

# Experiment Control and Analysis for High-Resolution Tomography

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# Introduction

Experiment control software for X-ray Computed Tomography (XCT).

XCT is a powerful technique for imaging 3D structures at the micro- and nano-levels.

Faster detector and added complexity because of experimental components requires use of automated software.

Rich feature set with the ability to control complete experimental workflow, i.e., from acquisition to analysis.

# Outline

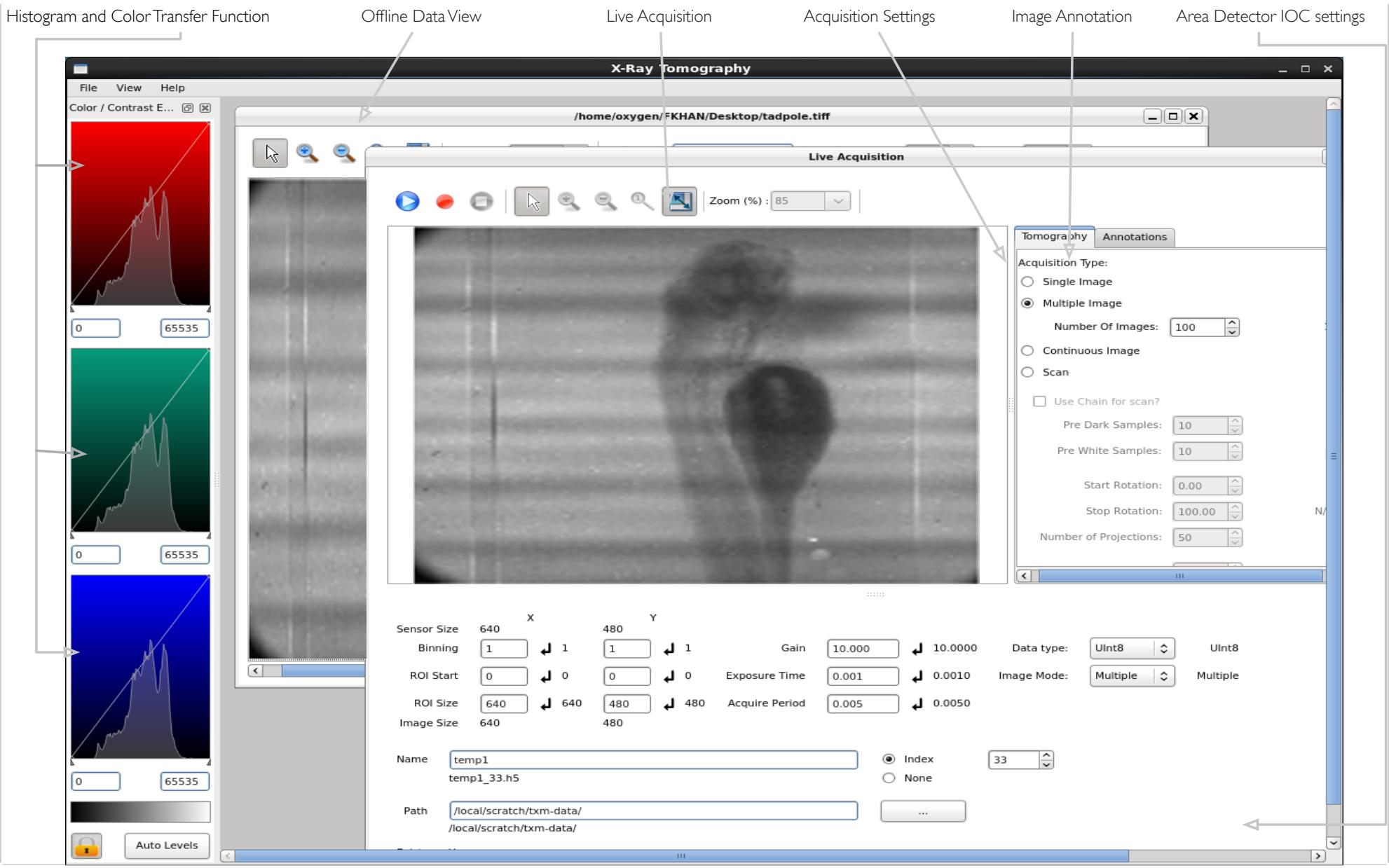
Features

System Architecture

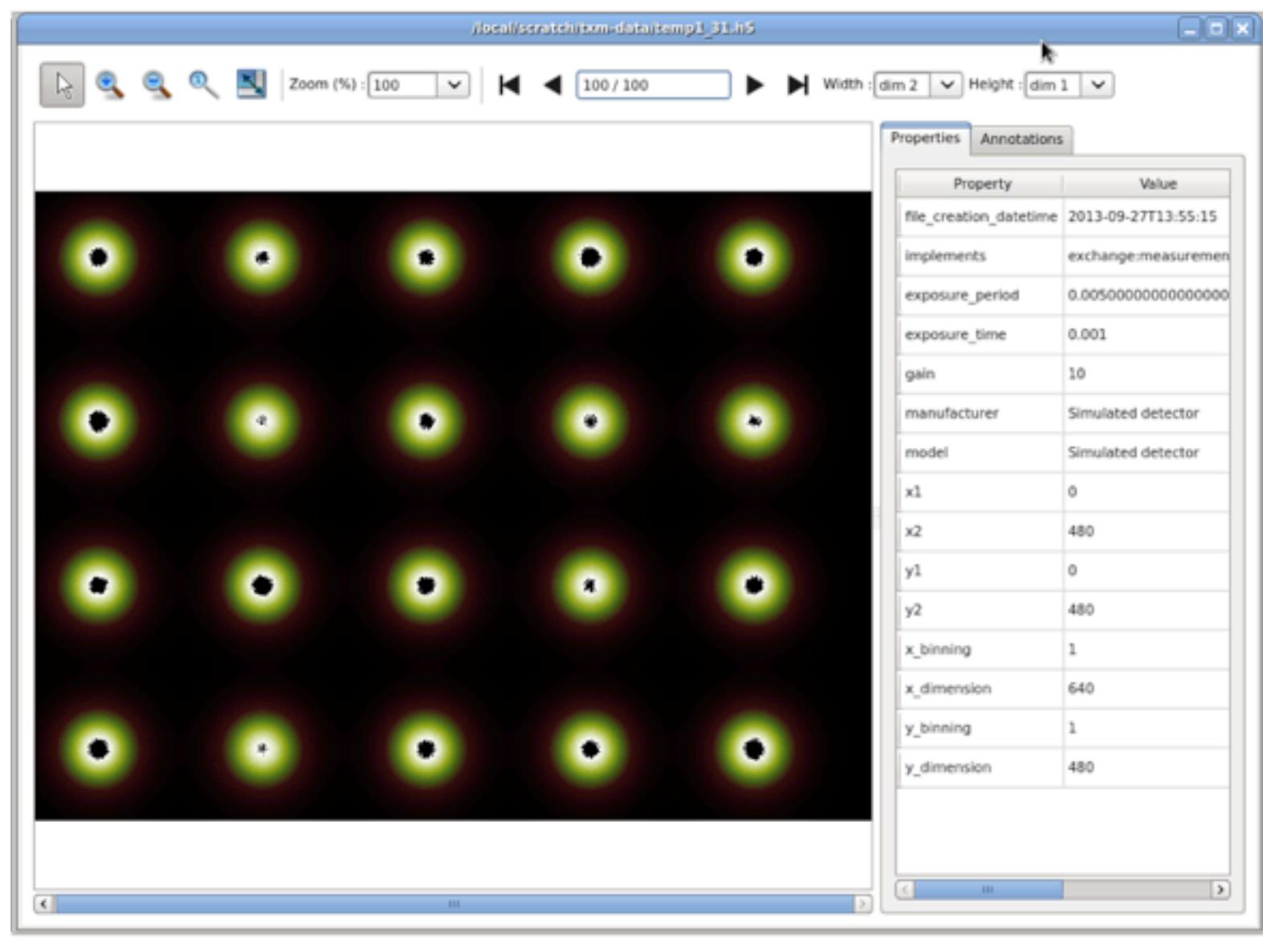
Reconstruction Pipeline

Automation

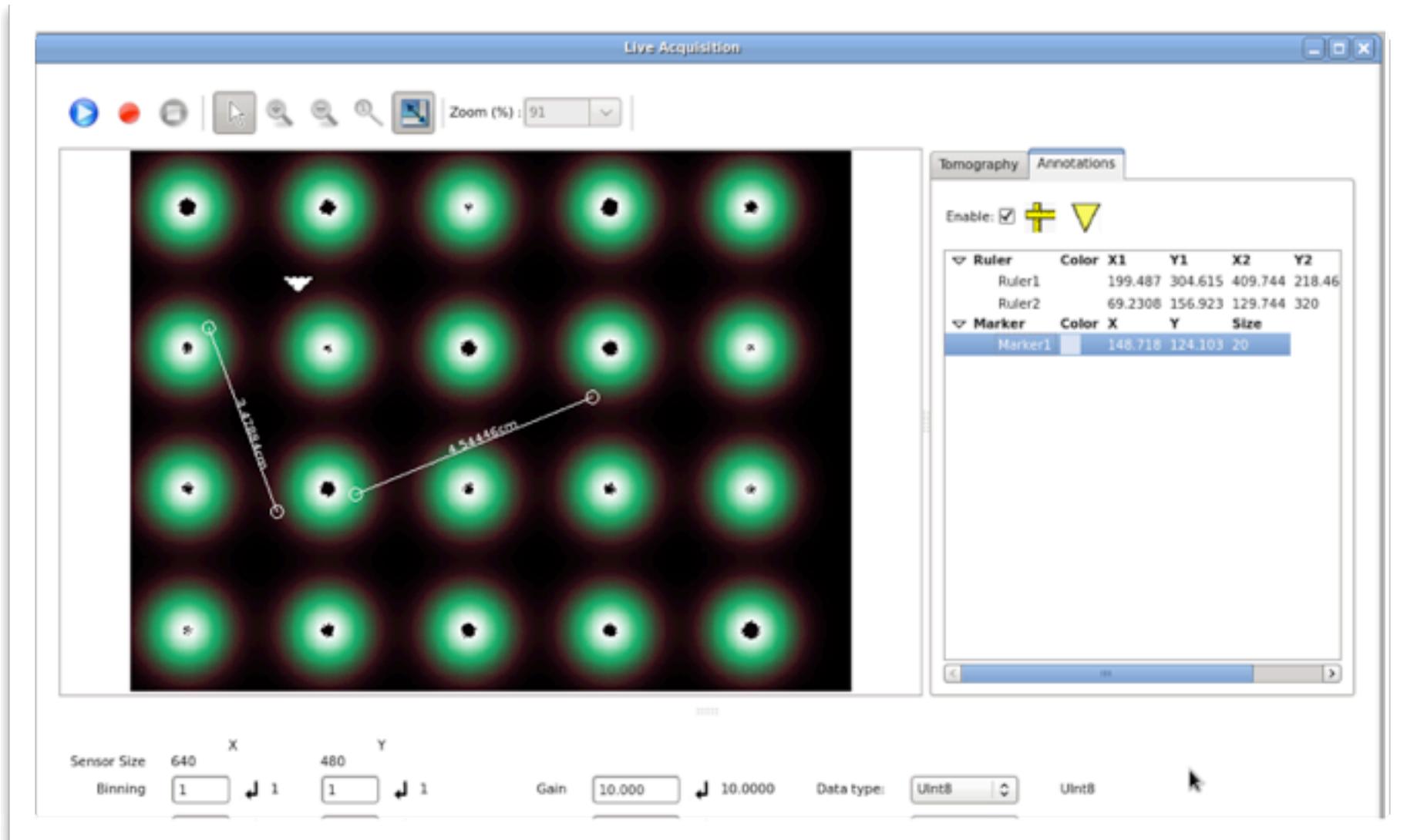
# Features - Overview



# Features - Data Browser



# Features - Annotations



# Features - Tomography Scan

The image shows a software interface for experiment control and analysis, specifically for tomography scans. It consists of three main panels:

- Tomography Settings Panel:** This panel contains various configuration options for the tomography scan. It includes:
