

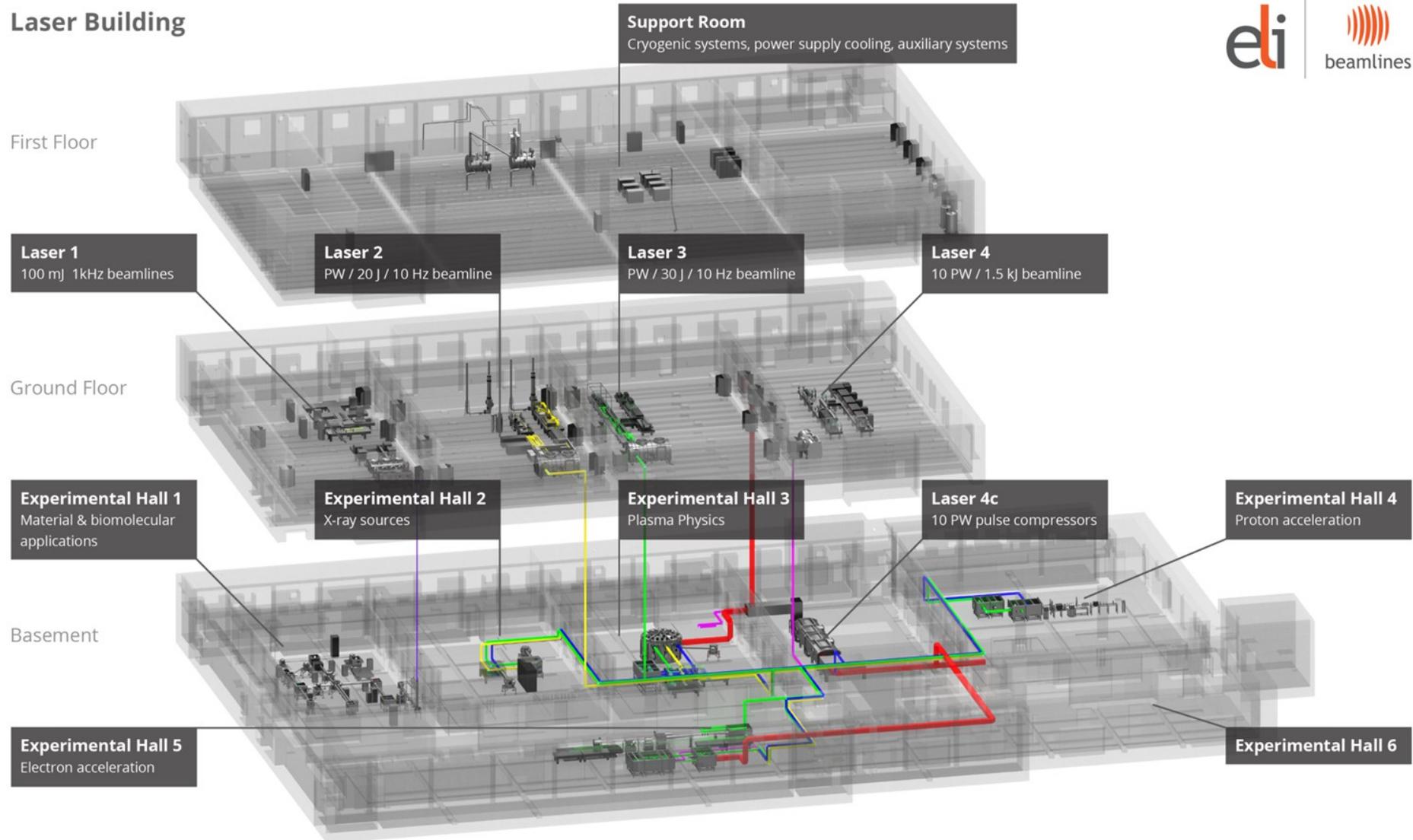
Hardware Architecture of the ELI Beamlines Control and DAQ System



