

# Multi Objective Genetic Optimization of Linac Beam Parameters for a Seeded FEL

[TUABC3]

m.apollonio, r.bartolini, i.martin – Diamond Light Source Ltd



8/23/12

ICAP12 - Warnemünde



- FEL linac
  - generalities
  - case study: the New Light Source (NLS) setup
  - objectives and knobs for optimization
- Multi Objective Genetic Algorithm (MOGA) approach
  - start-to-end simulation
  - results on NLS 3BC case
  - variations with
    - fewer bunch compressors
    - different initial charge
- conclusion and future development

## General Layout for an X-Ray FEL

electron Gun (n.c.)

L-band s.c. cavities (acceleration)

bunch compression  
(ph. space conditioning)

undulator (lasing)

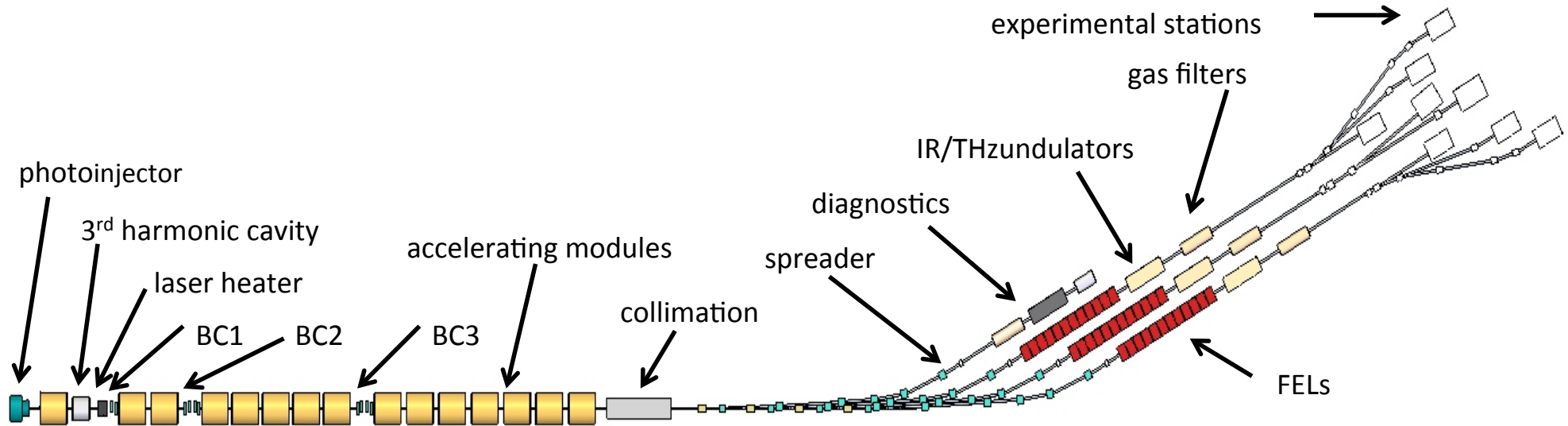
## High Quality Electron Beam

energy: few GeV

$\epsilon_N$ : 0.33  $\mu\text{m}$

$\Delta\gamma/\gamma$ :  $10^{-4}$

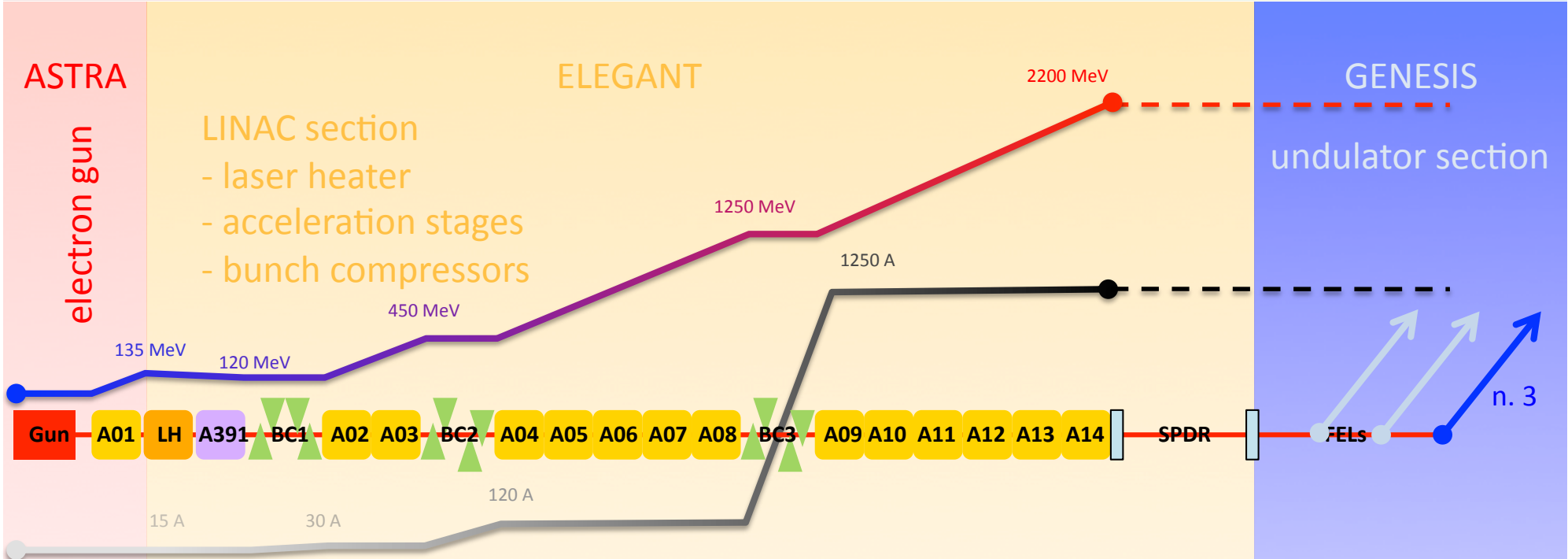
$I_{\text{peak}}$ :  $\sim 1\text{kA}$



### *New Light Source (NLS) project [1]:*

- *advanced 4<sup>th</sup> generation X-ray source*
- *3 seeded FELs @ different w.l.*
  - *FEL-3: 1keV / 1.2nm (fundamental)*
- *1 single LINAC*

[1] NLS Conceptual Design Report (2010) in <http://www.newlightsource.org>.



8 cells  
9 Tesla SC cavities  
E → 135 MeV  
 $\epsilon_N = 0.33 \text{ um}$   
L-band normal conducting RF gun  
1.3 GHz TESLA RF module  
 $I_{\text{peak}} = 15 \text{ A}$

Laser heater

3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic RF  
phase-space linearization

BC1 – C-chicane  
Compression factor: 2

1<sup>st</sup> acceleration stage:  
E: 120 MeV → 450 MeV

BC2 – S-chicane  
Compression factor: 4

2<sup>nd</sup> acceleration stage:  
E: 450 MeV → 1250 MeV

BC3 – S-chicane  
Compression factor: 10.4

3<sup>rd</sup> acceleration stage:  
E: 1250 MeV → 2200 MeV

Lasing stage:  
APPLEII undulators  
alternated with FODO cells

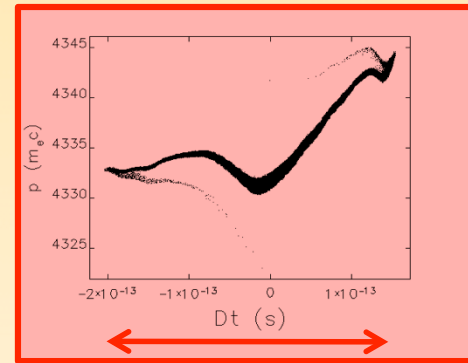
n. 3

# Choice of knobs

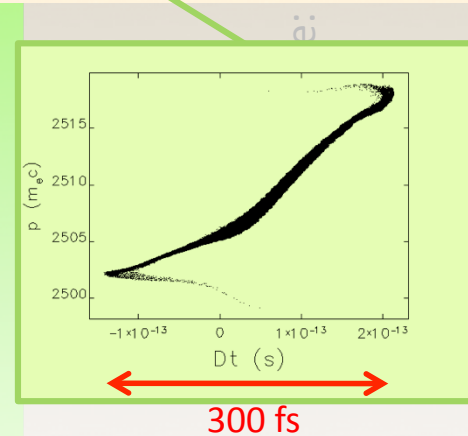
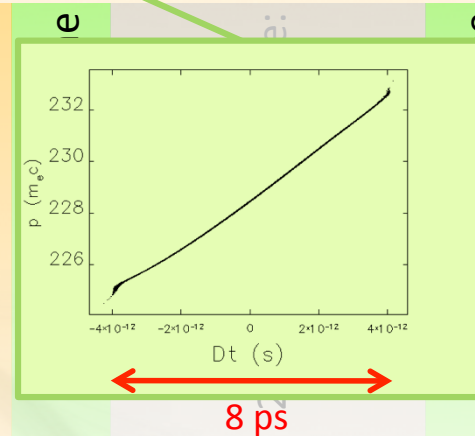
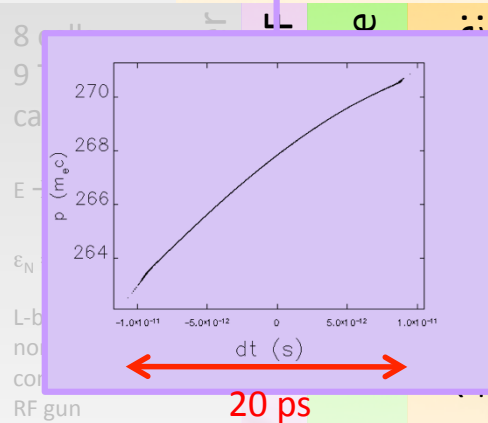
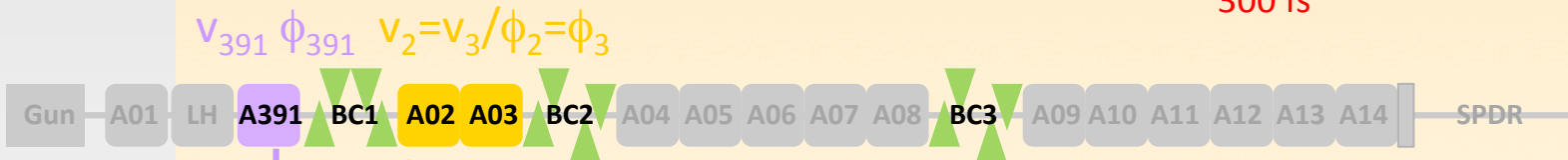
ASTRA  
electron gun

- LINAC section
- laser heater
  - acceleration stages
  - bunch compressors

ELEGANT



GENESIS  
undulator section



Lasing stage:  
APPLEII undulators  
alternated with FODO cells

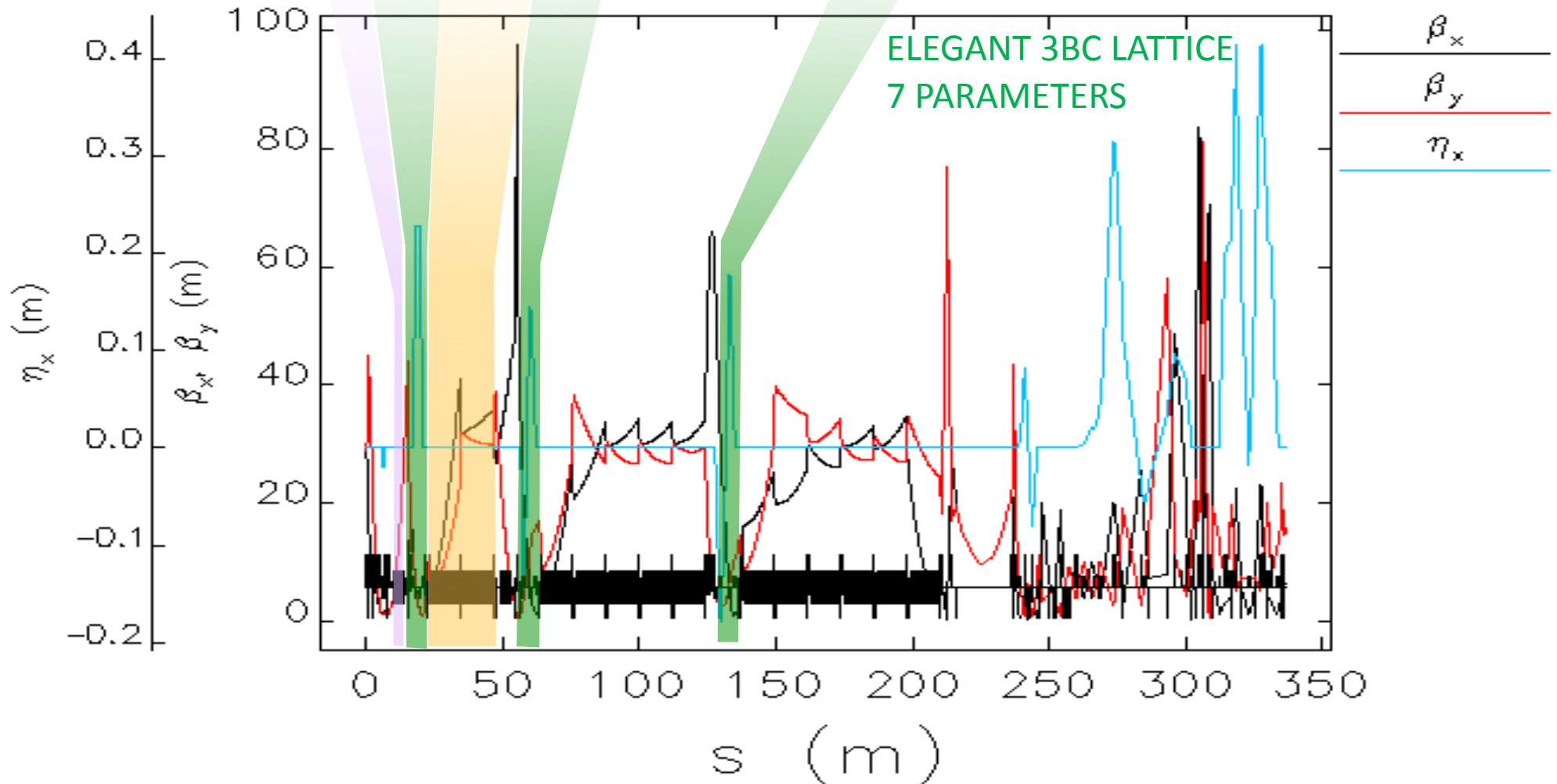
$\theta_1$  [10.47, 14.47] (°)

$\theta_2$  [8.27, 12.27] (°)

$\theta_3$  [5.9, 10.9] (°)

$v_{391}$  [7.2, 9.0] (MV/m)  
 $\phi_{391}$  [170, 190] (°)

$v_2 = v_3$  [19, 21] (MV/m)  
 $\phi_2 = \phi_3$  [8, 12] (°)



## Choice of objectives

Pierce parameter

$$\rho = \left[ \frac{K^2 [JJ]^2}{32} \cdot \frac{k_p^2}{k_u^2} \right]^{1/3}$$

$$[JJ] = [J_0(\xi) - J_1(\xi)]$$

$I_e$  = peak current

$$\xi = K^2 / (4 + 2K^2)$$

$I_A$  = Alfven current

$k_u$  = und. wave number

$\sigma_x$  = rms beam size

$$k_p = \sqrt{2I_e / (\gamma^3 I_A \sigma_x^2)}$$

Gain Length (1D)

$$L_g = \frac{\lambda_u}{4\pi\sqrt{3}\rho}$$

Seeded FEL → bunch “uniformity”

$$\sigma(L_g): \text{RMS of } L_g \text{ in a bunch}$$

18 to 20  $L_g$  to reach power saturation

*Caveat: realistic beams spoils  $L_g$ !*  
 - semianalytical Xie parametrization [2]  
 - start-to-end simulation

[2] M. Xie, Proceedings of the 1995 Particle Accelerator Conference, Dallas (1995).



- **M**ulti **O**bjective **G**enetic **A**lgorithm
  - used to tackle the problem of *conflicting objectives*
  - based on **NSGAI** algorithm [3]
  - effective: comparison with purely **random search** (see later)
- **S**trategy
  - ASTRA section: *fixed* (pre-optimized).
    - output beam at fixed charge injected into the LINAC (baseline 200pC)
  - ELEGANT section: *dynamic*.
    - knobs varied during optimization.
    - 100K particles sufficient for good characterization (\*)
  - GENESIS section:
    - beam from ELEGANT injected and propagated through *undulator + FODO* structure.
    - ~~Time DEPENDENT mode challenging (time consuming in a MOGA)~~
    - Time INDEPENDENT scheme + sliced bunch analysis
    - Bunch ROI = 100 fs around centre of charge ← from time jitter studies
    - 40 slices (2.5 fs each): each fed into GENESIS

(\*) quality preserved up to 2M particles

[3] K. Deb, A. Pratap, S. Agarwal, and T. Meyarivan, IEEETrans. Evol. Comput. 6, 182 (2002).

