

The Creation of Large-Volume, Gradient-Free Warm Dense Matter with an X-Ray Free-Electron Laser

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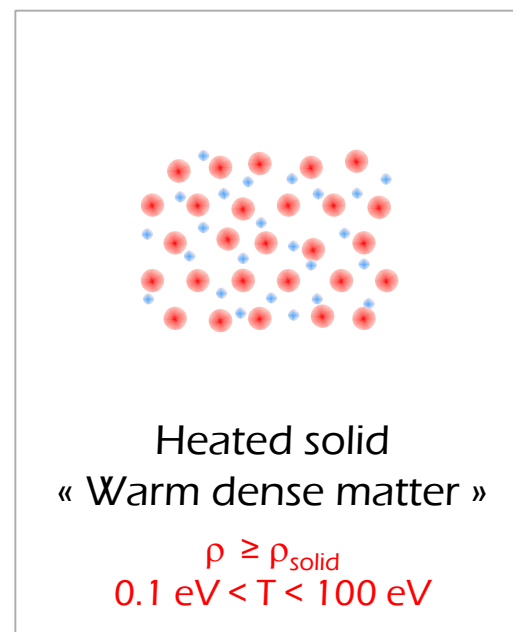
Department of Physics,
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CELIA, Univ. Bordeaux,
France

Instituto Superior Técnico,
Portugal

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Germany

Institute for Material
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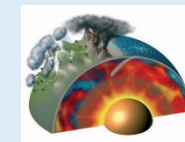


