

Strategy of the Lattice and Optics Design of 2 loop Compact ERL and Multi-GeV ERL

The 50th ICFA Advanced Beam Dynamics Workshop on Energy
Recovery Linacs

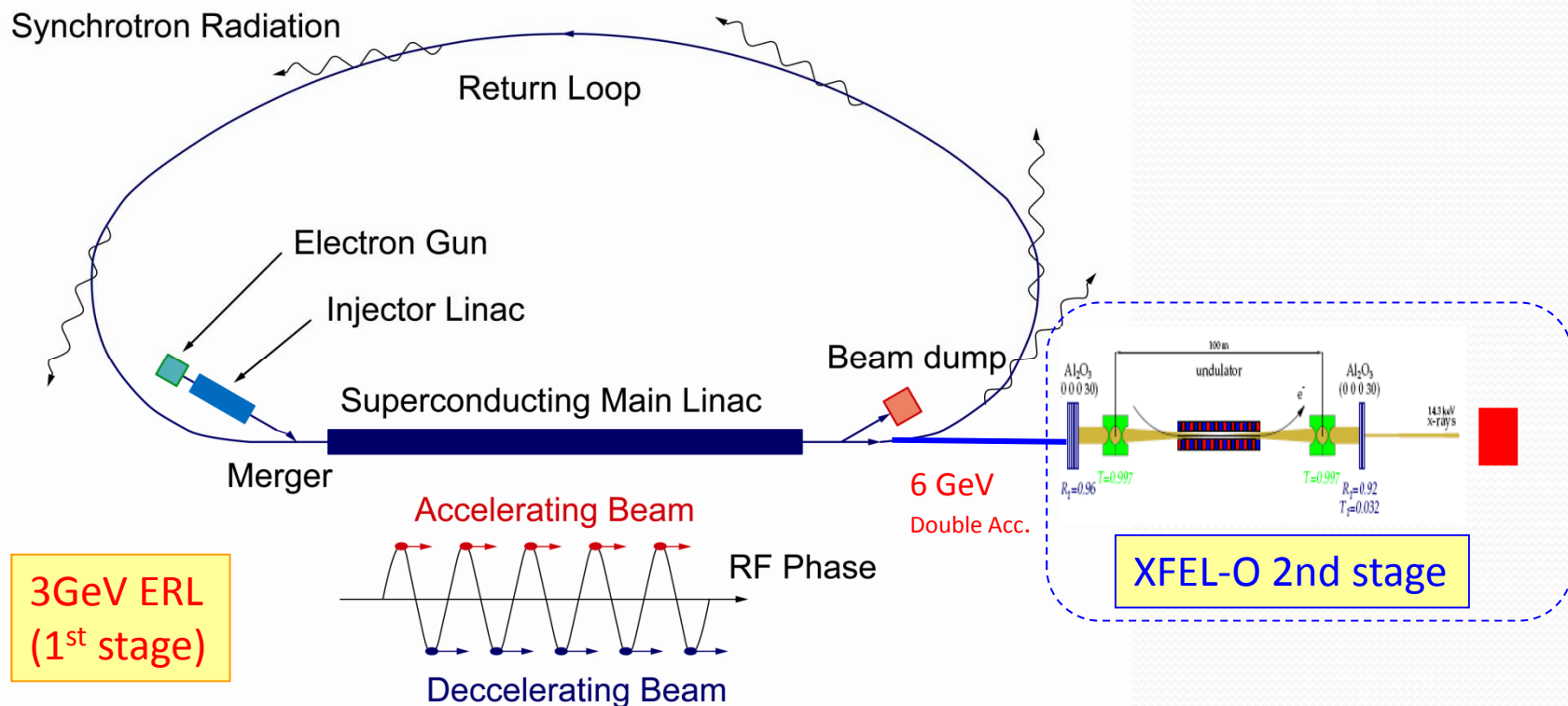
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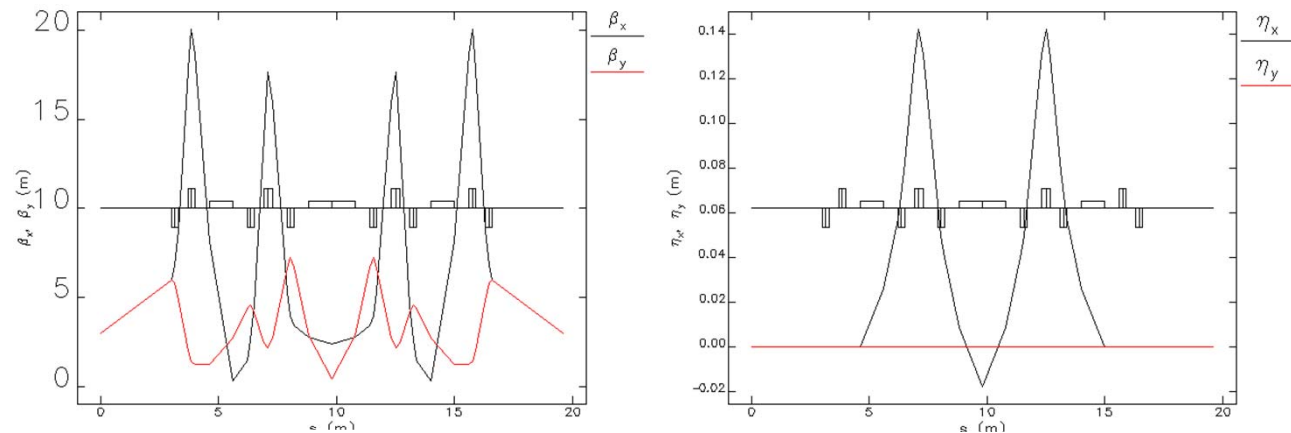
Multi GeV ERL

- **Multi-GeV ERL and XFEL-O** are considered as a successor of Photon Factory of KEK.
- **The extreme low emittance beam** is necessary for both operation to achieve a high performance.

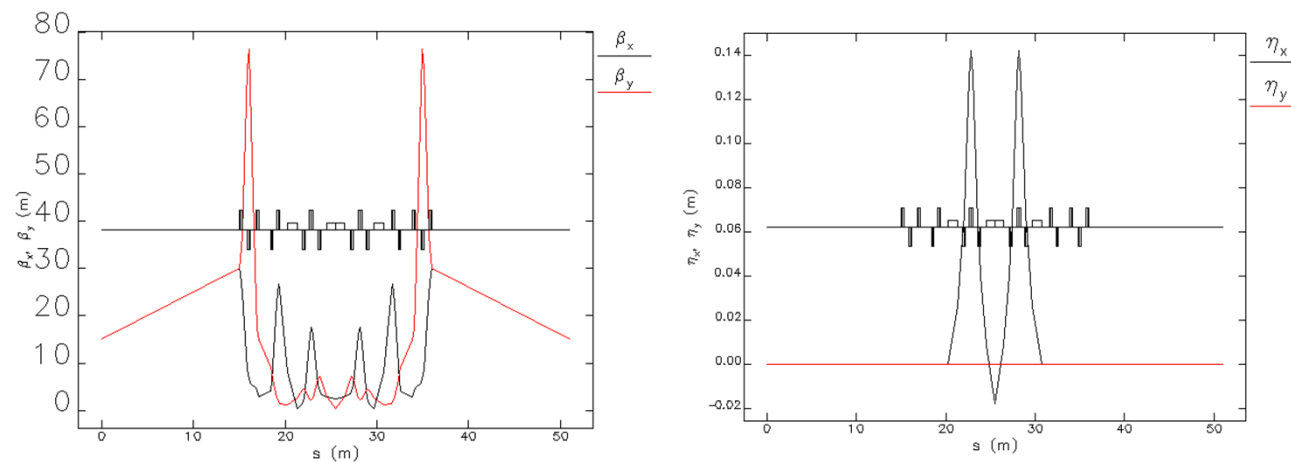


Linear optics of TBA cell of circulator (preliminary)

6m Short cell
(11 x 2)



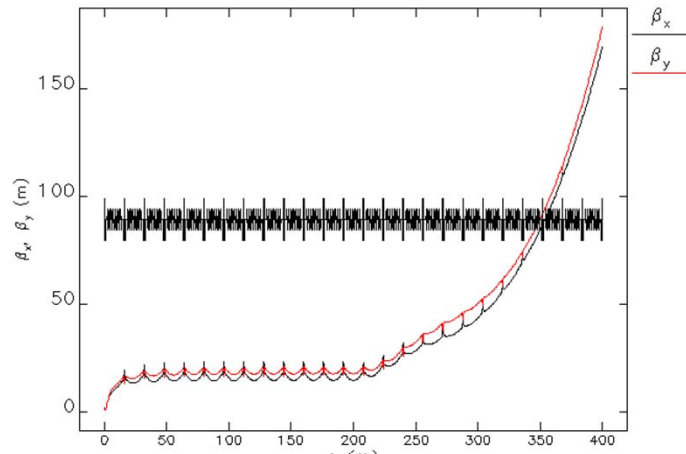
30 m Long cell
(3 x 2 + 1)