## python

`nsga_elegant_genesis.py`:  
defines objectives /  
knobs intervals / GA parameters

`nsga.py`:  
python implementation of NSGAI MOGA

## elegant (2.2)

- LSC
- CSR (dipoles)
- T-L wakefields  
(3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic cavities)

## genesis (1.3)

- time independent mode
- helical undulator

## matlab

`run_elegant.m`:  
-defines new working point (according to  
`nsga.py`)  
-launches *elegant*  
-finds <Lg> per slice

`elegant_goal.m`

`fitgain_fromfile.m`  
- fit  $pwr(slice) \rightarrow Lg(slice)$

`elegant_bins.m`

`elegant2genesistid.m`  
-create genesis input files per slice  
-run *genesis*

## the AP Diamond Cluster

30nodes: Xeon E5430 dual quad-core each

2 Gb RAM / core

200 TB Lustre File System

*high performance f.s. for linux cluster (GNU GPL v2 open license)*

Gigabit Ethernet (GbE)

*evolution of Fast Ethernet, frames transmission at 1 Gb/s*

4xDDR (20 gbps) infiniband for 24 nodes

*high performance communication link between processor nodes and I/O nodes*

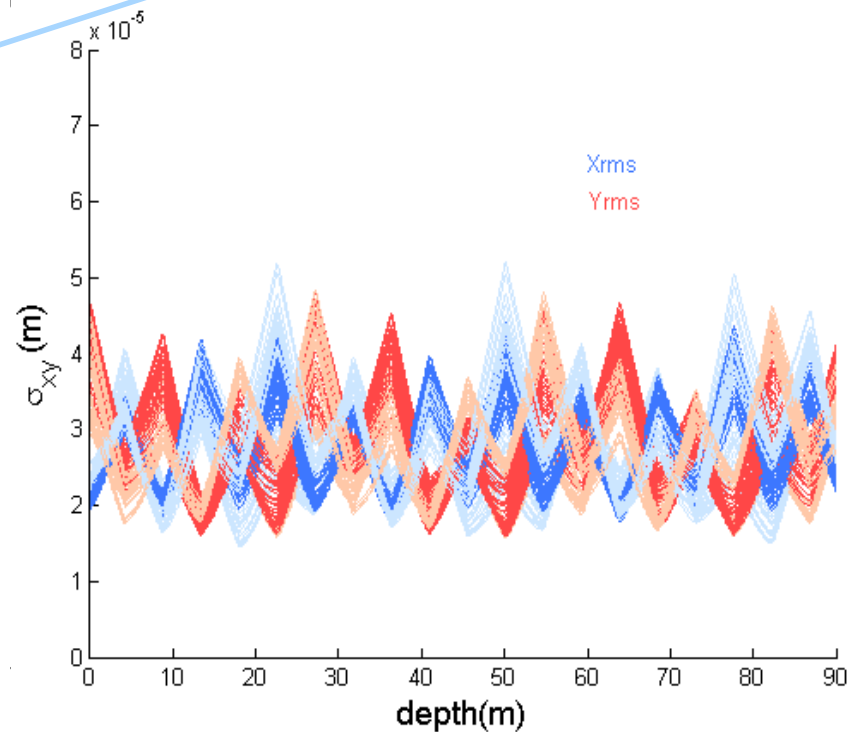
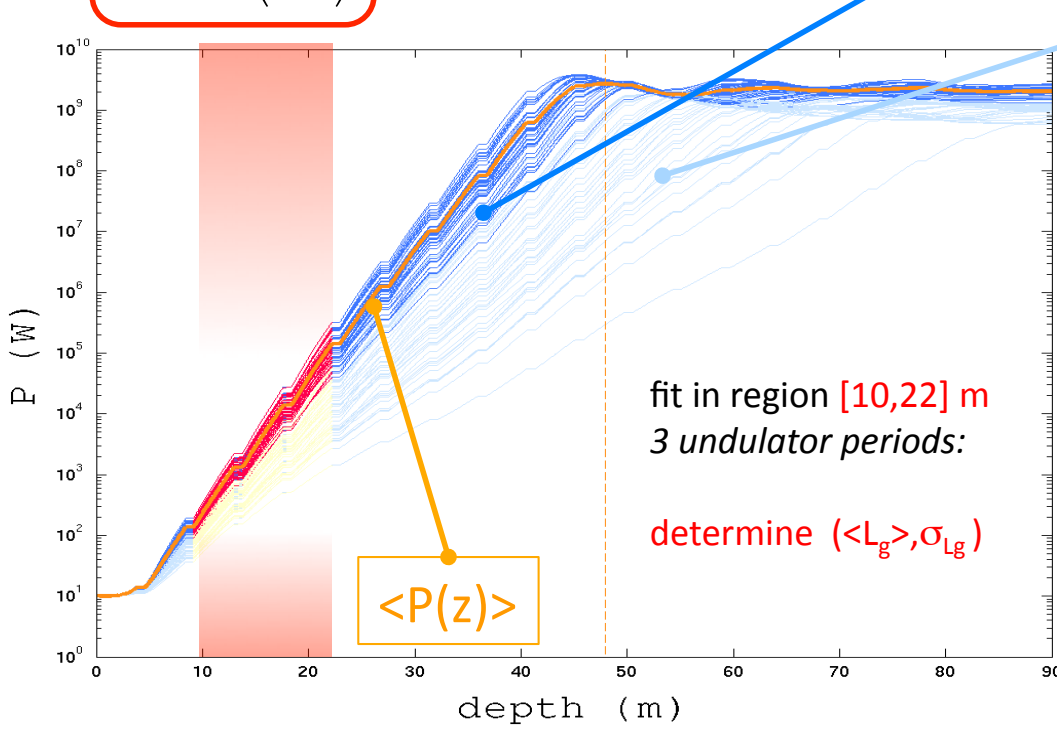
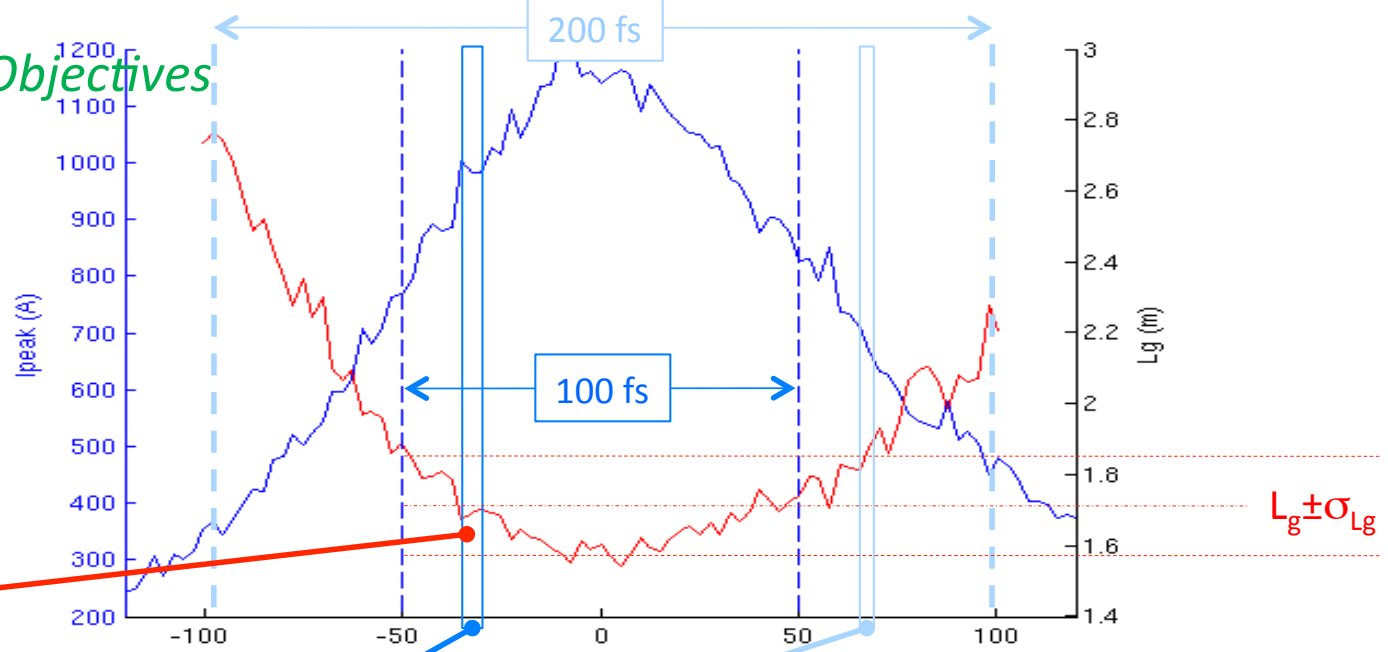
Sun Grid Engine (SGE)

*batch queueing system*

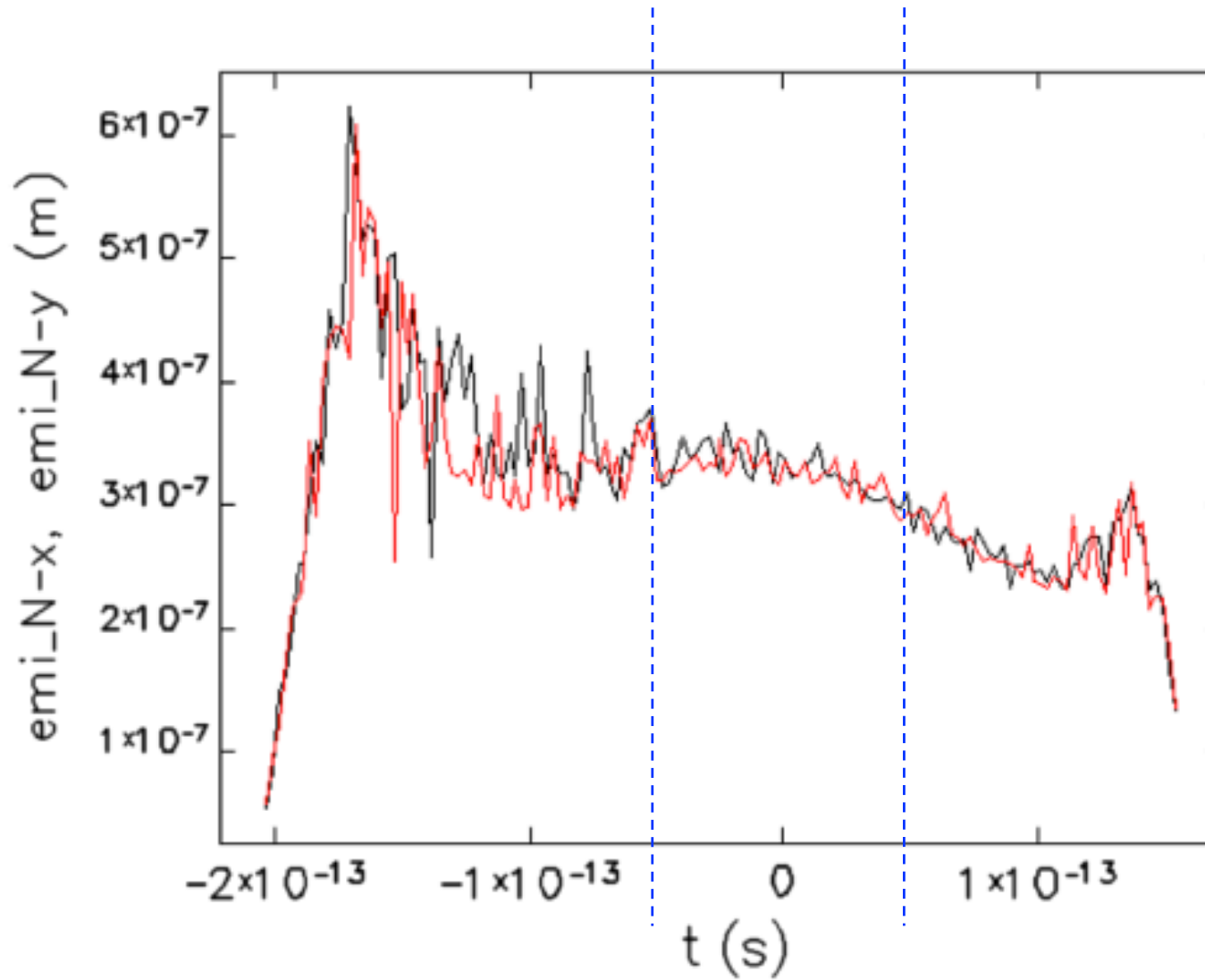
Open MPI  
(Message Passing Interface)

*standard message passage system for parallel calculus*

Determination of Objectives

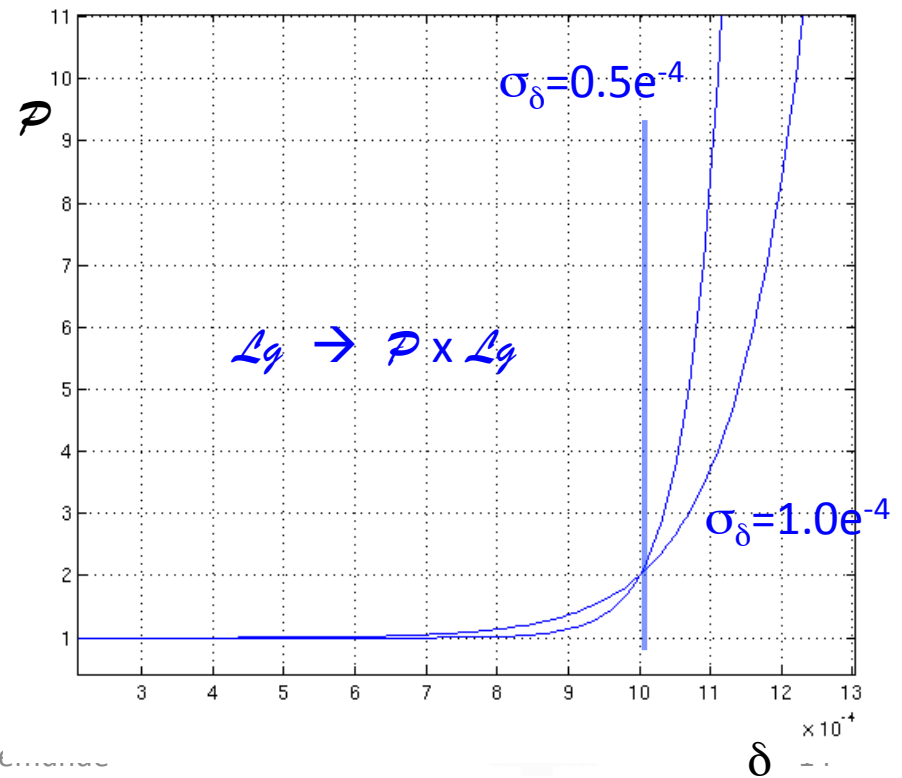
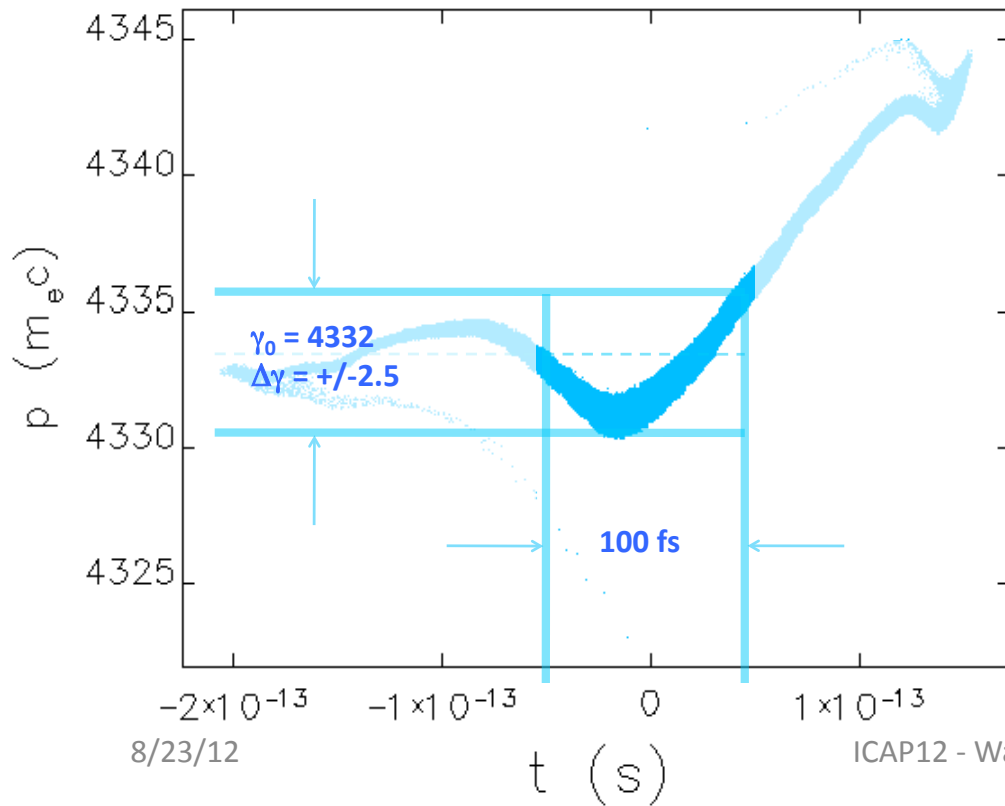