Strongly correlated and
partially degenerated

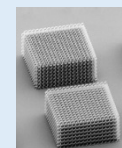
• Inertial fusion
confinement

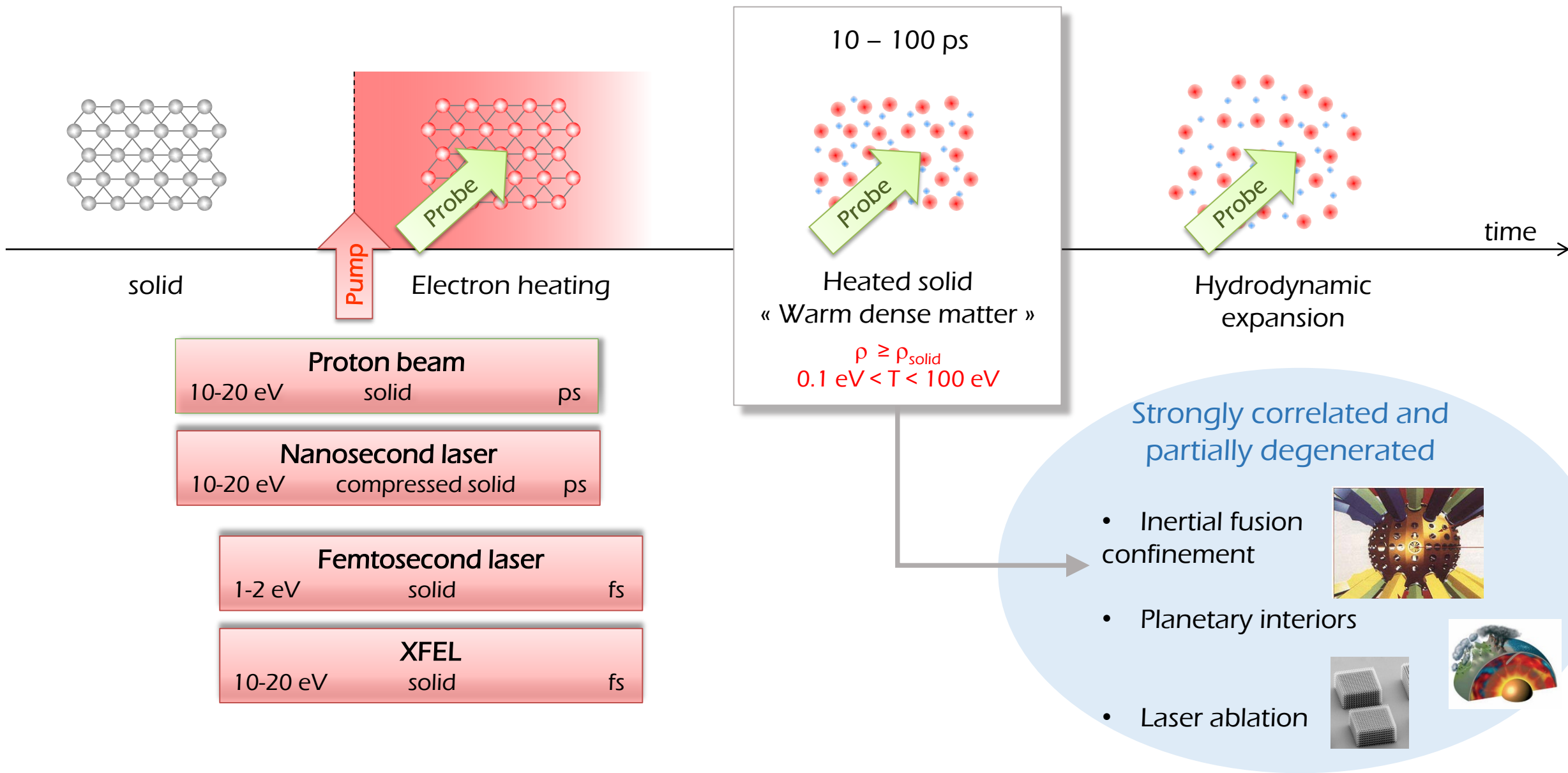


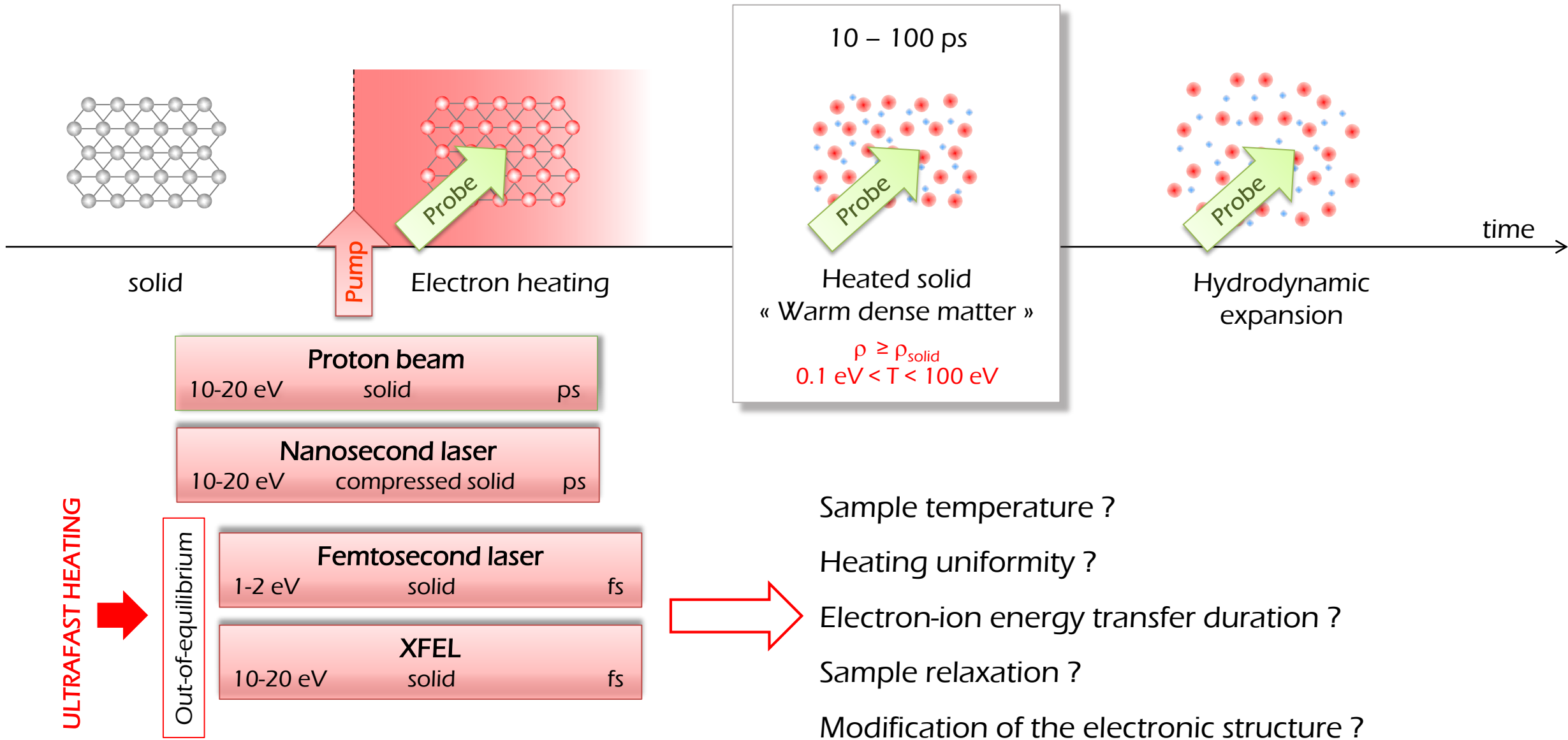
• Planetary interiors

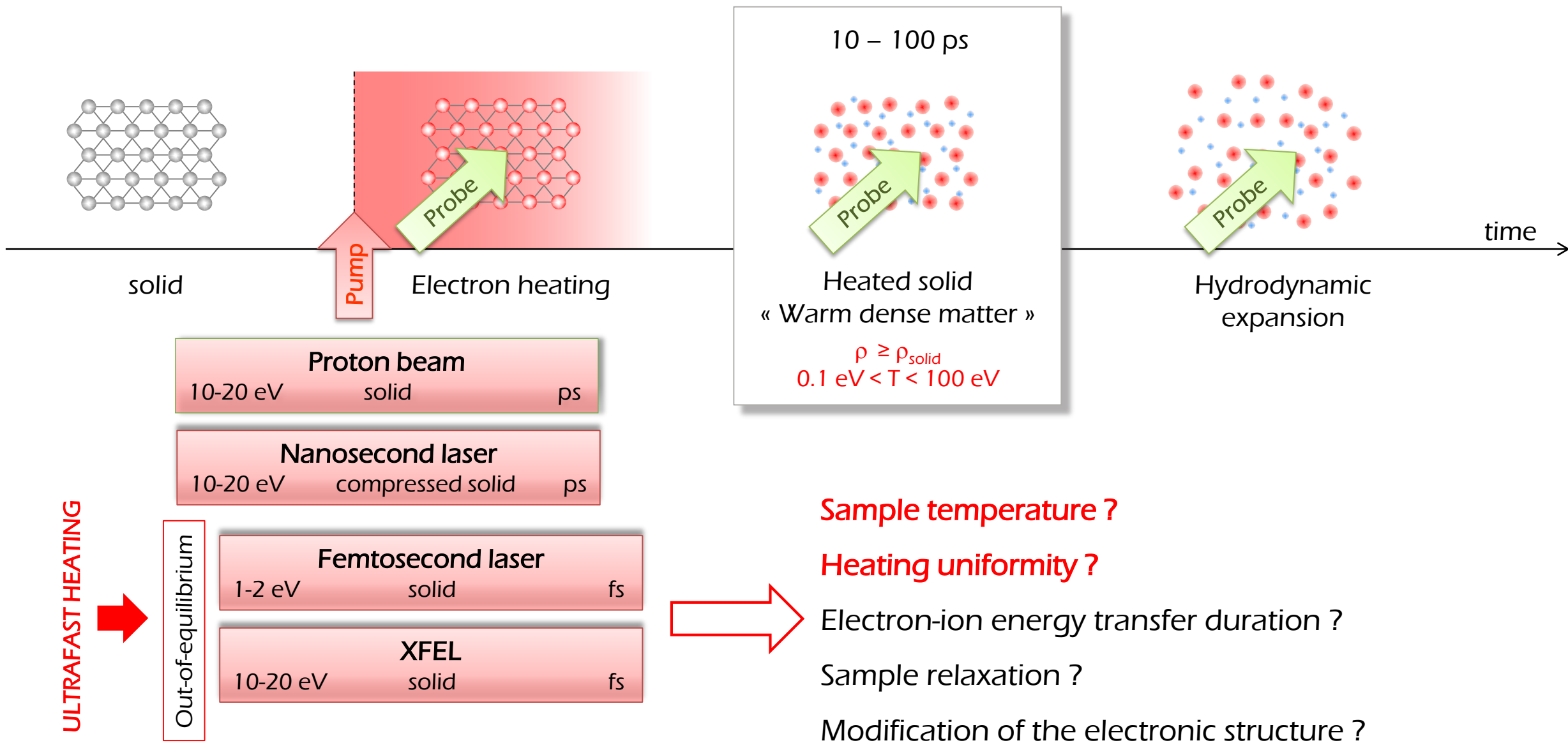


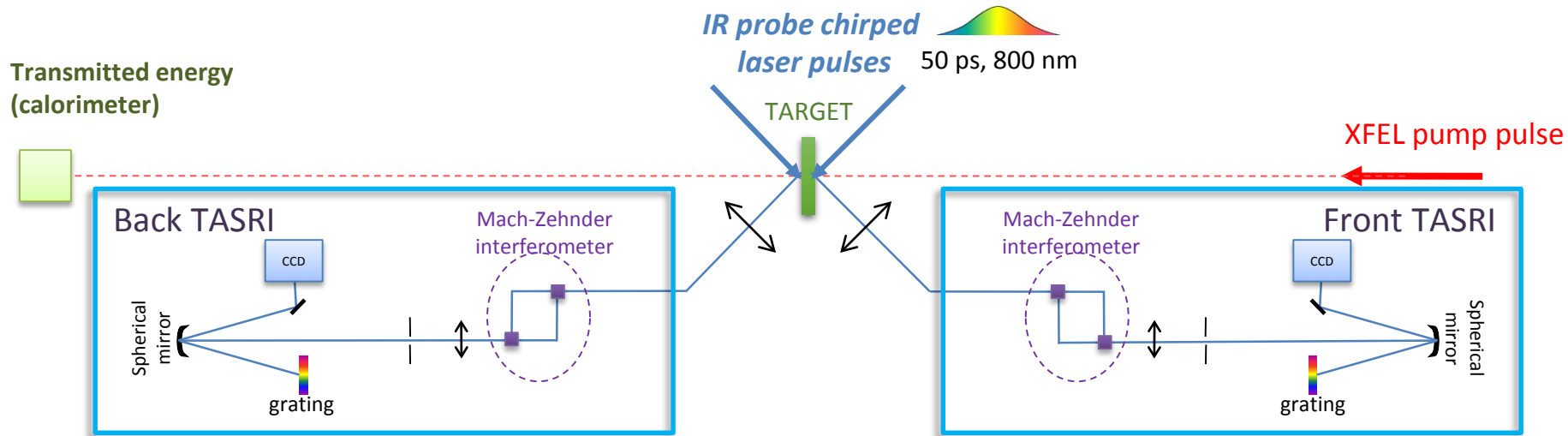