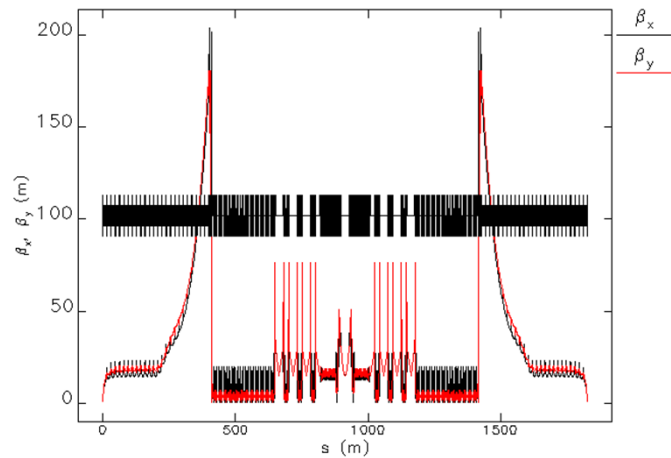
Achromatic and Isochronous.
Phase advance per 2 cell is π (horizontal).

Linear optics of 3 GeV ERL (preliminary)

Acceleration

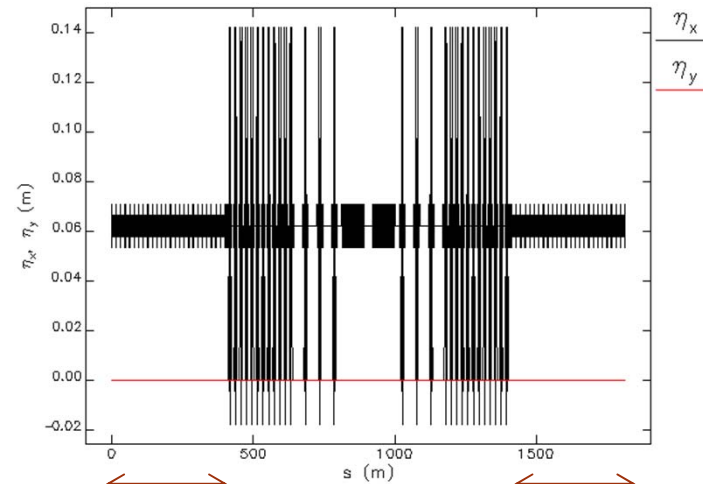


- 400 m - 3 GeV linac
- Eight 9-cell cavities in a cryomodule.
- Cavities are connected by the triplets.
- Betatron function is minimized below 1.5 GeV to suppress the BBU.
- Deceleration is symmetric to the acceleration.



Acceleration

Deceleration

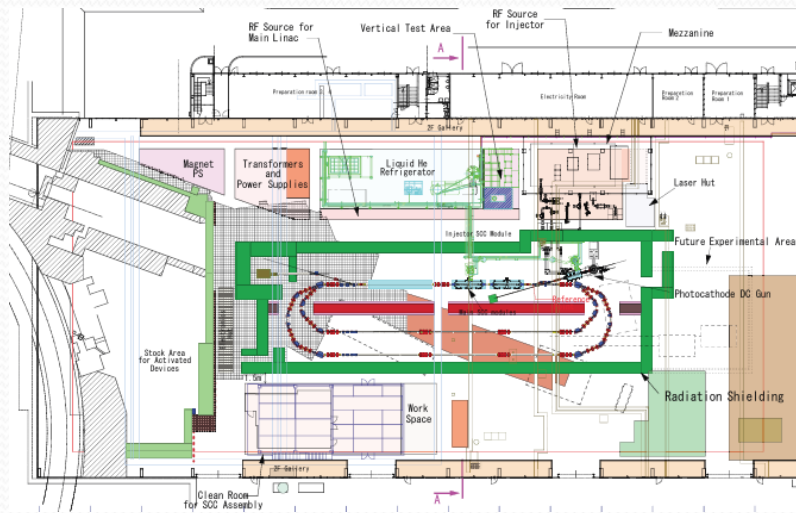
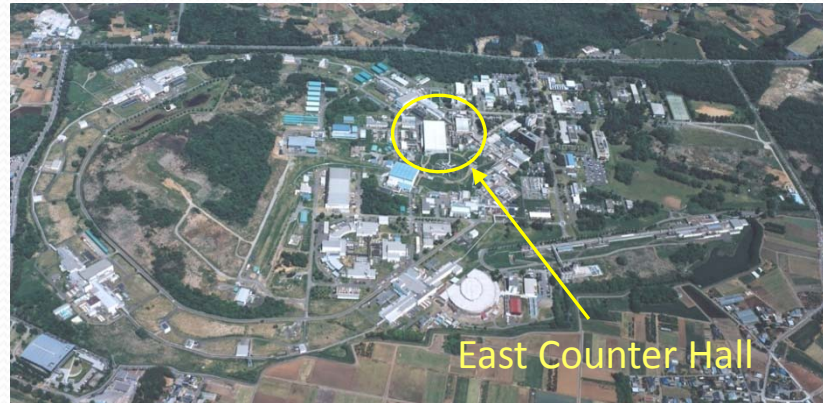


Acceleration

Deceleration

Compact ERL

R&D machine, 2 loop Compact ERL is under construction



R&D of S2E simulation is also started for Compact ERL.

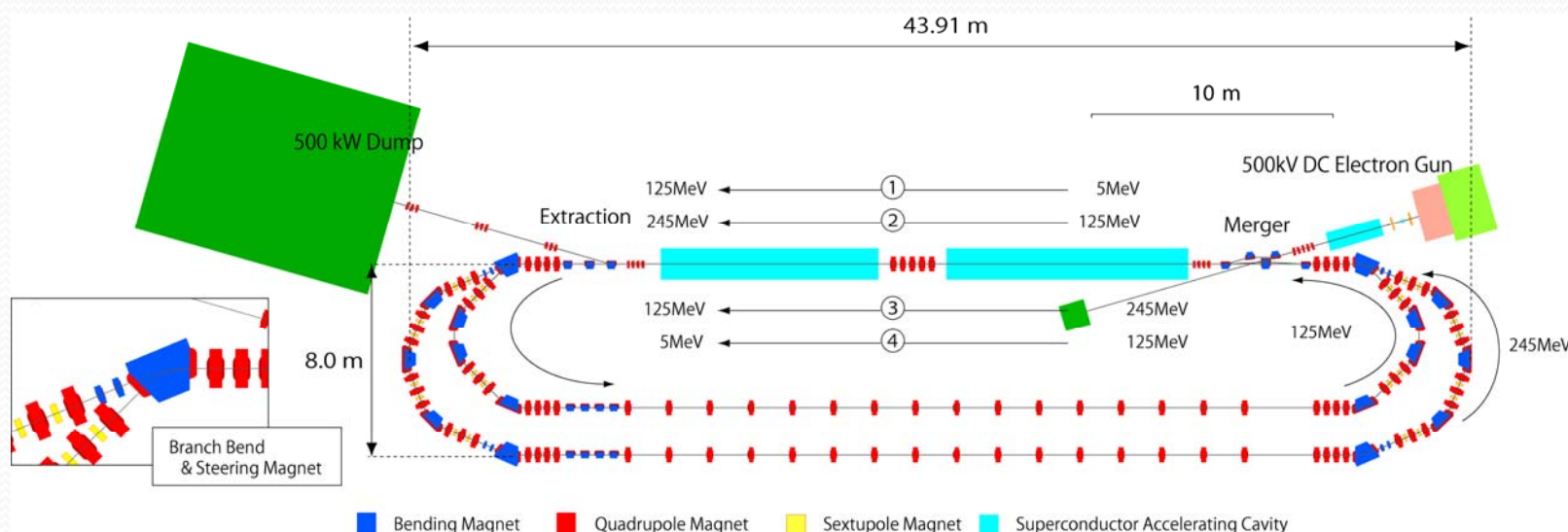
Double Loop Compact ERL

- Why did we choose a double loop circulator?