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Prague, Czech Republic



Laser Building



Subsystems and Responsibilities

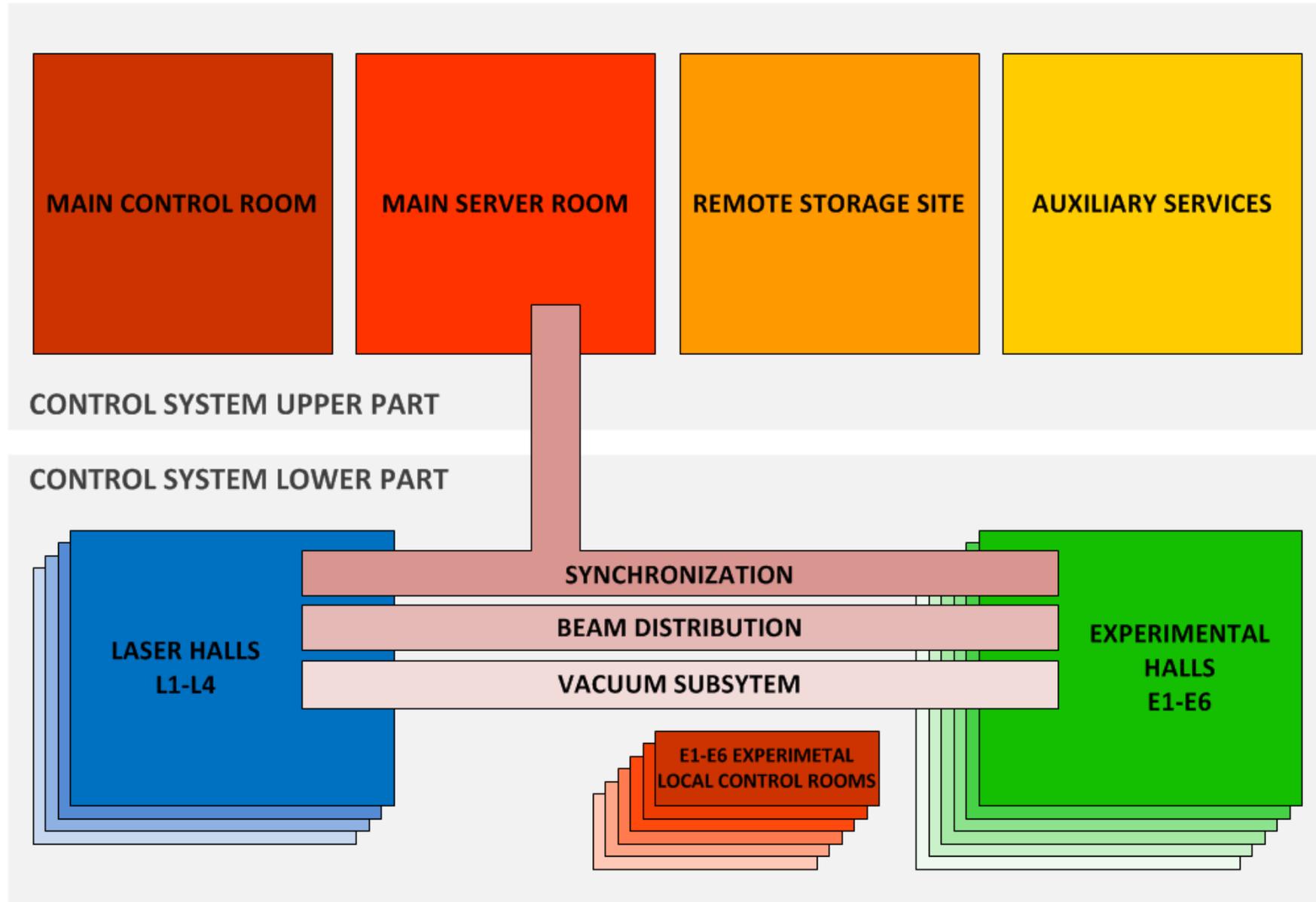
Basic technologies

- Vacuum system
- Switch-yard control
- Beam alignment
- Beam diagnostics
- Laser interface
- Experiment control

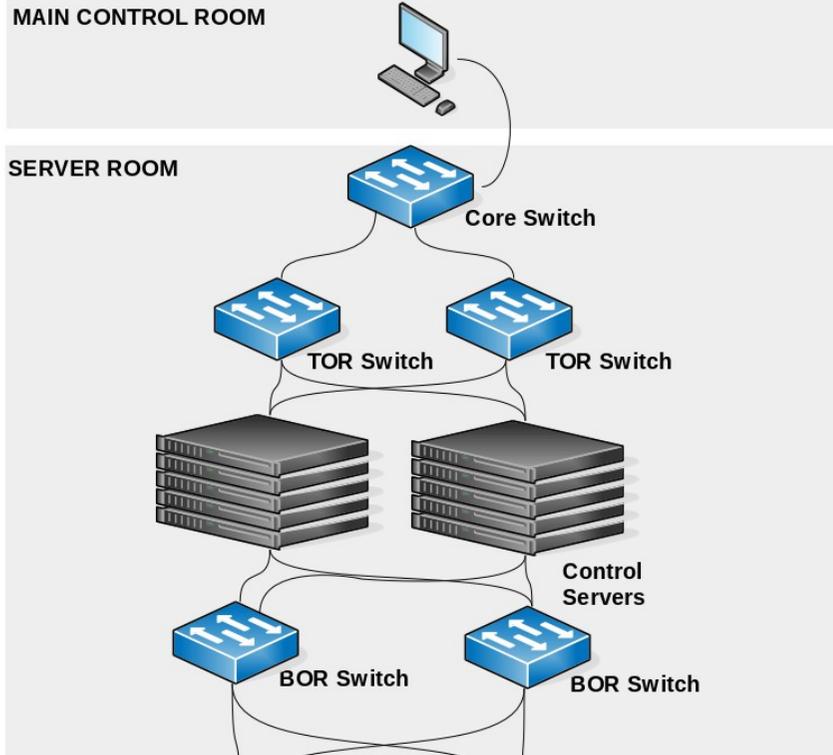
Supplementary technologies

- Control system network
- Timing system/Synchronization
- Data acquisition
- Beam diagnostics
- Machine protection system

CS Structure



TOP LEVEL



Main Control room

CORE Switch – Cisco Nexus 7700, 10/40Gb/s, 100Gb/s ready

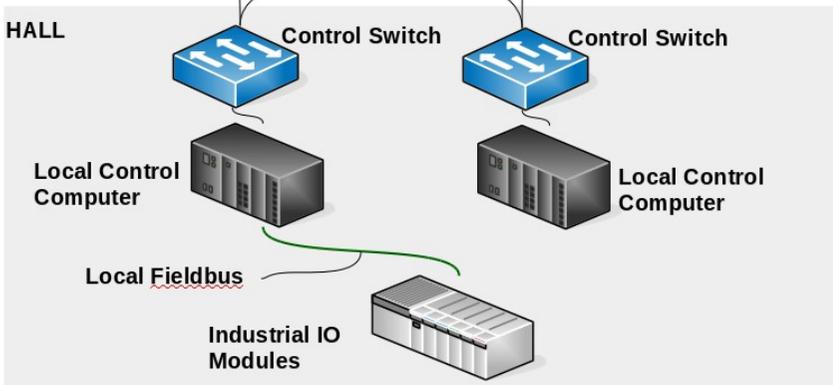
TOR Switch – Cisco Nexus 5672, 10/40Gb/s

Top level control – Server Room

- **Control servers** – Batch of 10 servers
- **Lenovo Systems x3650m5** 2U servers
 - 24 cores
 - 256GB RAM
- **Virtualization** – Private Cloud