## Normalized Emittance

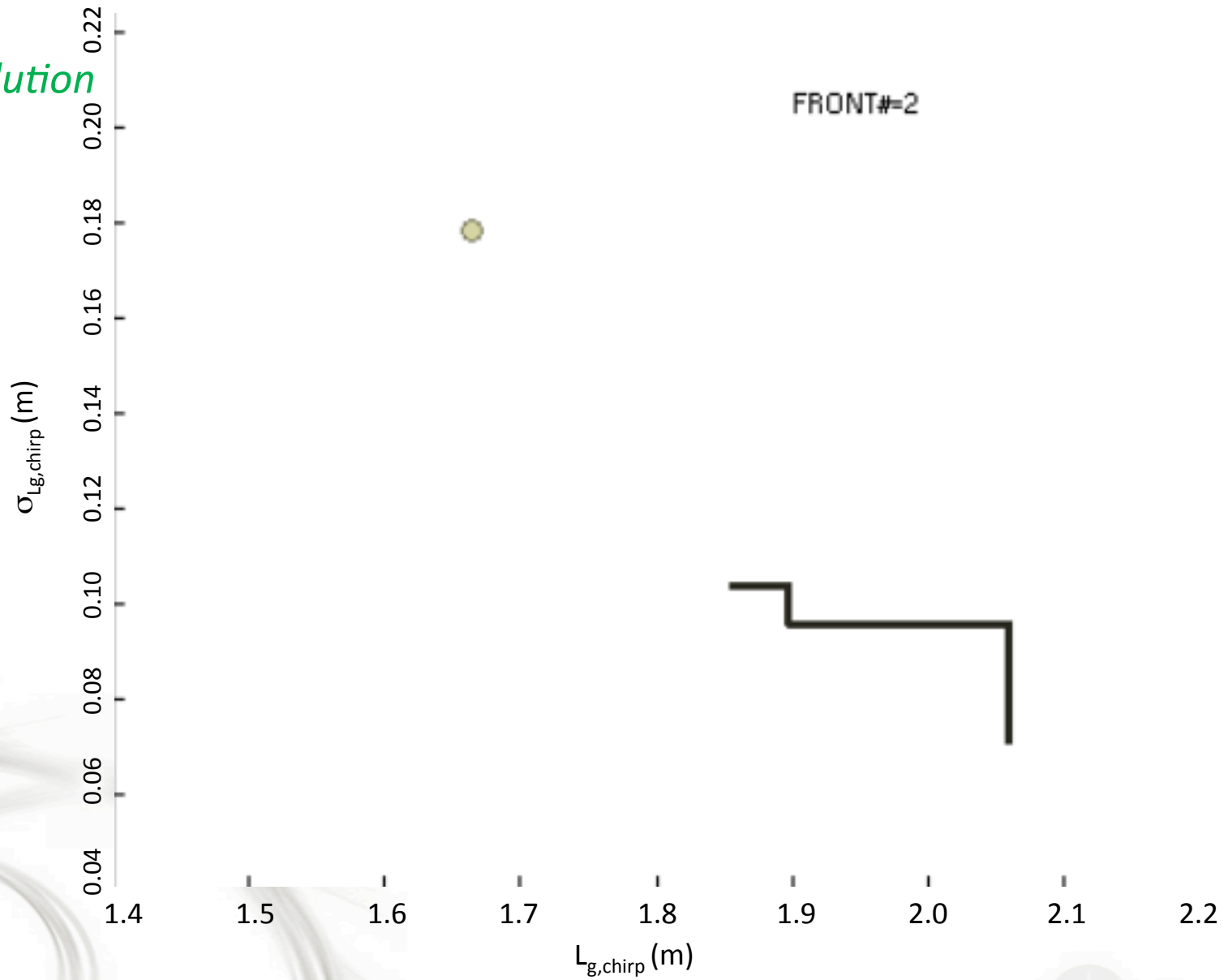


## Energy chirp control – Penalty Function

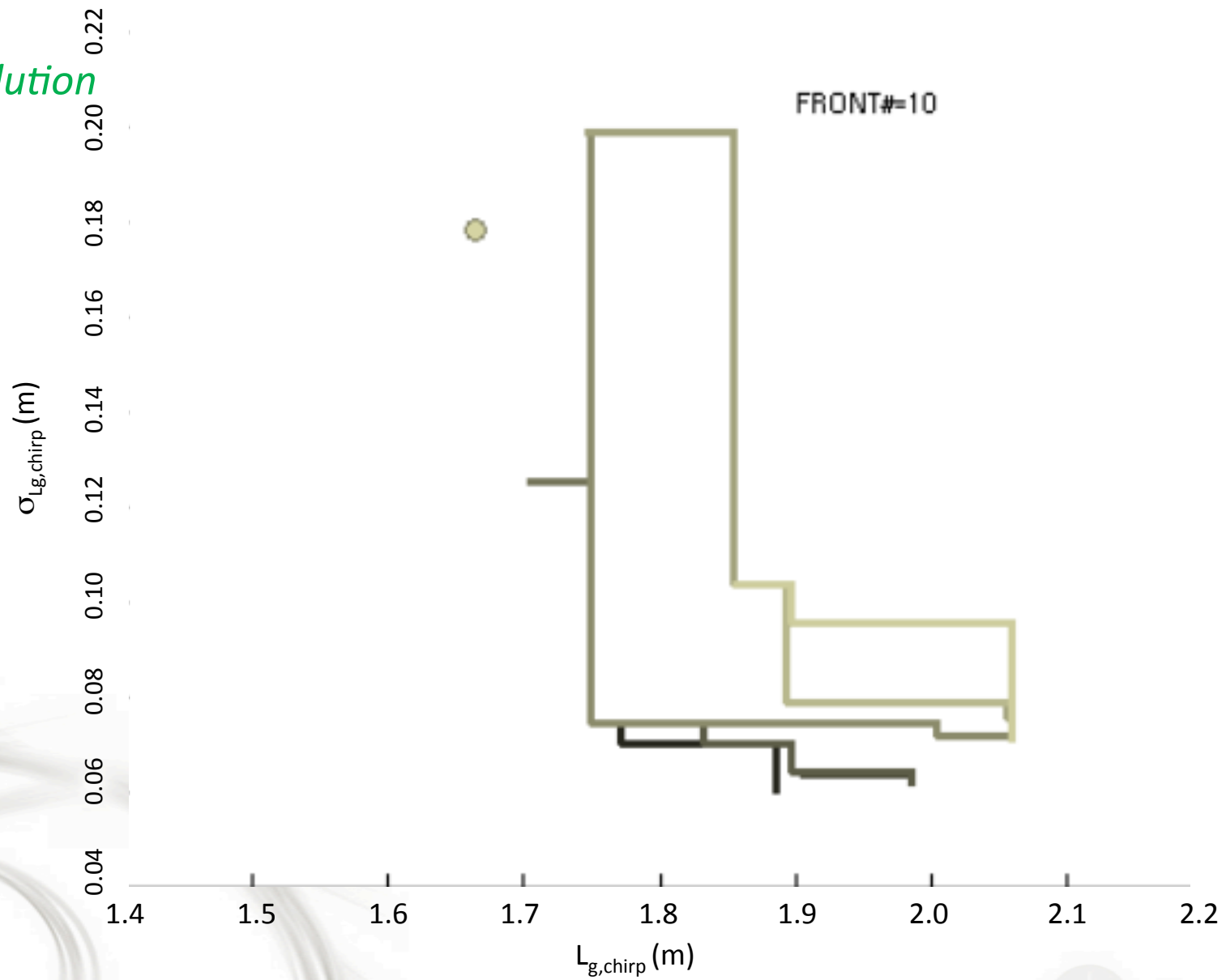
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{P} = 1 + \exp\left[\frac{(\delta_n - \delta_{MAX})}{\sigma_\delta}\right], \\ \delta_n = \frac{\gamma_n - \gamma_o}{\gamma_o}, \\ \delta_{MAX} = 1\%, \sigma_\delta = 0.5 \times 10^{-4}. \end{cases}$$



