

AUTOMATIC PID PERFORMANCE MONITORING APPLIED TO LHC CRYOGENICS

B. Bradu, E. Blanco Viñuela, R. Martí Martínez, F. Tilaro*

CERN, European Organisation for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland

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Summary

- Introduction
- Regulation performance indicator
- Application to LHC cryogenics
 - Computing infrastructure
 - Examples of poor regulation tunings
- Conclusion

Introduction

- CERN launched several data analytics techniques to help operation teams
- LHC Cryogenic systems
 - Use of ~ 5 000 PID regulation loops (Proportional-Integral-Derivative)
 - Impossible to detect easily poorly tuned regulation loops
- Important to detect poorly tuned loops
 - Too fast controllers accentuate the aging of actuators
 - Too slow controllers generate oscillations and can induce problems
 - Poorly tuned PID can provoke undesirable interlocks in case of unexpected disturbance

Regulation performance indicator

- A **Predictability Index (PI)** has been chosen
 - Applicable to any regulation loop
 - Easy to compute
 - Few parameters to be setup
- Estimate the predictability of the regulation loop
 - $PI = 1$ if fully predictable (best achievable controller)
 - $PI = 0$ if erratic behaviour (poorly tuned)

Prediction error: $\hat{e}(t+b) = a_0 + a_1 \cdot e(t) + a_2 \cdot e(t-1) + \dots + a_m \cdot e(t-m-1)$

$$PI = \frac{\sigma_r^2}{mse} = \frac{\text{Error residue variance}}{\text{Mean square error}}$$

Predictability index parameters

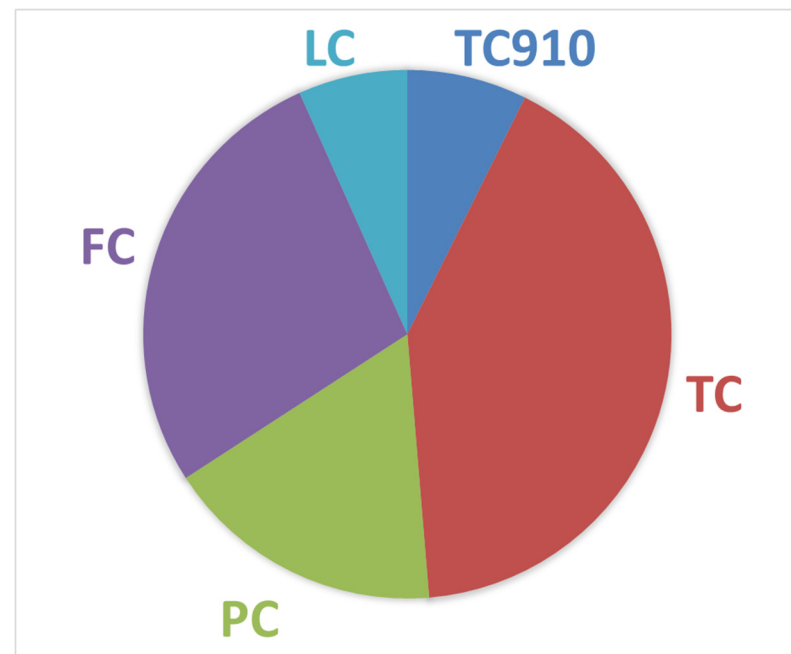
- Parametrization of the algorithm per loop:
 - **T_s**: Sampling time
 - **T_w**: Time window to compute each predictability index
 - **T**: Time constant of the regulation loop
 - ✓ Equal to the prediction horizon ($b=T$)
 - ✓ Half of the regression model order ($m = 2.T$)
 - **PI_L**: minimum predictability index to consider the loop as correctly tuned

- **Additional parameters to avoid “false positive”**
 - **σ_y**: Minimum controller output standard deviation to consider the loop
 - ✓ Avoid all regulation loops disabled or saturating
 - **N**: Number of abnormal time windows over 24 hr to classify the loop as “poorly tuned”

Application to LHC cryogenics

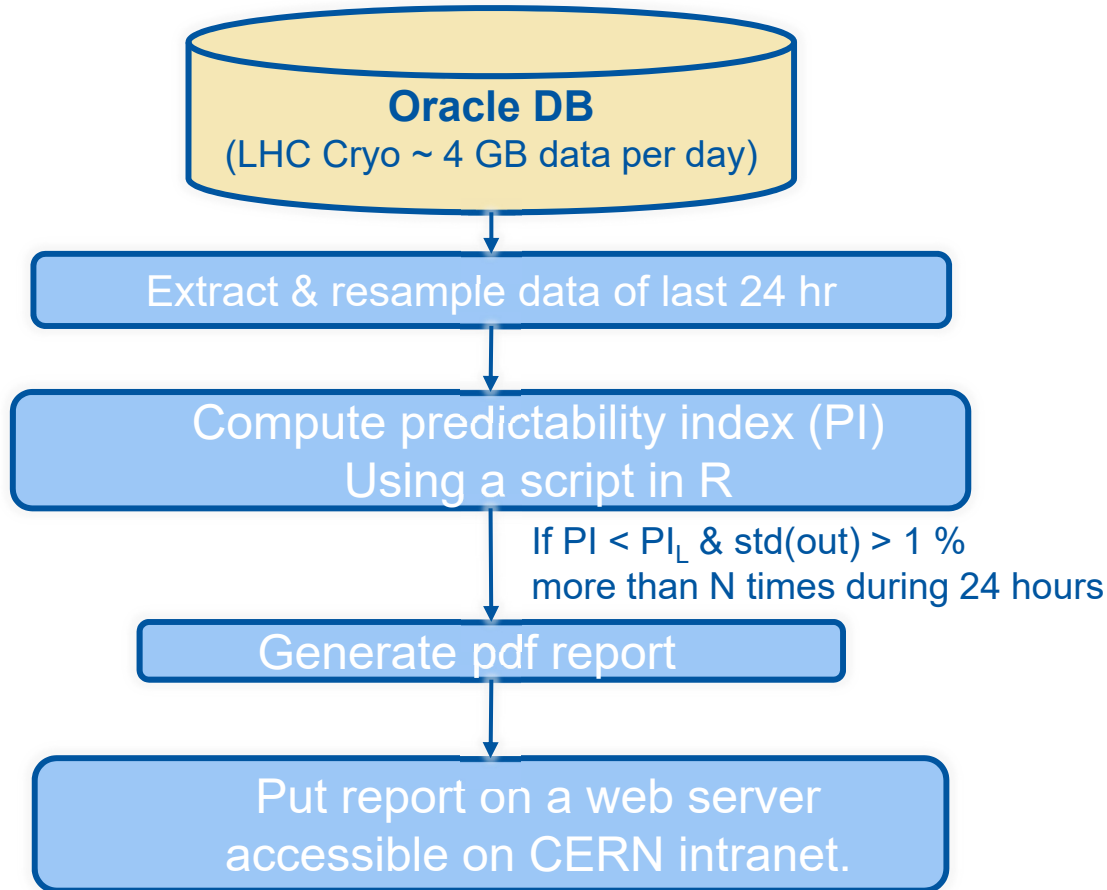
- 3 000 PID loops selected over the 5 000
 - Discard all loops not used during normal operation of LHC
 - Alleviate calculations
- 5 main “controller groups” has been setup for parametrization
 - **TC₉₁₀**: 1.9 K regulation loops for superconducting magnets (#220)
 - **TC**: all other temperature controllers (#1250)
 - **PC**: Pressure controllers (#520)
 - **FC**: Flow controllers (#830)
 - **LC**: Level controllers (#200)

