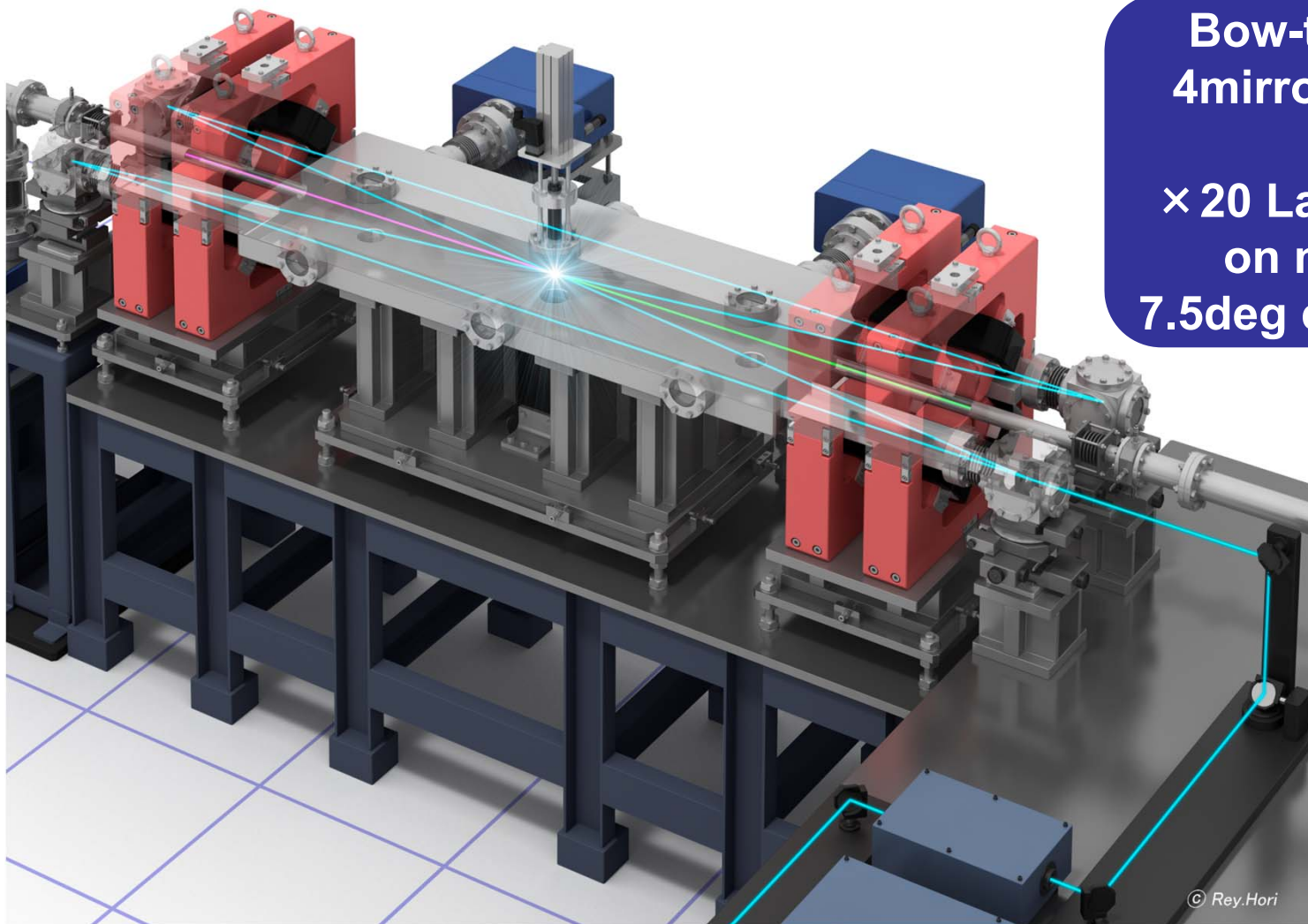
$\sim 5\text{GW}/\text{cm}^2$

$> \sim 1\text{mJ}$ pulse energy with 1mm spot on mirror

We are now concentrating to improve the storage cavity



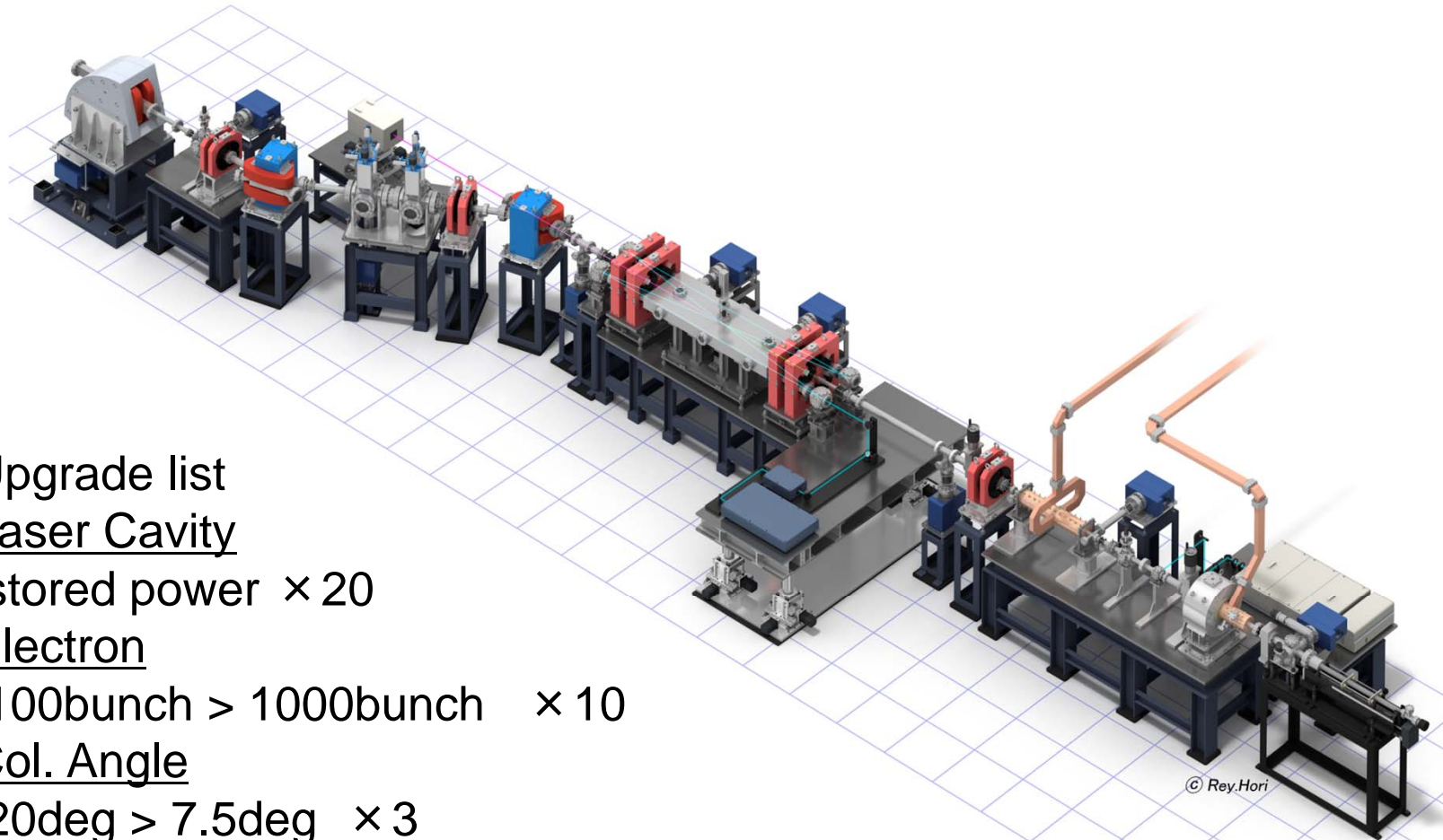
Upgrade Plan of LUCX Super-cavity



Bow-tie type
4mirror cavity

× 20 Laser spot
on mirror
7.5deg col. angle

Upgrade Plan of LUCX Super-cavity



Upgrade list

Laser Cavity

stored power $\times 20$

Electron

100bunch $>$ 1000bunch $\times 10$

Col. Angle

20deg $>$ 7.5deg $\times 3$

LCS X-ray Flux $>$ $1.3 \times 10^8/\text{sec}$

Summary

We are developing a Laser-Compton scattering X-ray source

using S-band linac system and optical storage cavity

X-ray flux is 2.1×10^5 Photon/sec in Total bandwidth

We performed X-ray imaging test and refraction contrast observation

>refraction contrast was observed

>our LCS X-ray is “High brightness”

In this summer we will upgrade our LCS system

>X-ray flux : 1.3×10^8 /sec X-ray image can be obtained by several shots

Thank you for your attentions