BOR Switch – Cisco Nexus 56128, 10/40Gb/s

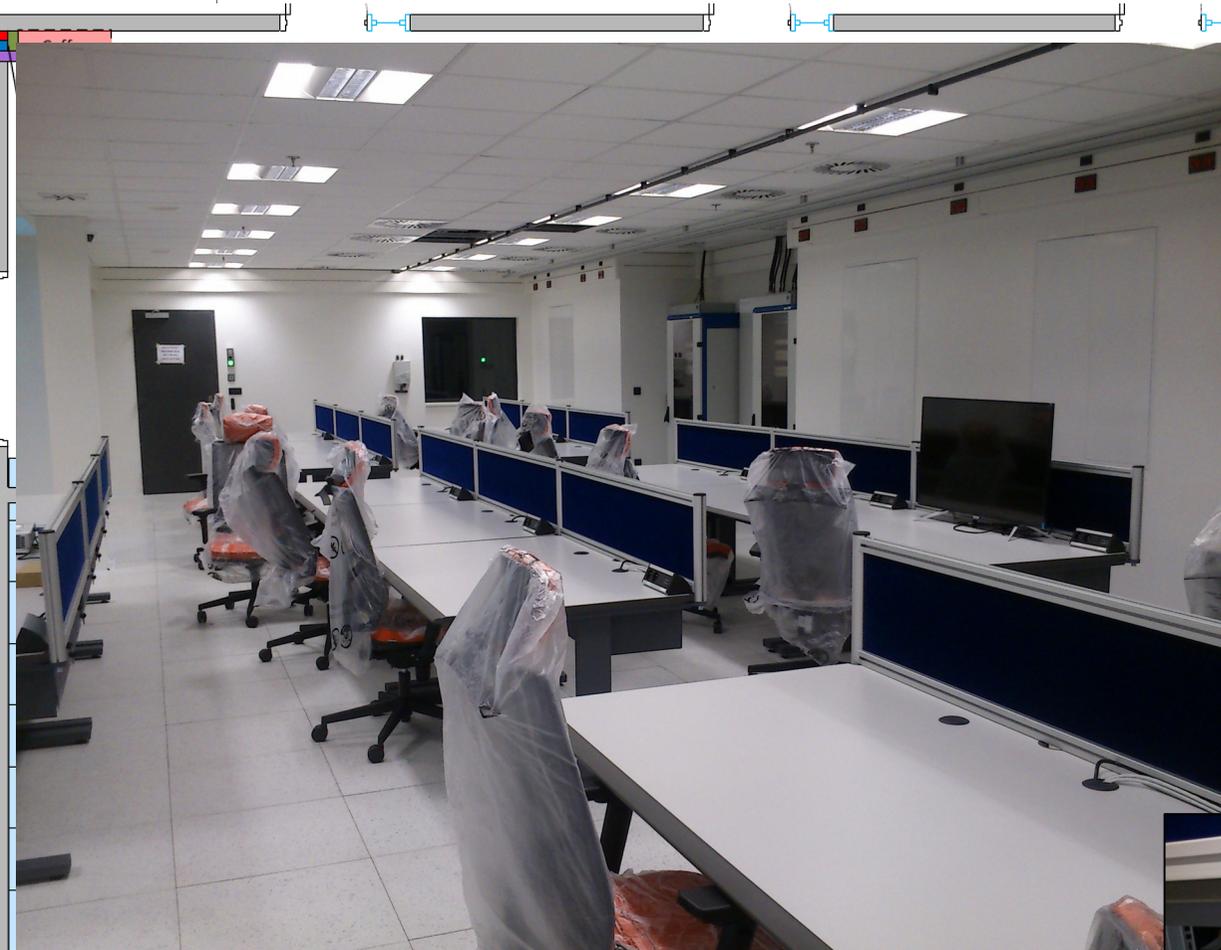
LOCAL LEVEL



CONTROL Switch – Cisco Catalyst 2960X, 1/10Gb/s

Local level control – Halls&Plant rooms

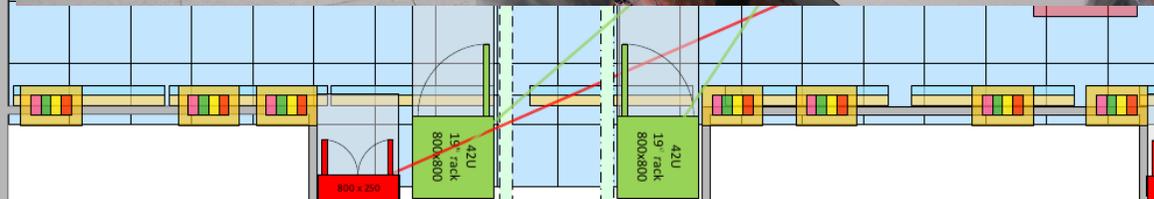
- **Industrial control**, undemanding applications
- **Advanced control**, challenging applications, with high demands on data rates