Front Evolution

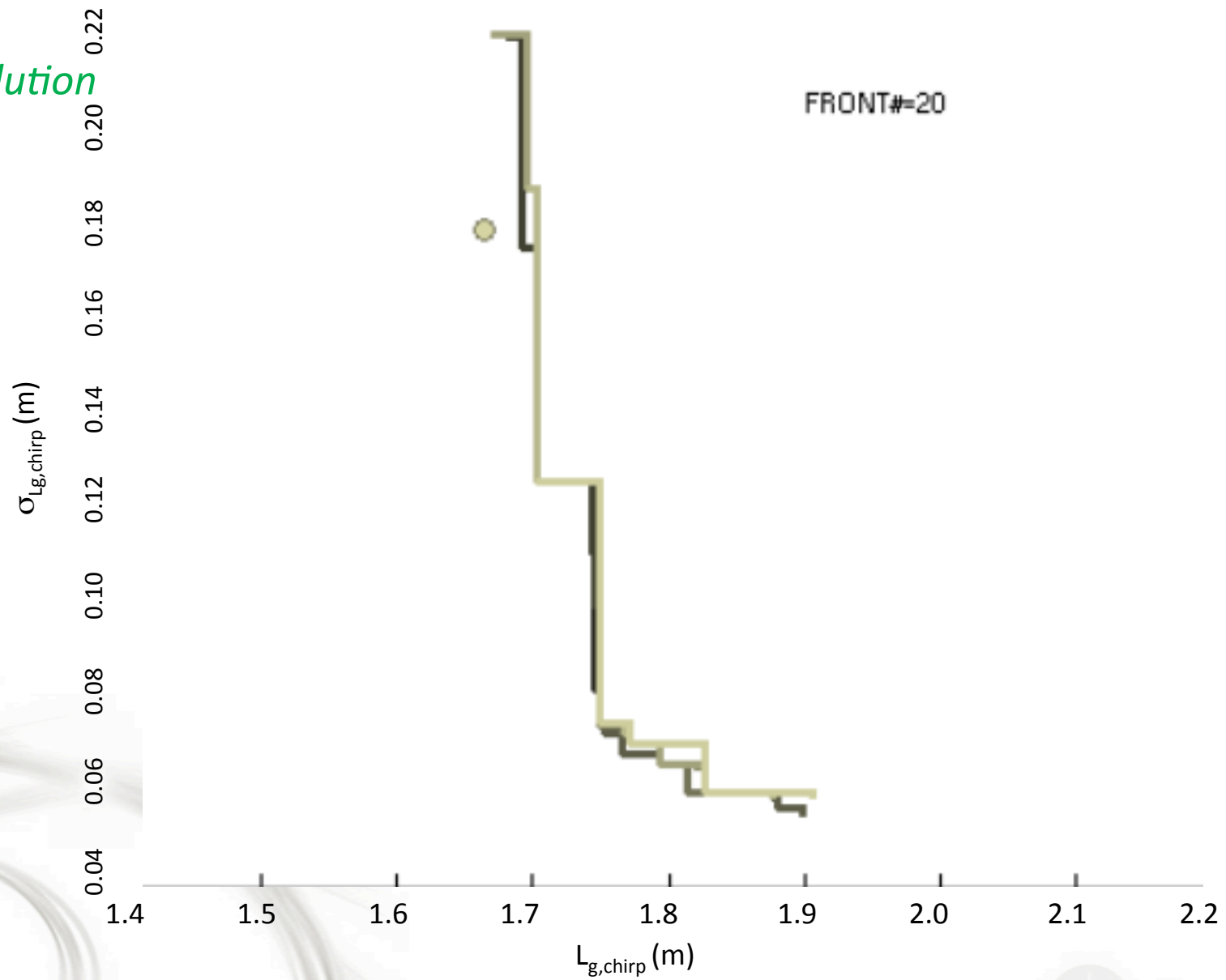


## Front Evolution

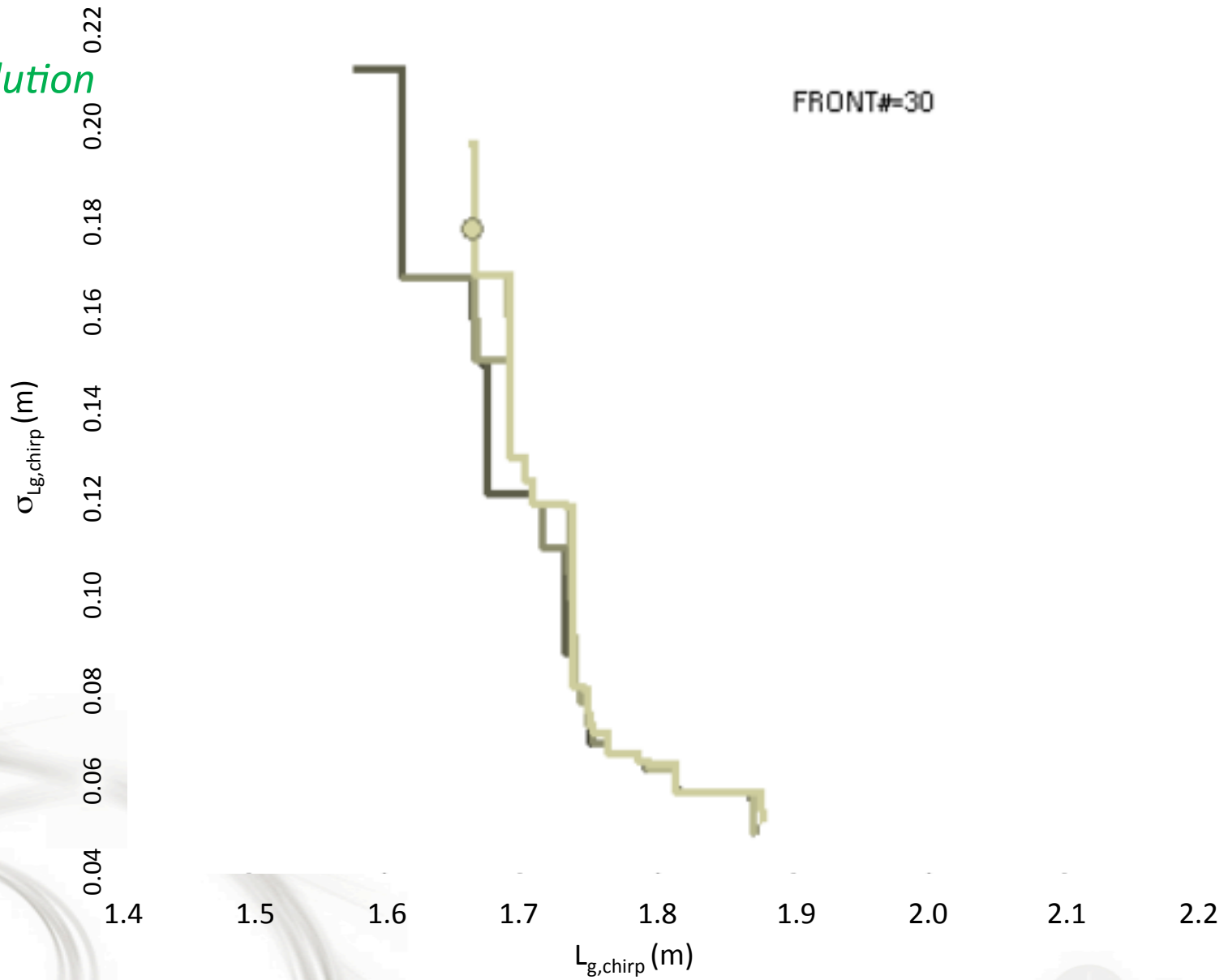




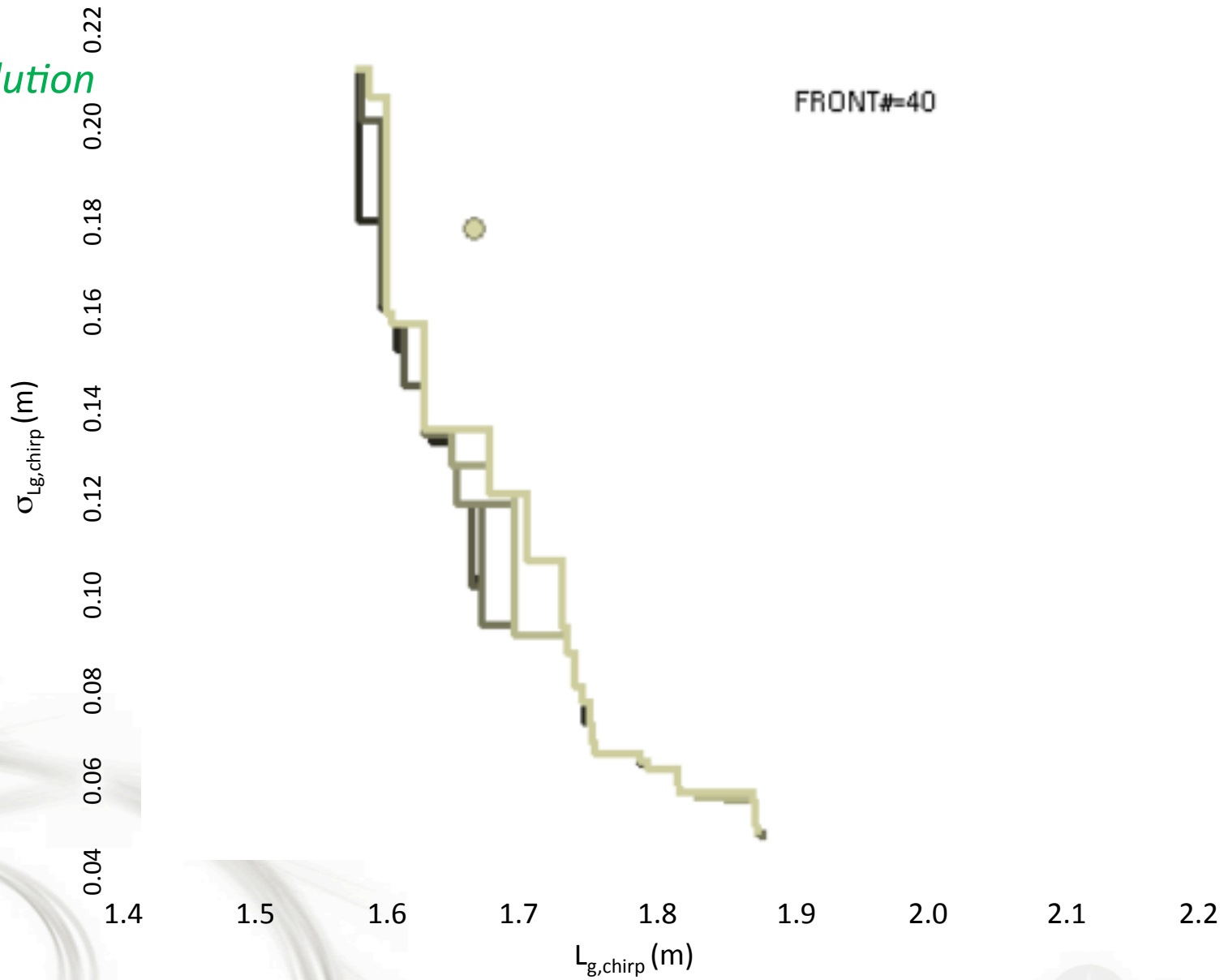
## Front Evolution



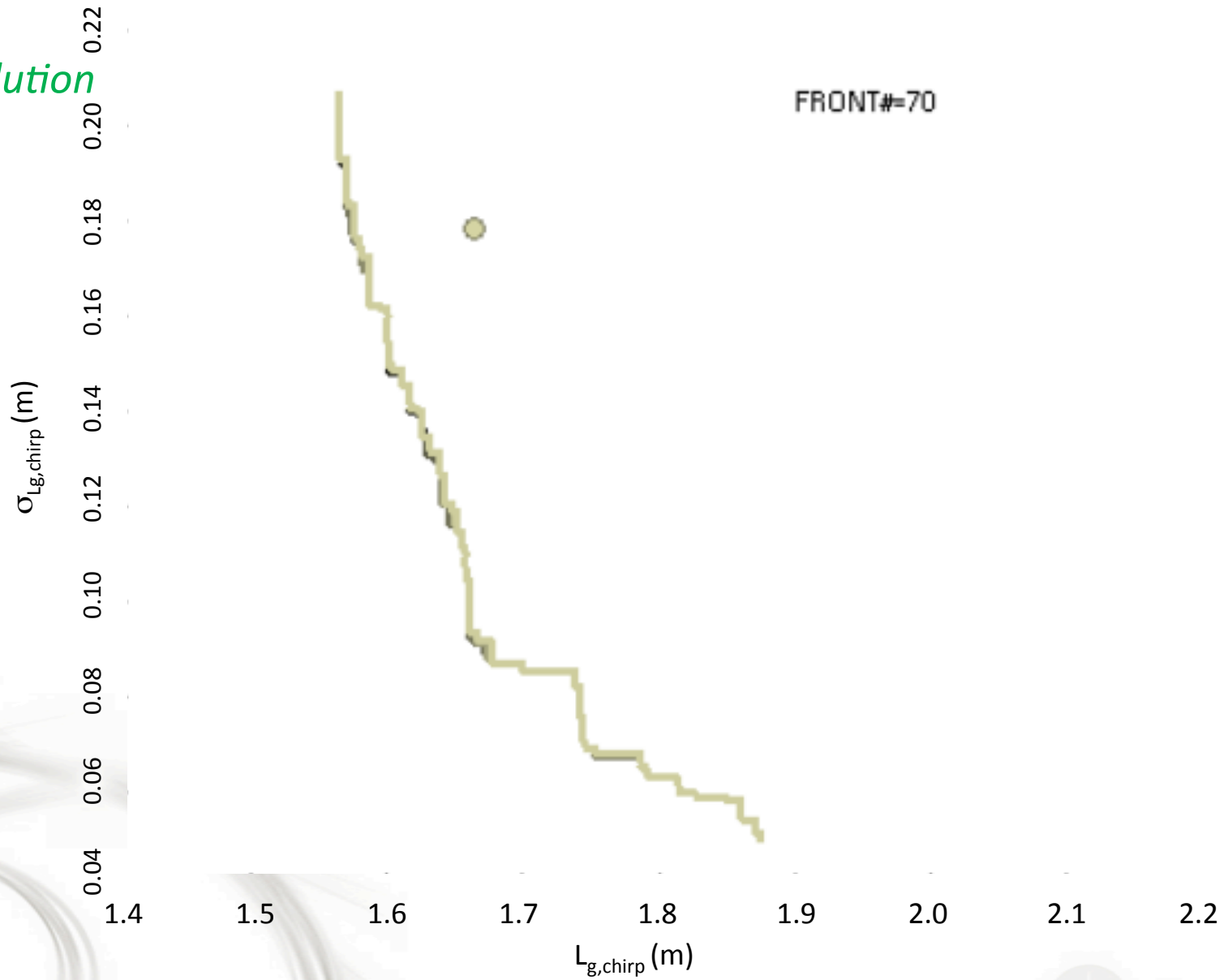
### Front Evolution



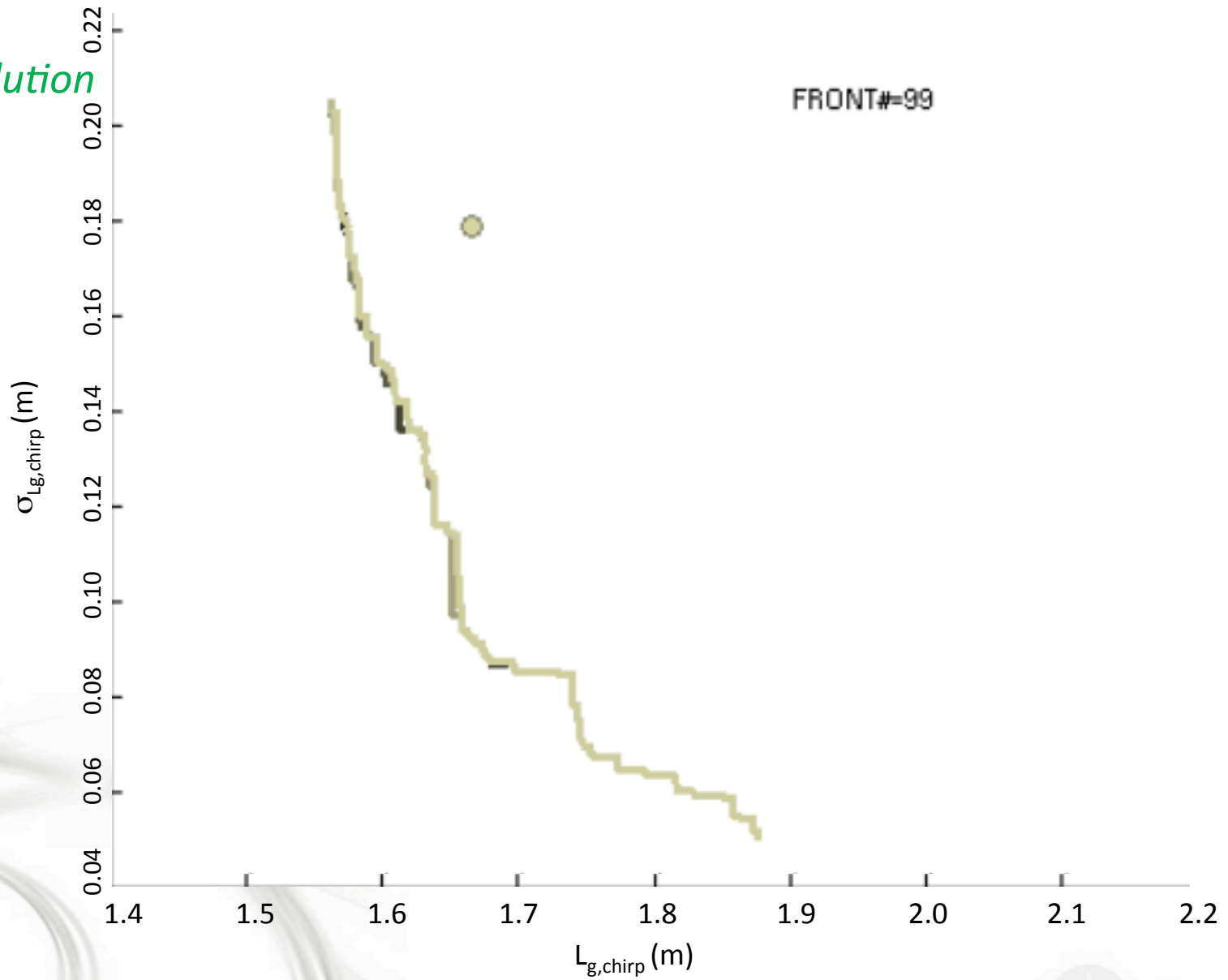