It is for saving
construction area
number of accelerator cavities
running cost of the refrigerators

Injection energy	5- 10 MeV
Full energy	245 MeV
Electron charge	77 pC
Normalized emittance	< 1 mm-mrad
Bunch length	1-3 ps

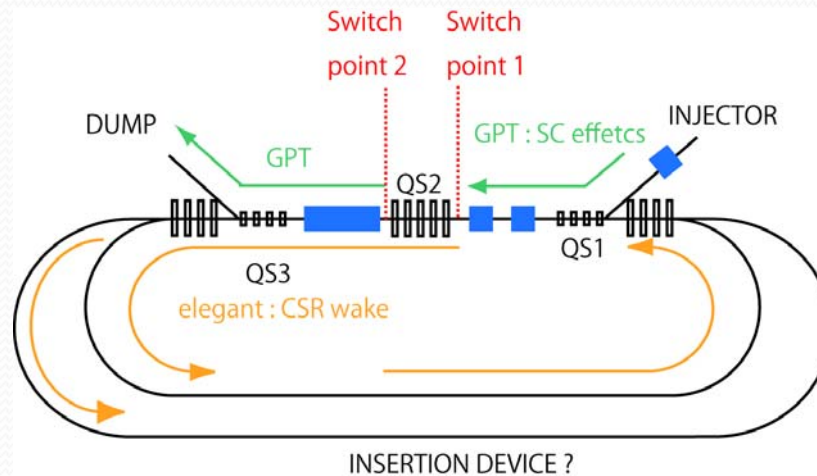
Main parameters



Layout of double loop Compact ERL

Start-to-End (S2E) simulation for cERL (I)

S2E simulation : simulation code is switched by stages of accelerator.
(e.g., injector, circulator, FEL)



To evaluate the emittance growth due to space charge (SC) effects and CSR wake

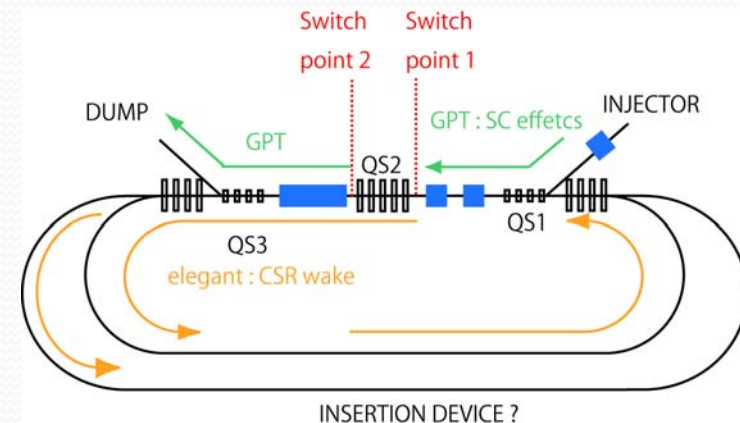
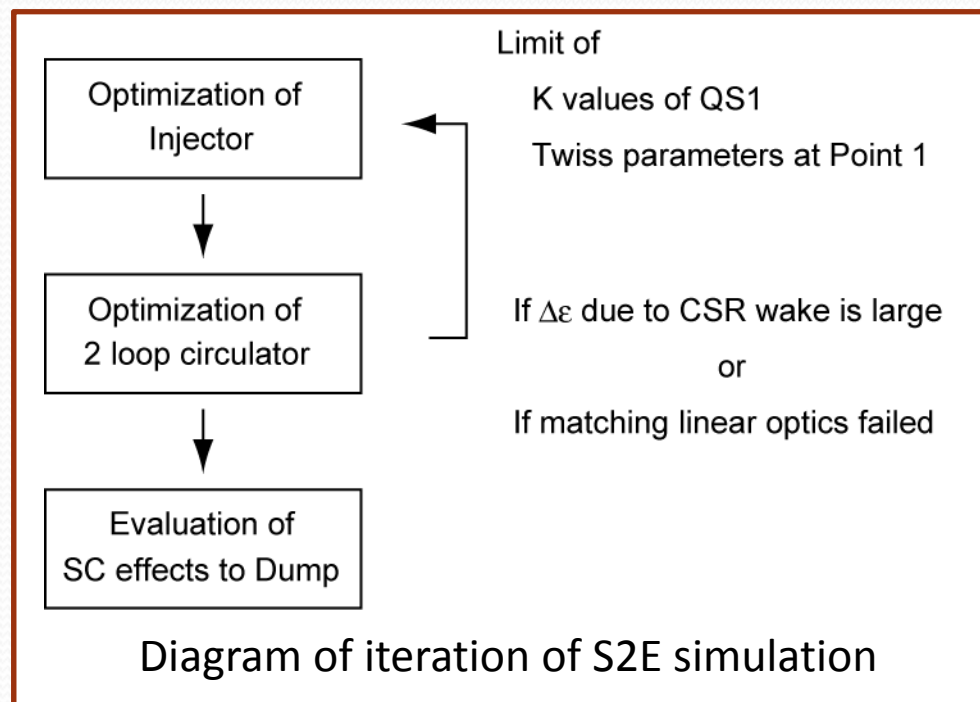
- Low energy region (< 65 MeV) , Injector and deceleration
General Particle Tracer (GPT) : including SC effects,
ignoring CSR wake to save CPU time, **not fast**
- High energy region (> 65 MeV), 2 loop circulator
'elegant' : lacking SC effects, including 1D transient CSR wake, **fast**

S2E simulation for cERL (II)

Goal

- Transport beam with the low emittance to the insertion device in outer loop
- Transport beam to the dump with reasonable beam size

- S2E simulation with iteration



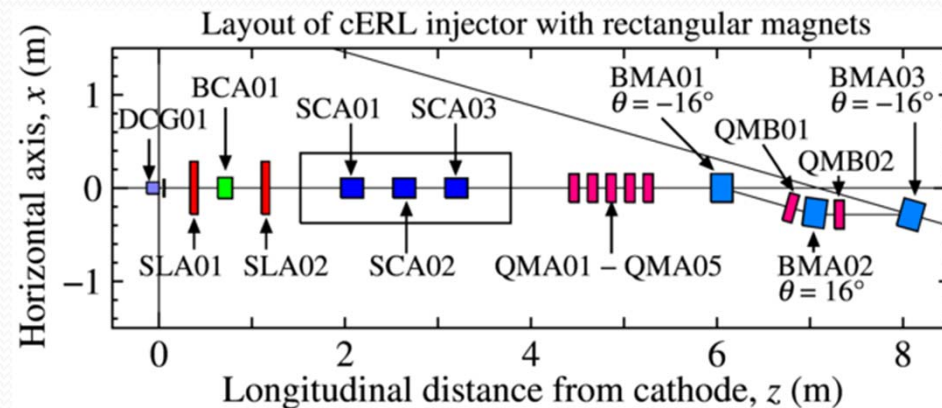
The 6D distribution data is passed from the electron gun to the dump (self-consistent)