  - Acquisition Type:** Options include Single Image, Multiple Image, Continuous Image, and Scan (selected). A checkbox for "Use Chain for scan?" is checked.
  - Image Count:** Set to 100.
  - Sample Parameters:** Pre Dark Samples: 10, Pre White Samples: 10, Start Rotation: 0.00, Stop Rotation: 100.00.
  - Projection Parameters:** Number of Projections: 50, Projections per stride: 1, White samples per stride: 1, Post White Samples: 10, Post Dark Samples: 10.
  - Movement Parameters:** Step Speed: 46.00, Return Speed: 97.00.
  - Positioning:** In Position X: 0.00, Y: 1.00, Z: 1.00; Out Position X: 0.00, Y: 0.00, Z: 0.00.
  - Sync Buttons:** Sync and Sync.
- Scan Loop Configuration Panel:** This panel allows defining the scan loop parameters. It includes:
  - Loop Type:** Options are Count (selected), PV, and Multi-PV.
  - Base Name:** A text input field for the base name of the PVs.
  - Table:** A grid table showing the PV configuration for each projection. The columns are PV, Value, z Delay, Enabled, it Delay, and Status. The table lists 23 rows, indexed from 0 to 22. Row 20 is highlighted with a blue background.
  - Buttons:** A plus (+) button to add more rows and a minus (-) button to remove rows.
- Generated PV Preview Panel:** This panel shows a preview of the generated PV values. It has a similar layout to the configuration table, with columns PV, Value, z Delay, Enabled, it Delay, and Status. It lists 22 rows, indexed from 0 to 21. The first row (0) has a value of "zentradi...".

# Features - Calibration

Beamline Calibration

Beam

Shutter A  
 Open  Close

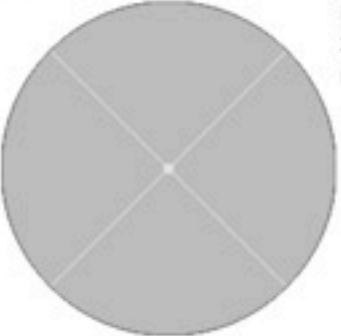
Shutter B  
 Open  Close

Pitch  
X: 0.00   Y: 0.0

Energy  
X: 0.00   Y: 0.0

▶ Calculation

Monitor



Flux NA  
X NA  
Y NA  
I NA

Beam Stop

X: 1.00000	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	Y: 0.00000	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.00000				
<input type="button" value="↶"/>	1.00000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="Use ↴"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	1.00000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="Use ↴"/>	0.00000

Sample

X: 180.00000	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	Y: 180.00000	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	Z: 1.00000	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	2.00000	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	2.00000			
<input type="button" value="↶"/>	1.00000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="Use ↴"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	1.00000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="Use ↴"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	1.00000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="Use ↴"/>

Sample Top

X: 0	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	N/A	Z: 0	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	N/A							
<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>

CCD Camera

X: 0	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	N/A	Y: 0	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	N/A	Z: 0	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	N/A				
<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>	0.0000	<input type="button" value="↷"/>	<input type="button" value="↶"/>