Group	t_s	t_w	T	N	PI_L	$\bar{\sigma}_y$
<i>TC₉₁₀</i>	60 s	12 hr	120 min	1	0.2	1 %
<i>TC</i>	60 s	5 hr	30 min	3	0.4	1 %
<i>PC</i>	10 s	1 hr	3 min	3	0.4	1 %
<i>FC</i>	10 s	1 hr	2 min	3	0.4	1 %
<i>LC</i>	10 s	1 hr	2 min	3	0.4	1 %



Computing infrastructure

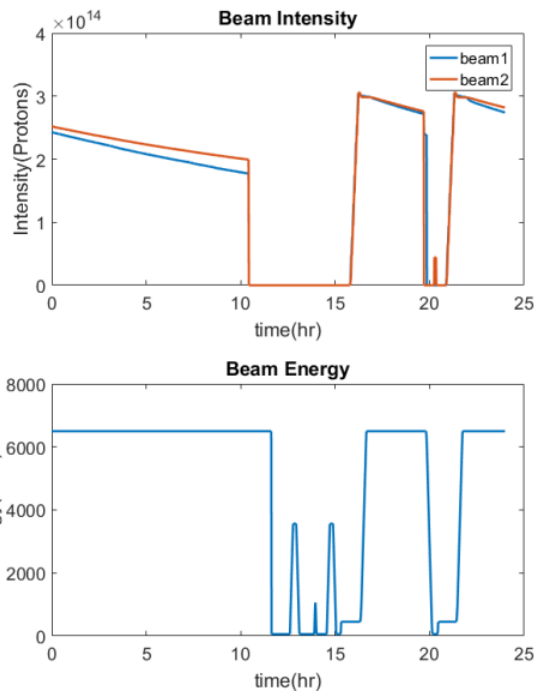
- Calculations performed in the CERN computing centre
 - Currently done in a single Linux Virtual Machine



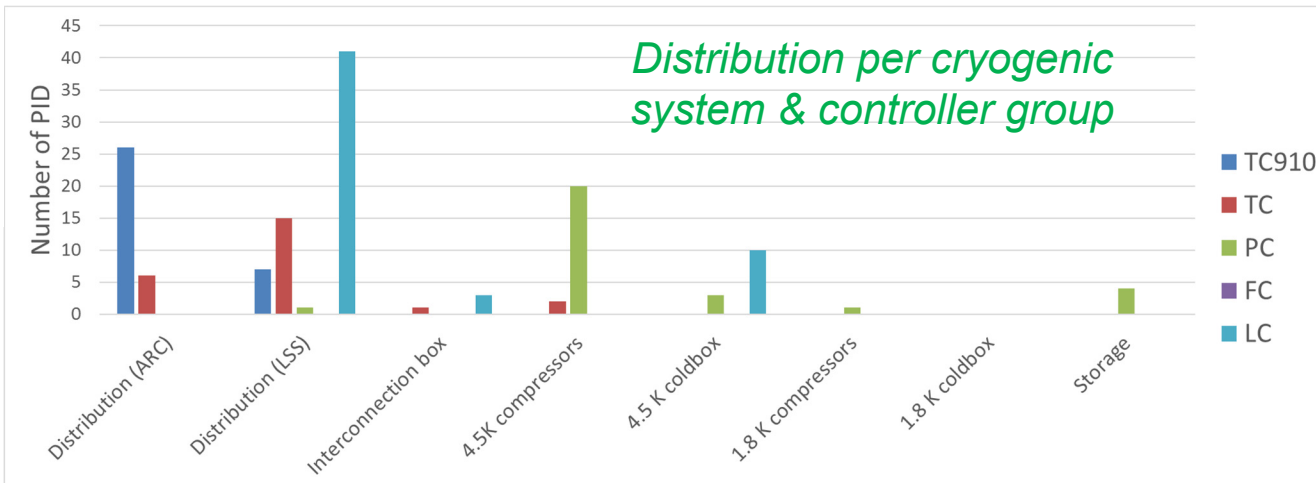
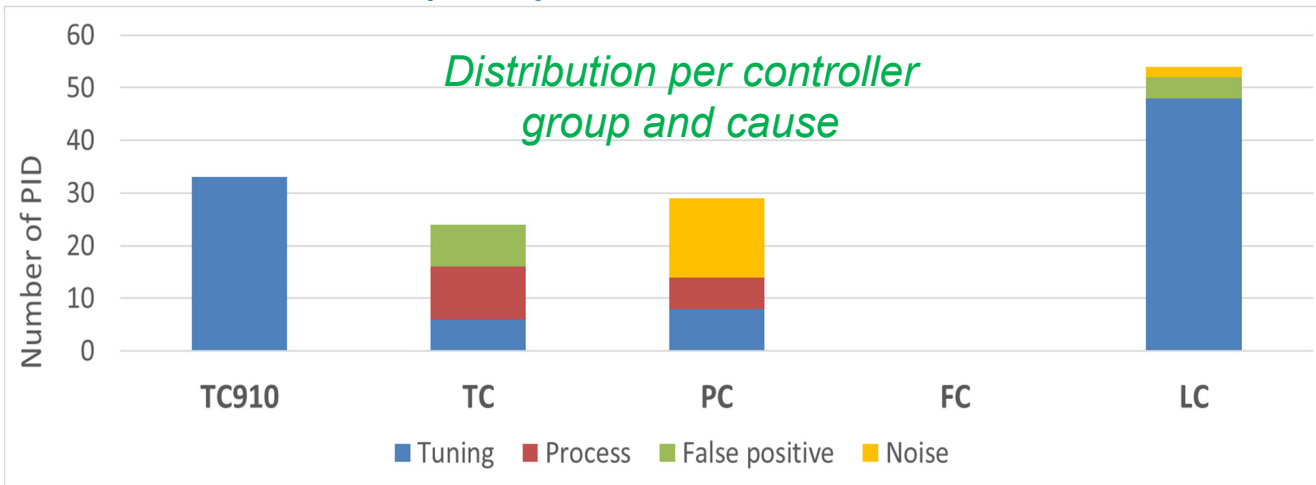
- ➔ Script executed every day at midnight
- ➔ Takes about 6 hours of computation for the 3000 PID loops.
- ➔ Can be scaled-up using the CERN Hadoop cluster with parallelisation in a spark job.