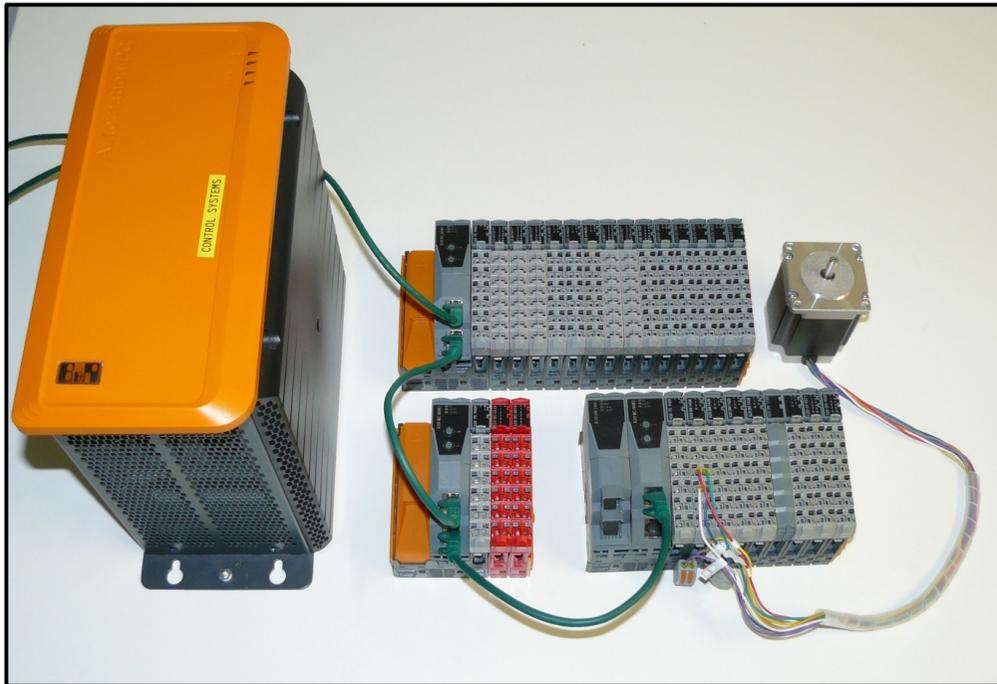


Main Control Room

- 21 Seats
- 43" Operators monitors
- 49" Screens on the wall
- Operators computers
 - 8 core Intel CPU
 - Keyboard and Mouse
 - NVIDIA GPU 1050Ti
 - 2x 10Gb/s ethernet (SFP+)
 - on-board

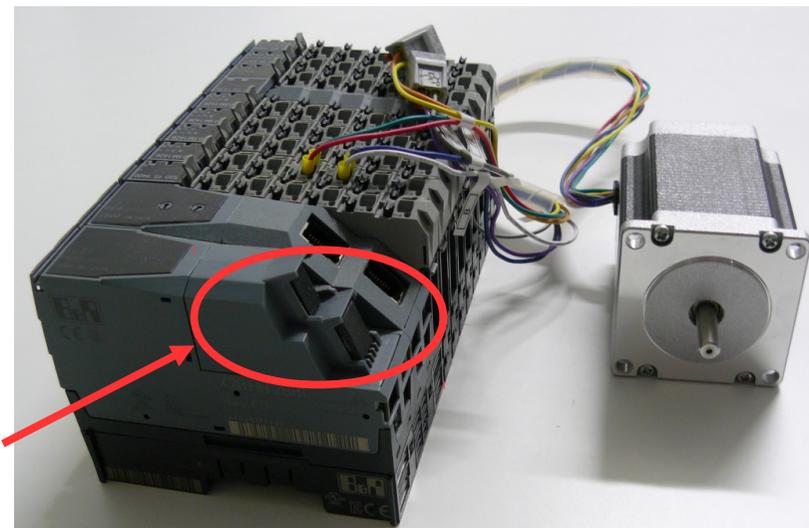
There is not direct access to computer's peripherals, the computer is locked inside the table – safety reason





Ethernet based Fieldbus Systems

- Infrastructure based on standard ethernet
- Rich portfolio for Termination & Motion control
- Available with Fiber optics (For galvanic separation and communication on long distances)



Optical interface

CS Local Control

μTCA Basic Components

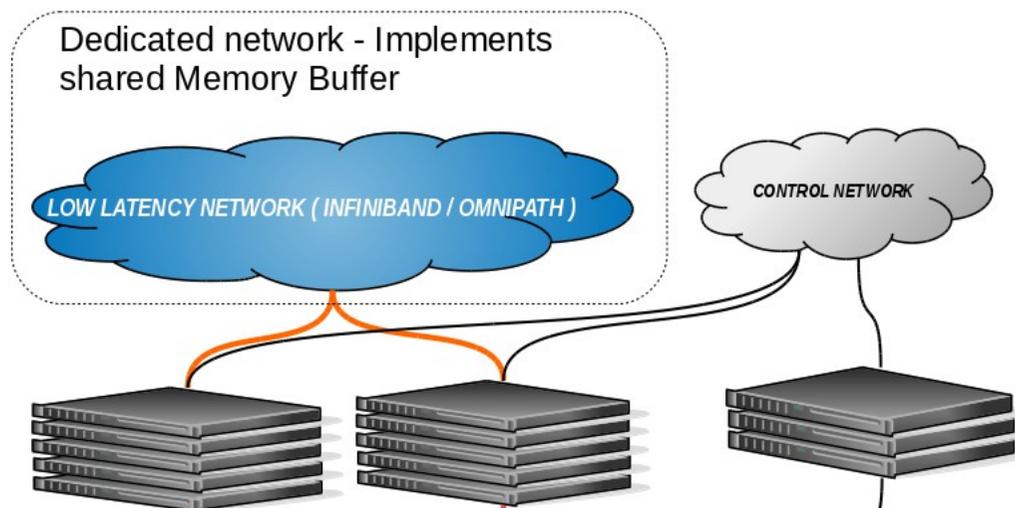
- **Chassis** – part which defines the size of the system
- **Backplane** – flexible architecture, 1Gb ethernet, 8 bidirectional fat-pipes, timing support, AMC-to-AMC and more
- **μTCA (MicroTCA Controller Hub)** – 'defines' the system, including fat-pipe implementation
- **Cooling Unit** – up to two fully controlled redundant units
- **Power Supply** – up to two redundant fully controlled power modules, up to 1kW
- **AMC/RTM Cards** – application cards, more than one computer system can be installed in chassis



Three Levels of μTCA in ELI Beamlines

- **Class A (μTCA.4)** – NATIVE R10-WR – High Demand Control, 12AMC, 12RTM, Redundant MCH, Redundant Power Supply
- **Class B (μTCA.4)** – NATIVE R2-WR – Advanced Control, 6AMC, 4RTM
- **Class C** – NATIVE A1 – 'Standard' local Controller, 6AMC, Mid-Size, Single-Width