• Laser ablation











X-ray Pump Probe (XPP) Instrument – SLAC/LCLS

$h\nu \sim 9 \text{ keV}$

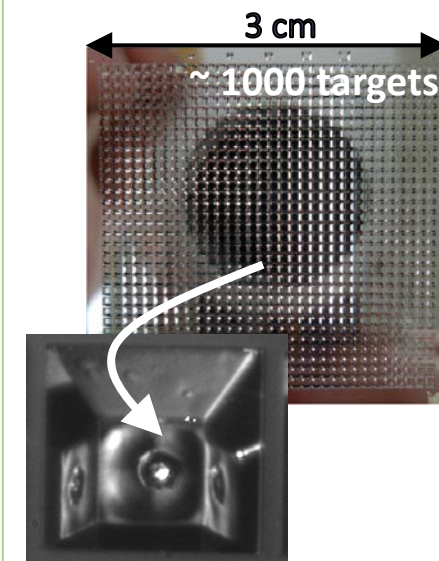
$\tau = 63 \text{ fs} - 115 \text{ fs}$

$E : 2.2 - 3.7 \text{ mJ}$

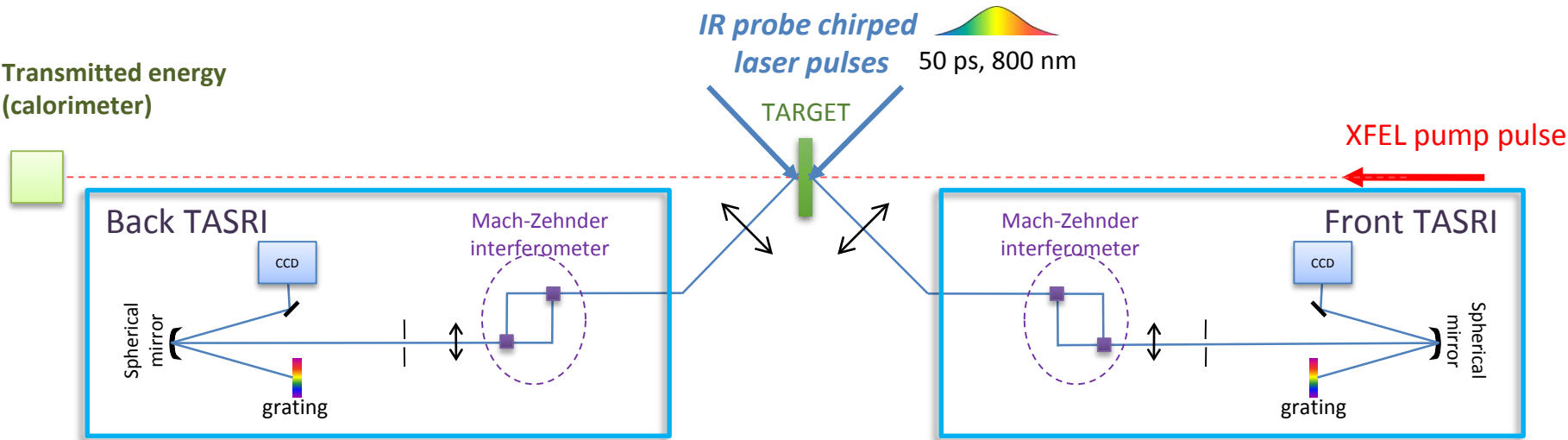
$\sigma = 6 \times 6 \text{ and } 15 \times 17 \mu\text{m}^2$

