Manage the MAX IV Laboratory Control System as an Open Source Project

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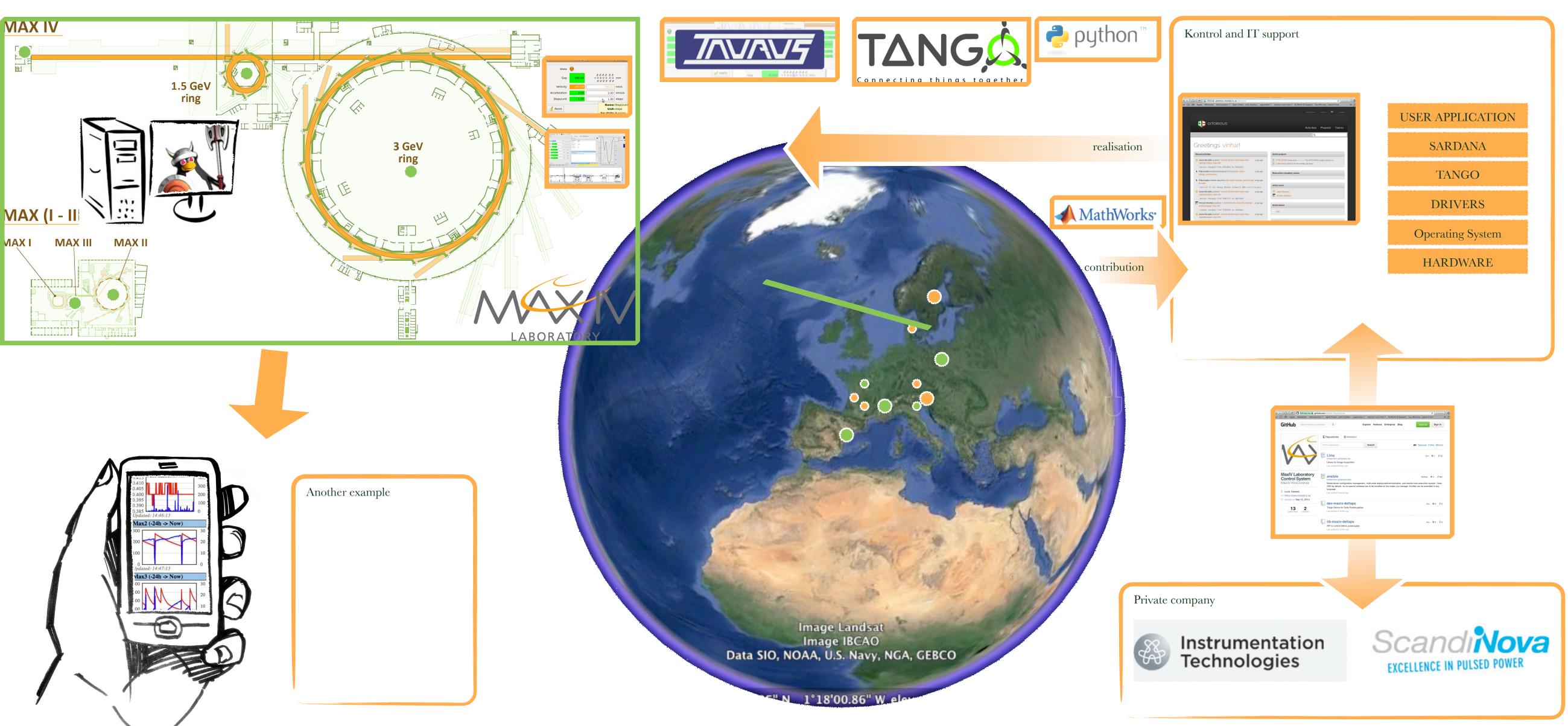
User Autonomy

Our mission is to offer an Open Control System easy for everyone to contribute.

Tango and Sardana[I] make transparent the complexity of the network and open the development of application to the Machine and Beamline scientists. They access the data and action published by the control system like any library API.

KITS Café

Since October 2012 the staff of MAX IV Laboratory benefits from a regular and very informal event set up by the Control team. The purpose is to meet each other and to share the knowledge about the control system and any activities related to the software. The different actions described below are directly inspired by the ones used by the Linux User Group and the Agile movement.



Origin of Control System Contributions

Staff (users with programming skills): the users of the MAX IV control system are the beamline and machine scientists. They have varying programming skills and interests. Some are able to write their own control system components for their domain, using C++ or Python while others are satisfied with writing their own high level scripts for running experiments, using Matlab, Python etc.

Collaboration: the software backbone of the MAX IV control system relies on collaboration with other synchrotron facilities. The TANGO distributed control system relies on contributions from all the facilities in the TANGO collaboration. MAX IV is also a contributor to Sardana and Taurus[1] and benefits from its community.