Path

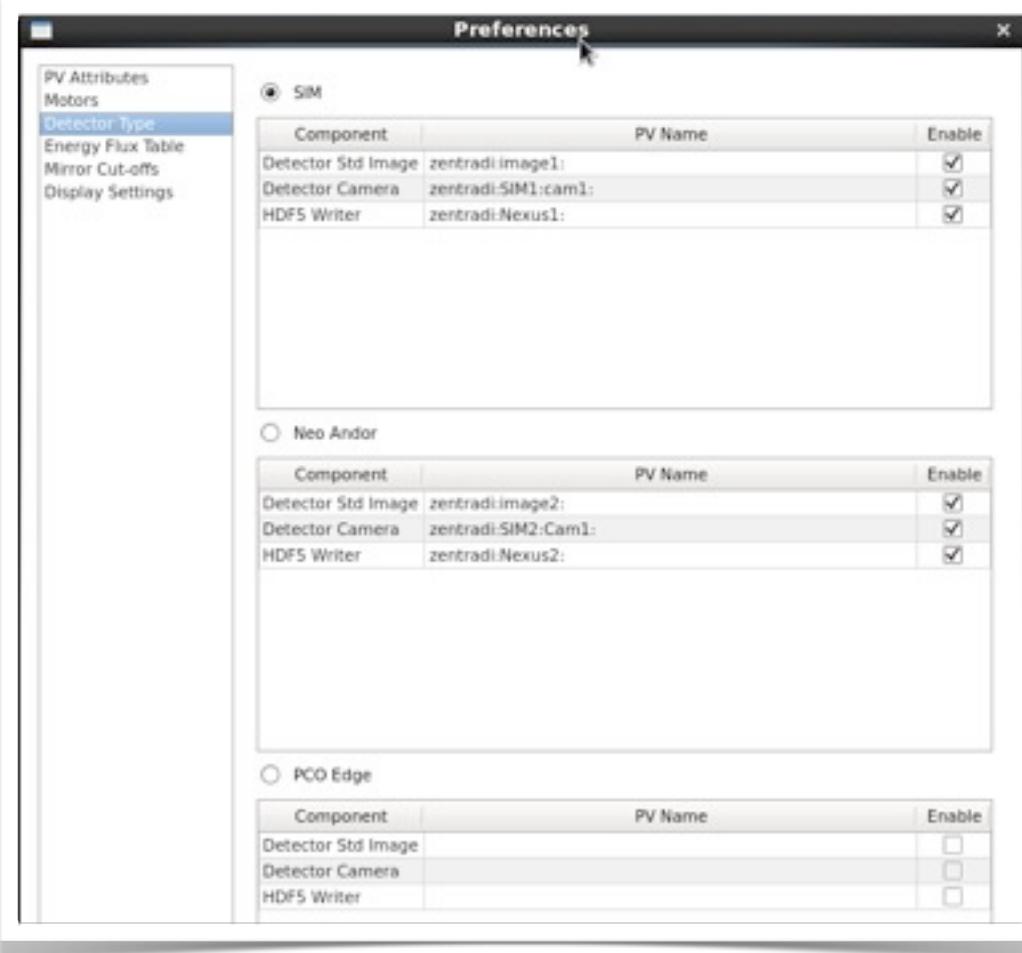
Mirrors  
 Si  Cr  Rh  Wh

Magnification  
 1x  5x  20x

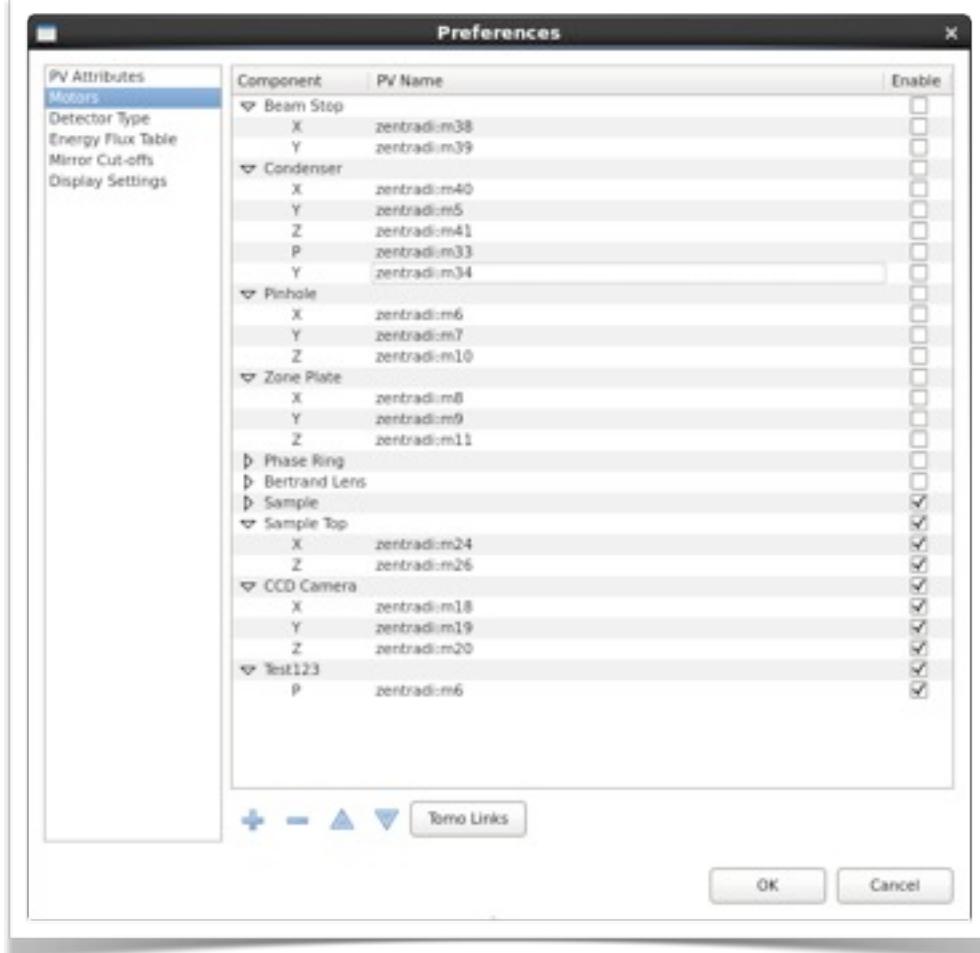
Filters  
 1  2  3  4

# Features - Configurability

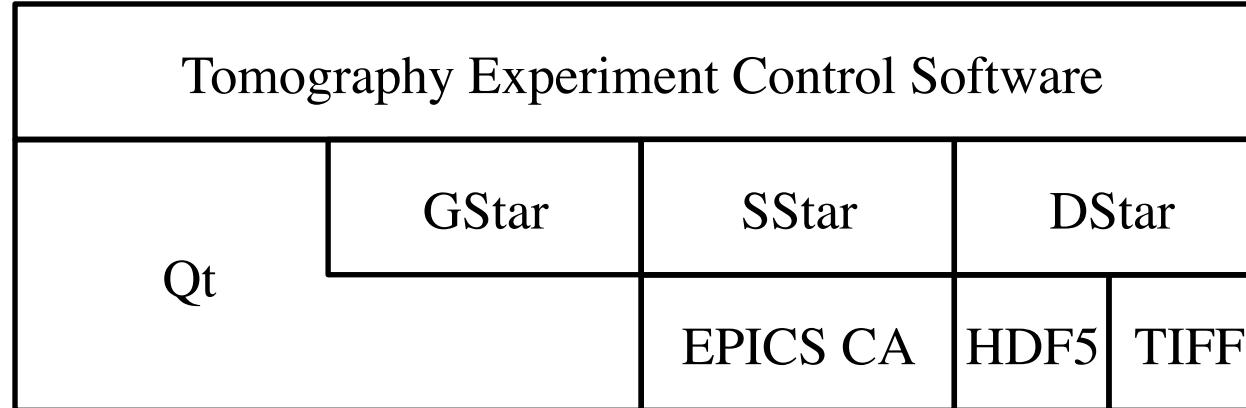