$I = 2 - 5 - 10 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ W/cm}^2$

Target : Ag foils



Transmitted energy (calorimeter)



X-ray Pump Probe (XPP) Instrument – SLAC/LCLS

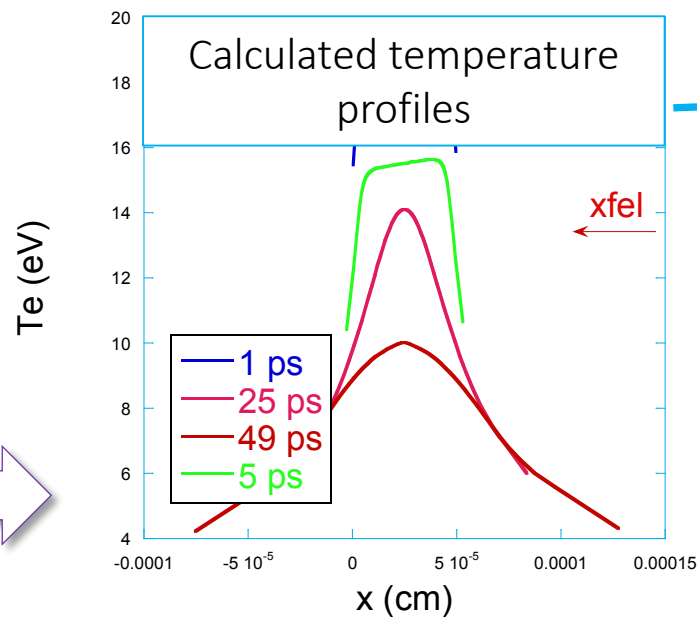
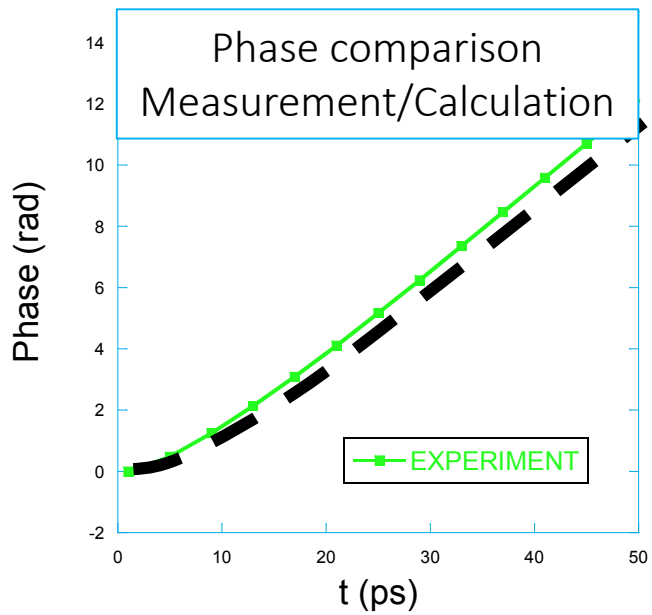
$h\nu \sim 9 \text{ keV}$