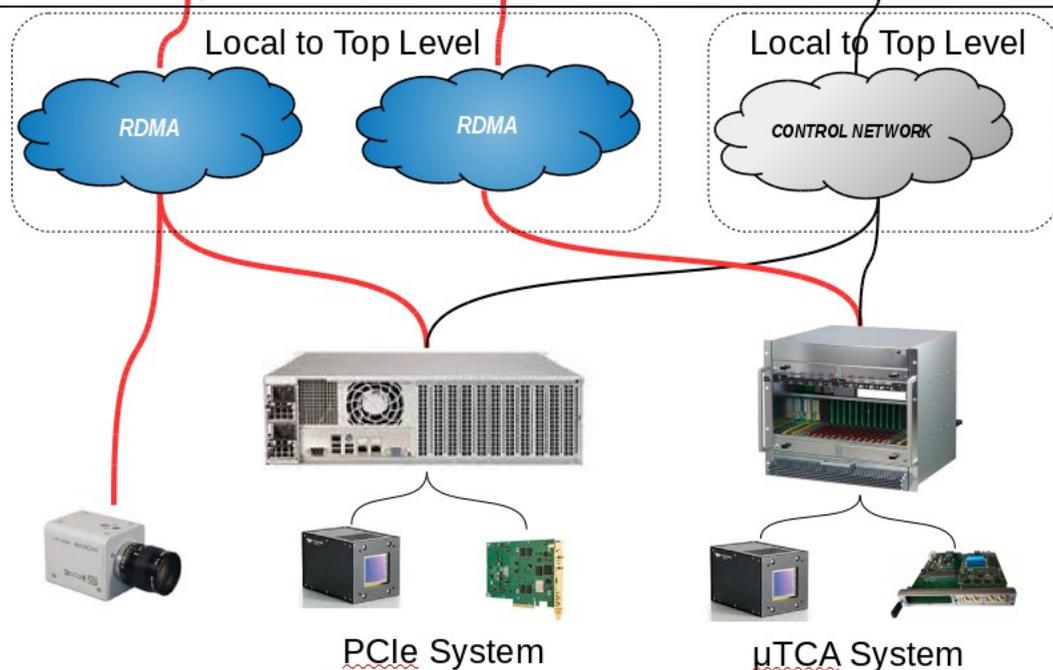
TOP LEVEL



Top Level of DAQ System

- 2x Blade Server
 - 10Gb/s ethernet (mezzanine) each
 - 56Gb/s Infiniband (mezzanine) each
 - 24 cores each Blade
 - 768GB RAM each Blade
 - 4x PCIe slot (2 slots x8, 2 slots x16)

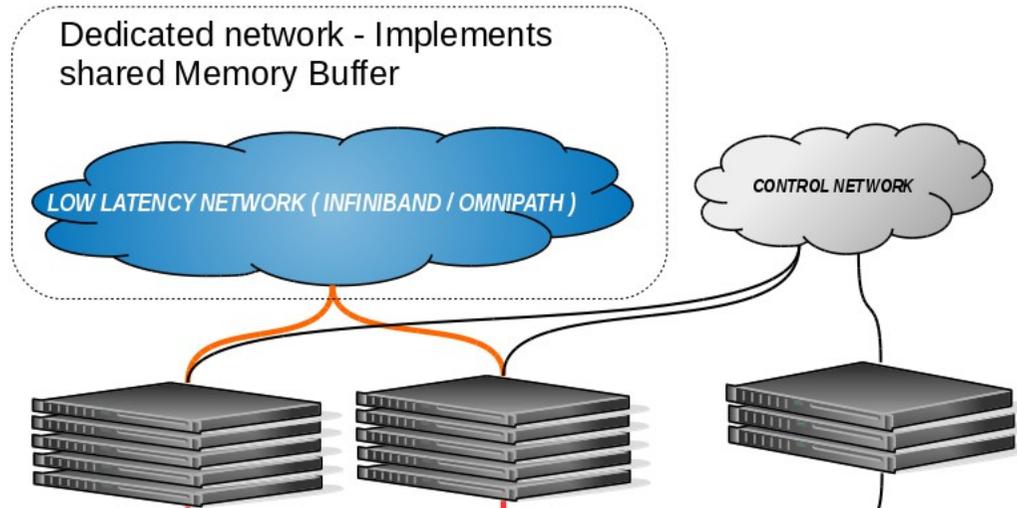
LOCAL LEVEL



Local Level of DAQ System

- Local PCIe Server
 - 4x 10Gb/s ethernet with RDMA
 - 24 cores
 - 128GB RAM each
 - 10x PCIe slots x8
- µTCA.4
 - 12x AMC, 12x RTM
 - 4x 10Gb ethernet to RDMA
 - MCH-PHYS-80 PCIe on Fat-Pipes, PCIe connection with PCIe local server through optical fibers

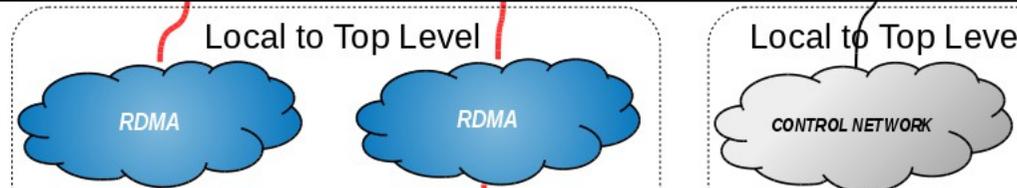
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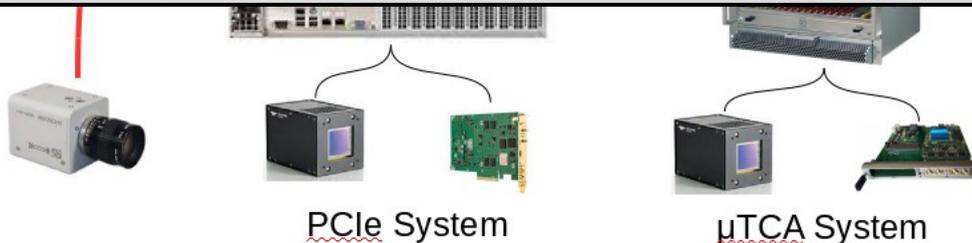


Local Level of DAQ System

- Local PCIe Server
 - 4x 10Gb/s ethernet with RDMA
 - 24 cores

Advantages

- Sharing RAM buffers between whole ELI Beamlines building
- Simple data exchange between CS computer for distributed control
- Keeping expensive component in save place



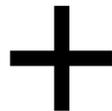
- 4x 10Gb ethernet to RDMA
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Blade Server With PCIe Slots



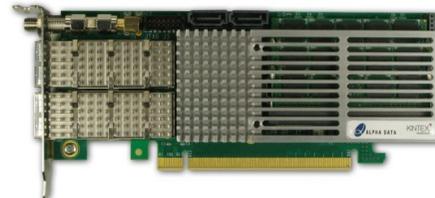
Infiniband and Ethernet Switches are integrated inside the chassis.