Results on 1 day (31st July 2017)

Typical day for LHC

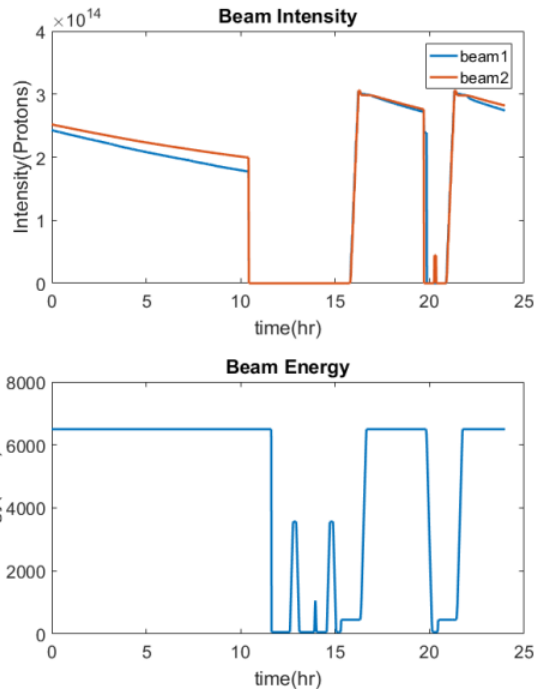


140 poorly tuned PID detected



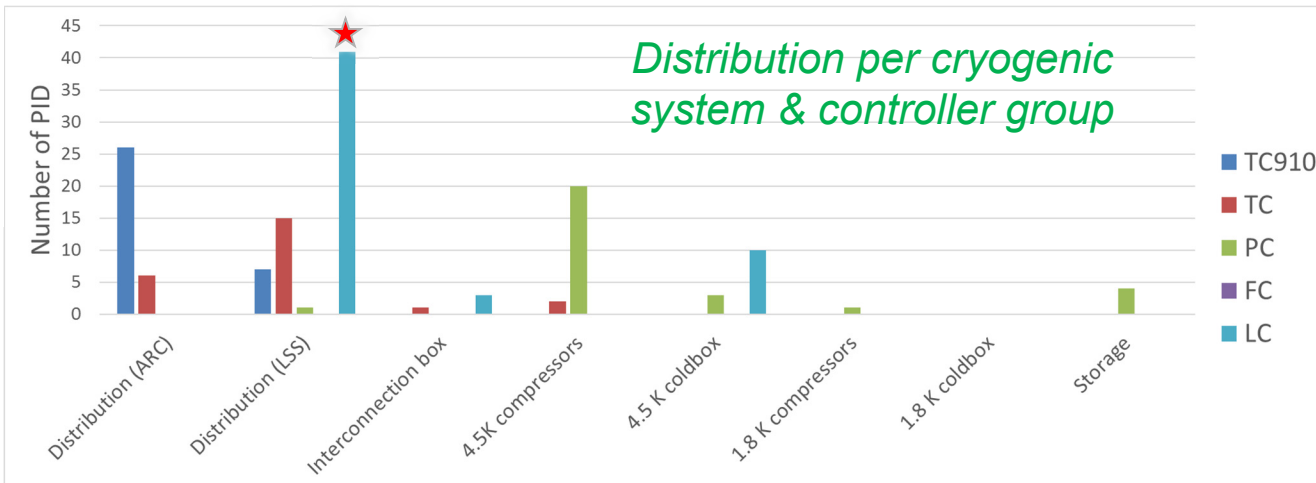
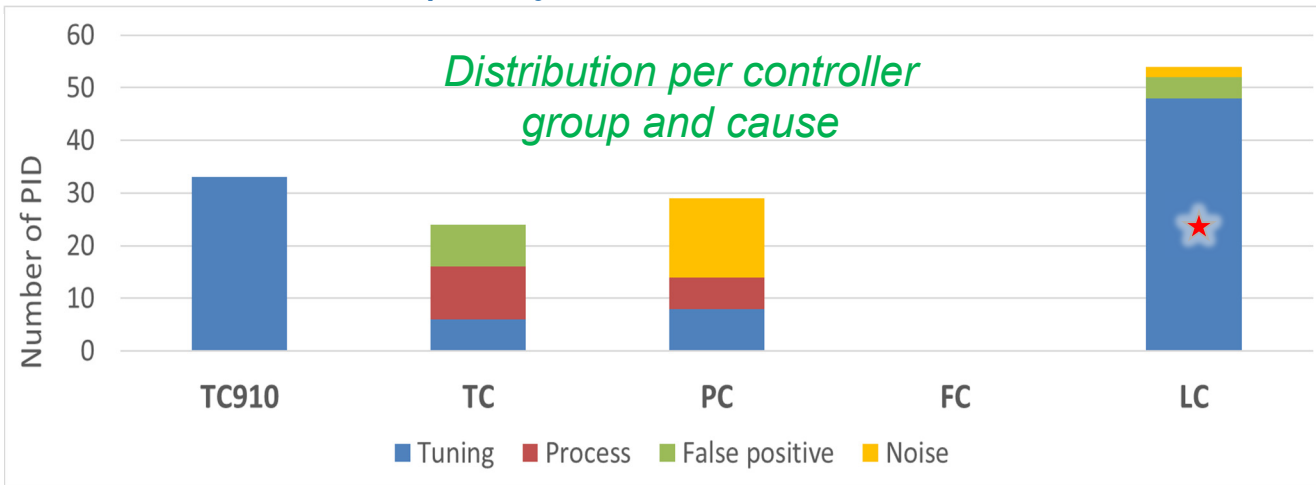
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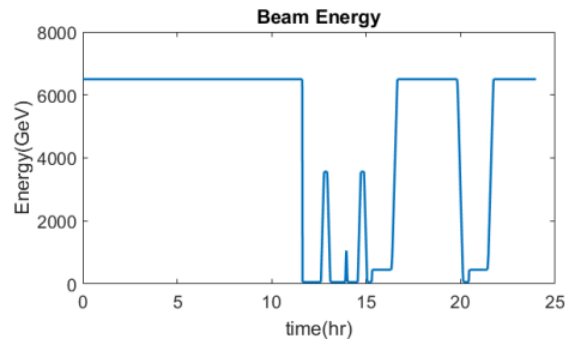
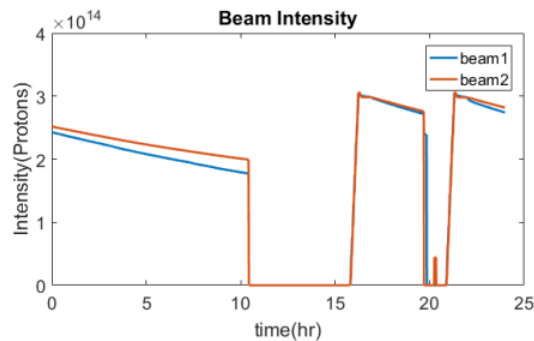
★ Example LC poor tuning