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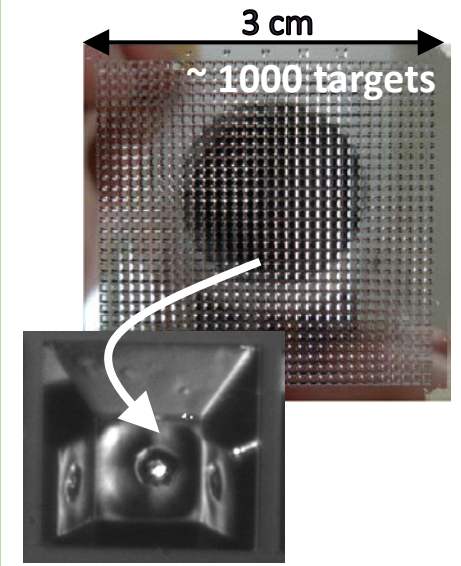
$E : 2.2 - 3.7 \text{ mJ}$

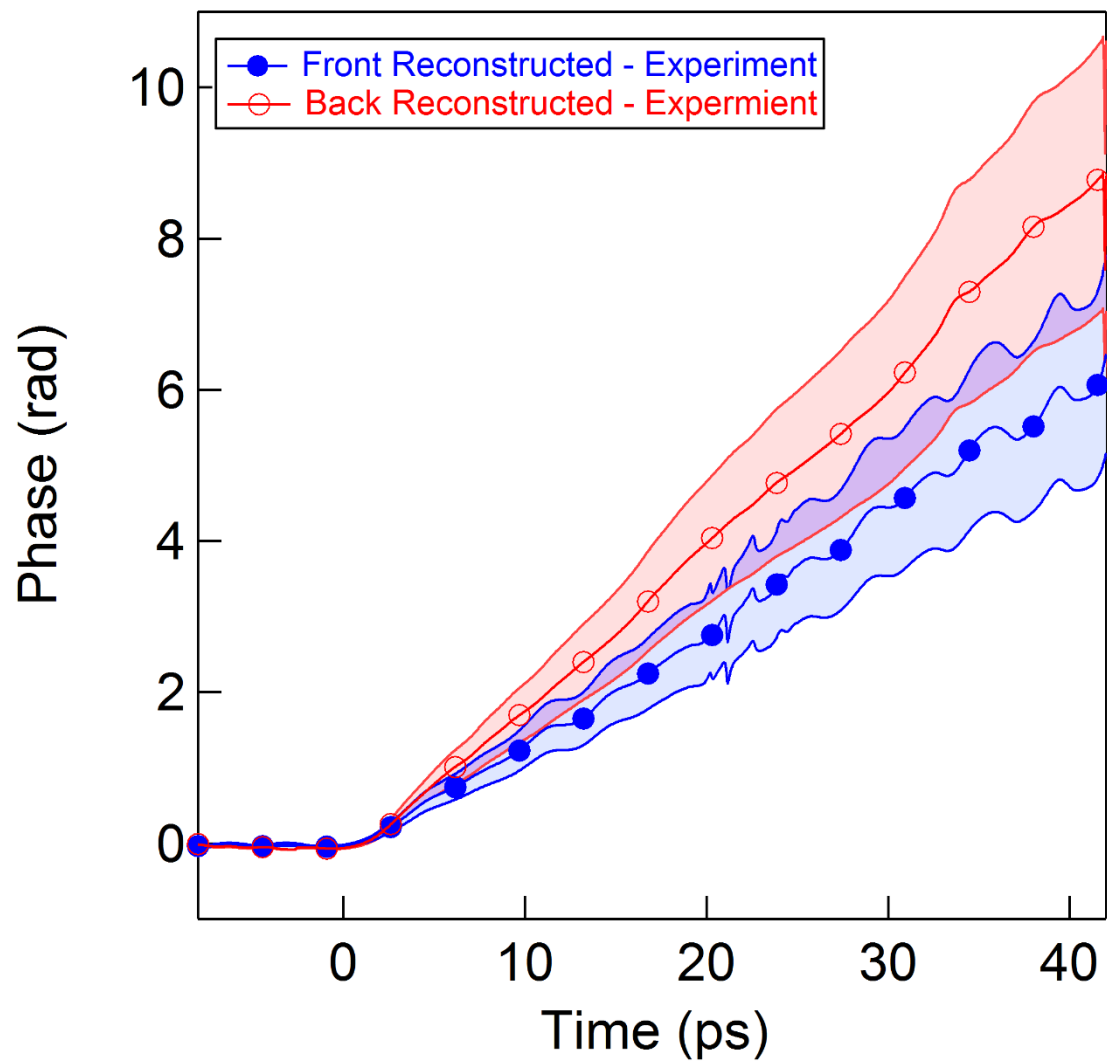
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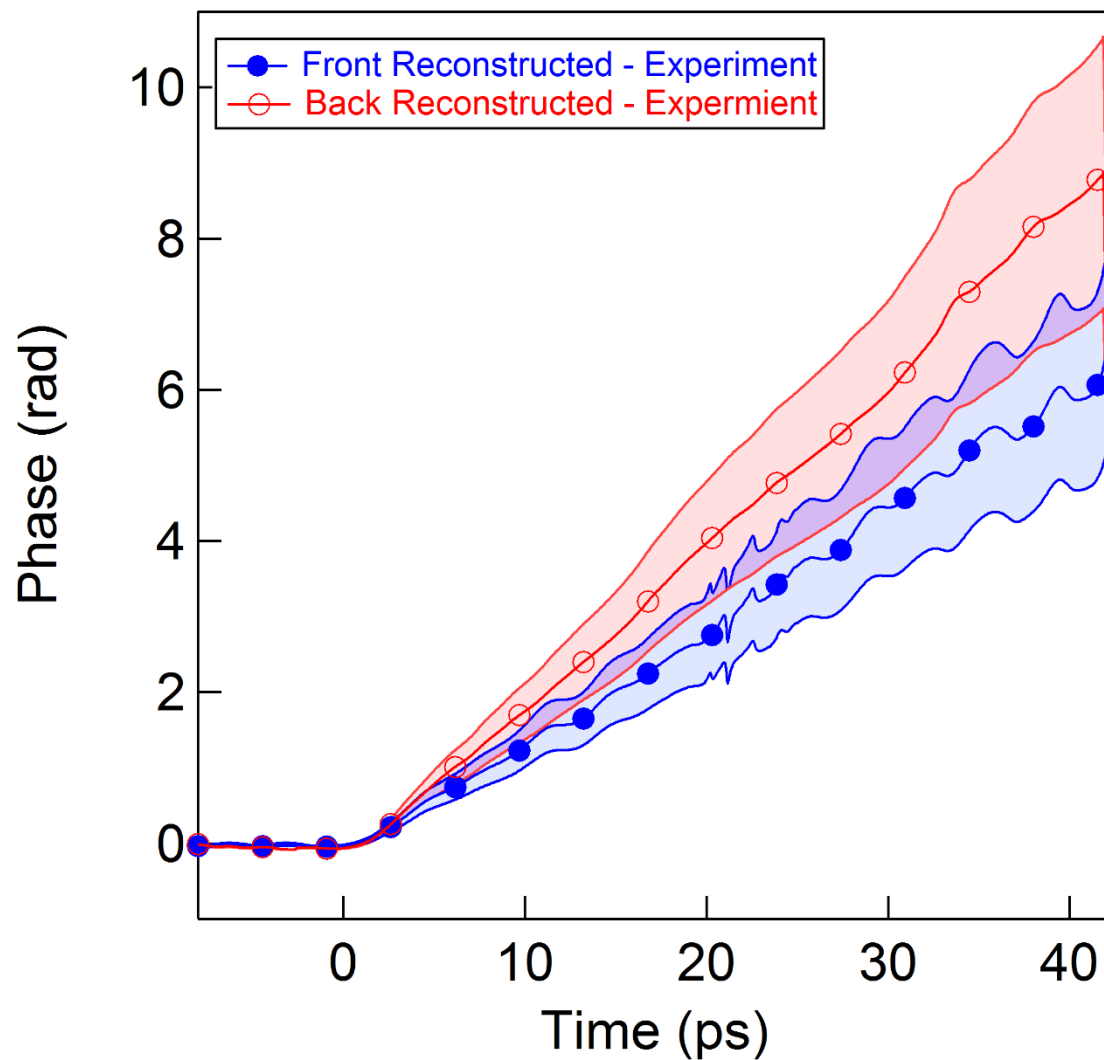