Detectors



Calibration Widgets



# Architecture Overview



GStar - A widget library based on Qt<sup>1</sup> provides EPICS aware widgets

SStar - A C++ wrapper around EPICS channel access API<sup>2,3</sup>, provides the core scanning functionality

DStar - Provides single interface to different data format libraries such as HDF5<sup>4</sup>

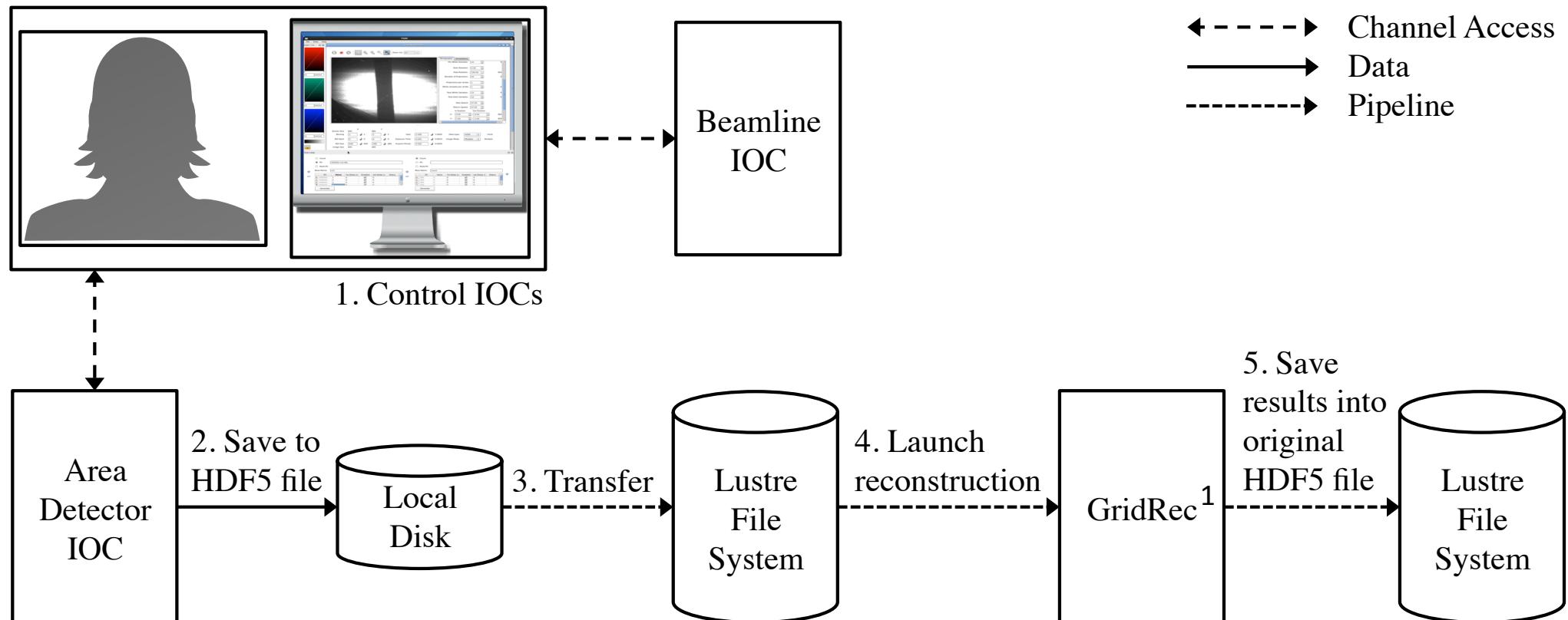
1. Qt. <http://qt-project.org>.