Layout and optimization of injector

1. Minimization of emittance

Two solenoids and five quadrupole magnets

are used for compensation of the emittance growth



2. Matching with circulator loops

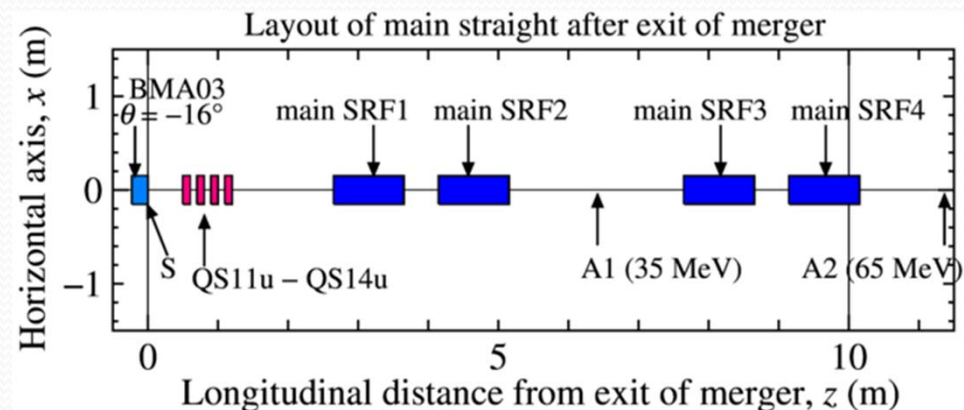
Four quadrupole magnets

are used for matching Twiss parameters

Point A2 : Switching point, 65MeV

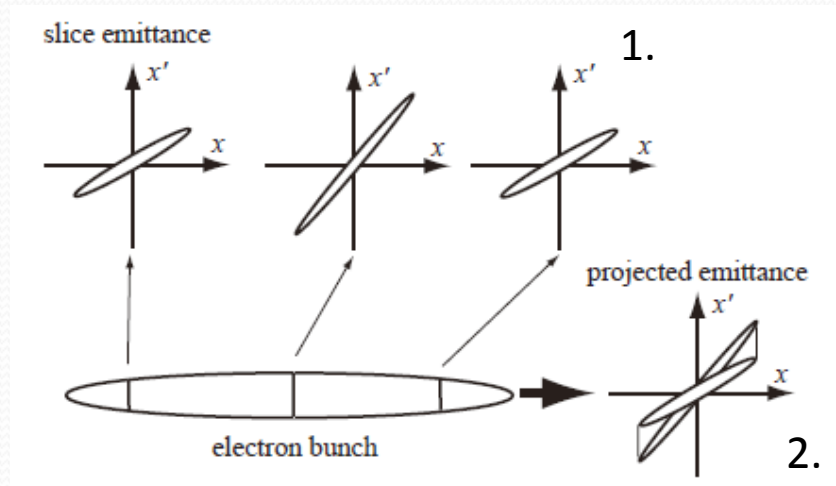
Target of Twiss parameters

$$\beta_x, \beta_y < 100 \text{ m}, -2 < \alpha_x, \alpha_y < 2$$



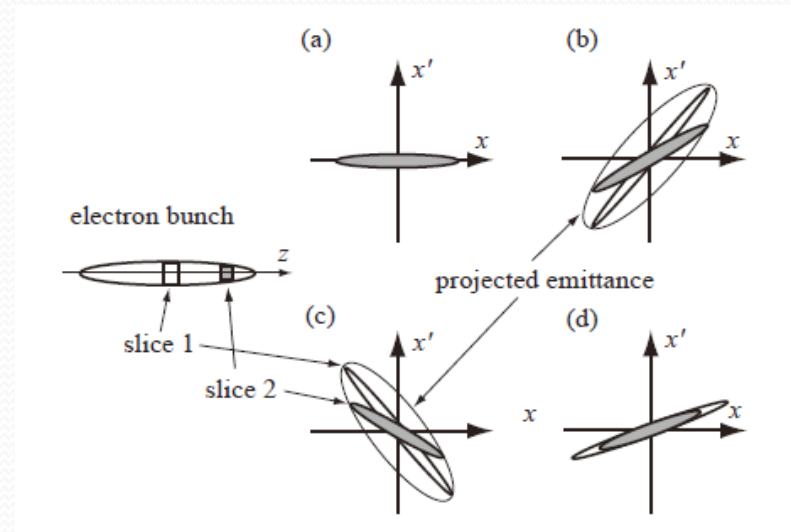
Emittance growth due to space charge effects

Projected emittance growth



1. Defocusing force of the electron depends on the electron density.
2. The projected emittance increases if slice emittance depends on the longitudinal position.

Compensation of emittance growth



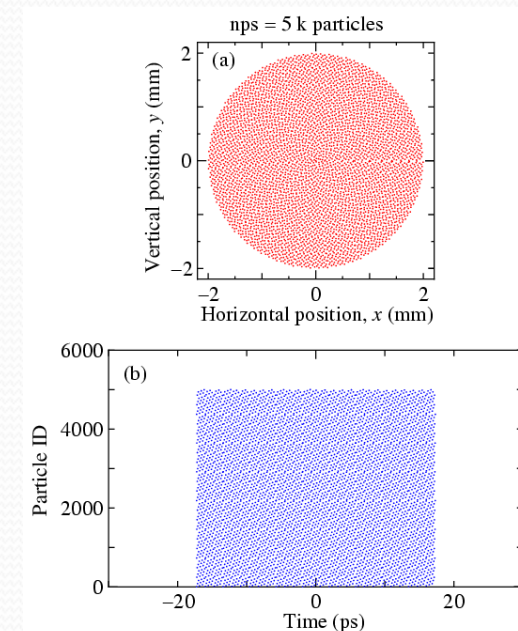
- Solenoids and quadrupole magnets are effective.
- Above schematic figure : Solenoid

Simulation with GPT at injector

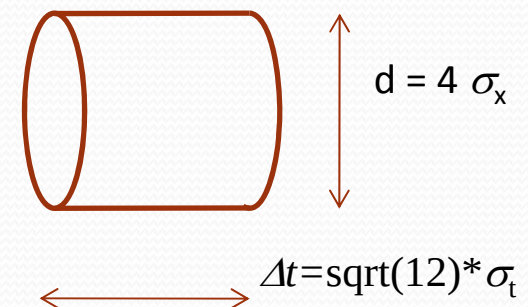
Beam energy	5 – 10 MeV
Beam current	10 – 100 mA (1.3 GHz)
Normalized rms emittance $\varepsilon_n = \varepsilon/(\gamma\beta)$	< 1 mm·mrad (77 pC/bunch)
Rms bunch length (rms)	1 – 3 ps (0.3 – 0.9 mm)

- ❑ Particle tracking code: GPT (General Particle Tracer) [1]
- ❑ Space charge calculation: 3D mesh based method
- ❑ Initial particle distribution: beer-can
- ❑ No CSR effect in merger section to save a CPU time
- ❑ Optimization performed by 2k particles to save a CPU time
- ❑ 6D distribution data of 100k particles is used for S2E simulation

[1] Pulsar Physics, <http://www.pulsar.nl/gpt/index.html>



Initial distribution on cathode: beer-can



Main linac of Double Loop Circulator

- Main linac : Two accelerator and two decelerator beams
- To make it easy to optimize the four beams at the same time,
 - Quasi-symmetric optics
 - Dummy Loop: Loops are replaced by 4 x FODO
- Q for 5MeV also focus higher energy, 125 and 245MeV

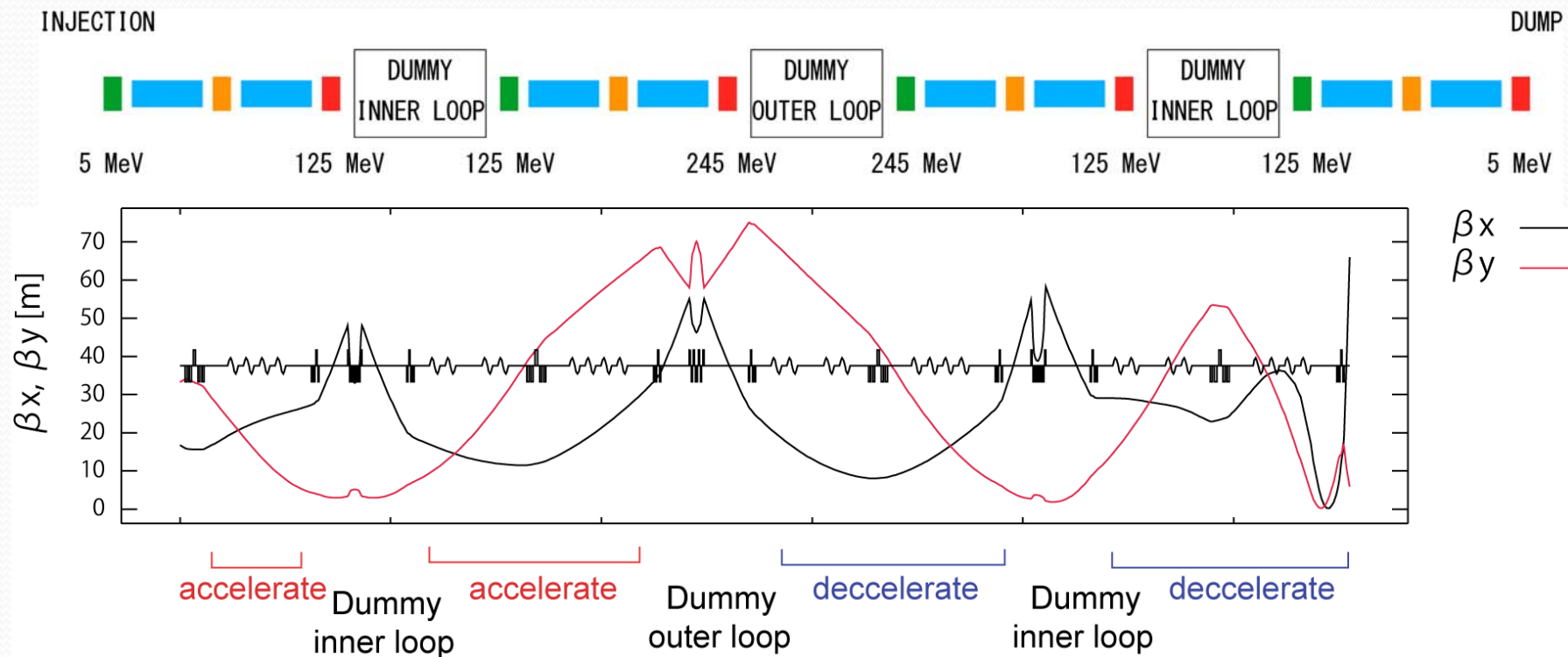
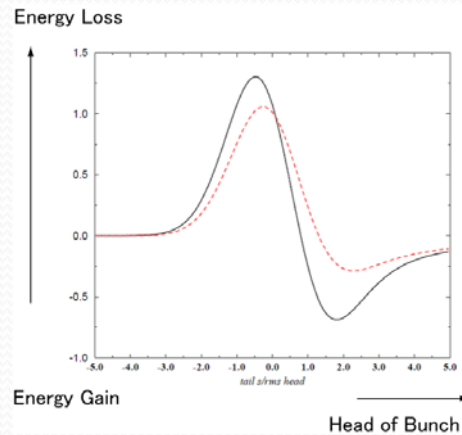
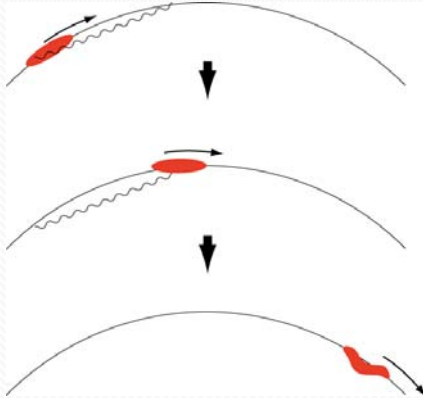
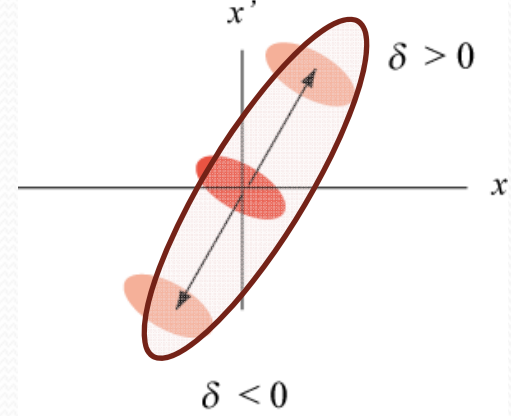