Target : Ag foils





Target	X-ray focal spot	X-ray duration	X-ray attenuation
2 μm	15x17 μm^2	63 fs / 115 fs	100 % / 50 % / 25 %
2 μm	5x9 μm^2	63 fs / 115 fs	100 % / 50 % / 25 %
0.5 μm	15x17 μm^2	63 fs / 115 fs	100 % / 50 % / 25 %
0.5 μm	5x9 μm^2	63 fs / 115 fs	100 % / 50 % / 25 %



1D Hydrodynamic code **ESTHER**

P. Combis – CEA-DAM

X-ray energy deposition : Cold opacities tables

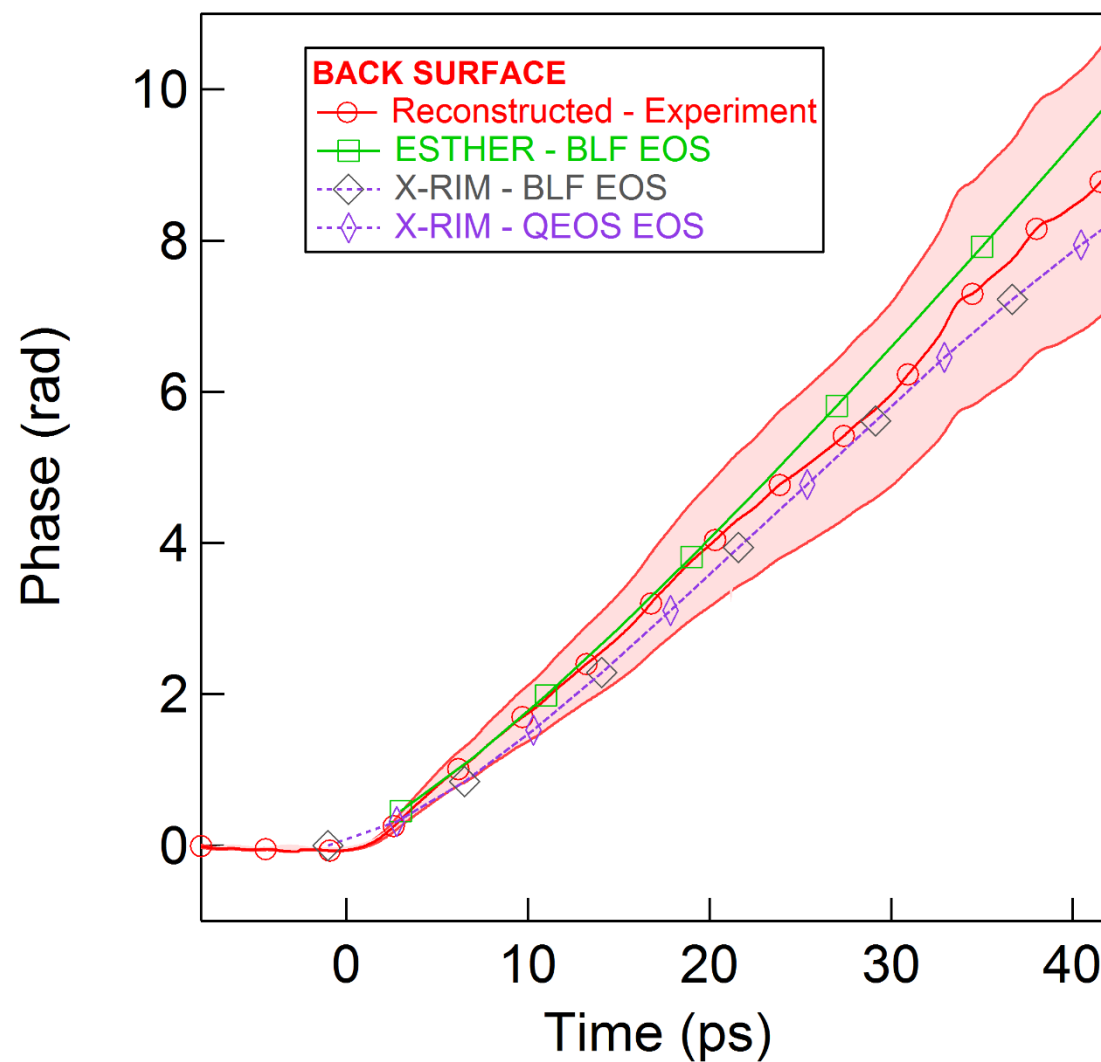
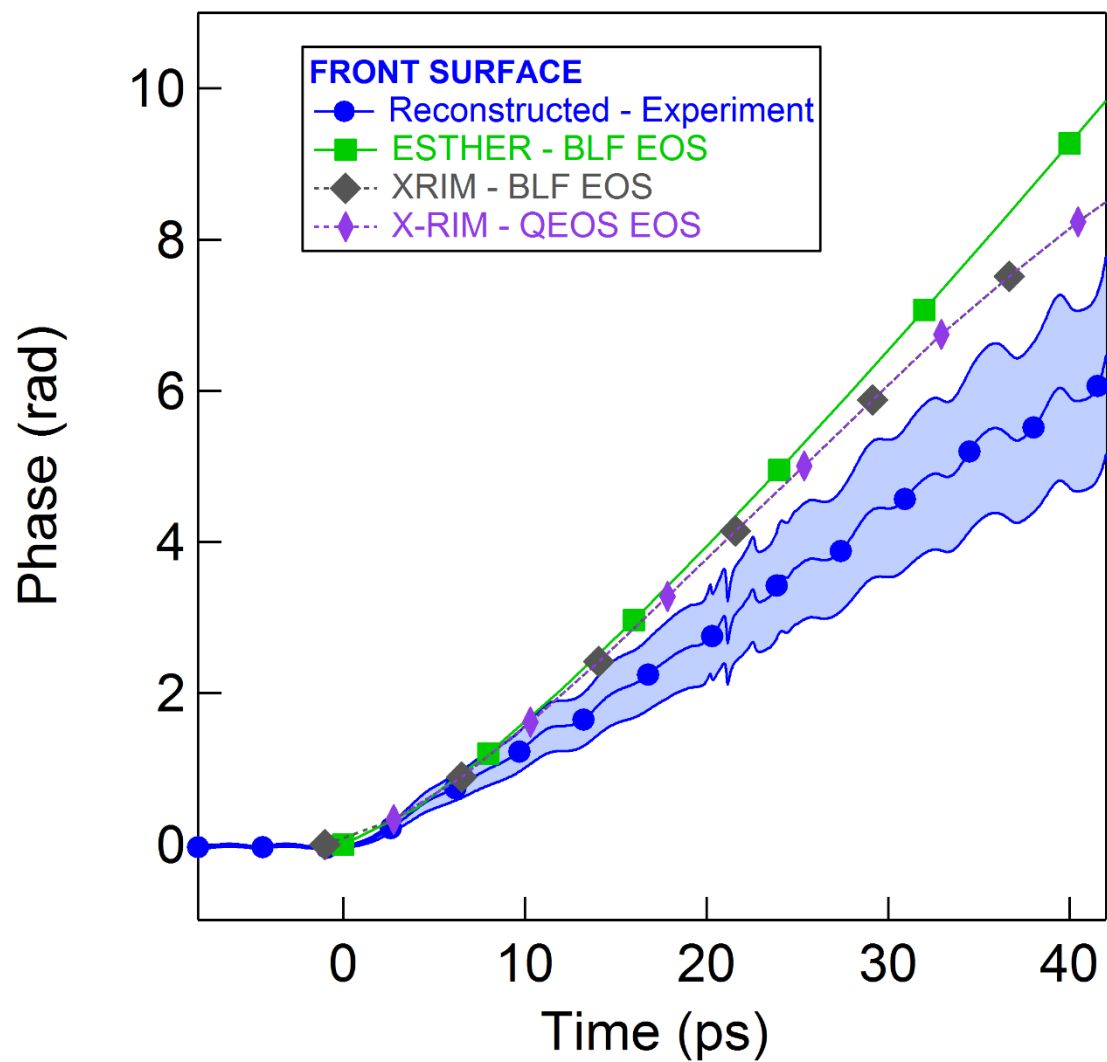
Equation of states : BLF