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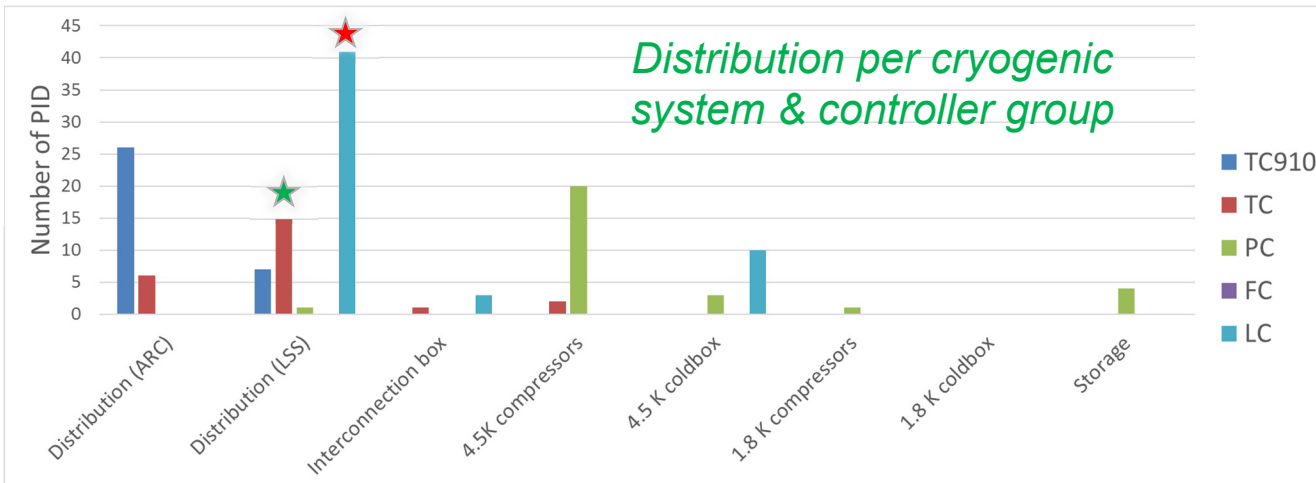
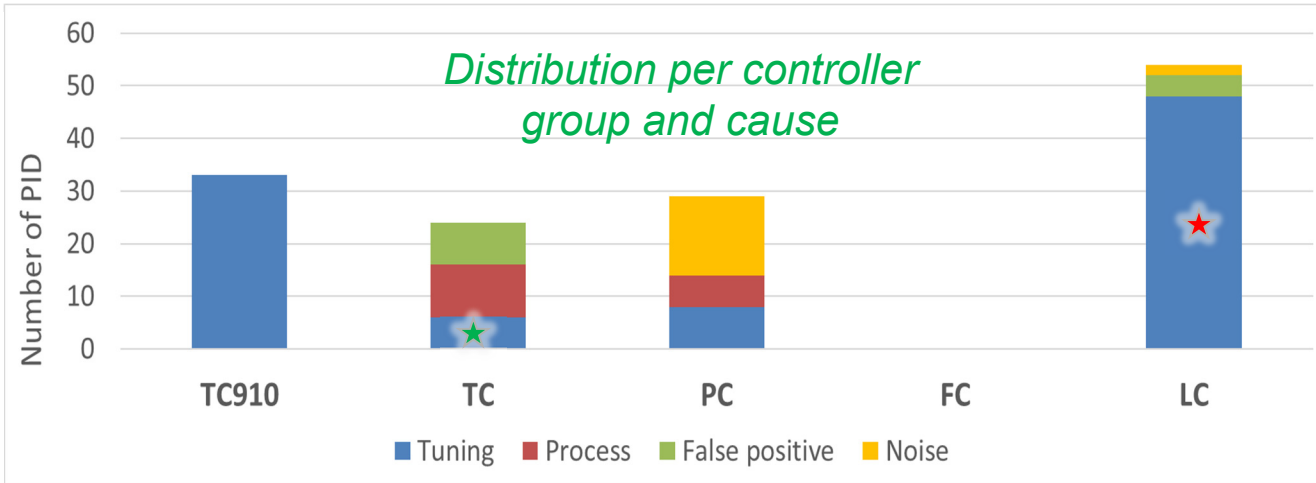
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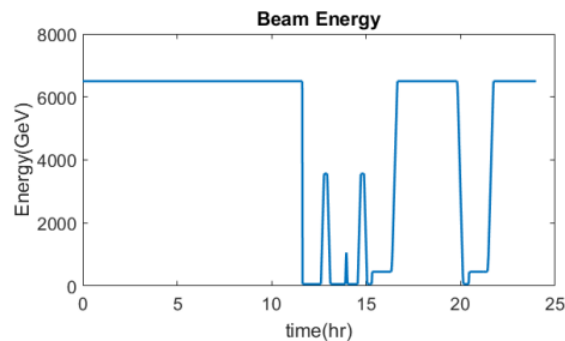
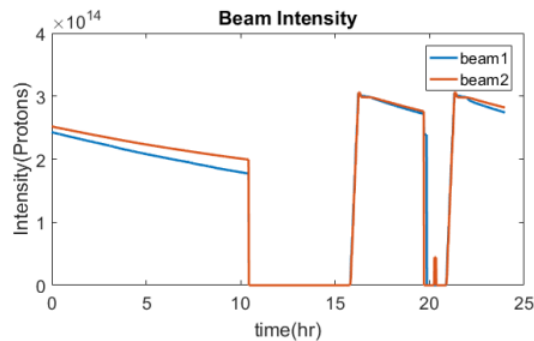
★ Example TC poor tuning

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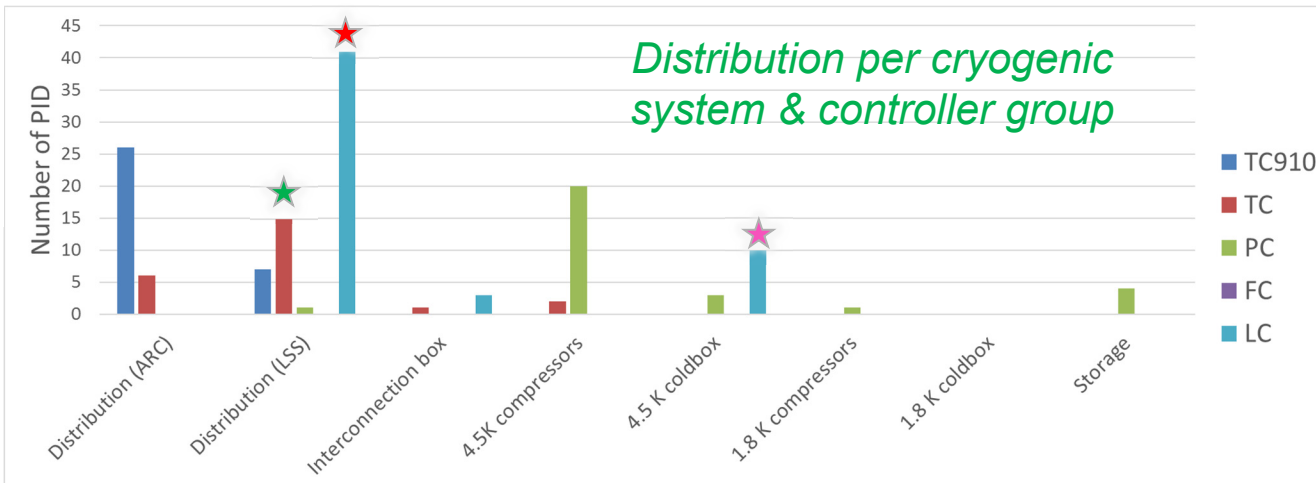
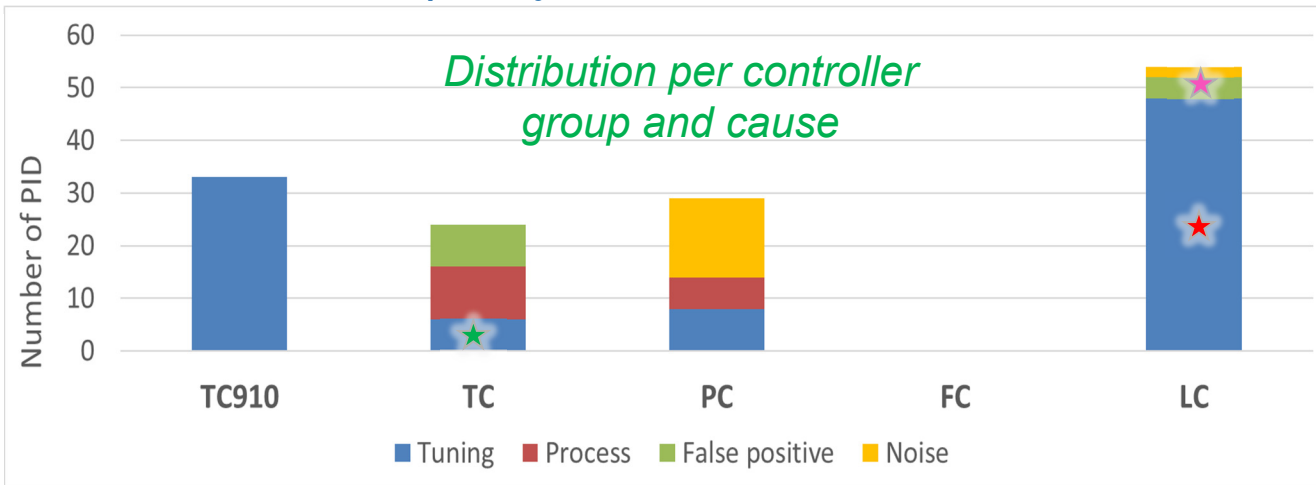
Results on 1 day (31st July 2017)

