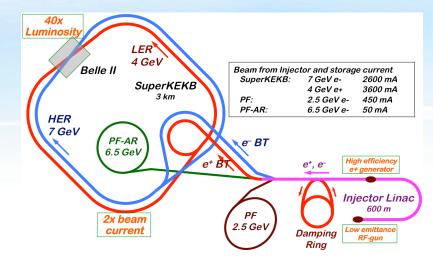




Multi-purpose injector linac

7-GeV electron 4-GeV positron injector linac at KEK has supported the both particle physics and photon science storage rings for more than 30 years.



- Natures of beam demanding approaches from those experiments are so different that the operation becomes tough to be planned, especially for construction and maintenance.
 - long-term integrated performance vs. short-term beam stability
 - continuous improvements vs. preventive planned maintenance
- The control system should help enabling the consistent operation.





Pulse-to-pulse modulation (PPM)

- Dual Layer Controls

 OPI

 EPICS
 Channel Access

 IOC

 EVG

 IOC

 EVR

 IOC

 EVR

 EVR

 MRF

 Event Link
- Dual-layer controls based on MRF event controls and EPICS controls were employed in the last stage of previous KEKB project.
- Further improved for SuperKEKB with MRF/SINAP 3 x EVGs and \sim 100 x EVRs.
- Many PPM-capable pulsed devices were added.
 - 66 pulsed quad, bend, and corrector magnets with newly designed power supplies
 - LLRF drivers and monitors with IQ controls on FPGA and embedded EVRs
 - High-precision BPMs with wide-dynamic range, and beam wire-scanners indispensable for beam emittance management
 - Damping ring and main ring injection/extraction devices
- picosecond-level synchronization and dynamic operational configuration should be available



Multiple virtual accelerators

- Several beam modes are prepared
 - 2.5, 4, 6.5 & 7 GeV, 0.2 ~ 10 nC / bunch, e- & e+
- Each set of beam-mode event parameters make the single injector behave as independent virtual accelerators.
- The system is under tuning with new equipment.
- Waiting for the SuperKEKB first collision in April 2018, full operation in 2019.
- This virtual accelerator concept should satisfy the both particle physics and photon science users with the simultaneous top-up injections.

THMPL02