Fig. All accelerator and decelerator linear optics of 2-loop ERL with dummy loops

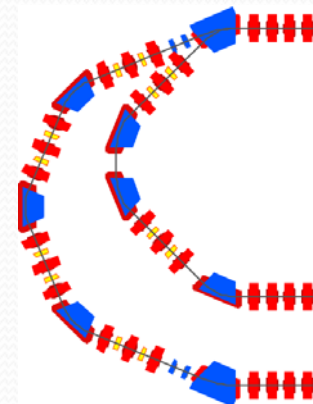
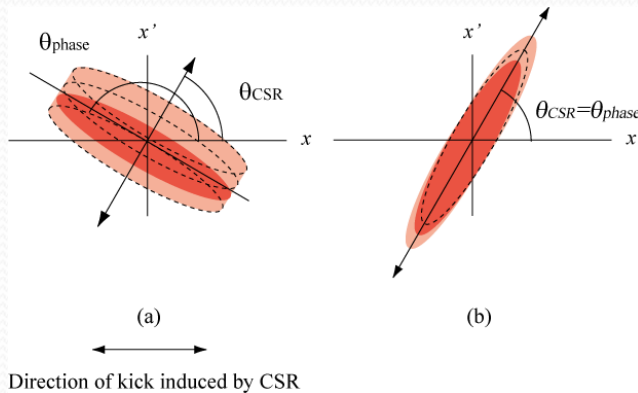
Emittance growth due to CSR wake



Exit of Bending Magnets



Energy distribution is distorted in bending magnet $\longrightarrow$ Emittance growth

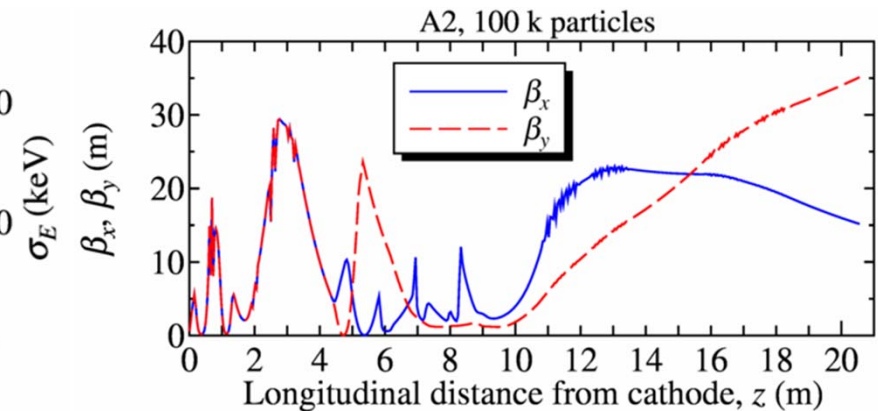
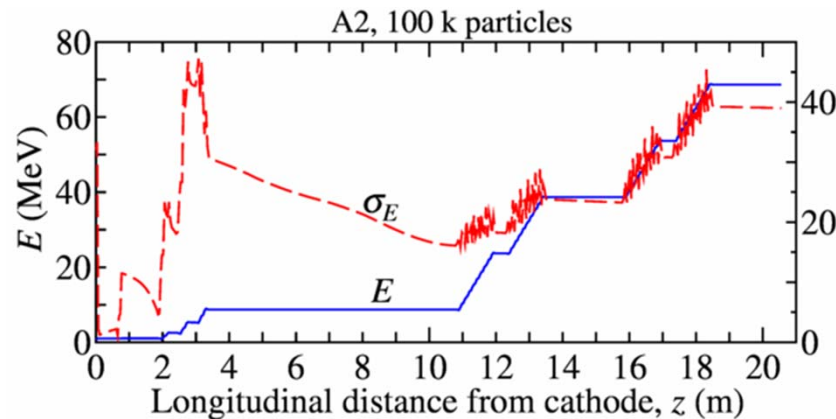
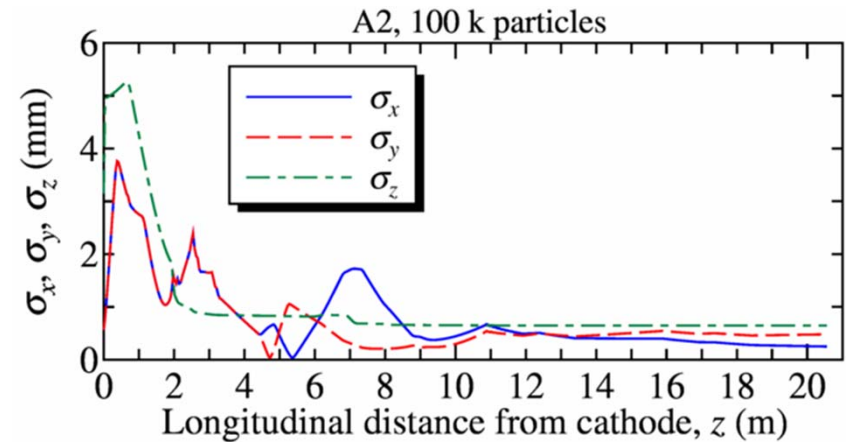
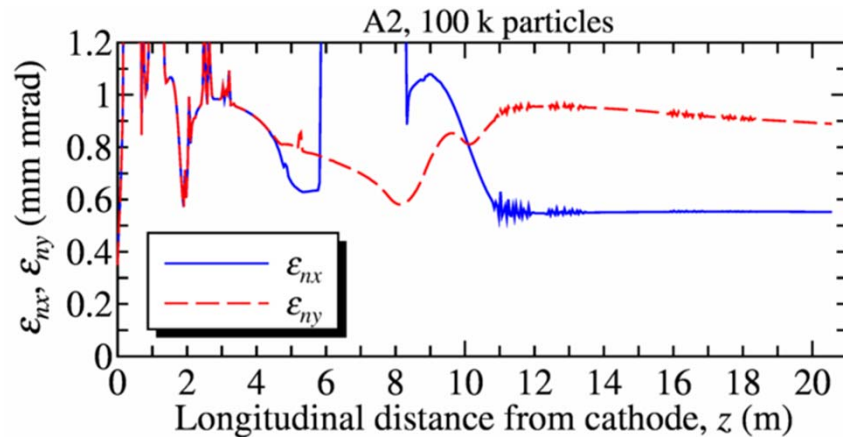


Phase matching is effective but...