### Front Evolution



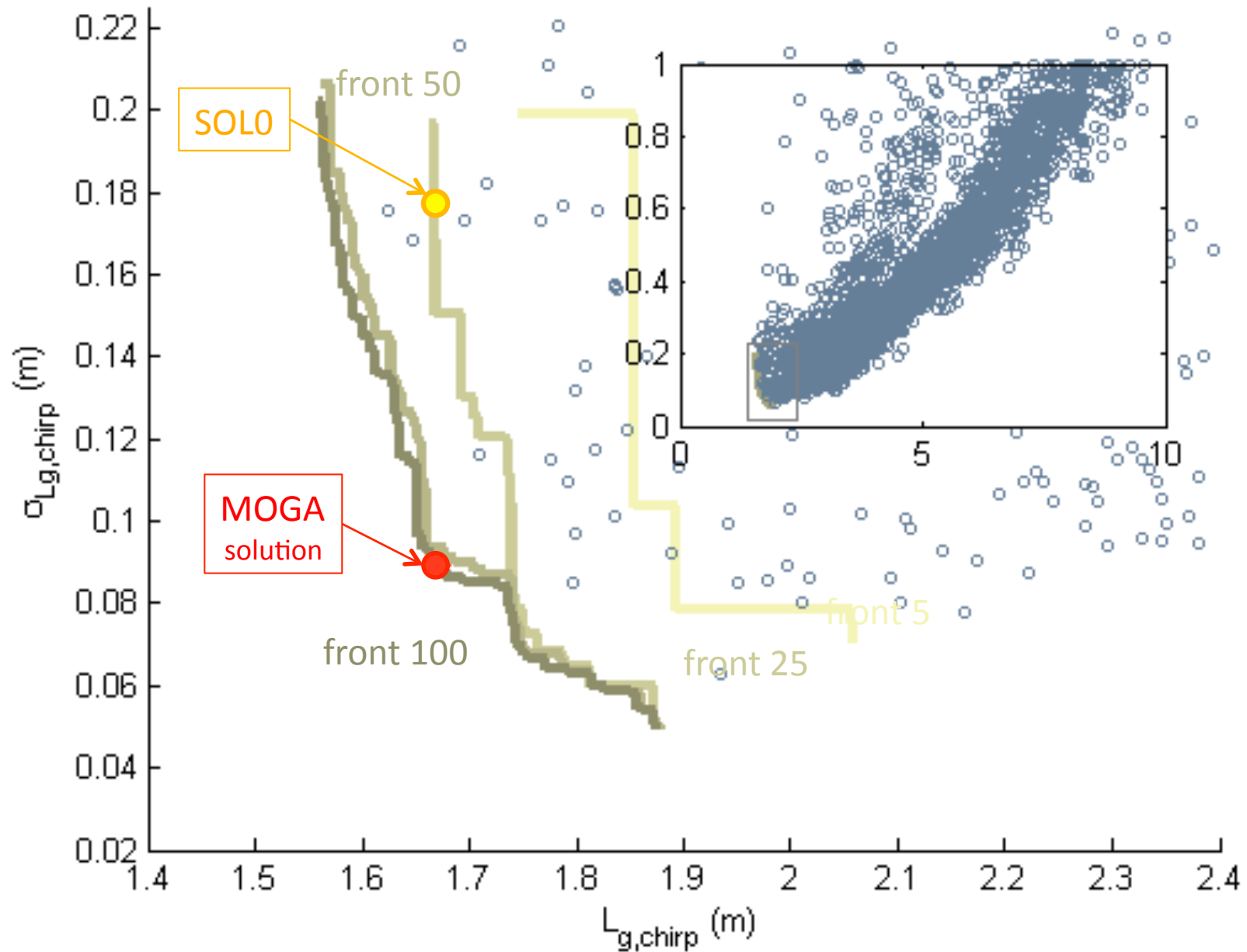
Front Evolution



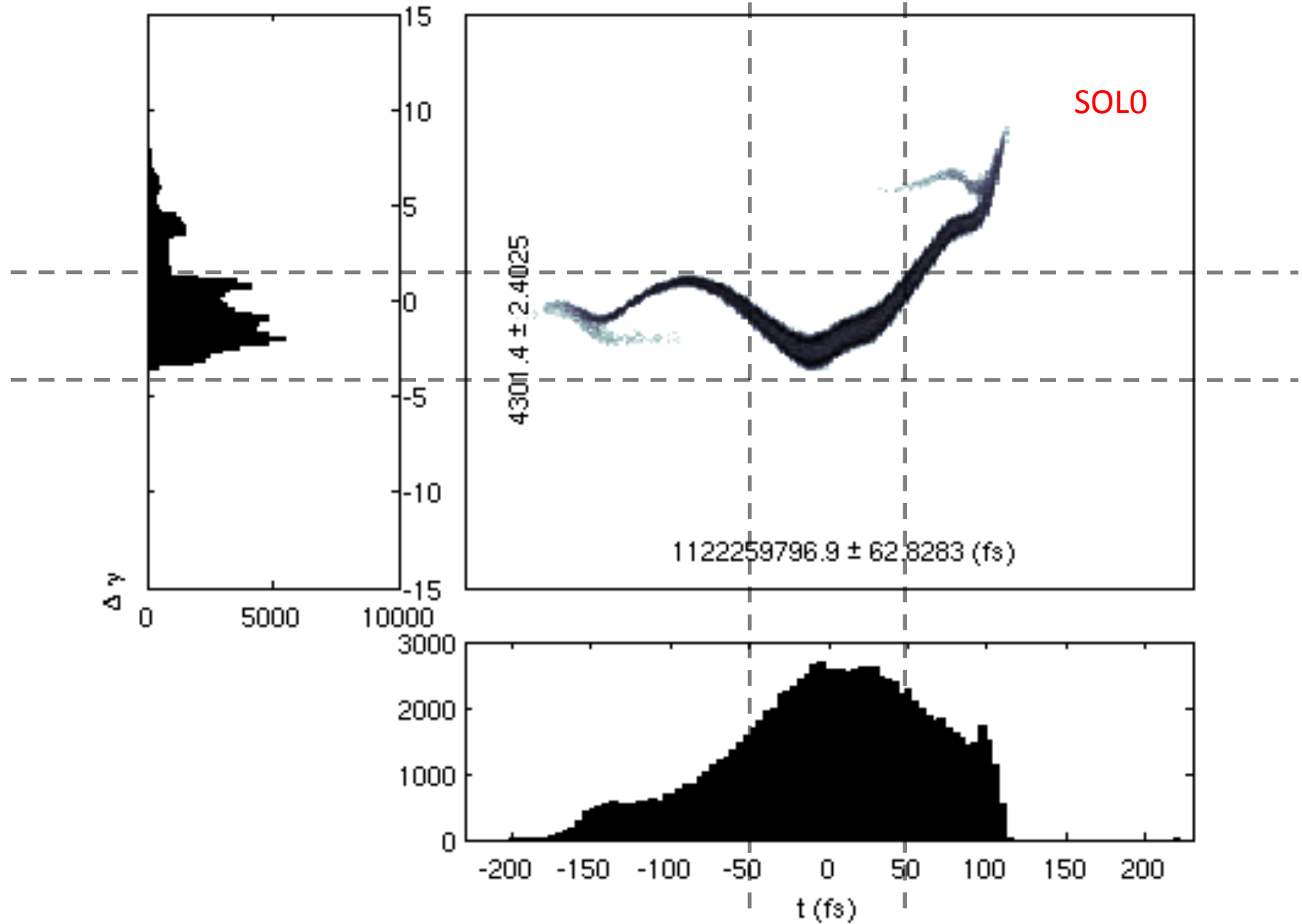
Front Evolution



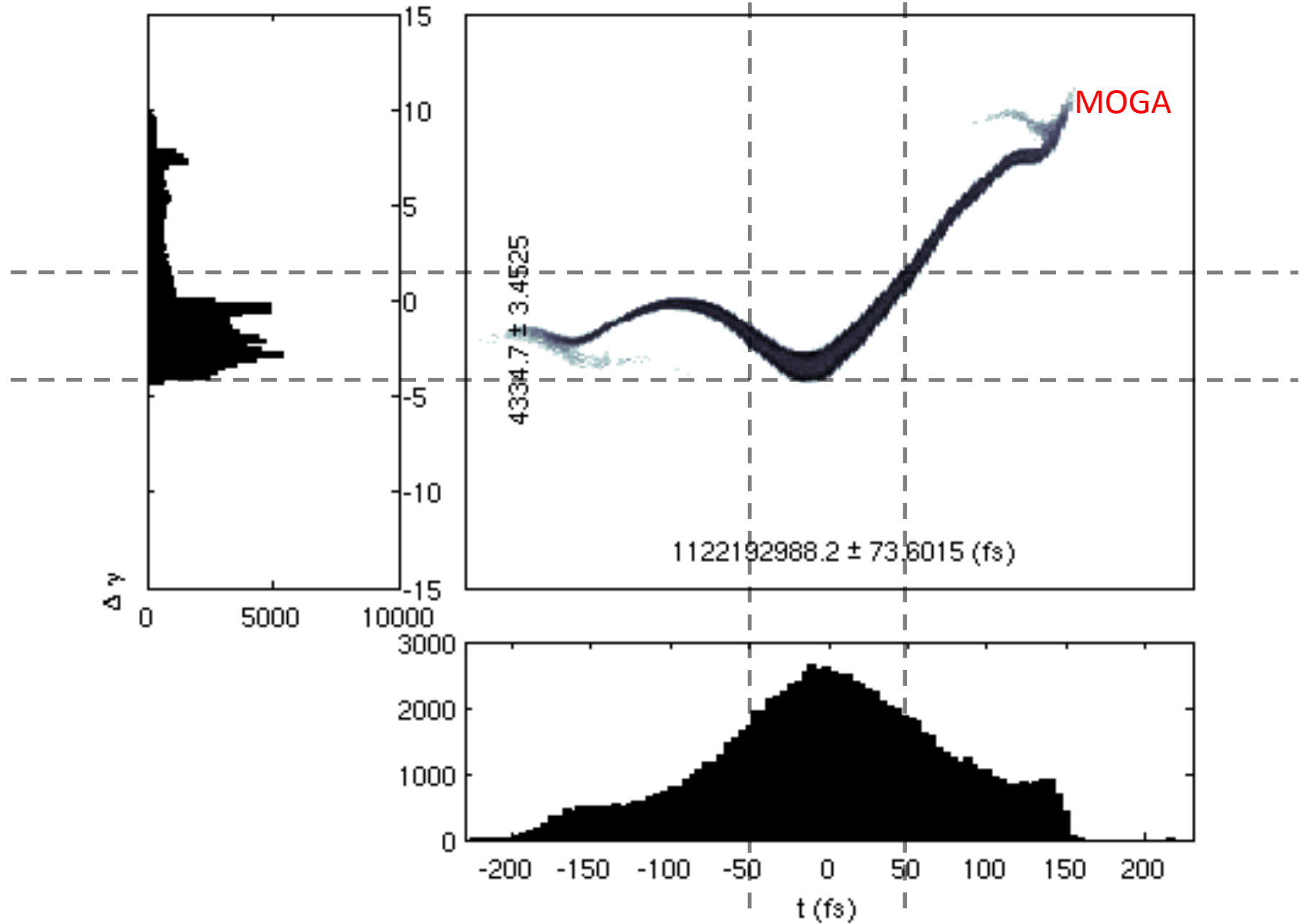
Pareto fronts (-) (from NSGAI) vs purely random search (o)