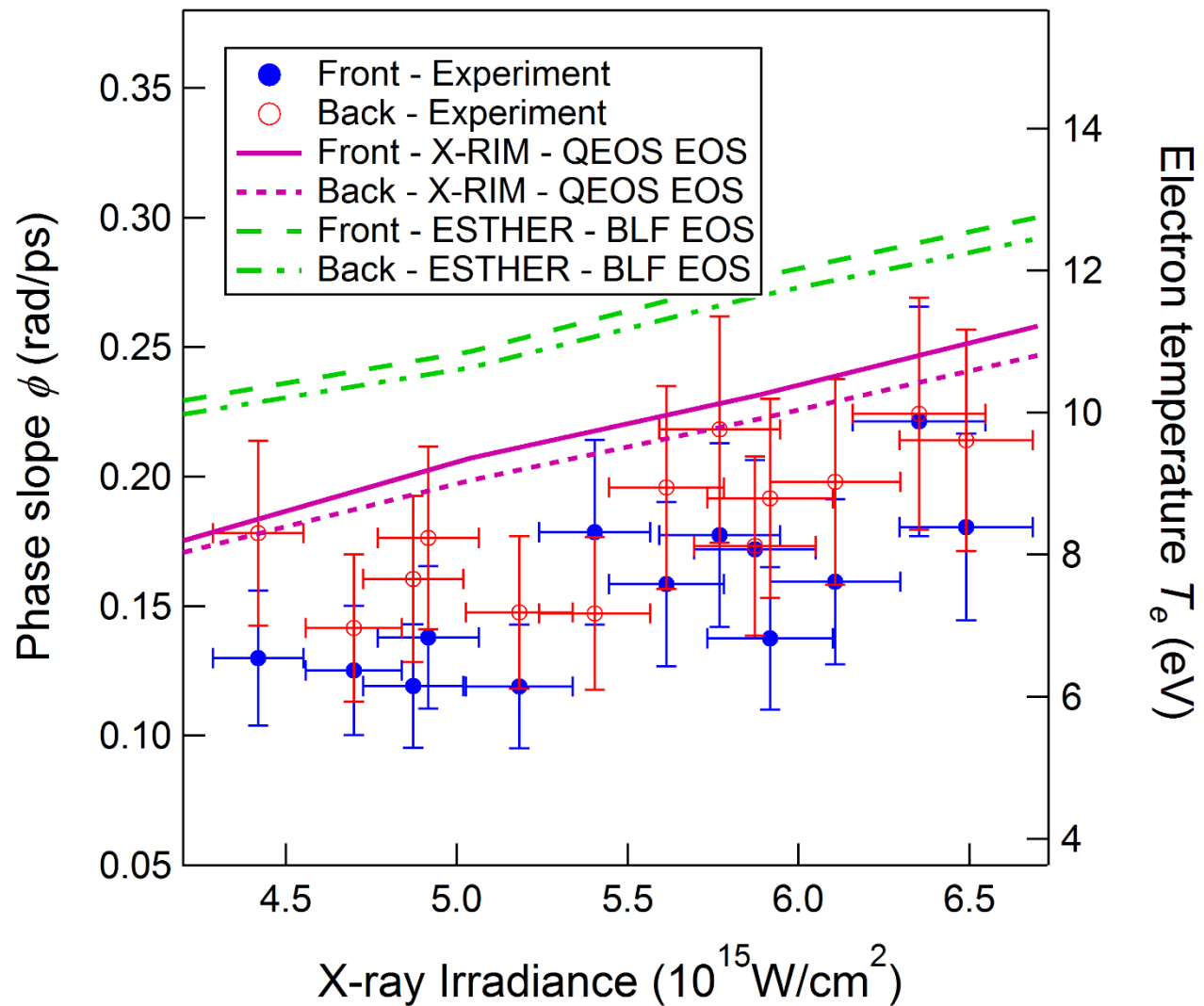
1D Hydrodynamic /Atomic code **XRIM**

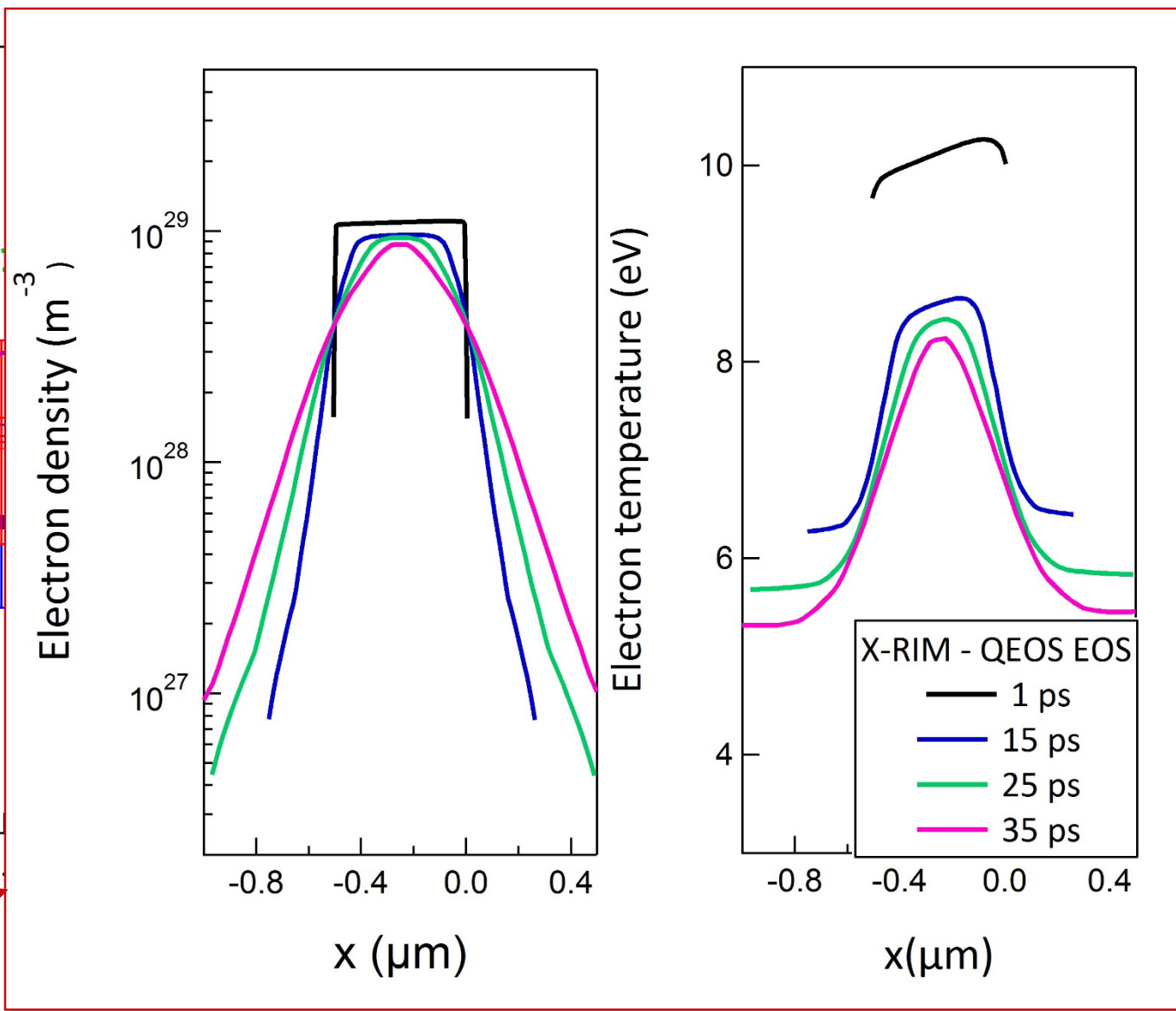
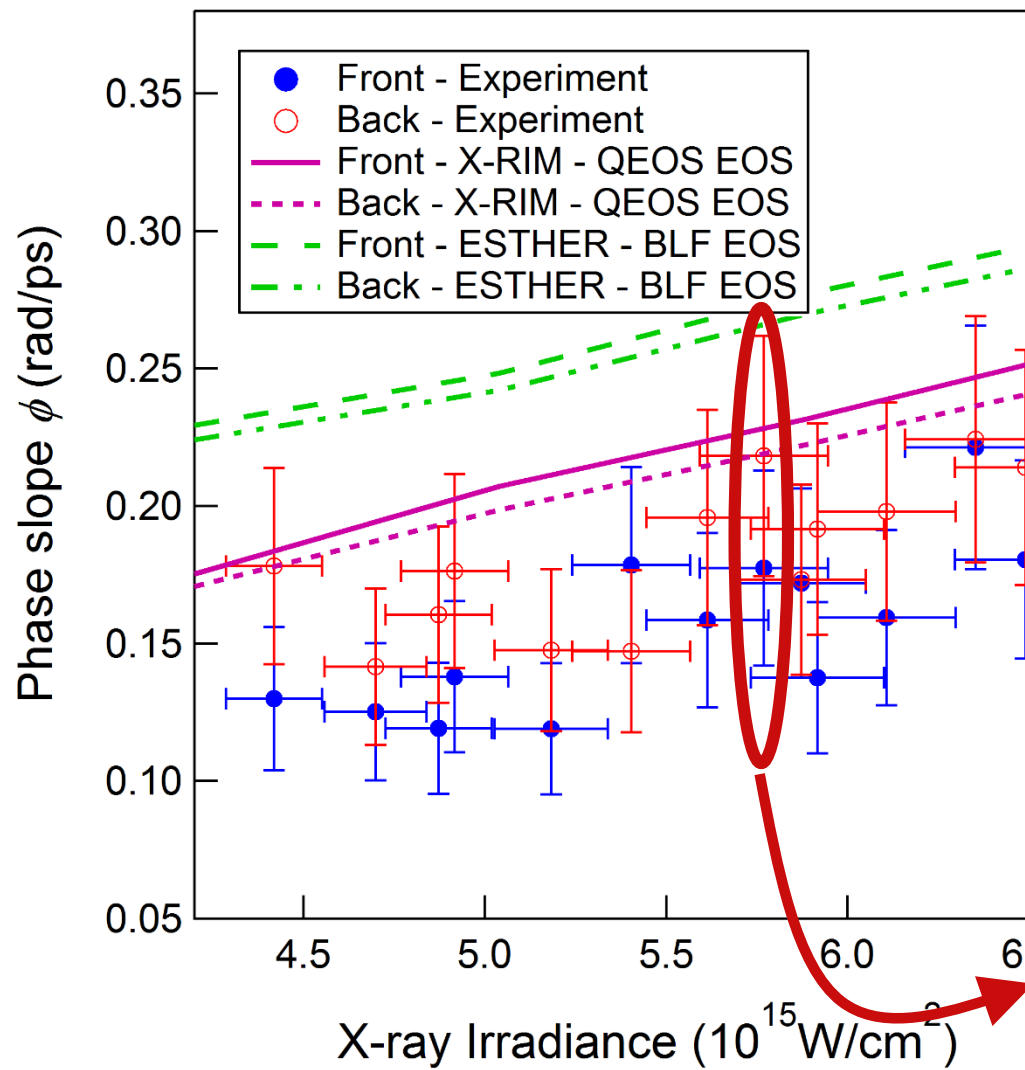
O. Peyrusse – CELIA