Typical day for LHC



- ★ Example LC poor tuning
- ★ Example TC poor tuning
- ★ Example LC false positive

140 poorly tuned PID detected

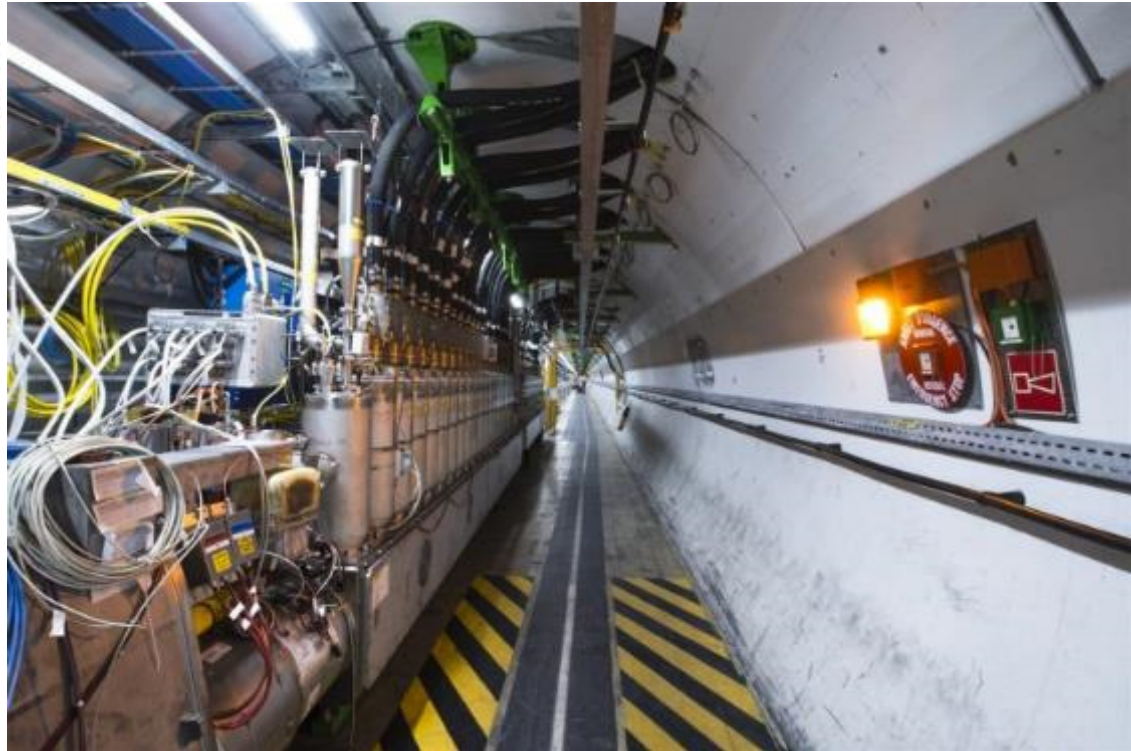
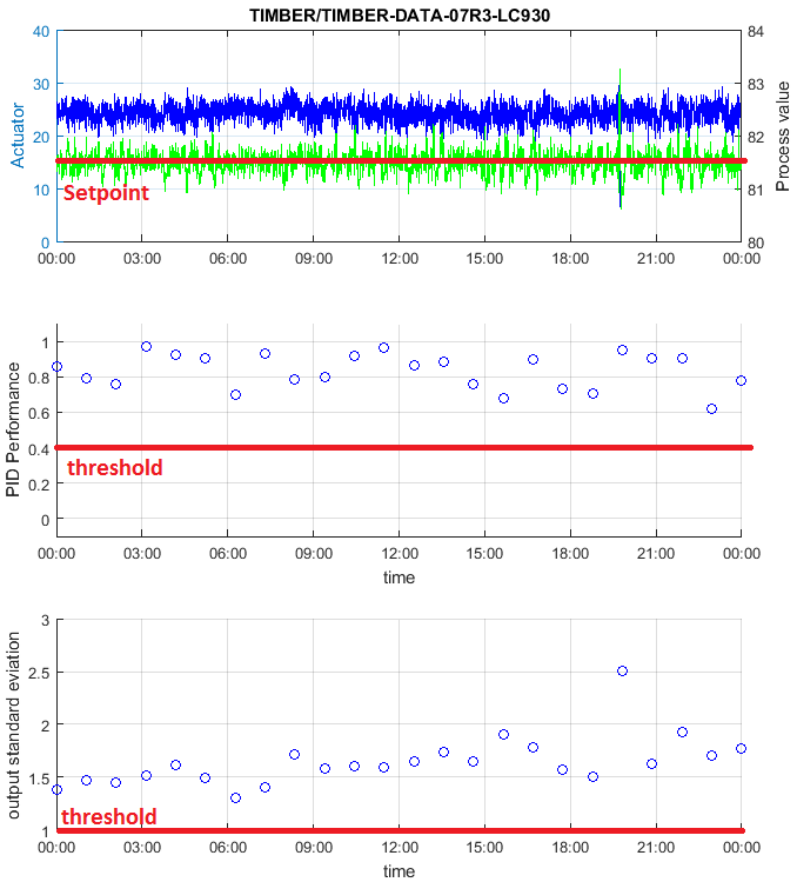


Poor tuning example: Level controller

➤ DFB liquid helium **level controller** (Distribution Feed Box)

- ✓ Allow the powering of superconducting magnets: very narrow regulation range

Good tuning

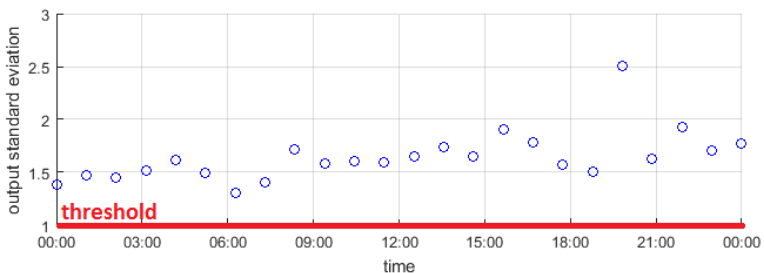
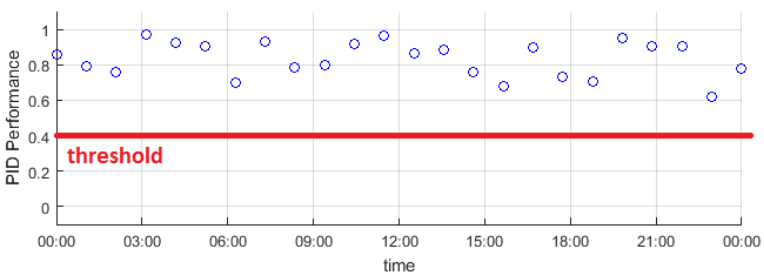
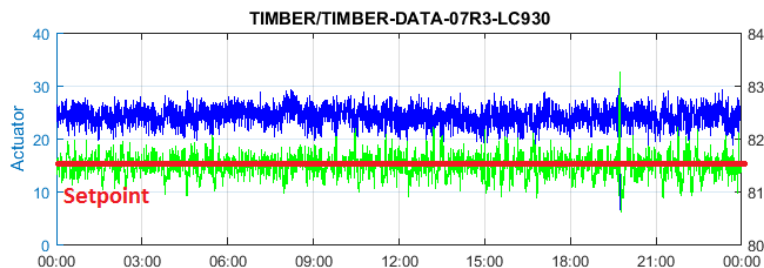