Third party contributors: collaborating with subcontractors and suppliers requires a somewhat different effort. As far as possible MAX IV strives to maintain ownership of the code base so that it can remain open source.

















Implementation

Open the market: We provide a standardised development platform to anyone with a Maxlab user account, this is achieved by hosting an NX Server[3] with the standardised MAX IV environment.

Open the source: the git software repositories are made available through Gitorious[4], a webserver that allows any user to manage their own repositories. The internal policy of creating unit tests for all software developed by KITS plays the role of example and documentation.

Open the usage: the default software delivered by the control system group can be interacted with in different ways, from a graphical user interface (GUI) to a command line interface (CLI). The Sardana distribution helps us a lot to achieve this goal.

Collaboration possibilities

At many levels: Share the Library to the Hardware Share the Tango Device Share the Tango Service Share the Sardana component Share the GUI and CLI

Share the Development Infrastructure

KITS Café in details

The "install

Install fest

fest" [http:// www.tldp.org/ HOWTO/Installfest-HOWTO/ introduction.html] was the first event we project in the future. organised to help our The workshop colleagues to install consists of a well Tango on their defined pair laptops. The goal was programming problem to break the first that the whole barrier to start using audience must solve the control system. together. To arrive at This method had the that goal, there is a advantage that we main workstation could manage the shared by two people, installation of plenty of one "driver" and one computers at the same "co-pilot". After 5 time while the users minutes, the driver could learn and ask must leave his place to about the process.

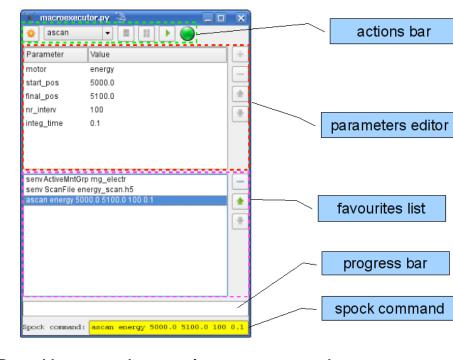
Coding Dojo

During this session the the place of the coinvolve the users in iteration is repeated the development of during the two hours some simple exercises of the session. in order to make them familiarise themselves with the subject

proposed for the workshop. Also, they will learn useful lessons about the control system that will help them to contribute to the

the co-pilot and another person from the audience must take main objective is to pilot. This 5 minutes

GUI or CLI?

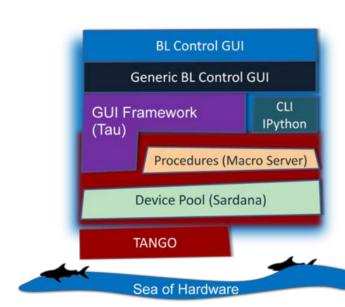


Really it doesn't matter !!! The business logic is kept in each Tango Device (act as a middleware). In this way a request to a device has the same behaviour whatever the client. You could even have the both open. The GUI is used to display several information at the same time. The CLI has the efficiency to change the system if you know the

The user have several ways to test different behaviour of the system, One way is given by Sardana by programming a new virtual device. Other commercial

products are available to communicate with Tango: MatLab which will be used by the MAXIV physicists.

Sardana in details

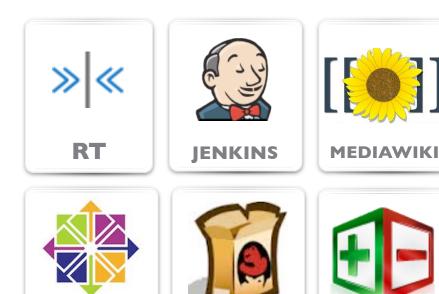


applications in large installations have been notoriously difficult to share. Inspired by the success of the Tango collaboration, ALBA decided to start the creation of a generic tool to enlarge the scope of the Tango project to include a standard client program - or better a standard generic user environment. From the beginning our aim has been to involve others in this process. At this moment in time the user environment consists of a highly configurable standard graphical user

interface, a standard command line interface understanding SPEC commands, and a standard way to compose new applications either by programming or with a graphical tool. It further consists of a standard macro executer, standard set of macros, a standard range of common hardware types (like motors, counters, cameras and so on) and a configuration editor to set all this

Source : http://www.tango- controls.org/static/sardana/ <u>latest/doc/html/users/</u> overview.html#sardana-

Development Infrastructure



CENTOS Several Open Source Software composed our toolbox to support the development of the

control system. RT the request tracker requirements and issues from the users. Git is used to manage the source code of each project, even the user's

program.

MediaWiki publishes the information useful to steer the control system. Jenkins automatically builds the last project from the standard platform, ready for deployment Finally the project is

deployed via a RPM package with all its dependencies.