2. EPICS, <http://www.aps.anl.gov/epics>.

3. Area Detector, <http://cars9.uchicago.edu/software/epics>.

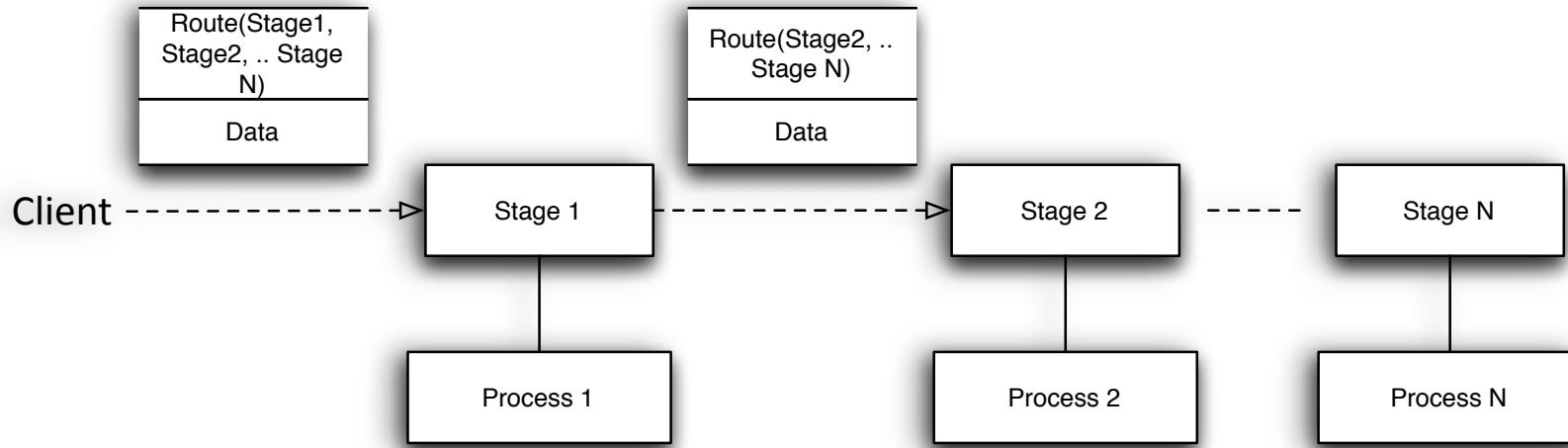
4. Hierarchical Data Format version 5 (HDF5), 2000-2010. <http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5>.

# Reconstruction Pipeline



1. GridRec - M. L. Rivers, ``tomoRecon: High-speed tomography reconstruction on workstations using multi-threading," Proc. of SPIE 8506, Developments in X-Ray Tomography VIII, 85060U (2012).

# Analysis Automation



A thin wrapper around user process

A common data format

Client starts the pipeline analysis by constructing a JMS message containing

**input data**<sup>1, 2</sup> - A HDF5 file with input parameters e.g. location of Hadoop file to process

**route** - specify individual processing step

Next stage is triggered by passing a JMS<sup>3</sup> message between the current and the next stage

1. Hierarchical Data Format version 5 (HDF5), 2000-2010. <http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5>

2. The Scientific Data Exchange, <http://www.aps.anl.gov/DataExchange>

3. Apache ActiveMQ, <http://activemq.apache.org> based implementation of JMS standard is used.

# Conclusion

Feature rich and configurable control software

Being used at newly upgraded nano-tomography station at  
APS 32-ID beamline

Integration of the software with reconstruction  
application lowers the turn-around time between  
acquisition and analysis

Maximize utilization of the equipment and beam time

Available at:

<https://subversion.xor.aps.anl.gov/TXM/trunk/>

# Thanks

## Questions?