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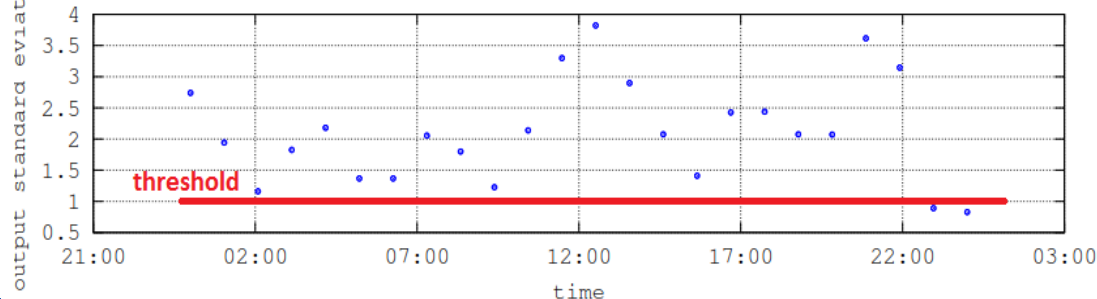
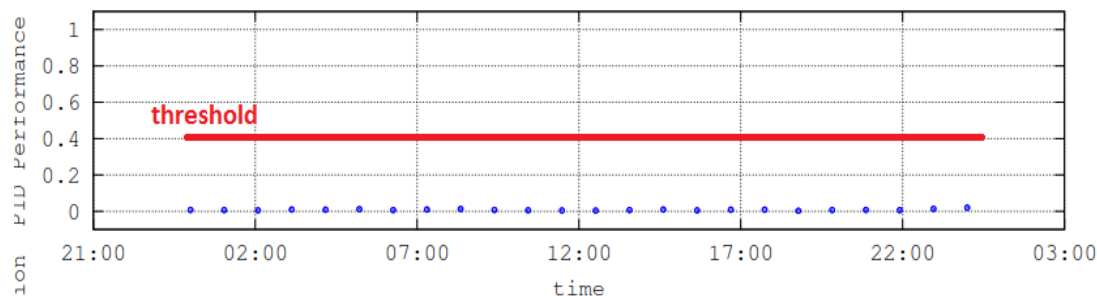
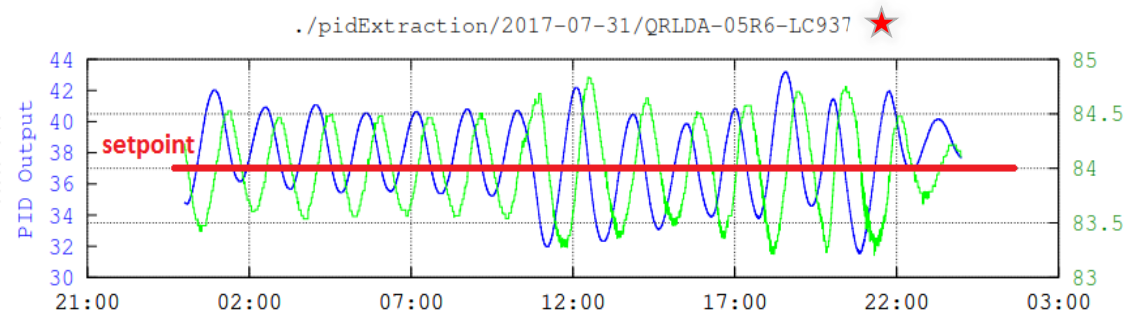
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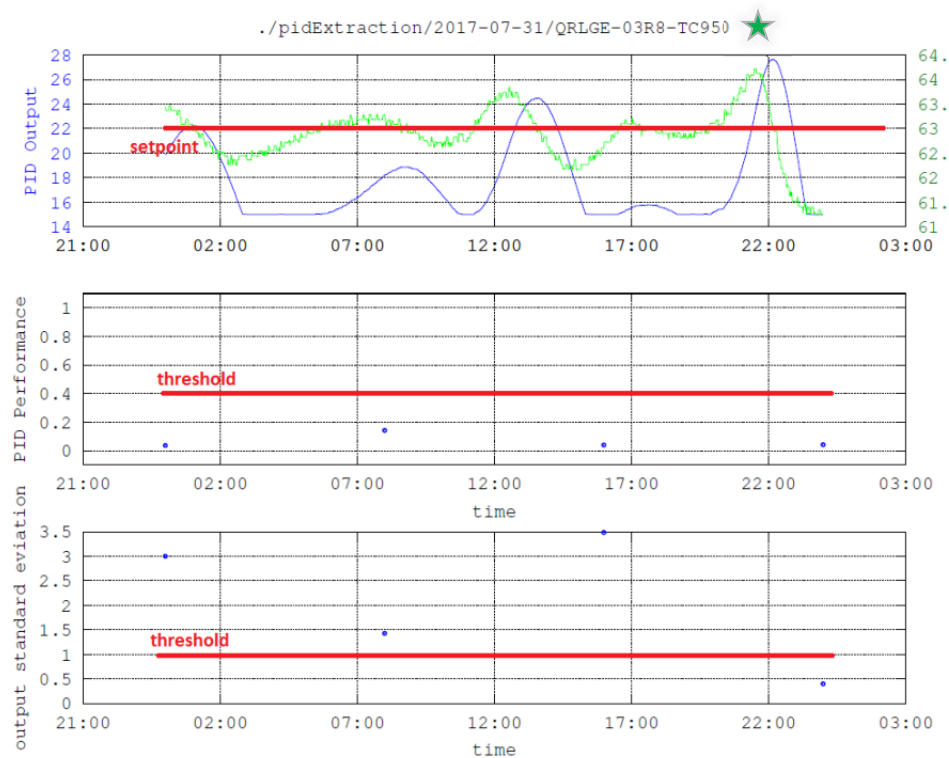