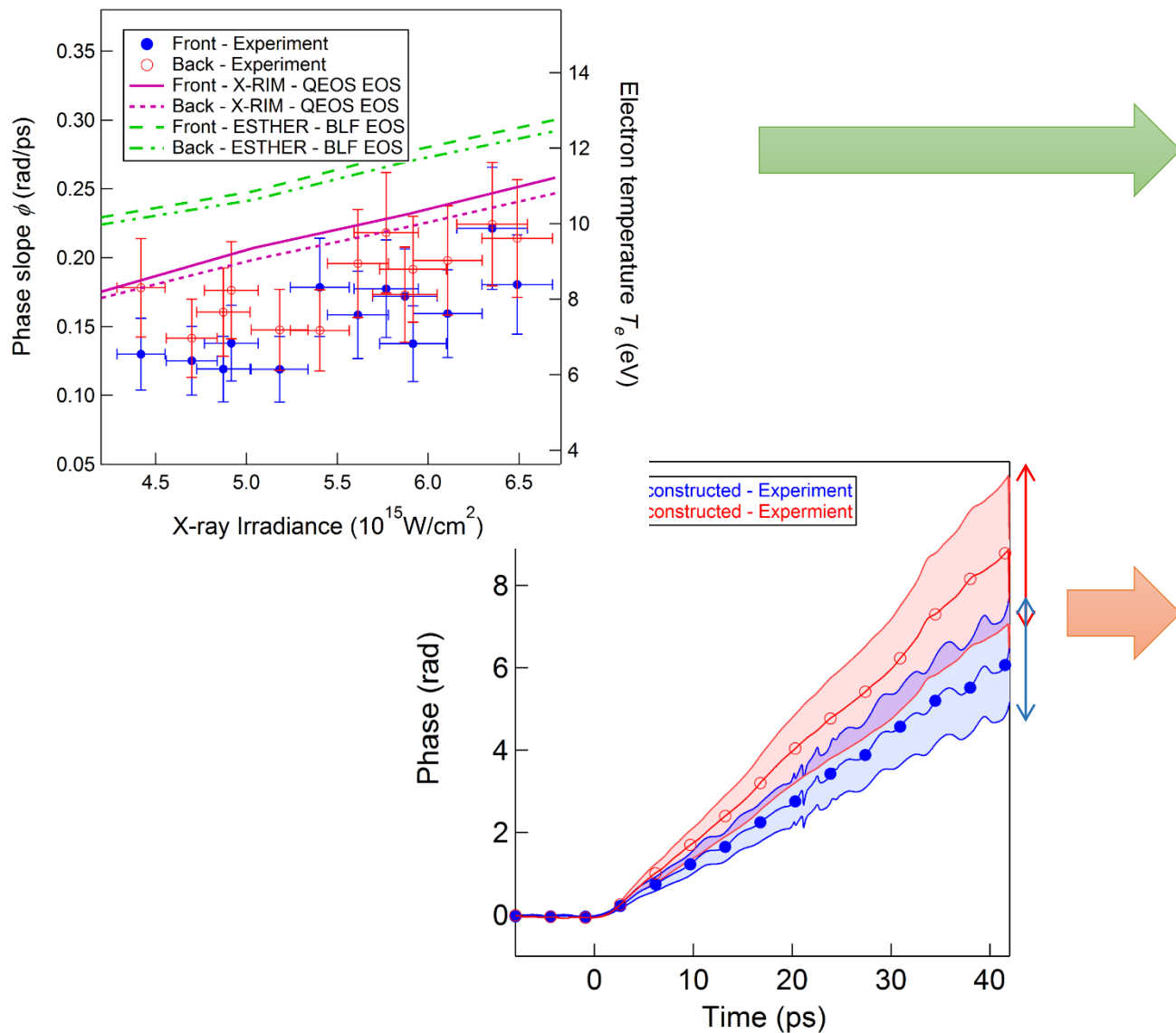
X-ray energy deposition : Photo-absorption – Auger decay

Equation of states : QEOS or BLF









- ✓ Feasibility - *yes*
- ✓ Achievable temperature $\sim 10 \text{ eV}$
- ✓ Heating uniformity - *yes*

- ✗ Spatial resolution of the TASRI
- ✗ XFEL spot spatial uniformity

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✓ Achievable temperature **~ 10 eV**

✓ Heating uniformity - **yes**

✗ Spatial resolution of the TASRI

✗ XFEL spot spatial uniformity