Which bending magnet should be matched ?

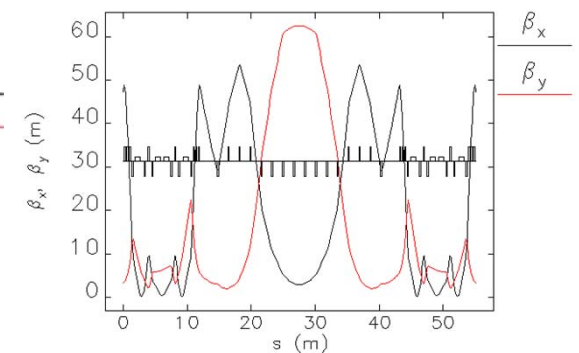
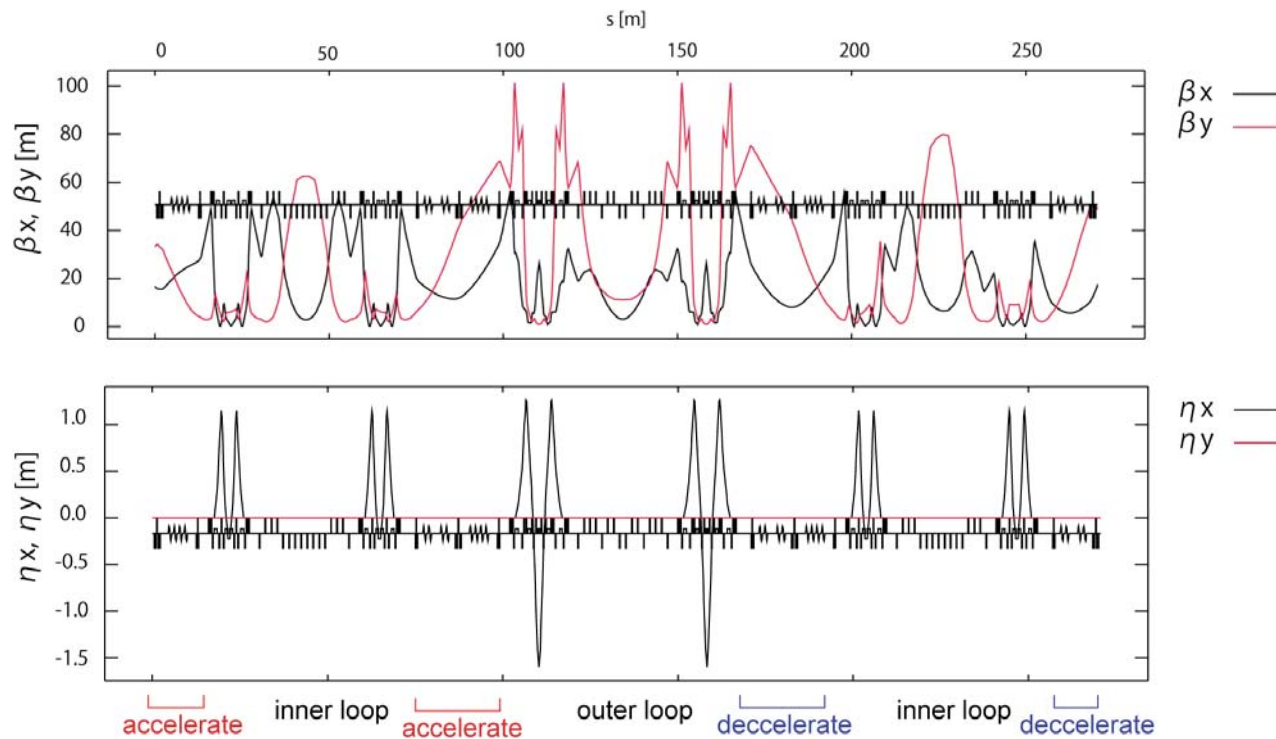
It is difficult to analytically minimize the emittance growth.

Optimization results of Injector

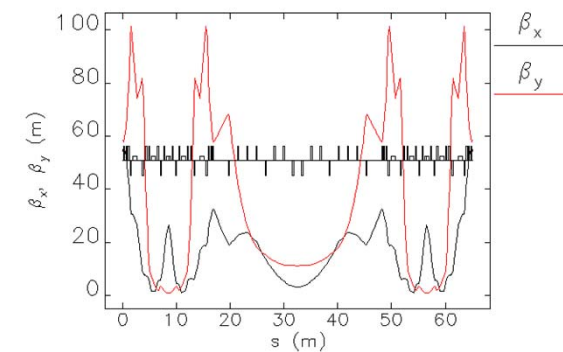


- $(\beta_x, \alpha_x, \beta_y, \alpha_y) = (16.7 \text{ m}, 0.83, 33.3 \text{ m}, -0.76)$. The normalized emittances are minimized down to 0.54 [H] and 0.89 [V] mm-mrad.

Optical function of Double Loop Circulator



Inner loop

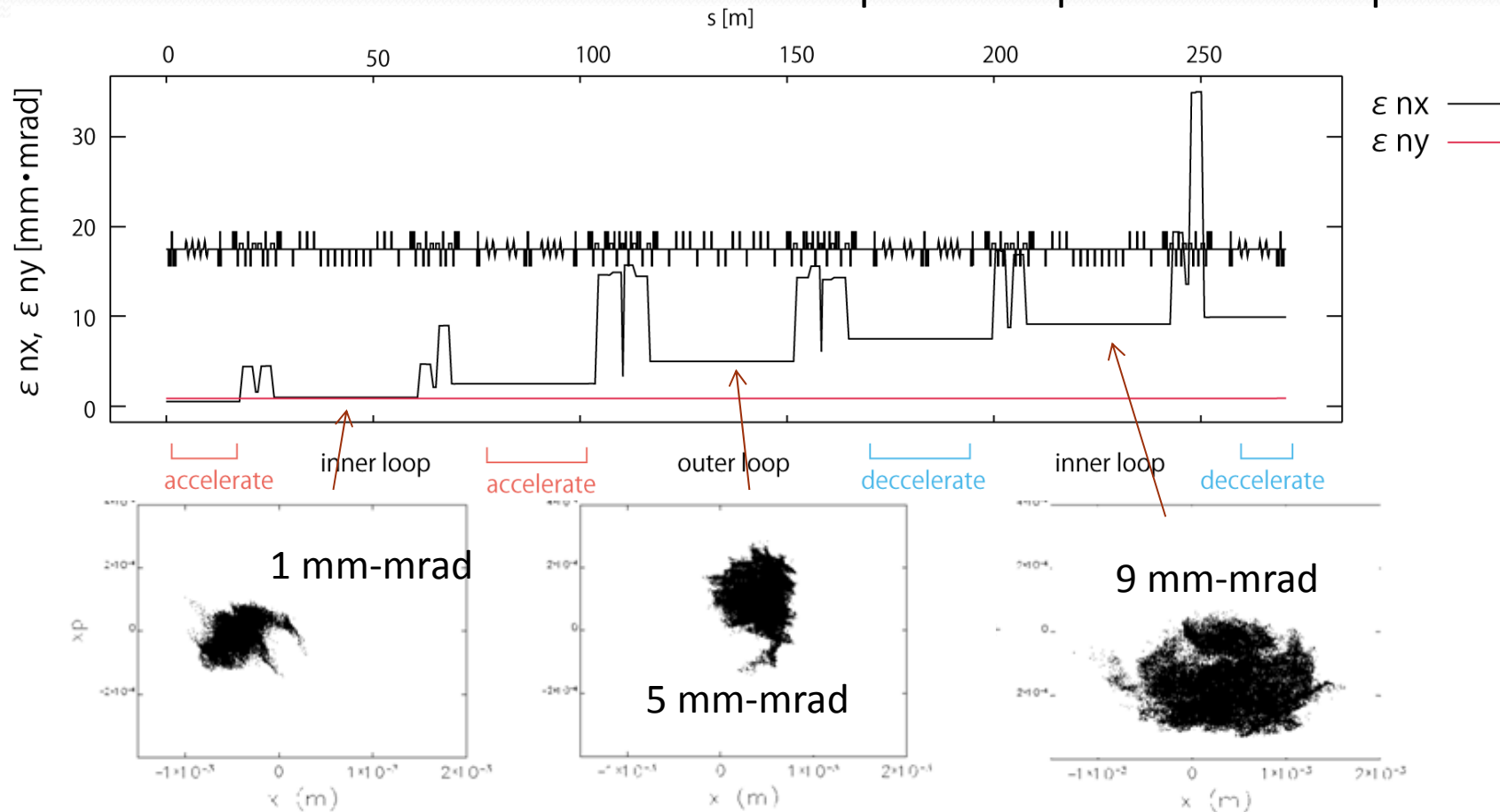


Outer loop

- Optical functions are quasi-symmetric.
- β_x and β_y can be suppressed below 100 m in the whole circulator.
- Inner and outer loops are achromat and isochronous.