DAQ Top Level



NIC – Our 'standard'

- 2x 10GBASE-X
- RDMA Support



FPGA XCKU060

- 2x QSFP
- SDAccell support
- CAPI support
- 8GB DDR RAM



FPGA+NIC

- 1X QSFP (4xSFP+)
- Connect-X NIC Offload chip
- RDMA Support
- XCKU060
- 2GB DDR RAM

PCIe System

PCIe Local Server

- 24 core
- 128GB RAM
- 10x PCIe x8



NIC AOC-STG-b4S

- 4x 10GBASE-X
- RDMA support



FMC Carrier

Kintex UltraScale XCKU085

- Acquisition and local processing
- VITA 57.4 compatible with 57.1
- 16GB DDR RAM
- 1x SFP+



μTCA.4 System

μTCA.4 Chassis

- 12 AMC
- 12 RTM
- WR Support
- MCH-PHYS-80
- PCIe interconnection



FMC Carrier

Artix/Kintex
XC7A200, XC7K325

- Acquisition and local processing



Compatible RTM Module

- 8x SFP+

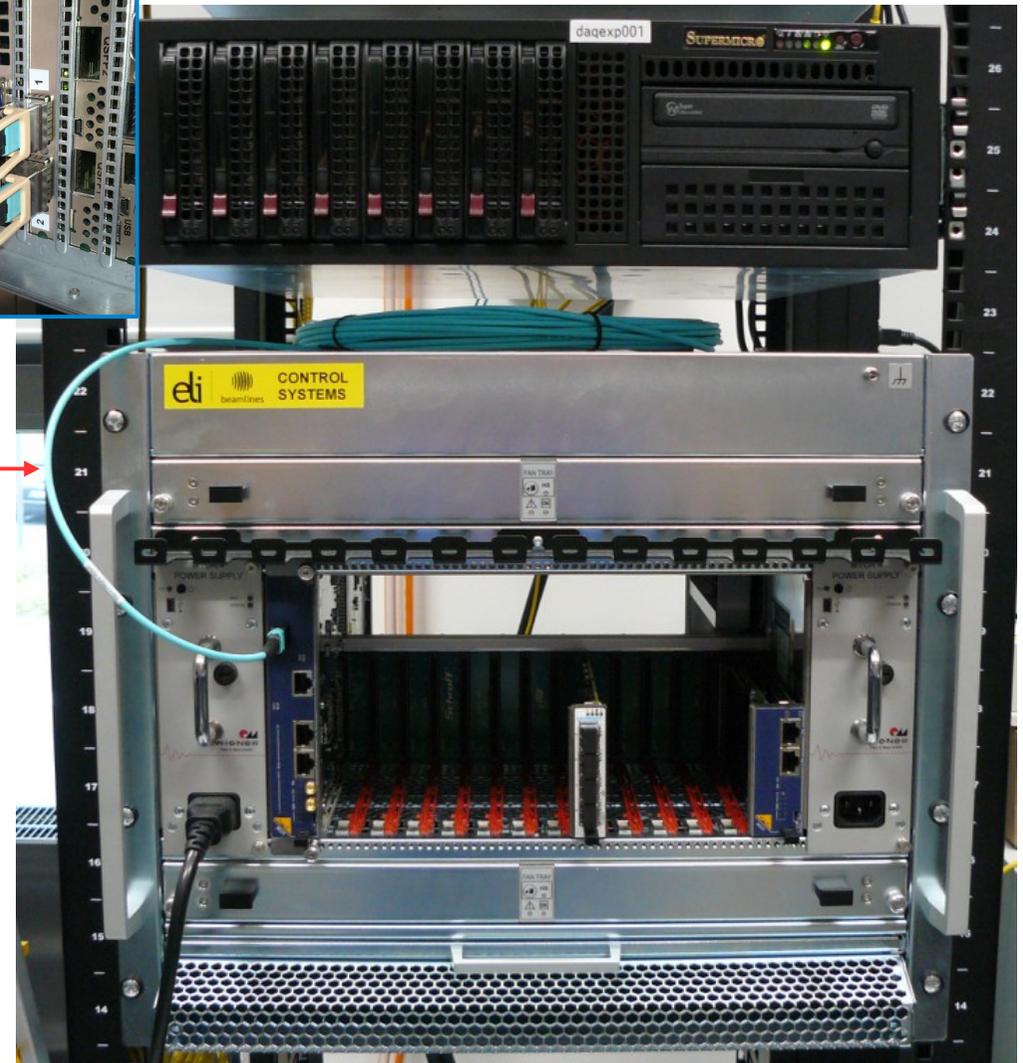
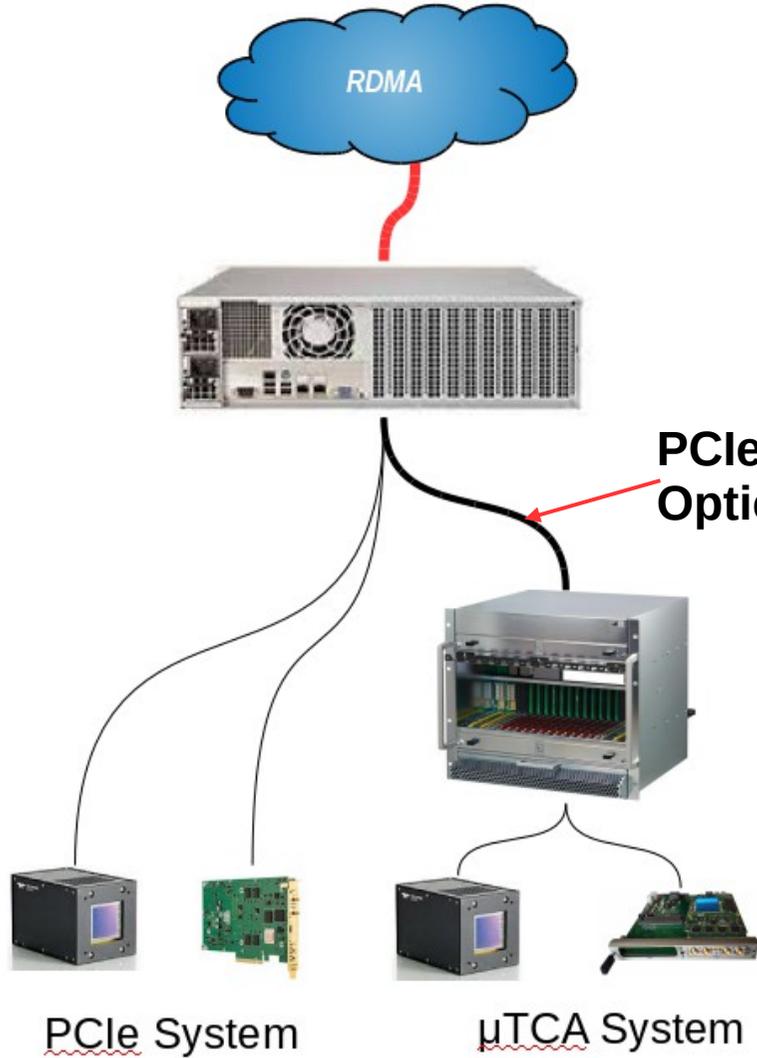