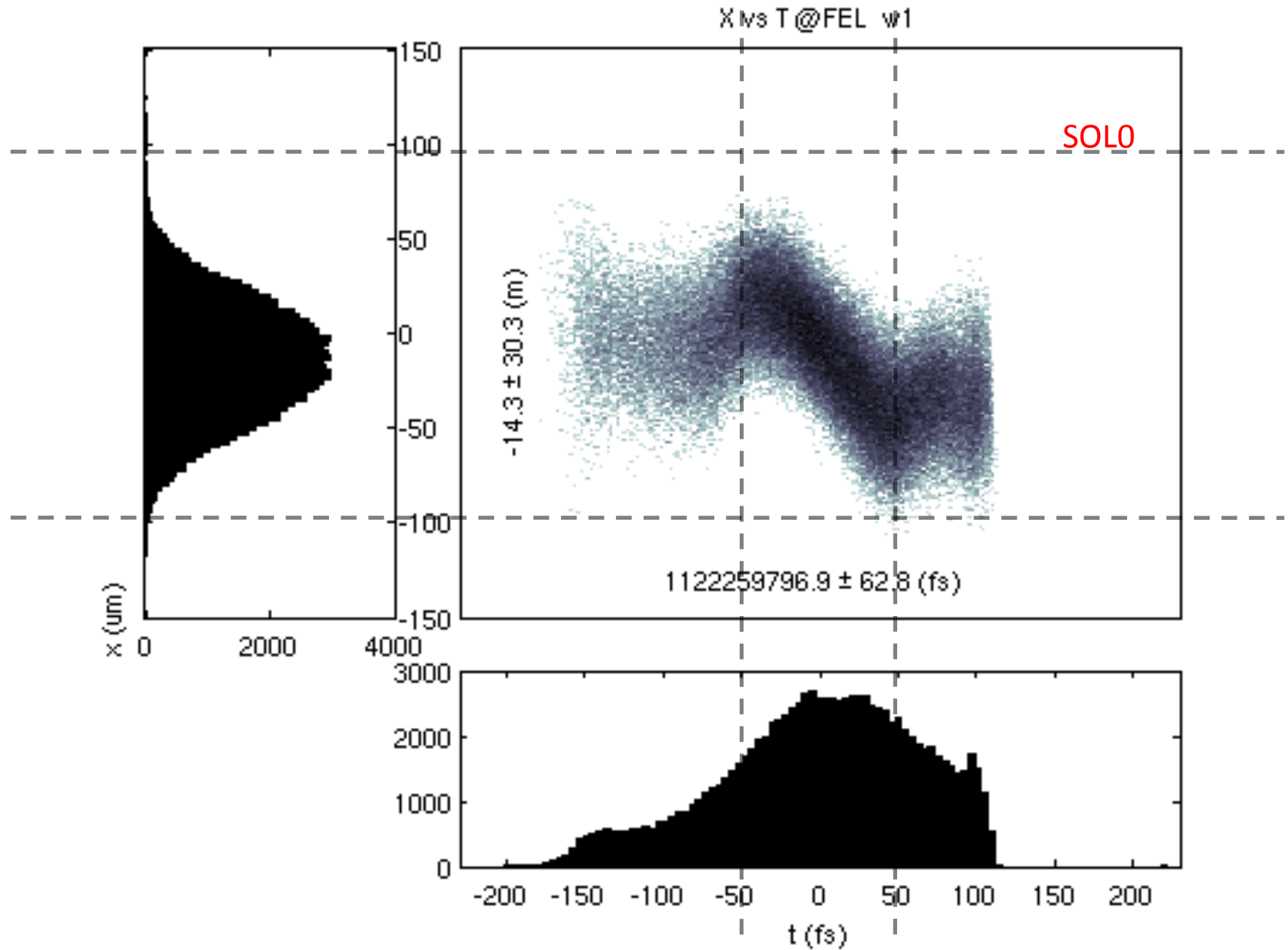
Longitudinal Phase Space@FEL w1

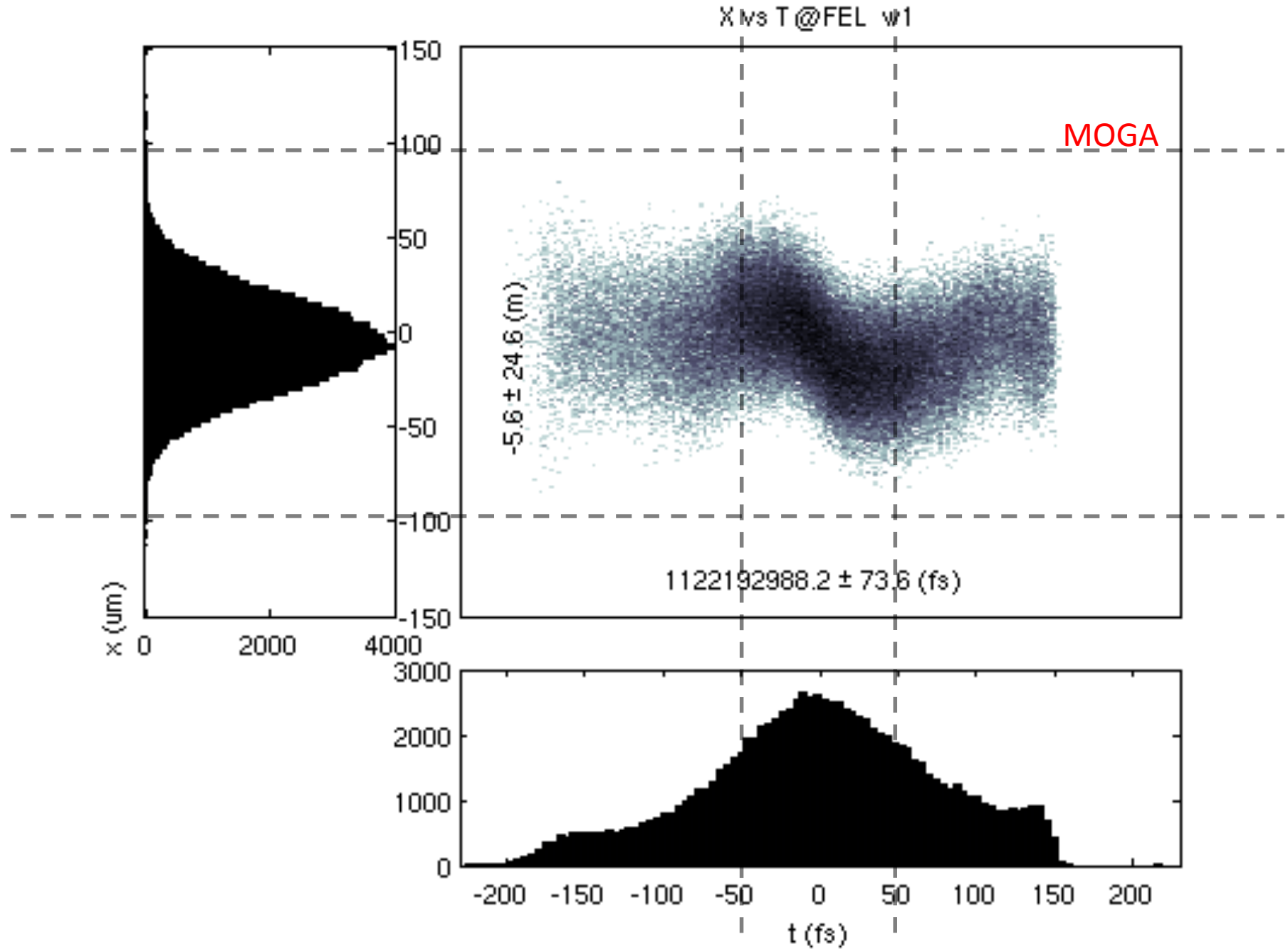


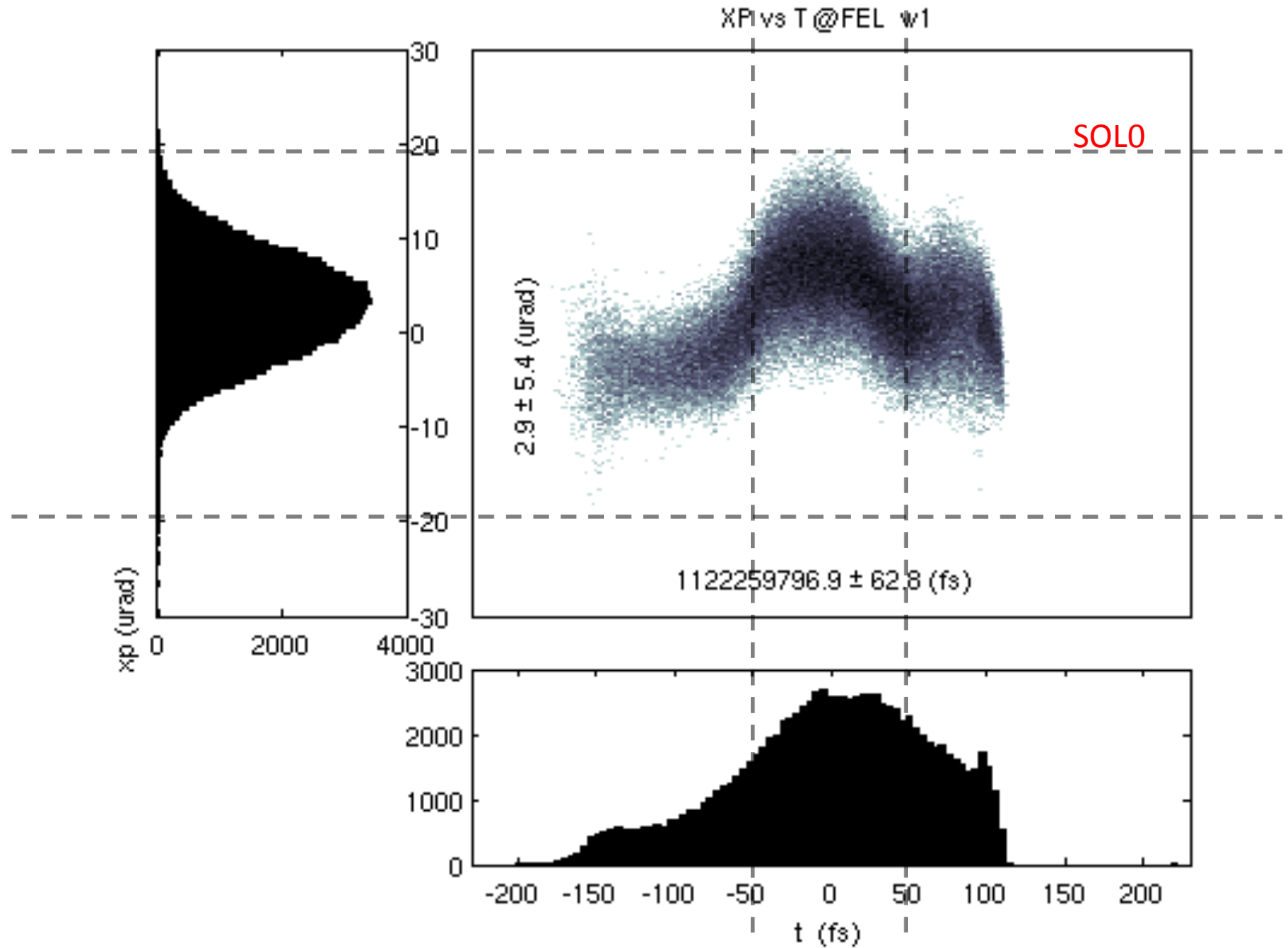
Longitudinal Phase Space@FEL w1

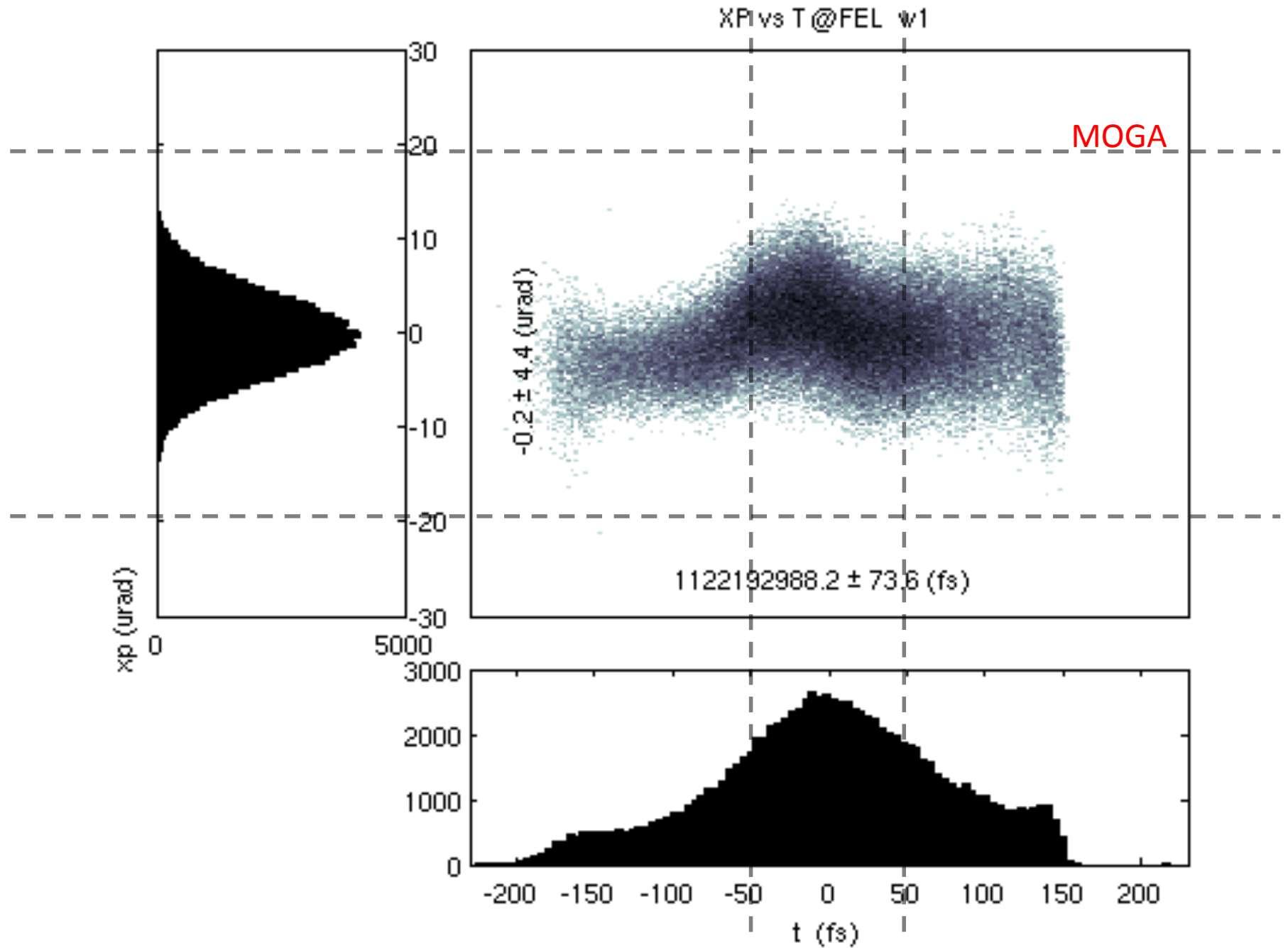




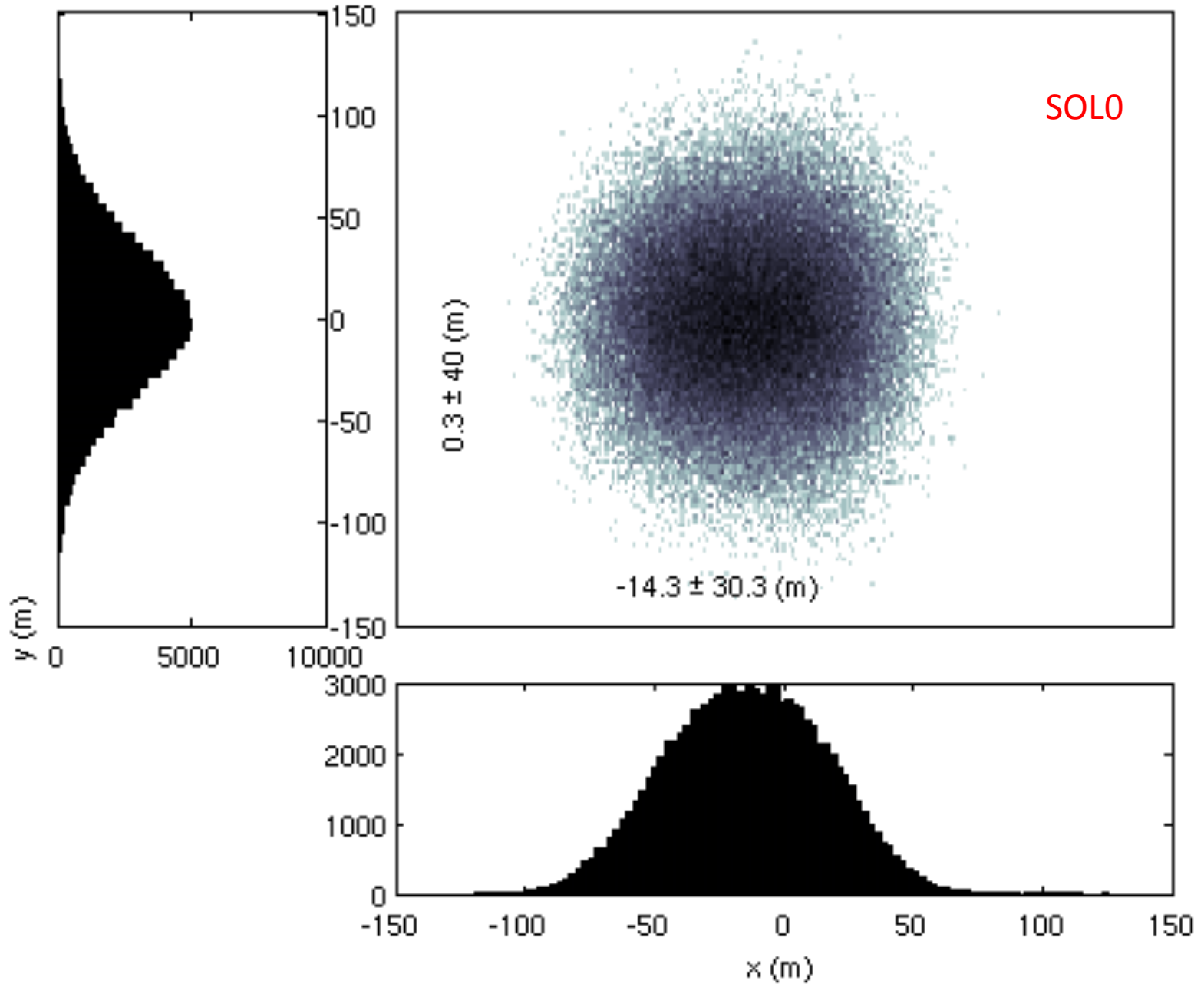




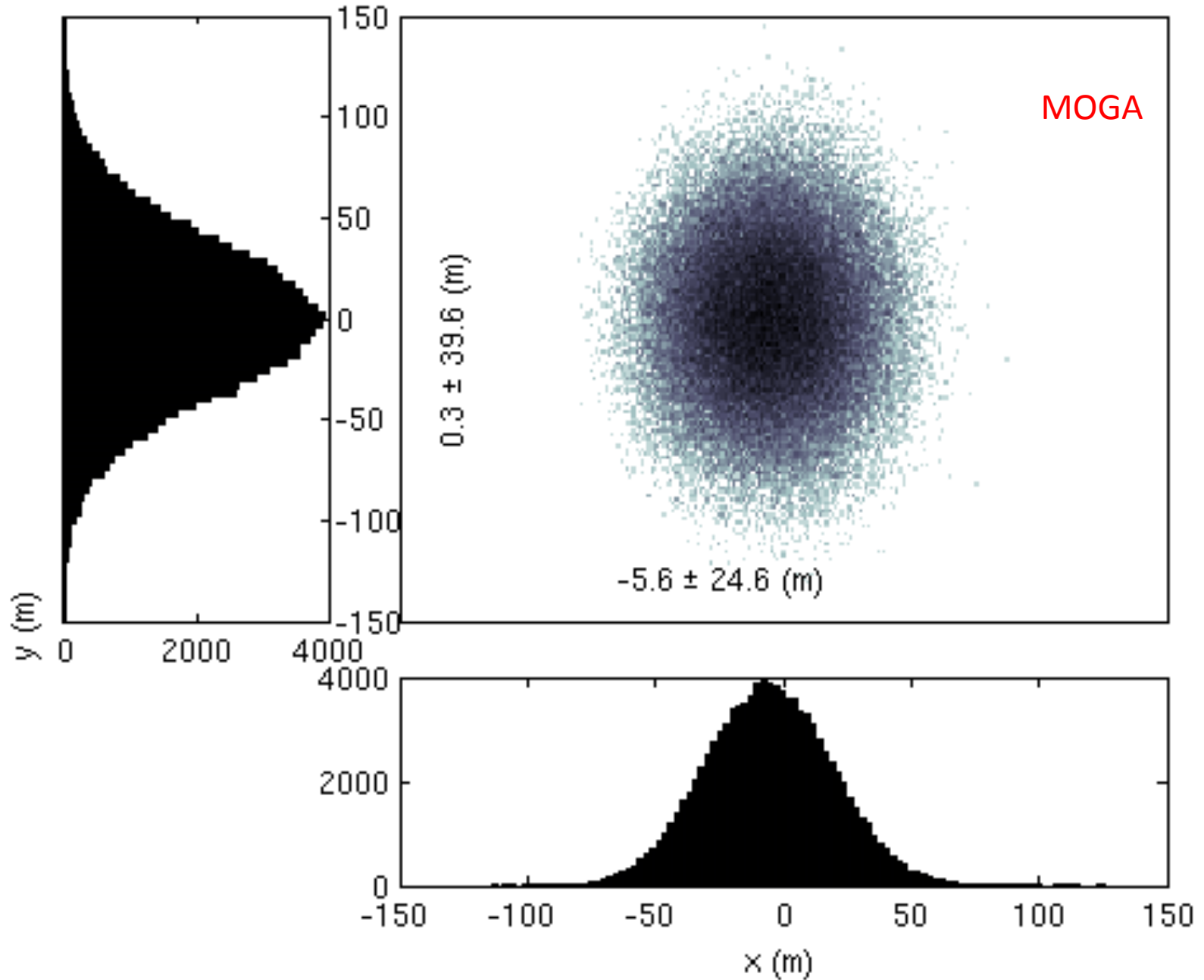


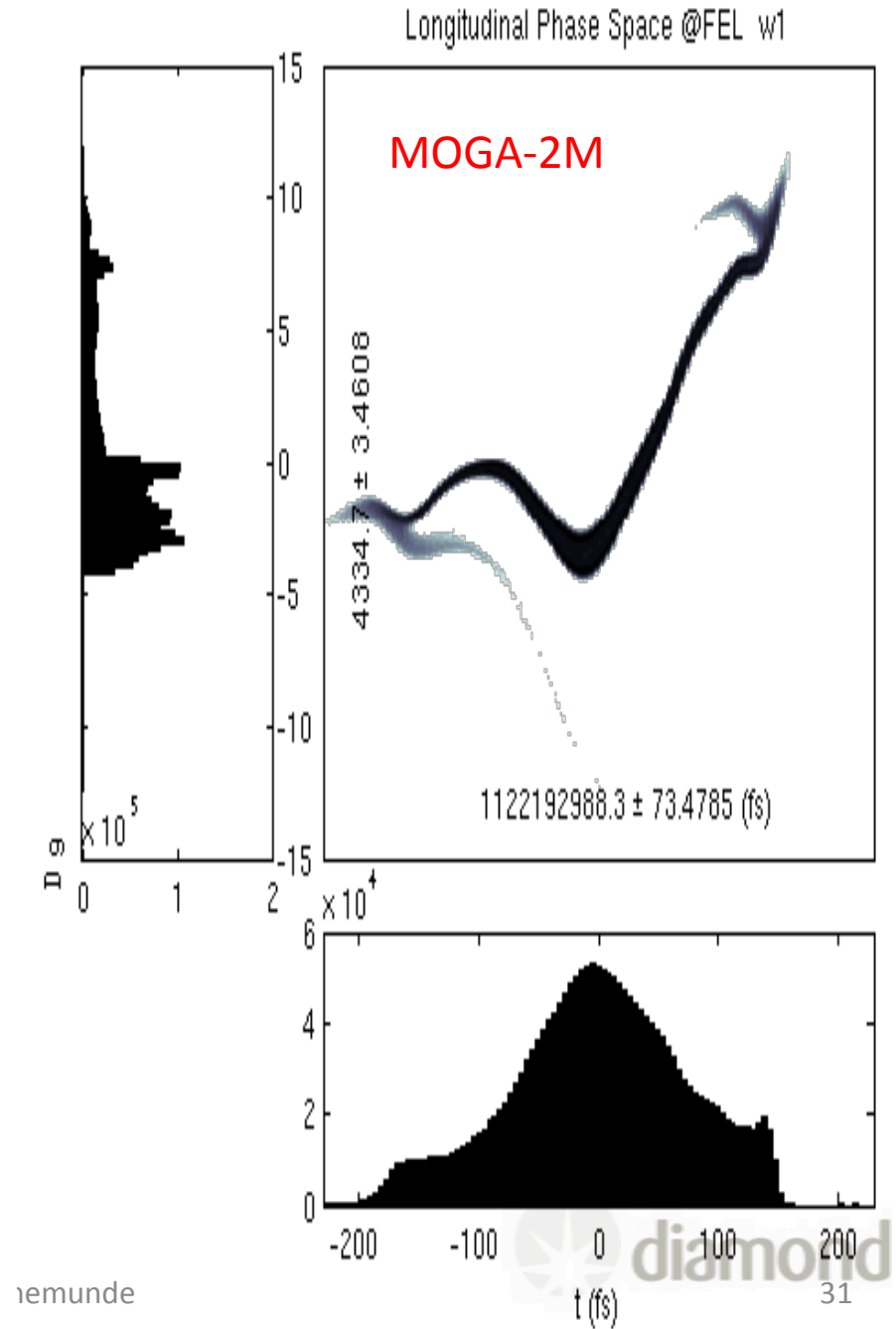
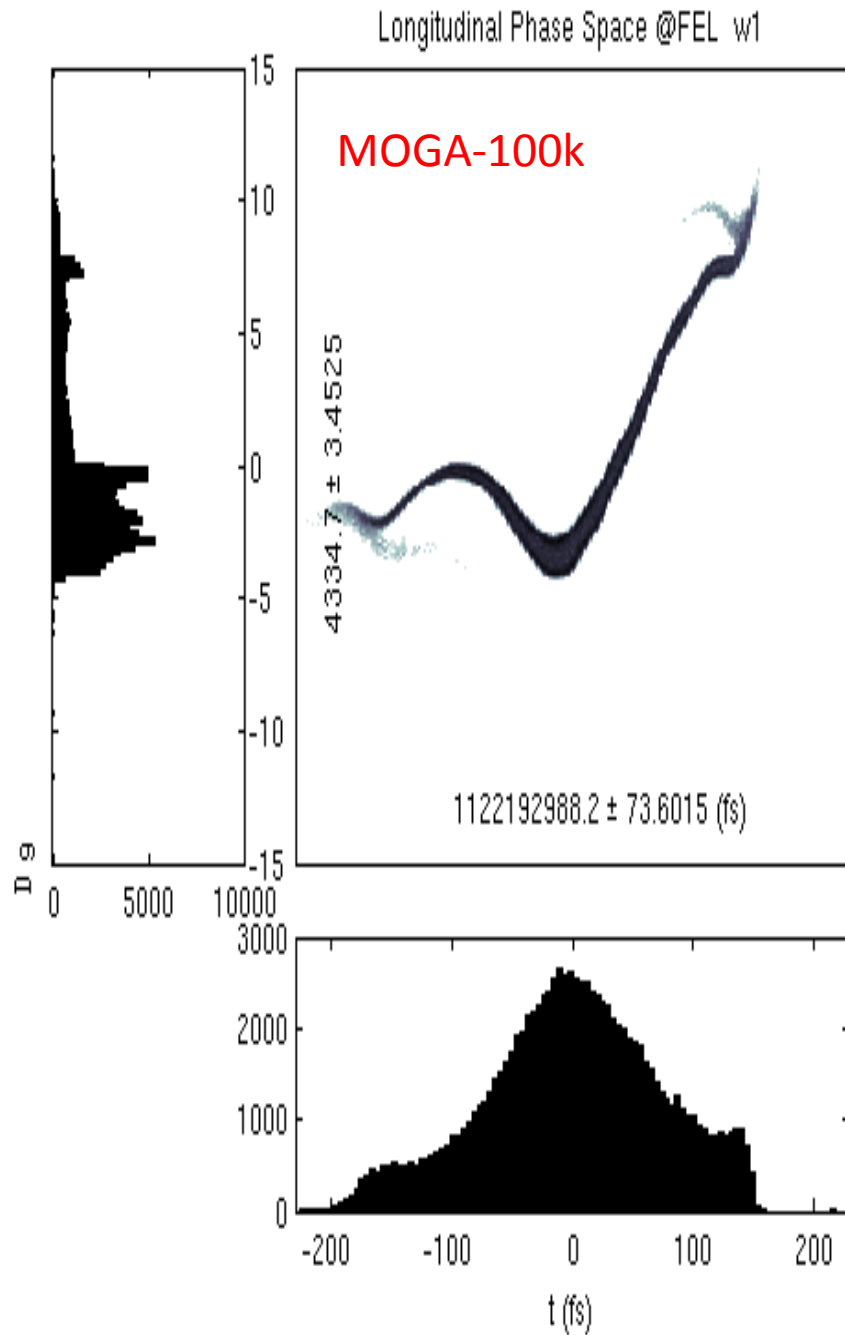