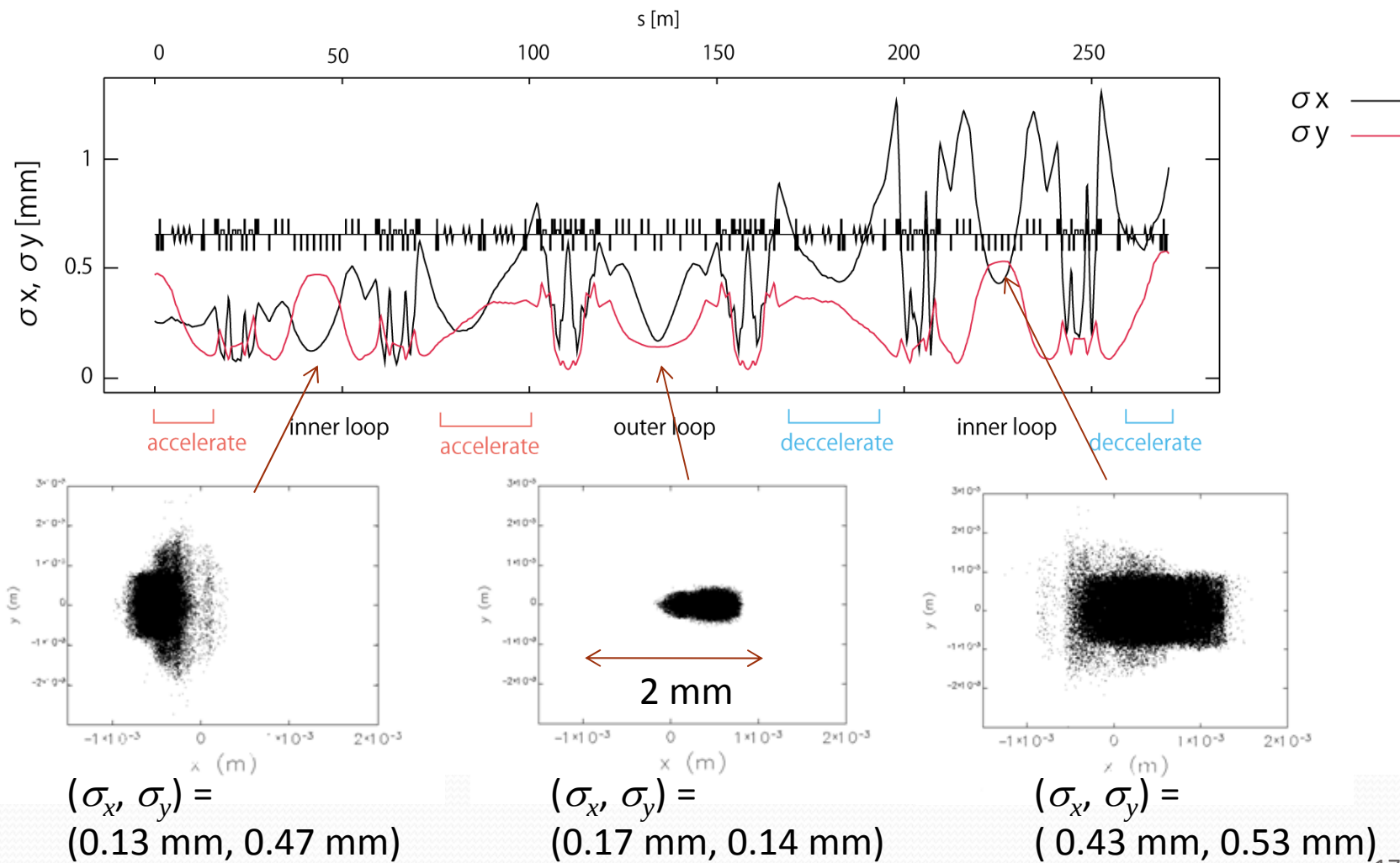
Development of emittance

- ε_{nx} increases step by step at every each arc.
 - In the first inner loop : 1 mm-mrad
 - In the outer loop : 5 mm-mrad
- The low emittance beam is difficult for 2 loop ERL compared with 1 loop ERL



Development of rms beam size

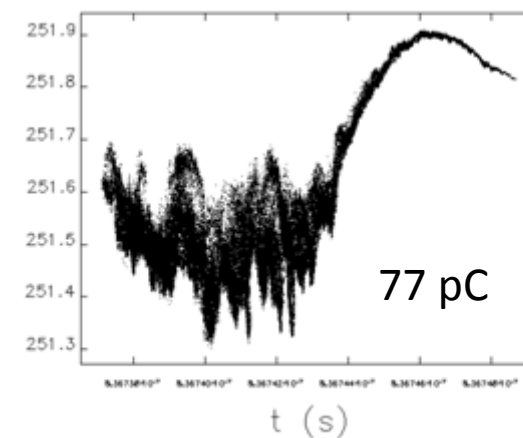
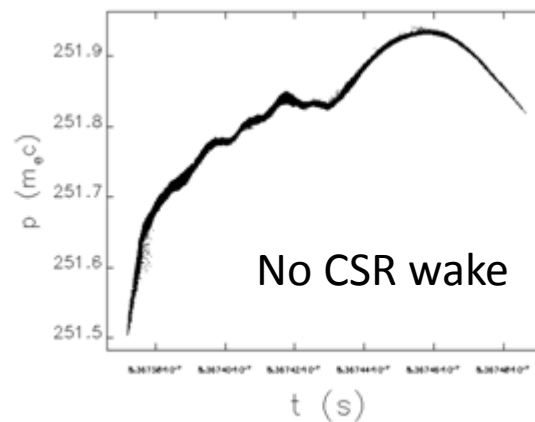
- Small σ_x and σ_y can be achieved at outer loop because of low β_x and β_y .



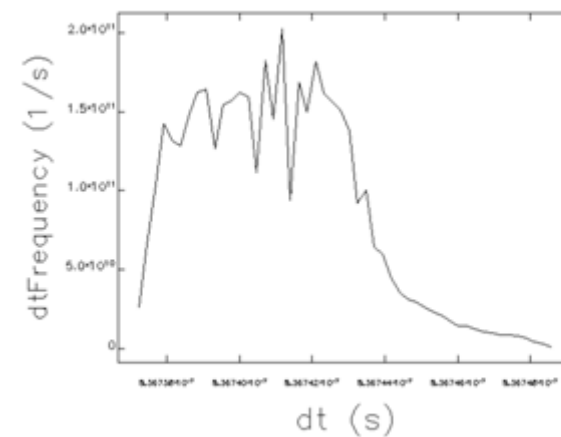
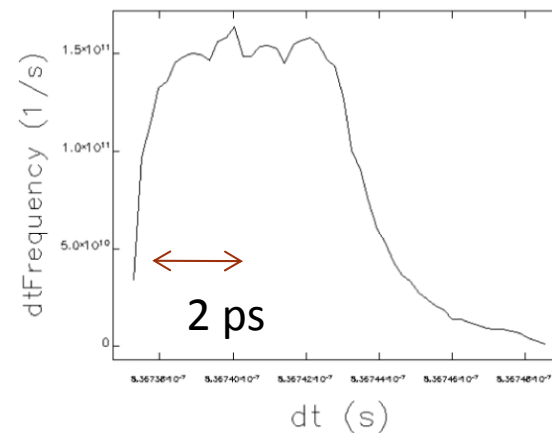
Longitudinal phase space and distribution