Poor tuning



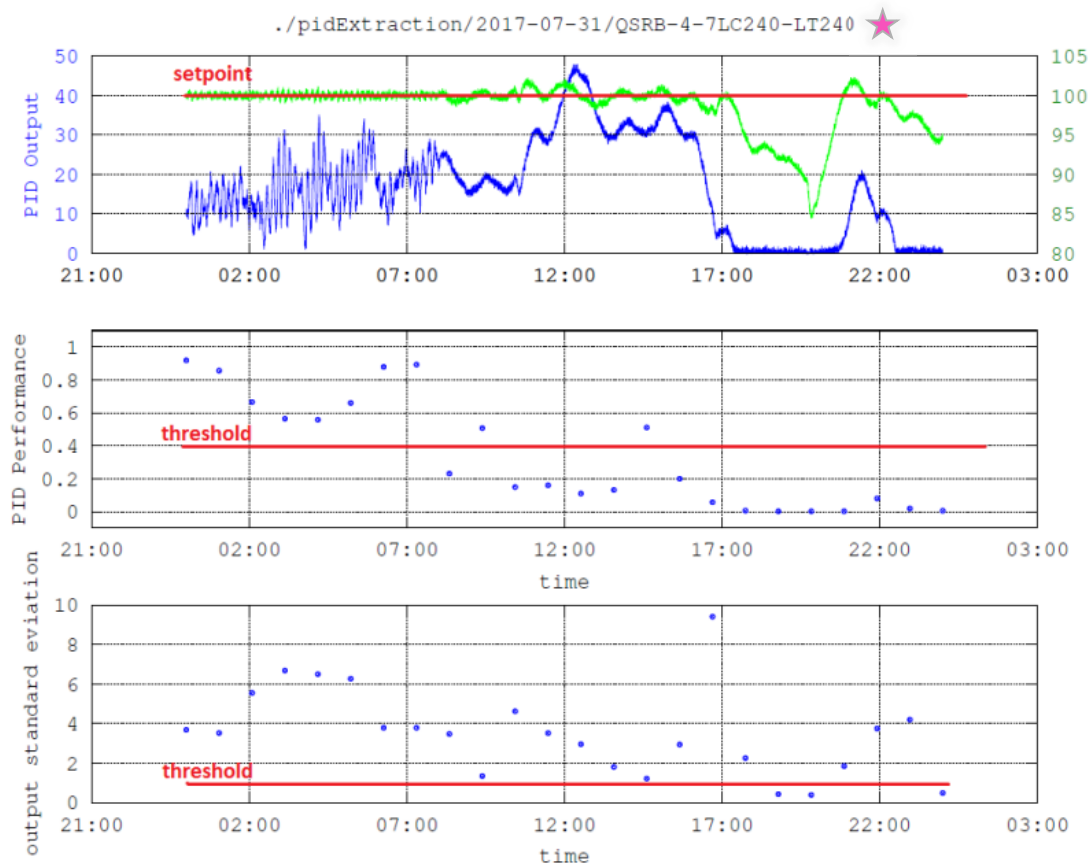
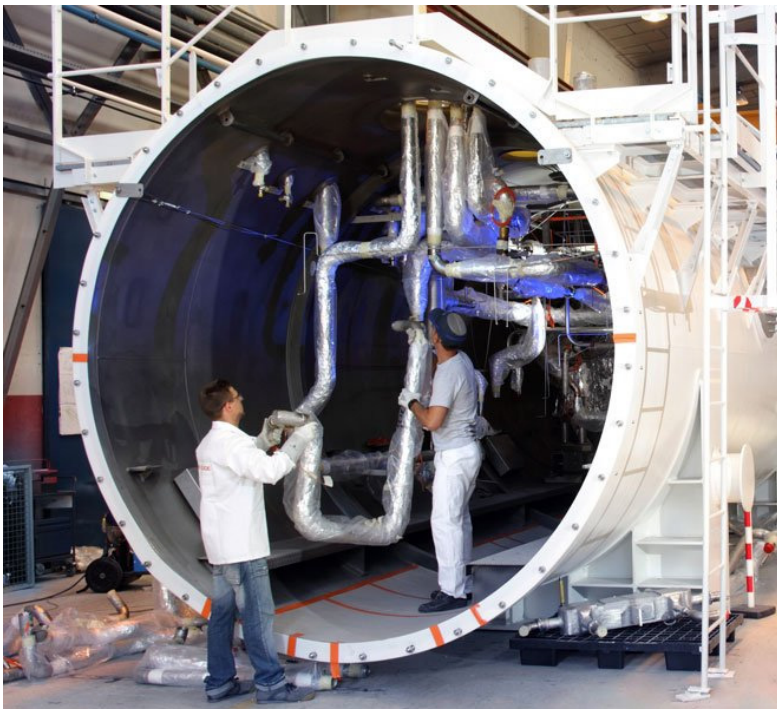
Example of poor tuning: temperature controller

- Thermal shield **temperature controller** for an Inner Triplet superconducting magnet
 - ✓ Reduce the heat load on the cold mass (1.9 K)
 - ✓ Temperature variations induce movement of magnets: misalignment for LHC collisions



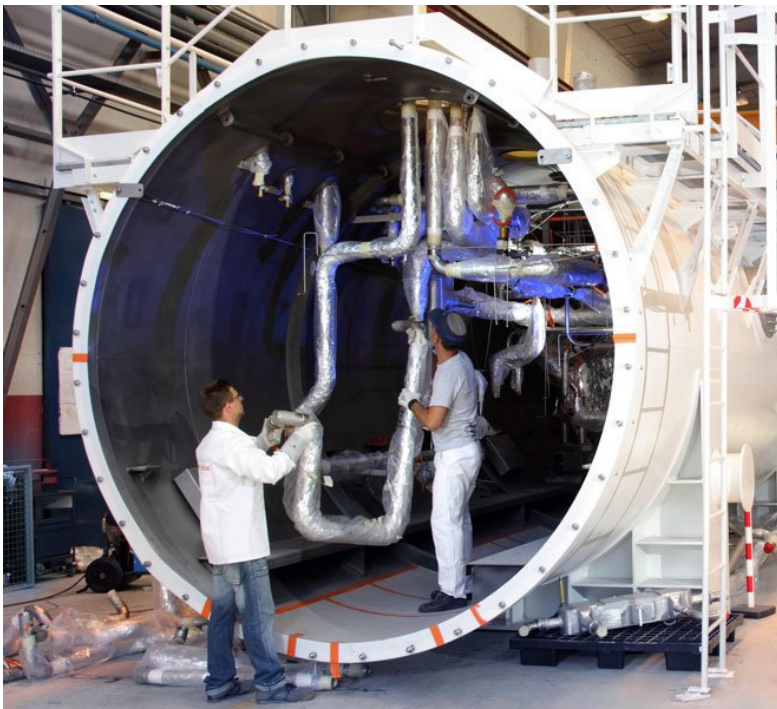
Example of “false positive”

- Liquid helium **level control** in a 4.5 K cryogenic refrigerator
 - ✓ Ensure the good cooling of superconducting magnets