NIC Vadatech AMC211

- 2x 10GBASE-X



DAQ Local Setup

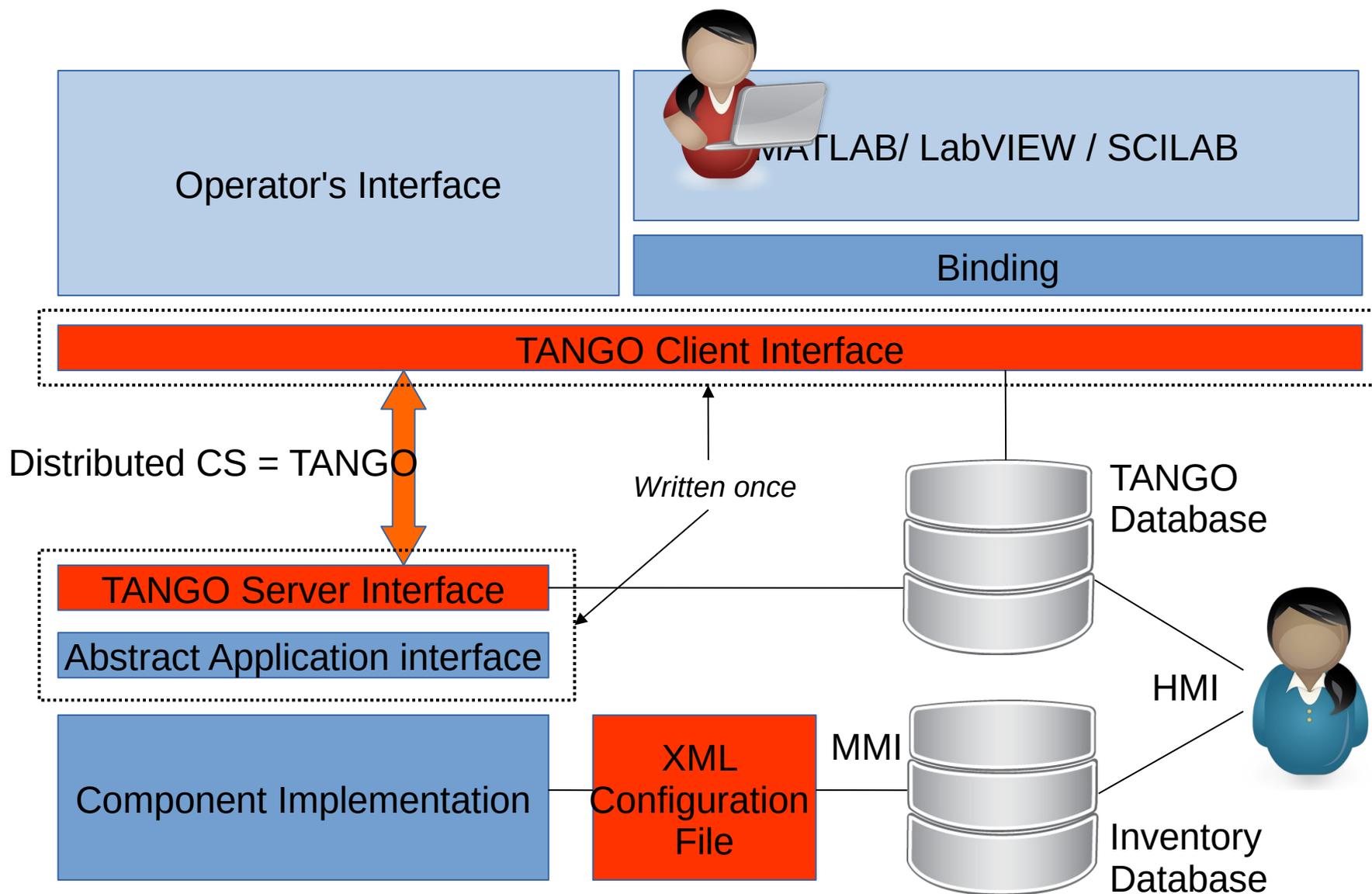


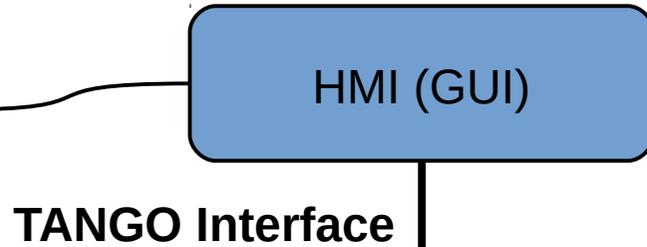
CS & DAQ Installations



CS & DAQ Installations





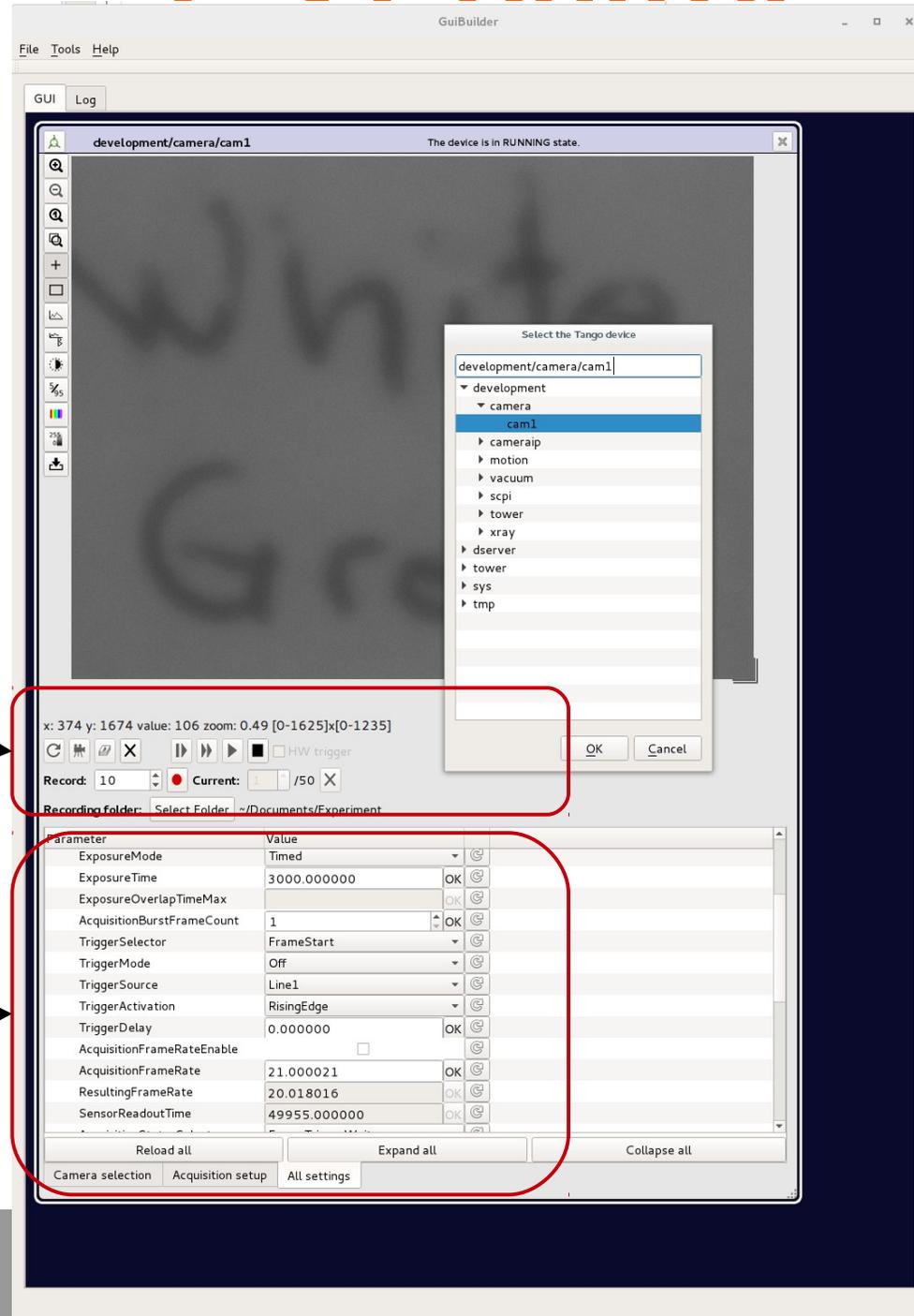


Component API –
Defines Component
GUI Interface

COMPONENT API

SOFTWARE
COMPONENT

XML Configuration



Three sources of XML:

- Local file (User def.)
- Inventory DB (Start)
- Data Stream (HMI/GUI)

Plugins

- Reuse API
- Component does not have to be even recompiled
- New HW support may be simply into control system

Plugin API

- Extremely simple
- Version support (taken from git tag)

```
template<typename T> class Plugin
{
public:

    Plugin();

    ~Plugin();

    void attach(const std::string path);
    void detach(void);

    T* operator->(void) const throw(csexception::CSRuntimeError);

    uint32_t majorVersion(void);
    uint32_t minorVersion(void);
    uint32_t patchVersion(void);
}
```

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THPHA171: Control System Software Environment in ELI Beamlines
THMPL06: Cameras in ELI Beamlines: A Standardized Approach

Control system & DAQ Hardware

- All components are purchased and delivered
- Top level Control & DAQ systems are installed
- Local installations are in progress (Experimental halls, Plant rooms – Central vacuum)
- 40 technical specifications were prepared
- 23 tenders were running

DAQ Timeline – an example

- Defined in ELI Beamlines HW Architecture document – October 2014
- First publish TANGO ELI Workshop Szeged Hungary – February 2015
- Full HW realization – May 2017
- The longest period in realization – roughly **2 years** for all necessary components!



Thank you for attention!