125 MeV electron bunch just before the second deceleration

Longitudinal
phase space

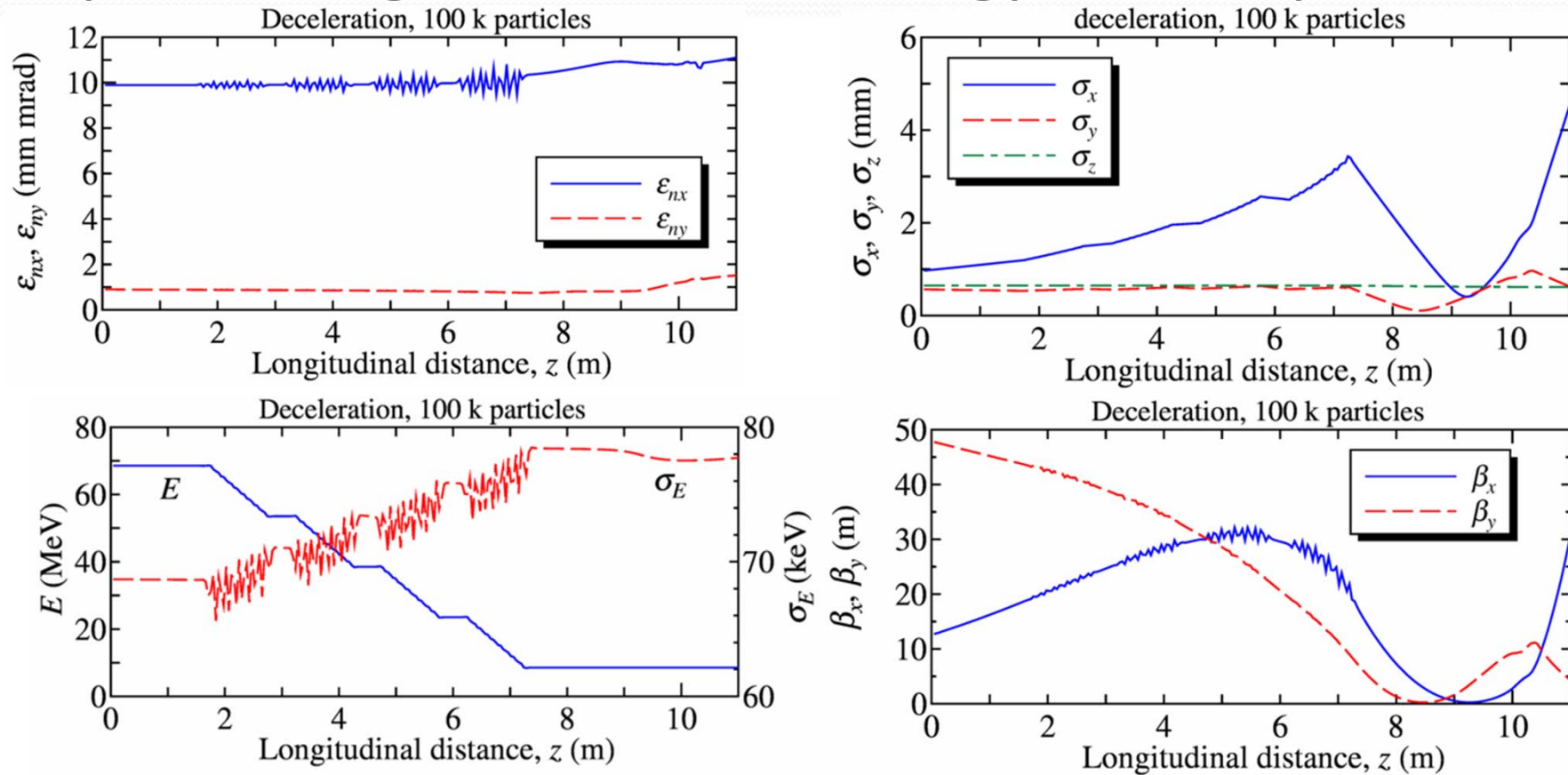


Histogram of
the longitudinal
distribution



Modulation at the head of the electron bunch is enhanced due to the CSR wake.

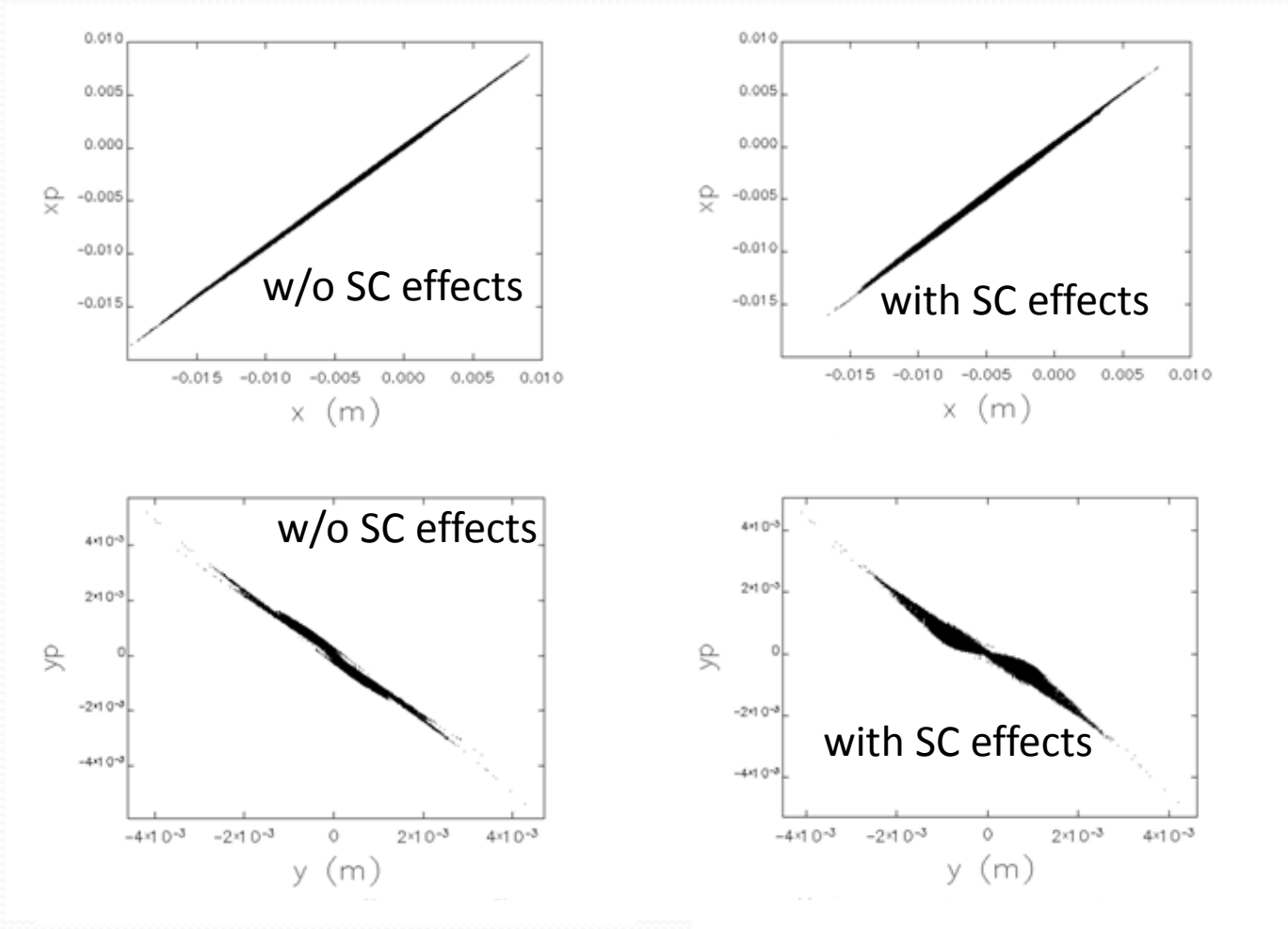
Space charge effect after energy recovery



Rms beam size of σ_x and σ_y are just before the extraction chicane :
 $(\sigma_x, \sigma_y) = (4.1 \text{ mm}, 0.68 \text{ mm})$

The decelerated electron bunch can be transported
to the dump with reasonable beam size.

Distribution just before extraction chicane to the dump



- SC effects increase σ_y , ε_{nx} , ε_{ny} by a few 10% but decrease σ_x from 5 mm to 4 mm.

Summary

- Design of the linear optics of 3 GeV ERL is going on.
 - 22 x 6 m short cell TBA and 7 x 30 m long cell TBA.
 - 400 m linac accelerating up to 3 GeV is optimized for BBU.
- The first trial of S2E simulation for the 2 loop cERL is reported.
 - GPT is used for low energy in the injector and deceleration, 'elegant' for high energy in circulator loops.
 - S2E simulation is need to be iterated for high performance.
 - Minimization of emittance and optical matching between injector and circulator are simultaneously performed.
 - Linear optics of double loop is optimized with a scheme of 'dummy loops'.
- It reveals the difficulty of maintaining the low emittance beam at 2 loop ERL compared to 1 loop.
 - First inner loop : 1mm-mrad (Corresponding to single loop)
 - Outer loop : 5 mm-mrad (Corresponding to double loop)
- The decelerated electron bunch can be transported to the dump with reasonable beam size.
- Modulation at the head of the electron bunch is enhanced due to the CSR wake.