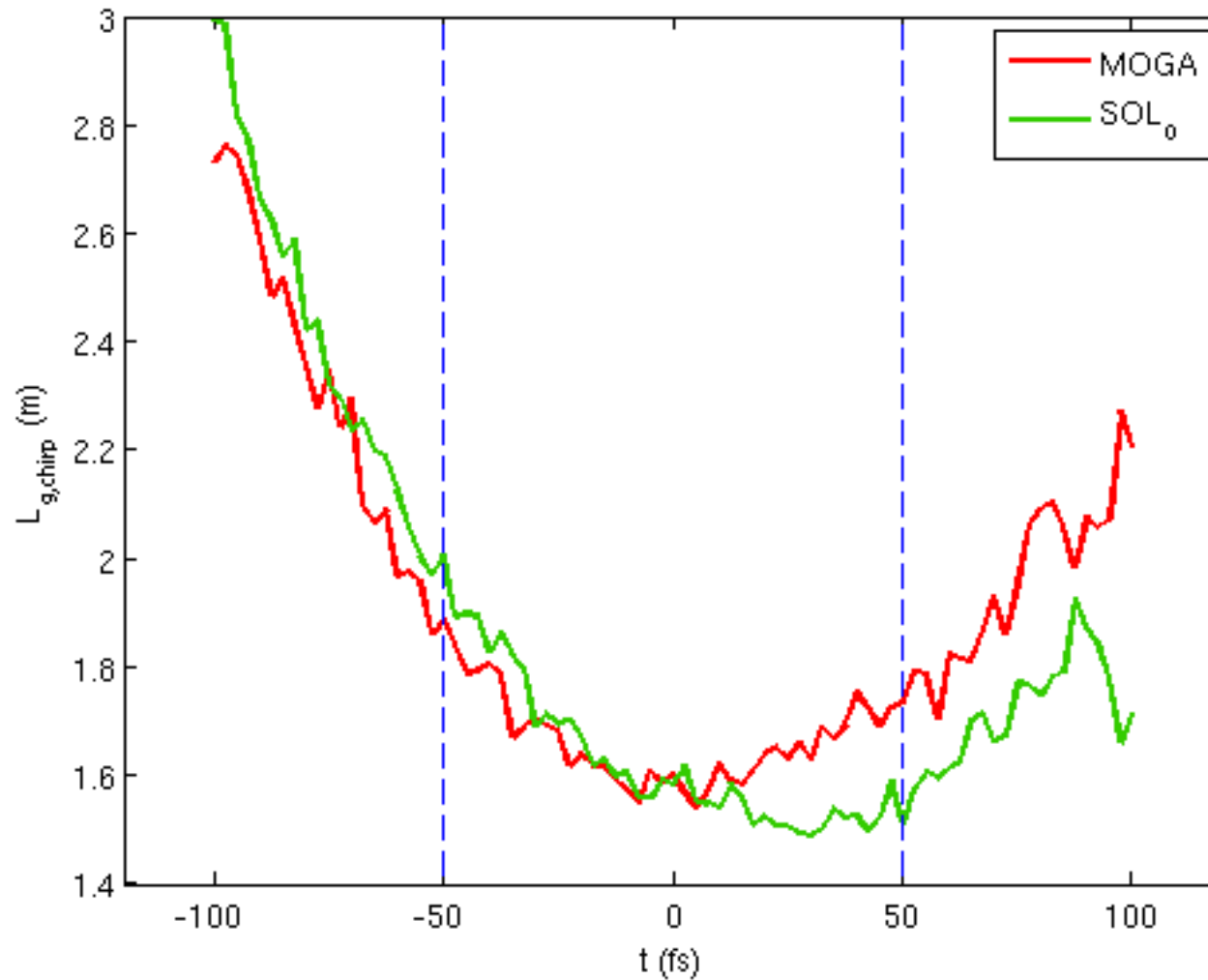
Beam Cross Section @FEL w1



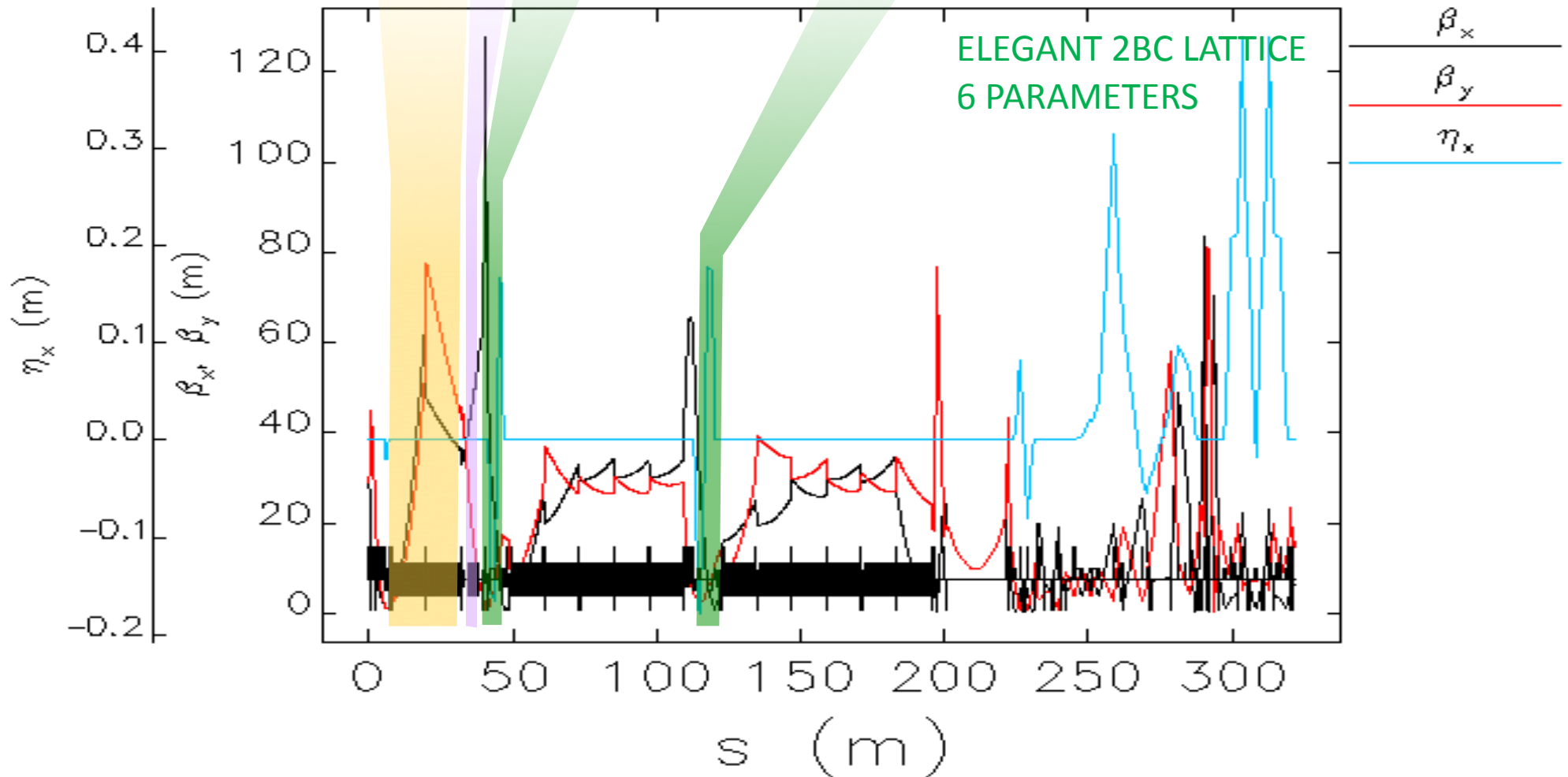
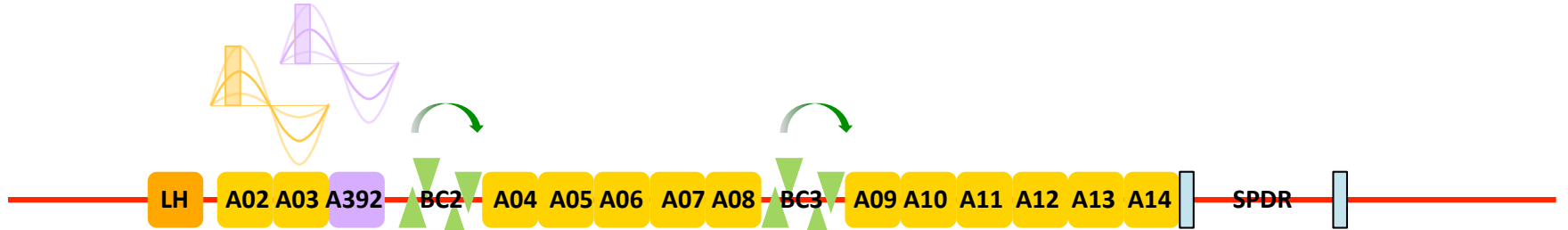
Beam Cross Section @FEL w1