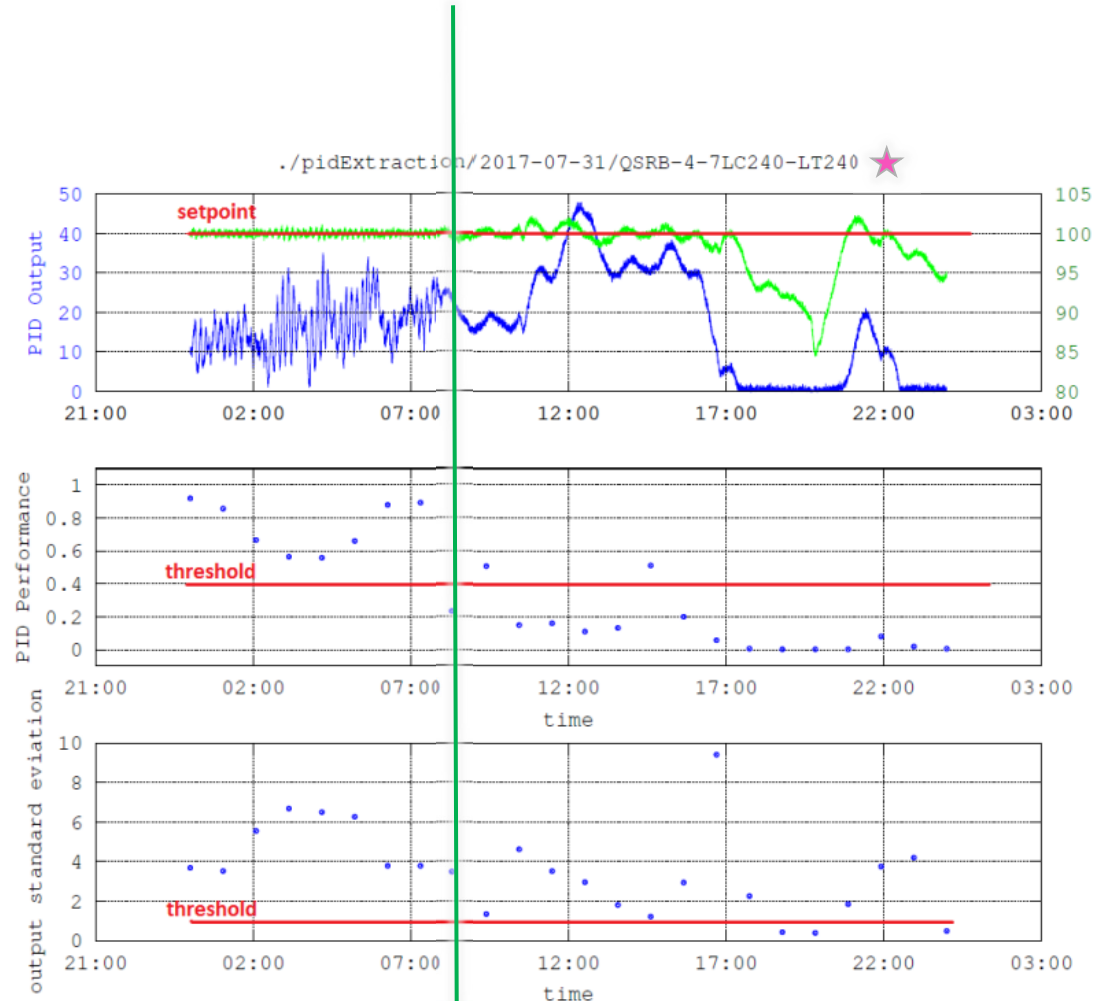


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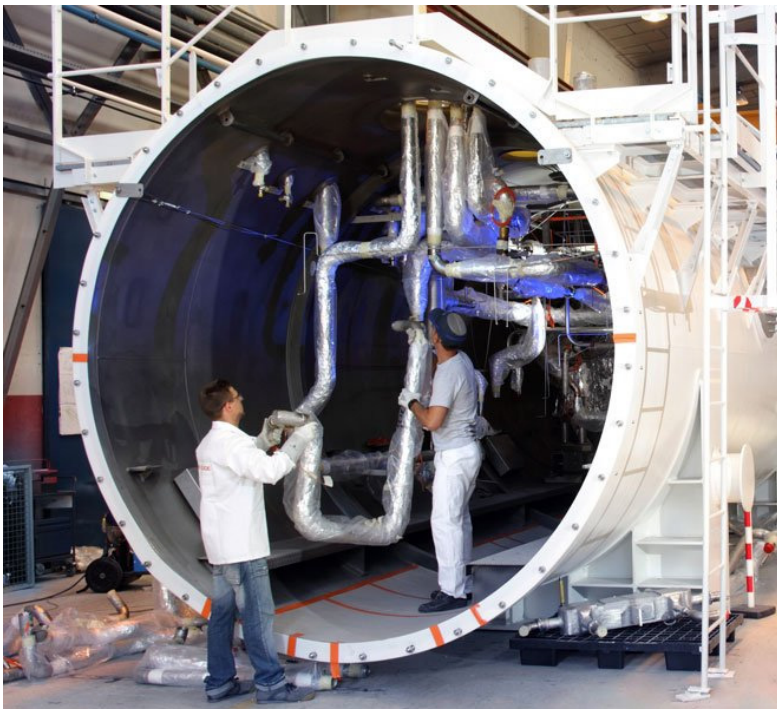


*PID parameter
modification at 8:30 am*



Example of “false positive”

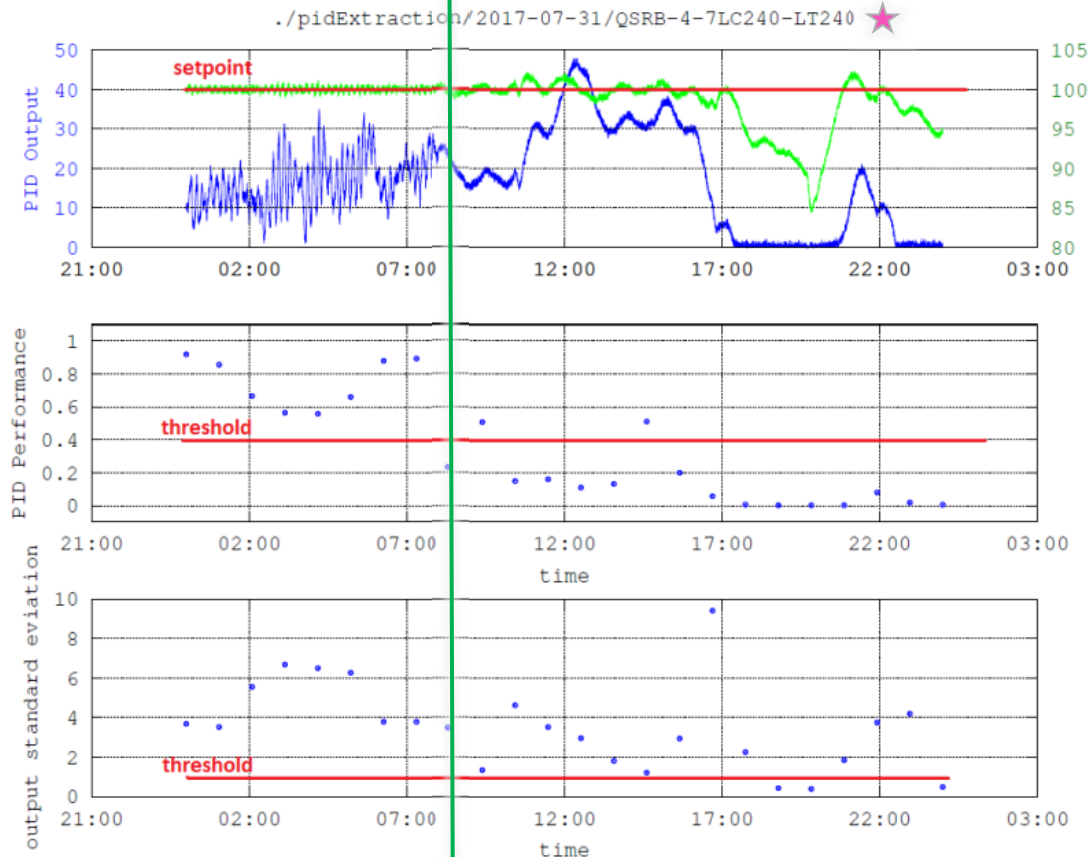
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*PID parameter
modification at 8:30 am*

NOK for process operation
OK for PID performance

OK for process operation
NOK for PID performance



Conclusion

- A proof of concept has been setup and validated for PID performance monitoring
- Need to pass to “production”
 - Better user interface should be provided to operators
 - Hadoop cluster can be setup to accelerate computation time
- Algorithm can be still improved
 - Take into account different regulation objectives for dedicated loops
 - Insert some penalties on the actuator movement