



## Sub-nanosecond timing system design and development for LHAASO project

Guanghua Gong, Qiang Du Dept. of Engineering Physics Tsinghua Univ. Beijing

13<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Accelerator And Large Experimental Physics Control System 10-14<sup>th</sup> October 2011, WTC Grenoble, France





# Sub-nanosecond timing system

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## Outline









WEBHMULT04

astronomy

SILO DITE

# Large High Altitude Air Shower Observatory

LHAASO\_1

© 2009 Europa Technologies © 2009 Mapabc.com © 2009 Google Image © 2009 GeoEye Streaming ||||||||| 100%



.42" N 90°29'59.08" E elev 4296 m

Eye alt 6.46 km



Rarticle Array µ detector Array

Charge



6 km

Rarticle Array µ detector Array Water C Array

Charge



6 km

TH

Rarticle Array μ detector Array Water C Array Wide FOV C-Telescope Array **Gore Detector** 

Charge



6 km

# LHAASO detector

#### KM2A:

- > 5137 Electron detector, 15m spacing
- 1200 µ detector, 30m spacing
- WCDA: Water Cherenkov Detector Array
  - ▶ 150×150 m<sup>2</sup>
  - ➢ 3600 detector units
- WFCTA: *W*ide *F*OV *C*herenkov *T*elescope *A*rray
  - 24, 300m spacing
- SCDA: Shower Core Detector Array

Over 10,000 detector units Spread around 1Km2 area Reconstruct shower direction from *timing* of hits across detector

Synchronous timing among detectors



## Timing requirement



### Support 10,000 nodes

### clock distribution

clock is used for Time-Digital-Converter High accuracy, low phase noise



### time-stamp distribution

Trigger-less readout electronics, timestamp used for event alignment To guarantee pointing accuracy in reconstruction, Timestamp offset < 1ns



Automatic cable/fiber propagation correction

## Timing requirement – cont.



### High reliability, easy to maintain

manual intervention is difficult 24-7 running



#### Low power consumption

Heat sinking is problem Power from solar panel is limited



### **Environmental robustness**

Wide temperature range High altitude, thin air



#### Low cost

Simple hierarchy, less items Share cable/fiber with data link path

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### **Evolution of Timing Distribution Method**

 Method	Ability	Accuracy jitter	Medium	Layer	Complexity	Manageability
Radio Clock	Time	10ms	Wireless	Layer 1	Simple	No
NTP	Time	1ms	Wireless	Layer 3	Complex	No
CDMA	Time/Freq	10µs	Wireless	Layer 2	Complex	?
WCDMA	Time/Freq	3μs	Wireless	Layer 2	Complex	?
WiMAX/ LTE	Time/Freq	1µs	Wireless	Layer 2	Complex	?
GPS	Time/Freq	14ns	Sat – earth	Layer 1	Simple	No
PTPv2	Time	~ns	Ethernet	Layer 2	Complex	Yes
UTI J.211	Time/Freq	lns	Cable	Layer 1	Simple	Yes
SDH/SyncE	Freq	10ps	Ethernet	Layer 1	Simple	No
White Rabbit	Time/Freq	<1ns	Fiber GBE	Layer 1, 2	Complex	Yes
Optical carrier sync	Freq	<50fs	Fiber	Layer 1	Ultra complex	Yes
Optical Frequency Comb distribution	Time/Freq	<10fs	Fiber	Layer 1	Ultra complex	Yes

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	WiMAX/ LTE	Time/Freq	1µs	Wireless	Layer 2	Complex	?	
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### White Rabbit





An extension to Ethernet which provides:

- Synchronous mode (Sync-E) common clock for physical layer in entire network, allowing for precise time and frequency transfer.
- Deterministic routing latency a guarantee that packet transmission delay between two stations will never exceed a certain boundary.

## Possible application of Write Rabbit



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## Possible application of Write Rabbit



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## WR applicability for LHAASO



### Test setup





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### Test setup



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### Test result



### **Fiber Length Compensation**

Fiber	PPS delay				
Length	Mean <sup>1</sup>	Sdev <sup>2</sup>			
30cm	121.02ns	115.49ps			
1km	125.72ns	110.66ps			
5km	127.62ns	105.14ps			

### **Repeatability of Recovered PPS**

#Run	<b>30cm</b>	1km	2km	3km	4km	5km
Run 1	16.05	15.89	15.82	15.78	15.67	15.57
Run 2	16.05	15.92	15.89	15.76	15.64	15.65
Run 3	16.02	15.93	15.86	15.72	15.67	15.65
Average	16.04	15.91	15.86	15.75	15.66	15.62
Peak-Peak	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.06	0.03	0.08
Link delay	473	10305	20145	29969	39801	49641

Note 1: the delay mainly comes from the length difference of the coaxial cables used for measurement. Note 2: the deviation mainly comes from the test signal drive circuit.

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## Test result



#### **Fiber Length Compensation**

## Fiber length automatically measured and compensated

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### Test result



#### **Fiber Length Compensation**



#### **Repeatability of Recovered PPS**

The repeatability is less than 100ps

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## White Rabbit Topology in LHAASO



Global Time and clock reference from GPS and Rubidium oscillator Each nodes has a "Synchronization and Transmission Mezzanine"

### WR network



#### ~10,000 Ports

- WRS #ports count! 1300 for 8port, 650 for 16 port, 330 for 32port
- Network management required
- Boundary clock cross 4 layers
- Certain level of redundancy is needed

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## WR in CO-HT's hardware Kit

### WR in Co-HT's Hardware Kit





BE-CO Hardware and Timing section CERN

November 11, 2010

#### Co-HT FMC-based Hardware Kit:

- FMCs (FPGA Mezzanine Cards) with ADCs, DACs, TDCs, fine delays, digital I/O
- Carrier boards in PCI-Express, VME and uTCA formats
- All carriers are equipped with a White Rabbit port

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### An opposite situation



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## STM



- The STM has the similar functionality as SPEC No carriage, No PCIe, No PWR, no SATA ....
- Merge the SPEC into FMC form! Keep all connections compatible!
- Difficult but seems not impossible!

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- LHAASO will be built in 5~6 years. 10000 detector units need to be precisely synchronized!
- Timing system based on Write Rabbit technology is proposed.
- A demonstration has been setup and tested

### Thank you!



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