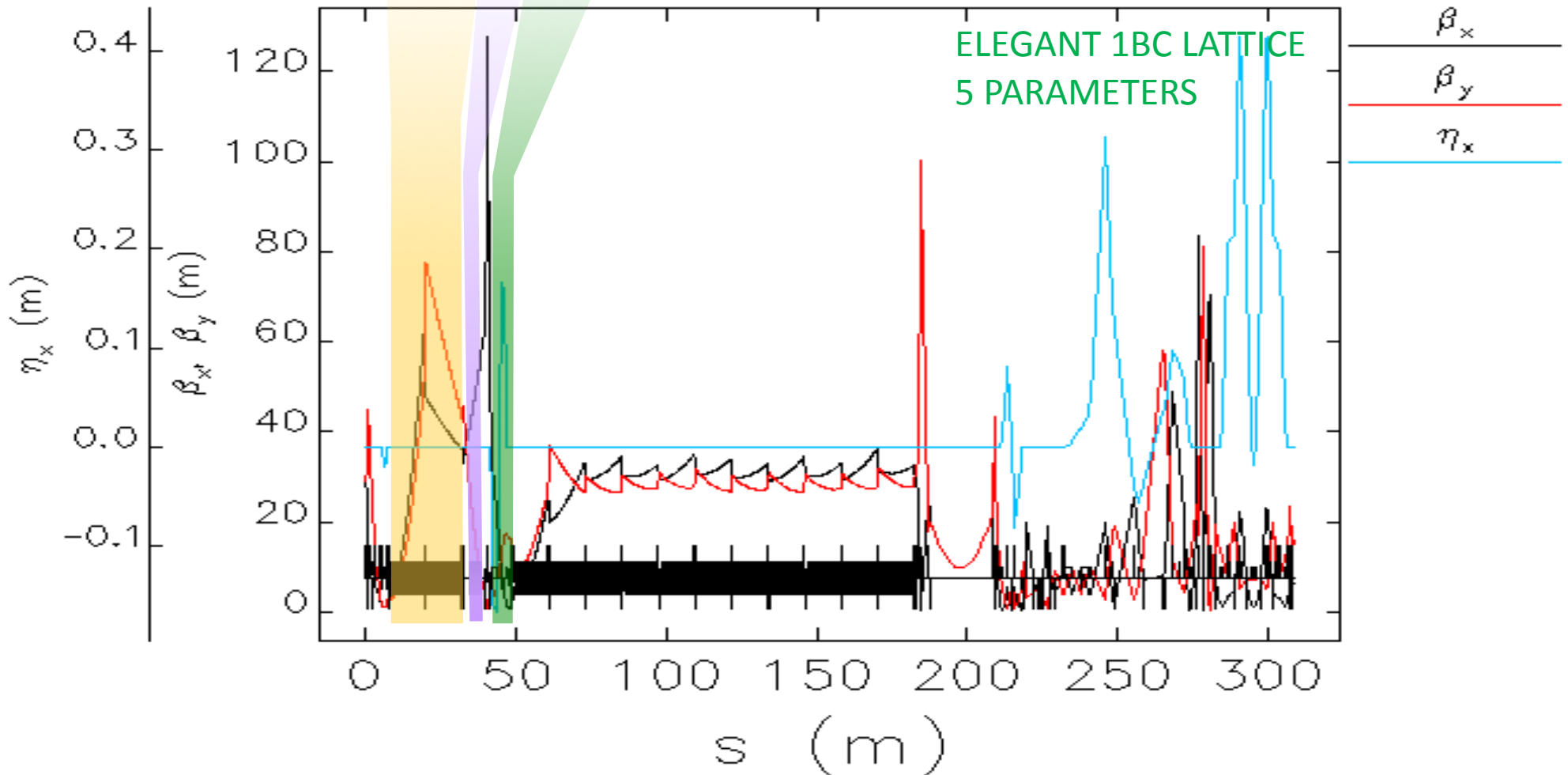


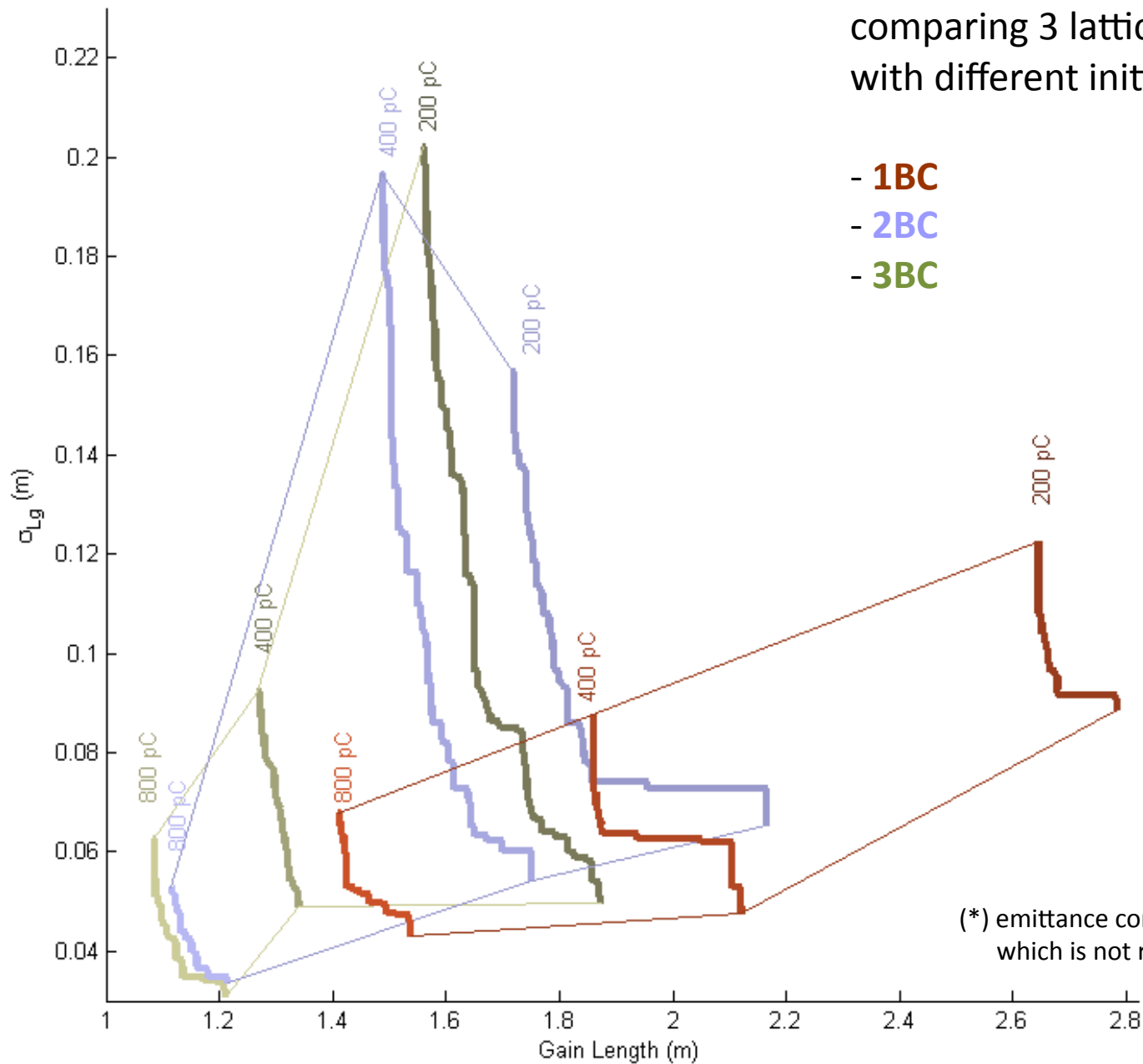






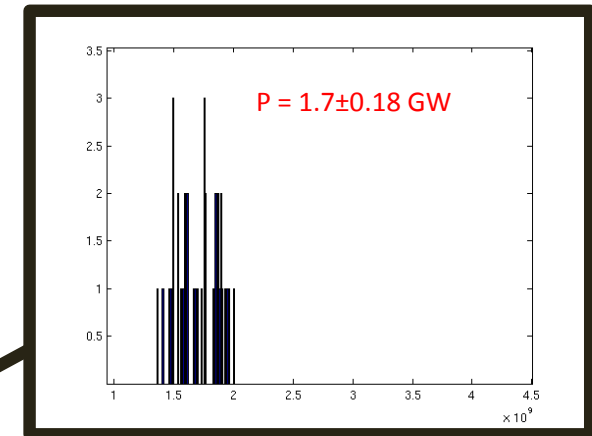
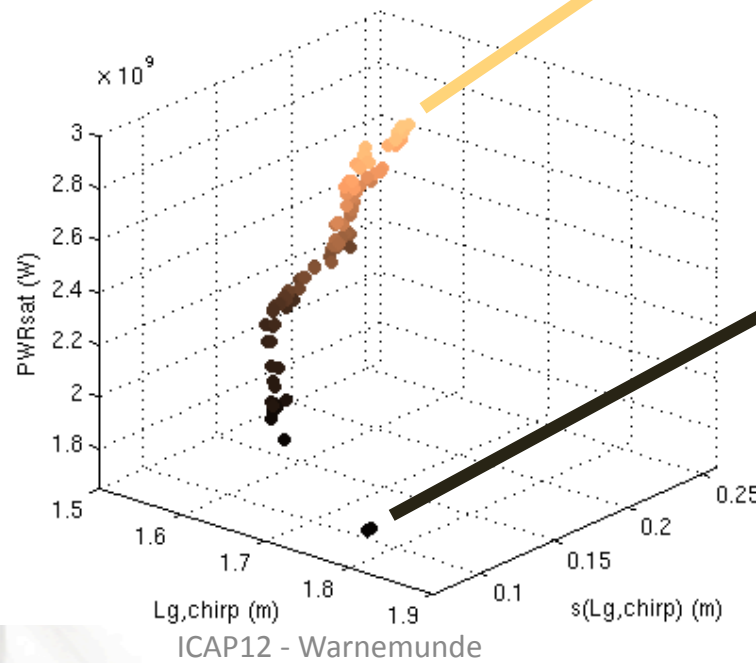
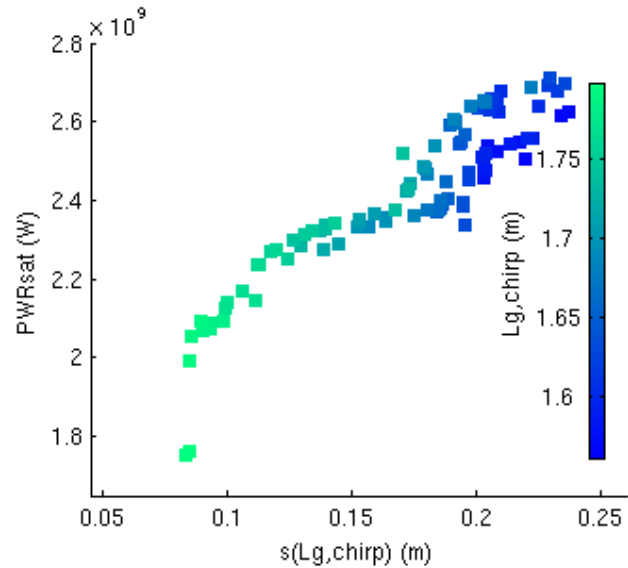
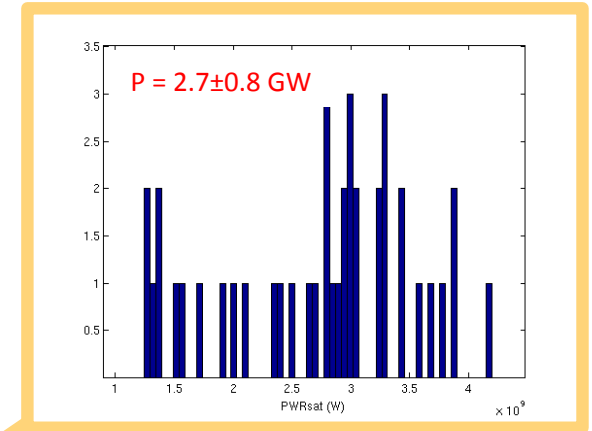
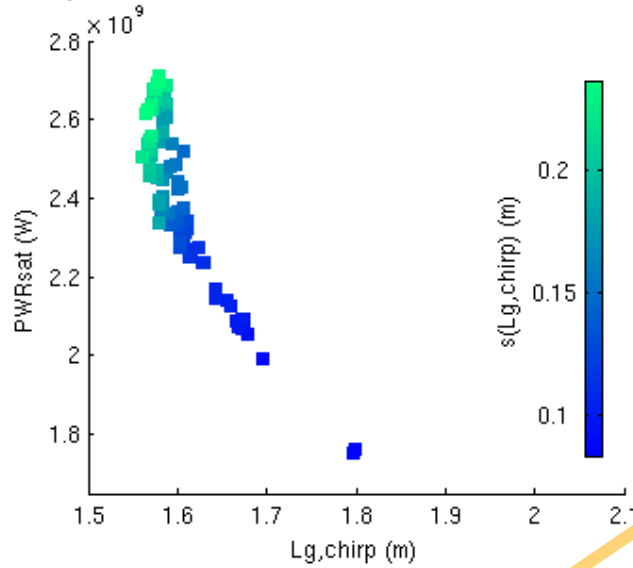
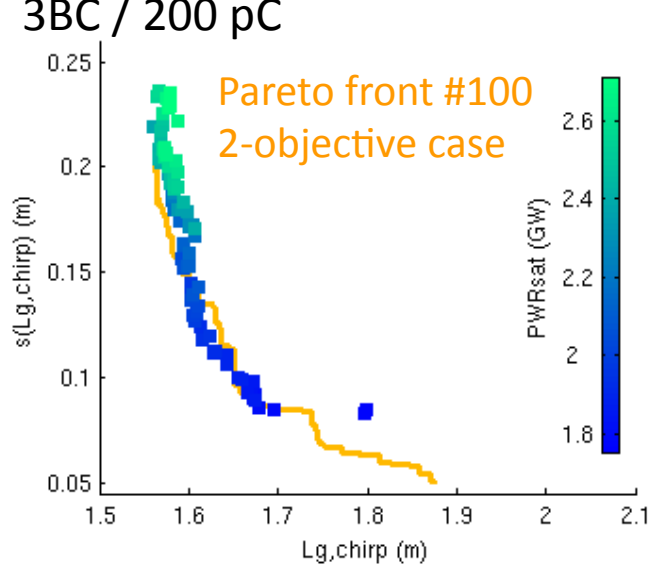






optimization over 3 objectives: ( $L_g$ ,  $\sigma_{L_g}$ ,  $PWR_{sat}$ )

3BC / 200 pC



## Conclusions

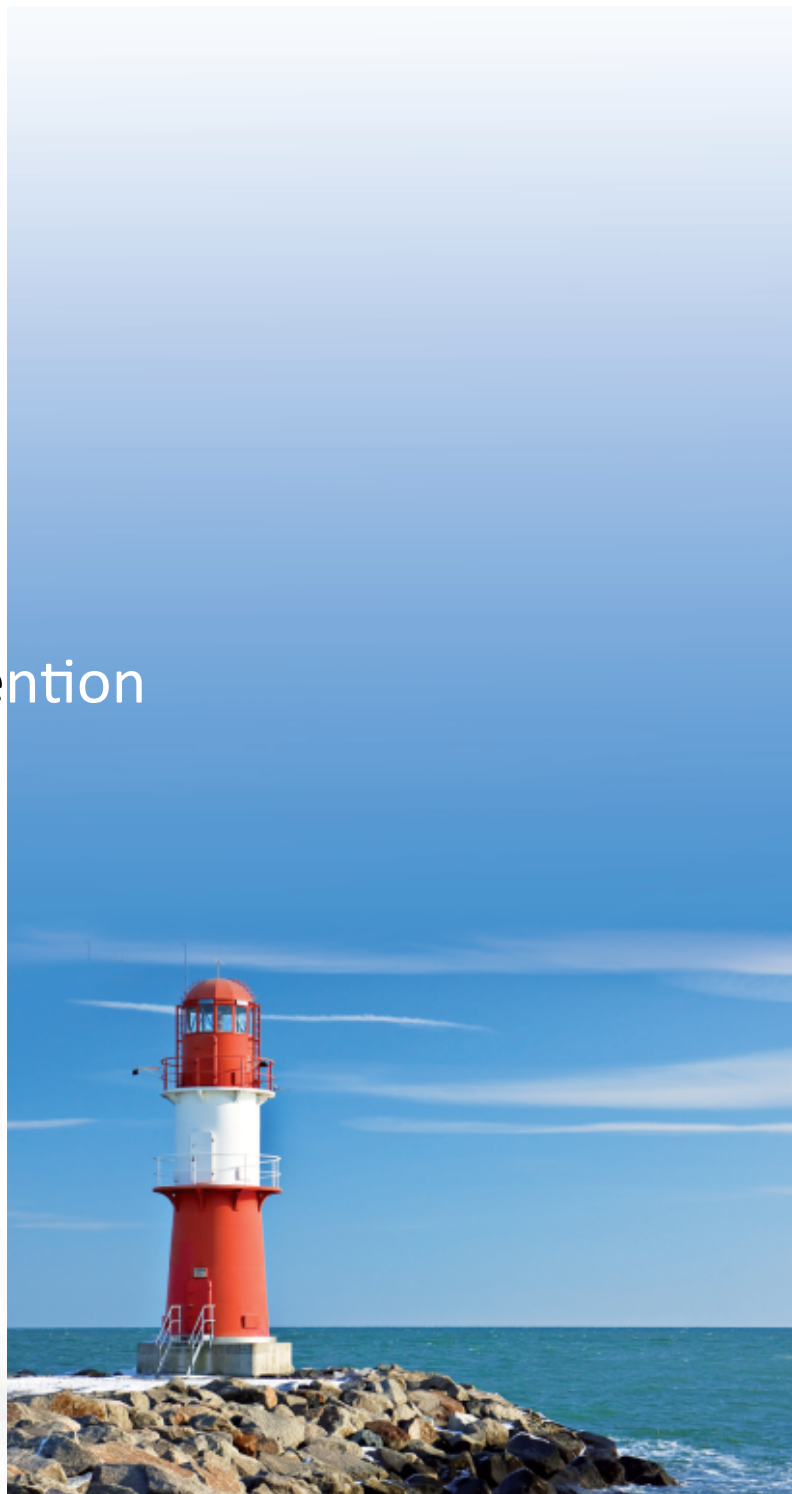
- **start-to-end simulation** for a linac driven FEL
- optimization with **Multi Objective Genetic Algorithm** (NSGAI)II)
  - knobs: BC and cavities (V, phase)
  - objectives (in view of a seeded case): ( $L_g$ ,  $\sigma_{Lg}$ )
- use of **parallel computing**: AP-Diamond cluster
  - genesis in time **independent mode** + slice analysis (reduce cpu time)
- multi-package, multi-code implementation:
  - python / matlab / elegant / genesis / astra
- results:
  - **MOGA effective** both in time and results (comparison with pure random search)
  - comparison with **other lattices** (3BC / 2BC / 1BC)
  - test with different initial beam charge
  - **flexibility**: case with 3 objectives shown ( $L_g$ ,  $sL_g$ , P(saturation))

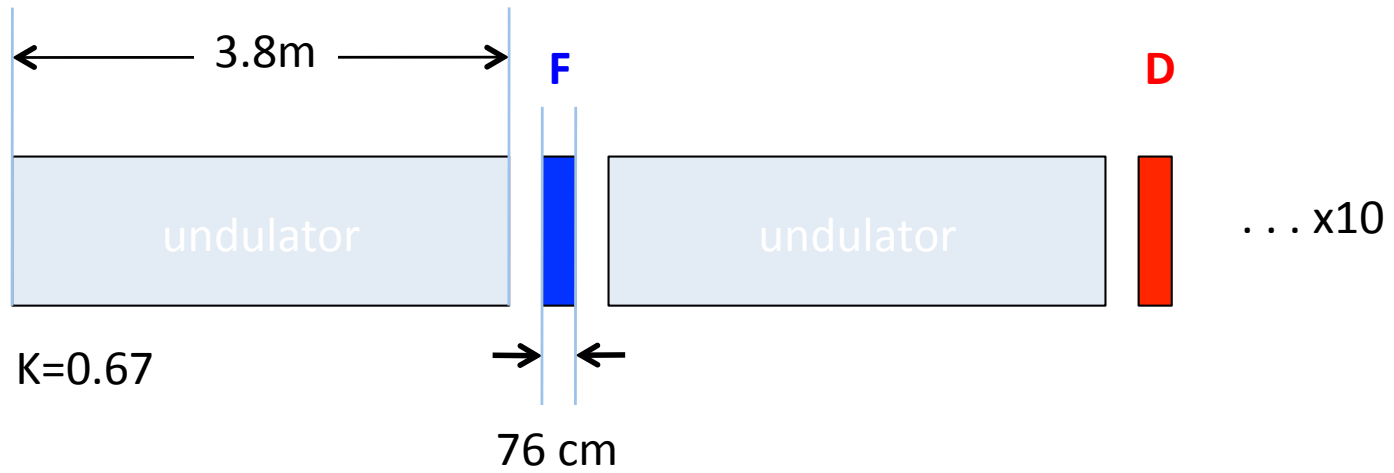
## Future developments

- use of genesis in time dependent mode → computing time !
- introduction of other objectives (bandwidth)

Thanks for your attention

8/23/12





Time Dependent simulation (SASE mode)

